Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 25, 1858.

☞ OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY. ☜

News of the City and Neighborhood.

PRAYER FOR COLLEGES.—There will be a meeting at the Third Church this evening, the immediate object of which is, prayer for Colleges and Seminaries. A sermon was preached in that house on Sunday last by the pastor, Rev. Henry Kendall, on this subject, and in defence of an educated ministry. He claimed for the pulpit the first place of power and influence in the moral world, but that he does not therefore undervalue other instrumentalities, will abundantly appear from the following eloquent passage from his sermon:

"We are accustomed to glorify the press. We magnify the intelligence of the people, the freedom of speech and of thought which prevails in the civilized world, and fancy that the ministry is becoming obsolete. It is true, the Press is a new and wonderful power in the world. It is usurping the place of armies: it rules over kings; its voice is as the voice of many waters; to many, it is as the voice of God. Not only does it place stores of learning within the reach of the scholar and man of leisure; it prepares its daily message for the common mind—the humble and the poor; and as with the manna of old, every man finds a morsel at his own door. Its greeting is as the greeting of the sun; and it sends joy or sadness throughout a city in an hour—an empire in a day!

It over-awes legislators and gives bias to the decisions of courts. It rouses the popular indignation and dashes the maddened masses on each other; and it also has power to quell the tumult and hid the contending elements dwell at peace!

In commercial, civil or political affairs, in matters ecclesiastical and moral, the Press is regarded as indispensible. He must have a good cause that can subsist in the face of it; and he a poor one, who, with its aid, cannot succeed.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—President Young in the chair.

Report of the chairman received on room committee. The chairman reported that the committee recommend the continued use of the present room.

The report was accepted and committee discharged.

J. Murdoch, moved that the chairman on room be requested to have a provision inserted in the lease, allowing the State Board to hold their meetings in the same room, if the State Fair is held in Pittsburgh.

Capt. Young read the following report relative to the feeding of his cow, Lady Forest, which was ordered to be embodied with the minutes.

Board of Managers Allegheny County Agricultural Society: Gentlemen—At your last regular meeting, you passed a resolution requesting me to present to this Board, at its next regular meeting, to be held on the last Wednesday of February, instant, a statement of the mode of feeding my cow, Lady Forest, while testing her for milk and butter. To this resolution I cheerfully respond, as it is so very simple.

Lady's Forest was fed 4 quts. of corn and oat meal, 2-5 corn and 3-5 oat, scalded the previous night, and thinned with water in the morning, making 2½ gals. of slop, given at 7 A. M.; the same quantity, scalded in the morning, for supper, at 5 P. M.; after breakfast, turned to water, and if the day was pleasant remained out of the stable till evening; on days that she was not stabled, she had a good supply of corn-fodder without cutting or steaming; if the weather was blank and chilly, she remained in the stable, except morning and evening, when she was turned out to water; while in the stable, she was fed with as much well-cured bluegrass and timothy hay as she would eat. Her stable was cleaned evening and morning and well littered with clean straw. She was curried or carded every day, and I am persuaded that one practical part of the treatment was regularity in feeding and milking at regular hours—seven in the morning and five in the evening. I have found, by experiment, that six cows kept in this way are of more profit to the owner than ten kept in the ordinary way that milch cows are generally kept in the country.

Thus, gentlemen, you have the mode of treatment Lady received during the month of trial. A good, hearty young cow, in a clean, comfortable, well-littered stable, with plenty of good clop and a sufficient quantity of good hay and corn-fodder, regularly fed and milked, will insure the owner a return of good, rich milk, particularly if she be of the stock raised in Forest Grove; such was Lady Forest, which has changed her residence at Forest Grove for one at or near Sewickleyville, where I presume she will remain for years to come. Yours, respectfully,

JOHN YOUNG, Jr.

On motion, it was agreed that the adoption of the premium list be deferred until the next meeting. Passed.

Capt. Young presented some specimens of corn. He recommended the King Philip variety for early maturity, also, for productiveness.

Mr. McKelvy, also, presented a very valuable variety for field culture.

Adjourned to meet on the last Wednesday of March, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

SHAW, THE MANSTEALER.—A correspondent writes to us from Mount Carroll, Ohio, under date of the 22nd of February, that:

"On the 8th of present month John B. Nessle, of Lowellville, O., travelled from Enon to Pittsburgh in company with a man calling himself Shaw—who told Nessle that he was on his way home, after delivering up a fugitive slave in Tuscumbia, Alabama, for which he had received five hundred dollars and his expenses. He said the slave was as white as Nessle, had escaped from slavery in 1852, lived in Pittsburgh and had a family, that he (Shaw) had worked on the same plantation where the slave belonged, and knew the slave, that when the slave found that he (Shaw) was after him, he ran off, and went to Missouri, and that he followed him and caught him on the line between Missouri and Kansas and delivered him to his master. Nessle says he would know Shaw anywhere."

The facts as far as hitherto disclosed in this case have been already published and extensively commented upon in this city. The only value which the above article has, and that is a great, is to direct the attention of the proper officers of law to the place where an important witness may be found and used to bring this kidnapper to a sense of right and justice. Our country is in the hands of the law and we trust may be made to feel its just flagellations to the marrow of his bones.

☞ FINANCES OF ALLEGHENY CITY.—From the report of the Auditing Committee of the city, we learn that the receipts for last year into the Treasury were $156,930 38, and that a balance still remains in the strong box of $2,607.

The report of the Street Committee is also very satisfactory. During the year there has been graded and paved twelve streets and alleys, embracing a front of 14,144 feet, or about two and one-eighth miles, at a cost of $31,109 46, assessed as follows: To the property holders, $10,332 75; to the city, $776 70. Of this amount there have been collected $7,685 02, leaving a balance of $3,424 48 yet due. At the commencement of the year a balance was found due on streets of $49,613 22, uncollected. Of this amount there have been collected $12,988 95, leaving a balance still due of $36,624 27.

The Water Committee also present a clear and interesting report.

The report on the Poor Farm, shows a balance in the Treasury of $72,40, and the average cost per head per week for maintenance $1,40.

The statements show that the municipal affairs of Allegheny City have been carefully managed. The Auditing Committee and the several committees have faithfully attended to the interests of the city. Messrs. J. G. Coffin, John Wright, D. A. Pressly, James Lockhart and John Atwell, composed the Auditing Committee.

PRINTER'S MATERIAL.—We received, recently, a book which we recommend to the attention of our brethern of the craft everywhere. It is "Specimens of Printing Types, plain and ornamental, Borders, cuts, Rules, Dashes, &c., from the Foundry of L. Johnson & Co., Sansom street, Philadelphia"—being a new and enlarged edition of their Minor Specimen Book. As a specimen of mechanical elegance, it surpasses any we have yet seen; while as a hand-book of specimens of Types, dashes, etc., it is particularly valuable to printers, enabling those in need of material to select from the printed specimen, just such an article as their taste may dictate.

Of the finish, and durability of the Type from this Foundry, we need scarce speak. Established by the Messrs. Johnson in 1796—but ten years younger than the *Gazette*, they have ever since been largely engaged as Type Founders, and have succeeded in improving the quality of their metal, and the finish of their type, until it would appear that little else remained to be accomplished. The *Gazette* has been using the Type of this Foundry for many years, and have not yet been able to find any other so durable.

W. S. Haven, Market street, is the Agent of the Messrs. Johnson to whom all orders should be addressed.

JACOB WILKINSON alias Hartman, who tried to kill the colored girl Louisa Williams, on Monday night, in Garrison Alley, appears to be a native of York, Pa., and to have lived there until within two or three years. The girl appears now, as we learn, to be out of danger, and the trial of her assailant will come off as soon as she may be able to appear against him.

☞ We would invite attention to the sale of fine Piano Forte and Household Furniture, at the dwelling house of Prof. Thompson, No. 64 Liberty street, at 10 o'clock this morning.

LAWRENCE CO.—Our readers will remember that some time last fall we published an account of a man named Wm. J. Cummins who shot a young man of Canonsburg, Washington Co., a student at the time at Westminster College in Lawrence county. The case has just been tried. The indictment was for assault and battery with intent to kill, but the evidence showing that Cummins being annoyed by the boys, fired only to frighten and with no intent to wound, the verdict was simply "Guilty of Assault and Battery."

HUNTINGDON CO.—Esq. Bachus, of Shirleysburg, recently fined James A. Doyle $5 *for sitting in his seat* during time of prayer in the M. E. Church.

BLAIR CO.—The *Blair Co. Whig* thus notices the late accident at the Altoona House, the occurrence of which we noted a day or two since: "Catharine Beech, a young lady between sixteen and eighteen years, and a help at the Altoona House, was engaged in assisting a lady friend to the cars with her children, baggage, &c., when she was suddenly run on by the evening Way Train Eastward, and was thrown on the track, the locomotive cutting and mangling the calves of her legs in a horrible manner, which will probably produce her death."

MCKEAN CO.—The Stockholders of the M'Kean County Bank elected a full Board of Directors on the 8th instant, and the Board subsequently chose from their number Daniel Kingsbury to be President and Wm. H. Dedrick to be Cashier of the same.

MERCER CO.—The Mercer *Dispatch* says:—"We learn that a shock of an earthquake was plainly felt, on last Friday, in several parts of this county. In the vicinity of Harrisville, Butler county, the shock was quite severe, shaking houses, breaking windows, and upsetting things generally. It was felt below town a few miles, and also in Sandy Lake."

GRAND CIRCULAR FOX HUNT!!—There will be a Grand Circular Fox Hunt, in the neighboring townships of Findley, Moon, Robinson and North Fayette, on Friday, March 12th. To close on the farm of James McMichael, near the Steubenville Pike. The boundaries are as follow: First line commencing at Wm. Adam's on the "Clinton Grade;" thence to Wm. Hall's; thence to Hugh Cowan's; thence to 'Squire Ewing's; thence to Saml. Martin's; thence to Shirland; thence to J. Johnston's; thence to starting point.

Officers are as follows: A. Dickson and G. Y. McKee, Grand Marshals; M. Hall, Jas. Tidball, Jas. Vipcent and Robert Boyd, Assistant Grand Marshals.

On line 1st the Marshals are, Hugh Scott, R. Ferre; on 2nd, Dr. Andrew Tidball, J. McCurdy; on 3d, John Cowan, Nelson Ewing; on 4th, D. Hoffman, W. H. Clark; on 5th, A. Potter, Wm. McFarland; on 6th, A. Pierce, Thos. Miller; on 7th, Ross Byers, Josiah Guy. Each line Marshal shall appoint at least two captains.

It is expected all the lines will be formed precisely at 10 o'clock, and await the signal for starting, which will be given by the Assistant Grand Marshals to the line Marshals at the following points: Wm. Hall's, 'Squire Ewing's, Shirland and J. Johnston's." It is also expected that one Marshal of each line will select the aforesaid point to receive the signal which they will convey along their respective lines.

The officers will be known thus: Grands wearing *white*, Assistants *red*, and Line Marshals *blue ribbon* on their hats.

The inner circle will be designated by marked sashes or bunches of straw.

Bull dogs *positively* prohibited from entering the ring. Persons having with them all others shall have the privilege of entering five paces and there await the firing of a gun by one of the Grand Marshals, which will be the signal for letting loose.

No horns to be sounded till the signal for starting is given.

The Grand, Assistant and Line Marshals will meet at the "closing ground" the Saturday previous, at 2 o'clock, P. M., to mark off the ground and make other arrangements. May their success be equal to that of Sampson of old.

DISTRICT COURT—Before Judge Hampton.

In the case of Kennedy & Bro. vs. Wray, the jury returned a verdict for defendant.

In a similar action Kennedy & Bro. vs. Praetsch, verdict for plaintiffs in $293 62.

Case of John Dawson and wife vs. Joseph Mills, action of ejectment to recover 20 acres of land in East Deer ty.; the cause went to the jury at 1 o'clock yesterday. The merits of the case in a few words appear to be that in 1805 the parties agreed upon a consentable line which left these 20 acres in the hands of defts., but some years subsequently a survey was made covering the land in question. The plaintiffs stood upon the consentable line, the defendent upon the deed. The verdict was for deft.

Canfield vs. Giles. This case relates to a coal boat, alleged to have been picked up adrift.—The case is still on trial, having been entered upon yesterday but a short time before adjournment.

☞ An "Allegheny Mountain Health Institute" has been formed in Philadelphia, and the place of resort which they design to carry on is that at Cressson, in Cambria Co. They recently elected officers as follow:

President—Joseph Pennock.

Directors—Thomas J. Bigham, Isaac Pennock, John Lowman, M. D., Thomas B. Moore, Thos. R. Scott, John P. Leslie.

Commissioners—Jno. M. S. Jackson, T. B. Moore, Wm. F. Piper.

☞ We learn that at a meeting of the School Directors of the First Ward, held on Tuesday evening, the seats of Andrew Miller and Wm. Evans were declared vacant, the Board claiming authority to do this under a section of the School Law which is said to empower School Boards to declare vacant the seat of any Director who may be absent from two regular meetings of the Board. David Fitzsimons and John Gracey were elected to the places thus vacated.

OBITUARY.—We notice in the Lake Superior *Miner* the fact of the death of Carl August Blommert, at Marquette, aged 29 years. He came to this country from Sweden in 1853. He lived in this city some time where he was engaged in making chemical experiments relating to iron manufacture. He left here in 1855, and has until recently resided in Ontonagon, and been mining engineer at the Forest Mine.

GOOD, GOOD.—The "Democracy" of old Washington County, in a grand pow-wow held on Monday last, voted down a resolution only indirectly endorsing the Lecompton swindle, by a vote of 40 to 16.

On the same night, the Republicans of that county held a glorious and most harmonious meeting. Keep the ball rolling.

SEVERAL Watchmen made a descent, on Tuesday night, on the Diamond Engine House, 6th Ward, and arrested several persons who were making night hideous. Subsequently a rescue took place. Two by the name respectively of Barker and Wallis, were arrested yesterday, and warrants are ought for eight more.

POSTPONEMENT.—The lecture of E. H. Irish, Esq., on the Adamses before the Philomathic Club of East Liberty, has been postponed till Thursday evening of next week. This gentleman's abilities and talents should command for him a crowded house. The subject is one that will interest an intelligent audience.

☞ Miss MARY F. OLIVER has been chosen to fill the vacancy in the Second Ward Grammar School in Allegheny City.

A PROJECT is on foot to build a new hotel at Steubenville.

GO TO-NIGHT and see Owens in the capital character of John Unit. It will pay!

SERVED HIM RIGHT.—Simonds, of St. Louis, who made and sold a counterfeit of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, has been placed within the narrow limits that should catch all scoundrels. Imprisonment, though it be for years, can scarcely punish enough the heartless villain who could execute such an imposition upon the sick. The wicked rascal who for every gain could thus trifle with the health and life of his fellow man—take from his lips the cup of hope while sinking, and substitute an utter delusion and cheat, would falter at no crime, and should be spared no punishment. Some of his trash is still extant in the West, and purchasers should be wary of whom they buy.—*Gazette, Citra, N. Y.*

PARTIAL REPORT FROM THE LECOMPTON COMMITTEE.—We learn that the Special Committee of Congress, on the Lecompton Constitution, have determined to make a partial report in the course of a day or two. They will set forth that their final report will not be made until all the evidence of the Committee have time afforded them to come on to Philadelphia. The object of this visit is that each man may get himself a new suit at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Bor's Raglans and sack coats, Geets French and sack coats Raglans, &c., and a full stock of winter gloves, Gauntlets, Mufflers, Shawls, for Men and Boys, still on hand at Carnaghans, Federal street Allegheny. Cash buyers will find the prices an inducement.

What our Neighbors say of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills.

NEW YORK, August 20, 1852.

We, the undersigned, having made trial of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, must acknowledge that they are the best medicine for Sick Headache, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, that we have ever used. We take pleasure in recommending them to the public; and are confident that if those who are troubled with any of the above complaints will give them a fair trial, they will not hesitate to acknowledge their beneficial effects.

MRS. HILL, East Troy.
MRS. STEVENS, Wall Troy.

☞ Purchasers should be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, take his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

fa26dawtf

GLYCERINE.—I have just rec'd a large supply of pure English Glycerine. Also, a large lot of Glycerine Cream, superior to anything now in use for chapped hands, lips, &c. fa23 JOS. FLEMING.

Telegraphic.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 24.

SENATE.—Mr. Green, of Missouri, made a motion that the Kansas bill be made the special order of the day for to-morrow, and it was taken up.

Mr. Douglas, of Illinois, asked whether the current report was true, that Senators Stuart, of Michigan, and Broderick, of California, were read out of the Democratic party at the Democratic caucus?

Mr. Allen, of Rhode Island, said he knew nothing about it.

The Kansas bill, after further debate, was made the special order for Monday next.

Mr. Bell, of Tennessee, resumed his speech from yesterday, saying that Mr. Johnson's attack was entirely unexalled for.

Mr. Johnson interrupting, disclaimed any intention of impugning Mr. Bell's motives or private character.

Mr. Bell expressed his surprise at such a statement. Was his colleague ignorant of the tenor of his arguments and language? The attack was most offensive.

This afternoon Mr. Bell proceeded at length in vindicating himself. He reiterated his positions of yesterday, animadverting severely on Mr. Johnson's course of argument with much severity. With regard to Mr. Johnson's case of an honorable gentleman playing a bold game for the Presidency by courting both the South and the North, coming with the former but being with the latter, he was with it and voted only because instructed. Mr. Bell replied that if he know a man who could be guilty of such trickery and fraud, that man was his colleague. He also characterized him as an incendiary, ready to carry the torch of dissension into Tennessee if thwarted in his political purposes. He concluded by adding that he could entertain no further respect for his colleague unless he withdraw the offensive portion of yesterday's speech.

Mr. Johnson replied that his colleague had not controverted a single fact, nor answered one single argument in his speech of to-day, which was conclusive evidence that those arguments are unanswerable. With regard to the withdrawal of personal remarks, he had disclaimed this morning any intention of being offensive. He had no other apology or retraction to make.

After executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The bill granting pensions to the soldiers of the war of 1812, was postponed till the third Monday of March next.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Indian Appropriation bill.

Mr. Millson, who voted against the Kansas-Nebraska bill, said that he could look back for the last four years, feeling no responsibility for the disturbances throughout the country. The transfer of the slavery question to the people of the Territory produced those convulsions. The government of the Territory was the mere creature of Congress; it had no self-existent, independent power. He was opposed to squatter sovereignty. The declaration of the Supreme Court of the unconstitutionality of the Missouri Compromise, secured the right to hold slaves in the Territory. But the Kansas-Nebraska bill threw embarrassment around the question. That bill was a new compromise, worse than the Compromise.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Chaffee, Fenton, Davis, of Miss., and others, after which the House adjourned.

(Special Dispatch for the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, Feb. 24.

SENATE.—Mr. Wilkin's resolution with amendments was reported by the KANSAS Committee.

In HOUSE.—The following Bills were read in place: By Mr. Foster, a bill relative to the streets in Pittsburgh. By Mr. Calhoun, incorporating the Brady's Bend Iron Company.

The Allegheny Bank bill gave rise to considerable debate. Mr. Jenkins moved a substitute repealing the charter of the Bank. Mr. Calhoun raised a point of order that the substitute was not germian to the question. Speaker decided the point well taken. Mr. Irwin moved that the question be postponed for the present, which motion was lost by a vote of 35 against 52. Mr. Irwin moved to refer to the Judiciary Committee, which was lost by 40 against 45. The bill was then lost by a vote of 21 against 52, our Representatives all voting aye. It may be reconsidered.

The Bill relative to the Kensington Widow's Home, has been returned to the House, where it originated, by the Governor with his objections. A vote is being taken on its passage, notwithstanding the Governor's veto, it was lost by a vote of 9 to 64.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 24.—The correspondent of the New York Times says: There was a good deal of comment upon the fact that Gov. Henry J. Raymer is taking such slight part in the public movement in opposition to the Lecompton swindle. It certainly seemed strange to that he was present at neither the Philadelphia nor New York meeting. There is very well defined rumour afloat that a reconciliation has been effected in part between him and Mr. Buchanan, and I hear it positively asserted that the late Governor of Kansas will not be found prominent in any longer in opposition to the President's policy with reference to that territory. Another rumor is that Mr. Walker is likely to go into government service again after his domestic affairs become a little more settled.

The challenge having been withdrawn, and the seconds having retired. Messrs. Crittenden, Toombs and Mason of Ky., effected a rettlement of the difficulties between Messrs. Clay and Cullum who have returned to Washington.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 24.—The funeral obsequies of those who lost their lives by the Pacific Hotel catastrophe took place to-day. The procession was solemn and imposing, and occupied an hour in passing any given point.

Mrs. H. Hubbard, of Boston, died yesterday from her injuries, and James F. Geary this morning, making twenty victims. Several others of the wounded are not expected to survive.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The steamship Arago from Havre and Southampton on the 10th inst., arrived at this port about one o'clock this morning. The Arago brings ninety-six passengers, the usual mails, $3,000 in specie, and 400 tons of merchandise.

BOSTON, Feb. 24.—The steamship for Liverpool, via Halifax, sailed at 10 o'clock this morning. She carries out $254,000 in specie.

HALIFAX, Feb. 24.—There are no signs of the steamer Asia. Cloudy, now clear, with surfaces to the 13th inst. The weather is clear and calm.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Cotton; sales 1500 bales at an advance of ½c in some cases the quotations are generally unchanged, with more buyers than sellers. Flour is quiet; 7,500 bbls sold at $4,05@4,55 for Southern, a decline of 5c. Wheat firm; 2000 bush Southern red sold at $1,32; Western at $1,30@1,35. Corn dull; 1800 bush sold. Prime Pork has declined 10c; sales at $13@$13,12½. Whiskey 5@c lower at 29½@30c. Sugar firmer. Coffee 1@c lower. Linseed Oil unchanged. Tallow quiet. Freights of Cotton to Liverpool 5-16d. Stocks firm; Chicago and Rock Island, 91½; Illinois Central, 97¾; Michigan Southern, 83½; Michigan Central, 88½; Pennsylvania Coal, 77; Michigan Canal, 74½; Pacific Mail, 110½; Erie, 24½; Toledo, 61½; Indiana Fives, 85; Milwaukie and Mississippi, 42.

CATTLE MARKET.—The receipts of Beeves amount to 2,100 head. Sheep 3,000; of Swine, none. Beeves are a shade better without buoyancy; sales at 7¼@11c, generally at 7½@8½c for fair to prime. Sheep unchanged. Swine nominally 6 to 6½c.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24.—Breadstuffs are held firmly, but with a dull feeling of activity. Shipping brands of Flour are now held at $4,50, and extra at $4,75@5. Small sales of Rye Flour at $3,12½; 500 bbls Corn Meal sold at $2,87½. The stock of Wheat is small, and there is little demand except for the supply of the wants of the city. Millers' range from $1,25 for red, and white from $1,25 to $1,30. Rye is steady at 70c. Corn in fair request for export, and 20,000 bush yellow sold at 60c. Oats are steady at 34@35c. Provisions are without change. Coffee is a shade higher, and 1000 bags Rio sold at 10¾@11¼c. Sugar is unchanged. Molasses has advanced to 29@34c. Clover seed is in better demand, and 500 bbls sold at $5,50@4,75, and is now held at $5. Whisky is firm at 22@22½c.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 24.—Flour steady with a moderate demand at $5,50@5,90 for superfine. Whisky dull at 17½c. Provisions, holders are firm but buyers are holding off. 200,000 lbs. Bulk Pork sold at 8½ and 9c. Shoulders and Sides. There is nothing new in the money market.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24.—Flour steady at $4,50. Wheat; sales of red at $1,30@1,32; white at $1,35@1,40. Corn quiet; mixed brings $3@36c; white 37@38c; yellow 40@42c. Oats dull at 30@32c. Rye at $2@2,05. Whisky dull and lower at 22½c per gal. Provisions dull. Mess Pork $16,75. Lard nominal at 9½@10c.

Commercial.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION FOR FEBRUARY.

ISAIAH DICKEY, V. P., W. W. MACE, JOHN FLEMING, DAVID M'CANDLESS, JAMES GARDINER.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[Reported Specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1858.

FLOUR—A little more activity; but no change; sales from first hands of 150 bbls on private terms, and 10 bbls superfine at $5,62 and 25 do extra at $4,12. From store, 125 bbls fine at $3,90; 20 do do at $3,00; 35 do extra at $4,25; 20 do superfine at $4,00; 160 do do at $4,00 for super, $4,50 for extra and $5,00 for family do and 75 do do at $4,12, $4,50 and $5,00.

GRAIN—Receipts by sled larger; sales from sled of 140 bus Ear Corn at 45c 1000 bus Rye at 60@62c 100 do do at 63c and 150 bus Oats at 27c; 200 bus prime Red Wheat from store at 80 and 100 do White at 92c and 500 bus Barley in lots from sleds at 40@45.

GROCERIES—Sales of 5 hhds Sugar at 7, and 10 hhds at 7¼; 25 bbls Molasses at 31@32c.

HAY—Sales at sales of 10 loads at $9,50@$11,00 per ton.

LARD—Sales of 4,000 lbs country No. 1 at 9½; time.

BUTTER—There has been some inquiry for the lower grades of Butter for shipment East, and sales in various lots of 50 bbls at 9½@10c; for table packed and 10½@12½c for inferior to common Roll, Prime Roll is held at 15@16c.

POTATOES—Sales of 50 bbl Neshannocks from store at 60 cts.

WHISKEY—Sales of 40 bbls Raw on private terms, and 20 do at 19½c.

PORK—A sale to city trade of 10 bbls Mess Pork at $16.

BACON—Sales of 2,000 lbs city cured Shoulders, at 7½; and 1000 lbs Hams at 9½ for Western and 10½ for prime city.

DRIED APPLES—A sale of 35 bus Apples from store, at $1,25.

CHEESE—Sales in lots of 50 lbs W. R., at 9@9½c, principally at 9.

FISH—Sales of 10 bbls No. 3 Mackerel at $11,50; 10 half do at $6,50, and 1200 lbs Codfish at 4½.

LIME—Sales of 10 bbls Louisville at $1,25.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 22, P. M.—COTTON—Sales of 10,000 bales at 11@11½c. The steamer's news caused greater firmness.

GROCERIES—Sugar firm at 4½@5½c. Molasses 27@28c. Rio Coffee 11@11½c.

The following is a comparison of the footings for the past week, as compared with the last previous statement:

	Feb. 15.	Feb. 22.	
Capital	$11,200,005	11,200,005	
Loans	20,071,474	20,161,200	Inc. $89,726
Specie	4,223,939	4,051,900	Inc. 110,917
Due fm other Bks	2,736,015	1,713,234	Dec. 73,122
Due to other Bks	2,967,023	2,776,055	Dec. 191,229
Deposits	11,837,342	12,014,604	Inc. 177,262
Circulation	1,580,218	1,706,509	Inc. 127,291
—Phil Ledger.			

The official Bank Averages of the week show that the specie reserve has touched a point higher than ever before known —$31,416,070, being an increase of $1,189,000 over the previous week, and the actual amount is even still larger than the above unprecedented total. With the comparative cessation of foreign shipments and the fortnightly arrival of California gold, there is every reason to anticipate that the reserve will continue to increase, and run up perhaps to $35,000,000. The line of loans shows a small contraction from the inability of the banks to find paper meeting their requirements in sufficient quantity to employ their receipts. Notwithstanding the activity of stock loans and the paper picked up in the street, these institutions have been unable to reduce their accumulations. The amount of new paper being made is still very light, and the business of the banks is to a great extent confined to renewals. The deposit line has increased over a million and a half, and, we think, shows nearly, if not quite, as large an accumulation of actual deposits as our banks have ever known—over $72,000,000. The accumulation since the suspension has been $28,000,000 and the accumulation of specie over $35,000,000.

The following is a comparative statement of the condition of the banks of the city of New York, February 13 and 20:

	Feb. 13.	Feb. 20.	
Loans	$103,200,734	$103,733,500	Dec. $76,572
Specie	31,416,070	30,226,276	Dec. 1,189,801
Circulation	6,542,618	6,607,271	Dec. 64,653
Nom'l. Deposits	88,772,292	84,229,492	Dec. 2,542,799
Real'n. Deposits	72,003,657	70,429,906	Inc. 1,577,751
—N Y Trib.			

Imports by Railroad.

P. Fr. W. & C. R. R.—148 bales cotton, 2 cases oil, 1 case, 1 do, 1 do, 1 do