Pittsburgh Gazette.

D. P. WILLIAMS.....D. L. RAYON.....S. RIDDLE.....MITCHELL REDDY.

S. RIDDLE & Co.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:
FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 29, 1858.

CIVILIZATION.—Virginia, now and then, puts forth such choice flowers of civilization, as do not fail to attract all eyes. The latest instance is recorded in the Richmond papers of latest date received.

Mr. Ridgway, editor of the Richmond *Whig*, is attacked in his sanctum by a man the worse for liquor. This man turns out to be Q. Jennings Wise, whose papa is Henry A. Wise. Against the latter, the *Whig* had said something that penetrated the sensibilities of the former. O. J. W. did not succeed in whipping Ridgway; on the contrary, the very reverse appears to have been the result of the collision, and the Governor's son retired from the *rencontre* a little dilapidated. This however, was only a beginning. Blood must settle the matter, and Mr. Ridgway on the morning of January 23d, proposes to square accounts in the tragic manner set forth in the following note addressed to O. Jennings Wise:

"I propose that you and I select only one friend each, and with one pair of pistols, we shall all meet in either your office or mine, at an hour to be hereafter designated—that after thus meeting and the door being locked, you and I shall be securely blind-folded, that then the seconds shall load one of the pistols and leave the other unloaded—that they shall next determine by lot the choice of pistols—that the pistols shall then be handed to us, and that yours shall be placed directly against my breast, and mine against yours—that, next and finally, at the giving of the word, we shall both pull trigger, and let the consequences take care of themselves.

"Such, sir, is the proposition I make to you deliberately!"

Couldock has recently been in Richmond, and we have no doubt in his part of John Mildmay in the play of "Still Waters," suggested this dashing method of settling the difficulty. Mr. Wise, too, remembers the part of Capt. Hawkesley, and refuses to fight in a style ignored entirely by the "code" and unworthy of a "gentleman." Such a method, he declares, would leave the whole to chance. At latest dates, the difficulty was still unsettled. Mr. Ridgway contends that he has precedents in "Virginia communities of propositions more desperate being accepted and acted out to a bloody conclusion."

THE NEBRASKA FIGHT.—We published a few mornings since a letter over the initials "H. V." written to us from Florence, in Nebraska Territory. Its object and the tenor of it was, to set forth the circumstances and causes of the late rupture in the Legislature at Omaha, and of the secession of a portion of it which went to Florence and held their sessions as a law-making power there.

Yesterday we were in the receipt of a letter from Omaha, signed by an "Old Pittsburgher," the amount of which is, that the letter of our Florence correspondent is generally a misrepresentation. He says in regard to the "mob" breaking into the House at Omaha, as alleged by H. V.:

"The lobby, which is but a small one, was filled, as was very frequently the case; and many of those who were in it as well as upon the floor of the House, were persons from different parts of the Territory. Amongst those present at the Capitol that afternoon were your former townman, Col. Black, and Judge Kinney, formerly Chief Justice of Utah Territory, both new residents of Nebraska City, the home of Speaker Decker; and as they were the most prominent individuals present, I presume they were the leaders of the 'mob.'"

We are also informed by this letter that the Legislature is back again at Omaha. Our correspondent winds up his letter by a statement that Brigham Young holds a deed of a part of the town of Florence.

We have not published our last correspondents letter entire, from the fact that the paper is written on both sides, and because, moreover, this is a local fight between two villages in Nebraska owned by speculators, the value of whose lots are in general enhanced by the location of the capital upon or near them. For our own part, in such a fight we do not care who beats.

LOOK OUT FOR THE BACKSLIDERS.—Whenever Democrats have been prompted to take honest grounds on the Slavery question, hitherto, they have held on firmly for a while, and then backed out, the pretence always being that the "Union" was in danger. As an evidence that the Douglas democrats are looking out for the chance of a backward movement, we note that they are getting very much concerned, just now, about the "Union." When they begin to talk about the Union being in danger, it is a sure sign that treachery is meditated. We extract the following, as an indication, from the Columbus correspondence of the Cincinnati *Commercial*:

"Governor Medary has returned from Washington, where he has been with him. I understand the most dolefu tidings regarding the present condition and future prospects of the Union. He states that the year 1860 will witness, for the first time in the history of this government, two distinct geographical parties arrayed against each other—contending for the interests of the South on the one hand, and for the interests of the North on the other—slave labor versus free labor. And what adds to his perplexity is the *nonchalance* with which Southern Democrats discuss the matter, and say to their Northern friends to go their own way, as they can now get along without them. The Governor is said to be very much cast down, and avers that no amount of Northern concession will avert the doom. Woe! Woe!"

THE TONNAGE TAX.—A bill is pending in the legislature to exempt iron, iron ore, fire clay and fire brick, passing over the Pennsylvania Road, from the tonnage tax. Coal and lumber are now exempt, the ground of their exemption being that they are leading Pennsylvania products and will not bear high rates of freight. By parity of reasoning, iron, in all its various states, ought to be put upon the same basis, for it is *the* great interest of the State, and needs all the fostering care that can be bestowed upon it. If iron men can secure from the Pennsylvania road a permanent reduction of the rates on iron equivalent to the tonnage tax, if released, the exemption ought to be forthwith conceded. It is not the policy of the State to tax its products or put the slightest obstacle in the way of their proper development. We are not aware of the understanding which our iron men have in regard to this measure; but if the benefit of the exemption is to enure directly to *them*, and not to the railroad (except indirectly by the increase of its carrying trade) then we are in favor of the proposed measure, and hope it may pass.

CIVIL WAR INEVITABLE.—The N. Y. *Times*, which for a year past has refused to believe that Buchanan had any bad purposes to carry out in Kansas, or that there was any danger to be apprehended in that Territory, has at last opened its eyes to the truth, and concludes that civil war is inevitable. It says:

"If Kansas should be admitted under the Lecompton Constitution, there will be two sets of claimants to the State offices. The one set will consist of the Pro-Slavery officials holding Calhoun's certificates;—the other will be the Free State having certificates from Messrs. Babcock and Deitzler, the presiding officers of the two branches of the Territorial Legislature and representing, clearly and unmistakably, the majority of the votes cast at the election. We do not believe that the former will ever be permitted by the people of Kansas to take possession of the State Government. *They will be resisted by force*, if all other means of excluding them fail. If any reliance can be placed upon the representations, official and otherwise, of those best acquainted with the Territory, the people of Kansas will not submit, under any circumstances, to so manifest and so flagrant a usurpation. Both Governors will probably appeal to the President to interfere to preserve the State from domestic violence, and he may thus be compelled to decide which of the two is in rightful possession of the office.

But however such a contest might terminate, it is certain that Kansas would be plunged into civil war by the adoption by Congress of the Lecompton Constitution. This last movement of Gen. Calhoun has rendered that result inevitable; and this prospect may very properly influence the action of Congress when the subject shall again come up for action. Indeed it is impossible that Congress should ignore the certainty of so fearful a catastrophe, in its deliberations and in the action it may decide to take."

COALITION IN NEW YORK.—The locofocos of the New York legislature have formed a coalition with the Fillmore Know Nothings, by which a locofoco Speaker and Know Nothing Clerk were elected. It was a regular bargain and sale—the Know Nothings carrying off the spoils and the locofocos the posts of honor. The locofoco candidate for Clerk, who was sacrificed by this arrangement, was an Irishman and a Catholic; and we hope the party will have a good time in explaining to the rank and file how they came to prefer a veritable, out-and-out, Fillmore Know Nothing to him.

CALHOUN AND BARRABAS.—The Ohio *Statesman* (Douglas) says:

"The doings of John Calhoun, for months, were disgraceful to the government that didn't remove him from the office he held in the Territory, and everybody knows it. Yet the honorable gentleman, Walker, was removed while this man was retained. They cried out that Barrabas should be released unto them. 'Now, Barrabas was a robber.'"

THE WATER WORKS.—At the request of a friend, we give place to the annexed communication. We have given no attention to the matter, but it is a proper subject of discussion, and our columns are open to whoever may have anything to say upon it.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE WATER WORKS.—Our citizens have recently been much exercised on the subject of taxation, expenditures, &c., not forgetting those for the High School. I now propose to add another item for consideration, by inviting their attention to the accounts and condition of the Water Works. This is an interest which never has received much attention from the citizens generally, neither on account of taxation nor any other. Perhaps this may be explained on the ground that custom has allowed the presentation of the gross sums and quantities in the shape of figures, which is annually laid before the public, generally after the election, and which few are prepared to analyze, to be passed without inquiry or examination.

I now submit the results of some calculations on the subject.

I have before me the reports of the Superintendent for the years 1850 and 1857, the first and last years of the management of the Works by the present officer. From these I derive some facts which may chance to arrest the attention of those who have the financial affairs of the city in their charge, and perhaps of some who are interested only as tax payers.

In 1850, the average daily supply of water was 258,000 feet, and the daily consumption of coal 259 bushels; 1 bushel to the 1000.

In 1857, the daily supply of water was 620,500 feet, and the consumption of coal 665 bushels, an increase of 45 bushels, over 1 to the 1000 feet, or 7 per cent; which in the whole cost of the coal for the year is $752 48. This for the lower engines only.

In 1850 the daily supply of 258,000 feet yielded a revenue of $83,000, at an average rate of tax upon dwellings and stores of $4 each.

In 1857 the daily supply of 620,500 feet yielded a revenue of $62,000, at an average rate to dwellings and stores of $4,62.

But as 258,000, at $4 the tenant, paid $33,000, the 620,000 feet at the same rate ought to have yielded $80,000.

But in 1857 there was an increase above 1850 of 62 cents the tenant, or 15 per cent., which, if all the assessments were proportionally advanced, would give an addition of $12,000, making the total revenue $92,000, instead of only $62,000. And a comparison of the rates of several of the larger tenants, which I am able to place side by side, shows a large advance from 1850 to 1857. For example:

The Court House rented from	$300 to 500	—66 ⅔ ct.
Gas Works.....	125 " 500-300	"
Breweries, each from.....	32 " 78.53-220	"
Livery Stables.....	36 " 60—56	"
Chandleries.....	16 " 60-275	"
Rectifying Distilleries.....	16.50 " 27—66	"

The average advance on these tenants is 165 ⅔ ct.

The total assessments on these tenants in 1857 is $4,165. Other classes I cannot so plainly compare on account of the difference of names under which they are classed.

But these Reports afford further data for interesting calculations.

They show that the 9000 dwellings and stores assessed at an average of $4,62, pay of the whole revenue more than two-thirds, viz: $43,000; and all the other tenants less than one-third—$19,000.

Now the data furnished by the experience of a number of cities, show that 5 gallons per day to each person, or say 60 gallons on an average, to each of the tenants under the head of Dwellings and Stores, is an ample supply. But for my present purpose I shall allow to each, 100 gallons per day. And to satisfy any one that 120 gallons is a large supply, let him think that it affords two ordinary buckets full every *half hour* for 12 hours of the day.

Now the daily supply of 620,500 cubic feet at 7½ gallons to the foot gives 4,653,750 gal.

But the 6 days supply have to be distributed over 7 days, which gives each day, 3,990,000

The diminished consumption on Sunday ought to be a full allowance for waste of fire plugs, &c., but I give an passes through the family use, whole, which is, 399,000 gal.

Leaves the nett daily provision for tenants,	3,591,000
From this quantity subtract 9000 times 120 gallons,	1,080,000
Leaves for use of all others,	2,511,000 gal.

These figures prove that two-thirds of the revenue is derived from less one-third of the water; and that the other two-thirds of the water is consumed by the payers of less than one-third of the revenue; or if not consumed by them, is wasted enormously.

The foregoing figures prove water is sold to all dwellings and stores, the whole supply after all the allowance I have made for waste, that is the 3,990,000 gallons at $4,62 for the supply of 120 gallons daily, would yield the sum of $143,000.

But some will not fail to ask, can there be a necessity for so large an allowance for waste as I have given? I have given the diminished consumption of Sunday which must be at least one-half or 1,995,000 gallons divided by 7 gives..... 285,000 gal.

and one-tenth of the whole supply which is.....	39,9000
Very nearly one-seventh of the whole.....	684,000

is what I have allowed for waste in the foregoing calculations. And when it is considered that every drop of the water supplied to the Basins is put there at large expense, it must be the ready conclusion of all, that no such amount of waste should be provided for, nor permitted.

There is still another fact which cannot too soon engage the attention of the citizens. And it can hardly be presumed from the condition of the department presented in the Reports, that the fact to which I have reference has attracted any of the attention of those having the works in their care. It is, that the capacity of the Basin *is equal to but one day's supply!*

The collection is accurate, I think Mr. M'Clelland in his Report for the year 1849, stated that the Reservoir, when full, contained but two and a half day's supply of the consumption of that period. And by the Report of the year 1850, the consumption averaged 258,000 feet. Then the consumption of part of the summer days must have reached 300,000 feet. By the last year's Report the average is given at 620,000, and it is fair to assume that some weeks in the summer required over 700,000 feet daily which is a greater quantity than the Basin contains when full; a height that the water is not maintained at more than a few hours in the week.

Thus we have the Reservoir filled and emptied daily, allowing no time for sediment to settle.

And in the event of but one of the Engines or Pumps becoming disabled, the city would be without water in less than a week, or be limited to one half of the usual supply.

At the rate at which the consumption and waste has increased in the last eight years, in less than four years the whole capacity of both pumps will be required without cessation, day or night.

[Correspondence of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.]

KANSAS AFFAIRS—VIEWS OF GOV. STANTON.—*Washington, Jan.* 26.—I have had an interview with Acting Governor Stanton, of Kansas. He is of opinion that the people of that Territory will settle, peacefully, their own affairs, if the President and Congress will let them alone, and not insist upon keeping them in an eternal broil. He says they will do it in three months. He thinks they have taken the proper measures to do so, by the passage, in the Territorial Legislature, of an enabling Act. He expresses the opinion that Calhoun will withhold all certificates from the persons elected as State officers and members of the Legislature, which have been carried by the Free State party, until after Congress passes the Lecompton Constitution.—In connection with this statement I learn from another and valuable source, that this is the programme of Mr. Buchanan, and did not originate in the brain of Calhoun. Indeed, it is the settled opinion here that the whole conduct of Calhoun in Kansas has been the result of dictation from the White House. H.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—A dispatch from Kansas, just received, says that Calhoun has counted in the Delaware fraudulent votes, which makes the Lecompton Legislature pro-slavery.

The President insists upon forcing the Lecompton Constitution through, and snubs every body who ventures to urge him to abandon such a determination.—*Phil. Bul.*

DR. WILLIAM QUAIL, of Connellsville, Fayette county, has been appointed by General Bowman, Superintendent of the public printing at Washington city, to an $1800 clerkship.

THE Committee on "Foreign Relations" made a report to the Senate the other day. In regard to Central America, it condemns the piratical expeditions of Walker, and says in conclusion that it would be much more creditable to the country, and beneficial to individuals, if they would cultivate the arts of peace, and like good citizens buy their clothing at the palatial establishment of Granville Stokes, No. 607 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

MARRIED—On Thursday, Jan. 28th, 1858, by Rev A. W Bell, Mr S. JOHNSTON and Miss LIZZIE S. BEAD, both of this city.

DIED—On the 25th inst., at Greensborough, Greene county, Penna., CHRISTIAN KRAMER, father of Alex Kramer, aged 85 years.

"His end was peace."

Special Notices.

Those who have used it.—Among the many testimonials in favor of the effects of Boerhave's Holland Bitters, we offer the names of the following, many of them well-known in this city:

JAMES GAVIN, of South Pittsburgh, says: "It is certainly a valuable medicine; it cured me of Dyspepsia."

Captain HENRY EATON says: "It cured my wife of Neuralgia."

S. A. VON BONNHORST says: "I never met with so speedy a remedy for Acidity of the Stomach."

HERMAN PAUDEN says: "It cured me of a severe Chronic Diarrhoea in two days."

❧ Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the proprietors, BENJ. PAGE, Jr., & CO., Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists, Pittsburgh, Pa., and Druggists generally. See advertisement. Ja29:4w*

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters increase in popularity with all who test its qualities as a tonic or remedy for Dyspepsia, and the affections arising from a disordered stomach. It is prepared with great care, and its component parts are entirely vegetable. It is free from the objections so often urged against preparations of the kind. The Bitters may be used with confidence and beneficial effects by all suffering from complaints of the stomach. As a medical agent, it has no equal, while its pleasing flavor and healthful effects have made it a general favorite. It is free from all properties calculated to impair the system, and its operation is at once mild, soothing and efficient. All who have used the Bitters attest its virtues and commend it to use.

Sold by Druggists everywhere, and by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Sole Proprietors, 227 Penn st. Ja22tdawf

MATLACK & ROGERS,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
No. 18 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.
REFER TO
Murdoch & Dickson, St. Louis.
Day & Matlack, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Chas. Duffield & Co., Louisville, Ky.
F. S. Day & Co., Bankers, Peru, Ills.
Green & Stone, Bankers, Muscatine, Iowa.
Day & Matlack, Philadelphia, Pa.
R. Forsyth, Chicago, Freight Agent for Illinois Central Railroad. Ja26dmdfc

COAL CARS.
FIFTEEN FOUR WHEEL COAL CARS,
Nearly new, "York built," for sale on favorable terms and at a very low price. Address
BILLMYER & SMALL, York, Pa.,
Or apply to Mr. JNO. SCOTT, Pittsburgh.
The Cars can be seen at the Outer Depot, Penna. R. R.
de11:2awdtf&fb

LEA & PERRINS'
Celebrated Worcestershire Sauce,
PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS To be the ONLY GOOD SAUCE. And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.
EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM MEDICAL GENTLEMAN AT MADRAS, To his Brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.
"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."
JACOB GERWIG, HENRY GERWIG.
No. 489, corner Penn and Walnut Streets,
MANUFACTURER OF PITTSBURGH HEMP AND MANILLA ROPE CORDS, HEMP ROPE, from ½ in. to 1½ inch, Halter Rope, Broom Twine, Sewing Twine, Wool Twine, Hax and Cotton Seine Twine, Sash Cord, Tarred and Packing Yarn.
❧ A full supply of the above constantly on hand and for sale at market rates. Ja27;3md

NOTICE.
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 11th, 1858.
I HAVE this day associated with me Benjamin F. Pettit and William H. Whitacre in the general Commission, Wood and Iron Business. The style of the firm will be SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.
SPRINGER HARBAUGH.
SPRINGER HARBAUGH, BENJAMIN F. PETTIT, WM. H. WHITACRE.
SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
Wool, Hides, Provisions & Produce Generally,
No. 295 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.
Ja12

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
THE partnership existing between the undersigned has this day with mutual consent been dissolved by the withdrawal of H. L. Ringwalt.
The remaining co-partners are authorized to settle the affairs of the firm, and will continue the business of the Fort Pitt Glass Works as heretofore.
A. B. CARLING,
MORGAN ROBERTSON,
EDWARD DITHRIDGE.
H. L. RINGWALT.
Ja14:dlm

NOTICE.
WE have this day associated with us JOHN H. EBBERT and JAMES H. WRIGHT, THOMAS R. HOLMES retiring from the active management of the business. N. HOLMES & SONS.
Ja4:dlm

THE
GREAT BEAUTIFIER
SO LONG UNDISCOVERED SOUGHT,
FOUND AT LAST!
FOR IT RESTORES PERMANENTLY Gray Hair to its original color; covers luxuriantly the bald head; removes all dandruff, itching and all scrofula, scald head and all eruptions; makes the hair soft, healthy, and glossy; and will preserve it to any imaginable age; removes, as if by magic, all blotches, &c., from the face, and cures all neuralgia and nervous headache. See circular and the following:
DUTER, N. H., Feb. 2, 1857.
PROF. O. J. WOOD—Gents: Within a few days we have received a supply of your Hair Restorative, and calls for Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative; the demand for your article is so great that yesterday we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity, the 6 dozen you forwarded all being sold; while we might order a quantity from you. *Every bottle we have sold seems to have produced three or four new customers*, and the reputation, and patronage it receives from the most worthy citizens of this place, is the best possible evidence of its merit. I AM, GENTLEMEN, YOURS, &c., SAMUEL TALLMAN PRESCRIPTION.
Send us as soon as may be one gross of $1 size; and one dozen $2 size; and believe us yours very respectfully,
(Signed) DANIEL LATHROP & CO.
HICKORY GROVE, St. Charles Co., Mo., Nov. 19, 1856.
PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and the afflicted, to report it.
Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeing his suffering, advised us to use your Restorative, we did so with little hope of success, but, to our surprise, and the of all our friends, a very few applications removed the disease entirely, and a new and healthy crop of hair soon started out, and we can now say that our boy, has as healthy a scalp, and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any other child—We can therefore, and do hereby recommend your Restorative, as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair. We are, yours, respectfully,
GEORGE W. HIGGINBOTHAM.
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTHAM.
GARDNER, Maine, June 22, 1855.
PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the Hair. Before using it I was a man of seventy. My hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my care was one of the worst kind. Yours respectfully,
DANIEL L. MURPHY.
O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, N. Y. (to the great N. Y. *Wire Railing Establishment*) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists. ao20

MORRIS & COLTART,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF
HUGHE'S PATENT ATMOSPHERIC
FORGE AND TRIP HAMMERS.
HAMMERS of the following sizes &c., made to order:

No.	Lift 7 in.	Fall blow,	3028 lbs.	Price $ 2.00
" 2,	" 9 "	" "	5595 "	" 150
" 3,	" 12 "	" "	11622 "	" 600
" 4,	" 15 "	" "	23058 "	" 900
" 5,	" 20 "	" "	41130 "	" 1500
" 6,	" 24 "	" "	64201 "	" 2200

❧ Orders solicited. For particulars address
MORRIS & COLTART,
Jel2:1ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

To Capitalists or Manufactors.
THE undersigned having determined to move west, offers for sale, (or exchange for Western property,) the best Farm in Armstrong county, within five minutes walk of the Kittanning Bridge, and delightfully situated on the river bank, opposite and in view of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Depot, containing about One Hundred Acres, sixty of which contains eight feet of good Bituminous Coal, with bank open, and delivering coal daily in Kittanning at five cents per bushel; and 33 acres of superior river bottom that never overflows; about 50 acres under fence and in the highest state of cultivation, having received over 1000 loads of manure from the town, to which a team can make eight trips a day. There is a large Log House 30 by 40 feet, and a Frame Barn 40 by 52 feet, with corn crib and wagon sheds attached; 150 young Apple and 100 Peach Trees growing; a well of water at the house and a number of springs of water that at small expense could be conveyed to the house. This property possesses superior advantages for residences and iron or lumber manufactories. All persons desirous of realizing a good and profitable investment are requested to view this property before making any other selection. Title indisputable and terms easy. Two trains daily from Pittsburgh, making it easy of access. For further particulars address the proprietor,
JOHN FORTNBOUGH,
Kittanning, Armstrong County, Pa.,
Or, WM. PHILLIPS, Glass Manufacturer, Pittsburgh.
P. S.—To exchange for Western lands, some buildings and lots advantageously situated in the central part of Kittanning. J. F.
Ja16:2md

GOULD'S PATENT SPRING BED.—We are manufacturing and selling this celebrated Spring Bed at the low price of Five Dollars. Call and see them,
T. B. YOUNG & CO.
Ja22. JOS. FLEMINGS'.

BAGS! BAGS!!—Flour, Buckwheat, Corn meal, Salt, Ham, Grain, Dried Fruit and all kinds of Bags, made from Bleached Muslins, Osnaburg Drills and Duck, neatly printed to order, in appropriate styles, on the shortest notice.
Millers and others will find it to their advantage in the quality of goods used and prices charged, to have their orders filled at my manufactory. DAVID C. HERBERT,
Ja14:dtfw P corner Liberty and Hand streets.

BEDFORD WATER, fresh from the springs, rec'd this day by
Ja20 JOS. FLEMING.

APPLES.—100 bbls. Green Apples (as'td) for sale by
Ja18 R. DALZELL & CO.

STOCKS—Bank, Bridge, Insurance and Copper Stocks sold at public or private sale, by
AUSTIN LOOMIS & CO.
❧ Public Sale THURSDAY EVENINGS at the Merchants' Exchange. Ja13

R. H. PALMER, No. 105 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dealer in Bonnets, Hats, Straw Trimmings, and Straw Goods generally.

TOOTHACHE is instantly cured by a few drops of Dr. Kayser's Tooth Ache Remedy. Prepared and sold by the drug store DR. KEYSER, 140 Wood st,
jel6:3dwwF Sign of the Golden Mortar.

Special Notices.

EXTENSION OF STAY.
DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SYKES
Will continue their Office at
No. 191 Penn Street,
OPPOSITE THE ST. CLAIR HOTEL, PITTSBURGH,
TILL APRIL FIRST, 1858,
Where they may be consulted daily, (Sundays excepted,) for **Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis** and all other **Chronic Affections** connected with, or predisposing to **Pulmonary Disease.**
DRS. FITCH & SYKES feel that they cannot too earnestly or too frequently admonish invalids of the EXCEEDING DANGER OF DELAY IN PULMONARY DISEASE—Its symptoms often seem so trifling as to lull a delusive feeling of safety even while the disease is making rapid progress, and the patient neglects himself till a cure is next to impossible.
Office Hours—10 A. M. to 4 P. M.
❧ No charge for consultation.
A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to consult us by letter
Address DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SYKES,
No. 191 Penn st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Ja22:fctf&1wT Ja27

HENRY H. COLLINS,
Forwarding and Commission Merchant,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Cheese, Butter, Seeds, Fish,
And Produce Generally,
No. 25 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
❧ ✓

DENTISTRY.
DR. J. MALMEEN,
SURGEON DENTIST,
FROM NEW YORK,
EXTRACTS TEETH WITHOUT PAIN,
BY A LOCAL BENUMBING AGENT to THE GUMS ONLY.
❧ Inserts Teeth on Gold, Silver, Platana and Gutta Percha, and performs all Dental operations in a scientific manner, without pain.
❧ Terms moderate.
54 Smithfield Street, below Fourth, PITTSBURGH.
Ja6:dmfc

JAS. McLAUGHLIN,
MANUFACTURER OF
Alcohol, Cologne Spirits and Fusel Oil,
delldlyfc *Nos. 163 and 170 Second Street.*

W. & D. RINEHART,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
All kinds of Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,
Have recently taken the building No. 129 Wood street, in addition to their Manufacturing Establishment, No. 43 Irwin street, where they will be pleased to receive their friends.
ap27:1ydfc

A. A. CARRIER & BRO.,
Pittsburgh, General Insurance Agency,
No. 63 Fourth Street,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
Companies represented of highest standing. Chartered by Pennsylvania and other States.
Fire, Marine and Life Risks taken of all descriptions.
A. A. CARRIER,
B. S. CARRIER.
jy16:1ydfc

B. F. SHOPE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
105 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Penna.
❧ The latest Patterns of goods always on hand, and made to order on the most reasonable terms for cash. All work warranted. no6:3mfc

Business Changes.

DISSOLUTION.
THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, engaged in the manufacture of Rope and Twine, under the style of J. & H. GERWIG, was dissolved by mutual consent, dating from January 1st, 1858. The business of the firm will be settled by the remaining partner JACOB GERWIG.
HENRY GERWIG.
No. 489, corner Penn and Walnut Streets,
MANUFACTURER OF PITTSBURGH HEMP AND MANILLA ROPE CORDS, HEMP ROPE, from ½ in. to 1½ inch, Halter Rope, Broom Twine, Sewing Twine, Wool Twine, Flax and Cotton Seine Twine, Sash Cord, Tarred and Packing Yarn.
❧ A full supply of the above constantly on hand and for sale at market rates. Ja27;3md

New Advertisements.

NORMAL CLASS.
THE SECOND SESSION OF THE NORMAL CLASS, at the
IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
Under the direction of
A. BURTT,
Principal of the Fifth Ward Public Schools, will commence
On Monday Evening, February 1st.
The Class will meet on MONDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, and SATURDAY MORNING of each week.
❧ Terms, $2.00 per Session of Sixteen Lessons. Ja29

THE "COLE LETTERS"
Are in this week's
POLICE GAZETTE
for sale by
HUNT & MINER.
Masonic Hall.
Ja29:1t

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE,
THE NEW YORK CLIPPER for this week
Has a full account of the FIGHT
Between TOM SAYRES and BILL BARNYE.
For £400 and the CHAMPION BELT.
For sale by (Ja29:1t) HUNT & MINER, Masonic Hall.

FLOUR—17 bbls. Union Mills;
17 do Gallatin "
60 do Broadway "
Now landing from steamer Anglo Saxon for sale by
Ja29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CARPENTERS, CABINET MAKERS and persons out of Employment in Western Pennsylvania, will hear of something useful and profitable by sending one Stamp to Box No. 115 Buchanan P. O., Pa. Ja26.3tw*?

FEATHERS—9 sacks now landing from steamer Anglo Saxon for sale by
Ja29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

EGGS—4 bxs now landing from steamer Anglo Saxon for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

WHEAT—77 sacks Red Wheat and 48 sks White Wheat now landing from steamer Anglo Saxon for sale by
Ja29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

DRY APPLES—26 bgs now landing from steamer Anglo-Saxon, for sale by
Ja29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FLAX SEED—17 sks and 2 bbls now landing from steamer Anglo-Saxon, for sale by
Ja29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LARD OIL—10 bbls on R. F. Sass, to arrive for sale by (Ja29) ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TENN. WHEAT—435 sks now landing from steamer, for sale by
Ja29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

SOMERVILLE INSTITUTE, No. 54 St. CLAIR STREET.—The next term of this Institution will commence February 1st. The course of instruction includes the Natural Science, Mathematics and Latin and French Languages.
TERMS—$25 per session of twenty-one weeks. (French extra.)
REV. C. F. KRAUTH,
REV. W. D. HOWARD, D D,
DR. FINLEY. Trustees.
Ja27:3td WM. THAW.

NOTICE—All persons having claims against GEORGE F. ARNOLD, or in any wise indebted to him, will please call at once and pay to, or arrange the same with ROBERT DALZELL,
at R. Dalzell & Co., Liberty street,
or A. S. BELL,
No. 103 Fourth street, Pittsburgh,
Assignees of Geo. F. Arnold.
Ja25:1md+3d

JOS. F. HAMILTON & CO.,
ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS,
Corner First and Liberty Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.
SUPERIOR STEAM ENGINES, for Grist Mills, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, Forges, Manufactories, &c., made to order.
They also continue the manufacture of their Celebrated MACHINISTS' TOOLS,
Such as Turning Lathes,
Iron Planers,
Boring and Drilling Machines, &c
Also, Wrought Iron Shafting, with Pulleys, Hangers, &c
se23dyldaly? jy7

To Invalids and the Deaf.
MRS. ANNA MANSFIELD
WILL VISIT PITTSBURGH ON SATURDAY, January 30th, and remain some days at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, for free examination of Invalids and the Deaf. Her examinations are conducted upon the basis of tracing the *causes* of disease by practised judgment and explanations of disease and action, illustrating at the same time her thorough knowledge of the patients' actual condition.
Her treatment is based upon the method of cleansing away all impurities and humors—removing the *impeding secretions* to natural action of every organ, and then supplying the blood and system with the elements of vitality and health which she ascertains by her examinations to be wanting.
❧ A Free Medical Lecture to LADIES will be delivered on the afternoon during her stay. jy26:2td

A Good Chance to go into Business.
ON account of bad health I have determined to close business as soon as I can dispose of my present stock of GOODS, consisting of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c.
I now offer for sale my large and complete STORE HOUSE and improvements, on MAIN STREET, SALEM, Columbiana Co., Ohio. It is believed to be the best location in the State. A business of $60,000 to $80,000 a year can be done, at a good profit. The Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad passes through this place. Affording an opportunity to ship or receive goods from any market in the United States or elsewhere.
The place is strictly healthy and the morals of the people good. There are Public and Select Schools, equal to any in the State.
Any persons wishing to engage in business the coming season will do well to apply soon. Possession can be given as soon as it may be wanted. Address
JAMES MCCONNELL, Salem, Ohio.
Ja28:2wd

Monongahela Valley Bank.
NOTICE.—Books will be opened at the HAWATHA HOUSE, in the Borough of McKeesport, for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Bank, on MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT, from 10 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 to 4 P. M., and continued (if necessary) from day to day for six days, at the same hours.
By ORDER OF THE COMMISSIONERS.
Ja26:3aw3wP A. MILLER.

SUNDRIES—20 bales Cotton;
75 sacks Wheat, white and red;
1 bbl. Lard,
On steamer Fairchangh to arrive for sale by
Ja26 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

STOCKS WANTED—
Mechanics' Bank Stock: M. and M. Bank Stock;
Exchange " Western Insurance "
Mononghela " "
To fill orders, by AUSTIN LOOMIS & CO.,
Ja26 Stock Brokers, 53 Fourth street.

SUGAR—100 hhds. fair to prime N. O. Sugar in store and for sale by JOHN FLOYD & CO.

MOLASSES—100 bbls N. O. Molasses and Syrup for sale by Ja23 JOHN FLOYD & CO.

BUTTER—10 bbls Roll Butter for sale by
Ja23 JOHN FLOYD & CO.

30 hhds prime Sugar landing per steamer Aurora for sale by (Ja23) JAS. GARDNER.

100 bbls prime Molasses per Anglo Saxon. 50 do Baltimore Syrup, for sale by
Ja23 JAS. GARDNER.

SUNDRIES—26 sacks Dry Apples;
17 do and 2 bbls Flaxseed
9 do Feathers;
125 do do Wheat;
16 bbls Union Mills Flour;
16 do do Double Ham;
96 do Broadway do do.
4 boxes Eggs,
On steamer Poland to arrive for sale by
Ja23 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS.—Of every description constantly manufacturing or made to order, of the best material and workmanship by
Ja23 T. B. YOUNG & CO.

COUNTING HOUSE FURNITURE.—On hand or made to order and furnished promptly by
T. B. YOUNG & CO.,
Ja23 28 and 40 Smithfield street.

BURNING FLUID! BURNING FLUID!—You can buy your Burning Fluid, much cheaper and better than any place, at JOS. FLEMING'S,
Ja23 corner Market street and the Diamond.

PUTTY—6000 lbs. on hand and for sale by
Ja23 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

CONCENTRATED LYE—50 cases on hand and for sale by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

BEANS.—200 bus. for sale by
Ja14 HENRY H. COLLINS.

20 KEGS prime No. 1 Six Twist Tobacco on consignment for sale low by
Ja15 SHRIVER & DILWORTH.

FRESH BUTTER—
8 " " Eggs
500 lbs No 1 Leaf Lard,
Rec'd this morning and for sale at No 27 Fifth street.
Ja15 H. RIDDLE.

POULTRY.—A large lot of fresh Poultry, Turkies, Chickens, Ducks and Geese, rec'd this morning and for sale at No 27 Fifth street.
H. RIDDLE.

SY