Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 4, 1858.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
JOHN M. READ, of Philadelphia.
FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM B. FRAZER, of Fayette.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—21st DISTRICT,
GEN. JAMES K. MOORHEAD, Pittsburgh.
CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT,
ROBERT McKNIGHT, Allegheny City.
SENATE,
JOHN P. PENNEY, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY,
J. HERON POSTER, Pittsburgh,
ELIAS H. IRISH, do
DAVID E. BAYARD, Peebles,
JULIUS F. ZOLLER, McKeesport,
ROBERT P. McDOWELL, Allegheny.
SHERIFF,
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.
PROTHONOTARY,
DANIEL ARMSTRONG, Pittsburgh.
COMMISSIONER,
ZACHEUS PATTERSON, Indiana.
AUDITOR,
JOHN M. LARIMER, Chartiers.
CORONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK, Lawrenceville.
DIRECT'R OF POOR,
ROBERT H. DAVIS, Ohio.

Another Anti-Railroad Exemplar.

DAVID D. BRUCE'S RECORD.

The President of the late Anti-Railroad County Convention was DAVID D. BRUCE, Esq. David, on taking the chair, made a speech. He had been a Whig, had David, but a few years before, and hence he made his speech intensely democratic; he had also been a Know-Nothing, double-dyed; and it was this fact, probably, that induced him to say that he joined the democratic party because it was opposed to persecuting a man on account of his religion or birth-place. David had also been a warm friend of railroad subscriptions; and consequently he took occasion to say that he was unalterably opposed to taxation for the payment of interest on railroad bonds. He is a consistent and patriotic citizen, is Bruce.

David presided with great dignity and impartiality at that Convention. He snubbed that old fogy, Wilkins, ruled him out of order on all points, and kept him from giving much trouble; and he put the anti-tax programme through so handsomely that the Convention, out of sheer gratitude, decided by resolution that he should be Chairman of the County Committee, with power to trot out the candidates and bring them to their milk on the tax-question.—As David, therefore, is to be the engineer of the locofoco campaign, and to lead the anti-railroad forces, we propose to examine his record on the railroad question.

Mr. David D. Bruce was elected to the Select Council of this city, from the Sixth Ward, in 1851, and served two years. From the minutes of the meeting of that body held on the 26th of April, 1852, we extract the following:

"The President presented a communication from the President of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Company, requesting Council to make a subscription to the capital stock of said road, as authorized by an act of Assembly, a copy of which accompanied the communication.

The communication was read, and on motion of Mr. *Bruce*, referred to a special committee of two from S. C., and three from C. C., and Messrs. *Bruce* and Wilson were appointed on part of S. C. Action concurred in, and Riddle, Long and Rea appointed on part of C. C."

Here, it will be noted, Mr. Bruce kindly took the Steubenville bantling under his wing. On Monday, May 8d, 1852, the Select Council met again, and we extract from its minutes:

"Council met upon special call, at request of the Special Committee, to whom was referred the request of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Rail Road Company, for a subscription to their capital stock.

The report was read and accepted, and the ordinance was read a first and second time.

Mr. Lorenz, seconded by Mr Cordell, moved to postpone its farther consideration until the next meeting of Councils, and that in the meantime the Ordinance and the Act of Assembly, upon which it is predicated, be published for public information.

Mr. Bruce moved the previous question, which was seconded, and the President put the question, 'shall the main question be put" which was decided in the affirmative; and thereupon the question was put, 'shall the ordinance be read a third time?' and Mr. Lorenz called the yeas and nays thereon, which were ordered, and were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Allen, Armstrong, BRUCE, Cassel, Edwards, Kent, Kier, Mackey, Morrow, Speer, Wilson, and Jones, President—13.

Nays—Messrs. Cordell, Kincaid, Lorenz, and McCutcheon—4.

And there being *votes* in the negative, the motion, according to the rules, did not prevail.

Whereupon, Mr. *Bruce* moved to suspend the rules, for the purpose of having the ordinance read a third time, and called the yeas and nays thereon, which were ordered, and were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Allen, Armstrong, BRUCE, Cassel, Edwards, Kent, Kier, Mackey, Morrow, Speer, Wilson, and Jones, President—12.

Nays—Messrs. Cordell, Kincaid, Lorenz, McCutcheon, and McClowry—5.

So the rules were suspended.

And Mr. *Bruce* then moved the third reading and final passage of the ordinance, and Mr. Kincaid called the yeas and nays thereon, which were ordered, and were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Allen, Armstrong, BRUCE, Cassel, Edwards, Kent, Kier, Mackey, Morrow, Speer, Wilson, and Jones, President—12.

Nays—Messrs. Cordell, Kincaid, Lorenz, McCutcheon, and McClowry—5.

So the ordinance was read a third time and passed, and sent to C. C., and action concurred in."

Observe the deep anxiety of Mr. Bruce to put the thing through. Mr. Bruce calls a special meeting of Council; Mr. Bruce makes a Report from the Select Committee, with an ordinance authorizing the Mayor to subscribe $250,000 to the Steubenville road; Mr. Bruce moves the previous question, to cut off debate; Mr. Bruce moves to suspend the rules, and Mr. Bruce puts the ordinance through at railroad speed. Considering the depth of his present hostility to municipal subscriptions to railroads, we must confess that he made a full hand at the work of authorizing them.

We pass on to the 7th of May, 1852, when another railroad subscription was made. We extract from the minutes:

"Council met upon special call at the instance of the Special Committee to whom was referred the application of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Co., for a subscription to the stock on part of the City.

The President being absent, Mr. *Bruce* was chosen President pro tem.

On motion of Mr. McCutcheon, it was resolved, that Wm. P. Johnston, Esq., be invited to address the Council on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. And Messrs. McCutcheon and Speer were appointed by the President a Committee for that purpose.

Mr. Johnston being introduced by the Committee appointed to wait upon him, addressed the Council, and having concluded,

On motion, Council took up the report of the Special Committee submitting an ordinance entitled, 'An Ordinance authorizing the Mayor of the City of Pittsburgh to subscribe to the capital stock of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Co.,' which report in C. C. was read and accepted, and the ordinance read three times and passed.

The report was in S. C. read and accepted; and the ordinance read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, the ordinance was read a second time by its title.

Mr. Morrow moved its third reading and final passage; and Mr. Kincaid called the yeas and nays thereon, which were ordered, and were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Allen, Armstrong, Bailey, BRUCE, Cassel, Cordell, Edwards, Morrow, McCutcheon, Speer and Wilson—11.

Nays—Messrs. Kincaid and M'Clowry—2.

So the ordinance was finally passed."

This ordinance authorized the Mayor to subscribe for $400,000 of stock in the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, payable in city bonds; and Mr. Bruce kindly helped the thing along.

But little more than six years have passed over the head of this democratic sage—this successor of Wilkins and Shaler in the management of the democratic party—and now we find him harnessed to Tom Williams' car, and shouting curses upon the men who plunged us into this railroad debt, just as if he had not been one of the most active promoters of railroad subscriptions! Does he think the record is buried, or that people have forgotten it? Or does he imagine that political impudence and brazen effrontery are all that a demagogue needs to entitle him to the lead of the democratic party?

P. S.—It was rumored on the streets, yesterday, that the County Committee of which Mr. Bruce is Chairman, and which is called to meet to-day, intends to strike off the names of IRWIN, ALEXANDER and BLACK from the locofoco tickets, because of their connection with railroad subscriptions and free passes. The Committee had better not be in a hurry. We are not half through with the ticket, yet. The record of brother FARLEY and several others on the ticket is yet to be overhauled. But would it not be a pretty sight to see BRUCE, the father of the Steubenville subscription and the elder and abetter in that made to the Allegheny Valley Road, attempting to strike off Alexander, Irwin and Black for doing what he did himself? We think

THE TRUE CREED.—The theory of the government as set forth in the speeches of our champions in Illinois—Trumbull and Lincoln, have the ring of the true metal in them. If the Republican party wishes to reach to the true proportions of manhood, to gather the rigid muscle of a fighting and a fearless party, it must plant itself firmly upon its principles and cling to them, let come what may come. The safe thrusts of an unprincipled and unscrupulous foe may be parried or broken without stirring from the rooted position upon the rock of truth, as the gladiator was wont to smite down the blows of his antagonist by a skillful glance of his weapon, never once losing sight of the foeman's eye which told his true purpose.

Lecompton constitutions, English and other bills, local issues of whatever name, are but so many blinds for unpracticed eyes. The true purpose yet remains with the so-called Democratic party to extend the accursed institution of slavery to lands hitherto deemed safe from its incursions. Terrified at the shout of alarm which arose even from its own ranks when that main purpose was disclosed in its efforts to enslave the people of Kansas, it has slunk silently away for the time, that the alarm may subside; but its Greens, its Stephenses and its Buchanan will watch like the stealthy cat to pounce again upon the object of pursuit, when opportunity or prospect of success offers.

We stand opposed to all that sort of people who appear to think that a political party is organized only for the purpose of securing the offices. There are principles for which we contended in 1856—principles sacred to every free man, for which we fought then, for which we are ready to fight again. On that field and in that battle though we were what is generally called beaten, in a moral sense we gained a glorious victory. We loosed the talons which the slavery-vulture had fixed in the vitals of Kansas; we rolled back the advancing wave of barbarism which was desolating the land once dedicated to free institutions; we have held in check the administration in its mad efforts to fasten a slave constitution upon an unwilling people; the *moral* force of the nation is this day with us and under the banner where we have already made such glorious achievements we wish to fight again. We turn with distrust if not with disgust from any man who would lower our standard a hair's breadth! Is the bond of Union of our party merely a rope of sand? Do we fix our principles on a sliding scale to be run up and down by the pressure of circumstances? God forbid! Let it be understood that we stand upon the platform of 1856, pure and simple, or if modification be made, that the principles therein laid down shall be made yet more stringent against slavery. It is bad to be beaten in a good cause at the ballot box, but it is, we know not how much worse, to be victorious there at the expense of truth.

POLITICAL ITEMS.—The locofoco convention of Berks has unsuimously renominated J. Glancy Jones for Congress. He will have a strong opposition from a portion of the democratic party.

The locofoco convention in Franklin county renominated Judge Nill for Assembly, and refused, by a vote of 21 to 19, to endorse Packer's administration.

The locofoco Congressional Conferees in the York district balloted 27 times without effecting a choice, and adjourned until the 6th.

At the People's County Meeting in Carbon, Hon. A. H. Reeder was nominated, and recommended to the other counties composing the district, as a candidate for Congress.

☞ Does Thomas Farley, Esq., anti-free-pass, anti-tax, pro-slavery democratic candidate for County Commissioner, remember, and is he able to say WHETHER or NOT he rode to Cincinnati to be present at the "Democratic" Convention in June, 1856, on a FREE PASS? Does he not remember having said that he did ride there on a free-pass at the time when that "great event" occurred? Has he been "purged with hyssop" since, and made clean of the great sin, or hath he still upon him the patchboard withers of this crime of riding at the expense of the "freeholders"? Speak out Mr Farley and "doenty be bashful!"

THE CAPTURED SLAVE BRIG.—We learn from the Charleston papers that the real name of the captured slave brig is the Putnam. These letters are partially erased and covered over by those of the assumed name Echo, and would doubtless have been restored, had success crowned the enterprise in which she was engaged when taken. The Charleston Mercury says:

On the 6th of March last she cleared from New Orleans with a captain, two mates, eight seamen, a cook, steward and one passenger. On the 5th July she shipped a cargo of 455 slaves on the west coast of Africa, at Kabenda, situated in latitude 5, 30 south, longitude 12 20 east. It is in Lower Guinea, in the southern part of the District of Loango, and not far from the river Congo or Zaire. These slaves were purchased in a circuit of 600 miles, and assembled at a barracoon near the point of shipment. The brig set sail with them, and in forty-seven days made the trip, reaching the point of destination on the morning of the 21st instant. In this space of time one hundred and forty-one negroes had died, leaving but three hundred and fourteen alive. A boy on "Cay Verde," one of the keys on the north coast of Cuba, latitude 23 30, longitude 80 29, was the landing place, where she was detected by the Dolphin.

Lieut. Maffitt had his suspicions that she was a slaver confirmed by observing that a number of launches near shore had their sails set to come out to the brig. On boarding her no papers were found, but a signal of a black cross on a white ground, which had propably just been used to notify the party on shore by previous agreement. The crew, nineteen in number professed to be all passengers without captain or officers, but Lieut. Maffitt selected the prisoner who appeared to be at the head of the enterprise and took him aboard the Dolphin, with a sick seamen and comrade to tend him

One is a Greek, one an Italian, some of them are Portugese, some Spaniards and some English. Some of them talk about New York, but none now admit that they are American, for have a whereabouts in this country. The Mercury adds

There smugglers are a desperate looking set of fellows. Under the laws of 1819 and 1820 they will be tried for their lives as pirates sailing on an American Bottom under the American flag. They were committed to jail on Saturday afternoon. Their trials will take place at Columbia, S. C. before his Honor Judge Wayne circuit Judge. The court begins to sit the 4th Monday in November.

Being curious to see the cargo and arrangement of the Echo, we obtained a permit from Dr. W. C. Ravenel, the port physician, and with one or two others accompanied Lieut. Bradford in a small boat from the wharf. Upon clambering up the sides of the brig a strange and startling sight presented itself—a deck covered with native Africans in a state of complete nudity, with rare instances of a narrow strip of rag an inch wide round the waist. These people were seated for the most part with their legs stretched out flat or drawn up in front or doubled up; some squatted on their feet and hands. A few were standing about and a few lying down. None were tied or fastened in any way. The majority were very young, apparently from eight to sixteen years of age—some younger and some older; scarcely one, however, over twenty-five. Some of them were naked bodied, good sized and in good case, but the greater part were half grown children only, weak and worn.

Many were much emaciated, and showed plainly the effects of their long and crowded passage in a confined ship. A few were evidently ill and soon to die. All were pure black in color except the dropsical, whose skins were tawny from disease. Their hair is yet short and crisp. Those who were well appeared curious and pleased some of them ogling and giggling and chattering, and others smoking tobacco out of short clay pipes with cane stems, just as our own negroes do. Those that were thin and sick looked dull and brutish, but there was nothing wild or ferocious in their aspect. They looked amiable and docile, and readily obeyed the commands of the person who had charge of them. They are great thieves, however, and appropriate whatever they can on every occasion. There were 240 males and 60 females; who were kept separate on deck and in the holds.

Their food is boiled like "hoppinjohn," put in buckets twice a day, at 10 and 4 o'clock, and placed in the midst of circles of eight or ten each, and well guarded to prevent the strong negroes from taking more than their share, although all are liberally allowed.

A pint of Water is given to each, morning and evening. Most of them sleep on deck, being placed in close order, spoon-fashion, on their sides, and not permitted to turn or move during the night. At day-light they are dashed with buckets of water to wash them off.

On Sunday, under the direction of the United States civil officers, the captives, 346 in number were taken by the Steamer Gen. Clinch and conveyed to Castle Pinckney, in the harbor, where they will be guarded by a detachment from the plank to gain the steamer's deck, they presented a strange and affecting sight, many of them being reduced to mere skeletons by the suffering and deprivations of the voyage.

A writer in the Charleston Courier objects to sending the slaves back to Africa, argues that they may be sold into slavery, and says one man in that city has offered $50,000 in cash for one hundred of them. The Evening News of that city, however, takes bold ground in favor of their return, and says there is no other course, under the law, for the United States officials to pursue. It adds that "they cannot be permitted to be enslaved, nor would it be either politic of proper that they should be turned loose in the United States as freemen."

The "Key of the Gulf," published at Key West, states that the brig's papers, colors, and everything calculated to identify her, or those connected with her, were destroyed immediately upon the conviction that escape from the Dolphin was impossible. The same paper adds

Among the incidents of the capture we learn that the night before that event, the vessel being within about eighty miles of the port of destination, a grand champagne "blow out" was had on board in anticipation of soon successfully completing the voyage and fingering the proceeds of which we are informed each of the crew were to receive $900, and the owners expected to clear $130,000; but before they had had time to sleep off the effects of their potations the Dolphin bore in sight at daylight, much to their surprise and chagrin. Two sick passengers, against whom there was no proof of complicity were taken on board the Dolphin and put ashore at this place.

It is apparent that an indiscriminate war upon the Indians of Florida, such as the Administration is planning, will be a great injustice as well as costly and bloody. Very few of the Oregon aborigines are really hostile to the whites who will let them alone. The fact of the terrible battle in which Col. Steptoe's command fled ninety miles in a day, does not justify the invasion of the Indian country with a regular army. The red men of Oregon are reported to be peaceful, but the decision at Washington is that they must be chastised—that is, that half a millions of dollars are to be thrown away on contractors, after the manner of the paying of the bills for the "Brigham foolery."—*Cin. Com.*

DR. GETTY, an old and well-known physician residing at Bloody Run, Fulton county, Pa., committed suicide by hanging himself with his neck-kerchief, on Friday morning last. The deceased was at one time a prominent and successful man in the community in which he lived but having become much reduced in circumstances, it is supposed that it so preyed upon his mind as to induce him to commit the rash act.

THE Marquis of Queensbury was recently found lying dead in a field in his estate from the discharge of a gun, with which he had been shooting rabbits, and under circumstances to induce the suspicion that he had destroyed himself. He had been a heavy loser on the turf the two years, and at the Goodwood races last month had staked large sums against Saunterer, the winner of the Goodwood cup.

FIVE horse thieves, counterfeiters, &c, forced a hole through the floor of the Ashtabula Ohio county jail on Friday night, and left for parts unknown

DIED—At Thursday night, 2d instant, at 7 o'clock, JOHN BISSELL, Jr., in the 30th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Washington street, Allegheny, at 2 o'clock, P. M., THIS DAY.

Another Instance of the efficacy of Sherhave's Holland Bitters.—N. W. PODGRETZE, at Union office, September 16th, 1854, says:

"Some weeks since being seriously affected with pain and uneasiness at the stomach, loss of appetite, and at times nervous spasms, &c., I was induced to try your Holland Bitters, and I feel it but an act of justice to the article, as well as for the good of those who may be affected with like derangement of the stomach, to state, that the use of one single bottle of this medicine proved of incalculable benefit, having freed the stomach from all sense of pressure, and removed every symptom of dyspepsia. I would also remark, that two other members of my family, who were affected in a similar manner with myself, were entirely relieved by the use of a single bottle each.

☞Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the proprietor, HENJ. DAVIS, Jr., & CO., Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists, 25 Wood street, between 1st and 2d sts., Pittsburgh, Pa., and Druggists generally. se2d&w3

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FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

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The first place in public estimation is now justly accorded to the GROVER & BAKER'S MACHINE, for family sewing for the following reasons

1st—It is MORE SIMPLE and FAMILY KEPT IN ORDER than any other machine

2d—It makes a seam which will not RIP or RAVEL, though every third stitch is cut

3d—It sews from ordinary spools, and thus all trouble of winding thread is avoided, while the same Machine can be adapted, by a moment's change of spools, to all varieties of work

4th—The same Machine runs with equal facility on sewing of cotton, silk or linen

5th—The seam is exclusive of the most elastic fabric, so that it follows from all elasticity, to BREAK in WASHING or WEARING in any other way.

6th—The stitch made by the Machine is more BEAUTIFUL than any other made, either by hand or machine

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Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. It has been in use for many years, and has never failed in a single instance to effect a speedy relief and certain cure, when timely used. Not only does it relieve the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the Bowels, and Wind Colic. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

The immense and unparalleled success that has attended the administration of this article, is unknown to any other medicine in the world, and is certainly the most wonderful and valuable discovery ever made. It is perfectly harmless in all cases, as no one who uses it will say otherwise. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

If life were to be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE

☞ None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

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"Death to all Vermin!"
"Death to all Vermin!"
"Death to all Vermin!"

"COSTAR'S" Rat, Roach, &c., EXTERMINATOR,
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"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER for Ants, Insects, etc.
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The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M.D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

TO MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the second page of pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Pittsburgh, wholesale agent, and sold by all druggists.

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A FORTUNE MADE WITH A SMALL INVESMENT

THOMAS' PATENT MATCH MACHINE

Is a simple, cheap and perfect Match Maker. The Machine costs only $115; is driven by hand, and will make the fortune of the manufacturer in a short time. Where good wood is to be had readily it materially reduces the cost.

☞ Several county or Machine privileges are offered for sale at a moderate price. For particulars call at GAZETTE COUNTING ROOM, Fifth street.

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EVERY DESCRIPTION OF DRESS

New Advertisements.

ANNUAL STATE FAIR

OF THE

Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society.

September 28th, 29th and 30th,

and October 1st, 1858,

At Fair Grounds, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh.

ANNUAL ADDRESSES FRIDAY at 2 o'clock P. M. Awards of Committee announced immediately afterwards.

Articles for exhibition addressed to A. O. HEISTER, Secretary, Monongahela House, Pittsburgh.

All articles and stock intended for exhibition transported free of charge

Office, No. 56 Fifth street, where entries will be received and exhibitors' tickets furnished. Books of entry closed on Tuesday noon. Premium lists and list of Judges furnished on application

☞ Members' Tickets, $1,00. Single admission 25 cents.

☞ Exhibitors must become members

A. O. HEISTER,
Secretary State Agricultural Society

DAVID TAGART, President.

se4

HEISTER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, September 4th, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following Accounts of Executors, Administrators, Guardians, &c., have been duly examined in the said Register's office, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance on MONDAY, October 4th, 1858:

Account of Samuel Gormly, adm'r of the estate of Robt Knox, dec'd—filed May 12, 1858.

Final account of John D. McCord, guardian of Susan Mary McKibben, minor, &c—filed May 17, 1858.

Account of Elizabeth Dalgliesh, adm'x of the estate of John Dalgliesh, dec'd—filed May 19th, 1858.

Account of Andrew Fife and Catharine Simpson, ex'rs of the estate of Robert Simpson, dec'd.—filed May 20, 1858.

Account of James Blakely, adm'r of the estate of Barnard McCabe, dec'd—filed May 21, 1858

Account of James William, adm'r of the estate of Sarah Maxwell, dec'd—filed May 28, 1858.

Account of Robert Wallace, surviving ex'r of the estate of Rob't Hare, dec'd—filed May 29, 1858.

Account of John Scott, adm'r *cum testamento annexo* of the estate of William McCartney, dec'd—filed June 1, 1858.

Final account of John V. Scott, guardian of Catharine E. Shields—filed June 2, 1858.

Account of James Brown and James Sherrett, adm'rs of the estate of George Thompson, dec'd—filed June 10, 1858.

Final account of Wm. J. Sterling acting ex'r of the estate of Samuel Sterling, dec'd—filed June 15, 1858.

Final account of Rebecca Mellon, adm'r of the estate of Andrew Mellon, dec'd—filed June 18, 1858.

Final account of Alex Payne, adm'r of the estate of Rob't Payne, dec'd—filed June 19, 1858.

Final account of John Stilley, ex'r of the estate of Tobias Stilley, dec'd—filed June 21, 1858.

Final account of Hugh D. King and Josiah McJunkin, ex'rs of the estate of John King, dec'd—filed June 21, 1858.

Final account of Thomas H. Brennan, ex'r of the estate of Wm. M. Brennan, dec'd—filed June 22, 1858.

Account of Rob't C. Walker, adm'r of the estate of Diana Walker, dec'd—filed June 25, 1858.

Account of Rob't C. Walker, adm'r of the estate of John Walker, Sr. dec'd—filed June 25, 1858.

Supplementary account of James Blakely, adm'r of the estate of Hugh Garvey, dec'd—filed June 28, 1858.

Supplementary account of James Blakely, acting ex'r of the estate of Andrew Keahs, dec'd—filed June 29, 1858.

Account of John Welch, adm'r of the estate of Adam Wagner, dec'd—filed July 10, 1858.

Final account of Francis G. Bailey, ex'r of the estate of Samuel Bryson, dec'd—filed July 14, 1858.

Final account of Elizabeth Bailie, adm'r of the estate of Herman Bailie, dec'd—filed July 14, 1858.

Final account of J. D. Williams, guardian of Robert T. Hunt—filed July 14, 1858.

Final account of J. D. Williams, guardian of John B. Hunt—filed July 14, 1858.

Account of John Mattis, adm'r of the estate of Andrew Black, dec'd—filed July 15, 1858.

Final account of J. D. Forrest, adm'r of the estate of Samuel Gracey, dec'd—filed July 21, 1858.

Final account of John Strouthers, guardian of Nicholas Eichenlaub—filed July 21, 1858.

Final account of James J. Gray, F. R. Lorenz and Catharine Lorenz, Adm'rs cum Testamento annexo, of the estate of Frederick Lorenz, dec'd—filed July 26, 1858.

Final account of David H. Chambers, adm'r of the estate of James Chambers, dec'd—filed July 29, 1858.

Account of Robt. Patrick, Andrew Patrick and W. W. Patrick, ex'rs of the estate of Mrs. Ann Patrick, dec'dx—filed Aug. 2, 1858.

Account of Wm. B. Negley, adm'r of the estate of Frederick Krauss dec'd—filed Aug. 4, 1858.

Final account of Wm. N. Burke Pentland, adm'r of the estate of George Wallace dec'd—filed Aug. 9, 1858.

Account of Geo. Richardson, adm'r of the estate of Mrs. Margt Young dec'd—filed Aug. 21, 1858.

Final account of Geo. Cress, acting ex'r of the estate of John Cress, Sr., dec'd—filed Aug. 12, 1858.

Final account of John Kennedy, guardian of John and Jas. McElroy, children of James McElroy dec'd—filed Aug. 13, 1858.

Account of Chas. H. Paulsen, adm'r of the estate of Wm. Hunter dec'd—filed Aug. 6, 1858.

Final account of Bet. Joseph C. Tetrault, guardian of Virginia Harris (now Mrs. Virginia Roper,)—filed Aug. 23, 1858.

Account of Wheeler H. Phelps and Robt. Carr, ex'rs of the estate of Evan Rowland, dec'd—filed Aug. 23, 1858.

Supplementary account of John M'Closky, adm'r of the estate of Samuel M'Millan dec'd—filed Aug. 25, 1858.

Account of Henry Heath, acting ex'r of the estate of Samuel Heath dec'd—filed Aug. 27, 1858.

Final account of Edmund Greer, adm'r of the estate of David Greer, dec'd—filed Aug. 30, 1858.

Account of Wm. B. Rose, adm'r of the estate of Lewis Fritz dec'd—filed Aug 31, 1858

Final account of Jared M. Brush, guardian of Sarah Flowers, minor child of Jesse Flowers dec'd—filed Aug. 31, 1858.

Final account of John Hall, guardian of Frances A. Timmons late Frances A. Campbell—filed Aug. 31, 1858.

Separate account of John Hall, ex'r of the estate of Smith Hall dec'd—filed Aug. 31, 1858

Account of Terrence Campbell and James Kelly, adm'rs of the estate of Sarah Campbell dec'd—filed Sept. 1, 1858.

Account of A. B. M'Queen, adm'r of the estate of John M'Queen dec'd—filed Sept 1, 1858.

Account of Thos. Scott and Chas. Hays, Testamentary Trustees of George M'Henry—filed Sept. 1, 1858.

Account of Thos. Scott and Chas. Hays, Testamentary Trustees of John M'Henry—filed Sept. 1, 1858.

Account of Thos. Scott and Chas. Hays, Testamentary Trustees of David M'Henry—filed Sept. 1, 1858.

And will dispose of the same for Orphans' Court purposes, at 10 o'clock A. M. on

Tuesday, the 14th day of September next, at which time all questions will be settled.

R. I. CURTIS, Register

se4

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