Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 5, 1857.

☞ OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.☜

News of the City and Neighborhood.

BANK STATEMENTS.—We place below for the perusal of our readers, the Bank Statements of as many Banks of Issue of this city as we were able to procure:

A Statement of the condition of the Bank of Pittsburgh, which was laid before the Stockholders at their meeting, Tuesday morning, November 3d, 1857.

MEANS.		
Bills and Notes Discounted		$1,631,056 00
Loans to the Com. of Penna	$67,629 28	
Loan to the city of Pittsburgh	25,000 00	
Bonds and Stocks	8,402 13	
Banking House, Real Estate and Ground Rent	33,000 00	
Protest Account	103 69—	134,035 10
Due by other Banks	$90,154 99	
Notes of other Banks	73,124 00	
Checks on other Banks	1,645 14	
Coin in Vault	317,146 46—	482,070 59
		$2,147,761 75
LIABILITIES—TO STOCKHOLDERS.		
Capital Stock	$1,200,000 00	
Amount owned by Bank	67,300 00	$1,142,700 00
Contingent Fund	$ 117,503 39	
Profits for last Six Months	75,954 50	
	193,457 89	
Deduct Expenses Account	7,076 20—	$186,380 96
Suspense Account		379 07
Unclaimed Dividends		8,355 00
LIABILITIES—TO OTHERS.		
Due to other Banks		$ 54,601 17
Notes in Circulation		159,367 00
Individual Deposits		000,998 55
		$2,147,781 75

Subsequent to the meeting of the stockholders, the Board of Directors met and declared a dividend of 3 per cent, which, with the May dividend, makes 8 per cent for the current year.

The Bank of Pittsburgh pays specie on all its liabilities, and declines accepting the provisions of the recent Relief Act of the Legislature.

JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

The Bank of Pittsburgh not having accepted the late Relief Act, is therefore not bound to publish its statement.

Knowing the interest which the public feel in these matters in the present crisis, we, however, requested and received a copy of the above, in order that we might make the synopsis of the condition of the city banks, as complete as we could.

Indeed, we may add that we requested the statement given here of all the banks which they furnished us, and they may therefore be relied upon as correct.

Statement of the Condition of the Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh, on Monday Morning, November 2d, 1857.

LIABILITIES.		
Capital Stock	$1,000,000 00	
Amount owned by the Bank	182,000 00	
		$818,000 00
Unclaimed Dividends	$118,808 85	2,100 00
Contingent Fund	49,710 81	
		170,519 70
Notes in Circulation		337,480 00
Due to Depositors		167,906 83
Due to Banks		50,329 54
		$1,075,402 07
ASSETS.		
Real Estate		$45,920 66
Expense Account		4,340 89
Bonds, Mortgages & Loans		14,300 00
Bills and Notes Discounted		1,514,310 31
Coin in the Vault	$319,230 91	
Notes of other Banks	18,301 00	
Due by Banks	58,725 00	
		396,256 91
		$1,075,402 07
The profits for the year ending November 2d, are		$129,729 70
From which the Directors have declared dividends, in May of 5 per cent	$60,000 00	
In November 3 per cent	24,300 00	
The Expenses for the year amount to	9,057 62	
The Taxes for the year amount to	9,816 00	
		84,283 62
Balance carried to Contingent Fund		36,455 17

I certify that the foregoing statement of the condition of the Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh, is just and true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

November 3d, 1857.

We learned yesterday that the statement of the Merchants & Manufacturers' Bank was not quite ready for publication. That institution, as may be seen by an advertisement in our columns, has just declared a semi-annual dividend of 8 per cent.

MECHANICS' BANK OF PITTSBURGH, November 3d, 1857.

LIABILITIES.		
Capital Stock		$500 000 00
Circulation		182,288 00
Due to Depositors		115,368 62
Due to other Banks		25,113 75
Dividends Unpaid		500 00
Contingent Fund		20,891 47
Profit and Loss Account		62 50
Premiums and Discount		30,290 29
		$877,512 65
ASSETS.		
Bills and Notes Maturing	$429,291 78	
Due by Eastern Banks	5,459 00	
Due by Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh	7,000 00	
Due by Western Banks	42,200 04	
Protested Bills Returned	29,270 64	
Gold and Silver Coin	117,685 39	
Notes of other Banks	25,667 00	
Checks on other Banks	5,931 84	
Expense Account	3,706 44	
		$877,512 65

GEO. D. McGREW, Cashier.

CITIZENS' BANK, PITTSBURGH, November 2, 1857.

ASSETS.		
Bills and Notes Discounted		$402,920 50
Expenses		1,745 49
Coin	$51,500	
Bank Notes, Checks, &c	15,165	
	66,748	
Due from Banks	39,159 57	105,904 57
		510,570 56
LIABILITIES.		
Capital paid in		$440,935 45
Deposites		29,219 36
Interest and Exchange		4,027 01
Commonwealth		1,614 51
Dividends Unpaid		982 05
Circulation		145,900
Contingent Fund		24,758 82
Due Banks		11,663 33
		$659,200 56

VERY NEARLY A CONFLAGRATION.—Yesterday morning at about daylight as the steamer Fortune was coming in from Wheeling, and passing the long line of steamers which fringe the levee, she observed the flames bursting from the windows of the chambermaid's room on board the steamer HIBERNIA. There are now lying here forty-five steamers, jammed in side by side from the Monongahela Bridge to the Point. The Hibernia was in nearly a middle place and wedged in by large boats, both above and below. The landing was silent, it being perhaps more deserted then than at any other time during the twenty-four hours. Had the Fortune happened along half an hour sooner or later, there would have been, in all probability, a most dreadful destruction of property. The Fortune was just in time to raise the alarm, which she did by blowing her whistle, ringing her bell, &c. She then run out her boat, manned it and succeeded with the aid of those who had awakened, in checking the flames.

The Hibernia is not injured to any extent.—All the damage can probably be repaired for $25. The flames had just burst out of the windows under the hurricane deck and began to take hold of the ornamental work which, on either side is somewhat disfigured with smoke and a little scorched. When we consider what terrific consequences might have resulted by the fire, the progress of the flames, through that line of boats, the little accident, is hardly worth mentioning.

MEETING OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY TAX COLLECTORS.—Pursuant to call of a large number of Collectors of the county, a meeting was held yesterday at the Court House to consult together touching their duty under the existing orders of a majority of the County Commissioners. We are informed that the advice of some of the leading lawyers of the city was to the effect that the Collectors should demand an exhoneration on each of their bonds and duplicates on one-half the county tax and a credit be entered on the books of the Treasurer for said amount; and that should the Treasurer or Commissioners refuse to adopt this method that then the Collectors should go on to collect according to the letters of warrant until an injunction be issued. The original warrants from the Treasurer to each Collector has required from the Treasurer a notice to pay up his duplicate in full by the 25th of December, 1857, otherwise he will be proceeded against.

The Collectors assembled, spent a good portion of the day in discussing various "ways and means," and endeavoring to lay down a path of duty in the premises. We think they reached no satisfactory conclusion. The whole object of their meeting, as far as we could learn, was to adopt some plan of concerted action, but we could not learn that any was decided upon further than is shadowed forth in the above report, viz; to have entered up to their credit on the Treasurer's books one-half the tax as if collected in cases where the eight mills have not been collected, and where they have been, the majority of the Commissioners have already ordered half to be reimbursed to the tax-payer.

BOARD OF CONTROL.—There was a meeting of the Board of Control of Allegheny on Tuesday evening. A quorum being present, the Board proceeded to such business as came before them. The report of the average attendance of scholars for the month of October is as follows:

School Houses.	No. Enrolled—Males.	Fem.	Total.	Av'ge Atten'ce—Males.	Fem.	Total.
No. 1	306	403	710	235	297	562
No. 2	387	356	734	272	270	542
No. 3	383	391	774	....	....	566
No. 4	304	336	640	223	245	473
No. 5	206	170	376	746	125	283
No. 6. (col'd)	72	51	123	68	47	115

On motion, the Board adjourned.

The Courts.

OYER AND TERMINER.—Yesterday was the second day of the trial of Jones, charged with the murder of William Campbell.

Alderman Major having been recalled declared on being asked, that he committed all the persons found in the houses named, as they had become notorious for broils and disturbed the neighborhood. Alderman M. then stated how he found things at the house of Jones and where some of the inmates of the house were.

John Flood was sworn, who testified that he was at Jones house on the 7th April; stated facts in reference to the alleged murder similar to others that have been before detailed: the revolver was shown to him: said he had seen it before: that Ann Wilcox got it out of a chest up stairs.

Coroner Alexander having been sworn gave his testimony as to the examination of the body of Campbell.

Mrs. Mary Wilcox, mother-in-law to James Jones was then sworn and examined at some length. Testified as to the condition of the house, the position of its inmates, etc. at the time when the shooting of Campbell occurred. In answer to a question in the Bank of England had decreased during the week £585,000. Messrs. Baring, Bros. & Co.'s circular reports the money market as slightly easier, with a moderate demand at the banks at advanced rates.

Liverpool Produce Markets.—Sugars were heavy, and holders pressing on the market; prices declined 1s@3s. Coffee quiet, with slight decline on all qualities. Rice heavy; little inquiry and prices weak. Rosin steady at 4s 6d@4s 7d for common, and 5s 6d for medium. Spirits of Turpentine dull at 38s.

It was reported that the French Government intended removing the restrictions on the export on corn and flour.

Monetary affairs in London are more satisfactory. The pressure has considerably abated.

Many of the continental banks had advanced their rates one per cent.

Latest—LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Oct. 24.—Breadstuffs closed quiet and declining. Flour dull, but prices unaltered since Tuesday. Provisions steady and quiet, but quotations nominal. Cotton closed quiet, with little inquiry. Wheat dull, and 3d lower. Sales red at 7s 6d@7s 9d. White, 7s 10d@8s 9d.—Corn closed steady.

LONDON, Wednesday.—The funds are undiminished at a slight advance on Tuesday's rates. Money is in good supply at 5½ discount. The advance in the bank rates greatly checked the flow of gold to New York, large intended shipments being countermanded. The quantity of goods being forwarded is also small. The Bank of England has thrown out some bills supposed to be connected with intended shipments of specie to America. The funds continued buoyant on Friday, and no gold was withdrawn from the Bank.

The rate of discount at Hamburg has declined.

The Bank of England takes out two millions of dollars worth of 5 per cent. Michigan Central bonds for the extinction of its floating debt.

The rates of money on the Stock Exchange remain at 5 per cent. The demand for money at the Bank on Friday was heavy.

Ten Broeck's horse Pryor is dead.

FRANCE.—It is stated that the Government Bank of France had asked for a decree giving a forced currency to bank notes. Bullion in the Bank of France has decreased 12,000,000 francs since the last monthly returns. The 3 per cents closed at 66 francs 85 centimes.

SPAIN.—The Cabinet is unorganized.

The Banks of Belgium and Denmark have advanced the rates to 6 per cent.

There is a lull in the Austrian financial pressure, but, it is feared, it is only temporary.

TURKEY.—Lord Redcliffe, Saturday.—Turkey persists in claiming the Island of Perem, and refuses indemnity.

It is rumored that the British Cabinet has arranged for the recall of the Governor General of India.

The London News says that the East India Company have commenced large remittances of silver to India, which will have a tendency to aggravate the present financial evils.

There has been a serious conflict at Frankfort between the Garrison and Austrian and Bavarian regiments. Many were wounded on both sides.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—Kansas letters of the 29th state that only 31 of the 60 members elected to the Constitutional Convention were pro-rata, and nothing of general interest was done.

Walker and Stanton were at Lecompton on the 29th, and nothing was said about their leaving the Territory.

The Herald of Freedom says that the bank suspension for the last two weeks left in Kansas $100. There is a large amount of specie in circulation. Exchange 1½ to 2 per cent.

Provisions are very much higher than they were a month ago. Flour is worth $6 per barrel, and corn $1 per bushel.

Potatoes are worth $1 per bushel, and other vegetables in proportion.

Business is very much depressed.

Immigration is very large