Pittsburgh Gazette.

D. F. WILLIAMS.....D. L. MAYO.....S. RIDDLE.....RUSSELL ERRETT.

S. RIDDLE & Co.,
EDITORS and PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 13, 1858.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR ASSEMBLY.
JOHN SCOTT, of Ross Township.

PITTSBURGH BANKS.—We present below an aggregate statement of the condition of the Pittsburgh Banks, according to the report for the present week, compared with the totals for the previous week. There is but little change. The loans decrease $51,746, and the amount due by banks $105,401, while the specie increases $65,405. The circulation decreases $2,031, and the deposits $20,000, and the amount due to banks increases $28,269. The total amount of immediately available means is $1,758,961; and of immediate liabilities $2,014,618, or $1,00 to every $1,48. This is a very strong showing:

	Capital.	Circulation.	Deposits.	Due to banks.
Bank of Pittsburgh,	1,162,700	126,206	270,965	45,445
Exchange Bank.....	818,000	841,856	296,956	22,666
M. & M. do.....	600,000	79,679	113,991	.....
Mechanics do.....	500,000	159,265	88,151	21,346
Citizens do.....	440,925	125,585	76,950	6,129
Allegheny do.....	251,500	28,100	21,441	37,502
Iron City do.....	230,000	.....	48,574	720
Last week	3,953,125	1,353,875	1,116,922	127,821
	3,953,125	1,225,906	1,116,922	105,552
Increase.....				22,269
Decrease.....		2,031	20,000	

	Assets.	Real Estate.	Due by Banks.	Specie.
Bank of Pittsburgh,	1,624,850	53,000	178,414	307,727
Exchange Bank.....	1,791,049	45,920	124,767	541,245
M. & M. do.....	704,824	33,995	79,679	91,472
Mechanics do.....	599,080	.....	50,018	139,344
Citizens do.....	559,119	.....	29,260	112,919
Allegheny do.....	302,950	.....	11,779	37,149
Iron City do.....	152,754	.....	16,778	36,550
Last week	5,101,469	112,915	234,631	1,243,306
	5,153,215	112,915	621,052	1,186,901
Increase.....				56,405
Decrease.....	51,746	.....	105,401	

The Philadelphia *Ledger* publishes the first statement of our banks and adds:

"The above is a very satisfactory exhibit, as regards immediate means to immediate liabilities. In these particulars the position is better than the last statements show the Philadelphia banks to be. There is, however, this difference in favor of the banks of this city in maintaining resumption—they owe comparatively little on account of circulation, and have a large portion of their deposits under control by special contract; which, so far as we know, is not the case with the banks at Pittsburgh. We are, however, glad to perceive the banks there in a condition that promises so much success under resumption."

BIRMINGHAM BOROUGH ELECTION.—We present to-day the returns of the Birmingham election. We went over to that good borough for the figures which we present to-day, last night at about 8 o'clock. The streets were so perfectly dark, that it was with difficulty and not a little apprehension of broken shins that we wended our way along the side walks. The whole distance from the end of the Monongahela Bridge to the Diamond was in Crimerian darkness. Yet a Gas Company has been established there and their works are in actual operation. Houses and stores are lighted with gas, and for most of the distance, along the main streets gas pipes are actually laid down and ready for use. But unfortunately the erection of lamp posts as been made a question of local politics and hence "gas or no gas" is a rallying cry.

What the desires and demands of the people require is postponed to the success of this or that party. Now would it not be well for the successful party, which we are happy to say is the Republican in this case, to celebrate their victory by lighting that good borough with gas, and making it comfortable for those who have to walk the streets by night? If the borough were to become a stockholder in the gas company, it would find it, we think, to its advantage. In this city, gas stock pays about ten per cent.

But notwithstanding the difficulties of the way, the kindness of a friend lighted our footsteps homeward with a lantern, so that we are able to present to our readers this morning the complete and correct returns.

THE CUE FOR OUR OFFICE-HOLDERS.—The office-holders under the national government, in this city, have had a difficult time of it, so far, as between Douglas and Buchanan—the public sentiment being on one side and their offices on the other. The cue for escaping from the labyrinth is thus given by a fellow sufferer:

William Hodson, Post Master Shopier, in a published letter says: "For my own part, my brethren, although I have faith in Judge Douglas, and fully believe in the doctrine of popular sovereignty, yet a due regard to my position, as an officer under the Federal Government, as well as a profound respect for the American Eagle, and the income of my office, as a matter of expediency I shall support the President.

N. B. In the event that Douglas succeeds, we can change our views about the end of '61. 'Bank's' term."

Wilg, 386; scattering 32. Gooch's plurality over Osborne 2018; his majority over all 1690.

REWARDED.—John Henderson, one of the noisiest and most ultra pro-slavery men in Kansas, a member of the late Lecompton Convention, and a drunken brawler, has received a government appointment as Superintendent of the Mail Route.

☞ Several errors having occurred in the piece of poetry on our first page, it is, by request, republished.

FINANCIAL:—THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE IN FRANCE.—Paris, Dec. 24, 1857.—The steamer will bear you this week the happy news of an amelioration in financial affairs in every part of Europe. Our own Bourse has been steadily going up, keeping the advance of the London market, but influenced by it. We are in the excitement of the holidays, the small as well as the large merchants are active, and we hear but few complaints.

The President's message has been received here and published in full by all the journals. It was telegraphed through from Liverpool to Paris in five hours and a half—the same time as was required to telegraph it to London. But the two copies came over different wires, and while the copy sent to London was in English, that to Paris was in French. This fact shows you the importance given here to the message. The comments of the press on this document are various. The Debats says that it proves that there is more than any previous President's message, the style of an address from a throne in Europe. But the Debats is alone in this criticism.

The *Siecle* takes exceptions to Mr. Buchanan's Kansas doctrines, and promises in a subsequent article an argument on that subject. Beyond this the *Siecle* has nothing but eulogiums, for the message. The financial opinions laid down by the President, and his severity toward the banks, are criticised by the *Patrie* as too severe for the emergency. These opinions and recommendations, however, have none the less produced a profound impression, because they have found their application here as well as in the States; and as every body was seeking remedies for the financial embarrassments of the moment, the recommendations of the President of the United States naturally attracted attention. On this part of the message the journals are preparing to give us an extended discussion. Mr. Buchanan has there advanced some ideas new to Frenchmen.

Again the President's decisive tone in the close of the message has also attracted much attention. The remarks on wasteful expenditures and the evil principles of government loans, fits European governments better than our own, and these remarks will stir every throne in Europe.

Several journals, in acknowledging that the President is sufficiently emphatic in his opposition to the principle of filibustering, yet complain that he does not explain how Walker got away so easily, and why so small a bail as 2,000 dollars was accepted.

To close this review of the press on the message, the *Charivari* (the Paris *Punch*) pretends to have been informed by its correspondent at Washington, that Mr. Buchanan was present in the House during the reading, with his pockets full of revolvers, and that not satisfied with the reception given to the document, he shot at the clerk, the speaker, and several members of the opposition; and then on his way home through Pennsylvania Avenue, emptied the rest of the barrels on the passers-by. *Charivari* asserts that General Walker himself wrote that part of the message which refers to his own movements, and insists on treating the President as a confirmed filibuster.—*Cor. Com. Advertiser.*

[For the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.]

The Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Messrs. Editors: It is now pretty well known to the public, through certain statements published by the officers of the road, that this great corporation is in financial difficulties of a very serious character. It is not singular, however, in this respect as there are few similar enterprises large or small in this country, which are not suffering under financial pressure, to a greater or lesser extent. We shall not take up your time now to inquire how this has been brought about, but with your leave will offer a few thoughts which we think ought to govern the conduct of all concerned, in the future. We have been sorry to observe a thoughtless indifference, if not positive pleasure, manifested in the public mind, at the troubles surrounding this noble pioneer Pittsburgh Railroad. This is not only wrong in itself, but it is suicidal. The work was undertaken in the first place, not as a profitable investment, but to promote the commercial and manufacturing prosperity of our cities, and of the whole country through which it extends. That it has answered the chief ends of its creation is not disputed, and that its loss would be an irreparable calamity, none will venture to assert. If its existence accrues to our benefit, its prosperity is equally to be desired, as its utility greatly depends on its means to accommodate the public.

There are two classes, besides the general public, immediately interested in the prosperity of the road, to wit: the creditors and stockholders. The corporation is at present in a suspended condition, unable to meet its floating liabilities, or to pay its maturing coupons. What is to be done in this emergency? Shall the grab-game be pursued, and the company harrassed by endless prosecutions, involving enormous expense, and resulting most probably in no benefit to anybody? It is doubtful whether any creditor can save himself in this way, legally, and if he can it would be the duty of the President and Directors to take such measures as will prevent a few from ruining a property which may in the end pay all by judicious management. Shall it be forced into liquidation? Will creditors any sooner count their money in this way? With the examples of the past before us, is it not a reasonable inference that a liquidation would result in an almost total loss of the claims of creditors?

To our mind no plan presents the claims of feasibility, except that of funding the present floating debt on such terms as shall be deemed equitable, and providing for the completion of the road to Chicago by the sale of bonds. The cause of the present difficulty is the want of adequate capital stock in the first place. The resort to loans by the sale of bonds at a discount is an expensive mode of building railroads, and has increased their cost fully 25 per cent. But even if enough of capital could have been realized in this mode to have finished and stocked the road, the company would have been at this moment in a comfortable position. It is a heavy floating debt which has had to be carried which has weighed it down and brought it to the brink of ruin. Unless this is funded there can be no hope of relief, either to the creditors or the stockholders. It may be replied, by the holders of liabilities, that they cannot afford to make the sacrifice required. Very true. But is it not better to save a part than the whole? or to receive the whole at a future day, than to sacrifice it in a vain attempt to realize now.

It will require, it is stated, about $500,000 to finish the road to Chicago. This done, there will be a magnificent through line, about 500 miles long, well stocked, which will be certainly worth all that the corporation owes, and which, being without a floating debt, will have a net income sufficient to pay its interest on its indebtedness. This may all be accomplished in about one year. Is it not, then, reasonable to suppose that the bonds of the company will then readily sell for as much as the Directors now offer them to the creditors?

It is therefore evident that it is the interest of all concerned,—the public, creditors, and stockholders—

1. That the road shall be finished to Chicago, and shall be kept in good condition, without any deterioration of the property, and that all accruing running expenses and expenses connected with keeping up the road-bed and rails, and the preservation of the rolling stock shall be promptly defrayed out of the gross earnings. If the property is allowed to deteriorate, the security of all is diminished.

2. Shall all floating liabilities, and over due coupons, be liquidated by the bonds of the company, and by the same means a sufficient amount furnished to finish the road, thus funding all debts, and commencing anew with a finished road, and free from any claim upon the net income, except interest on bonds?

3. The final closing of the construction account, so that no further debt shall be created. The gross earnings should be devoted to running expenses, to the preservation of the property, and to the purchase of all new rolling stock; the remainder to be called net income, and to be applied to the payment of coupons as far as it will go.

If this plan, which is substantially, as we understand it, that of the Directors of the road, can be carried out, we have no doubt that the bonds would immediately have a fixed value in the market, and would soon go up to par. The bond-holders would have the security of a valuable property, which was not deteriorating, but becoming more valuable every year, as the business of the country increased. There can be scarcely a doubt that the finished road, without an embarrassing floating debt, would be able to meet its coupons as they matured, and have surely to create a sinking fund for unlooked-for consequences.

If it is asked, what becomes of the interest of the stockholders in these arrangements, the reply is simple. The stockholders have at present nothing while the road is embarrassed with debt, and the claims of creditors are unsatisfied.—The stock now possesses but a nominal value, and the only hope of the holders is, to keep the road in their own hands, and by the adoption of the policy above indicated, and with judicious [illegible] the stock of the company is wholly lost.

We can see no benefit to arise to any body, by changing the possession of the road. It is not probable that it will be any better managed in the hands of bondholders, sequestrators, or assignees, than in the hands of the stockholders; and while the Boards of Directors, elected by the stockholders, do all in their power to protect the creditors, it is their interest, undoubtedly, to leave the road in the hands of Boards elected by the stockholders.

W.

COMMERCIAL CREDIT.—The London Times, in the course of its scorching articles, says the late financial revulsion explains the perplexing character of the Board of Trade returns for two or three years past:

"Month after month they showed an increase in our commerce, but although there had been no foreign loans or wild speculation in our public works, our stock of bullion presented a steady diminution. It was evident that a foreign trade which had been increasing enormously for some years should have resulted in great gains, and that these gains, if there was no apparent way in which they had been sent out of the country, should have shown themselves in a constant increase of our supply of specie. It was asked, can it be possible that this extraordinary trade has not yielded any profit, and that our prosperity is merely delusive? But the rejoinder was unavoidable—Is it likely that people would have carried it on if they had not found it answer?" It seemed impossible, therefore, to solve the riddle.

The matter, therefore, was given up in despair. Now, the whole is plain. Monstrous as it appeared to entertain the supposition that for a long consecutive period the export trade of the country had been carried on at a loss, this is the sole and all sufficient explanation of everything that has happened.

Not only has the over production which has been stimulated throughout all the manufacturing districts led to an unhealthy rise of wages and an undue consumption of imported articles, but the speculations of the insolvent shippers, who have ordered their agents to buy up silk, cotton, suggar, coffee and all other commodities at any price, in order to make their returns, has caused the English consumer for years past to pay 10, 20 or 30 per cent for the necessaries of life beyond what would otherwise have been the case. The Brazilian coffee grower, the Chinese silk cultivator, the American cotton planter, &c., have all been driving a grand business at our expense, and thus, year by year, notwithstanding the toil and economy of the really honest and industrious classes among us, we have seen ourselves get poorer and our specie resources gradually diminish."

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Jan. 10.—Private dispatches from Indiana say that the Democratic Convention of that State, after indorsing the Cincinnati platform, passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That we are still in favor of the great doctrine of the Kansas-Nebraska act, and that by a practical application of that doctrine the people of a State or Territory are vested with the right of ratifying or rejecting at the ballot box any Constitution that may be formed for their government; and therefore no Territory should be admitted into the Union as a State without a fair expression of the will of the people being first had upon the Constitution and accompanying the application for admission.

This resolution was passed by a vote of 378 yeas to 116 nays, and was subsequently made unanimous.

Dispatches from Columbus, Ohio, say that the Democratic caucus of the members of the Ohio Legislature have unanimously agreed to instruct their delegation in Congress to vote and act in opposition to the Lecompton Constitution.

STATISTICS OF THE COAL TRADE.—The Miner's Journal furnishes in detail the annual statistics of the anthracite coal trade. The amount of anthracite coal sent to market on the seaboard in 1857 was 6,431,278 tons; other kinds, including imported, 1,114,145; making a total of 7,545,523 tons, a decrease of 316,323 tons compared with the year previous. Including the supply of bituminous coal in western Pennsylvania the number of tons is about 8,500,000.

THE Administration seems likely, from the various hints it is receiving on all sides, to have the conclusion forced upon it that its Kansas policy will never do. The letter of Gov. Wise of Virginia, is another evidence that war against the everlasting principles of truth and justice provokes hostility, often as unexpected as it is sure to be endless. Mr. Wise is against cramming the Lecompton Constitution down the throats of the citizens of Kansas, in opposition to their will. One would naturally think that the expression of such a very common sentiment would not be received by the public as a very astonishing stretch of magnanimity; but the fact is really regarded as a significant sign of the times. Mr. Wise is already attacked and maligned for daring to vindicate the claims of the commonest justice toward the inhabitants of this long persecuted Territory. No doubt his letter will prove the opening of a bitter political feud in the Old Dominion and throughout the South.—*N. Y. Trib.*

Special Notices.

Counterfeits Beware!—A reward is offered for the detection of any person counterfeiting, imitating, or the vending of any such counterfeit or imitation of BEERS'S HAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. The genuine highly concentrated Holland Bitters is put up in *half pint bottles only*, having the name of the proprietor, B. Pratt, Jr., blown in the bottle.

Price, 75 cents.

54 Smithfield street, below Fourth, [illegible] PITTSBURGH

W. & D. RINEHART,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
All kinds of Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

Have recently taken the building, No. 140 Wood street, in addition to their Manufacturing Establishment, No. 61 Second street, where they will be pleased to receive their friends.

apr23:lyde

JAS. McLAUGHLIN,
MANUFACTURER OF
Alcohol, Cologne Spirits and Fusel Oil,
delitdly *Nos. 168 and 170 Second Street.*

Business Changes.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the style of NEVIN, MACKEOWN & CO. is dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be settled by the undersigned, at the old stand, No. 45 Market street by JOHN S. LEE. Either of the partners is authorized to settle the business of the old firm.

January 13th, 1858—ja13:3d CALEB LEE, Ja.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership existing between the undersigned has this day with mutual consent been dissolved by the withdrawal of H. L. Ringwalt.

The remaining copartners are authorized to settle the affairs of the firm, and will continue the business of the Fort Pitt Glass Works as heretofore.

A. B. CURLING,
MORGAN ROBERTSON,
EDWARD DITHRIDGE,
H. L. RINGWALT.

jal dlm

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of MCCUNE & MCCUNE is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. R. MCCUNE,
JAS. B. MCCUNE.

J. R. M'CUNE & CO.,
Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1858.
Successors to McCune & McCune,
Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors,
No. 56 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day associated with me in the business heretofore conducted by me, WILLIAM A. WEYMAN. The style of the firm will be WEYMAN & SON.

GEORGE WEYMAN.

WEYMAN & SON,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
AND
LEAF TOBACCO,
Corner of Smithfield Street and Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

NOTICE.

I HAVE purchased the Drug Store of Benj. Page, Jr. & Co., and may hereafter be found at the place of business formerly occupied by them, on the corner of Third and Smithfield streets. I will continue the practice of my profession as Analytical and Consulting Chemist, in connection with the Drug and Prescription business.

GEORGE W. WEYMAN

WE have sold the Drug Store formerly occupied by us to Dr. GEORGE W. WEYMAN, and would cordially recommend him to our friends and customers. We shall continue the manufacture of DOCTOR PAGE'S HOP BITTERS, and will give undivided attention to the business of the old firm.

BENJ. PAGE, JR. & CO.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of WILSON, CHILDS & CO., this day expires by limitation.

JAMES H. CHILDS.
JESSE W. CARR.

December 31st, 1857.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The subscribers have this day formed a co-partnership in the Wholesale Dry Goods business, under the name and style of WILSON, PAYNE & CO., and will occupy the spacious building just finished by John Bissell, Esq., No. 56 Wood st.

JOHN A. WILSON
WM. H. PAYNE.
JESSE W. CARR.

Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1858.—ja1:1md

THE
GREAT BEAUTIFIER
SO LONG UNSUCCESSFULLY SOUGHT,
FOUND AT LAST!

FOR IT RESTORES PERMANENTLY Gray Hair to its original color, cures hereditarily the most inveterate case of dandruff, itching and all scrofula, scald head and all eruptions makes the hair soft, healthy, and glossy, and will preserve it to any imaginable age, removes, as if by magic, all blotches, &c., from the face, and all neuralgia and nervous headache. Fee circular and the following:

DOVER, N. H., Feb. 7, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & Co.—Gents: Within a few days we have received so many orders and calls for Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, that to-day we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity, (the 6 dozen you forwarded all being sold,) while we might order a quantity from you. *Every bottle we have sold seems to have produced three or four new customers*, and the approbation, and patronage it receives is, fully convincing us that it is A MOST VALUABLE PREPARATION.

Send us as soon as may be one gross of $1 size; and one dozen $2 size; and believe us yours very respectfully,

(Signed) DANIEL LATHROP & CO.

HICKORY GROVE, St. Charles Co., Mo., Nov. 19, 1856.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and the afflicted, to report it.

Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeing with little hope of success, but, to our surprise, and the sores entirely, and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out, and we can now say that our boy has as healthy a scalp, and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any other child—We can therefore, and do hereby recommend your Restorative, as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair. We are, yours, respectfully,

GEORGE W. HIGGINBOTHAM.
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTHAM.

CAMBRIDGE, Maine, June 22, 1855.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of your Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the best article for the Hair. Before using it I was a man of seventy. My hair was of the most beautiful color, and is now restored to the world without the least fear, in any case was one of the worst kind. Yours respectfully,

DANIEL L. MURPHY.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 832 Broadway, N. Y. (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists everywhere.

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Special Notices.

DR. FITCH IN PITTSBURGH
DURING THE MONTHS OF DECEMBER and JANUARY
DR. CALVIN M. FITCH
May be consulted daily at his Rooms,
NO. 191 PENN STREET,
OPPOSITE
ST. CLAIR HOTEL, PITTSBURGH, PA.,
For all afflictions of the THROAT and LUNGS also, DYSPEPSIA, FEMALE DISEASES and other complaints complicated with or predisposing to Pulmonary Diseases.

If from any cause DR. FITCH shall not be unable to remain during the period above named, the opposite of will be concluded by his associate, DR. J. W. STEES.

DR. FITCH would earnestly remind those who have to labouring under incipient or sealed diseases of the Throat Lungs, of the importance of giving themselves timely Attention, as it is only when taken in reason the time the disease can be treated with any just hope of success and the delay of a few weeks will unfrequently render hopeless and, otherwise curable case.

DR. FITCH would also add that as he is accustomed to deal frankly with his patients, none need apply who are afraid to learn their true condition, the actual state of their lungs, and their probable chances of recovery.

Consultations personally or by letter free.

All communications should be addressed either to DR. C. FITCH or DR. J. W. STEES, 191 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

de15:dly

DENTISTRY.
DR. J. MALMEEN,
SURGEON DENTIST.
FROM NEW YORK]

EXTRACTS TEETH WITHOUT PAIN.

BY A LOCAL BENUMBING AGENT to the GUMS ONLY.

☞Inserts Teeth on Gold, Silver, Platina and Gutta Percha, and performs all Dental operations in a scientific manner, without pain.

☞Terms moderate.

54 Smithfield street, below Fourth, [illegible] PITTSBURGH

W. & D. RINEHART,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
All kinds of Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

Have recently taken the building, No. 140 Wood street, in addition to their Manufacturing Establishment, No. 61 Second street, where they will be pleased to receive their friends.

apr23:lyde

MATLACK & ROGERS,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
No. 18 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

REFER TO:

Nimrod & Dickson, St. Louis,
Day & Matlack, Cincinnati, Ohio,
Chas. Duffield & Co., Louisville, Ky.,
F. S. Day & Co., Bankers, Peru, Ills.,
Green & Stone, Bankers, Muscatine, Iowa,
Day & Matlack, Philadelphia, Pa.,
R. Forsyth, Chicago, Freight Agent for Illinois Central Railroad.

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LEA & PERRINS'
Celebrated Worcestershire Sauce.

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS To be the ONLY GOOD SAUCE And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM A MEDICAL GENTLEMAN AT MADRAS, To his Brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Signature in blue across each label.

Sold by Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL, Purveyors to Her Majesty, and by Dealers in Sauces generally throughout the World.

Wholesale and for Exportation at the Manufactory, WORCESTER, and 6 Broad street, London.

SEWING MACHINES!
FOR FAMILIES AND MANUFACTURERS.

WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Bridgesport, Conn.,
Pittsburgh, 6N Fifth Street,
This Machine Stitches the
Finest or Coarsest Fabric,
At the pleasure of the Operator, making with ease *One Thousand beautiful and Durable Stitches per Minute*, almost noiselessly, and are becoming indispensable for family use. Full information may be obtained by addressing James Ewing, or ALEX. B. REED, Agent,
No. 66 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

PAYNE, BISSELL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cooking, Parlor and Heating
STOVES,
Grates, Fronts, Fenders, etc.,
And Manufacturers of the Celebrated
CAPITAL COOKING RANGE,
NO. 235 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN L. BOYD.....WM. MCCLEAVE

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
JONES, BOYD & CO.,
Manufacturers of CAST STEEL, also, SPRING, PLOW and A. B. STEEL SPRINGS and AXLES.
Corner Ross and First Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ISAAC JONES..... D. B. ROGERS

D. H. ROGERS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Rogers' Improved Patent Steel
Cultivator Teeth,
Corner Ross and First Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
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B. F. SHOPE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
105 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Penna.
☞The latest Patterns of goods always on hand, and to order on the most reasonable terms for cash. All work warranted.

H. C. ULMAN & CO.,
No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS
AND
Insurance Brokers
COMBINED CAPITAL REPRESENTED..... $3,664,000.
Life, Fire, Marine and Live Stock Risks of all descriptions taken at current rates in the most reliable and prompt paying companies in the State.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!
FOR LADIES AND MISSES,
EMBRACING
HUDSON BAY and MINK SABLE,
STONE MARTEN,
FITCH, SQUIRREL, &c.
CAPES, TIPPETS, MUFFS, CUFFS and GLOVES, in great variety and price.

WOODS & CO., 121 Wood street.

Pittsburgh Variety Works.
JONES, WALLINGFORD & CO.,
(Successors to Warwick, Atterbury & Co.)
Manufacturers of Right and Left Hand Door Locks, Spring, Drop and Thumb Latches, Platform and Counter Scales, Coffee, Coro and Paint Mills, and Domestic Hardware generally, corner of Water and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ja221yde

J. M. LITTLE
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 54 St. Clair Street.
(Dr. Irish's New Building.)
PITTSBURGH, PA

HENRY H. COLLINS,
Forwarding and Commission Merchant,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Cheese, Butter, Seeds, Fish,
And Produce Generally,
No. 23 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN THOMPSON,
410 LIBERTY STREET,
European and Intelligence Office.
Keeps always for sale Drafts on Europe for any amount, and steamer and Packet Tickets to and from Liverpool to New York.
Girls for cooks and general house-work furnished to housekeepers on short notice.
Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills and Syrup always on hand.
Passengers brought from New York and Philadelphia on railroad to Pittsburgh.
ja2:dly

New Advertisements.

DUNCAN'S BUSINESS AND ORNAMENTAL PENMANSHIP, just published in six numbers, quarto demy size, being the most complete system extant, and altogether superior in style and quality to any and will be furnished at the low price of 12½ cts. a blank [illegible] to wholesale purchasers for cash.

WM. V. JOHNSTON & Co., Publishers,
Black Book Manufacturers and Stationers,
No. 77 Wood street

CAR WORKS FOR SALE.—We offer for sale the Pennsylvania Car Works, situated on the Pa. Central Railroad, in a good location and within an hour's ride of the city. The buildings consist of a Brick Machine Shop, Foundry, three Car Shops and a Smith Shop. There is a good Engine of 20 horse power, one Fire Boilers and convenience for the manufacture of Cars. The whole will be sold at a low price. An order for $5,000 worth of cars will be given the purchaser to start with. For particulars apply to R. M'LAIN & SON, 64½ Fourth st.

ja12

CHURCH ALMANAC FOR 1858.—Sword's Pocket Almanac for 1858, Mayne Reid, Best Jacconot, Mountains; Parthenia, or The Last Days of Paganism; Bowdoin Museum of the New Testament. For sale by

ja12 J. S. DAVISON, 61 Market st., near 4th.

JUST RECEIVED.—Sword's Pocket Almanac for 1858.

The Church Almanac, for sale by

ja12 J. S. DAVISON, 61 Market st., near 4th.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

WE ARE DERIROUS OF CONTRACTING for a supply of the best quality of PITTSBURGH COAL, about Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Barrels, from the FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT, to be delivered at such times and in such quantities as may be required. Persons desirous of making Proposals for the supply will please do so before the SIXTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT ensuing.

Any information required will be given on application to HARRIS, WORMAN & CO.,
Navigation and Transportation
No. 1 Water street, Pittsburgh.

Contracts will be required to be in Philadelphia by the 1st of March.

REMOVAL

JOHN STONE & SONS,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
SILKS, RIBBONS AND MILLINERY GOODS,
Have removed from No. 42 South Second Street, to their new and elegant store,
No. 805 Chestnut St., one door above 8th,
Where they will be pleased to see their friends and the trade generally.

ja13:lmd

TO EXCHANGE.—We have some lively situated properties in and near the city which we will exchange for Coal lands, bonds, stocks, &c.

Persons having unprofitable securities of this character will find an opportunity to dispose of them to advantage by calling on

ja12 R. M'LAIN & SON.

MANCHESTER GINGHAMS—MURPHY & BURCHFIELD have lately received a supply of desirable patterns of above goods, the genuine article. Also, Lancaster and Glasgow Ginghams.

Also, few Prints left over.

Also, Ballardvale Flannels, of the different qualities and colors.

Welch and Ballardvale Canton Flannels. Silk Warps and Saxony do, always on hand.

ja11:dly

SUNDRIES—120 bbls. choice Apples;
50 bxs. Soap;
do Saleratus;
do Nonpareil Potatoe;
do Rice;
do Starch;
do Small White Beans;
do Split Peas.

In store and for sale at 27 Fifth street H. RIDDLE.

HIDES.—Wanted a TANNER to tan from 5,000 to 10,000 HIDES by the pound. by GEO. F. GILMAN, Dealer in Hides and Leather, No. 30 Gold street, New York. No. 78 South Street, Boston.

Cash advances on consignments at each of the above places.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS—
50 bxs Cavendish Tobacco
50 do Crown do
50 do Johnson's 1 lb., ½ lb. & ¼ lb. Imp.
50 M Sherman Cigars, best brands,
For sale by T. LITTLE & CO.

FLOUR—
100 bbls choice White Wheat Family Flour
100 do do Extra and superfine do
100 do Buckwheat Flour,
In store and for sale by T. LITTLE & CO.

120 Bus. Barley,
50 bags Clover Seed
100 kegs Prime Cheese
50 kegs Lard
50 bags Beans
100 bbls Refined Pitt Butter
Received and for sale by

ja7 SHRIVER & DILWORTH

VIRGINIA TWIST TOBACCO. We have a consignment of the above celebrated brand of Tobacco, which will be sold low to the trade.

ja8 JOHN KIRKPATRICK, Agents, 56 Wood st.

HIDES—200 dry flint Hides in store and for sale by

ja7 T. LITTLE & CO.

SLATES—Pennsylvania, German and Irish, with square and [illegible] for sale by

H. HAVEN,
corner Market and Second sts

20 BBLS. PEARL FLINT HOMINY,
Just in store and for sale by
ja4 CHAS. B. FISCH.

50 HHDS PRIME N. O. SUGAR landing and for sale by
ja11 JAS. GARDNER.

100 BBLS. PRIME MOLASSES landing and for sale by
ja11 JAS. GARDNER.

1000 BBLS. ALL GRADES FLOUR
good brands now in store and for sale by
ja11 JAS. ALLISTER.

SYRUP—50 half bbls. Eastern Syrup for sale by
ja11 JOHN FLOYD & CO.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—400 sacks Extra Buckwheat Flour for sale by JOHN FLOYD & CO.

ROLL BUTTER—6 bbls. choice Roll Butter for sale by
ja11 JOHN FLOYD & CO.

EGGS—6 bbls. fresh Eggs for sale by
ja11 HENRY H. COLLINS.

RYE FLOUR—40 bbls. and 30 sacks for sale by
ja11 HENRY H. COLLINS.

ROLL BUTTER—6 bbls. choice Roll Butter just received and for sale by
ja11 JOHN FLOYD & CO.

BUTTER—5 bbls fresh roll Butter just received and for sale by
ja11 JOHN FLOYD & CO.

EGGS—7 bbls fresh Eggs just received and for sale by
ja11 JOHN FLOYD & CO.

R. E. CANFIELD
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Drafts
bought and sold by
ja7

POTATOES—75 bus. White Potatoes
50 do Nonpareil do
50 do Butt Blue do
In store and for sale by T. LITTLE & CO.

N. O. SUGAR—10 hhds. prime just received and for sale by T. LITTLE & CO.

OLIVE OIL—500 gallons in store and for sale by
ja7 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

CASTILE SOAP—50 bxs. in store and for sale by
ja7 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

CAMPHOR—5 bbls. in store and for sale by
ja7 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

IRISH MOSS—10 bbls in store and for sale by
ja7 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

CHIPPED LOGWOOD—20 bbls. on hand and for sale by
ja7 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

FISH of all kinds by the bbl. and half bbl. constantly on hand and for sale by
ja7 R. E. CANFIELD

1000 BXS. PRIME W. R. CHEESE,
100 do do Goshen do do
ja5 do do do
For sale by R. E. CANFIELD

10 BBLS. FRESH ROLL BUTTER;
5 boxes do do do
ja5 do do do
For sale by R. E. CANFIELD

VENISON—10 saddles and 2 Deers, fresh fat Venison, received and for sale by the saddle or steak, at No. 27 Fifth street. H. RIDDLE.

100 BUS. CLOVER SEED for sale by
ja5 R. E. CANFIELD

200 BXS. PRIME PEARL STARCH;
do. do. for sale by
ja5 R. E. CANFIELD

100 SACKS FEATHERS for sale by
ja5 R. E. CANFIELD

30 CASKS PEARLASH for sale by
ja5 R. E. CANFIELD

200 BBLS. FRESH LOUISVILLE LIME for sale by
ja5 R. E. CANFIELD

FRESH BUTTER—
100 lbs fresh Table Butter;
300 dozen fresh Eggs.
Rec'd and for sale at 27 Fifth street, H. RIDDLE

GREEN APPLES.—13 bbls. in store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.
de17

COFFEE.—150 bags prime Green Rio Coffee just arrived and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.
de17 No. 8 Wood street

VENETIAN RED—50 bbls. on hand and for sale by
ja7 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

ENG. MUSTARD.—Fresh Imported.—500 lbs. on hand and for sale by
ja7 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

TENN. FLOUR—60 bbls. Gallatin Mills on steamer Lebanon to arrive for sale by
ja7 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LOUISVILLE LIME—50 bbls. just rec'd by steamer Metropolis for sale by
ja7 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BEANS.—200 bus. for sale by
ja4 HENRY H. COLLINS.

IMPROVED PATENT ELASTIC BANDS of all sizes, just rec'd and for sale by
de28 W. S. HAVEN.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—A large quantity on hand and for sale by
no16 B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
corner of Fourth and Wood sts.

GREEN APPLES—150 bbls. choice Winter Apples in store