Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE RULES TO BE OBSERVED IN MAKING BUTTER.—In making good butter there are several nice operations to be gone through with, which require an eye to cleanliness, forethought and experience.

1. On milking clean, fast yet gently, regularly twice a day, depends the success of the dairyman. Bad milkers should not be tolerated in a herd; better pay double the price for good cows.

2. Straining is quite simple, but it should be borne in mind that two pans about half full each will produce a greater amount of cream than the same milk if in but one pan; the reason of this is the greater surface.

3. Scalding is quite an important feature in the way of making butter in cool weather; the cream rises much quicker, milk keeps sweet longer, the butter is of a better color, and churns in one-half the time.

4. Skimming should always be done before the milk becomes loppered; otherwise much of the cream rubs into whey and is lost.

5. Churning, whether by hand or otherwise, should occupy fifty minutes.

6. Washing in cold soft water is one of its preserving qualities, and should be continued until it shows no color of the milk by the use of the ladle; very hard water is highly charged with lime, and must in a measure impart to it alkaline properties.

7. Salting is necessarily done with the best kind of ground salt; the quantity varies according to the state it is taken from the churn: if soft, more—if hard, less; always taking taste for the surest guide.

8. First working, after about 24 hours, is for the purpose of giving it greater compactness.

9. Second working takes place at the time of packing, and when the butter has dissolved the salt, and the brine may be worked out.

10. Packing is done with the hands or with a butter-mall; and when butter is put into wooden vessels, they should be soaked two or three days in strong brine before using. After each packing, cover the butter with a wet cloth, and put a layer of salt upon it; in this way the salt can easily be removed at any time, by simply taking hold of the edges of the cloth.

Butter made in this way will keep any length of time required.—*J. C. Adams, G. Farm.*

WHITEWASHING FRUIT TREES.—In some agricultural works, we find the practice of whitewashing fruit trees recommended, as a preventive of disease. In many sections this practice has prevailed extensively, yet a slight examination will satisfy any one that the fruit orchards thus treated are not in better condition than those upon which whitewash has not been used. Analogy leads us to the inference that a clean, healthy skin is as indispensable to the health and longevity of trees and plants, as it undoubtedly is in the case of animals. The function performed by the skin of the tree, and the bark of the other, are, in many respects, analogous; and in the case of the latter, it is generally well known that any permanent, or even temporary obstruction of the cutaneous organs, is certain to produce disease.—*Maine Farmer.*

[Philosophy and facts are with the "Farmer," in our opinion.—DDS. HOMESTEAD.]

Medical.

Health and Strength Must Inevitably Follow its Use.

Boerhave's Holland Bitters.

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMedy for Dyspepsia, Disease of the Kidneys, Liver Complaints, Weakness of any kind, Fever and Ague, and the train of diseases consequent upon a disordered Stomach or Liver. Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others affected a decided cure.

Nature finds no new enemy to combat, with this delightful tonic in the system. Its effectsare almost unclinch, yet the cure permanent. It contains no violent shock to the system, but by arousing its vital energy to normal action, enables it to throw off the cause, and thus thoroughly eradicates the disease.

When its medicinal virtues are so universally acknowledged, and particularly here, where it has become so popular as a family medicine, that it is sold by many of the grocers, as well as by all the druggists, it would seem needless to offer further evidence yet as there are doubtless some who have tried many advertised remedies, and still suffer from Dyspepsia; one or more of its dreadful forms, we subjoin the following certificates, the authenticity of which cannot be doubted, coming as they do from persons so well known.

WHAT IT IS DOING FOR THE SICK.

Wm. Schuchman, Esq., the well known Lithographer, says, "I have frequently used Boerhave's Holland Bitters, and find it invariably relieves indigestion and debility."

Rev. Samuel Babcock, says: "I found special relief from its use for a severe weakness, with which I had long suffered."

J. W. Woodwell, Esq., says: "I have used Boerhave's Hol and Bitters myself, and recommend it to others, knowing it to be just what it is represented."

M. Josselin, Neely, of Lower St. Clair, says: "I have derived great benefit from its use for weakness of the stomach and indigestion."

Jas. M. Murphy, says: "After several physicians had failed Boerhave's Holland Bitters removed the pain from my heart and side, arising from indigestion."

The editor of the Kittanning Free Press, says: "After one half the best physicians in this place had failed, Boerhave's Holland Bitters cured me of the worst form of Dyspepsia."

Francis Felix, only manufacturer of the original "Extract of Coffee," says: "I know your Holland Bitters is one of the best medicines in the world for a disordered stomach or liver."

Dr. Ludwig, editor of the Fackel, Baltimore, pronounces it "a medicine deserving the confidence of the public."

Dr. Ritchart, the leading physician of Penna. has prescribed it frequently during the past thereo years; with marked success in debilitated states of the digestive organs, or of the system generally.

The manager of Ballou's Vinegar Factory, says: "I used it myself, and was therefore induced to try its effect upon my wife, (troubled with the great debility common to all of a consumptive habit,) and really it is doing her more good than anything she has ever taken."

NOTICE.—Whoever expects to find in this a beverage will be disappointed, but to the sick, weak and low spirited, it will prove a grateful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedial properties.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of this delightful Armetus, has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Be not persuaded to try any thing else until you have given Barbere's Holland Bitters a fair trial. One bottle will convince you how infinitely superior it is to all these imitations.

☞Sold at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00 by the sole Proprietors. BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO., corner Sandusky and Third sts., Pittsburgh.

GENERAL AGENTS.

Philadelphia, T. W. Dyott & Sons, No. 132 North Second street; New York, Barnes & Park, 304 Broadway, corner Duane; Baltimore, Cushane Brothers, Gay street, and Pennsylvania Avenue; Cincinnati, John D. Park; Chicago, Brewster Brothers, 213 South Water street, St. Louis, Barnard Adams & Co.; New Orleans, J. Wright & Co.

feb18dly

ALL PAINS CURED LIKE MAGIC.—Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

Pain is the forerunner of disease. Cure the pain and you check the disease.

PROF. REED'S MAGNETIC OIL

Is truly the wonder of the age! It cures pain in less time than it requires to get a physician!

It cures Toothache in a minute.
Cures Cramps and Pain in the stomach and Bowels.
Cures Stiff Neck and Swelled Face from a Cold.
Cures Rheumatism and Neuralgia.
Cures Sprains, Bruises, Scalds and Burns.
Cures Corns and any Pain in the Feet.
Cures Agues and Lumpers in the Breast instantly.
Cures Earache in a few minutes.
Cures Pain in the Sides, Limbs or Back
Cures Ague and Chills and Fever.

This is no humbug medicine, and no family should be without it both in case of accident or sudden sickness. It is used externally, always giving immediate relief. If Mr. WONDERFUL OIL could speak, it would exclaim.

"While most physicians take whole months to clay, I make my cures in half a summer's day."

—Ten years residence with the Red Skins in the forest, together with subsequent scientific travels on the continent of Europe, associating daily with the very elite of the Medical profession, has enabled Prof. REED to present to the world the WONDERFUL MAGNETIC OIL.

For sale by all respectable Druggists, and at Prof. Reed's No 73 Third street.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., and Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER Wholesale Agents. or2ddawly

New York Advertisements.

GOODYEAR'S PATENT VULCANITE, OR *HARD INDIA RUBBER.*

THE BEACON DAM CO., OWNERS OF Patents, manufacture from the above named material, and offer for sale at their Warerooms, No. 63 Maiden lane, New York, by the package only.

STRINGS of every kind needed for Domestic or Professional purposes, pronounced by Physicians the most perfect article ever made.
BREAST PUMPS,
POWDER FLASKS, warranted to keep the powder dry,
FURNITURE CASTORS, that will not deface the carpet
TUMBLERS & SOAPTRAYS,
Pen and Pocket CUTLERY,
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INSULATORS, for Telegraph Wire, adopted by the American Telegraph Company,
SHAVING BRUSHES,
PANS, BATHS, FUNNELS AND DIPPERS, for Photographic and Druggists' purposes, &c.

This *Wonderful Material* which is as firm as METAL—light as HORN—brilliant as JET—a poor conductor of HEAT—non-conductor of ELECTRICITY—and on which OILS, ACIDS and ALKALIES *produce no effect*, is vastly superior to any other for the above named, and a great variety of other purposes, to which it is applied.

Dealers in all parts of the country are supplying themselves with these goods, and customers who want the best articles of the kind, will buy no other. jd14-1yr.n.v.

Merrills Iron Pipe Works.
MERRILL & JAQUES,
142 Centre Street, New York,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Wrought Iron Pipes, fittings, Tools, and every description of apparatus connected with Steam, Water and Gas, for heating and lighting Steamers, Churches, Hotels, Private Dwellings, Hospitals, Asylums, Villages, Factories and Halls.

Also, Valves, Cocks, Pumps, Gauges, Boilers and Boiler Plates made to order.

Our Screw Cutting Machines are entirely new, and our own Patent—warranted to do double the work of any other invention.

Orders solicited from all sections of the Country, and promptly attended to. je26-1yr

Arboricultural, &c.

Pittsburgh Hedge Farm Nursery.

SITUATED ON WILKINS AVENUE, about one quarter of a mile from the second Toll Gate, on the Farmers' and Mechanics' Plank Road, an extensive Fruit street, and about three and a quarter miles from Pittsburgh.

WM. & JAMES MURDOCK, *Proprietors.*
July 1dlf

Shade Trees for Sale.

AILANTHUS, ELM, LINDEN, Mountain Ash, &c., of extra size for Spring planting.

JOHN MURDOCH, Jr.

☞ N. B.—Mr. Thomas Wilder, at the Oakland Nursery, will attend to planting shade trees, for persons requiring his services. mr26dawtf

Baltimore Advertisements.

C. RUGGLES ARMSTRONG, WM. T. RIGGS
ARMSTRONG, RIGGS & CO.,
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF VIRGINIA MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,
No. 37 *Hockeday Place, Baltimore.*
☞ Always on hand a large stock, which they distribute the lowest market prices. ap20d1yr

RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The State may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for: but the aggregate amount of such debts, direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars: and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the State.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the State, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the moneys or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the State, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough or town or any part thereof, or any corporation, unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any of the previous indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or other chartered district, by vote of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation, or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the Constitution, strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;*" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties;*" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia nor any,*" and insert in lieu thereof the words, "and no;" and strike out "*twenty-four, same article, and insert in lieu thereof the following:*

"SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred shall be apportioned and distributed equally throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxables in the several counties, or parts thereof, except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, shall be entitled to a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into contiguous districts of equal population, according to equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section eleven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as compact and as nearly equal in population and taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in accordance with the provisions of this section, and the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional section to the first article of said Constitution, which shall be numbered and read as follows:

SECTION 26. The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation heretofore conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of this Commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, *March 27, 1857.*

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 7; on the second amendment, yeas 23, nays 8; on the third amendment, yeas 21, nays 6; on the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

[Extract from the Journal.]

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, *Clerk.*

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, *April 29, 1857.*

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 78, nays 12; on the second amendment, yeas 57, nays 34; on the third amendment, yeas 72, nays 22; on the fourth amendment, yeas 83, nays 7.

[Extract from the Journal.]

JOHN W. ZIEGLER, *Clerk.*

Filed in the Secretary's office, May 2, 1857.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Harrisburg, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth," with the vote in each branch of the Legislature upon the final passage thereof, as appears from the rolls in my office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's office, the day and year aforesaid.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, *March 27, 1857.*

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Brown, Cochran, Cowell, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Finney, Flenniken, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Selfridge, Shuman, Souther, Strode, Strunk, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taylor, President—22.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Greswell, Finney, Gregg, Harris, Penrose and Souther—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Brown, Cochran, Cowell, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Finney, Flenniken, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Selfridge, Shuman, Souther, Strode, Strunk, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—22.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Greswell, Finney, Gregg, Harris, Penrose and Souther—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Brown, Cochran, Cowell, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Finney, Flenniken, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Selfridge, Shuman, Souther, Strode, Strunk, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—22.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Greswell, Finney, Gregg, Harris, Penrose and Souther—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Acker, Barclay, Bell, Beck, Bower, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Ent, Fausold, Foster, Gilden, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacoby, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Knight, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, Mourhead, Mumma, Nicholas, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Centre,) Smith, (Cambria,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voegthley, Walker, Wallace, Walter, Wasgoner, Warner, Wintrode, Witherow and Wright—82.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Acker, Barclay, Bell, Beck, Bower, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Chase, Clewser, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Fausold, Foster, Gilbonny, Gilden, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hesland, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacoby, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Kerr, Lebo, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, Moorhead, Mumma, Musselman, Nicholas, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voegthley, Wagoneller, Westbrook, Williston, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—78.

NAYS—Messrs. Backus, Benson, Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Lebo, Struthers, Thorn, Warner and Wintrode—12.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Acker, Barclay, Bell, Beck, Bower, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Ent, Fausold, Foster, Gilden, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacoby, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Knight, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, Moorhead, Mumma, Musselman, Nicholas, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voegthley, Walker, Wallace, Walter, Wasgoner, Warner, Wintrode, Witherow and Wright—82.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Acker, Barclay, Bell, Beck, Bower, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Chase, Clewser, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Fausold, Foster, Gilbonny, Gilden, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hesland, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacoby, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Kerr, Lebo, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, Moorhead, Mumma, Musselman, Nicholas, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voegthley, Wagoneller, Westbrook, Williston, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—78.

NAYS—Messrs. Backus, Benson, Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Lebo, Struthers, Thorn, Warner and Wintrode—12.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, *June 22, 1857.*

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1857.

Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this [L.S.] twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Educational.

Pittsburgh Female College.

THE FIRST TERM OF THE THIRD Academic Year of this school will commence on the 23d of September. Rev. L. D. BARROWS, A. M., President, assisted by an able corps of teachers.

Application for admission may be made to the President or any of the Board.

A limited number of boarders can be accommodated in the President's family, in the College building. The advantages of this department are evident. With the facilities for acquiring a thorough Collegiate education, are combined those of the home circle of a well regulated family. Their manners, their social habits, and associations, will be under the continual watch-care of the President and Governess.

The Academic Year is divided into three, instead of two terms, as heretofore.

For course of study, price of tuition, board, &c., see catalogue, which can be had of

KRAMER & BAIRD, Wood street.
ALEXANDER BRADLEY, Wood street.
J. H. MELLON'S Music Store, Wood street.
F. SELLERS, Liberty street.
J. L. READ'S Book Store, Fourth street.
J. R. CANFIELD, First street.
JOHN PARKER, Federal street, Allegheny. aug8,2wd

BROOKE HALL FEMALE SEMINARY

Media, Delaware County, Penna.

Miss Maria L. Eastman, Principal.

THIS SEMINARY, SITUATED IN THE delightful and beautiful village of Media, thirteen miles from Philadelphia by daily conveyances, offers to young ladies the rare combination of advantages for the attainment of a thorough and accomplished education.

The spacious and commodious building lately erected, containing all the modern conveniences of baths, gas, &c., is furnished with extensive grounds, a model in all that pertains to the health, comfort and improvement of the pupils. The sleeping rooms are high, well ventilated, and furnished with comfort and elegance, and but two pupils occupy the same apartment. The number of pupils is limited to forty. Twelve teachers are employed in the Institute. Special instruction is given in all the branches taught, while moral and religious principles are constantly inculcated by theory and practice.

The course of instruction comprises a period of four years, and a diploma is awarded to all who pass through it satisfactorily.

The Right Rev. A. Potter, D. D., L. L. D., Bishop of Pennsylvania, says: "Miss M. L. Eastman, who proposes to open a Young Ladies' Seminary in Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in September next, has been known to the subscriber for several years past. He has a very high opinion of her capacity, efficiency and devotedness as an educator. She has had a large and successful experience—The building which is to be erected will contain every accommodation. The village and surrounding country are distinguished for healthfulness and beauty; and the subscriber has confidence that parents who entrust their daughters to Miss Eastman will have no cause to regret it."

The French language is taught by a Parisian lady resident in the family.

The Latin, German, Spanish, and Italian languages, are also attended to.

The Natural Sciences are taught with the aid of a large and expensive apparatus.

The Musical department is under the charge of a lady eminently qualified for the situation, and all who prefer to be taught on the piano or singing by a gentleman, have a competent teacher from Philadelphia.

Drawing and Painting are under the direction of a lady accomplished in these arts.

The Fall Term commences September 9th.

Miss Eastman has the liberty to refer to the following gentlemen:

Right Rev. A. Potter, Bishop of Pennsylvania.
Hon. Franklin Pierce, ex-President of U. S.
Hon. S. P. Chase, Governor of Ohio.
C. Lawrence, Esq., Pottsville, Pa.
George M. Wharton, Esq., Philadelphia.
William Bagaley, Esq., Pittsburgh.
Sylvanus Lothrop, Esq., Allegheny City.

MISS M. L. EASTMAN,
Media, Delaware county, Pa.

jes27,16m

LOCUST GROVE SEMINARY

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

THE FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION of this Institution will open on WEDNESDAY, the 16th of September, when all pupils are expected to be present. In addition to a thorough system of instruction in the regular course of studies, the best facilities are provided for the full attainment of Music (vocal and instrumental), Italian, Drawing, together with the French and German Languages.

TERMS, *strictly pay able in advance in par funds:*

Board, per half yearly session, including washing, $100
Tuition ... " " Regular course, ... 25
Do ... " " on Piano, Organ, Melodeon or Guitar, with use of instrument, each, ... 30
Do ... " " in vocal culture, ... 20
Do ... " " in French, German, each 10
Do ... " " in Drawing in Classes, ... 10

For Circulars, containing full information, address as above, or apply to JOHN H. MELLOR, Esq., Wood st., Pittsburgh, or by mail to the Rector,

REV. GEORGE T. RIDER,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

jy22dawtwcw20f

"KENWOOD."

A PRIVATE BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT SPRINGTOWN, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

REV. JOS. P. TAYLOR, A. M., Rector.

The Summer Term will begin on MONDAY, May 4th. Boys received at any time and tuition charged from date of entrance.

For Circulars, address the Rector, at his residence, New Brighton, Pa.

The city patrons of this School, to whom reference may be made, are

Hon. Thos. M. Howe,
Rev. T. H. Lyman,
Geo. S. Selden, Esq.,
W. H. Williams, Esq.,
H. L. Bingwalt, Esq.,
Hon. Wm. F. Johnston,
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Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 4, 1857—aug7dawdlw

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