Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 26, 1858.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

News of the City and Neighborhood.

THE FARMERS' HIGH SCHOOL.—The *science* of Agriculture is comparatively new. The honors which have been bestowed upon agriculturists are very old. When Rome still scouted trade as unworthy of her citizens, she placed the reins of State in the hands of her Cincinnatus, yet warm from the handles of the plow. The idea of Rome has come down to these days to find itself reversed. Young men now escape at the earliest moment from the healthful hills of their paternal farm, to herd in smoky cities, to tend shops, to study law, to grow weak and miserable.

The idea is of comparatively recent birth, that any preparation is needed to prepare a man to cultivate the soil. Thews and sinews have appeared to be all that was required. "Agricultural Chemistry" is a quite new phrase. The object of agriculture is to develop from the soil as large a quantity as possible of useful vegetable products, or, indirectly, of annual products. To do this, it seems at length to be a settled conviction of men that the chemical relations of the various substances which are concerned in agricultural production should be understood. To realize the object of agriculture, as above stated, it is *not* enough that a man has all the physical force necessary to plant, hoe, weed, or drive his team afield: he must be able to select the soil best adapted for this or that particular crop. To this end, he needs to understand the constituent elements of the plant he would cultivate; he should also be able to determine by a critical examination of soils, which will best supply that peculiar element or ingredient which distinguishes the plant he would commit to its care. As a natural result of the conviction that this knowledge is necessary to the farmer, within a few years FARM SCHOOLS have begun to spring up in the free States. The very earliest effort of this kind was made in France in 1765. Valuable schools of this kind, employing the very best talent among the chemists of Europe, have for the last sixty years flourished in France, Switzerland, the German States, and England, where land is not so plenty as here, and where the greatest economy of land is used to secure from the all-giving earth the bread upon which the life of man leans.

In this country, Michigan has the honor of being the first State that established and put in operation a Farm School. It is situated near Lansing. In May of last year, in the presence of State officers and citizens its benevolent scheme was duly inaugurated. Its faculty consists of a President, Jos. R. Williams, and a board of six professors, whose province covers the mathematics, chemistry, physiology, entomology, natural science, literature and farm economy and horticulture.

The State of New York is adding individual enterprise in establishing a school of this kind on a grand and beautiful spot in the town of Ovid in Seneca county. The placid lake of the same name with the county spreads its mirror in full view of the farm, and healthful breezes from a country rich in every thing that can make true, bold, hardy free men always visit this chosen spot.

The Farm School of Ohio, a tract of land 1170 acres, near Lancaster in Fairfield county, will soon be in operation we trust.

Massachusetts has her Farm School at Westborough.

But we only designed in the outset to call attention to our Pennsylvania Farm School, and have been betrayed unwittingly into the above. We have recently seen a letter from Prof. Waring of the above institution. We learn that citizens of Clinton county have recently subscribed $1,135 to the fund for the maintainance of this agricultural college, and the county has pledged $1000; Huntingdon was pledged $1000 and paid two thirds; Centre has pledged $2000, and the letter says that Bellefonte and Harris townships will make that up alone. It will be remembered that the Directors of our County Board met on $5000 in October and we believe are ready and intend to do more. It will be remembered that Gen. James Irvin gave the school 200 acres of land worth $60 per acre, to which the people of Centre county when the school was established added $10,000 by subscription. Mr. Elliott Cresson of Philadelphia, left to the school a legacy of $6000, and the Legislature of last year, appropriated (according to our recollection) $60,000, half of which is dependent upon the raising of a like sum by individual subscription. All this is good. We are still more pleased that we are able to say that contributions of the finest trees, fruit and ornamental, are making to the school from all parts of the State, and here will be a grand arboretum where the whole State may in time procure slips of fruit trees that will make Pennsylvania one of the finest fruit growing States in the Union.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—Judge, W. B. M'Clure—Feb. 24, 1858.—At nine o'clock, the foreman of jury out all night, on case of Boyle vs. Morrison & Co., announced that they could agree on no verdict. Jury was dismissed.

Pleading then began in the similar case of Sweeny vs. the same company, to recover same damages for the same offense, to wit: violation of contract. Argument closed and jury retired before noon. Verdict returned at half-past four, P. M., in favor of plaintiff.

In the afternoon session, witnesses were examined in the case of Kirkpatrick & Co., of Philadelphia, vs. W. H. Sutton, Esq; suit to recover value of a keg of syrup alleged to have been sold and delivered to defendant in August, 1853. Prosecuting attorney, Cochran; for defence, Wingard. The "syrup case" was the subject of business through most of the afternoon, and the occasion of much eloquent speech by the attorneys. Jury retired at half-past four o'clock, when the case of E. A. Davis vs. the Directors of the County Poor House was presented. Thos. Howard, Esq., prosecuting attorney, made the following general statement: In October, 1857, a very poor man, named Hartwell, was taken suddenly sick in Elizabeth, too sick to be removed to the poor house; he was provided with medical and other necessary attendance, at private expense. Suit is to lay this expense on the Directors of the Poor, according to Act of Assembly of 1855. Mr. Woods represented the defence.

Thursday, Feb. 25th.—Jury returned a verdict in favor of E. A. Davis, plaintiff against Directors of County Poor House.

A suit brought by James Donaldson against William Walker, for debt, engaged the attention of the court from 10 A. M., till 6 P. M. The testimony amounted to about this: William Walker was in debt to Donaldson; gave him a note of $60 against Hoffman, for collection, allowing him a percentage for the service. Hoffman could not pay, so Donaldson accepted a new note which included the interest already due. Mr. John H. Hampton, counsel for defendant, argued that this bargaining with Walker's paper, and holding of the new note, received in his own name, was upon his own responsibility, until plaintiff could prove a *guarantee by Wm. Walker* for the payment of that note. Verdict was returned for defendant. The only action of the day.

MIRTH AND MUSIC.—Dr. H. D. Hunt, the celebrated showman, dropped in upon last evening to announce in person his arrival, with his famous Vaudeville troupe. The Doctor has a habit of "putting through" whatever he undertakes to do; and he has contracted to fill Masonic Hall for a few evenings, and to give unbounded satisfaction to those who attend. Amongst the Doctor's company of twenty talented performers are his five daughters—the youngest seven years of age and the eldest eighteen. These children have become famous on account of their musical genius and precocity, having the natural genius which renders everything musical with which they come in contact. The performance will consist of Songs, Dances, Duetts, Quartettes, Operas, Vaudevilles and delineations in Yankee, Irish and Chinese characters, accompanied by the instrumental performances of the children. We advise our readers to see for themselves.

THE Butler *American* of Wednesday says: Strange noises in the air, resembling thunder, have been heard at intervals during the last ten days, in various parts of this county. In some places, it is alleged, fiery substances have been seen flying with great velocity, and the concussion was so great as to shake the earth quite perceptibly.

THE Washington (Pa.) *Commonwealth* says that a few evenings since the inhabitants of the Northern part of our County were startled by the rolling of apparent distant thunder, which in some places was so violent as to sensibly shake the houses. At Paris a large meteoric ball passed over the village through the heavens and exploded. The same display of fire balls was witnessed at Wellsville across the Ohio, about the same time, accompanied with loud explosions, and a sensible shaking of the earth. Many who did not see the meteoric balls thought they were experiencing the reverberations of an earthquake.

THE *Evening Reporter*, of yesterday, says: "Immediately after the issue of our first edition, this afternoon, we were informed that Mr. W. H. Moody, one of the editors and proprietors of this paper, had been arrested, on a *capias*, for libel at the suit of A. H. English. Mr. Moody entered bail in the sum of $500, to answer the charge at Court. We have not the least idea of what *good to himself* Mr. English intends by this prosecution."

Perhaps Mr. English has, though!

ON the 12th instant, the store of Messrs. Bennett & Fingerl, in Warren, was entered, and jewelry, watches, &c., to the amount of $1,500, were stolen.

[For the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.]

Messrs. Editors:—In your local columns of yesterday morning, the action of the School Directors of the First Ward of this city is mentioned, who at a meeting of the Board on Tuesday night last declared the seats of Andrew Miller and William Evans vacant and appointed David Fitzsimmons and John Gracy in their stead.

My object in alluding to the foregoing is to state to the public the facts of the case:

There is now pending before his Honor Judge McClure, a proceeding wherein the question is to be decided whether Samuel P. Collins or Henry Murphy shall be permitted to take a seat in the School Board of the First Ward of the city of Pittsburgh. In the meantime, until said decision is made, there can be no legal quorum to do business unless Messrs. Evans and Miller participate, as it requires four School Directors to constitute a quorum.

It appears that in the absence of these gentlemen the Board resolved that they would hold two regular meetings every month, of which Messrs. Miller and Evans had no notice. Confiding in their right to retain their seats if they continued to attend to their duties and did not absent themselves from more than one regular meeting in succession—which regular meetings were monthly heretofore—they were taken by surprise. Under all the circumstances the action of the Board is illegal.

This explanation is due to Messrs. Miller and Evans whose characters as citizens are honorable and respectable. JUSTICE.

CONCERT.—Indeed, we think that Mr. De Ham deserves some substantial token of the thanks of this whole community for the treat which he gave them last evening. We have been at concerts where performers came heralded from afar, and heard no singing equal to Miss De Ham's, last evening, and no performance on the piano that was better than that of Miss Townsend, Miss Irwin or Miss Blume. The medley by all the little people was worthy of the rapturous applause and encore which greeted it: and every performer for the evening did well.

The audience was the most numerous and brilliant that we ever saw in Lafayette Hall, with perhaps one exception, and every one said to Mr. De Ham, what we say—"*Well done.*" He needs no better certificate of his success as a teacher than he received last night.

DR. TYNG.—The *Evening Reporter* annihilated Rev. D. A. Tyng the next morning after his lecture at Excelsior Hall. It says:

"He is quite unaware that somewhere contiguous to actual man, over the soul, attainable by hands of man, there is unrealized Poetry and Philosophy, untouched material of human life, which will yet enter into man and redeem experience to Truth. The soul ignores history as a misrepresentative of her: she points to all classic and romantic lives of men as palpable failures."

Now that is our opinion, exactly.

HON. JAMES STEWART died at his residence in Mansfield, Ohio, on Thursday last. He had been ill for two weeks previous and confined to his house, but until the night preceding his death no apprehensions of the final result were entertained by himself or others. He died in the prime of life, and in the full maturity of all his physical and mental powers. Judge Stewart was born in 1802, in Chancelford Township, York county, Pa. He was of Scotch and Irish descent, his grand parents having removed to America about the time of the revolutionary war.

HIS NAME.—The real name of the colored man who attempted to take the life of Louisa Williams, on Monday evening, is Perry Hartman. He was raised in York, Pa., and resided there until about three years ago, when he deliberately shot his sister-in-law, causing her death in a few days afterwards. He was arrested at the time of the occurrence, but having been released on bail, previous to her death, fled and has since passed under the name of Wilkinson.

SALES OF STOCKS.—The following Stocks were sold last evening at the Merchant's Exchange by Messrs. Austin Loomis & Co.:

10	shares Bank of Pittsburgh	$55,75
65	" Mechanics' Bank	52,00
8	" Allegheny Bank	23,62½

The sale of the Youghiogheny Navigation Co. Stock was postponed till Thursday next.

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.—The old woman named Winterburn, who tried to commit murder while insane one day this week, endeavored yesterday to commit suicide in jail by thrusting the shank of a pair of scissors in her throat. What is such person in jail for? Why do not the proper authorities see to it that crazy people are put in the Asylum for the insane? The jail is a place to cause not to cure insanity.

FROZEN.—A brakeman, named John Myers, on the freight train of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was found at his post on Tuesday last, between Philadelphia and Parksburg, so fully frozen as to be perfectly insensible—his hands frozen fast to the iron brake, and his body perfectly immovable. He was taken off, and with proper care was yesterday morning able to speak.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

KENNEDY'S BANK NOTE AND COMMERCIAL REVIEW for March, is just issued and laid on our desk. It is a valuable Monetary guide, and necessary counting-room companion. Mr. James W. Kennedy is now role proprietor of the Review, having withdrawn from his connection with the *Chronicle* and purchased the interest of his late partners.

STOUT HEARTED MEN some times dread the approach of a razor. To render the operation of shaving one of ease, produce an emollient lather, and allay all irritation, use *Fonitaine's Cream of Wild Flowers.*

N. B.—Be sure you use a sharp razor, too. One of Gilchrist's best. You can get them both at Dr. Keysors, No. 140 Wood street.

THE Washington Co., Agricultural Society met in their borough town on the 18th and elected for *President*—John H. Ewing.

Vice Presidents—Gen. James Lee, John Nesbit, Francis Fitzwilliams, Wm. Davis, Samuel Brownlee, (Buffalo.)

NOTWITHSTANDING the just now scarcity of the delicious bivalve, vulgarly called oysters, Col. Pricker has a choice supply of 'em on hand, although we learn that this cold weather has caused a very considerable appreciation in their price.

R. R. BONDS.—SUPREME COURT—Chief Justice Lowrie and Justices Woodward, Thompson, Strong and Porter.—Ellmaker vs. The County of Allegheny. Hearing fixed at Philadelphia for Saturday, March 6th.

N. W. RAILROAD.—We have read the report of the North Western Railway as published in the New Castle *Gazette* and do not wonder that the people kick against the pricks. It is very rich. We shall take occasion to refer to it again.

THE Locofocos attempted to hold a meeting in Mercer on Monday last, to endorse the Lecompton swindle. The meeting broke up in a row and no resolutions were passed.

REV. W. A. PASSAVANT is to lecture this evening in and for the Lutheran church of Butler.

OWENS takes a benefit to-night, when he will appear in three capital characters.

[For the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

Functions of the Lungs.

LETTER NO. IV.

In our last letter we considered briefly the Anatomy of the Lungs and it was shown that the use of the inhaling Tube and other measures for keeping them fully inflated, is literally of *vital* importance both in disease and health.

We shall now consider the functions or uses of the Lungs, in view of which the necessity of fully developing them, and of keeping them so, will be more strikingly apparent.

The office or function of the lungs is *to give to the system its power of action.* The manner in which they do this may be perfectly explained as follows: The lining membrane of the innumerable air cells into which the lungs are divided presents an aggregate surface of many square feet. Upon this surface is thrown the *used* blood exhausted of oxygen and darkly purpled with carbon and other effete matter which it brings from all parts of our bodies through the veins, and here we inhale the air upon it, which receives its carbon and effete matter in the form of vapor, and at the same time gives it a fresh supply of oxygen when it enters the arteries and in a bright red current courses to every part of the system, bearing to every tissue the very elements of life and action.

Thus do the Lungs give energy to the system by effecting two results with every breath we draw, viz: they *give* to the blood from the air inhaled a supply of oxygen which is the great vitalizing principle—while at the same moment they *take from* the blood the impurities and worn out matter of the system, which escapes in the exhaled breath.

That the lungs are the organs of physical power is more abundantly shown in the fact that the strength of an animal or person is always in proportion to the extent of this respiratory surface—in other words the power of action is as the size of the lungs. The strongest persons are always those with the most healthy action and well developed lungs—the man with a full round chest and active lungs has the most perfect muscular development, and is known at a glance as a *strong* man, while the feeblenest of one who has a thin chest, stooping shoulders and small muscles is equally obvious.

Drs. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SYKES,
No. 191 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SEEKER HIS RIGHT.—Simonds, of St. Louis, who made and sold a counterfeit of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, has been placed within the narrow limits that should catch all scoundrels. Imprisonment, though it be for years, can scarcely punish enough the heartless villain who could execute such an imposition upon the sick. The wicked rascal who for paltry gain could thus trifle with the health and life of his fellow man—take from his lips the cup of hope while sinking, and substitute an utter delusion and chest, would falter at no crime, and should be spared no punishment. Some of his trash is still extant in the West, and purchasers should be wary of whom they buy.—*Gazette, Union, Jr. Y.*

Telegraphic.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 25.

SENATE.—Mr. Mason of Va. presented resolutions asking for information as to the condition of the Navy for many years past, and also relative to the capture of vessels and prize money during the war of 1812.

Mr. Crittenden, of Ky., presented a letter from Mr. Shields, and moved that he take his seat as Senator from Minnesota. The letter argues that Minnesota is now a sovereign state and one of the members of the United States, referring to several precedents in support of his position.

Mr. Crittenden rent up the credentials of Mr. Shields.

Mr. Crittenden argued the question of privilege. He contended that Mr. Shields had a right to his seat as good as his own and urged the importance of immediate action.

Mr. Johnson, of Arkansas moved that it be tabled which was lost by a vote of 26 against 22.

Mr. Toombs said that the whole question was: *Is* Minnesota a State? He submitted a resolution referring the question relative to Mr. Shields to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to inquire whether Minnesota is a State of the Union.

Mr. Bell remarked that he did not say that he would disregard the instructions of the Tennessee Legislature, but he would not obey them; nor did he say that he would vote for the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution. He was inclined to go against it, but would await new developments.

Mr. Seward begged leave to interpose, saying that he paid particular attention to Mr. Bell's speech, and, when Mr. Johnson replied, saw that Mr. Johnson had misapprehended when he spoke as if Mr. Bell had pledged himself to vote for Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution.

The Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.—The Matteson expulsion resolutions were called up.

Mr. Harris, of Illinois, expressed his belief that the House had the power, and that it was its duty to pass the resolution, and to do it at once. All the facts were in form, and the dispositions all the members were probably familiar with.

Mr. Stanton contended that the House must keep within the spirit of constitutional rules and the rules of the common law, namely; that no man shall be punished twice for the same offence. Mr. Matteson had already been tried, convicted and punished.

Mr. Taylor, of La., believed Mr. Matterson guilty of conduct disgraceful to an American citizen, but contended that the constitution gave Congress no power to expel members excepting for disorderly conduct. The House should adopt rules clearly setting forth what should be a ground for expulsion.

He anticipated no good results from deciding this case in the absence of such rules. Mr. Matteson's constituents doubtless would, next November, place the seal of condemnation upon his conduct. Each constituency have the right to decide for itself the character of its own representatives.

Mr. Giddings said that the people of a Congressional district had a right to be represented on the floor of this House. Mr. Matteson's absence shows conclusively that he ought not to be here; neither the sickness of his wife, nor the death of his father, nor the illness of friends should detain a member from his post. He rejoiced that the work of purification commenced by the Republican party, and invoked the House to establish a precedent by an immediate decision.

Mr. Harris said that the country demanded Matteson's expulsion.

Mr. Morrill asked whether Mr. Matteson's constituents had demanded it, or whether there were any petitions for it.

Mr. Harris said that he had received batches of letters and newspapers, but he did not know or care about petitions. The House was acting independently of Matteson's constituents.

Mr. Grow said that the letter on which the charges against Matteson was based was known to his constituents at the time he was elected to Congress. The gentleman from Illinois had said that he would not have with rogues and villains, but, continued Mr. Grow, the people of the Congressional district choose our associates. If members had this right, if they can say who shall sit here, they could exercise the power of tyrants. Suppose a convicted murderer was sent here, could a majority drive him out? He protested against such assumption.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, moved to lay on the table; rejected by 61 against 122. It was referred to a Select Committee by 93 against 87.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 25.—Nothing of local importance transpired in the Senate to-day.

Afternoon Session.—The bill providing for the removal of religious disabilities was lost by a vote of 13 against 16. Mr. Gazzam was absent. Mr. Wilkins voted aye.

HOUSE.—Several petitions and remonstrances were presented, among them a remonstrance signed by sixty-six citizens of Birmingham against a special tax to pay the debts of said borough.

The bill providing for the sale of the canals to the Sunbury & Erie Railroad, was reported as committed, by the Committee of Ways and Means. Mr. Turner reported a minority report, adverse to the bill. Mr. Calhoun moved to recommit both, which gave rise to considerable debate, which lasted until the hour of adjournment, when the vote was taken and the motion carried by 53 to 32.

Mr. Corbin offered a Resolution that the House adjourn on the 3d till the 9th of March, which was defeated by a vote of 4 against 47.

The committees have agreed to report the bill providing for the opening of streets in Pittsburgh; also the bill providing for the election of a street commissioner in East Birmingham, as committed.

The bill providing for the opening of a road thro' Hilldale Cemetery, will be reported with a recommitment, compelling the applicants for the road to compensate the Cemetery Company in land for the ground taken.

Afternoon.—The bills above mentioned, relative to opening streets in Pittsburgh, and the election of a street commissioner in East Birmingham, were reported as committed, by the committee; also, Foster's bill, relating to county bonds. Also, the following Senate bills: relative to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital; the Allegheny Institute; and Ramsey's Liquor bill. The Senate bill relative to the Allegheny Weigh Scales, and the supplement to the Act of incorporation of the Western Transportation Co., were reported with a negative recommendation.

This being public bill day, the House acted upon the following, among others: House bill No. 117, an Act allowing juries to divide courts in certain cases, which was amended by the Judiciary Committee and further action postponed until printed. The House bill, No. 101, relating to assessments on seated lands divided by county lines, was lost.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—E. G. Brown, the Utah correspondent of the New York Tribune, arrived last night, in company with the U. S. Attorney. They left Camp Scott on January 5th. The health of the army continued good. The weather was remarkably mild for the region. Very little snow had fallen in the immediate vicinity of the Camp. The ground the most of the time was almost bare.

The District Court had indicted Brigham Young, Elder Kimball, and others, for high treason.

The Mormon legislature was still in session.

The latest dates received from the States was on the 1st of October. Much anxiety was felt in the army to hear from the East in consequence of the rumored money panic.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—Charles L. Taylor alias Sanders, has been arrested for setting fire to the Pacific Hotel and murdering Ephraim Ingram, one of the inmates. Dr. Strader, the landlord, and Chas. Walsop, the watchman of the hotel were also arrested. The examination will be had to-morrow, when it is supposed that one of the most atrocious and diabolical acts ever committed will be developed.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—Parties from Cairo report the Mississippi firmly gorged a short distance above that point. The river is rising again here and about the same quantity of ice is floating past. There is nothing new from any of the upper streams. The weather is mild and clear. Mercury 41°.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 25.—The defeat of the Army Bill is not considered conclusive respecting an increase of the army, on the part of the Senate, which body will await the action of the House on the measure there pending for additional regiments.

The House Committee on Elections have come to no conclusion in relation to the contested election from Ohio.

It is not true that the House Committee on Territories have agreed to report a bill for the territorial government of Siera Nevada; they have merely decided to consider the subject on the subject.

Mr. Clay, of Ky., appeared in his seat in the House to-day and received the congratulations of his friends on the settlement of the late difficulty with Gen. Quitman.

The Supreme Court will adjourn to-morrow till the 1st of April.

TORONTO, Feb. 25.—The new Parliament met to day. There was a full attendance of members. Solicitor General Smith, Ministerialist was elected speaker by a large majority. The Governor General's speech will be delivered to-morrow.

PARTIAL REPORT FROM THE LECOMPTON COMMITTEE.—We learn that the Special Committee of Congress, on the Lecompton Constitution, have determined to make a partial report in the course of a day or two. They will set forth that their final report will not be made until all the members of the Committee have time afforded them to come on to Philadelphia. The object of this visit is that each man may get himself a new suit at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Boy's Raglans and sack coats, Gents French and sack coats Raglans, &c., and a full stock of winter gloves, Gauntlets, Mufflers, Shawls, for Men and Boys, still on hand at Carnaghans, Federal street Allegheny. Cash buyers will find the prices an inducement.

GLYCERINE, GLYCERINE, GLYCERINE,

Highly perfumed. Sure cure and preventative of Chapped Hands, Face and Lips, for sale at

SUPER'S DRUG STORE,
corner Penn and St. Clair Streets.

What our Neighbors say of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills.

NEW YORK, August 20, 1852.

We, the undersigned, having made trial of Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, must acknowledge that they are the best medicine for Sick Headache, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, that we have ever used. We take pleasure in recommending them to the public, and are confident that if those who are troubled with any of the above complaints will give them a fair trial, they will not hesitate to acknowledge their beneficial effects.

MRS. FITZ, East Troy.
MRS. STEVENS, West Troy.

☞Purchasers should be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

HOW TO DO GOOD AND GET "PAID FOR IT."—Take an Agency in our Publications—THE DEMAND such there can be no POSSIBILITY of loss—EVERY FAMILY will be glad to obtain some of them. For further particulars address FOWLKS & WELLS,

Commercial.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION FOR FEBRUARY.
ISAIAH DICKEY, V. P., W. W. MAIR, JOHN FLEMING
DAVID MCCANDLESS, JAMES GARDNER.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

(*Reported Specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.*)

PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1858.

FLOUR—The time having stopped the sledding, there was none offered from first hands, from store, 65, 32, 20, 15s and 90 bbls at $4,00@$4,12 for super, $4,50 for extra and $4,75@$5,00 for family do.

GRAIN—Not much offering; small sales of Rye from sled at 50@51.

RYE FLOUR—A sale of 14 bbls at $3,12.

MOLASSES—Having advanced to 30 in New Orleans, the market here is stiffer and there was considerable activity yesterday, with sales of 600 bbls in lots, part to go out of the city, at 33 cash, and 30 do at 32½@ cash per funds. To country, holders are asking 35.

BACON—Sales of 5000 lbs country cured Shoulders at 7, cash.

EGGS—Were in better supply, yesterday, and holders were asking 11.

HAY—Sales at scales o' 12 loads at $16@$14 ⅌ ton.

OIL—Sales of 15 bbls No. Lard at 85@85.

WHISKEY—A sale of 10 bbls Rectified at 21.

FISH—Sales to city trade of 2500 lbs Codfish at 4¾.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

The supply of capital on the street is steadily increasing but there is not much demand for it, and the limited amount of first class paper which finds into the street is sought after at 6@7 ⅌ cent. The season has now so far advanced that it is easy to see that the Spring trade will be far below the average for many years.

Cotton Mill No. 2 at Lancaster, was sold by the sheriff on Saturday afternoon to Dr Henry Carpenter, for the sum of $10,000, subject to a mortgage of $125,000. This Mill originally cost $300,000, and is in good condition—Full Bull.

The money market continues to be abundantly supplied with capital seeking employment, while the inactivity of trade is so great that but little vent can be found for it through paper. The discount houses are doing but little, and favorite signatures can be pressed as low as 5@6 ⅌ cent The current rate, however, is 7 ⅌ cent. There has been seldom so small an amount of good paper for sale in the street as at present. On call, the supply of money is in excess of the demand, and the rates range from 5 to 7 ⅌ cent. The leading stock houses have considerable amounts on loan at 5 ⅌ cent. Appearance indicate that this state of plethora will continue for some time to come, and the probability is that even lower rates of interest will be touched. Under such a state of things there can hardly fail to be an active and exciting speculative movement in stocks, which must sooner or later extend to merchandise—N Y Trib.

We annex a comparative statement of the Exports (exclusive of specie) from New York to foreign ports for the week, and since Jan, 1:

	1858.	1857	1856.
Total for the week	$1,822,713	$1,619,308	$914,767
Previously reported	8,179,592	7,418,680	7,182,789
Since Jan. 1	$9,493,502	$9,037,988	$8,047,546
Previously reported		443,524	
Total for the season		448,702	

—Cin Pr Cur.

Imports by Railroad.

P. PT. W. & C. R. R.—600 bbs oats, Simpson & Nelson; 17 bdls paper Pittsburg & Co; 105 sks rye, 8 do barley, 4 do oats, J. Peterson; 18 do, 8 bdls beans, 51 bdls flour, Liggett & Co; 18 sks do apples, J. Craig; 50 bbls flour, Myers & M'Devitt; 40 do Taylor; 47 bus cloverseed, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 30 bus wheat Voegtley & co; 8 kgs lard, W Gormly; 100 bus cloverseed, 5 bbls butter, J B Cardelli; 3 bbls eggs, R Dalzell & Co; 340 bbls flour, J Gardiner; 259 sks wheat, J Kennedy & Bro; 3 hhds tobacco, J Grier; 13 cars cattle, 7 do hogs, owners; 354 kgs lard, 22 sks rags, 57 bbls pork, 25 bbls wool, 40 bus wheat, 20 bbls butter, 70 do whiskey, 120 do flour, 448 do beef, 21 bdls hides, 50 do leather, 52 hhds bacon 210 bxs do Clarke & co.

RIVER NEWS.

The weather yesterday was a reminder that navigation will be open within the next few days. The snow and ice flew before the sun. Yet the gorge about Brownsville Island is very strong as we learn from a gentleman just from there, and extends about 12 miles piled up from the very bottom of the river apparently. All the boats we believe are here with rogues and villains, but, continued Mr. Grow, the people of the Congressional district choose our associates. If members had this right, if they can say who shall sit here, they could exercise the power of tyrants. Suppose a convicted murderer was sent here, could a majority drive him out? He protested against such assumption.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, moved to lay on the table; rejected by 61 against 122. It was referred to a Select Committee by 93 against 87.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 25.—Nothing of local importance transpired in the Senate to-day.

Afternoon Session.—The bill providing for the removal of religious disabilities was lost by a vote of 13 against 16. Mr. Gazzam was absent. Mr. Wilkins voted aye.

HOUSE.—Several petitions and remonstrances were presented, among them a remonstrance signed by sixty-six citizens of Birmingham against a special tax to pay the debts of said borough.

The bill providing for the sale of the canals to the Sunbury & Erie Railroad, was reported as committed, by the Committee of Ways and Means. Mr. Turner reported a minority report, adverse to the bill. Mr. Calhoun moved to recommit both, which gave rise to considerable debate, which lasted until the hour of adjournment, when the vote was taken and the motion carried by 53 to 32.

Mr. Corbin offered a Resolution that the House adjourn on the 3d till the 9th of March, which was defeated by a vote of 4 against 47.

The committees have agreed to report the bill providing for the opening of streets in Pittsburgh; also the bill providing for the election of a street commissioner in East Birmingham, as committed.

The bill providing for the opening of a road thro' Hilldale Cemetery, will be reported with a recommitment, compelling the applicants for the road to compensate the Cemetery Company in land for the ground taken.

Afternoon.—The bills above mentioned, relative to opening streets in Pittsburgh, and the election of a street commissioner in East Birmingham, were reported as committed, by the committee; also, Foster's bill, relating to county bonds. Also, the following Senate bills: relative to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital; the Allegheny Institute; and Ramsey's Liquor bill. The Senate bill relative to the Allegheny Weigh Scales, and the supplement to the Act of incorporation of the Western Transportation Co., were reported with a negative recommendation.

This being public bill day, the House acted upon the following, among others: House bill No. 117, an Act allowing juries to divide courts in certain cases, which was amended by the Judiciary Committee and further action postponed until printed. The House bill, No. 101, relating to assessments on seated lands divided by county lines, was lost.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—E. G. Brown, the Utah correspondent of the New York Tribune, arrived last night, in company with the U. S. Attorney. They left Camp Scott on January 5th. The health of the army continued good. The weather was remarkably mild for the region. Very little snow had fallen in the immediate vicinity of the Camp. The ground the most of the time was almost bare.

The District Court had indicted Brigham Young, Elder Kimball, and others, for high treason.

The Mormon legislature was still in session.

The latest dates received from the States was on the 1st of October. Much anxiety was felt in the army to hear from the East in consequence of the rumored money panic.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—Charles L. Taylor alias Sanders, has been arrested for setting fire to the Pacific Hotel and murdering Ephraim Ingram, one of the inmates. Dr. Strader, the landlord, and Chas. Walsop, the watchman of the hotel were also arrested. The examination will be had to-morrow, when it is supposed that one of the most atrocious and diabolical acts ever committed will be developed.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—Parties from Cairo report the Mississippi firmly gorged a short distance above that point. The river is rising again here and about the same quantity of ice is floating past. There is nothing new from any of the upper streams. The weather is mild and clear. Mercury 41°.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 25.—The defeat of the Army Bill is not considered conclusive respecting an increase of the army, on the part of the Senate, which body will await the action of the House on the measure there pending for additional regiments.

The House Committee on Elections have come to no conclusion in relation to the contested election from Ohio.

It is not true that the House Committee on Territories have agreed to report a bill for the territorial government of Siera Nevada; they have merely decided to consider the subject on the subject.

Mr. Clay, of Ky., appeared in his seat in the House to-day and received the congratulations of his friends on the settlement of the late difficulty with Gen. Quitman.

The Supreme Court will adjourn to-morrow till the 1st of April.

TORONTO, Feb. 25.—The new Parliament met to day. There was a full attendance of members. Solicitor General Smith, Ministerialist was elected speaker by a large majority. The Governor General's speech will be delivered to-morrow.

PARTIAL REPORT FROM THE LECOMPTON COMMITTEE.—We learn that the Special Committee of Congress, on the Lecompton Constitution, have determined to make a partial report in the course of a day or two. They will set forth that their final report will not be made until all the members of the Committee have time afforded them to come on to Philadelphia. The object of this visit is that each man may get himself a new suit at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Boy's Raglans and sack coats, Gents French and sack coats Raglans, &c., and a full stock of winter gloves, Gauntlets, Mufflers, Shawls, for Men and Boys, still on hand at Carnaghans, Federal street Allegheny. Cash buyers will find the prices an inducement.

GLYCERINE, GLYCERINE, GLYCERINE,

Highly perfumed. Sure cure and preventative of Chapped Hands, Face and Lips, for sale at

SUPER'S DRUG STORE,
corner Penn and St. Clair Streets.

What our Neighbors say of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills.

NEW YORK, August 20, 1852.

We, the undersigned, having made trial of Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, must acknowledge that they are the best medicine for Sick Headache, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, that we have ever used. We take pleasure in recommending them to the public, and are confident that if those who are troubled with any of the above complaints will give them a fair trial, they will not hesitate to acknowledge their beneficial effects.

MRS. FITZ, East Troy.
MRS. STEVENS, West Troy.

☞Purchasers should be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

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Amusements.

AMUSEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!
AT
Masonic Hall,
FIFTH STREET,
FRIDAY EVENING, 26th inst.
DR. H. D. HUNT'S WORLD-RENOWNED
VAUDEVILLE TROUPE
Consisting of Twenty Star Performers, with their
SONGS,
INSTRUMENTAL
PERFORMANCE,
DANCES,
Will give a short series of Entertainments at the above Hall, commencing THIS EVENING.
MISS EMMA, aged 18 years, Violin and Alto.
MISS SUSA, aged 14 years, Guitar and Soprano.
MISS NETTA, aged 12 years, Contralto, Violincello and Dancing.
LITTLE DELL, aged 7 years, Petite Dancing.
With Brilliant Adult Performers.
☞Doors open at 6½ to commence at 7 o'clock.
☞Tickets 25 cents to all parts of the house. NO HALF PRICE OR FREE LIST. fe26

Auction Sales.

P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer,
Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 84 Fifth Street.

VALUABLE STOCKS AT AUCTION.—On Tuesday evening, March 2d, at 7 o'clock at the Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 84 Fifth St. will be sold, for cash, the following:
25 shares Citizens' Bank Stock:
9 " Allegheny Bank do.
20 " Pittsburgh Life, Fire and Marine Ins. Co. Stock.
fe26 P. M. DAVIS, Auct.

MEDICAL BOOKS, MAGNETO ELECTRIC MACHINE, INSTRUMENTS, &c.—On Saturday evening, Feb 27th, at 7 o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Roo