Pittsburgh Gazette.

D. P. WILLIAMS.....D. L. HAYES.....S. RIDDLE.....RUSSELL KERR.

S. RIDDLE & Co.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:
FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1858.

DOLEFUL.—The Washington *Union* is in a very doleful mood over the defeat of the Administration in the House on Harris' resolution. It sees in it the disruption and destruction of the national democratic party—the last "national" organization that is left. It says:

"We had a portentous indication of these intentions in the late national election, when all but one Northern State cast a majority of their votes against the party and candidates which supported the great intersectional pledges of 1850 and 1854. A still worse indication even than this we have had here within the few days past. The opposition to the northern majority party to the execution of these pledges was to have been expected. *But the refusal of a portion of the national men of the North to co-operate with their own national organization was ominous indeed.* The national party is the only remaining barrier between the majority party of the North and the Constitution in its integrity and sanctity; and the refusal of a considerable portion of the Northern Democratic members to *co-operate with the National Party*—nay, their formal and apparently concerted coalition with the Black Republican Party—*threatens a dismemberment and dissolution of the National Democracy. If persisted in, this movement of Northern Democrats must break down the last remaining national organization of the people of our Union, and must finally secionalize the politics and political parties of our common country.* The issues, in that event, must be between a majority section and a minority section, a majority of States and a minority of States, a majority sectional party and a minority sectional party,—with no guarantee for the independence in the Union of the minority section but the Constitution—with the majority as expressly organized for the abrogation and destruction of that."

The greatest blessing that could possibly befal this nation would be the destruction of this "national" democratic party. Slavery is generally considered a curse, and there are a great many other evils in the nation that may fairly be comprised under a similar name; but the greatest curse of all is this "national" democratic party. It has not only abetted Slavery in all possible ways, but it has stooped to all sorts of fraud and villainy in its behalf; and if it has no other bond of union than the success of the Lecompton fraud, the sooner it is scattered to the four winds of heaven the better for the nation and its record on the pages of history. The darkest spot on those pages will be the recital of the attempt of this administration to force Slavery and a rejected Constitution upon an unwilling people through the agency of a party that sets common sense and decency at defiance by calling itself "democratic."

A STRIKING SIMILARITY.—We are quite forcibly struck with the resemblance in tone between the late speech of the Emperor Napoleon at the opening of the French Chambers and the Kansas Message of our President, "James IV." Now can we confine the resemblance to the prevailing *tone* of the documents alone; many passages are similar. For example:

"The last elections, despite their satisfactory results, offered in many localities a sad spectacle. Hostile parties took advantage of it *to create opposition in the country;* and some men had the boldness openly to declare themselves the enemies of the national institutions, deceived the electors by false promises, and having gained their votes, then spurned them with contempt." —*Napoleon.*

"They (the Republicans) have never acknowledged, but have constantly renounced and defied the government to which they owe allegiance, and have been all the time in a state of resistance against its authority. They have all the time been endeavoring to subvert it and establish a revolutionary government under the so called Topeka Constitution, in its stead.

"This government they would long since have subverted had it not been protected by the sanits by the troops of the United States. Such has been the condition of affairs since my inauguration."—*James IV.*

Take another example:

"Moreover, there is a truth inscribed upon every page of the history of France and of England—namely, that liberty without obstacles is impossible so long as there exists in a country a faction which obstinately disowns the *fundamental basis of the Government;* for then liberty, instead of enlightening, controlling, ameliorating, is nothing else in the hands of factions but a weapon of destruction."—*Napoleon.*

"It is a disregard and violation of law which has for years kept the Territory of Kansas in a state of almost *open rebellion against its Government;* it is the same spirit which has produced actual rebellion in Utah"—*James IV.*

And here is another:

"If I should be removed by death from the position I hold, my son, strong in the affections of the people, may appeal to them and *to the army to sustain him".—Napoleon.*

Kansas admitted under this constitution, I shall be enabled to withdraw the troops from that Territory and employ them on the Mormon frontier, where they are most needed."—*James IV.*

These resemblances are by no means accidental; nor do they spring entirely from that similarity in tone and expression which a real as well as a would-be tyrant naturally assumes in addressing his creatures, his subjects, his *slaves*—for this Kansas Message was addressed to the Northern doughfaces who are slaves from the apron-string up to what passes for their manhood. There may be some fortuitous resemblances; some may spring from the second cause alluded to above, but a still stronger reason is found in the fact that the French (or Dutch) Emperor and the American President are each in their own spheres laboring to bolster up an usurpation. These "factious" people who "create an agitation" in France are the few noble souls who do not recognize that as a legitimate government, whose foundations are laid in fraud, whose inception was heralded by cannon that swept the thronged streets of Paris with death-dealing shot, and whose every step in its early career is drenched with gore and made amid piles of innocent slain.

So those people in Kansas whom our puny-would-be tyrant denounces as "rebels," "violators of law" and disturbers of the "national tranquility," who are they but the ardent and high-toned spirits, who saw this "government" of Kansas set up by an army of 6000 men from a hostile state? These "rebels" are they who deny that legitimate authority *can* flow from a "government" that was conceived in fraud and begotten in iniquity. They are sworn foes to the Missouri usurpation, as are the French Republicans who were elected *to the Corps Legislatif*, sworn foes to the Napoleonic usurpation. Hence it is that the tone and spirit of the denunciations of the real tyrant in France against his enemies, are similar to that, which the would-be sham tyrant in Washington uses against the Republican party in Kansas.

MR. FESSENDEN.—This Senator is one of the ablest on the Republican side. His late speech on Kansas and the Dred Scott decision is spoken of highly in all quarters. The correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* writes:

"Mr. Fessenden's speech in the Senate to-day, was universally conceded to be a most powerful argument, although Mr. Benjamin thinks he can easily controvert and overthrow it. He will find he has a foeman worthy of his steel, and an intellectual contest on his hands that will require all his acknowledged power and skill to conduct to successful issue. Mr. F. achieved a complete victory in the debate over Mr. Toombs, the ablest Southern leader in the body. The latter claimed that the Kansas-Nebraska bill contained no "enabling act," and that the President was wrong in asserting the contrary doctrine. Mr. F. inquired where, then, the people of Kansas got the power to frame a Constitution and State Government? Mr. Toombs replied, 'from the Territorial Legislature.'" Mr. Fessenden, then inquired where the *Legislature* got the power, if not from the organic act? This silenced the gentleman from Georgia, who attempted to answer; and Mr. F. followed up his advantage by asking Mr. T. whether, according to his own concession, the Topeka Constitution had not just as much legality as the Lecompton Constitution, —whether they do not stand before Congress on precisely the same footing? Mr. Toombs gave up the battle, turning uneasily in his seat, but making no reply."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—John Calhoun's announcement of a Free State majority on State Officers and in the Legislature, at the late election in Kansas creates much talk among the Democracy. The ultra Southerners accuse him of playing a double part, with the intention of committing the pro-slavery men to a fraud and betraying them.—*Phil. Bul.*

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 9.

Editors Gazette: There was a very large meeting to-night in the Hall of the House of Representatives to listen to a lecture from Col. Forney upon "American Statesmen." Your readers will remember that he came hither upon the invitation of the members of the Senate and House of Representatives. Among those present I noticed Gov. Packer and the Heads of Departments. Col. Forney was conducted to the chair by the speakers of the (wo houses, and was introduced by Speaker Welsh of the Senate. His address was listened to throughout with profound respect. He several times alluded to his favorite topic of "popular sovereignty" but in terms of so general a character that no decided proclivity could be observed.

I forgot to mention that when he came forward he was received with hearty demonstrations of applause. During his address an allusion to Douglas, although made incidentally, brought down the house whilst a triplicate mention of that of Mr. Buchanan failed to elicit the slightest mark of approval. The secret of Col. Forney's warm reception here is not owing to the commanding character and prodigious talents of the man, but to the fact that he for the nonce embodies the' great idea of the will of the majority shall prevail"—he is the representative for the moment of an opposition swayed against an attempt to strike down that fundamental idea of our political system.

There was on yesterday also quite a struggle of three hours in the house relative to a joint order raised by M'Clure, of Franklin. If it had prevailed it would have *de facto* rescinded the resolution passed the other day relative to defering the report of the Special Kansas Committee to the 10th of March. It was not sustained by the House. I take it that the Kansas question will be up again to-morrow in the same form. It has not been decided in what exact form the question will be brought up. The majority are terribly afraid of it in any form, however remote it might be.

Nothing else of general interest has transpired since Saturday. I may say, however, that I know *authoritatively* that there will be no executive appointments made this week. The Governor has neither the time nor the disposition to consider them.

All that was of local importance in the House to-day has been telegraphed to you. I subjoin what was done in the Senate:

Mr. Gazzam presented a petition of citizens of Birmingham praying for the passage of a general law regulating the license of drays, carts and other vehicles, in the cities and boroughs of Allegheny county.

Also, a petition of similar import from citizens of Pittsburgh.

Also, remonstrance of citizens of Ohio Tp., Allegheny Co., against the passage of a law to lay out a State road from Hamilton's Church, via Kendall's Ferry, to Canonsburgh, in Washington Co.

Also, a memorial of the Councils of Pittsburgh praying for the repeal of the proviso to the second section of the Act of the 7th March, 1856, authorizing said Councils to levy a tax on sales of merchandize.

Also, remonstrance of citizens of South Pittsburgh against the passage of any law vacating Fifth street, in said borough.

Also, a petition of the Burgess and Town Council of Birmingham praying for the passage of a law authorizing said Councils to levy a special tax, not exceeding 6 mills on the dollar, to pay the debts of said Borough.

Mr. Gazzam read in place an Act vacating certain streets in the city of Allegheny, and to empower the Councils of said city to pass ordinances for the public improvements therein.

Also, an Act supplementary to an Act relative to the City of Pittsburgh.

Also, an Act relative to Weigh Scales in the city of Allegheny.

The bill to divorce Thomas Washington Smith and his wife—the parties to the great Carter tragedy in Philadelphia, passed the Senate on yesterday, and went through the House to-day, after a most patient debate, by a vote of 52 to 32. I suppose this is the last we shall hear of the parties to this great tragedy. R.

KANSAS AFFAIRS AT WASHINGTON.—The Washington correspondent correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* writes as follows:

"There were only five absentees—Reilly, of Pennsylvania; Leidy, of Pennsylvania; Bonham, of South Carolina; Caruthers, of Missouri, and Matteson, of New York. Reilly was paired off with Leidy, Bonham is sick at home, Caruthers is in Havana for his health, and Matteson is in New York.

"Gen. Calhoun visited Judge Douglas shortly after his arrival. They had a long conversation, several persons being present. The Judge inquired in reference to the returns from Delaware Crossing. Calhoun made no answer. Before they separated the inquiry was again made. Calhoun replied that the returns had been properly certified. Judge Douglas then pressed for some sworn evidence on the subject. Calhoun read and turned pale. About one o'clock at night Calhoun went to Douglas' House that he was convinced there had been fraud at Delaware Crossing—540 votes being put down where only 40 were cast—and that he had made the correction in the record with the approval of the President. He authorized Judge Douglas, Mr. Harris, of Illinois, and Gen. Quitman to publish this fact.

"John Calhoun, of Kansas, and late President of the Lecompton Convention, has imprisoned himself in his room at the Kirkwood's, to write a defence of his conduct. It will be a lengthy document, and will, I learn, make some startling developments. Calhoun is not as well satisfied with his position as many people imagine. At least the indignation his tyranny has excited affects and troubles him much."

DISUNION AND THE SOUTH.—The Southern is again dark with the spectre of disunion. Unless Congress be compelled to receive a Constitution which nine-tenths of her people had no hand in framing, which they abhor and would repudiate, then we are told the dire contingency has arisen in which the Slave States must sever the bonds of confederacy and establish an independent empire.

It is not worth while gravely to discuss the probabilities of so momentous a step, to be taken upon a pretext so ridiculous. Nor shall we do the thinking patriotic citizens of the South, constituting a large, though not a politically active majority, the injustice to suspect them of sympathy with the vaporing of their fire-eating representatives. There is no more to lose by a separation than the South can afford to contemplate with at least equal equanimity the consequences likely to follow.

The present is doubtless the great turning point in the controversy between the Free and Slave States. That the latter should strive to maintain the preponderance given, first by numbers, and afterwards by superior tactics, is natural. We have no disposition to find fault on account of such struggles to retain power. But there are now sixteen Free to fifteen Slave States, with three more Free States about to come in. The contest is virtually over. When there shall be a decisive and irreversible preponderance on the side of the North, party exigencies will not as heretofore be able to compromise any substantial interest of Freedom.

The South owes it to its character and interest, to its memories and its hopes, that it should yield to inevitable destiny. Threats and blustering are evidences of weakness, not strength; and disunion as a menace has lost its power to frighten, while as an actual event its disasters would fall heaviest and first upon the South itself.

GOV. WISE ON THE LECOMPTON CONSTITUTION.—Gov. Wise, of Virginia, has again shocked the Democracy and the South by writing to the Committee of the late Anti-Lecompton Democratic meeting in this city, a very long and elaborate letter, condemning the Lecompton Constitution. He sets forth the two points that that Constitution is not the act and deed of the people of Kansas, and that it is not republican in form. He argues both of these at great length and with much force. He condemns the cowardly policy of admitting Kansas with the Constitution, on the ground of expediency, as urged by the President, and he concludes with expressing the opinion that such a policy will be ruinous to the Democratic party, and may lead to disunion. The letter is one of the most earnest and best reasoned that has lately come from Gov. Wise's pen, and it will doubtless produce a great sensation at the South. As the Governor has always been one of Mr. Buchanan's warmest friends, and was one of the most influential advocates of his elevation to the Presidency, his abandonment of him on this question is peculiarly significant. The President has already been deserted by a large proportion of the Democrats of the North. The Union loving Democrats of the South will also abandon him, if he persists in the fatal policy he has undertaken.—*Phil. Bul.*

WHAT DOUGLAS' WASHINGTON ORGAN HAS TO SAY.—The Washington States of February 5th has a leader on the Lecompton question, which contains this forcible paragraph:

The old adage says, "marry in haste and repent at leisure." If this hollow-cheeked and consumptive Lecompton constitution, however padded up and painted for the bridal occasion, be wedded by the Democracy, the latter will have soon and sudden a lengthy widowhood for repentance. It will behold the projects of its manhood overthrown, its household gods leveled, and the very foundation of its hopes blasted; for the offspring begat of the temporary union will all have in them the seeds of that constitutional wrecking disease, which no healing power can eradicate, nor fate itself alter.—Under any circumstances, the disease only can be prolonged.

GLYCERINE, GLYCERINE, GLYCERINE,
Highly perfumed. Sure cure and preventative of Chapped Hands, Face and Lips, for sale at
SUPER'S DRUG STORE,
corner Penn and St. Clair Streets.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1858.—The Secretary of the Interior received a letter from Gov. Denver yesterday, containing the affidavits of the three Judges of Election at Delaware Crossing, certifying that only 43 votes had been cast at that Precinct. Sec. Thompson sent for Gen. Calhoun and presented to his attention these facts, which could not be resisted or refuted. As they decide the Legislature in favor of the Free State party, Calhoun is now determined to issue certificates accordingly, and justifies his refusal heretofore on the ground that fabricated reports had been made to him, and that the statement of one of the Judges, while in duress, was not entitled to consideration. It is represented that he has never yet seen the official returns, which are now in Lecompton.

Regarding the election of State officers, he proposes delivering the returns to the State Legislature, whenever assembled, to be proclaimed officially.—*N. Y. Trib.*

Special Notices.

Headache.—FROM AN EMINENT CLERGYMAN.—I take great pleasure in saying to you that I made use of Boerhave's Holland Bitters, and found apparent relief of a terrible headache, from which I had long suffered, and I believe they were of service to me in relieving my stomach and head.
SAMUEL R. BABCOCK.

HEADACHE AND DEBILITY.—Mr. Silas J. Hicombe, of Birmingham, says: "I have found in Boerhave's Holland Bitters, a remedy for Headache and Debility. My wife has also used it with the greatest benefit."

Mr. A. S. Nicholson, of Pittsburgh, also remark: that he has experienced much relief from its use for headache.

Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the proprietors, BENJ. PAGE, jr., & CO., Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists, Pittsburgh, Pa., and Druggists generally. See advertisement. fe6d&w2

Dr. J. Hostetter's Bitters meet with great favor as remedies for disease of the Stomach, and all other diseases arising from a disordered digestive system; and its component parts being entirely vegetable, it is more safe than the ordinary preparations offered to the public, while its pleasant effect on the system renders it vastly popular with those whom use it. Dr. Hostetter's reputation is widespread, and the care with which he prepares his medicines secures it always safe and reliable. The Bitters are most agreeable in flavor, and, as it contains nothing that can impair the health, but, on the contrary, contributes to its preservation, this preparation must prove highly popular. It is a genuine and truly valuable article for all of the forms of disease, and we sincerely trust that our readers may test its excellence.

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To be the
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The only Medal awarded by the Jury of the New York Exhibition for Foreign Sauce, was obtained by LEA & PERRINS for their WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE. A world-wide fame of which having led to numerous imitations, purchasers are earnestly requested to see that the names of LEA & PERRINS are impressed upon the Bottle and Stopper, and printed upon the labels.
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Collections promptly made in any part of Northern Iowa, or Western Wisconsin.
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Where they may be consulted daily, (Sundays excepted,) for **Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis** and all other **Chronic Affections** connected with, or predisposing to **Pulmonary Disease.**

DRS. FITCH & SYKES feel that they cannot too earnestly or too frequently admonish invalids of the EXCEEDING DANGER OF DELAY IN PULMONARY DISEASE—its symptoms often seem so trifling as to beget a delusive feeling of safety even while the disease is making rapid progress, and the patient neglects himself till a cure is next to impossible.

Office Hours—10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

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A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to consult us by letter.

Address DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SYKES,
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Business Changes.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of A. LYONS & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 16th of January, 1858. The business of the firm will be continued as heretofore by A. LYONS, at the old stand, to whom payments must be made for all debts due the firm.
A. LYONS.
fe5:d1w S. BOYD.

A. LYONS,
(Successor to A. Lyons & Co.)
MANUFACTURER OF
LOOKING GLASS & PICTURE FRAMES,
AND DEALER IN
VARIETY GOODS, &C.,
No. 138 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
fe5:d1f

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned as Grocers and Produce Dealers, under the firm of MERCER & ROBINSON, has been dissolved this day by the withdrawal of ECCLES ROBINSON—and that the books and accounts of the firm will be found in the hands of said Robinson (who will attend exclusively thereto) at the Old Stand, on Federal street, where those indebted will please call and settle without delay, as the accounts will be placed in the proper hands for collection, unless paid on or before the first of March next. STEPHEN MERCER.
January 28th, 1858. E. ROBINSON.

The undersigned will continue the business at the old stand on Federal street, Allegheny, where the wants of the old customers and all others will be attended to as usual.
STEPHEN MERCER & CO.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, engaged in the manufacture of Hops and Twine, under the style of J. & H. GERWIG, was dissolved by mutual consent, dating from January 1st, 1858. The business of the firm will be settled by the remaining partner. JACOB GERWIG.
ja27:1wd HENRY GERWIG.

HENRY GERWIG,
No. 489, corner Penn and Walnut Streets,
MANUFACTURER OF PITTSBURGH
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Those goods, of the above constantly on hand and for sale at market rates. jan27:6md

NOTICE.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 11th, 1858.
I HAVE this day associated with me Benjamin F. Pettit and William H. Whitacre in the general Commission, Wool and Produce Business. The style of the firm will be SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.
SPRINGER HARBAUGH.

SPRINGER HARBAUGH.....BENJAMIN F. PETTIT.....WM. H. WHITACRE.
SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
Wool, Hides, Provisions & Produce Generally,
No. 295 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

NOTICE.

WE have this day associated with us JOHN H. EBBERT and JAMES H. WRIGHT, THOMAS B. HOLMES retiring from the active management of the business. ja4:3m N. HOLMES & SONS.

THE
GREAT BEAUTIFIER
SO LONG UNSUCCESSFULLY SOUGHT,
FOUND AT LAST!

FOR IT RESTORES PERMANENTLY Gray Hair to its original color; covers luxuriantly the bald head; removes all dandruff, itching and all scrofula, scald head and all eruptions; makes the hair soft, healthy, and glossy; and will preserve it to any imaginable age, rendering it, by its magic, all blotches, &c., from the face, and cures all neuralgia and nervous headache. See circular and the following:

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO.—GENTS: While a few days we have received so many orders and calls for Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, that to-day we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity, (the 6 dozen you forwarded all being sold,) while we might order a quantity from you. *Every bottle we have sold seems to have performed three or four new customers*, and the approbation and patronage it receives is the most substantial and worthy citizens of our vicinity, fully convinces us that *it is* A MOST VALUABLE PREPARATION.
Send us as soon as may be one gross of $1 size, and one dozen $2 size, and believe us yours very respectfully,
(Signed) DANIEL LATHROP & CO.

DOVER, N. H., Feb. 2, 1857.
PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO.—Gents: While a few days we have received so many orders and calls for Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, that to-day we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity, (the 6 dozen you forwarded all being sold,) while we might order a quantity from you. *Every bottle we have sold seems to have performed three or four new customers*, and the approbation and patronage it receives is the most substantial and worthy citizens of our vicinity, fully convinces us that *it is* A MOST VALUABLE PREPARATION.
Send us as soon as may be one gross of $1 size, and one dozen $2 size, and believe us yours very respectfully,
(Signed) DANIEL LATHROP & CO.

HICKORY GROVE, St. Charles Co., Mo., Nov. 19, 1856.
PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restoratives, and its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and the afflicted, to report it.
Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeing his suffering, advised us to use your Restorative, we did so with little hope of success, but, to our surprise, and the joy of all our friends, a very few applications removed the disease entirely, and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out, and we can now say that our boy has as healthy a scalp, and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any one. We can therefore confidently recommend your Restorative for the worst cases of diseases of the scalp and hair. We are, yours, respectfully,
GEORGE W. HIGGINBOTHAM.
SARAH J. HIGGINBOTHAM.

GARDINER, Maine, June 22, 1855.
PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the Hair. Before using it I was a man of seventy. My hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of the worst kind. Yours respectfully,
DANIEL L. MURPHY.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, N. Y. (in the New York Hair Selling Establishment) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists. ap20:1yd&w1

MACHINERY.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Pittsburgh Water Works until 7 o'clock P. M., on SUNDAY, 14th inst., for furnishing the following machinery: For the lower Water Works—one new Main Valve Chamber, one new Pump Barrel, and re-boring one of the present Pump Barrels. For the Upper Water Works—a new Doctor Engine, 7 inch cylinder, 16 inch stroke, and 1 ws. 10 inch Pumps, 9 inch stroke; the Engine and Pumps to be put up in good working order. Propositions will be received for all or part of the above machinery. For further particulars enquire at the office of the works. JAMES NELSON, Supt.
fe10:1wd

Roca's Remedy for Pulmonary and Tubercular Consumption.

HAVING been appointed sole Agent for the sale of Don GERONIMO ROCA'S celebrated CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, the public will now be put in possession of one of the most extraordinary remedies extant for what has heretofore been considered an incurable disease.
I have the more readily undertaken the agency, from the fact of its extreme simplicity—being an outward application, the action of which is accompanied by miraculous, and its having none of those attributes which make up the numerous compounds now in general use.
With the utmost confidence in the success of this remedy, which has heretofore been used in private practice with great success, as is shown by numerous letters and certificates, is now offered to the public.
A pamphlet, containing directions, letters from distinguished individuals, and documentary evidence from the physicians of the hospital of Havana, Island of Cuba, &c., will accompany the remedy.
These speak volumes in its praise, and publicity is only required in order to render it as popular as it is beneficial. Address JAMES REESE,
Sole Agent for the United States,
No. 241 Market street, Philadelphia.
Principal Office, 1020 PITZWATER. fe9:1md

COAL.

Best Family to use this Weather is
CANNEL COAL.

A GOOD SIZED LUMP LAID ON THE Grate will retain fire for 48 hours, and at any time a brisk fire is wanted, a few blows of the bellows and pressure bursts out into a brilliant flame, dispensing light and heat through all the room. TRY IT. Orders left at the Depot, corner Anderson street and R. S. Allegheny, or dropped in the Post Office, Pittsburgh, promptly filled.
Bituminous Coal also delivered at lowest rates.
fe1:dyd W. A. McCLURG.

NEW CARPETS,
AT THE FOURTH STREET STORE.
W. D. & H. McCALLUM
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A VERY large assortment of CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c., the latest styles for Fall Trade, comprising
VELVET AND BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY AND THREE PLY,
SUPERFINE AND
LOW PRICED INGRAINS.
Wool, Dutch, Hemp, List, Rag, Hall and Stair Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Cocoa Matting, Stair Rods, &c., &c.
Also, a choice lot of Druggets from one to four yards wide; beautiful patterns Floor Oil Cloth, from 2 to 24 feet wide, with all other goods usually found in first class Carpet Stores, all of which we are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates for cash. oct5 W. D. & H. McCALLUM.

DRUGS.

MASON'S LEATHER PRESERVATIVE,
Babbit's Soap Powder,
Bi Carb. Soda,
Epsom Salts,
Pow'd. Blue Mass, do. Golden Seal, PURE GLYCERINE,
Gum Tragacanth,
POT and SODA ASHES,
Perfumery, Soaps, Toilet articles, &c., just received and for sale by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
fe2 Corner Fourth and Wood streets.

BELL HANGING!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE!!
Door Bells at $2.50
and upwards, put up in the best style by
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
de1:d1w 128 Smithfield St.

SUNDRIES—310 sacks Tenn. Wheat;
11 bags Flaxseed;
25 sack Silver Spring Flour;
257 bbls Gallatin Mills' do;
On shipping Orders to arrive for sale by
fe4 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

1000 BBLS. FLOUR, Choice Brands.
In store and for sale by
fe5 JAMES GARDINER.

New Advertisements.

THE ANNIVERSARY MEETING OF the Allegheny Bible Society will be held in East Common Methodist Church on TUESDAY Evening the 16th instant, at 7½ o'clock.
Addresses will be delivered by Rev. C. P. Krauth and others. fe12:d2t

COSMOGONY; OR, THE MYSTERIES OF CREATION, being an analysis of the Natural Facts, stated in the Hebraic account of the Creation, supported by the developments of existing acts of God toward matter. Beatrice: Cenci: Barth's Africa: Livingstone's Africa: Debit and Credit: Memoirs of Gemmecourt and the Bow in the Cloud, by Mehoff. English Hearts and English Hands: Parton's Life of Aaron Burr, Knight's English Cyclopædia: Household Waverly for February. A new supply of Episcopal and other S. S. Books. W. Archer Butler's History of Ancient Philosophy; Ministering Children, &c. For sale by
fe12 J. S. DAVISON, 61 Market st.

FOR RENT.—A FARM containing 130 acres, situate in Moon township, on the bank of the Ohio river, 12 miles from Pittsburgh. About 100 acres cleared, 70 of which is first quality bottom land. Said farm is in a high state of cultivation, and well watered, therefore well adapted to either stock or farming purposes. Rent moderate to a good tenant. Will be leased for a term of years if desired. For particulars enquire of the subscriber, on the Temperanceville and Noblestown Plank Road, 3 miles from Pittsburgh. fe12:3t* MOSES CHEESEMAN.

CLOVER SEED—50 hus. rec'd on consignment and for sale by SHRIVER & DILWORTH,
fe12 120 and 122 Second street.

20 BBLS. FRESH EGGS;
24 do Roll Butter,
For sale by SHRIVER & DILWORTH.
fe12

New York and San Francisco Steamship Line, via Panama Railroad.

THE first class steamship NORTHERN LIGHT, 2,500 tons, E. L. Tinklepaugh, Master, will sail from pier 3, North River, on WEDNESDAY, March 10th, for ASPINWALL, connecting with the first class steamship ORIZABA, 2,500 tons, J. H. Bletchen, Master, leaving Sanfrancisco March 5th.
For passage and freight, apply ONLY to
fe5:d&w2 D. TORRANCE, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling Green, New York.

JUST RECEI