Pittsburgh Gazette.

D. P. WILLIAMS.....D. L. BAYON.....S. RIDDLE.....RUSSELL KERR

S. RIDDLE & Co.,

EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 21, 1858.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—21st DISTRICT,
GEN. JAMES K. MOORHEAD, Pittsburgh.
CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT,
ROBERT McKNIGHT, Allegheny City
SENATOR,
JOHN P. PENNEY, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY,
J. HERON FOSTER, Pittsburgh.
ELIAS H. IRISH, do
DAVID E. BAYARD, Peebles.
JULIUS F. ZOLLER, McKeesport.
ROBERT T. McDOWELL, Allegheny
SHERIFF,
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.
PROTHONOTARY,
DANIEL ARMSTRONG, Pittsburgh.
COMMISSIONER,
ZACHEUS PATTERSON, Indiana.
AUDITOR,
JOHN M. LARIMER, Charlters.
CORONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK, Lawrenceville
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ROBERT H. DAVIS, Ohio.

SENATOR CAMERON and Mr. COVODE, of the House, will accept our thanks for documents received since the adjournment of Congress.

The Necessity of Union.

There never was a time when it more behooved the members of the Republican party to stand firmly together, than now. There is a brilliant prospect before us of carrying the next Congress, and every day the hope grows brighter of electing our candidate for President in 1860; but foolish quarrels over men and questions purely local may spoil this prospect and result in throwing away the chances of attaining permanently to power.

In all cases where a party is locally strong, and a nomination is deemed equivalent to election, there will be a fierce contest for the nominations, and the disappointments and regrets at defeat must in many instances be bitter and hard to bear; but all true men take their reverses manfully, and time soon softens and tones down the mortifications that were at first so keen. No man who has a firm faith in the *principles* of the party—who fights in our ranks because he wants to see those principles triumph, and is politically honest as well as earnest—ever thinks of *rebellion* as a remedy for his wounds. He has aspired to promotion, he says to himself, and failed; but the hated foe is still before him, and so he will gird on his armor and fight again, trusting to better luck the next time he tries his chances. This kind of men always succeed, ultimately; while your rebels never stop short of attaining the enemy's camp.

The Republican party is a party of *principles*. It was organized to carry out certain measures, and with it office is a *means* and not an *end*. It selects its candidates to carry out its principles, and the only vital questions concerning them, are these: Are they capable? and Are they unalterably committed to the platform on which the party is based? If these questions are answered in the affirmative, all other questions about mere men, or localities, or other comparative trifles, are as nothing, weighed in the scale against the necessity of carrying forward the party to the triumph of the great measures to which it is committed. When the capacity and the fidelity of their candidates are fully ascertained, all true Republicans sink whatever mere personal preferences they may have entertained, and muster in the ranks shoulder to shoulder, presenting an invincible phalanx to the foe.

But in all parties, in ours as well as the rest, there be men who are *not* true men—spoils-hunters, camp followers, egotistical adventurers who estimate themselves about ten thousand per cent. above the estimate in which the public hold them, and a sort of political Swiss soldiery, who always fight where the pay promises best. These, when defeated or foiled, are invariably sore-heads—growlers, grumblers and bolters. They all have the demagogue in them, strong; and, when occasion offers for the display of their spleen, they are careful to cover it up under professions of patriotism, love for the people, hatred of caucuses, trickery and all that, and would fain pass themselves off as the purest politicians and the most immaculate and incorruptible of mortals. They manifest an extreme anxiety to sacrifice themselves for the public good, never dreaming that the public can detect under all their disguises the true motive—a desire to gratify their base feelings of revenge which have grown out of their disappointments.

We have in our mind's eye, just now, some half dozen of these fellows. It is not necessary to name them. Their anxiety to disturb and distract the party, with a view to its defeat, is thoroughly understood. The locofoco leaders are constantly consorting with them, counseling them and giving them substantial aid; and their whole purpose is to throw the county, if possible, into locofoco hands, in order to punish the party for not appreciating *them* at their own enormous estimate. It is barely necessary to call the attention of all true Republicans—those who are such *really*—to the plain designs of these men, and to warn them against their machinations. No matter what they pretend or what sins they may assume; they are enemies in disguise—Pharisees of the basest sort. The devil could take on himself the form of an angel of light; and your demagogue always strives to appear in the fairest possible guise. Heed not their syren songs, for they will but lure to destruction. The path of duty is plain and straightforward; let nothing tempt you to swerve from it a hair's breadth.

There are two members of Congress to be chosen this year in this county. The defeat of both or either of them may serve to give the next Congress into locofoco hands. Under the most favorable circumstances, we can do but little more than obtain a mere majority in the House, and to do that we must carry not only every Republican but every doubtful district.—To throw away one or both of these Republican districts would therefore be little short of madness. It would most certainly peril our ascendency in the next House, and might lead to the most disastrous consequences to the country. Is any sound-hearted Republican in Allegheny county prepared to lend himself to such a result? If not, let him spurn every attempt to foment disturbance or disorganization in our ranks.

The country is groaning, at this hour, under a paralysis of its industry. The workshops are measurably idle, the hum of busy looms has ceased, furnaces and forges are daily stopping, stagnation has descended upon all the currents of trade, and the depression that has fallen upon every industrial interest is fearful to contemplate. The late session of Congress did nothing whatever to alleviate this distress, and look no step looking to a future escape from it; on the contrary it plunged the nation into a series of pecuniary excesses that would make a spendthrift look pale, and squandered the borrowed millions of the government with a lavish and reckless hand. Within one short year the national debt has been increased over $10,000,000 and the national expenditures have run up to over $32,000,000. This locofoco administration thus inflicts ruin upon the trade of the nation on one hand and plunges the government into bankruptcy on the other; and the Congress under whose auspices this has been accomplished has still another year of its wicked career to run.

The only hope of temporary extrication from this ruin is in the election of a Republican Congress, and a permanent extrication can be obtained only by the success of our national ticket in 1860. To accomplish either or both of these results we must throw aside, now, all bickerings and local disputes and present a united front to the enemy. It is no time to be fighting among ourselves when the country is to be rescued.—Those who really have the interests of the country at heart and love its republican institutions, will have magnanimity enough to cast all merely personal feelings behind them and draw their swords for an animated contest. Those swords are for the enemy and not for use upon ourselves. He is a traitor who stops to quarrel now when the war-cry is ringing in our ears and the plunder of the locofoco camp is before us. Every inch of ground must be manfully contested.—We cannot afford to give these vile locofocos the semblance of a victory, anywhere, much less in this loved stronghold which gave, in 1856, the largest Republican majority of any county in the Union.

For ourselves, we desire to say that we shall henceforth regard all who are not for the party as against it. There is no middle ground. No matter for past friendships or associations—we shall treat him as a foe who does not muster under the Republican banner; and when the trumpet sounds, our sword-blade, whetted to its keenest, shall fall on all who stand in its way with all the force that strong arms and willing hearts can give it. So let all disorganizers get out of the way and either fall into the ranks or go straight over to the enemy.

The Alvin Adams, which arrived yesterday, reports matters below Cairo in an awful condition. Capt. Lamb, both on the down and up trip, coasted about, saving lives and property. He took from two log cabins twenty-five souls. Charlie L. Ward, who was a passenger on the Adams, speaks in the highest terms of the efforts of the officers of the Adams. The passenger raised $100 for the relief of the sufferers.

The Memphis *Avalanche* of Monday morning says:

During the twenty-four hours ending Saturday evening the river had risen about one inch, at which time it came to a stand. At 8 o'clock last evening it had fallen about a half inch, owing, doubtless, to breaks in the levee above. The weather yesterday was unseasonably cold—cold enough to render fires and winter clothing comfortable, if not necessary, with considerable rain last evening. Business on the levee on Saturday was very dull.

The Memphis *Ledger*, of Monday evening, has the following:

The river is still rising at this point to-day. It will be hardly possible for the levees below to resist the present rise, and a terrible destruction of property will be the consequence. The river is now a great deal higher than it has been at any time during the season.

Our neighbors of the village of Hopefield, over the river, have had to move up into their second stories, the water having run them out from below.

Capt. Meekin, of the Baltic, informs us that he has never seen the river as high as it is this season between Cairo and Memphis. He met families and their plunder, who had to abandon their homes, and were bound to a point above high water mark.

At Cairo, it was expected every moment that a large block of new buildings would fall, the water having undermined the foundation.

The Helena Shield of Saturday says the river had attained a height greater than at any previous time this spring, and is within 10 inches of the highest water of 1850.

We do not know that we have mentioned a crevasse in Issaquene county, Miss., opposite Mr. Belfour's place. It was 300 yards wide.

Another crevasse has occurred on the fourche at the plantation of Mr. H. L. Cox, a little over a mile above the first, Hebert crevasse. It was about 200 feet wide and 9 feet deep. It had covered many plantations with water, and the water was within 4 miles of Napoleonville.

A crevasse also occurred in the vicinity of Princeton, Miss.—*Lou. Jour.*

WASHINGTON, June 17, 1858.—The news of the nomination of Hon. William Montgomery, for re-election by the Democrats of the Washington district, Pennsylvania, was brought to this city, yesterday, by Gen. John L. Dawson, of Fayette county. It seems that the General promised a different result; but he bore the burden of the result like a hero. It turns out that Montgomery's majority is over eighteen hundred in the district. General Dawson is closeted with the President at this writing, and will no doubt have some difficulty in satisfying him how Montgomery came to beat the combination. It is stated, I do not know how truly, that notwithstanding Montgomery's enormous vote for nomination, and his astounding majority, he is to be opposed by a Democrat candidate. This would be carrying out the Illinois precedent with a vengeance. Have we an organization or usages, or have we not?

The Pittsburgh post office is another western question. Barr or Irwin would suit the people of the swarthy western city; but it seems they are both to be overslaughed. They are strong with the masses; they are sound Democrats; they are upright citizens; but they have not fawned, flattered, and *cultivated* on the Kansas question. Barr has a hard struggle during his bitter bad times. He has stood forth for Mr. Buchanan when the Pittsburgh *Union* (the post office paper) was cold and adverse, and he should have the place. But I think he is over the dam.—*Cor. of the Press.*

READING, June 17.—Lord Napier the British Minister, and Court Sartiges, the French Minister, accompanied by Senator Seward, left Pottsville at 7 o'clock yesterday, for a short trip through the Eastern part of Pennsylvania, with a view to visit the iron and coal regions of Lehigh and Schuylkill counties.

They spent part of the day yesterday at Lochiel, near Harrisburg, the residence of Senator Cameron, with whom they dined. Hon. Humphrey Marshall, of Kentucky, and several members of Congress from this State formed part of the company.

The distinguished visitors, accompanied by Gen. Cameron, left Harrisburg, last evening, by the Lebanon Valley Railroad, en route for Pottsville. They spent the night at Lebanon, where they were most hospitably entertained by Mr. Dawson Coleman, who accompanied the party this morning to the celebrated Cornwall Iron Ore Bank.

Afterwards they came on to Reading, where they were joined by Mr. Collen, the President of the Reading Railroad Company, and Mr. Kerrigan, the British Consul at Philadelphia. They proceeded to Pottsville, where they will dine this evening, after visiting the coal mines in the vicinity.

REPORTED DEATH OF THE EMPEROR OF CHINA.—The *Christian Advocate* of this week publishes the following intelligence, from a gentleman whom we suppose to be an American missionary in China:

"FUH CHAU, CHINA, March 22, 1858.—It is currently reported that the Emperor is dead. The Russian embassy received letters from Pekin, dated on last Christmas day, stating that the emperor then was very sick; that his lower limbs were entirely paralyzed; and that he could not live much longer. The English embassy received news via Canton, from Pekin, dated in February, 1858, to the effect that the emperor is dead. This report, however, is not credited here. The report of the emperor's dangerous illness seems to be well authenticated; and it is highly probable his death may soon add a fresh complication to the present negotiations, and furnish another link to the chain of events by which God is opening up his mighty empire to the Gospel of his Son. [R. S. MACLAY.]"

THE DEAD TURNING TO SPERMACETI.—A sensation was created some days since in the vicinity of Potter's field, at the discovery of a body which had undergone a remarkable transformation.—The body had lain under three tiers of corpses, and the head and feet had disappeared, while the remaining portion, which was somewhat enlarged above its natural dimensions, presented the appearance of wax of an alabaster whiteness. In short, the whole muscular structure had been changed into that substance known as adipocere. This is a species of soap formed upon a principle analagous to what is known as "fatty degeneration" in living bodies. The acids of fat, the stearic and margaric, are formed, and combine with ammonia and lime, which are derived from the elements of the body.—*N. Y. Post.*

SAILING OVER A WHEAT FIELD.—One can hardly realize the condition of things along the Mississippi. In a conversation with Mr. Fayweather, the General Agent for the Chicago and Burlington Railroad, he stated that passengers were carried by the steam boat seven or eight miles from Burlington to the Oquawka station, to reach the cars on that road, and have not less than five feet water all the way. In the route lies the farm of an old settler, who had in one field two hundred acres of as fine wheat as ever charmed the eye, and the entire crop is covered eight feet deep with water, and the steamer makes regular trips across this wheat field.—*Clev. Herald.*

SENATOR SUMNER.—The numerous friends of Mr. Sumner will be glad to learn that satisfactory letters have been received from him, dated the 1st of June, writen on board the Vanderbilt in the English Channel. The voyage had been a pleasent one, although rougher than was to have been expected at this Summer season.

Mr. Sumner had borne the passage better then on his previous voyage, and was hopeful that a few months would exterminate his deep-seated trouble. On the day after the one on which he wrote he expected to sleep at Rouen in the shadow of its ancient Cathedral.—*N. Y. Trib.*

MR. BUCHANAN'S persistent demands for "more money" do not sound much like his promised "retrenchment." But it is always the way with Democratic Presidents. Mr. Van Buren, when he came in, found our annual expenses Seventeen Millions, and almost doubled them before he went out. Mr. Polk found them Twenty-Two Millions, and *he* doubled them. Gen. Pierce found them Forty Millions, and he very near doubled them. Mr. Buchanan, probably, is only trying, to see whether he cannot double them again.—*Alb. Eve. Jour.*

THE LOWER MISSISSIPPI.—The officers of the Dianna report the Lower Mississippi rising fast and higher than it has been at any previous time this year. Below Hickman some people had sought refuge on the tops of their houses, and cattle and hogs were drowning in large numbers.—*Lou. Jour.*

THE Levy Court of Ohio County, at their last session refused to levy a tax for the payment of interest on the bonds of the Hempfield Railroad. The debt was created in 1852 by a subscription of $300,000 to the stock of the road, the commissioners of the county giving coupon bonds to that amount to the company. The money has been raised on these bonds and expended, and the interest amounting to $18,000 per year promptly paid up to this date.—*Wellsburg Herald.*

TOWN UNDER WATER.—An Iowa correspondent of the Chicago Tribune says that the town of Alexandria six miles below Keokuk is under water. Some people who have three story houses still remain in them, and have built rafts in which to escape should the water continue to rise. Everything in the shape of small houses, barns, lumber yards are afloat and going down the river. At Warsaw the Mississippi is seven miles wide. In the interior of Iowa the fordable streams are all swollen so as to cut off communication.

SUCCESS AT THE BAR.—A distinguished advocate, upon being asked what was the secret of his great success, replied that he took care to press home the one principal point of the case, paying little regard to the others. He also said that he knew the secret of being short. "I find, said he, 'that when I exceed an hour, I am always doing mischief to my client. If I drive in on the heads of the jury important matter, I drive out matter more important than I had previously lodged there.'

A SINGULAR WAY OF PUNISHING A MURDERER.—We copy the following from *The Paris* (Ky) *Flag* of the 9th inst.:

"Mr. Redmans' negro man Daniel, convicted of the murder of Mr. Curran's negro George, who was to have been hung near this place on Saturday next, has been reprieved. He will be sold out of the State."

A Great Medicine for Females.—Hundreds of stimulants have been invented and sold, purporting to be specific in the various diseases and derangements to which the delicate form of woman render her subject. The result of all these stimulants has been to impart *momentary activity* to the *nervous system*, and false vigor to the *muscles*, but this relief has been succeeded by a depression and prostration greater than before, and the repeated attempts of invalids to build themselves up by these *false remedies*, have finally ended in destroying what little vital organization was left. But in using "Boerhave's Holland Bitters," you will find no such disastrous results. It is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor Boerhave.

CAUTION!—Be careful to ask for Boerhave's *Holland Bitters*. The great popularity of this medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing.

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M. E. GILLESPIE,
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Extracts Teeth without pain, by an ENTIRELY new vegetable agent applied to the teeth and gums only. Teeth from one to full sets inserted on the various metallic bases. He also inserts teeth on *entire Porcelain* and *durability combined*, which in beauty, cleanliness and durability cannot fail to please. Call and examine specimens.

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☞Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my26d3m&1yF

Caution to Invalids—Beware of Impostors.

DRS. CALEB M. FITCH and JOHN W. SYKES (office 114 Penn st., Pittsburgh,) notice with much pleasure the above card of Dr. S. S. Fitch, of New York, and feel it to be their duty also to caution the invalid public against impositions which seem daily increasing. By recent developments in New York, of the practices of one styled "old Dr. H. James," a venerable physician, whose sands of life have nearly run out," and of "Dr. Uncas Brant," and others, seem to render it a more suitable time than usual, to expose such trickery and vindicate our own character; and it is the more necessary that this should be done, inasmuch as the opinion prevails that this delusion is confined to the eastern cities—as far from this be fact true there are scores of illiterate doctors in this and the States farther west, who literally rob invalids, not only of their money, but of their very lives, for the present there is no existing proper treatment in time.

Most of these travelling doctors take advantage of the prevalent but erroneous belief that lung diseases can be cured by inhalations, and either produce false testimonials in themselves, (some have hired men to act the part,) or induce eminent physicians of great repute, or else with some far off (and mythical) Hospital or University, and invalids in their carelessness to regard health forget to examine the *proofs and results of treatment*, and are persuaded by large advertisements of fresh arrivals, that health and life are in the hands of some learned and unprejudiced man.

We have for some time been shrinking from this unpleasant duty, but can do so no longer, and trust this card may be the means of saving some from being deceived.

In conclusion, it is proper to repeat, as we have so often done formerly, THAT WE HAVE NO PRESENT CONNECTION WITH DR. S. S. FITCH OR WITH ANY OFFICE IN NEW YORK.

DRS. CALVIN M. FITCH & JOHN W. SYKES
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POSTLEY, NELSON & CO.,
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ROBINSON'S SOLID CAST STEEL SCYTHES—Warranted.
Cast Steel and Hammered Shovels and Spades,
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CAUTION TO INVALIDS.—DR. SAMUEL S. FITCH (Office 714 Broadway, New York) known as the author of a "*New Curative Treatment*" for the diseases of the Lungs Heart, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin, Nerves, Muscles, Joints, Blood, and all other Female Complaints, continues his practice with his usual success. ☞*He is never absent from New York, and has not been for many years. He has no other office nor any associate or partner practising in his name, or to have had, any professional connection with him! They are impostors!!* Apply, personally or by letter, directly to himself at his office, 714 Broadway, New York where alone his treatment can be had.—Remedies sent to any part of the country, and treatment conducted successfully by letter. A visit from the patient preferred. His "SIX LACTORS" on the Lungs, and explaining the method by which he cures the above diseases (180 pages, bound) sent by mail, post paid, for 40 cents.

☞Beware, especially, of the advertisements of FITCH, JODGE & CO., of Detroit, and of FITCH & SYKES, of Pittsburgh, Chicago, &c. jel-eodtfinfe

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
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SILVER AND PLATED WARE,
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CONSTANTLY ON HAND, A FULL SUPPLY OF
WHITE FISH, TROUT,
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SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS!
Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M.D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

TO MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the second page of pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

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