Pittsburgh Gazette.

O. P. WILLIAMS.....D. L. RAVOT.....A. RIDDLE.....RUSSELL HRRITT

S. RIDDLE & Co.,

EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 16, 1858.

Pennsylvania and the Tariff.

JERE G. JONES, who acted as Mr. Buchanan's lieutenant in the House, and who, notwithstanding his complete insignificance as a man and a politician, must be regarded as the mouthpiece of the administration, declared, at the close of the session, in the most emphatic terms, that he would not hereafter vote for any tariff measure which had protection for its object. He was for a revenue bill, and nothing else, and if incidental protection followed, he had no objection. But he would make no effort in forming a bill to secure it, and as a policy, he would not, under any circumstances, recognize it. He even went further, and said that protection would not avail now, high as the duties might be fixed, and he desired to wait until trade revived and the present ruinous system was fairly tried before he would consent to an alteration or revision for revenue purposes. Mr. JONES represents a district in which there are at this time thousands of laborers clamoring for a change in the Tariff Laws. The questions arise then: Will the representative of the greater portion of the Schuylkill region, go home and repeat what he has thus boldly uttered in Congress? Will he tell the miners and operators that they shall not have their wishes gratified, because Southern interests and Democratic policy alike forbid it? Mr. JONES will not do any thing so frank and candid as that. On the contrary he will say nothing about his speech in Congress, but will call to his aid that political "Oily Gammon" FRANK HUGHES, who occupies the anomalous position of a "Tariff Democrat;" and with his aid he will take upon himself the task of hoodwinking these clamorers for protection.

They will talk tariff as they did in 1844 and 1846, and should they succeed in deceiving the rank and file of their party to such an extent as to secure their votes for Mr. JONES, that worthy gentleman, will go back to Congress, point to his free trade declarations, and complacently tell the South that under this banner he fought and conquered in the strongest tariff region of the Keystone State. The programme for this infamous scheme of deception and fraud has already been prepared. Frank Hughes is about taking the stump, and if he does not succeed after the old fashion, it will be the fault of the people themselves, who deceived so often, may at length have their eyes opened to the rascality and treachery of their political leaders. This deception which is about being practiced, by Jones and Hughes, in the Schuylkill valley, is an old trick with Pennsylvania politicians, and to their success in it, may be attributed the little respect with which the demands of our State, are on all occasions, received in the halls of Congress. Bigler, after advocating, in his own way, the doctrines of popular sovereignty, in almost every county in Pennsylvania, and after telling the people, in language that does not admit of a double interpretation, that he was in favor of the admission of Kansas as a free State, went to Congress and voted with ultra-Southern men, to make it a slave State. His vote he boldly contends is the voice of his State, and he professes to be willing to stand by it before the people. It is true, he admits to his Southern brethren, that he will meet with some difficulty, but by industry and perseverence, he expects finally to succeed. The work, if successful, will be accomplished through just such deception and equivocation, as we have mentioned as having been practiced in this tariff matter. Pennsylvania has for years been made the sport of a low grade of Democratic politicians, and through them her dearest interests have been sacrificed, and her good name degraded to a bye-word. We do not know on whom the severest censure should fall —the unprincipled mountebanks, who profit by this system of wrong, or the people, whose apathy and indifference permit them to become an easy prey to designing demagogues. Pennsylvania is opposed to the extension of slavery, and yet a majority of her representatives vote for additional slave States. Pennsylvania is, above all other States, in favor of a protective tariff, and yet she casts her vote and influence in favor of a party that proclaims itself for Free Trade. It is in vain for her people to ask for protection to her interests, as long as she permits her own representatives in Congress to vote and speak against every measure having that object in view. Senator Cameron is right in his views in regard to this matter. If Pennsylvania desires a change in the tariff laws, let her petition no longer to the Cotton lords of the South, but let her send men to Congress to demand legislation for her interests, intdefiance of those Cotton lords. Let her discard all cringing "doughfaces," who value a fat contract or a place under government infinitely higher, than they value the coal mines—the furnaces—and the workshops, of their own State. Let her cast off her Biglers and her Joneses, and show to the Union that, she has great interests at stake, and that she will have talented and fearless men to maintain them, who can neither be swed by threats, nor bribed by offices. Let this be done, and our good old Commonwealth will indeed be the Keystone of this Confederacy of States.

☞ Owing to the crowded state of our columns, our foreman, without our knowledge omitted the county ticket for two days past, to get a little more room. We have ordered it to be put in and to *stay* in, room or no room, till the election.

A SAN BERNARDINO correspondent of the *Alta California* says:

SALT LAKE ABANDONED.

The Salt Lake mail arrived at this place on the 1st inst., bringing dates from Utah up to the 7th of April. I have been unable to obtain my usual file of the *Deseret News*, but through private letters from Captain Jefferson Hunt and General Rich, two leading Mormons at Salt Lake, I learn the following important particulars:

"The Mormons have abandoned Salt Lake City and all the settlements to the north thereof and are removing into the southern portions of the territory, and nearer to the California line. On the 10th or 12th of March, a few days after the departure of the California mail, Brigham Young issued a circular calling upon all the residents of Salt Lake City and the towns of Ogden, Brownsville, Box-Elder, Suttler's Corner and Salmon River, and other settlements to the north of Great Salt Lake City, to vacate their houses and remove with their families and goods to the southern district of the territory, there to await further orders. In accordance with the command the Mormons are rapidly removing and taking with them all they can carry of their goods and chattles, even to the doors and windows of their houses.

BRIGHAM AT PROVO CITY.

Brigham with the First Presidency and the Quorum of Twelve, are at the city of Provo, 55 miles to the south of Salt Lake City. Provo is the second city in importance in the territory, and contains some 4,000 inhabitants. Captain Hunt writes that Brigham will probably make his headquarters at Parowan, a settlement some 300 miles this side of Salt Lake City. General Rich writes that they will not probably abandon Salt Lake City entirely, unless compelled to do so, in which event they will set fire to the city and destroy every thing. Brigham's circular recommends that a certain number of men be left to take care of the property and secure the coming crops if possible, but if they are unable to do so, his orders are that every thing shall be burned and destroyed, rather than be permitted to fall into the hands of the Gentiles."

TWO BOOTJACKS.—Gov. King, of Maine, was traveling in a stage coach with several passengers, among whom was a little French dancing master. The Governor was a large framed, loud voiced, pompous man, who loved to show his consequence. On arriving at the inn where they were to sleep, Gov. King called very loud in his authoritative manner, "Waiter, bring me a bootjack, a pair of slippers, a beefsteak, and a cup of coffee!" The little Frenchman, vexed that the Governor had taken no notice of him, and determining not to be outdone, cried out in his shrill tones, "*Vaiter, give me two bootjack, two pair slippers, two beefsteak, two cup cofe.*"

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.—The counting up of the Republican return judges on Monday resulted in favor of the Hon. S. A. Purviance for Congress; John M. Thompson and Wm. W. Dodds, Esq., for the Legislature; Wm. Harbison, of Jefferson tp., for County Commissioner; and Wm. R. a, Esq., of Adams tp., for County Auditor.—*Butler Herald.*

THE FLOODS!

A LETTER from Kaskaskia, Illinois, says that that place is now submerged by the high water, and that the people have taken refuge on Garrison Hill. The freshet is from Okaw river, which is all over its banks, the Mississippi at the same time being very high. Kaskaskia was nearly cleared out, and destroyed by the great flood of 1844, and the present freshet will probably do the business. So much for the oldest town in the Western country.

ZANESVILLE, OHIO, June 12.—We have had constant rains since Thursday last, which have caused great damage to railroads, and the crops. Fields of wheat and corn, which a few days since promised an abundant yield to the farmer, are now entirely covered with water, and ruined. The railroads are impassible. The Muskingum river is so high that the steamboats which run between here and Marietta cannot get through the Locks. The town is filled with passengers on their way East, who can go no further, on account of bridges being carried away, and slides of earth covering the tracks.

A FLOOD SURE ENOUGH.—It has been raining almost continuously for thirty-six hours, and there is no appearance of a suspension. The merchants on the levee yesterday began to be alarmed, and commenced moving their goods from the first to the second stories. This labor will be completed to-day. Bloody Island is almost entirely submerged, and the inhabitants commenced their flight on Sunday last.—*St. Louis Repub. 11th.*

THE MISSOURI.—From the Missouri our intelligence is important—startling. During seven hours which the Hesperian lay at Bates' wood yard, on Wednesday night, the river rose 1 foot. At and above St. Joseph, the river was falling, and has not yet been very high this season. There was, however, plenty of water to the mouth of Grand river, which presented a grand spectacle. It was booming. Below that tributary, the Missouri was at flood height—higher than ever before known. The banks are caving in all along the river, and many wood piles had been floated away. The largest trees were tumbling into the stream, and floated off like mere straws.

Tremendous rains had fallen almost continually along the Missouri, and caused it to rise with unprecedented rapidity until it gained a vast volume. At Jeffefferson City it rose THREE feet in the twenty-four hours ending yesterday morning. At Miller's landing it rose yesterday at the rate of FOUR INCHES PER HOUR.—*St. Louis Dem., 11th.*

APPEARANCE OF THE RIVER.—The river rose at this point steadily all day yesterday, and at dark last night seemed to be swelling more rapidly than before. The levee from one end to the other was entirely submerged, and in many places the water was dashing into the store doors. From any stand point on the levee yesterday, the steamboats loomed high above the spectator, their chimneys overtopping the tallest business houses. From the hurricane decks of the boats the sight was particularly grand. The current was as swift as a mill race, bearing on its immense and turgid waves, immense piles of drift-wood and all manner of floating material. The water stretched far across Bloody Island, and seemed to be entering the very doors of the houses on the distant Illinois side.

At about one o'clock, it was rumored that the inhabitants of Cahokia, an old French settlement, just below the city, on the Illinois shore, were in great distress from the high water. It was proposed that some steamboat should be chartered for the purpose of relieving the sufferers.

Capt. McMullen, with praiseworthy generosity and benevolence, offered his boat at once, and in a short time the steamer, with the party, was on her way to the scene of the disaster. Arriving at the place they found the whole town submerged, and the inhabitants in the most distressing condition, occupying the upper stories and garrets of their houses, not a single lower door being out of the water. The steamer was made fast, and the gentlemen above alluded to, including the captain and mate of the boat, put out for the houses in skiffs. In a short time, all those who desired to be taken off were placed in safety on the steamer.—*Do of 12th*

We learn that the Illinois river is at a higher stage now than it has been for several years past. At Grafton the two warehouses of W Allen, Esq., are flooded, and moved from their foundations; and one report is that they are destroyed. Most of the houses in town are in water, some to the depth of four or five feet.—*Alton Dem.*

From town down the river we hear of deserted houses and whole villages standing in an ocean of water. Families who, on Monday, were living in the damp atmosphere of an upper story, have been compelled, against their will, to occupy a still higher position in society.—*Peoria Trans.*

THE FLOOD.—The hard showers of Thursday afternoon, and the steady rain of Thursday night, has had its effect. White river is booming again—nearly as high as it was at the late rise we chronicled—and at four o'clock yesterday afternoon it was coming up at a steady rate.—*Indianapolis Journ.*

The Miami lacks only some two feet of the high water mark of 1847, at which time nearly the whole of this city was inundated. About noon, yesterday, the water broke across the pike between Main street bridge and Mechanicsburn, and began backing up into that place. The levee, which was built to protect the town, has been washed through, and in several places the water is running over it. The people began moving out yesterday morning, yet there are some who have taken refuge in the second stories of the houses.—*Dayton Empire.*

A gentleman who left Jefferson City yesterday morning, says the river at that point is rising rapidly, and had gained three feet during the previous night. At Miller's Landing, as he the cars passed, it was swelling at the rate of four inches per hour.

This flood will reach here sometime to-day, and must undoubtedly submerge the entire levee. The river here is rising rapidly. The merchants on the levee are removing their goods from the first floors.—*St. Louis Dem., 12th.*

THE Pacific brings us the latest intelligence from the lower Mississippi. It was rising as far up as Cairo. Another crevasse has occurred. On Monday last, the levee broke just above Prentiss, Miss., and it was feared much damage would be done to the plantations below that point. Fears were also entertained that many other levees would not withstand a further pressure of water.

The rise is not so great in the Upper Mississippi, as yet, but that river is swelling from St. Paul down. It is rising above the Falls of St. Anthony. St. Peter's, or Minnesota river, is becoming high, and, in fact, all the tributaries of the Mississippi, from the head of navigation to this port, are pouring out floods, and still rising.—*St. Louis Rep., 12th.*

Our citizens this morning repaired *en masse* to the banks of the Wabash, to witness the angry surges and unprecedented advance up the bank of that, at present, terrible stream. For several hours during the morning the rise was at the rate of *one foot per hour*. Before noon the bottoms were all overflown, and an immense amount of drift, fence rails, and bridge timbers were passing down the rapid current. The people who occupy the houses in the bottoms were taken out in skiffs. The cattle moaned in despair; pigs were squealing and chickens were cackling; never before was animal nature so thoroughly nonplussed.

On Friday afternoon, the Wabash was up to the eves of the houses on the flats, being four feet higher than at the last rise, and nearly up to the height of the rise of 1844.—*Lafayette Jour.*

The Scioto here is deep and wide enough to float the largest fleet that ever sailed from Cleveland to Liverpool, or tied up at the busy wharf of the Queen City. Below the town, in full view from any high look-out, we have a very respectable lake, at least two miles wide and long enough for the lower end to be out of sight.—Take an observation Southward from the top of the Johnson Building, the American, Neil House, or the Court House, and especially from the Capitol, and you will see "water, water, every where," but *many* "a drop to drink." The view from Johnson Building is grand—both sides of the river overflowed, from the bluffs East of the canal apparently to Green Lawn Cemetery, with no land in sight—nothing but trees, and they the highest. Above the town the bottoms are submerged as far as we can see up the river from the same look-out, and on both sides of the river.—*Ohio Statesman, 12th.*

The damage done the canal between this place and Portsmouth by the late freshet is said to be so great that it cannot be repaired for the resumption of navigation before the 15th of July.—*Chillicothe Advertiser.*

A great storm of rain commenced here between 3 and 4 o'clock on Friday afternoon, and poured with little cessation till 4 o'clock on Saturday evening, more then thirty hours of steady, soaking rain. We think so much rain has not fallen within so short a time since the great flood of April 20, 1854. The city was better cleaned than it has been by the Street Inspector for months, while the Country in this vicinity is scoured, drenched, saturated. Much damage has been done by the washing of planted fields on sloping ground, leaching out of the richest juices of the soil, beating down grass, pelting the young leaves from the trees, &c. We trust little or no damage has been sustained by the embryo fruit, but it is not often that such a deluge is encountered at this season.—*N. Y. Trib.*

GREAT FLOOD.—We learn from a passenger on board the Convoy, that the Buffalo Creek running into the Ohio, at Wellsburg, was flooded, yesterday morning, to an unusual degree. The rise was sudden, and carried away all the fences from the bottom lands, for a distance of twelve miles, besides two mills, four dams, and three bridges.—*Steub. Herald, 14th.*

THE DELUGE.—We are suffering from the visitation of a deluge. The almost incessant rain that commenced night before last and continued throughout yesterday and last night, contributed not a little to swell the already overgrown volume of the river, and it is now higher than it has been since 1844. The levee is entirely submerged, the water on it ranging from a few inches, below Market street, to three feet at Morgan street. At Walnut street the water touch the curb stone, while in the neighborhood of Green and Morgan, where the levee is low, the water stands a foot deep on the lower floors of the buildings. The flooded rooms are abandoned, even the numerous drinking saloons being compelled to close before the approach of the big "drink" outside. Skiffs are plying over the submerged levee from point to point, and crowds of idlers throng the lower parts of the various perpendicular streets, gazing at the scene, and laughing at the duckings which deck hands get in their efforts to erect continuous stagings from the boats to the distant *terra firma*. The passage for foot passengers, in places, is circumscribed to a narrow strip two feet in width on the weather side of the buildings, which can only be traversed at the risk of getting well wetted by the dashing of the waves over it. The drays are forced to take water, and splash merrily along where it is shallow, and plod laboriously enough where the mules are half hidden beneath the waves, which, in places, reach above their shoulders.—*St. Louis News, Saturday ult.*

BALTIMORE, Saturday, June 12.—A tremendous rain-storm set in here at 5 o'clock yesterday evening, continuing all night. It set in again in the morning and afternoon with increased violence. The flood at Jones Falls is very great, and the streets at the lower end are completely flooded. Baltimore street this afternoon, near the bridge, was flooded with two or three feet of water. The Falls, this evening, are foaming down a fearful flood, carrying down quantities of timber, fencing, etc., from above, indicating great destruction of property above. During the afternoon, Charles Street bridge was carried away, and fears were entertained for a time of the safety of other bridges. The market space is flooded and cellars are filled. The waters are now subsiding.

BALTIMORE, Sunday, June 13.—The damage done by the storm and flood on Saturday, was very severe. Not less than twenty (ten) foot bridges, on the falls and their vicinity, were swept away, with fencing, etc. A horse and wagon were swept into the flood, two negro women were drowned, and a white man, who was engaged in fishing timber from the stream, was drowned. Many stores were flooded, and considerable damage sustained thereby.

On the 12th inst.—yesterday—the river rose twenty inches. At 6 o'clock last evening it had gained a depth of from six inches to two feet on the first floors of all the stores on the levee. At dark last evening it was five feet ten inches below the high water mark of 1844.

As the rise for the last half of yesterday was not so rapid as for the previous twelve hours, it may be hoped that it will soon reach its extreme height. The news from the Missouri favors this hope, and, if that mad river should subside, its effect will soon be felt here, although there are reports of a further rise in the Upper Mississippi.

JEFFERSON CITY, June 12, 6 P. M.—The river has been stationary here since seven o'clock this morning. Had risen two inches in the previous twenty-four hours.—*St. Louis Rep., 13th*

A Great Medicine for Females.—Hundreds of unfortunate ladies have suffered and still continue to be opprest in the various diseases and derangements to which the delicate form of woman render her subject. The result of all this accumulation has been to impart *momentary excitement* to the *nervous system*, and false vigor to the *muscles*, but the relief has been followed by a depression and prostration greater than before and the repeated attempts of females to build themselves up by these *false remedies*, have finally ended in destroying what little vital organization was left. But by using "Brethren's Holland Bitters," you will find no such disastrous results. It is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor Boerhaave.

For sale by druggists.—Be careful to ask for Brethren's *Holland Bitters*. The great popularity of this medicine has noticed many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing.

☞ Sold at Depot 75 Ellis, corner Sixth st. 1y

DR. BRENT PAGE, M. D. & CO., Manufacturing Druggists, Pittsburgh, Pa., and Druggists generally. jel3-lawF

Special Notices.

M. E. GILLESPIE,

DENTIST,

Extracts Teeth without pain, by an ENTIRELY new Anæsthetic agent applied to the teeth and gums only. Teeth from one to full sets inserted on the various kinds of base. The above agent is also used in the performance of the various operations on the teeth.

☞ Office on Fourth street, below Market, second door from Limbaugh's. jel-1ydlr

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS.

PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' and BOLT COPPER PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, Round Steel Bottoms Spelter Solder, Sheathing Nails, Copper, Brass, Bronze and Composition Metal Bolts, Importers and Dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, BAR IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand Planished Machine Steel Boiler Plates.

Office and Warehouse, No. 149 *First and* 129 *Second sts.*, Pittsburgh, Penna.

☞ All orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. no 29-lawly

BEWARE OF IMPOSTORS.

CAUTION TO INVALIDS.—DR. SAMUEL S. PITCH, author of the "*New Curative Treatment*" for the diseases of the Lungs Heart, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin, Nerves, Muscles, Joints, Blood, &c., and for all Female Complaints, continues his practice with his usual success. ☞ *He is never absent from New York, and has not been for many years. He has no other office nor any associate, or partner at Buffalo, Chicago, Detroit, Pittsburgh or elsewhere, and all who shall pretend to be such persons using his name, or pretending to have connection with him: They are Impostors.* Apply, personally or by letter, directly to himself at his office, 714 Broadway, New York where alone his treatment can be had—Remedies sent to any part of the country, and treatment conducted successfully by letter. A visit from the patient preferred. His "SIX LECTURES" on the Lungs, and explaining the method by which he cures the above diseases (200 Pages,) mailed sent by mail, post paid, for 40 cents

jy26-ly[illegible]

Caution to Invalids—Beware of Impostors.

DRS. CALVIN M. FITCH and JOHN W. SYKES (office 191 Penn st, Pittsburgh,) notice with much pleasure the above card of Dr. S. S. Fitch, of New York, and feel it to be a duty due to caution the unwary public against impostors which seem daily increasing. Recent developments in New York, of the frauds practiced by "old Dr. B. James," the retired physician, whose sands of life have nearly run out, and "Dr. Lucas Brant," and others, seem to render it a more suitable for them equal to expose such trickery, and repudiate one on a character and it is the more incumbent upon us to do so, inasmuch as the opinion prevails that this dishonesty is confined to the eastern cities—as far from this being true there are scores of unlearned doctors in this and the States farther west, who literally rob invalids, not only of their money, but of their very lives, for the present from proper treatment.

Most of those travelling doctors take advantage of the prevalent intemperance to belief that lung disease can be cured by inhalations; and either profess to be connected with, or themselves. (some even having assumed our very names,) or some eastern physician of great repute, or else with some far off (and mythical) Hospital or University; and invalids

Manufacturers and Dealers in Every Variety of

PATENT AND ENAMELED LEATHER,

Shoe Leather, Splits, Morocco, French and Country Calf Skins,

Sole Leather, Carriage Oilcloths, &c.,

All of which will be furnished at the lowest Cash Prices.

☞ **HIDES WANTED.** ☜

ap6-ly

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

SIGHT BILLS DRAWN BY DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,

ON THE UNION BANK, LONDON, IN SUMS OF ONE POUND STERLING AND UPWARDS.

Also, Bills on the principal cities and towns of France, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Russia and other European States, constantly on hand and for sale by

WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,

fe28-ly.dc Bankers, Wood street, corner of Third.

MATLACK & ROGERS,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS,

No. 18 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Matlack & Dickson, St. Louis.
Day & Matlack, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Chas. Dunfield & Co., Louisville, Ky.
F. S. Day & Co., Bankers, Penn Hall, Green & Stone, Bankers, Minneapolis, Iowa.
Day & Matlack, Philadelphia, Pa.
R. Forsyth, Chicago, Freight Agent Illinois Central Railroad.

ETNA STOVE WORKS.

ALEXANDER BRADLEY,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN EVERY VARIETY OF

COOKING, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,

Plain and Fancy Grate Fronts, &c.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Foundry on Allegheny River, two squares north east of Penn'sylvania Passenger Depot.

Office and Sales Room,

mr31-lydfs **No. 4 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.**

PAYNE, BISSELL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cooking, Parlor and Heating

STOVES,

Grates, Fronts, Fenders, etc.,

And Manufacturers of the Celebrated

CAPITAL COOKING RANGE,

NO. 235 LIBERTY STREET,

fe26-lydfs PITTSBURGH, PA.

MITCHELL, HERRON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cooking, Parlor and Heating

STOVES,

Grate Fronts, Fenders, Cooking Ranges, &c.,

194 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

mr26-ly

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine PREPARATION.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine PREPARATION.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine PREPARATION.

Is prepared according to Pharmacy and Chemistry, with the greatest accuracy and Chemical knowledge devoted to their combination.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION—For diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsy.

READ! READ! READ!—"The afflicted read," the following certificate of a cure of over 20 years' standing:

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1, 1855.

H. T. HELMBOLD—*Dear Sir:* I have been troubled with an affection of the Bladder and Kidneys for over twenty years. I have tried Physicians in vain, and as last concluded to give your genuine Preparation a trial, as I had heard it highly spoken of. It afforded me immediate relief. I have used three bottles, and I have obtained more relief from its effects and feel much better than I have for twenty years previous. I have the greatest faith in its virtues and curative powers, and shall do all in my power to make it known to the afflicted. Hoping this may prove advantageous to you in assisting you to introduce the medicine, I am truly yours, H. M'CORMICK.

Lewistown, Pa., Jan. 24, 1857.

Should any doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. Wm. Bigler, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania
Hon. Thos. M. Pearson, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. C. Knox, Judge, Tioga Co., Pa.
Hon. J. S. Black, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. D. R. Porter, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania
Hon. Ellis Lewis, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. R. C. Grier, Judge U. S. Court.
Hon. G. W. Woodward, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. W. A. Porter, City Solicitor, Philadelphia.
Hon. John Bigler, ex-Governor, California.
Hon. E. Banks, Auditor General, Washington, D. C.
And many others, if necessary.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION, In another column. mr25-lawdawF

New Advertisements.

HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION.—The Annual Examination of applicants for admission to the Pittsburgh High School, will be held on the 24th and 25th inst., in the HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING, beginning at 9 A. M. of the 24th, at which time all applicants should be present. This examination is open to all persons under the age of 21 years, and having a legal residence in the city of Pittsburgh, whether in attendance at any of the Common Schools or not.

By order of the Central Board of Education.

jel6-2tdeltr JOS. W. LEWIS, Secretary.

BOARDING.

SEVERAL SINGLE GENTLEMEN, or two or three GENTLEMEN AND THEIR WIVES, can be accommodated with BOARD and FURNISHED ROOMS in a central location—three minutes' walk from the Pittsburgh Post Office. For further information, apply at THIS OFFICE. jel4-1wd

NEW DRY GOODS

OPENED THIS DAY

jel6-lawF C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

C. A. STROH & CO.'S MAGIC DUPLICATING and Impression Paper is a beautiful article with which to write a letter and obtain a copy at the same time without the use of pens or ink, producing 50 clear copies for persons traveling. It will take the correct impression of any leaf, plant or flower, and is equally adapted for writing on paper, cloth, wood or stone, in the copying of plans, designs, signs, music, &c., (without the use of pens or ink) with a book of common stock. Four different colors, price 25 cents sold by

jel4 W. S. HAVEN,
Corner Market and Second streets.

LATEST NEWS from all parts of the world, See the NEW YORK DAILY HERALD, TRIBUNE and TIMES; PHILADELPHIA DAILY PRESS, PUBLIC LEDGER, and CINCINNATI COMMERCIAL. Delivered to every part of the city by leaving your address at HUNT & MYERS, Masonic Hall. Trade supplied jel2

CARD.

To the clients of A. B. M'CALMONT

Having left Pittsburgh to reside temporarily in Washington City, I have placed my unfinished law business in the hands of IRISH & MACKENZIE, Attorneys, No. 60 Fourth street, to whom I respectfully recommend those who have hitherto employed me professionally.

jel-dawlm ALFRED B. M'CALMONT

PERSONS AFFLICTED

WITH HERNIA,

Would be advantaged by purchasing a TRUSS at the only Manufacturers in the city.

jel2 CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG, No. 85 Wood st.

SUN UMBRELLAS

LADY'S
BORDERS,
LACE MANTLES,
HOOP SKIRTS.

At all kinds of Dress Goods and Domestics.

jel2 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

LAKE FISH—350 half bbls. White Fish;

100 " " Trout
100 " " Herring
100 " " Salmon
50 " " Pickerel
50 " " Mackerel

Just received and for sale by

SUNDRIES—60 bbls. prime Lard
10 kegs Feathers.

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

New last ing from [illegible] by

SUPERIOR DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY—For sale by the barrel, at the lowest cash prices, and retail by the single gallon, at store No. 1 Canal Basin, Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. MITCHELTREE, Jr., & BRO.

jel-1ydlr

30 BBLS. EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR from each of White Wheat, just received and for sale at FRANCIS' Family and Tea Store, Federal Street, Allegheny

N. B.—Will be delivered to the residences of families free of charge. jel5

OAT MEAL, Pearl Barley and Oaten Groats, fresh ground and of superior quality, just received and for sale wholesale and retail, at FRANCIS' Family Grocery and Tea Store, Federal st., Allegheny jel5

WM. FRANCE, Federal street, near Lacock, Allegheny City. Family Grocer, Dealer in Flour, Bacon, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Fruits, &c jel4-lyd

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD have received a lot of Flavored Swiss Muslins, a decided bargain. Also, Prints and Linen D'Lane, Lower than usual.

And we are now offering our Ladies' and Gentlemen's Robes at much lower prices than at any former time. Call and be convinced that we have got it.

WM. MITCHELTREE, Jr., & BRO.

jel-lm No. 101 Fourth street.

TO LET—A large and convenient Brick Dwelling on Fifth street, between Penn and Liberty streets. Possession given on the 1st of April. Inquire of

mr31 R. KING, No. 51 Liberty st.

FOR RENT—A large and convenient Brick Dwelling on Fifth street, between Penn and Liberty streets. Possession given on the 1st of April. Inquire of

mr31 R. KING, No. 51 Liberty st.

TO LET—A large and convenient Brick Dwelling on Fifth street, between Penn and the river. Possession given on the 1st of April. Inquire of

mr31 R. KING, No. 51 Liberty st.

For Sale.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AT AUCTION.—By order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, Pa., the undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of JOHN ARTHURS, deceased, late of Pittsburgh, Pa., will sell at public auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, June 26th, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M., that valuable property situate on the corner of Penn street and Cherry alley, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., and known as the property of the late JOHN ARTHURS, deceased. The lot fronts on Penn street 30 feet, and runs back 100 feet to Cherry alley. The improvements consist of a two story brick dwelling house, with back building, and other necessary outbuildings. Terms of sale made known at the time of sale. Possession given on the 1st of April, 1859. Further information can be had of Mary Smith and Ann Keely, residing on the premises.

Terms of sale—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments. For the deferred payments, notes payable at the Bank of Pittsburgh, with interest, will be required. On the day of sale and before the property is struck off, the purchaser will be required to deposit the first payment. H. CODY,
J. E. METTRICK,
Executors of JOHN ARTHURS, deceased.

FOR SALE—Quarries of Last Cover miles from Allegheny City. The land is good and will be sold at a bargain. Also, Coal for sale by the car load, 120 feet long. Apply to or address GEO. W. BENN, East side of the Monongahela, 1st of Smith's Ferry, Allegheny.

MANUFACTORY FOR SALE OR RENT.—Enterprise Foundry, on Sandusky street, Allegheny, with good steam power, suitable for many kinds of manufacturing purposes. For sale on reasonable terms. Also, a quantity of Pig Iron, Castings, &c. Apply to the subscriber, residing on the premises, or at the office of the Pittsburgh Locomotive Works.

jel4-lydlr JOHN A. BROWN.

FOR SALE OR LEASE, a lot on Fourth street, Pittsburgh, 30 feet front by 80 feet deep. Apply to

jel4 WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.

A Lot on Penn street, 30 feet front by 120 feet deep.

Also, on Wylie street, 60 feet front by 120 feet deep.

Also, on Webster street, 30 feet front by 120 feet deep.

Also, on Wylie street, 60 feet front by 120 feet deep; nearly opposite to Prospect & Harper's Foundry.

The above are bounded by penal lines, Wylie and Centre avenues, and Webster alley, 250 feet from the Reservoir.

Also, on Centre avenue and Butler street, adjoining the above Wylie Reservoir lots, forty contiguous lots, from 20 to 25 feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Wylie and Webster streets, adjoining the above lots, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Webster and Bedford streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Bedford and Miltenberger streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Miltenberger and Logan streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Logan and Fullerton streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Fullerton and Craig streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Craig and Neville streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Neville and Coltart streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Coltart and Aiken streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Aiken and Graham streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Graham and Morrison streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Morrison and Morton streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Morton and Shady streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Shady and Negley streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Negley and Highland streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Highland and Beatty streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Beatty and Baum streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Baum and Whitfield streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Whitfield and Aiken streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Aiken and Baker streets, [illegible] feet front.

Also, on Centre avenue, Baker