ittsburgh Gazette.
PITTSBURGH:
NESDAY MORNING, DEC. 30, 1857.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

News of the City and Neighborhood.

CRIMINAL COURT.—The trial of John Lutz for the murder of Richard O'Leary, is now progressing at our Court House. The deed with which Lutz stands charged, was perpetrated on the 27th June, 1856, at a beer hall in Wood street. Lutz, at the time, escaped the officers of the law and was not arrested until July last, when he was ferreted out at St. Louis and brought hither, where he has remained awaiting his trial ever since.

He was yesterday placed in the dock for trial, having plead not guilty of the crime charged upon him. A jury was empanelled as follows:

1. William Hill,
2. Samuel Dallen,
3. Robert Marks,
4. Henry Anderson,
5. Samuel Cowner,
6. A. Hamilton,
7. Chas. Nelson,
8. David Hempfield,
9. S. P. Neely,
10. Alex. P. Lewis,
11. Geo. Blake,
12. Joseph Irwin.

R. Biddle Roberts, Esq., opened the case for the Commonwealth. He having been District Attorney when the crime was committed, in accordance with custom it devolved upon him to assist the present incumbent in the prosecution.

The first witness examined for the Commonwealth was Dr. Geo. McCook. Being sworn he testified as follows:

Examined—the body of Richard O'Leary, in June, 1856; he came to my house, and said he had been stabbed in the back, below the left shoulder blade; dressed the wound; he told me he had walked from the place where he had been stabbed to my house; washed the dry blood on the skin off, and dressed the wound according to the established rules of surgery; used no probe in dressing it; the wound did not exceed an inch in length; perhaps it was not quite an inch; told him that all such wounds were dangerous, and directed him to bathe it in cold water; did not see him again till next day; he was then dead, and had been carried out; the post mortem examination was made before I saw him; did not examine the wound then; I have no doubt but that the wound killed him—no doubt at all.

Here, counsel for defence (Messrs. Swartzwelder and Wilson) objected to the indictment as not sufficiently explicit in setting forth the allegation that O'Leary died from the wound alleged to have been inflicted by Lutz. The question was argued at some length by the counsel on either side. Judge McClure thought the indictment sufficiently specific. Moreover, the Doctor had testified that it was his opinion O'Leary came to his death by the wounds inflicted.

The objection of counsel for defence was not sustained and Court proceeded.

Dr. Murdock was then sworn, and testified substantially to the same facts as Dr. McCook.

Thomas Gallagher, sworn—Was present at the time the fight occurred; there was a squabble going on between Patch and Braddock, in the street; saw O'Leary near the curb-stone, bending over to keep the crowd from rushing in upon the combatants; saw the handle of a knife in the sleeve of Lutz; saw him come around the crowd and make a stab at O'Leary; saw the blade of his knife; it was a dirk-knife; he (Gallagher) cried to O'Leary to look out; saw the blood running out of O'Leary's shirt at the waistbands of his trousers; took him into the house or saloon and from there went up to the corner of the street with him; when he went to Dr. McCook's; saw him again at midnight.

On the cross-examination, Mr. Swartzwelder pressed Gallagher with the question, whether or not he did not say before going out upon the street to the company that was with him, that they "would whip every Protestant s——" or they could find," or words to that effect. Gallagher denied that he had ever said anything of the sort.

Alfred Keevil, sworn—At the time of the affray, kept a hat store between Sixth street and Virgin alley; saw the crowd running down Wood street; saying that there was a fight; went down himself; it was about five o'clock in the afternoon; saw Patch and Braddock fighting, nearly in front of M'Carthey's auction store; saw a larger crowd nearly opposite the larger beer hall; went down to where the larger crowd was; after a little saw Richard O'Leary standing on the outskirts of the crowd within about four feet of him (Keevil); saw blood on his shirt; O'Leary put his hand round upon the spot which was wounded and then looked at the blood which came away with his hand; in a very little while Lutz came where they (Keevil and O'Leary) were standing; O'Leary said to Lutz, "You s—— you're cut me;" Lutz answered, "Dicky, you've done me dirt." They all three then walked up Wood street towards Mr. Keevil's store; on the way up, some one cried out from the second story of Bown & Telley's, "there's the Dutch, cut him;" (foreman—I suppose a Dutchman) Lutz looked around at Keevil following him. That was the last he saw of Lutz at the time. Nothing of importance was elicited in the cross-examination.

William Pollock, sworn—On the day in which this affray occurred, he was at work near by; heard a noise and went into the beer-hall by the back door; saw two men holding O'Leary, who was swearing he could whip any——in the crowd; soon a fight was kicked up in the street; they rushed out to the front door; saw Lutz take a pen-knife from his pocket, open a small blade, and, placing the end of his thumb about a half-inch up from the point of and upon the blade, "jag" a man with it; did not see Lutz "jag" O'Leary with the knife as described; did not see him strike at O'Leary with a knife; saw Lutz afterwards at about seven o'clock the same evening on Penn avenue, near the corner of Tunnel street; Lutz was very drunk; came up and asked him (Pollock) if he had seen the fight that day; told him he had; Lutz asked if he had seen him "jag" anybody with his pen-knife; told him he had; asked Pollock if he thought what he did would hurt anybody, which Pollock answered in the negative; Lutz then asked Pollock if he would go down town and see if O'Leary was hurt; he came down town, was there some two hours, and when he went back Lutz was gone, and he had never seen him again until he saw him in jail; during Lutz was so drunk when he was talking to him on Penn avenue that he didn't know what he was saying.

The testimony of this witness was very clear and straight-forward as to what he saw and know in the case. Nothing of importance was elicited in the cross-examination.

D. C. Kneeland, sworn—We were called away just as this witness came on the stand, and cannot report his testimony.

ORGANIZATION OF THE SCOTT LEGION.—A meeting of the soldiers who served in the Mexican war was held in the armory of the Duquesne Greys, Wilkins' Hall, on Monday evening, for the purpose of organizing a Scott Legion. It was resolved to purchase a lot for the interment of the soldiers who served in that war, and to erect a suitable monument thereon.

The organization was completed by the election of the following officers: President—Col. Robert Anderson. Vice Presidents—Capt. A. Hay, Col. T. A. Rowley. Recording Secretary—Capt. J. S. Negley. Cor. Secretary—F. H. Goolv. Treasurer—Capt. W. A. Charlton. Trustees—Capt. A. Hay, Lieut. Wm. Trovillo, Capt. A. Ferguson. Directors of the Monument—Capt. John Herron, Sergeant M. Wallace, John Poland.

We clip the subjoined from the *Union* (Democratic) of this city:

Acknowledgment.—The undersigned takes this method to express, thus publicly, his most sincere thanks to His Honor Mayor Weaver, of Pittsburgh, for his zeal and energy, which he exhibited in ferretting out the perpetrator of the murderous assault on my son. He was on the ground sooner than any justice or Constable of our village, Lawrenceville, and to his unceasing labor the result of the investigation is due. I take pleasure in expressing this publicly, owing it to a most meritorious public officer.

GEORGE HOKER, Lawrenceville.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I see my name mentioned as one of the Democratic nominees, in the Seventh Ward. You will please state that I decline any nomination on that ticket; that I have not been a candidate before the Democratic primary meeting, nor do I intend to be. Doubtless there are members of their own party who will be willing to fill the vacancy thus created.

I may here state that I was before the Republican primary meeting, and intend to support the Republican ticket.—ANDREW ORAM.

THE Episcopal Church at Brownsville, of which we made notice some time since, will be completed for the New Year, just now upon us. We learn that it is very beautifully finished in the interior in stucco. This work has been done by our townsman, Mr. James Owens, of Wylie street, and gives great satisfaction to the people of the congregation by which this church was built.

NINTH WARD DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—The Democrats of the Ninth Ward on Monday morning selected the following delegates to the City Convention, to be held to-day: Richard Hughes, Sr., Hugh Kain, Joseph Wicks, Jas. M. Taylor, T. S. Bowley.

The delegates are instructed to vote for Col. Geo. C. Babb for Controller.

A FALSE STORY came off last week near Millsfonte, Centre Co. The Judge of the District has issued warrants for all the parties concerned. The paper from which we learn this does not give the names of the knifers engaged in this fight.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says that Frederic M. Kent, Comedian, died in New York on Christmas Day. We presume this is the man who was formerly engaged in Mr. Foster's Company in this city.

A JOURNEY IN THE HYPERBOREAN REGIONS.—On Monday night, Mr. H. H. McCullough arrived in this city from Lake Superior, where he spends his summers as a trader at Grand Portage, on the North shore of the Great Water. It is customary for the steamers which ply between Cleveland and Superior City to cross over from the latter place to Grand Portage, a distance of sixty miles, about the latter part of October for the purpose of carrying the winter supplies of the Indians and hunters, and of bringing away such as desire to return. This autumn the steamer failed to make this trip, thus leaving the hunters without supplies, and also leaving those who usually avail themselves of the steamer to come south, to get away as best they might. Mr. McCullough waited for the steamer until the 25th of November, when, despairing of her arrival, he, with 18 men in an open boat, set out to coast the shore around, a distance 130 miles, to Superior City.

The thermometer on the morning of their departure from Grand Portage stood at 16° below zero. Clad in many coats, stockings, blankets and furs they made the best of their way around the bold western shore of the mighty lake, rowing during the calm days and nights, now close to by the cliffs, now standing boldly across the mouths of the bays, and now fleeing into caves and harbors when the wind came on heavy from the open sea. In one harbor they lay windbound three days. The water of the lake was yet comparatively warm; consequently the ice had not made along the shore so much as might have been expected from the extreme sharpness of the air. But the oar-blades frequently became so clogged with ice that it became necessary to chip it off, and the spray wherever it fell upon the boat turned into ice. The half-barrel of flour they had taken with them was soon exhausted, and they were obliged to procure more which fortunately they were able to do at houses here and there along the shore.

Thus rowing, sailing and sheltering themselves, thir company of men in ten days, without frost-bite or harm, though continually exposed to the winds, coasted the whole 130 miles and arrived in safety at Superior City. Here it was necessary for Mr. McCullough to obtain supplies of pork and flour from a people that had not much to spare, in order to supply his men at Grand Portage. At $15 per barrel he procured a supply of flour; his pork cost in the same ratio.

The dangers of the sea escaped, Mr. M'C. then took to the land, and travelling on runners 150 miles, reached St. Paul; crossing the Mississippi on the ice he kept on by stage to Prairie du Chien, and thence via Chicago, Detroit and Cleveland to this city, where he arrived on Monday night, to the relief of his friends, who have been anxiously looking for his arrival for more than a month. Such a journey in such a season in the "high northern latitudes" is worthy a more ambitious record; but perhaps the above is better than none.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS IN THE THIRD WARD FOR WARD OFFICERS AND SELECT AND COMMON COUNCILS.—Select Council, Dr. T. J. Gallagher; Common Council, A. Mercer Brown, Robert Allingham, Jacob W. Leonard, J. Harvey Robinson, Jacob P. Dickh, C. H. Tupper; Alderman, Samuel Mason; Assessor, Daniel Armstrong; Assistant Assessors, Jacob M'Clelland, Wm. Chapman; School Directors, Andrew M'Master, J. H. M'Clelland; Judge, 1st Precinct, W. Barris; Inspector, 1st Precinct, Wm. Simpson; Judge, 2d Precinct, Joseph Hastings; Inspector, 2d Precinct, Wm. M'Kee; Constable, John A. Martin.

EIGHTH WARD NOMINATIONS.—Select Council, Lewis Kim; Common Council, David Hutchinson, John A. Sergeant; Judge, Daniel M'Curdy; Inspector, John L. Hamilton; School Directors, Wm. H. Everson, Henry E. White; Assessor, Thos. Neely; Assistant Assessors, Christian King, Geo. Serty; Constable, G. W. Sharper.

WESTERN PENITENTIARY.—The number of prisoners remaining in this institution, December 28th, is as follows:

Males	185
Females	2
Total	187

The institution is in fine order, and the health of the prisoners good.

MESSRS. J. D. & F. THOMPSON, Fifth-st., manufacture a very superior article of Oil Paste Blacking, which is not only an excellent polish, but a preservative and water-proof. From a glance at the materials used, we are convinced that it is what is claimed, and we therefore recommend it as an article good for boots and shoes, these damp days.

THE Annual Supper of the Allegheny County Agricultural Society will be given as usual at the House of Mrs. Little, corner of Pitt and Liberty streets, on Tuesday evening, January 4th. An address will be delivered by J. M. Kirkpatrick, Esq.

SALES OF STOCKS BY P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer, evening 30th.

10	Shares Bk. of Pittsburgh,	$56	00
2	do Mechanics Bank,	51	12½
8	do do	51	00
45	do Eureka Insurance Co.	28	00

MR. W. W. KING, of Chicago will lecture at College Hall this evening at 7½ o'clock. Mr. King is a very pleasing and agreeable lecturer, we anticipate a full house as the admission is free.

REV. DR. JACOBUS preached on last Sabbath at Steubenville, Ohio, Prof. Wilson, of Allegheny Theological Seminary, occupied the pulpit of Dr. Beatty's Church in this city in the absence of Dr. J. as above.

MISS TURNBULL takes a benefit at the Theatre to-night. A fine bill is offered both there and at the Gaieties.

GLYCERINE, GLYCERINE, GLYCERINE;
Highly perfumed. Sure cure and preventative of Chapped Hands, Face and Lips, for sale at
WOEPPER'S DRUG STORE,
corner Penn and Wood sts.

M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge is Miscounterfeited.—Jos P. O., Oxford Co., Me., July 22d, 1855.—Messrs. FLEMING BROS.—Dear Sirs: I have used Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by you, in my family, and I do think it the best preparation now in use for expelling worms from the human system. My neighbors have also used it with the same success. Yours, &c., WM. O. NETTLE.

The above is a sample of certificates daily received by the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills. Worms are safe to exist, they are the most reliable and popular remedies in the world.

Beware.—Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had of all respectable druggists. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

de22:lawtf

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

MISS KIMBERLY.....LESSEE AND MANAGERESS.

REDUCTION OF PRICES,
SECOND TIER, 15 CTS.
PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Boxes	50c.	Private Box, large	$3,00
Second Tier	15c.	Private Box, small	2,00
Colored Gallery	25c.	Colored Boxes	50

Single Seats in Private Box, $1,00.

Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Performances to Commence at 7.—Box office, for sale of Tickets, open from 10 to 2 o'clock.

BENEFIT
of the popular and talented Pantomimist and Dancer,
MISS JULIA TURNBULL,
on which occasion she will appear in the thrilling Drama of
WEPT OF THE WISH-TON-WISH,
and also in the Romantic Opera of
KATE KEARNEY.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 30th, 1857.—The performance will commence with the thrilling Romantic Drama, founded on incidents in the life of one of the early settlers, and entitled the——
WEPT OF THE WISH-TON-WISH,
Naramattah, the Wept of the Wish-ton Wish, Miss Turnbull
Mal Gough, Wept-ton-Wish's sweetheart, Anderton
Dangton, Curran Conteer, Ward; Satisfaction Brunk,
Johnson; Faith Hetthcoat, Miss Edwards INDIANS.
Comanches, Soldiers, Scouts, Hunters, &c.
After which, a recitation, THE DRAMA, by
HELEN MUZZY.
to be followed by a new and beautiful Dance,
La Zingarella.....MISS KIMBERLY.
MISS KIMBERLY, for the benefit of this, in the beautiful Tableau, AMERICA, nightly received with the most enthusiastic tokens of approbation.
to conclude with a Romantic Operatic Drama, in two acts, called
KATE KEARNEY.
To-morrow, NEW YEARS EVE, Benefit of MISS KIMBERLY.
when she will appear in Maeliger's beautiful play of the MAID OF HONOR, and as THE LITTLE JOCKEY.

FOSTER'S GAIETIES!—MASONIC HALL.—Lessee and Manager JOSEPH G. FOSTER Acting and Stage Manager, A. W. YOUNG.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

The Manager begs respectfully to inform the public, that in future, the prices of admission will be:
PARQUETTE.....25 cents. | UPPER TIER.....15 cents

An Immense Bill. Three great pieces. Third and most positively the last week of the great tragedienne MISS FARREN. Second and last week of the gifted young American actress FANNY FITZ FARREN.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec 30th, 1857, will be performed the beautiful Drama, in 3 acts, entitled
CLARI; OR THE MAID OF MILAN,
Clari (with song of "Home, Sweet Home,") Mrs Farren
Rolamo, M'Bride; Leoda, Julia M Cooke; Vespina, Miss Kate Farren
After which the ever popular farce of
A LOAN OF A LOVER,
Carlitade (with songs) Fanny Fitz Farren; Peter Spyk, A. W. Young.
To conclude with (last time) the Christmas Ballets Pantomime of
THE DEMON STATUE,
Pierrot, A. W Young; Florette, Emily Wahlegrave.
To-morrow, Benefit of Mrs. Farren.

If you value your teeth and a pure breath, healthy sunnort, and comfable mouth, go to KEYSER'S 140 Wood street, and buy a bottle of WISE'S TOOTH WASH and Tooth Powder.—de23:lawtf

1400 Pounds B. W. Flour, received and for sale by SHRIVER & DILWORTH, de24 150 and 152 Second street.

Telegraphic.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 29.—The following is flag-officer Paulding's letter to the Secretary of the Navy, detailing the circumstances under which he arrested Gen. Walker:

Flag-Ship Wabash, off Aspinwall, Dec. 15, '57.

SIR:—My letter of the 12th inst. informed the Department that I had broken up the camp of General Walker at Punta Arenas, dismissed his lawless followers, and sent them to Norfolk in the Saratoga. The General came here with me and will take passage in one of the steamers for New York, where he will present himself to the Marshal of the district. The Department being in possession of all the facts in relation to Walker's escape with his followers from the United States, as well as the letters of Captain Chatard and Gov. Walker to me after he landed at Punta Arenas, the merits of the whole question will, I presume, be fully comprehended. I could not regard Walker and his followers in any other light than as outlaws who had escaped from the vigilance of the officers of the government, and who left our shores for the purpose of rapine and murder; and I saw no other way to vindicate law and redeem the honor of our country than by disarming and sending them home. In doing so, I am sensible of the responsibility I have incurred, and confidently look to the government for my justification. Regarded in the right, the case appears to me a clear one; the points few and strong.

Walker came to Punta Arenas from the United States, having in violation of law set on foot a military organization to make war upon a people with whom we are at peace. He landed there with armed men and munitions of war in defiance of the guns of a ship of war he placed there to prevent his landing. With nothing to show that he acted by authority, he formed a camp, hoisted the Nicaraguan flag, called it the head-quarters of the army of Nicaragua, and signed himself the Commander-in-Chief. With this pretension he claimed the right of a lawful government over all persons and things within sight of his flag. Without right or authority he landed 50 men at the mouth of the river Colorado, seized the fort of Castello on the San Juan, captured the steamers and the goods of merchants in transit to the interior, killed men and made prisoners of the peaceful inhabitants, sending to the harbor of San Juan del Norte some 30 or 40 men, women and children in the steamer Morgan.

In doing these things without the show of authority they were guilty of rapine and murder and must be regarded as outlaws and pirates; they can have no claim to be regarded in any other light; humanity as well as law, justice and national honor demanded the dispersion of these lawless men. For the above reasons which appear to my mind quite sufficient, I have dispersed and sent to the United States Gen. Walker and his outlawed and piratical followers for trial or for whatever action the Government in its wisdom may think proper to pursue. The commander of Her Britanic Majesty's ship Brunswick offered to co-operate with me in removing the party from Point Arenas, but as they were my country men I deemed it proper to decline the participation of a foreign flag.

Gen. Walker arrived this evening accompanied by Marshal Byrdors, T. R. Meagher and Malcolm Campbell. He was received with cheers by a large concourse of people as he entered his quarters at Brown's Hotel.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—The instructions to Commodore Paulding were necessarily general in their nature, it being impossible for the government to anticipate every state of the circumstances, and so until his official despatches shall have been considered will it be determined whether or not he was justified in Gen. Walker's arrest.

The *Time's* correspondent says Secretary Cass announces the arrest of Walker and his men by Commodore Paulding, as illegal, inexcusable and unauthorized. Commodore Paulding will, doubtless, be court martialled. Walker's friends express the conviction that Com. Paulding acted under secret instructions. In proof of this they cite the fact that he has been repeatedly predicted that Walker and the United States would pursue him upon Nicaragua soil. Nevertheless, the Administration positively denounces Paulding's course—denying that it was even anticipated.

The Administration is very emphatic in repudiating the action of Commodore Paulding, and denouncing it as a violation of the neutrality of Nicaragua and of the American Constitution. Our power over filibusters, it is held, ceased the moment they entered upon the jurisdiction of a foreign power.

There is no doubt but that Commodore Paulding will be at once ordered home for trial.

The Southern men are very violent in their denunciations of Paulding—denying his right to decide that Walker is a citizen of the United States, and claiming it to be the duty of the Government to send Walker and his men back in a National vessel.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 29.—Leavenworth, Kansas, dates to the 25th gives the vote of that city as 238 for slavery and 9 against it. Much excitement prevailed. Many Missourians were present, some of whom voted after swearing in their votes. The form of the ballot was printed in red, and on the printed slip, instead of "for" or "against slavery," was the instrument, an inhabitant of this territory." The Clerk is Missourians were arrested, but Judge Lecompte issued writs of habeas corpus for their release. Calhoun was burnt in effigy. Ely Moore was shot in the leg by a German. It is rumored that Governor Denrek has issued orders to arrest Lane.

QUEBEC, Dec. 29.—At the election which took place yesterday, several serious riots occurred at the Upper Town. Two Irishmen were killed and many injured. The military was called out to dispel the riots. The candidates of the Ministerialist party were successful.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—The following results are shown by the Bank statements of to-day:—Increase of loans, $500,000; Circulation $42,000; Decrease of specie, $315,000; Decrease of Government deposits, $303,000.

Allegheny County, ss.

THE Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, Greeting:

If Allen Kramer make you secure of prosecuting his suit to effect, command you that you summon, by good and lawful summoners, George Poe, Jr., (of Washington, D. C.,) William McCord and Anna M., his wife, in right of said Maria, William McCord and Anna M., his wife, in right of said Maria, M. Frances E. Poe, widow of George Poe, dec'd, and Edward Poe and Louisa Poe, minor children of George Poe, dec'd, by their Guardian *ad litem* William H. Denny, that they be and appear before our Judges at Pittsburgh, at our District Court, there to be held on the fourth Monday of January, 1858, to show wherefore whereas the said Allen Kramer and the said defendants together and undivided are seized in their certain lot or piece of ground situate on the south side of the Monongahela river, in Sidneyville, now borough of Birmingham, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on Centre street at the southwest corner of lot No. 31, thence along said street south half a degree west eight perches and to a corner of lot No. 25; thence S 87½° E eighteen perches and 60-100 to a post on the river bank; thence N 2° W eight perches and 68-100; thence N 89½° W eighteen and 60-100 perches to the place of beginning, being lot No. 31 in Sidneyville, bounded on the east by Centre street, on the south by lot No. 25, on the west by Sidneyville's line and on the north by lot No. 32, containing one acre, partition thereof between them be made according to the laws and customs of this Commonwealth, and the statutes in such cases made and provided, or else, and to shew cause to be done do not permits very unjustly and against the laws and customs of this Commonwealth and have you then and there the names of those summoners and this writ.

Witness the Hon. Moses Hampton, President Judge of our said Court, at Pittsburgh, this 12th day of December, 1857.

JOHN HIRSCHFIELD, Prothonotary.

Issued December 12th, 1857.

Proceeds Interested will take notice of the above writ of delc9:6wT RODY PATTERSON, Sheriff.

A DJOURNED ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of John Chambers, deceased, will sell at public sale, on MONDAY, Dec. 28, A. D., 1857, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh, the following portions of real estate, of which the said John Chambers died seized, viz:

A certain lot of ground in the Fifth ward of Pittsburgh, marked in the plan of James Adams, part of which was formerly known as the Northern Liberties, No. 23, bounded northwardly by Penn street, eastwardly by lot No 22, southwardly by Spring alley, and westwardly by lot No 24, containing in breadth fifty feet, and in length one hundred feet to a twenty-foot alley, being the same which George A. Bayard and wife, by their deed, dated Nov. 19, 1856, recorded in vol. 85, page 415, conveyed unto said John Chambers.

Also—A certain lot of ground situated in the said Fifth ward of Pittsburgh, part of lot No 22 in plan aforesaid bounded northwardly by Penn street, eastwardly by lot No. 23, southwardly by Spring alley, and westwardly by the part of said lot No. 22 now owned by Mathew Chambers, containing in breadth twenty-five feet, more or less, and in depth one hundred feet, more or less, being part of the same which the said George A. Bayard, by his deed, dated May 19, 1856, recorded in book vol. 84, page 45, conveyed unto the said John Chambers and Alexander Chambers, as to which is erected a two story frame dwelling house, fronting Penn street, and a two story frame dwelling house fronting Spring alley.

And also, two lots of ground in the said Fifth ward, Nos 66 and 67, in Joseph Patterson's plan, recorded in book 27, page 72, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northwardly side of Locust street at the distance of one hundred feet from the corner of Miles street; thence along Locust street towards Penn street, forty feet; thence along the line of lot No 68, sixty feet, to the line of property late of Harmer Rue, Esq., deceased; thence along the same towards Miles street forty feet, and thence along the line of lot No 65 sixty feet to the place of beginning—on which is erected two two story brick dwelling houses, being the same which Zilpah Packard and his wife, by their deed, dated November 14, 1856, recorded in vol. 86, page 44, conveyed unto the said John Chambers.

The property is all valuable, rents at good rates and good tenants, and bargains can be had, as the same will be sold.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third on the confirmation of said sale; one-third in one year from day of sale, with interest from that date, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises; and one-third to remain on the premises as secured by bond and mortgage, during the lifetime of Jane Chambers, widow of said John Chambers, deceased; the interest thereof to be payable to the said Jane Chambers annually from the day of sale, during her natural life, and after her death the principal, payable to the heirs and legal representatives of the said John Chambers.

CHESTERFIELD ROBB,
Adm'r of John Chambers, dec'd.

de7:wasiawtS

Washington Hotel.

FORMERLY UNITED STATES HOTEL,
Pittsburgh, Penna.
JAMES SHANNON.....PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOUSE IS LOCATED ON the corner of Penn and Washington streets, midway between the Central and Western Railroad Depots, and has undergone a thorough improvement, remodeled, and furnished with new furniture, and is now the most convenient Hotel in Pittsburgh, for travelers by Railroad East or West.
my21ly

THE GREATEST MATCH MACHINE IN THE WORLD!
A FORTUNE MADE WITH A SMALL INVESTMENT.
THOMAS' PATENT MATCH MACHINE

Is a simple, cheap and perfect Match Maker. The Machine forms the splint, dips it, cuts it off, and makes the fire-head at the rate of 70 matches a minute from the time of the manufacturer in a short time. Where good wood is to be had readily it materially reduces the cost. For general county or Machine privileges sits offered for sale at a moderate price. For particulars, call at GAZETTE COUNTING ROOM, Fifth street.
de16:wtSwtf

TOOTHACHE is instantly cured by a few drops of Dr. Keyser's Tooth Ache Remedy. Prepared and sold at the drug store DR. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.
de23:lawtf Sign of the Golden Mortar

FINE TRAYS AND WAITERS—
Steel Fire Irons,
Silver Plated Belts,
Plated Castors, Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c.
Britannia Metal Tea Sets, and Single Pieces,
Plantished Tinware, in sets or single Pieces,
Pewter Patent Safety Lamps and Feeders,
Door Mats, Japanned, Pressed and Plated Tinware. A great assortment of Housekeeping Utensils, &c., &c., for sale at low prices by JOHN FLEMING,
de9 No. 91, corner Market and Third st.

IMPROVED PATENT ELASTIC BANDS of all sizes, just rec'd and for sale by
de23 W. S. HAVEN.

Commercial.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.
[Reported Specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1857.

FLOUR—No sales from first hands from store, sales of 100 bbls at $4 for super, $4,25 for extra and $4,50 for family do; and 75 bbls at $4,50 for extra and $4,75 for family do.

GRAIN—Very little doing; sales of small lots on arrival at 28 c, and of Corn at 57@58 c.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Dull; a sale of 10,000 lbs in bulk at $1,75@1,87½ P 100.

HAY—Sales at scales of 5 loads at $11 @ ton.

CHEESE—Sales in the small way of 60 bxs W. R. at 9½ @10.

LIME—Sales of 25 bbls Louisville at $1,37½ @ bbl.

FISH—Sales of 12 bbls No. 2 Mackerel, large, at $11,50 @ bbl, and 10 half bbls do at $6,25.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

The Custom-house returns of the Foreign Trade at this port for eleven months of the calendar year, showed a total import of Foreign Merchandise of.....$226,214,000
Add four weeks in December.....9,115,572

Total to date in 1857.....$231,327,572
Against same date 1856.....214,415,000

Increase to date.....$16,912,572

The same tables make the export of specie direct to the 30th November.....$27,024,000
Add four weeks in December.....7,618,058

Total to date in 1857.....$34,642,058
Against same date in 1856.....37,217,169

Increase to date.....$7,574,889

The exports of specie from this port for the week ending this day, and for the year 1857, thus far, were as follows:

Total for the week		$ 2,070,295 92
Previously reported		41,752,000 28
Total for 1857		$43,822,296 20
Same time 1856		34,217,169
Increase		$9,605,127

We annex a comparative statement of the Foreign Imports at New York for the week and since Jan. 1:

	1855.	1856.	1857.
Dry Goods	$1,507,629	$843,854	$314,618
General Merchandise	1,439,239	972,023	1,071,670
Total for the week	$2,946,868	$1,815,877	$1,386,288
Previously reported	147,407,500	128,000,227	216,732,252
Since Jan. 1	$150,354,368	$113,016,104	$217,118,540
Same time in 1854	181,000,000	149,000,000	181,000,000
Same time in 1853	194,000,000	194,000,000	194,000,000

We annex a comparative statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from New York to foreign ports for the week and since Jan. 1:

	1855.	1856.	1857.
For the week	$1,061,291	$1,373,993	$1,122,700
Previously reported	76,612,900	71,020,053	71,020,053
Since Jan. 1	$93,415,075	$76,995,090	$72,242,573
Same time in 1854	76,000,000	76,000,000	76,000,000

Exports by River.

MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION Co.—2 skts b w flour, 5 bbls flour, owner; 16 bxs glass, Flack; 24 picture frames, Sellers; 20 pcs machinery, Gormley; 252 pcs glass, Report.

WHEELING per Rocket—77 skts barley, Smith; 8 bbls beans, Lewis & Edgerton; 7 bbls crab cider, R Dalzell; 100 do apples, Bradley; 8 bbls, 14 skts dry apples, Smith; 10 bbls apples, Herbert; 60 pgs rye, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 74 pkgs, 9 bbls apples, owner.

CINCINNATI per Illinois—432 bbls flour, 20 bbls whisky, 25 do lard, 714 skts wheat, 60 half alcohol, Clark & co; 100 bbls flour, 10 bbls sugar, Gardner; 101 bbls whisky, Wallace; 20 do do, Wasklien; 200 do do, 20 do alcohol, Black & Woods; 50 do charcoal, Carr & co; 200 bbls flour, 1 do lard, Voegtly; 150 bbls flour, Raymer; 10 box candles, 15 do soap, 50 do starch, 3 bbls oil, Cooper; 50 bxs soap, Reeder; 20 do candles, B A Fahnestock; 4 bbls hominy, Long & Duff; 2 bbls hog meal, Leech & Muir; 12 bbls molasses, W Mc-Clurkan; 52 do whisky, S McClurkan; 2 bbls hominy, Henry; 16 do whisky, Wolf.

Imports by Railroad.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 29.—Ashes, 5 bbls pearls; 5 do pots; 5 bbls flour, 5 do corn meal; 5 do rye flour; 11 do barley; 1 do potatoes; 20 do apples; 5 do dried apples; 2 bbls dried peaches; 72 bush oats, D Harper; 23 bgs do, Mercer & Robinson; 2 bbls butter; 1 do eggs, B Baldwin; 72 doz brooms, Fitch; 25 bxs cheese, S Hutchinson; 30 kgs nails, Schmertz & co; 41 bxs cheese, H H Collins; 113 bush barley, Smith & co; 50 do potatoes, Wm Coleman; 6 bbls rye flour, 8 do do, 15 do corn, P Peterson; 11 bbls & 9 do flour, 4 bbls apples, J Black; 166 bush rye, Simpson & Nelson; 28 bbls apples, Perry & co; 10 bbls pearls, Baker, Phillips; 17 dressed hogs, 28 cars do, Gans cattle, owner; 21 do pork, 2 do lard, 2 do tallow, Hay & co; 2 do pork, Hamilton & Bro; 2 do do, Fleming & Co, Agents.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 30.—Ashes, 5 bbls pearls; 5 do pots; 5 bbls flour, 5 do corn meal; 5 do rye flour; 11 do barley; 1 do potatoes; 20 do apples; 5 do dried apples; 2 bbls dried peaches; 72 bush oats, D Harper; 23 bgs do, Mercer & Robinson; 2 bbls butter; 1 do eggs, B Baldwin; 72 doz brooms, Fitch; 25 bxs cheese, H Hutchinson; 30 kgs nails, Schmertz & co; 41 bxs cheese, H H Collins; 113 bush barley, Smith & co; 50 do potatoes, Wm Coleman; 6 bbls rye flour, 8 do do, 15 do corn, P Peterson; 11 bbls & 9 do flour, 4 bbls apples, J Black; 166 bush rye, Simpson & Nelson; 28 bbls apples, Perry & co; 10 bbls pearls, Baker, Phillips; 17 dressed hogs, 28 cars do, Gans cattle, owner; 21 do pork, 2 do lard, 2 do tallow, Hay & co; 2 do pork, Hamilton & Bro; 2 do do, Fleming & Co, Agents.

P. C. & P. R. R.—23 cars hogs, owners; 228 bbls flour, 50 do whisky, 2 bbls butter, 1 do dried beef, Clark & co.

RIVER NEWS.

The rain has fallen quite constantly for several days—yesterday was a very miserable day; the river must be full again soon, and very high, but lets us have a spell of good weather.

Capt. Thomas N. Holmes and Hilarsky arrived with full freight on Monday night. The Rocket was in from Wheeling.....The Lehigh left here on Saturday night and arrived in Cincinnati on Monday morning—a short trip; she had light however. She takes a load there and will return immediately. The Emma Graham went out yesterday for Zanesville.

The Empire City went out yesterday for St. Louis with a full load, mostly of railway iron. She took along with her in tow, the R. P. Sass. The E. Cleaver, the men of the R. P. S and tows her to Cincinnati for $125. The Sass leaves the latter and will take a load for New Orleans or return light, or, if she can secure a freight for Memphis. The Sam Woods, Capt. Robbins, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on Monday, at 5 o'clock P. M. This boat is the fastest in the trade, and the packet for Wednesday next. The Chenoweth is expected to arrive from Cincinnati to-day. The Gazel was all ready to go out yesterday, and without doubt did so. She had a full load and a goodly number of passengers.

The Cincinnati Commercial of Monday says:

"In the case of the burning of the Col. Edwards, below Alexandria, the fire is supposed to have been caused *by a passenger throwing a burning cigar end down on the deck*. The Edwards had a heavy freight on board—over 1,100 bales of cotton, piled up as high as the boiler deck, besides sixty head of cattle and several horses.

St. Louis.—The Cremona, from Pike City, arrived at St. Louis on Thursday. Departed—Fairy Queen and Jennie for Pittsburgh.....The steamer Ed. Manning is announced for sale by the Marshal on the 30th inst.

Cincinnati.—The Rosalia left for Pittsburgh on Saturday night, with one hundred and fifty tons of freight, and fifty passengers—one item of her freight was over two hundred barrels of whisky. The Rosalia left for Pittsburgh, yesterday, with one hundred and fifty tons of freight, principally one-third of her cargo being from Cincinnati.....The Cambridge left for St. Louis, picking up very little freight.

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