Pittsburgh Gazette.

D. P. WILLIAMS.....D. L. EATON.....S. RIDDLE.....RUSSELL KERR

S. RIDDLE & Co.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:
THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 18, 1858.

HOW MR. BUCHANAN FEELS.—The curiosity in the minds of some people as to the feelings which Mr. Buchanan privately entertains in regard to the agitation of the question growing out of the Lecompton swindle, is about being gratified by some of the correspondents of the public journals. That the old gentleman feels very much out of humor, is nothing more than need be expected, but that he should give vent of his bad temper in curses and profanity, is something more than we were prepared to hear from our circumspect old Bachelor President. It is well for the "traitors" in the Democratic camp that their chief has not the power to take their lives, and imprison their persons, placed in his hands, or we would have a repetition of the "Bloody Assizes," even in this advanced stage of the nineteenth century. His namesake of England was not more bitter and unrelenting toward the refractory contestants of his kingly prerogative than our James would be in his treatment of Douglas, Walker, Stanton, and their friends, if the Constitution permitted a similar gratification of his revengeful feelings. It is said that Bancroft, the historian, after listening to the reading of the President's message, in the Senate, when it was finished, pronounced the document "hellish." This criticism coming to the ears of the President, it excited his feelings so much as to cause him to rail and swear in a very earnest manner. Douglas told one of his friends that when "Old Buck" read the declaration of his speech that he was absent from the country when the Nebraska bill was passed; he fairly howled with rage. A correspondent remarks: "There is intense personal bitterness between Buchanan and Douglas, on all points. The President denounces the Senator as a little demagogue who is afraid of the consequences of his own measures. He expresses the greatest contempt for the *blunder* of Douglas' anti-Lecompton movement, and does not disguise his purpose to aid in the election of a Republican Senator, if necessary, to defeat Douglas, should he continue to oppose Lecompton; and if he now turns again the President says he might be tolerated in the party, but he would be despised. On his part, Douglas everywhere asserts that Buchanan and the administration are dead. Some of the Douglas office holders in Illinois would have been dismissed before this, but the House delegation entreated the President to spare them, because they would, in case of a general row, lose their seats as well as Douglas his."

THE SPRING ELECTIONS.—New Hampshire holds her state election in March, and Rhode Island and Connecticut in April. The Republicans in those states are preparing manfully for the struggle.

The President could have done our party no greater favor than he has done in getting up the Lecompton excitement. Whether he succeeds or fails in his diabolical schemes, his efforts have stirred up the sluggish spirits of the Republicans in the states we have named and united their forces to a man. They will give his administration such a rebuke as any but a heartless old demagogue like himself would heed.

The term of Mr. Allen (locofoco) in the United States Senate from Rhode Island, and of Mr. Hale from New Hampshire, will expire in March, 1859, and the legislatures elected this year in those States will have the choice of their successors. We hope to see Mr. Hale re-elected, and we feel certain that Mr. Allen will get his walking papers. If he had any sense of manliness he would not now be disgracing his state by holding on to his seat and voting directly in the teeth of the sentiments held by the people of that state.

In a few weeks New Hampshire will set the ball a rolling which will be kept in motion by every free state during the year. As the result of the revolution which we expect to see accomplished, the Republicans may hope to gain one U. S. Senator in Rhode Island, (they have already gained one in Iowa,) one in Michigan, one in New Jersey, one in Illinois, and probably two in Indiana. This will give them enough members in that body to be formidable, and the gains that will follow to them by the election in 1860, (when Pugh and Bigler will be swept away,) will give them control of it.

THE HORATII.—The three Washburnes, now members of Congress from three different States, are brothers, and their parents are now, or were a short time since, both living. They are three of the staunchest anti-Lecompton men of Maine, and it was in a little town in that bleak region where these men were born. That. Fifth District was formerly under the domination of Democracy. A brave change has taken place there. The District that sent a locofoco to speak for it when Israel Washburne was a boy, working for his bread in the field or the forest, now sends *him* to speak for it and for freedom by a majority of 4,200.

Cadwalader C. Washburne who represents the Second District of Wisconsin, went thither when a very young man and has grown up with the country. He was elected to the present Congress by a majority of 9,871.

Elihu, the third brother, represents the First Congressional District of the great State of Illinois, and was elected to that honorable position by a majority of 11,843. The member first mentioned above has served four terms in Congress; the second three and the third, two, including the term for which they are now serving. Their whole course in Congress shows that no more faithful men ever stood on the floor of the House. Long live the Horatii to fight together and side by side in the great battle of liberty.

THE ARMY INCREASE.—The *Union* reminds us that our article on the increase of the army is in opposition to the views of Senator Seward and Lieut. General Scott. We respect both those gentlemen vastly more than the *Union* does, but have not yet learned to swear to a thing because a man whom we proudly acknowledge to be a champion on our side says so. We go in for freedom of speech and a free press. We do not think that had we ever been so miserably unfortunate as to be the editor of a paper on the side of James Buchanan, we could have been made to swallow the Lecompton swindle, just because the leaders said it must be swallowed. We are sure we would not have tried it after we had once taken a stand on the other side! But the *Union* won't appreciate our views, so what is the use in talking?

[Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 16, 1858.

Editors Gazette:—Some time since I took Mr. Miller of the House severely to task for absence at Washington City when the question of making a report from the Special Committee, to whom was referred all the resolutions relative to Kansas, was before the House. Mr. Miller represents Crawford county and its constituency, and is as deeply interested as any other in the State, on this question in all its aspects. Knowing this fact, and feeling deeply in regard to this question, I was provoked not a little at that time about so ugly a *contre temps*. I therefore wrote the paragraph alluded to. It has had one beneficial effect. It has had a strong tendency to keep Republican members in their seats, and I think all of them will take excellent good care, when there is any prospect however remote, of having this question up for consideration, not to be absent.

Mr. Miller explains his absence by saying that his committee had not been organized before he left, and that the members of it had assured him personally that no action would be had by them until after his return. With this definite understanding he had gone to Washington. I trust this explanation will find a place in your columns in order that full justice may be done to all.

A bill contemplating an important change in the law of evidence was up in the Senate to-day. It proposes to change the law which prohibits an atheist from testifying in courts of justice. If this bill passes, their statements can be taken, but their belief may be weighed in judging of their credibility. The ablest lawyers in the Senate, Buckalew, Bell, Finney and Schoefield, all favor it. Senators Harris and Francis opposed. The latter made his *debut* before the Senate upon this question. Although somewhat nervous from the novelty of his position he made a very fine speech upon the theologico-moral aspect of the subject. He was clear in his views and felicitious in rendering them into language. The Senate evidently listened to him with pleasure. It was refreshing to hear such high moral considerations boldly enunciated in a body where usually nothing but measures based upon expediency or party advancement are the highest grade of argument urged.

No vote has been taken upon the bill in the Senate. I suppose, however, that it will pass that body. It will find a hard road to travel in the House, although I take it that all the lawyers in the latter body will support it as they do in the Senate.

There has been no important question under discussion in the House to-day. The latter body had under consideration the private calendar, and made considerable progress in it. All the bills relating to Allegheny county have already been sent to you by telegraph. I send you in addition the bills which concern the interests of the other portions of the West, and which passed finally. Supplement to an act authorizing the Governor to incorporate the Perrysville and Zelionople Turnpike or Plank Road Co.; an act for the improvement of the Allegheny river; an act authorizing the Court of Quarter Sessions of Mercer county to grant a new trial in the case of the Commonwealth against Wm. W. Smith.

A supplement to establish a steam ferry across the Allegheny river at Freeport, in Armstrong county, passed first reading.

C. W. Couldock, the eminent tragedian, is still here and will give a Shakspearian recitation on some evening during the present week.

No movement will be made, I apprehend, in regard to the Kansas resolution, before the 4th of March convention. There are already a dozen names mentioned in connection with the office of Canal Commissioner among the Democracy. The struggle will be a severe one, but I take it that the office will not go to the West. She will doubtless offer a candidate, but the fate of Sam. Black last Spring, as an aspirant for Governor, is but indicative of the fate such a candidate may expect at the hands of a Democratic convention.

We had a rich scene in the House to-day. It came from the rich fullness of fun, uttered by a Mr. Kincaid, the Democratic member from Greene. There were upon the private calender a number of bills, either authorizing the Canal Commissioners to examine claims for damages, or appropriating money to pay claims already examined.

Mr. Kincaid undertook to enlighten the House upon these bills, and as he expressed it, "in his own simple and *logical* way," he wanted to make his exclamations in all "simplicity and *commonality*." He believed that "the *State of the Commonwealth* of Pennsylvania ought not to be fleeced" by suckers and robbers. This was *the* point that *there* question contemplated. He did not want the hand of any man pushed into his *trousers'* pockets. He was an onerous tax-payer. His constituency was interested, not only in the aristocracy and the democracy, but also the commonalty.

The House was in a perfect tempest of laughter from the time he began until he closed. No man could restrain his mirth. It was a perfect waistband-splitting, button-pulling operation. It could not be fully described under a column of the *Gazette*. He would occasionally, in the midst of his speech, burst out in a loud horse-laugh, and this would add fuel to the fire of merriment. I suppose he must be taken as a fractrate specimen of Green co. Democracy. R.

The Kansas Question in Congress.

Correspondence of the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 12, 1858.—The President is not half so confident of his ability to pass the Lecompton Constitution through Congress as he professes to be. His game is one of "brag," to considerable extent. He understands the weakness of poor human nature, and knows that some of the members of the House who trembingly obeyed his command to support reference of the subject to the Committee on Territories, the other day, can only be kept "faithful" in their treachery by the assurance that their treason will be successful. Hence, he and his friends, upon every convenient occasion, declare that the matter is all fixed, and that he will have Lecompton through within thirty days. We might well stop to comment on the indignity which the Executive offers to Congress in such a declaration. The *President* will force a State into the Union! The *President* will carry an act of legislation which belongs to the exclusive jurisdiction of Congress! Here is a direct manifestation that if the legislative branch of the Government is left to itself, it will spurn the base effort to consummate the Lecompton fraud; accompanied by a declaration that Executive influence is determined to step in between the constituencies and their representatives, seduce the latter from their allegiance to the people, and induce them to carry out the behests of a partisan President rather than the popular will.

Where does the Executive get warrant for such proceedings? And how does he expect to accomplish his object? By use of what means does he hope thus to corrupt the fountain of legislation, stifle the voice of the people, and subvert the principles of Republican government? The history of the contest over the Nebraska bill affords fitting answer. The men by whose treason to freedom that measure was carried have all, one by one obtained their price, except in a few instances, where the parties sunk so deeply beneath the wave of popular indignation and contempt that it was cheaper and safer to cheat them to pay them. The same game is now playing openly and above-board before our very eyes. Executive influence and fraud is at work, offering arguments to the cupidity of members, when those addressed to their patriotism and sympathies have failed.

The blows come upon the very floor of Congress at the critical hour to pify their arguments. Such proceedings are as insulting to individuals as they are repugnant to good taste, and the man who will permit the Cabinet officer, through whom he expects favors for himself or friends, thus to approach him, is at once in danger of having his honest judgment overborne by influences which, presented in less insidious form, would arouse his suspicions and provoke his honest indignation.

The "moral conviction" that Executive patronage is being exerted to influence the votes of members upon this Kansas question has become very strong during the present week. I am informed by a gentlemen now in Washington that several days ago an Ohio democrat stated publicly, in his presence, that he had been sent for to come on here and "tuke care" of Mr. Burns, of that State, who, he said, was to be induced to vote for Lecompton by the promise that the Marshalship of the Northern District of Ohio should be given to a friend for whom he is well known to have been very anxious to procure it. Nevertheless, Mr. Burns, until Monday last, had continually proclaimed his undying hostility to the Lecompton scheme. He had met night after night in consultation with the Anti-Lecompton democrats, sharing their confidence and taking part in all their plans. Meantime he stated to one of his colleagues that he (Mr. B.) *could have certain two offices in his District if he would vote right*. I have no idea that Mr. Burns will deny this fact, or that he has any disposition to do so. The statement does not reflect upon him one tithe as much as it does upon the party making the suggestion *to* him; but in view of the fact thus stated, he must see that his exhibition of "virtuous indignation" yesterday, when it was proposed to investigate this and similar cases, was rather ill-timed and out of place. I do not even mean to charge that he has sold out, and will finally vote for Lecompton upon the terms stated. I do not believe he *will* vote for that swindle when the direct question is presented; but who has he to blame other than himself if those to whom the above facts were known have believed that it was the persistent presentation of such arguments which overcame his repugnance so far as to secure his vote against proposed investigation into the Kansas frauds? That vote was very nearly a fatal one,—but it was not so unfortunate as would be one in favor of the acceptance of the Lecompton Constitution; and when that question is presented Mr. Burns will have fitting opportunity to present conclusive evidence that his convictions have not been purchased either by Executive patronage or favor, if he choose so to do.

But what shall we say of an Executive who, according to Mr. Burns' own statement, has attempted to corrupt him by an offer of patronage upon condition that he should "vote right?"—Will the friends of the President who voted to lay on the table Mr. Heard's resolution of inquiry into these and similar facts, say that the charges are not sufficiently specific? What has become of that blood thirsty "hound" of the House which howls so dismally whenever it gets the least scent of anything like corruption in connection with last Congress? It is to be understood that the Democratic House has determined upon the policy foreshadowed by its Democratic Speaker in his selection of the Kansas Investigating Committee—that of smothering every effort at investigation, the fruits of which may reflect upon their partisan friends? If not, why was Mr. Heard's resolution tabled? If the charges his resolution infers are true, they are far graver than any hitherto the subject of investigation. Therefore the question involved in Congressional inquisitions has been whether members have accepted pecuniary bribes from outside parties for their votes upon pecuniary measures: but here the charge implied is that the Executive has stepped in with bribes for the purpose of influencing the votes of members upon a great question of principle—an issue of far more vital importance to the country than that involved in the extension of a patent, the granting of a contract, or the purchase of books. No unprejudiced man can reflect upon the subject for five minutes without perceiving that the crime upon which the House based proceedings against certain of its members a year ago was trivial compared with the offence now laid at the door of the Federal Executive.

SENATOR SUMNER.—The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. *Evening Post*, writing on the 10th inst., says:

"Mr. Sumner is here, very much improved in health and spirits, more so, indeed, than many of his friends thought he ever would be. Some of the worst symptoms of his case have entirely disappeared. His eye, gestures and whole expression are more like what they used to be. He does not remain here long, but will be a minute man, to return whenever the signal is given. He and his friends hope that he will be able to take and keep his seat before the close of the session."

MARRIED—On Wednesday, February 11, 1858, at Christiansburg, Kentucky, by the Rev. J. Daniels, Doctor W. C. STEVENSON, formerly of Allegheny City, Pa., to Miss EMMA, daughter of Thomas Ford, Esq., of Shelby county, Ky.

DIED—On Tuesday, February 16th, PATRICK TREVILER, Aged forty two years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of John Greer, corner of Grant and Third streets to proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery, without further notice.

Headache.—FROM AN EMINENT CLERGYMAN.—I take great pleasure in saying to you that I made use of Dr. Hoffman's Holland Bitters, and found apparent relief in a severe headache, from which I had long suffered, and I believe they were of service to me in relieving my stomach and head. SAMUEL E. BABCOCK.

HEADACHE AND DEBILITY.—Mr. Silas J. Lounsbury, of Birmingham, says: "I have found in Hoffman's Holland Bitters a remedy for Headache and Debility. My wife has also used it with the greatest benefit."

Mr. A. S. Nicholson, of Pittsburgh, also remarks that he has experienced much relief from its use for headache.

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Business Changes.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of A. LYONS & Co., was dissolved by mutual convention the 14th of January, 1858. The business of the firm will be continued as heretofore by A. LYONS, at the old stand, to whom payments must be made of all debts due the firm.
A. LYONS
fe3-dltw S. DEVO.

A. LYONS,
(Successor to A. Lyons & Co.)
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LOOKING GLASS & PICTURE FRAMES,
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VARIETY GOODS, &c.,
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fe5-ddtf

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned as grocers and Produce Dealers, under the firm of MERCER & ROBINSON, has been dissolved this day by the withdrawal of ECCLES ROBINSON—and that the books and accounts of the firm will be found in the hands of said Robinson (who will attend exclusively thereto) at the old Stand, on Federal street, where those indebted will please call and settle without delay, as the accounts will be placed in the proper hands for collection, unless paid on or before the first of March next. STEPHEN MERCER.
January 29th, 1858. E. ROBINSON.

☞The undersigned will continue the business at the old stand on Federal street, Allegheny, where the wants of the old customers and all others will be attended to as usual. The business will hereafter be conducted on the principle of selling our low rates. STEPHEN MERCER & CO.
jy29-dtdAwT

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, engaged in the manufacture of Rope and Twine, under the style of J. & H. GERWIG, was dissolved by mutual consent, dating from January 1st, 1858. The business of the firm will be settled by the remaining partner. HENRY GERWIG.
jan7-dtdAw
HENRY GERWIG,
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NOTICE.

I HAVE this day associated with me Benjamin F. Pettit and William H. Whitney in the general Commission Wool and Produce business. The style of the firm will be SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.
SPRINGER HARBAUGH.

SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO. WM. H. WHITNEY.
SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
Wool, Hides, Provisions & Produce Generally,
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jal2

NOTICE.

WE have this day associated with us JOHN H. LAMBERT and JAMES H. WRIGHT. THOMAS B. HOLMES retires from the active management of the business. B. HOLMES & SONS.
jan 11m

THE
GREAT BEAUTIFIER
Is now the destined result.
FOUND AT LAST!

FOR IT RESTORES PERMANENTLY Gray Hair to its original color, covers luxuriantly the bald head, removes all dandruff, itching and all scrofula, scald head and all ringbone, makes the hair soft, healthy, and glossy, and will preserve it to any inoculable age, produces, as if by magic, all hidden, &c., from the face, and cures all troublesome and nervous headache. See circular and the following:

DEPOT, 3 H. feb 2, 1857.
PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO.—Gentlemen: Within a few days we have received so many orders and calls for Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, that finding we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity, (the supply you forwarded all being sold,) thinking we might order a quantity from you. *Every bottle we have yet sent to have produced there or four new customers*, and the approbation, and patronage it receives from the most substantial and worthy citizens of our city, we feel fully confident we shall find it A MOST VALUABLE PREPARATION.
Send us as soon as may be one gross of $1 size, and one dozen $2 size; and believe us yours very respectfully,
DANIEL LATHROP & CO.

HUDSON GROVE, St. Charles Co., Mo., Nov. 19, 1856.
Prof. O. J. Wood.—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to try some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful that we feel our duty to you and the sick to report it.
Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeing his suffering, advised us to use your Restorative, which we with little hope of success, but, to our surprise, and the of all our friends, a very few applications removed the disease entirely, and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out, and we can now say that our boy has a healthy scalp, and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any other child.—We can therefore, and do heartily recommend your Restorative, as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair. We are, yours, respectfully,
GEORGE W. HIGGINBOTHAM.
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTHAM.

GARDINER, Maine, June 22, 1855.
PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the Hair. Before outright I was gray of seventy. My hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of long standing and of great severity. Yours respectfully,
DANIEL L. MURPHY.
O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, N. Y., (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists. no20

MACHINERY.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Pittsburgh Water Works until 7 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, 16th inst., for furnishing the following machinery: For the Lower Water Works—one new Main Valve (number one new Pump Barrel, and to belong one of the present Pump Barrels. For the Upper Water Works—a new Beam Engine, 7 inch cylinder, 8 inch stroke, and two 12 inch Pumps, 12 inch stroke; the Engine and Pumps to be put up in good working order. Proposals will be received for all or part of the above machinery. For further particulars enquire at the office of the works.
feb16tmd JAMES NELSON, Supt.

Rock's Remedy for Pulmonary and Tubercular Consumption.

HAVING been appointed sole Agent for the sale of Dr. ORONHYNO ROCK'S celebrated CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, the public will now be put in possession of one of the most extraordinary remedies extant for what has heretofore been considered an incurable disease.
I have the unequivocal undertaken the agency, from the fact of its extreme simplicity—being an *outward application*, the action of which is seemingly miraculous, and its having none of those attributes which make up the numerous compounds now in period use.
With the utmost confidence in the success of this remedy, which has heretofore been used in private practice with great success, as is shown by numerous letters and certificates, is now offered to the public.
A pamphlet, containing directions, letters from distinguished individuals, and documentary evidence from the physicians of the hospital of Havana, Island of Cuba, &c., will accompany the remedy.
These speak volumes in its praise, and publicity is only required to render it as popular as it is beneficial. Address JAMES REESE,
Sole Agent for the United States,
No. 34 Market street, Philadelphia.
Principal Office, 1020 FITZWATER. feb 16md

COAL.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Pittsburgh Water Works, Council Chambers, until 7 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, 16th inst., for supplying the Water Works with Coal for the term of one year, commencing on the 1st of April next. Proposals to be for Lump Coal, or for nut Coal in part, and for one or both works. For further particulars enquire at the office of the works. JAMES NELSON, Supt.
The Best Fuel to use this Weather is CANNEL COAL.

A GOOD SIZED LUMP LAID ON THE Grate will retain fire for 48 hours, and at any time a brisk fire is wanted, a few blows of the poker and presto—it bursts out into a brilliant flame, dispensing light and heat through all the room. TRY IT. Orders left at the Depot, corner Anderson street and R. R., Allegheny, or dropped in the Post Office, Pittsburgh, promptly filled.
Bituminous Coal also delivered at lowest rates.
W. A. McCLURG.

NEW CARPETS,
AT THE FOURTH STREET STORE.
W. D. & H. McCALLUM
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A VERY large assortment of CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c., the latest styles for Fall Trade, comprising
VELVET AND BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY AND THREE PLY,
SUPERFINE AND
LOW PRICED INGRAINS.
Wool, Dutch, Hemp, List, Rag, Hall and Stair Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Cocoa Matting, Stair Rods, &c., &c.
Also, a choice lot of Drugets from one to four yards wide; beautiful patterns Floor Oil Cloth, from 2 to 24 feet wide, with all other goods usually found in first class Carpet Stores, all of which we are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates for cash. no5 W. D. & H. McCALLUM.

DRUGS.

MASON'S LEATHER PRESERVATIVE, Babbitt's Soap Powder, El Cash. Soda, Epsom Salts, PURE GLYCERINE, Pow'd Blue Mass, do Golden Seal, Gum Tragacanth, Perfumery, Soaps, Toilet articles, &c., just received and for sale by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
fe2 Corner Fourth and Wood streets.

POT and SODA ASHES, just received and for sale by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
Corner Fourth and Wood streets.

New Advertisements.

REMOVAL.
The Cleveland & Pittsburgh Rail Road, and The Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Rail Road.

ON AND AFTER FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19th, the Freight business of these Roads in the CITY OF PITTSBURGH will be transacted at the NEW AND COMMODIOUS DEPOT, PENN STREET, ABOVE WAYNE, ADJOINING THE PENNSYLVANIA CANAL.
The attention of Merchants, Manufacturers and Shippers is invited to the superior facilities afforded by these Roads FOR SPEED, SAFETY AND LOW RATES and for the prompt transportation of Freights by *CONTINUOUS RAILWAY CONNECTIONS* From PITTSBURGH to CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, CHICAGO, COLUMBUS, DAYTON, INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE AND ALL THE WESTERN, NORTH WESTERN AND SOUTH WESTERN STATES.
Freight is sent to most of the above places in the same cars in which it is loaded at this Depot.
Through Receipts given on all important Points.
For further information apply to JOHN P. GLASS, Agent.
feb17tf

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING.

A large lot of this celebrated Blacking received this day by JOSEPH FLEMING,
fe18 Corner of the Diamond and Market Streets.

OAK LEATHER BELTING—1622 feet of 5, 6, 9 and 12 inches wide, just rec'd by J. & H. PHILLIPS, 26 and 28 St. Clair st.
fe18

LACE LEATHER—Another lot of superior quality just rec'd by J. & H. PHILLIPS.

OIL CLOTH TABLE COVERS—50 doz. assorted sizes of a superior quality on hand at 26 and 28 St. Clair st. fe18 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

TRANSPARENT GREEN OIL CLOTH—A large stock of all widths for sale by J. & H. PHILLIPS.
fe18

SPRING FASHIONS FOR 1858.—Very Important to Dress Makers, Milliners, Trimming Stores, &c.—DEMOREST'S GRAND EMPORIUM OF FASHIONS, 375 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.—Elegant and extensive display of new designs now ready. Full sets of Richly trimmed Patterns, including Mantillas, Basques, Sleeves, Full Dress and Childrens' Patterns in all 15 articles, with plain duplicates to each. Large size card, &c., sent by Express on receipt of $5. Smaller sets for $2 and $3.
Permanent Branches of this Emporium appointed on liberal terms. For particulars, send for Circular. Demorest's First Premium System of Dress Cutting with full instructions, sent by mail on the receipt of $1; Child's system 50 cents. fe17-3td

French Artificial Flowers and Flower Materials.

WE are now receiving our Spring Styles of French Flowers and Flower Materials, which for variety and beauty sur