Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 27, 1858.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

☞ The Weekly *Gazette* will be issued on Friday morning with full reports of proceedings of Synods up to their adjournment, if they shall have adjourned. Price five cents per copy. Subscription in clubs of ten, $1 each, per annum, or $2 per single subscriber. Daily *Gazette*, $6 per annum. Now is the time to subscribe for a good family or business paper.

[From our Extra of Yesterday.]

Synod of the Associate Church.

Sixth Day.—Dr. Cooper opened the Synod with prayer. The Committee to which was referred the matter of the Church property reported the following, in addition to the other resolutions already adopted as a basis:

Provided, That the separate Synods and Presbyteries of the said Associate Reformed and Associate Churches shall also continue as at present constituted, until otherwise directed.

It was decided that the next Synod shall meet at 7 o'clock on the 3d Wednesday of May, 1859.

Mr. McCandless said that it is recommended by Committee that there be no change made in the name, but that it be called the United Presbyterian Church.

Rev. Mr. Thompson moved that there be added, "of North America."

The name of the church is therefore "The United Presbyterian Church of North America."

The basis resolutions were then adopted as a whole.

Mr. McCandless stated that the Committee had consulted Mr. McConnell and John P. Penney, of this city, expecting that they would charge $50. They, however, had given their consultation gratuitously. Vote of thanks to them adopted.

Rev. Mr. Doig read a report from the Board of Foreign Missions, which was very encouraging. Mission of California read. The reading of the paper was suspended on the incoming of members from the Associate Reformed Synod.

Dr. Wilson came in and withdrew their protest which had been entered last night. Sam'l. Wilson, J. Scroggs, J. Lytle and others signed their names. The spirit that was manifested at this announcement was delightful. Adjourned at half-past nine to attend the ceremonies of union at City Hall.

THE PROCESSION.—On the adjournment of the Synods at their respective places of meeting, the two Synods met at the corner of Smithfield and Seventh sts. Here they fell in, in order of seniority, by Presbyteries. The procession marched in double files, one file representing the late A. R. Synod and the other the Associate Synod.

The weather, which had been for several days exceedingly dark, gloomy and rainy, suddenly cleared, and the sun came forth in all its glory, to smile upon this union of Christian men and band. The whole procession then marched on to City Hall. This large room, capable of holding about 2300 people on the floor, was speedily crowded to its utmost capacity. Not only was the floor full, but the galleries and lobbies were crowded with the interested or the curious. The aisles, after the seats, were speedily filled, and there were probably not less than 3000 present in all. The City Hall had been prepared for the occasion, neatly and simply. On the stand were Drs. Pressly, Hanna, Rogers, Smart, Pressly, Prof. Patterson, Drs. Cooper and Beveridge, and a large number of other gentlemen whose names we could not recall. The members of Synod occupied about one-third of the Hall. Mr. James Robb had so arranged everything, that there was the most complete order preserved.

Revs. Dr. Elliot, Jacobus and Plumer were invited to the stand; also, Rev. Messrs. Paxton and Sproul—all of the Presbyterian Church; also, Rev. C. P. Krauth, of the English Lutheran Church; also, Rev. Mr. Swift, of the Presbyterian, and Dr. Douglas, of the Reformed Church. The Evangelical pastors of the two cities were invited upon the platform. It was announced that there was plenty of standing room near the front. Sitting room gave out early.

The following was the order of exercises:

Prayer.....By Rev. J. T. Cooper, D. D.

Singing—100th Psalm, L. M.

All people that on earth do dwell,
Sing to the Lord with cheerful voice

Address.....By Rev. James Rodgers, D. D.

Singing—Psalm 147, 1-5.

Praise ye the Lord: for it is good
Praise to our God to sing:

Address.....By Rev. J. T. Pressly, D. D.

Singing—Psalm 133

Behold how good a thing it is,
and how becoming will,
Together such as brethren are
in unity to dwell!

Address.....By Rev. J. R. Shaw.

Singing—Psalm 126.

When Sion's bondage God turn'd back,
as men that dream'd were we.

Address.....By Rev. James Prestley.

Singing—Psalm 117

O give ye praise unto the Lord,
all nations that be.

Doxology—724 Psalm, 15-19.

Now blessed be the Lord our God,
the God of Israel,
For he alone doth wondrous works,
in glory that excel.

And blessed be his glorious name
to all eternity
The whole earth let his glory fill,
Amen, so let it be.

Benediction....By the Moderator, Rev. D. C. M'Clarren, D. D.

Rev. Dr. Cooper offered a most fervent and effective prayer while the vast assembly was hushed into silence.

The singing of the 100th Psalm to Old Hundred had the most thrilling effect of any thing we ever heard. Three thousand human voices raised at once to the praise of God is something that one does not often hear in this world. The sounds of the street were drowned, or the passer paused to catch the choral note as it resounded through the Hall, or was borne away over the city on the breeze

Rev. Dr. Rodgers, of Allegheny city, then addressed the vast assembly. He said it was the most interesting scene he had ever witnessed in his life. This vast assembly bears witness that this union has the sympathy of all christian people. Our brethren in Christ have come up here to rejoice with us in the joyful feeling of our hearts. It is not here alone we have sympathy. Every where the news of this union gives joy.—Nor on earth alone, but in Heaven there is joy; there is joy over one sinner that repenteth, and what exceeding joy must follow there at this scene. Oh that I could lift my voice that it might be heard every where throughout the land. In this union there is not one truth abandoned; we have brought nearly all our brethren with us; the spirit of God has been poured out and the Lord has brought about this union; heart to heart we are united to contend for the faith delivered to the Saints. In conclusion, let me ask, in what way is our union to be a blessing to us and in advancing the kingdom of Christ? By seeking for a further outpouring of the Spirit. A working church is an united church. Let us be a working church, working at home and abroad. A working church must have an earnest ministry. Let us go down from here to dedicate ourselves anew to the Lord Jesus Christ. An earnest is a successful ministry. Let us imitate the blessed Master and the great Apostle to the Gentiles and not cease to warn sinners, night and day, to flee from the wrath to come. In conclusion, Dr. Rodgers referred to Dr. Payson as a model of earnestness and of prayerful discharge of duty. When dead, Dr. Payson wished written and pinned upon his breast, as he lay a corpse—"Remember the words I spoke when I was with you.

Rev. J. T. Pressly, D. D., said—what means this vast assembly? What has called this vast audience together? It is the spectacle which angels witness with joy—brethren long ecclesiastically separated, united in one. This union has been brought about not by might or by power, but by the spirit of God. In answer to the prayers that *have been* offered up for more than twenty years, we are here this day under such blessed auspices. It is sometimes God's good pleasure that his people should wait long, but the prayer of faith is never lost, God has at last taught us that a man's heart may devise his way, but God directeth his steps. This union is the result of the outpouring of the spirit of God. We met for prayer and conference in the city of Xenia and God blessed our meeting and has brought about this which you now see. And now what is requisite that this union may be prospered? Let brotherly love continue. Let us follow the things that make for peace. Hold fast the faith once delivered to the Saints. Let us go forward in the great work for which the gospel was instituted, to spread the good news of Salvation to the ends of the earth.

Rev. Mr. Smart said that it might be asked why he, one of the Dissenters of last week, had been called to speak. He would say, in the language of Scripture, "when thou art converted, strengthen thy brethren." Year after year of contest and trial had laid stratum upon stratum of this union which we consummate. There is no body in the United States which has a more important position than that of the United Presbyterian Church. The eyes of all Evangelical Churches are upon us. The eyes of God's people are upon you, to see what you will do in your Union. The fears of conscientious and godly men are awakened, lest we should falter and finally dissolve. Men of the world are looking at us. They take a deeper interest in such things than we usually give them credit for. This church has a particular characteristic. We appear under a distinct testimony. What is important for us to accomplish—our great mission in the Union—is to drop all the names we have held, and all the deliverances which the church may have given during the discussion of this Union. We are now one, and advance an united phalanx, doing battle for God. But let us not cease to work. Let us go forward with our whole heart, united in a covenant of hope and love, in the service of our Lord and Savior.

Rev. James Prestly said: Why I have been selected to address this meeting, I know not, unless by way of contrast. I come, however, to perform my duty, trusting to promised grace. I have taken a great interest in this Union. Yesterday, when the clouds bellowed up and covered the earth with rain, I wondered whether the sky would smile upon this Union; but to-day God has seen fit to pour his sunshine upon us. In our preliminary discussion, I saw a type of the lowering elements; but with this union the dark clouds have rolled away in our moral as they have in the natural horizon.

We are at length here to consummate union, and what a scene is before us! Like two rivers these two Synods blowed into each other on their way hither, and here they sit a type of the unity which exists in our hearts. We are here assembled in love; the love of God rests upon this vast assembly. There is also here a holy peace, the peace of God that passeth all understanding: the peace of God the Father and of his son, Jesus Christ. There is also another grace here: holy joy that our hearts and hands are here united in one. It is a human joy, but the joy of the Holy Ghost. And what has kept us apart so long? Why, for 22 years, have we been working separately? It has been caused by sin, by pride of opinion, pride of feeling. If this union shall not be entire, if any shall withhold, it will be on account of worldliness and pride. If these have separated us, the power of God has united us; it has brought us together. I was grieved when a few held out; but their way is being made bright by the sun light of God, and the mountains that arose before are melting in the light of love like wax. Obstructions are being removed out of the way. This is a day in which we ought to make a new covenant with God and go before him in the closet. But my mind does not stop here; it looks forward to the time when we shall all be united in heaven for ever; there we shall praise God for ever, having grace and love without measure.

Dr. Kerr suggested that we hear a word or two from brethren of other denominations.

Rev. W. S. Plummer, of the O. S. Presbyterian Church, said he had nothing to say about the terms of the Union. What I have got to ask is, what are you going to do now? and to cry go forth and carry the gospel to all the ends of the earth. Christ will be with you. The great truths of the gospel, I believe, that there is to be a universal judgment, a resurrection of the dead, and that the glory of God shall cover the earth. Within the next 38 years the best commentators believe that the Gospel will be carried over the whole earth. If in that time we do our duty, it will be glorious enough to have lived; better than to live in the Millenium itself. Better it is to do a soldier's duty than to wear a soldier's crown.

The prayer of Rev. Mr Davidson was full of pathos, and very fervent.

After singing the Doxology, (724 Psalm) and the Benediction by Dr. McLaren, the united Synod met and was constituted. The exercises were so arranged, as to be in no way tiresome. Each speaker had 15 minutes appropriated to them, and all of them kept within the time.

On motion of Dr. Pressly the Union was formally constituted by Dr. McLaren's extending the right hand of fellowship in the name of the A. R. Synod.

Dr. Cooper, in the name of the Associate Synod, said, "If give not only a brother's hand but a brother's heart. Let us bury in one common grave our differences. We have raised a banner inscribed upon the one side 'Truth to the Lord,' and on the other 'Forbearance in Love.'"

The United Synod was then constituted with prayer by Rev. Dr. McLaren. Thus commenced the new era, a time to date from, a day to be remembered by a whole peculiar people.

Rev. Dr. Pressly was appointed Moderator of the first Synod of the United Presbyterian Churches of North America. Dr. Wilson, of Xenia, was chosen Secretary *pro tem* by acclamation.

Dr. Pressly then said he rendered thanks to God that his twenty-two years of labor for this union had been at last consummated; also, for the honor now conferred.

On motion of Mr. Smart, the Synod adjourned to meet at Xenia on the third Wednesday in May, 1859. The sermon to be by Dr. Pressly. The United Synod then adjourned with a benediction by Dr. Pressly, and the vast assembly broke up.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—Regular Reports were in order.

Rev. Mr. Anderson read a report from the Presbytery of Allegheny, on the duty of the Church as it respects Intemperance. It suggests it as the duty of the Church to discourage the use of ardent spirits in every way, and that professing Christians should not use it or set it before their friends. A motion was made to lay the report on the table. Division called; chair could not tell which way the vote went, but decided the paper should lie on the table, subject to the house. Vote was taken to reconsider, and carried. Vote was then taken on laying on the table, and carried. A motion was carried to go into committee of the whole on the matter, Dr. Beveridge in the chair. The resolutions against intemperance were then read.

The third of the resolutions appended to the Report, read:

"*Resolved*, That, in the opinion of this Synod, the manufacturing or vending of intoxicating drinks, to be used as a common beverage, is a censurable offence." There was much discussion; the general sentiment being that the resolution as a whole did not go far enough. They [illegible] however, finally adopted in committee of the whole, after which the Synod arose.

Rev. Mr. Doig finished reading the report of the Committee on Missions, which had been interrupted by other business in the morning. The report was full of encouragement, notwithstanding the political troubles that have prevailed in India. Report was accepted and resolutions adopted.

The Report of the Board of Education was read and adopted. Revs. Easton and Kennedy were elected to the Board, to serve for three years; Revs. Patterson and R. G. Ramsey for two years.

Report on Theological Seminary was read. Mr. W. S. Rentoul, of this city, had made a donation to the library of the Seminary, in books, amounting to $10. The Report was adopted.

Rev. Pollock stated that the certificates on which delegates travel must have upon them the statement that the holder had paid full fare in coming hither. Then they would be good for return without charge.

The select committee to which had been referred the consideration of the affairs of the Bible and Book Concern, reported. The establishment in the city of a special depository for books was recommended. Report adopted.

On the Board of Bible and Book Fund, Dr. Rodgers, Revs. J. B. Clark, Jas. M'Gill, R. K. Lusk, S. Anderson, and D. H. A. M'Lain, (ministers;) and Messrs. James M'Candless, William Grier, William Stevenson, Wm. S. Young, John Dean, and David Barr, (elders,) were appointed.

Call of Mr. Jos. Collins from Shenango congregation, was offered and accepted.

Rev. A. Black, of North Liberty, Ohio, left a legacy of $150 to Missions. Referred to Committee on Funds.

On motion of Dr. Beveridge, a select committee was appointed to address the congregations on the liquidation of the debts of the Theological Seminary. Each minister was directed to bring this matter before his congregation. The debt of the Seminary is $4,200.

On motion of Mr. Lusk, seconded by Mr. M'Candless, a unanimous vote of thanks was passed to the editors of the Pittsburgh *Gazette* for the faithful reports of proceedings, which have been laid before each Synod at each morning session. The Synod then adjourned.

A. R. SYNOD.—This body met yesterday afternoon, in Dr. Pressly's Church, and after the transaction of some final business connected with their interests as a separate body, adjourned *sine die*. The other Synod will probably adjourn to-day.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, CRESSON, PA.—The popular and well known proprietor of the *St. Lawrence Hotel*, Philadelphia, has leased the above House, and will open it for the season on the 22d proximo. To those who have shared his bountiful hospitality in the St. Lawrence we need not say a word about what the *Mountain House* will be under Mr. Campbell's administration. The St. Lawrence and the Mountain House will each receive a full share of his personal supervision.

Cresson, on the Pa. Central Railroad, is delightfully situated for a place of summer resort. Its picturesque scenery, its pure mountain air, the trout fishing, the game, the wild mountain drives, and the facilities for reaching it, from East or West, are all comprised in its list of attractions. We have no doubt that, with such attractions, the *Mountain House* will be well filled.

THE INDIANS have removed to the Diamond, Allegheny city, and are holding forth in a large tent. Last evening as the troupe were riding through the streets, the horse of the chief became frightened at some object and dashed the chief against a tree-box, near the corner of Robinson and Corry streets. With native stoicism, although severely hurt, the chief ordered the company to proceed, and informed them that he was hurt. His wife—quite a good-looking woman—sprang out of a buggy in which she was riding, and aided her lord into an adjoining house. He had a severe fit, and required several strong men to keep him from injuring himself. Dr. Dixon was called in, and attended to the case. The chief was taken home in a carriage.

THE TABLEAU OF LUCKNOW.—We were not at the Theatre, but we sat in our office last night and enjoyed the taking of Lucknow. Vast volley of guns and cannons, the beating of tomtoms, and the bursting of India crackers made the taking of Lucknow historical to us at the distance of a square, although we "did na' hear the slogan." That was to be heard, however, by the more careful listener. Lucknow will be taken again to-night.

Mr. Roberts has some wonderful dogs at the Theatre on exhibition. The Minstrels are still there also.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, new and second hand, in extensive variety, will be sold this morning and afternoon, at 10 o'clock, at Davis' new Auction house, No. 54 Fifth street. The stock is valuable and must be peremptorily sold, by order of Eastern Pawnbrokers.

GREAT RISE IN THE RIVERS—DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.—The Monongahela, which on Tuesday night was at barely a 7 feet stage of water, commenced to rise rapidly during the night and yesterday evening had reached a stage of 25 feet—a rise of 18 feet in as many hours. The heavy rain of Monday and Tuesday was quite general over the country, extending to the head waters of both the Allegheny and Monongahela, and all the tributaries of those streams rose rapidly and suddenly, in many cases overflowing the banks and doing immense injury to property.

The Allegheny drains a much larger surface of country than the Monongahela and the rise in that stream was only beginning yesterday afternoon. It will doubtless pour out a flood, as we have intelligence from Franklin and other sources that the rain was very heavy all along the country drained by the Allegheny. That stream will probably, this morning, be pouring out as great a flood as the Monongahela was yesterday.

The rise in the latter was so rapid and great as to cut off the steamboat communication between here and Brownsville, it being impossible for the boats to pass under the Monongahela City bridge. There were consequently no arrivals or departures yesterday, and we are without intelligence from the various points above. We learn, however, that the destruction of property is large. One pair of coal boats went over the first dam yesterday morning, and several barges, and the wreck of several coal boats went past during the morning, which were probably wrecked on the second dam. One loaded coal boat, belonging to O'Conner, slipped her moorings, and ran on the ways, where she sunk. Six barges, tied near the bridge, some of them laden with coal, were carried off, along with coal boats from a short distance further up the bank of the river. Lumber of various kinds was carried down in immense quantities, one gentleman alone, losing nearly a million feet. The loss of lumber alone is estimated at $50,000.

The banks of the Allegheny were lined with rafts and lumber drawn out ready to be hauled away. Not much of the latter was carried away, but several rafts broke from their moorings and passed down.

The people in the lower part of Allegheny City were getting alarmed, and many were moving out to get out of the way of the advancing river. On Wood street, in this city, those whose cellars are connected with the sewer which empties into the river at the foot of that street were removing their goods, fearing an eruption of water.

LATER.—A coal boat was broken loose by a drifting flat running against it, above the dam, in the morning, and after passing over sunk just below the dam. We could not ascertain the name of the owner.

J. S. Hyde, whose lumber yard is above Millinger's, on the Monongahela, opposite the city, had 27,000 feet of lumber carried off. He saved 8000 feet, and will probably save nearly all of the remainder, below

Two or three of the coal platforms up the Monongahela were carried away during the day, one with a large frame shanty attached. A large quantity of all kinds of drift was passing down.

A stone-boat was carried down from the Birmingham bridge.

On the Allegheny, there was comparatively little loss, so far. The river was running out in the evening rather slowly, not being so high as the other, and but very little drift was coming down. Portions of two board rafts struck the pier, one in the morning and the other in the evening, but they were not destroyed and we understand were landed in the Ohio. The men managed to keep on board, except one, who clung to the pier till rescued by a skiff

We are told that the river has washed into the canal above Freeport, rendering it impassable at that point.

Along the Allegheny wharf, the lumber was being secured by a large force of men. Not much of it was carried off, having been surrounded by large flats, preventing it from going down.

We learn by passengers on the railroad, that the Conemaugh was high and rising fast. The Loyalhanna was over its banks, carrying off fences, cattle, and everything moveable. Turtle Creek had spread all over the bottom-lands along its course, and was over the bridge at the old turnpike crossing

STILL LATER.—As we write, at ten o'clock P. M., the Allegheny river is still rising at the rate of six inches an hour, with 25 feet large in the channel, and it is still raining If the rise continue at the present rate for twelve hours more, which appears probable, we shall have land on 30 feet water in the channel The low parts of the First Ward, Allegheny city, were all under water last night, and those near the water level were moving their effects, as speedily as possible, to higher ground.

11½ o'clock, P. M It has been raining hard all night, and is now having a regular pour down. We learn that the water is up to Robinson st, in Allegheny city.

ALLEGHENY CEMETERY.—We have received a copy of the second report of the managers of the Allegheny Cemetery. It is a thick pamphlet of 152 pages, most beautifully printed by Haven. We have seen nothing in the typographical line required, of better style. The number of the members is as beautiful and superb specimen of the art, of which our city may justly feel proud. Mr. Haven deserves much credit for the care and taste with which it has been gotten up.

Two beautiful lithographs, by Krebbs & Bro., one of the Gateway and the other of the Receiving Vault, are appended, adding considerably to its finished appearance

We have not room, this morning, to give an an abstract of the report, as we could wish. We take pleasure in stating, however, that each lot-holder will receive a copy on application at the office of the Cemetery The report contains a complete catalogue of all the lot-holders, and many other matters of interest, together with an appendix embracing the report of 1848 and the oration of Wilson McCandless over the remains of Com. Barney.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.—We invite attention to the advertisement of the above valuable medicine, compounded by Dr. Sanford, of New York, who for twenty years has prescribed it in his practice. It is peculiarly adapted to diseases of the liver and digestive organs, and the writer of this has become cognizant of many extreme cases of years suffering with hepatic complaint, that have been restored to health by its use. Dr. Sanford has studied the functions of the liver with more than ordinary care, and the result is this valuable tonic medicine, which not only relieves the congestion and torpor consequent upon liver complaint, but makes thorough work by performing in most cases a radical cure. The medicine may be had at Dr. Keyser's, No. 140 Wood street.

THE remains of Gen. P. F. Smith, the late commander of the hirelings of the Pierce Administration in Kansas, (peace to his ashes,) were to be received by a guard of honor last night at the depot. We went up at 9 o'clock.—Capt. Hay was exercising his military under the porch of the Washington Hotel, while the rain was descending in torrents. The train was reported two hours and twenty minutes behind time. So we came away. The train on P. C. & R. would probably not wait, so the body will be kept here for a time.

THE number of commitments to jail for vagrancy alone, since February 25th, 1857, is 4,466, or about seventy in every thousand of the population of the city proper.

WHILE so many strangers are in the city, it might be interesting to know where the objects of interest may be seen. At No. 68, Fifth St., nearly opposite the Post Office, may be seen the much celebrated Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines in full operation. The courteous agent, Mr. Alex. R. Reed, will take great pleasure in exhibiting its operations to those who will favor him with a visit.

We add an item in regard to this machine, which we have clipped from a back number of the *Gazette*:

THE SEWING MACHINE

BY SOLON ROBINSON

Set to Music and Dedicated to Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, Rooms 68 Fifth St.

Light dawns on the world at last!
The world of woman's labor—
The furnace roars, in fery blast,
With steam, its working neighbor,
And both engage in giant toil,
And day by day are bound to moil
To lighten woman's labor.

Light dawns on the world at last!
And woman's hope grows stronger;
The power of steam is working fast,
With water-power its neighbor,
And both engage in right good will
To work with men of cunning skill
To lighten woman's labor.

Light dawns on the world at last!
A light that shows the needle,
At woman's will now move so fast,
With music like the tabor,
And stitches form so free and fast,
That woman's time in song is past,
To lighten woman's labor.

Light dawns on the world at last!
Machines now drive the needle;
And seams are made so strong and fast,
'Tis Heaven's latest favor
To sew with crank, and arm, and wheel—
Machines that toil and never feel,
But lighten woman's labor.

THE LOVE OF PRAISE.—

"The love of praise, howe'er concealed by art,
Reigns, more or less, and glows in every heart;
The proud, to gain it, toils on toils endure,
The modest shun it but to make it sure."

It is our province to pack the garments made at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, No. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above Sixth, Philadelphia.

It is a fact worthy the notice of all who buy clothing, either *ready made* or *ordered*, that Carnaghan, Allegheny City, having built up a large business on the cash system, is now furnishing a fashionable garment of superior quality at prices below the regular rates. Those interested will do well to give him a trial.

[*Items by our Special Reporter.*]

THE "STYX" AND HER FATE.—The next word we will have from the Gulf will doubtless be that the insolent British craft—the Styx—which has been treating our merchantmen to "a little more grape" than is desirable, has been blown out of the water. Lest we shall have a racy little "brigades" with our ancient foe, and may volunteer, (like good patriots,) we are for having the pictures of the whole community taken at once, at Messrs. CARGO & Co.'s Gallery, No. 21 Fifth street.

"For seems, from certain fancy capers,
Developed in the daily papers,
The habitation of the Muses
Has late been put to other uses—
I. e., to selling *Boots* and *Shoes*."

But, however popular the locality of PARNASSUS, T. Chantler, a leading dealer in the articles mentioned above, still continues his establishment on Federal street, Allegheny.

ORDERS solicited at No. 16 Hand street, for the only unabridged edition ever published, of *D'Aubigne's, History of the Reformation*, splendidly illustrated, and issued in parts at the low price of 25 cents each. The subscribers to this work will receive a copy of the large steel engraving entitled "*The First Reformers presenting the Famous Protest.*" The composition (which is of the most magnificent character and contains little short of 100 figures,) presents authentic portraits of the most prominent men connected with the event. A key of the plate will be given with each impression.

"JAMAIS ARRIERE."—When we say that Messrs. Spence & Co., of No. 73 Market street, dealers in Dry Goods, Trimmings, Hosiery, Shawls, Lace and Silk Mantillas, etc., are "never behind" their neighbors, we will be sustained by a large class of ladies and gentlemen of taste and discrimination, if not by their rivals in business, too,—for the merchants of Market street are fair, generous and honorable in their bearing. No better or cheaper purchases are made than those which transpire daily at No. 73.

"GREAT is my choice."—*K. Henry.*

The annotators are dark upon this passage of Shakspeare, but we have no doubt that York, fascinated with that portion of his shirt spelled at the present time "Collar,"—whatever its orthography was some centuries since—exclaims in enthusiastic applause of his seamstress, "Great is, &c." If the worthy gentleman alluded to had found a furnishing and Shirt store equal to Porter & Smith's, Girard House, Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, from which to procure his wardrobe, we might with justice have expected him to "amplify" in still stronger terms and more sublime flights.

THEOPHILUS PARSON'S GREAT WORK.—*The Laws of Business, for Business Men*; 1 vol. 8 vo. pp. 512. This work is indispensable to every intelligent business man, and we are glad to learn that the agent, Mr. J. B. Clark, of the Girard House, Smithfield street, Book and Publication Store, is about to canvass the city for subscribers. It is executed typographically in the best style, (J. T. Evans, 312 Broadway, N. Y., Publisher.) Price: cloth, $2,50; sheep, $3.

HOW TO SPEND AN HOUR.—When you want to spend an hour profitably and pleasantly, go to the splendid gallery of W. C. Wall, on Fourth street, where you will find a collection of the choicest and beautiful statuary and pictures (paintings, photograph, &c., which will furnish interest and, perhaps, edification. Mr. Wall, himself, or his gentlemanly assistant, Mr. Coster, will be happy to show you these.

"MENS SANA IN CORPORE SANO."—A sound mind in a healthy body—the wish of Horace—is attainable by a strict regard to the laws of our constitution, when impaired, is to be restored to the wonted tone and vigor, only by remedies, promptly applied. A thoroughly educated and reliable druggist should be known to every person, and such—we take pleasure in saying—is D. MYERS, Jr., Smithfield street.

The Millinery and Trimming store of Miss C. Beggs, Federal street, Allegheny, is the favorite resort of all the most fashionable and tasteful ladies. Extensive as the demands are upon this establishment, Miss Beggs is prepared to welcome new customers to her list of friends.

A CENTURY AGO.—A relic of ante-revolutionary days—two copies of the Pennsylvania *Gazette*, dated time-worn, quaint and curious—may be seen at Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.'s steam lithographic establishment. They are enclosed in an elegant frame, and are open for inspection to all. Those who know how to derive pleasure and improvement from the examination of rare documents like these, will find their contents invaluable. Call and see them.

GIFFORD, the Poet Slayer, long used his hammer in laying on upon the *soles* of men as a shoemaker, but now, we may say, afterwards, with moral effect as a critic, upon their skulls, having had the honor of braining (metaphorically) a number of rhymers. It seems that his fellow craftsmen of this period have got the idea of "finishing" each other in the same *fashion*, and are pitching in on slipshod couplets.—Good. But, in sober prose, we must be allowed to remark that Mertz' Boot and Shoe store, on Federal street, near the Diamond, Allegheny, is second to none in either city.

WHILE modern poets raise a fracas,
Hunt Boots and Shoes in other places,
Permit us in our humble strain,
To call attention once again,
To 53 in Diamond Square.

We're Boots and Shoes at bargains rare,
Of every style and make and pattern,
For Misses, Maid and Lady Matron;
So please drop in, our stock look o'er,
And patronize the Philadelphia Store
Of J. W. CARNAHAN & Co.

THE attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of the sale of lots in the Hilldale Cemetery, on Saturday 29th May

Dr. McLeen's Celebrated Liver Pills in Texas.—Tarrin Co., Texas, June 12, 1854.—Messrs. FLEMING BROS, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Gentlemen: This is to certify that my family have been subject to periodical attacks of sick headache for a great many years, all the usual remedies failing to give relief, one of your pamphlets accidentally falling into her hands, she at once determined to try Dr McLean's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by you, and immediately procured a box, from the use of which she received great benefit, and as long as she continued to use them she constantly relieved.

We have now been in Travis Co., Texas, for the last four years, and not being able to procure these valuable pills, her attacks of sick headache have again returned—her sometimes back has been gradually getting worse—and has determined me to send to you for a few boxes of Dr. M'Lean's Celebrated Liver Pills. I herewith enclose you $1, for which you will please send me pills per return mail. Address Austin, Texas.

I think you would do well to establish an agency in Austin; the Pills are well known here, and would meet with ready sale. MEREDITH W. HENRY.

☞ Purchasers should be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, made before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

my22-3aw7

Amusements.

CITY HALL.

The Third and Fourth Grand EXHIBITIONS BY THE BLIND,

FROM the State Institution at Philadelphia, will be given on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, May 27th and 28th, to commence at a quarter to 8 o'clock. These are the closing exhibitions in this city

TICKETS TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

The Fair for the sale of the beautiful and useful articles, made by the blind, will continue in the City Hall until 12 o'clock on Friday

An afternoon exhibition for the children and teachers of the Public and Sabbath Schools on FRIDAY at 3 o'clock.—Admission 10 cents. my27:2tdeb3

FOSTER'S NEW NATIONAL THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manager.....J. C. FOSTER.
Acting and Stage Manager.....A. W. YOUNG.
Treasurer.....GEO. SEGAR.

SCALE OF PRICES.

Private Boxes, to hold six persons.....$5 00
Dress Circle and Parquette.....50
Upper Tier.....25

☞ Doors open at 7½ o'clock. Commence at ½ to 8.

Last night but two of the engagement of the lovely and accomplished comedienne, MISS MAGGIE MITCHELL.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 27th, will be presented the new drama, in 3 acts, written expressly for Miss Mitchell, by J. Pilgrim, Esq., founded on recent events in India, entitled

JESSIE BROWN;

OR, THE RELIEF OF LUCKNOW.

Jessie Brown.....Miss Maggie Mitchell
Capt. Stuart.....Mr. Walter Keeble.
Nana Sahib.....Mr. J. G. Ashmore.
Mrs. Stuart.....Julia M. Cooke.
Comic Dance.....Mr. Barrett.

To conclude with the beautiful protean comedy of

THE LADY'S STRATAGEM.

Margaret Wilson
Greek Boy, with song and dance,
Moll Tester, with an Irish Jig,.....MISS MITCHELL.
Capt. Charlemagne.....
Gilsoile, the Night Dancer, with song

☞ To-morrow, benefit and positively last night but one of the engagement of Miss Maggie Mitchell.

☞ In rehearsal the comedy of THE WILD IRISH GIRL

Glenmaye by Richard Ill was a Dutchman!

GRAND CONCERT!

The Members of the Musical Convention of the First German North American

SINGING ASSOCIATION

Will give one Grand Vocal and Instrumental

CONCERT,

Of from Two to Three Hundred Performers, at the

NATIONAL THEATRE,

ON TUESDAY, JUNE 8th.

THE Programme on this occasion will be the most attractive that has ever been offered in any Concert room in North America.

The sale of Tickets at $1,00, for this Grand Musical Treat, will commence at noon on Tuesday, May 25th, 1858, at the Music stores of H. Kleber & Bro., Charlotte Blume and John H. Mellor, or at the office of the NATIONAL. A limited number can only be sold.

Persons wishing to secure seats can do so without extra charge, at the Treasurer's office of the Theatre, where a plan of the same can be seen. my22:2td

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

JAMES ROBB,

NO. 89 MARKET STREET,

NEAR THE MARKET HOUSE,

Has just received his large Spring stock of LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDRENS' BOOTS and SHOES; MENS' CALF, KIP AND COARSE BOOTS, SHOES, OXFORD TIES, GAITERS, OPERAS, &c.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

A very superior article and very neat.

Direct from the Manufacturers, which he will sell by the pair or case at very reduced prices for cash

This stock comprises one of the largest assortments to be found in any city, suitable for city and country sales, and having over twenty years experience in buying, he trusts that he can now suit all tastes. He respectfully invites all in want to call, assuring them that they will be pleased.

my20—my17

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING of all kinds; also, Oil Clothing; a large stock always on hand at the India Rubber Depot of my22 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

OIL CLOTH CRASH—Just rec'd from factory 1500 yards of various patterns and widths, wholesale and retail by my22 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

HOUSE & SIGN PAINTING, Graining and Gilding done in the best manner and on reasonable terms by J. & H. PHILLIPS, 25 & 23 St. Clair st.

RYE—2000 bus. for sale by DAVID C. DERBY, my22 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

Telegraphic.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 26.

HOUSE.—The House proceeded to the consideration of the recommendations of the Committee of the Whole, on the state of the Union, concerning the amendments of the Senate, to the executive judicial and legislative, appropriation bill.

The House, by 13 majority, struck out the enacting clause of fortification bill, thus killing it.

Mr. Glancy Jones, from the Committee of Ways and Means reported a bill making appropriations to defray the expense of collecting revenue from customs and a bill authorising a fifteen million loan.

The report of the Select Committee on the Fort Snelling case was announced as the special order.

Mr. Davis of Indiana moved a postponement till the second of December.

After debate the motion was rejected yeas 26, nays 167. The subject was then postponed till Tuesday.

The House then went into Committee on the Naval Appropriation Bill.

On motion of Mr. Taylor of N. Y. an amendment was adopted appropriating $50,650 for filling in at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. That sum had previously been stricken out by the Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. Washburne, of Me., referring to the appropriation of a million three hundred and fifty thousand dollars for five steam sloops of war heretofore authorized, inquired of J. Glaney Jones how he proposed to man these ships after they are constructed. Two thirds of those who man our national ships are foreigners, and did he not know that a bill had passed the Senate, the effect of which, if not the purpose, was to destroy the only school for native seamen that we have.

Mr. Jones replied that it was the duty of the government to buy ships, but he never before knew that it was a part of the duty of government to buy men or furnish money to buy them.

Mr. Washburne said that was what the administration had been doing the whole session. (Laughter on the Republican side.)

The bill as amended was laid aside to be reported to the House.

The Committee then took up the bill making appropriations for the support of the volunteer regiments.

The bill was laid aside for the present.

The House then returned to Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, when on motion of Mr. J. Glaney Jones, the Committee took up the bill appropriating four millions of dollars to pay the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, making the system general and requiring all the revenue to be paid into the treasury without abatement.

The bill was laid aside to be reported to the House.

The bill making appropriations for the expenses of the Post Office Department was then taken up.

Mr. Letcher, of Va., offered an amendment, which was ruled out of order, proposing to increase the rate of postage to 5 cents.

The Committee then rose and the House adjourned.

SENATE.—The Senate resumed the consideration of the Chicago harbor improvement bill, which was passed—yeas 26, nays 17. This being considered a test vote as to internal improvements, some other estimates for the maintenance of the public works from decay will be brought forward.

The vote on the Chicago Harbor bill stood as follows: Yeas, Messrs. Allen, Benjamin, Bigler, Bright, Broderick, Chandler, Collamer, Crittenden, Doolittle, Douglas, Durkee, Fessenden, Foote, Foster, Hamlin, Harlin, Jones, Kennedy, King, Seward, Simmons, Stuart, Thompson, Trumbull, Wade and Wilson. Nays: Messrs. Clay, Clingman, Davis, Fitch, Mallory, Mason, Polk, Reid, Slidell, Toombs and Wright.

The bill for the improvement of the mouth of the Milwaukie river was passed.

The bill for the improvement of Sheboygan harbor was taken up but laid side for the purpose of considering the loan bill.

Mr. Bell, of Tenn., had the floor, and occupied the most of the session on the tariff question.

Mr. Simmons' amendment, to establish home valuations of imports, was defeated—yeas 17, nays 25.

The bill was finally