Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1857.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

News of the City and Neighborhood.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.—Before Judges McClure, Adams and Parke.

Argument for a new trial in the case of Stewart Fife and Jones.

The Court convened at 10 o'clock, at which time the persons who have been tried were put in the dock. Stewart looked soberly conscious of his solemn condition. Fife appeared as sprightly and innocent as a lamb. Charlotte tried to appear solemn but Fife, who sat next her during the argument, made her laugh in spite of herself. We never saw a man with a less murderous looking face than Fife.

Judge McClure remarked that to avoid inconvenience in the argument it would be better to take up each point separately.

Mr. Flenniken opened the argument in behalf of Monroe Stewart. He contended that it was a moral impossibility for the confession of Charlotte Jones to be read in evidence without prejudicing the minds of the jury against the defendants—that the court erred in telling the jury that it had no power to discharge them until they had rendered a verdict—that the verdict should have been rendered against each defendant severally and not jointly as had been the case—that each defendant having been called upon to plead separately, the verdict should be just the same way rendered—and also that the Court erred in charging the jury that Monroe Stewart must prove where he kept himself during the time of his absence from bed on the night of the murder.

Thomas Howard, Esq., followed in behalf of Fife and Jones. He contended for the same point in reference to the duty of the jury to render a verdict as Mr. Flenniken did, to wit: that they could not be discharged until they had rendered a verdict. To this point he quoted many cases. He also cited from the books to show that the confession of Charlotte Jones should not have been received in evidence, because it had been made whilst the impression of hope was still upon her mind, that the confession would inure to her benefit. While a new trial will not be granted on every trifling point, yet when a confession is made going to the root of the whole matter and is used against the prisoner, there is strong ground for the application. She made the confession under the immediate influence of a hope that it would work for her advantage. He had a right to infer from facts known to him in the case that in making her confession she was influenced by the hope that she would be used as a witness for the Commonwealth. The Mayor did not plainly and fully declare to her promises that her confession to him would not inure to her advantage, but the jailor who had told her that it would be better for her to confess was present, when such confession was made, as it were, a reminder of the promise he had intimated to the jail. With regard to the alibi—the burden of proof lies upon the Commonwealth in a capital case; they cannot shift it. If the prisoner attempts to prove something and fails, that failure is not to be used against him. The Commonwealth can infer nothing in a case of murder of the first degree. The prisoners proved an alibi as far as in their power. Because they did not make out their full point is not to be urged against them. It is a very dangerous precedent to infer because a man cannot show that he did not do a murder that, therefore, he did it. The Court gave too broad a scope in his charge what he did say on this point as from the best authorities.

The next objection was made against instructing the jury on the degree of the 150 indictment. The jury understood the Court to instruct them to find a verdict of murder in the first degree and left themselves bound to give the verdict as they did, when there were circumstances to reduce the degree at least in the case of one. If the jury had not considered themselves bound by their instructions they would have fixed the degree of murder in the second, in the case of the woman. Mr. H. contended that the fact of drunkenness in any party would reduce the degree (Addison's Reports.) It is in proof that Charlotte was plied liberally with brandy on this night of the murder.

Several other points of minor importance in relation to the argument of the District Attorney, the fact of the assumption, as it was characterized, that Charlotte carried away the money in a shawl got at Wilson's on the night of the murder, etc., were then argued.

The argument in favor of an arrest of judgment was then pursued at some length.

The District Attorney argued at some length the points raised by counsel for the defence, and cited a number of authorities touching the questions at issue. He could not see that there was any ground for a new trial in the reasons filed by counsel; and in regard to the motion in arrest of judgment, a more full, perfect and legal verdict had never been rendered by a jury.

Messrs. Flenniken and Howard occupied the Court until four o'clock in more fully amplifying the points which they had argued in the morning.

The prisoners were then remanded and the Court adjourned till ten o'clock this morning, when some Orphans' Court business will be taken up.

The decision on the motions in arrest of judgment and for a new trial will probably not be given until Saturday.

—McKIN ATTEMPTS TO ESCAPE.—In the Blair Co. Whig of the 21st instant we find the following:

McKIN ESCAPE—His attempt to Escape Frustrated.—For the following particulars of the attempt at escape of David S. McKin, now under sentence of death in the Hollidaysburg jail, for the murder of Samuel T. Morgan, we are indebted to the gentlemanly warden, Mr. John McClure.

It appears that on entering the cell in which the prisoner is confined and chained to the floor, on Tuesday morning last, the warden discovered some rags wrapped around the rings of his hobbles which encircled his ankles, and on enquiring into the cause, was told that they rubbed his ankles and caused him much pain, which induced him to wrap them with soft material, and thus prevent the rough iron from coming in such close proximity with his legs. Mr. McClure, thinking it natural, and believing all to be right, left him, as he supposed, perfectly secure; but, as the day advanced, and not feeling as if all was right, he again visited the cell of the prisoner about three o'clock in the afternoon, when he discovered that the wrappings around his hobbles had been increased, and, to satisfy himself more fully, prepared himself with a heavy pair of handcuffs for the purpose of securing the prisoner's arms, while he would make a thorough examination; and, to his astonishment, while in the act of fastening on these wrist arrangements, McKim told him that "it was no use to examine the hobbles—they were cut"—and so they were, cut clean—completely and entirely severed—just where they inclined upon the instep of the foot, and had them well wrapped, as above stated, to keep his plan concealed, so that he could deliberately step out of them when his other arrangements were made. It was also discovered that he had cut nearly through two heavy staples which were the means of keeping his cell door secure. How to get at the means by which he accomplished these hasty feats of iron-cutting were yet to be found out. Every thing in his cell was ransacked—piece after piece of his wearing apparel and his bed—all were gone through a close and scrutinizing search, but all to no purpose—nothing there could be found (out a letter, which the prisoner had written—anticipating his escape—and concealed in the lining of his coat, but which the warden withholds from publication for the present) to aid him in his work; but on searching the cell of a crazy criminal, which is contiguous to his, part of the blade of an old case knife was found concealed between the dilapidated leaves of a small Bible, the whole length of which was not more than four inches, but had been hackled into a saw by beating the edge against the bars of his cell, and with this small instrument had accomplished all this work; and, had it not been found out as soon as it was, by the vigilance of the warden, Heaven only knows what might have been the consequence.

As four weeks from next Friday is the day fixed upon by the Governor for his execution, we think all further attempts by him to break jail will prove futile, as the Sheriff, Mr. Port, and the Warden, Mr. McClure, have him heavily ironed, hand and foot, and a guard over him during the night.

The hobbles which the felon sawed off his limbs have been forwarded to the Museum at Philadelphia.

THE OPERA TROUPE.—Mr. Foster has catered so successfully for the people of this city during the past two weeks that we were prepared to see his Theatre closed for the season. But we were agreeably surprised when we learned that the gorgeous spectacles so carefully studied to represent the scenes from the Ancient Classics, to gratify the eye, had only given way to the more exquisite pleasure which the cultivated mind enjoys through the ministrations of the ear—in a word, and "not to put too fine a point on it," that an opera troupe is to take the house for a week and afford those who love the beautiful to hear music that is music in the true sense, from artists who have spent their lives in the culture and trial of their musical powers. The services of this troupe have been procured at a great expense, and they will appear only to have crowded houses night after night, as long as they may remain.—They will produce their operas with fifteen principal singers and a chorus of twenty-five singers, the whole placed upon the stage without regard to expense.—This evening will be produced the admired Opera IL TROVATORE, which will of course attract an immense house. We call attention to the cast, which may be seen in another column.

THE TARGET FIRING.—The Blues, or Washington Infantry, embarked from near the Hand Street bridge, on the little tow, Hawk Eye, for a trip to M'Kee's Rocks to try their skill, and ascertain by experiment the owner of the medal which we notice in another place. Over some chairs and benches on the upper deck they had a large American flag drawn for a protection from the sun and smoke. The company was out in full force or nearly full and marched to the "vile speaking of the wrecked fife" to the place of embarkation. On board once, that was the last one could see of them from shore, for the low chimneys poured out such volumes of pitchy bituminious smoke as to blot out the targeteers from the scene. The afternoon was beautiful and the place chosen for their sports the best in the neighborhood. The medal was won by Sergeant William Evans, of the First Ward, best three shots, string measure; second best Tobias M. Fehl; best single shot William McIlwaine. There were thirty-three balls put in the target.

TEACHERS ELECTED.—The following teachers were elected on Monday night by the Third Ward School Board:

Principal—Mr. J. M. Pryor.

Assistant—Mr. Thos. B. Miller.

Grammar Department—Miss M. H. Johnson, Miss Isabella Back, Miss Elizabeth Dunlap.

Medium—Miss M. C. Love, Miss Rebecca Colaio, Miss Mary D. Moor, Miss Mary M'Claren.

Primary—Miss Sarah Hunter, Miss Sarah A. Wallace, Miss Lizzie M. Hazlett, Miss Ellen Gregg, Miss Agnes Duncan, Miss Sarah Gill, Miss Esther Johnson, Miss Mary Dorrington, Miss Ellen P. Mason.

Licenses will be granted to the following named persons on Tuesday, 28th inst., unless objections should be made on or before that day:

The applicants will please come prepared with their bonds, proof of sale, rental, &c.

Bonds of others who have been licensed will be required on the same day.

Second Ward, Pittsburgh—James T. Pratt, eating house.

Fifth Ward—Adam Schwanhart, tavern.

Reserve Township—Damas Lutz, eating house.

Chartiers Township—John Shaffer, to sell liquor with other goods.

A SPLENDID MEDAL.—Mr. Loughrey, whose store is on 5th street, has shown us a medal which was given as a prize to the best marksman in the Washington Infantry, at their trial yesterday. It is a massive silver circle, bearing upon one side this inscription: "Presented to the Washington Infantry, by S. Steinwick, and to be awarded to their best marksman, July 21, 1857." On the reverse side we have the proverb, "Honor to whom honor is due," just under which are the American flag and the spread eagle. It is a very beautiful piece of workmanship and reflects great credit upon Mr. Loughrey, by whom it was made. It costs $25.

HAIL STORM.—A very severe hail storm visited Plum township and the townships adjacent during the time of the rain here on Monday afternoon. The hail fell in some spots to the depth of five inches, and some of the lumps are said to have been as large as walnuts. But little injury, we learn, was done to the crops; but the fruit trees suffered considerably, and the storm while it lasted, was quite violent. It was confined like all similar storms to a strip of country about half a mile wide and several miles long.

LOAFER BELL, one of the most notorious scoundrels unwhipt of justice, who broke jail at this place about a year ago, in company with Daniel O'Brien and John Kunzler, (when imprisoned on a charge of malicious mischief, in deliberately cutting a horse with a knife, on the streets of Allegheny city, from the effects of which the animal died,) has been re-arrested in St. Louis, by officers Hague and Moon, and will be brought to this city in a day or two.

THE following sales of Stocks were made last evening at the Sales Rooms of P. M. Davis:

10	shares	Exchange Bank,	$61 00
10	do	Mechanics do,	55 00
4	do	Citizens' (new) Bank,	52 75
8	do	do (old) do,	54 00
14	do	N. A. Mining Company,	15 75
26	do	do do,	15 25

FINED FOR GAMBLING.—Five persons, named T. McGuire, D. McGuire, Geo. Bennett, T Lapton and Joseph Beckett, found by the police gambling at Patrick Gormley's on Diamond alley, were brought before Mayor Weaver yesterday, and fined $3 each for this offence, the commission of which is contrary to the act of Assembly of 1794.

THE express train on the Cleveland & Mahoning Railroad, on reaching Aurora Saturday afternoon, and whilst running on to a side track, was run into by the engine of the up coal train. The baggage car was cut in two and the damage of consequence done. Had not the speed been much slackened previous to the collision, serious consequences would have ensued.—*Cleve. Herald.*

POST OFFICE MATTERS.—The Postmaster-General has ordered the re-establishment of a post-office at Eastbrook, Lawrence County, Pa., and appointed John Waddington postmaster; and at North Liberty, Mercer County, Pa., he appointed John L. Pringle postmaster, vice R. McKee, resigned.

We have received from the publishers, Miller & Curtis, *The Schoolfellow for August.* It is a very entertaining and instructive book for little people.

Also from Dinsmore & Co., the *Railway Guide*, containing information, useful and we might say necessary for travellers, and the American people are all travellers.

RETURNED.—Rev. Sam'l. Williams, for many years a resident of Johnstown, but for the last three and a half years a citizen of Liberia, is now on a visit to his old home. Mr. Williams is one of the missionaries of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Africa. He intends to return to Liberia after a short time.

It appears from the record of a rain guage kept at Harrisburgh, that more rain fell this year during the months of April, May and June, than during the whole eight months of the season last year, concluding with November.

We find we were at fault in stating that the Allegheny Bank intends to occupy the building occupied by Maffit & Olds. The Bank will use a portion of one of the new buildings of that name. Messrs. M. & O. will still continue their business at the old stand.

PERSONS having stocks for sale can have them offered at public sale at the Merchants' Exchange on Thursday evening, July 23rd, 1857, by leaving them with AUSTIN LOOMIS & Co., No. 92 Fourth street.

MESSRS. HUNT & MINER have laid upon our table Godey's Lady's Book for August. It can be procured at the store under Masonic Hall, recently occupied by Callender.

THE regular Term of the Huntingdon county Court will commence on Monday, 10th day of August.

FOR A FEW DAYS LONGER.—Our sales of Gent's and Boy's Clothing, Furnishing Goods &c., will be continued for a short time longer, and feeling confident that the character of the stock and the rates at which it is selling, are real inducements to purchasers, we invite them to make an examination.

J. L. CARNAGHAN,
Near the Post Office, Allegheny.

A TOUCHING SENTIMENT.—What more precious offering can be laid upon the altar of a mother's love than the first love of a pure, earnest and affectionate girl, with an undivided interest in eight corner lots and fourteen three story houses? And how can a sensible man so well gratify a female this sentiment, as by wearing becoming garments, procured at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above Sixth.

BILIOUS DISEASES, of all kinds, will find in CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE the surest remedy. The afflicted will be revived by its use, humors will be expelled from the blood, and the liver will resume its healthy action, thereby restoring the patient to perfect health and vigor. It contains no mercury, opium or other poisonous drugs, and may be given to the most delicate infant with perfect safety.

HAYMANN RECONVERTED TO COMMON SENSE.—At a meeting of "spiritualists," an invalid was brought forward dreadfully afflicted with ulcerous scrofula that all the doctors had failed to cure. It was proposed to appeal to the spirit land for advice, and a Homeopathic physician present interrogated the departed spirit of Hanemann as to what remedy should be taken. Loud and distinct raps, audible to the whole audience, told off *A-y-e-r's C-u-r-e-a-t-i-v-e P-i-l-l-s.—Homer [N. Y.] Whig.*

HOW TO KEEP COOL.—Talking of Sidney Smith's cool idea of "taking off his flesh, and sitting in his bones," as being the highest imaginable degree of airy comfort. "I can better that," said a wit, "I would knock the marrow out and have a draught through." But a much more pleasant plan to keep cool would be to drink plenty of the icy cold soda water from Super's silver fountain, at the corner of Penn and St. Clair streets.

Cool, pure and delicious
is the Soda Water,
of Chas. H. Super,
Cor. Penn and St. Clair Sts.

MUSGRAVE'S
PATENT GAS COOKING STOVE,
AT
NO 73, THIRD STREET NEAR MARKET,
WHERE THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY invited to call and test its merits. The price of a single stove is $6, a Burner stand is $2, $16 will purchase enough to do every variety of cooking for a family of 4 to 6 persons, this does not include gas, brackets and cooking utensils. The common stove that were may do.
For further information address the undersigned,
DR. J. MUSGRAVE.
Being the first in this city who used your Patent Gas Cooking Apparatus, I can cheerfully and confidently recommend it to others as far superior for all cooking purposes to any of the old fashioned cooking stoves. I consider it a great improvement, and when its several advantages are known, no house will be satisfied without it. Among its advantages I will mention the following: First, a fire is always ready, thus saving time and labor. Second, cooking is done without oppressive heat. Third, its neatness, which is a great improvement upon the coal stove. Fourth, the ease with which the heat may be regulated and the progress of cooking attended to. Time may develope other advantages, but for the present I will respectfully submit these.
MRS. R. A. JOHNSON, No 169, Wylie street.
Having in use two of Dr. Musgrave's Patent Gas Cooking Stoves, I can cheerfully recommend them to the public as the most convenient and economical cooking apparatus for baking etc. They are superior to any stove I ever used.
MRS. E. S. WYKES, No 60, Market street.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS—
200 bxs Richmond Tobacco, 5's and 8's different brands
80 dozen bxs half pound lamp
15 kegs Virginia Twist Smoking Tobacco,
16 caddy tns N. L. Diamond Twist Tobacco,
100 bbls Cut and Dry Queen City Bavarian and Spanish mixed,
275,000 Havana and German Cigars. In store and for sale at
EDWARD T. MEADAWS'
Wholesale Tobacco Warehouse, 241 Liberty st.,
opposite the head of Wood

SOUR CIDER, OR PURE CIDER VINEGAR can be obtained at Morris & Patton's in the Diamond. The trash usually sold for vinegar ought to be prohibited, being composed of vitriol and other poisonous drugs. The vinegar at Morris & Patton's was sweet cider two years back and nothing has been added to it. Price 25 cents per gallon.

CARD.

HAVING resigned the agency of the Farmers' Union Insurance Company of Athens, Pennsylvania, I cheerfully recommend it to the patronage of the Pittsburgh public as an Institution worthy of their confidence. Messrs. H. C. Ulman & Co., 78, Fourth street, the present agents, are gentlemen of experience in the Insurance business.
[1y16] JAS. BLAKELY.

WHITE EMBROIDERED MUSLIN MANTILLAS.
Linen and Shepherd Plaid Dresses.
Muslin Sacques, and other desirable goods to be found at
jy17d&wkF. MURPHY & BURCHFIELD'S.

Glass Preserving Jars.
THE only proper vessels to preserve fruit in. We manufacture and have constantly on hand for sale a large assortment of glass jars for preserving. Our jars are perfectly air-tight, very simple and easily sealed, fully equal to any patent jar, and much cheaper. Also, Jelly Tumblers, Common Jars etc. Housekeepers will find it to their advantage to give us a call.
ADAMS, MACKLIN & CO.
jy16d4wkW Corner Rose and Water streets.

SUN UMBRELLAS and an assortment of Summer Hosiery, opened this morning at
MURPHY & BURCHFIELD'S.

INDIA RUBBER MACHINE BELTING.—12,000 feet from 1 inch to 12 inches in width, 2, 3, and 4 ply thick, of the Boston Belting Company's manufacture, on hand and for sale at 84 and 86, St Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS, Agents for the Company.

Telegraphic.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 21.—The War Department this morning received a despatch from Gov. Medary requesting permission to muster volunteers as a defence against savage bands now at the Upper Sioux Agency, but Secretary Floyd denied by telegraph the request. Orders were sent to Forts McHenry and Mackinaw for the troops to join those at Forts Ridgely and Snelling in view of apprehended disturbances among the Indians of Minnesota.

The Indians whose annuities were withheld by direction of the Secretary of the Interior until the Spirit Lake murderers shall be delivered to the U. S. authorities say that they are afraid to go in search of them without troops, therefore the latter will assist in that service and at the same time protect the friendly Indians.

Immediate steps will be taken to ascertain the true condition of affairs in Minnesota.

Gov. Walker's proclamation was received this morning, and it is understood, was matter of cabinet consideration. No official information as its basis, except several brief telegraphic despatches, is in possession of the government. Maj. Ben McCullough arrived this morning from Kansas whither he had been sent to see what troops could be spared for Utah, and on other business connected with the latter subject.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Calvin C. Jackson, of Michigan, and Robert H. Clark, of Delaware, were appointed Pursers in the Navy.

Letters received at the Navy Department from the commander of the Niagara, dated fourth of July, represent all hands in excellent health. Three hundred and ten miles of the telegraphic wire had been coiled on board that ship, and work was progressing at the rate of one hundred miles per 24 hours.

The Western Railroad excursionists, on their arrival this morning, proceeded to the President's grounds, where they were formally introduced to the President. Music from three bands enlivened the occasion. A large concourse of people were present. Subsequently the visitors were escorted to the various public places of interest.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—This morning a German named Kohler strangled his wife and afterwards proceeded to the house of Nicholas T. Horton, a respectable and influential citizen, of the firm of Horton & Casey, where he set fire to the house, and stabbed Horton killing him instantly. He then cut his own throat. Kohler had been in the employ of Horton, and the supposed reason for the act was a reprimand Kohler received from Horton for the abuse of his wife. At the last accounts, Kohler was not expected to live. Horton leaves a large circle of relatives, together with a wife and several children.

TOPEKA, July 16.—The convention has just adjourned; it was the greatest and most earnest ever held. Strong ground was taken in favor of the Topeka constitution, and a determination expressed that Congress shall admit Kansas under the same. The census gives between twenty and thirty thousand voters. General Lane has authorized the organization of the people thoroughly, and to prepare themselves to defend the ballot boxes at the October territorial election.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Eugene Anderson, a Metropolitan policeman, was shot dead early this morning, by an Italian burglar, whom he had arrested. Anderson was formerly a butcher, and when the murder became known among the butchers a terrible excitement ensued; they attempted to get possession of the prisoner, and determined to hang him to a lamp-post. The police finally succeeded in safely lodging him in prison.

DETROIT July 21.—The brig Giddings capsized on Lake Michigan on Friday morning last. She is a total loss. She had no cargo. The crew, consisting of ten persons, arrived here to-day in a destitute condition.

Home company. No. 25, of New York, arrived here to-day and are the guests of Engine company No. 3, of this city.

LOUISVILLE, July 21.—A rencontre occurred this afternoon between George D. Prentice, editor of the *Journal*, and R. J. Dinsett, editor of the *Courier*, growing out of an article in the latter paper this morning reflecting on Prentice. Pistols were used by both parties. Prentice was slightly wounded.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—Gov. Walker was camped outside of Lawrence with eight companies of dragoons on the 17th. The citizens decided not to negotiate with him but will not resist the troops unless fired upon, when civil war will be declared. Gov. Walker has issued warrants for the city officers and other citizens of Lawrence.

NEW HAVEN, July 21st.—There was a succession of severe thunder storms in this vicinity this morning. The lightning struck the house of Asa Hoyt in Orange, by the lightning which followed, and four sleeping apartments were badly shattered: nine of the inmates were killed.

ST LOUIS, July 20th.—The extensive Woolen Willow-ware establishment, owned by Cavenden & Marston, was burned last night. The loss is unknown: it was insured for $20,000. The Monroe House was also damaged; insured for $6,000.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—The river has fallen about 9 inches within 24 hours, and is still falling. The upper Mississippi and the Illinois are getting low; the latter stream is receding rapidly. The upper Missouri is reported as rising fast. Weather clear, mercury 87 degrees.

BOSTON, July 21.—The body of Benjamin Chandler, of Wilmington, Delaware, missing since last autumn, was found on White mountain, near the Glen House.

ST JOHN'S, July 21: 1 P. M.—There are still no signs of the steamer Circassia, now in her eleventh day out from Liverpool, and over due.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—The river is still receding. It is reported that the Missouri is rising. The Illinois and Upper Mississippi are falling. Weather clear, mercury 77 deg.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Cotton closed firm: 500 bales sold. Flour heavy: 5500 bales sold. Wheat heavy: sales 22,000 bushels at $2 for Southern red; $2.06 for white: $1.55 for Milwaukie Club and $1.50 for Chicago spring. Corn is buoyant, 25,000 bush sold; yellow is quoted at 92c. Provisions steady: Lard buoyant, but quiet. Oils inactive. Lead dull. Whiskey dull at 32c. Sugar heavy at 9@¼c for Muscovado. Coffee firm at 11¾. Freights heavy. Stocks continue firm; Chicago & Rock Island 92; Cleveland & Milwaukie 41; Michigan Southern 49¾; Penna. Coal Co. 94¾; Galena & Chicago 101; Erie 35¾; Cleveland & Toledo 59¾; Milwaukie & Mississippi 25; Canton Co. 20¾.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—Flour steady and in moderate demand; sales 600 bbls. at $6,25@6,50 for superfine and $6,00@6,75 for extra; receipts moderate. Whiskey opened dull and unsettled and declined to 25@25½, with sales of 1300 bbls, about half at each price. The Price Current of this week gives the total stock at 21,427 bbls; the receipts of the week ending this evening are very firm. In Beef there is not much doing. Bacon Shoulders sold at 10¼ and Sides are held at 12¾@13. Mess Pork at $23 and Lard at 14½. Bulk Shoulders are held at 10 and Sides at 12½. Sugar: 2000 pieces Sugar Cured Hams country sold at 12¾; loose city 13@13¾; the stocks are nearly exhausted.

Weather clear; mercury 78° in the shade.

"Best Pills in Use."
Frazer's Headache Pills.
They will cure the most violent headache.
They will cure costive bowels.
They are a tonic as well as purgative.
If your head pains you, one dose will cure you.
If you have indigestion they will help you.
If you are sick they will make you well.
They are the best pill to cure biliousness.
They are a plain pill and a good pill.
No better pill can be compounded.
They cost only 25 cents a box.
Sent by mail to all parts of the United States.
Direct your letters to DR. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., the Wholesale Agent.
my8d&wsF

The Only Remedy for Consumption, which experience has proved reliable,
HEGEMAN, CLARK & CO'S,
[Late Rushton, Clark & Co.]
Pure and Genuine Cod Liver Oil.
It has stood the test of ten years with increasing popularity, and proved efficacious where others have failed. See that you get Hegeman, Clark & Co's, for since the death of our Mr. Rushton an article called "Rushton's" has been introduced, in no way connected with R. C. & Co., or H. C. & Co. Sold by SELLERS & Co., B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., FLEMING Bros. and Druggists generally.

TEAMSTERS ATTENTION.—Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment, in pint bottles, price 50 cents, is warranted more superior and better than any other article ever offered to the public for the cure of Cuts, Galls, Sprains, Lameness, Overheating, &c. Keep a bottle in the stable, it has saved many a valuable horse. None genuine unless signed S. T. Tobias Depot, 56 Cortlandt street, New York.
Sold by Dr. KEYSER, 140 Wood st. jeod&wsF

TOOTHACHE is instantly cured by a few drops of Dr. Keyser's Tooth Ache Remedy. Prepared and sold at the drug store of DR. KEYSER, 140 Wood st,
jeod&wsF Sign of the Golden Mortar.

SYRINGES of every kind for sale at DR. KEYSER'S 140, Wood street.
jeod&wsF

If you value your teeth and a pure breath, healthy gums, and comfable mouth, go to KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, and buy a bottle of WARD'S TOOTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER.
jeod&wsF

BREAST PUMPS, of a superior kind, for sale at DR. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st
jeod&wsF

SUGAR—30 hhds. prime Sugar;
50 bbls. Crushed and Powdered Sugar,
tore and for sale by T. LITTLE & CO.
jeod Corner Wood and Second sts.

SUGAR.—10 hhds best N. O. Sugar in store and for sale by T. LITTLE & CO.
jy18 No. 112, Second st.

STEAM PACKING.—900 lbs plain India Rubber Packing from 1-32 to ¾ inch in thickness, just received at the Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
jy17 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

POTASH.—6 casks prime for sale by
jy18 B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

LIME.—100 bbls fresh Louisville for sale by
jy18 HENRY H. COLLINS.

CANNEL COAL OIL constantly on hand.

Commercial.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[Reported Specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JULY 22, 1857.

FLOUR—the market is unchanged; sales from first hands of 125 bbls super at $5,50; from store, 25 bbls super at $5,35; 150 do super, extra and family do at $5,37, $5,37 and $7,25; 100 do extra and family do at $5,87 and $7,12; 150 do do at $5,87 and $7,25; and 75, 25 and 45 do do at $5,87 and $7,12; and 70 do extra at $5,75.

BACON—there was more activity yesterday; a sale to city trade was made of 110,000 lbs Shoulders at 11, 30,000 lbs Sides at 12½ and 30 tcs Sugar Cured Hams at 14, 60 days; 6,500 lbs Shoulders at 11¼, and 6000 lbs do at 11½ to country on time; 2300 lbs Shoulders and Hams at 11 and 13½; 4000 lbs do do do at 11 and 13; 200 per Canvassed Hams at 13½ and 1500 lbs Sugar Cured do at 14.

DRIED BEEF—a sale of 5 tcs at 14.

LARD OIL—a sale of 10 bbls No. 1 at $1,06@1,14.

HAY—sales at scales of 8 loads at $16@13 ⅌ ton.

WHISKY—a sale of 100 bbls raw at 28.

BUTTER—dull; sales of 1200 lbs packed at 13.

WHEAT—a sale of 425 bus Red to mill at $1,33.

CHEESE—sales of 30 bxs at 10.

SUGAR—sales of 12 hhds in lots to country at 12¼@12½.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET, July 7th.—Messrs. R. Makin & Sons' circular says:—

"The weather has been variable during the last few days; heavy rains have fallen here as elsewhere, and this morning presents a change of temperature low for the season; still the general reports of the wheat crop are highly favorable, and those of spring grain are much improved, owing to the late plentiful supply of moisture: as nothing, therefore, at present tends to frustrate the expectation lately indulged in of an average early and prolific harvest, the same dullness as heretofore has prevailed in the various markets of the kingdom, most of them with diminished home supplies, quoting firm prices, while others have suffered a decline in the value of wheat to the extent of 1s to 2s ⅌ quarter on the choice of last week; everywhere the hands of the millers are almost empty, and the stocks at outports on a scale quite too limited to meet the extraordinary demand.

"This morning's market was tolerably well attended, and with a better show of wheat samples we had a moderate retail demand, at a reduction of about 2d ⅌ bus, upon American and other red descriptions, from the quay; but parcels in the warehouse of this sort, as white wheats generally, could not be purchased on easier terms; indeed, extra qualities of American white, from extreme scarcity, brought rather more money than on this day week. Of foreign wheat few samples appeared to-day, and little done at late prices. Flour meets a fair retail inquiry, but to make progress somewhat under previous rates must be taken."

The exports of specie from this port for the week ending this day, and for the year 1857, this far, were as follows:

Total for the week	$522,287 63
Previously reported	$23,582,287 66
Total	$24,100,575 29

We annex a comparative statement of the Imports of Foreign Merchandize at New York for the week and since January 1:—

	1855.	1856.	1857.
Dry Goods	$1,119,347	$2,059,009	$2,342,763
General Merchandize	1,916,660	2,201,668	4,782,857
Total for the week	$3,130,337	$4,260,677	$10,130,640
Previously reported	70,986,871	112,495,120	122,603,081
Since Jan. 1	$74,099,428	116,731,197	$132,703,721

The following is a comparative statement of the Exports (exclusive of specie) from New York to foreign ports for the week, and since Jan. 1:—

	1855.	1856.	1857.
Total for the week	$1,524,671	$1,318,995	$962,614
Total for 6 months	32,430,233	40,071,020	31,051,714
Since Jan. 1	$33,723,504	41,190,023	32,014,328

—N.Y. Trib.

Imports by River.

WHEELING by Minnetonka—2 cases, Bradley; 1 bbl tobacco, Scott; 25 bbls cake outlet, Bakewell, Pears & co; 1 box indiz, Cunningham; 1 do do, 25 bbls whisky, Leech & co; 400 bxs starch, 8 bbls eggs, Clarke & co; 1 stove, 1 box, Dilworth; 4 sks wool, Barkley; 1 casks oil, Hays & long; 1 box hair, owner; 40 bbls flour, M'Hane & Aujen; 2 china tops, Everson; 1 cask ware, Myers; 20 sks wool, Hardy; 1 looking glass, Kennedy.

MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO.—24 bbls eggs, 4 stills irons, owner; 24 hams, Bothwell; 10 bbls whisky, Forsyth; 8 do do, Leech & co; 1 bbl eggs, English & Richardson; 6 firkins butter, 2 bbls eggs, Hilton; 24 bbls flour, 22 sacks wool, Swindler; 34 do do, M'Bride; 8 sks rags, Reeves; 5 bbls Sutton.

ST. PAUL by La Crosse—560 hides; 8 bales dry 1000 pips lead, Dupont; 1 cask Leech & co; 20 bbls whisky; 11 do do, Lloyd & co; 2 sacks wool, Murphy; 32 empty hdds, do; 4 bxs mdz; owner; 29 bbls Smith.

CINCINNATI by Economy—1 bx furniture May; 10 bbls and 1 tcs tobacco, Robinson; 5 tcs beef, Hanna; 5 do do, Forsyth; 10 bbls coal, M'Cracken; 32 bbls whiskey, Donnell; 5 do do, Culbertson; 42 do do Pendum; 10 do do glass Bole; 15 pgs tobacco, M'Candless; 23 hhds bacon, Sellers; 11 hhds 2 tcs, Leech & co; 100 bbls flour, C. B. Leech; 162 do do M'Culley; 100 do do, Graham & Thomas; 800 do do, Liggitt & co; 2 cases steel, 2 bbls 1 tc meat, Mann.

Imports by Railroad.

Pittsburgh Ft. W. & C. R. R.—9 tons old iron, Zug, Painter & co; 9 bales hooks, Edmundson & co; 92 sks wheat, Wismarth & co; 1 car timber, Vonfinnel; 47 bbls eggs, Iseo; 23 do do, Stringer; 5 bbls pearls, Logan & Gregg; 3 sks rags, 9 pcs tacon, R. Robison & co; 25 doz buckets, M'Clelland & co; 24 do do, Kirkpatrick & Metzgar; 40 sks kegs, Stockton & co; 28 bills wire, &c, H Townsend & co; 2 cars staves, Lambert & Sutphen; 12 bbls flour, A. Hunter; 313 bales wool, 24 kgs butter, 53 bbls eggs, 132 do whisky, 233 bbls bacon, 24 bbls oil, Clark & co; 211 kanlers produce, 75 doz brooms, 7 bbls eggs, 1 do butter, 25 sks flour, 10 cars cattle, 2 do hogs, 36 sks corn, 100 bus oats, owners.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—21 bbls flour, Felzer; 100 bills frames, Ohio Chair Company; 60 bdls paper, J L Shorr; 5 do do, Haven; 2 cars metal, Nimick & co; 33 bdls chair stuff, 120 bbls whisky, 8 do eggs, 370 bales wool, Clark & co; 94 bxs cheese, H Hutchinson.

RIVER NEWS.

The arrivals from Saint Louis are the Louisiana, Cruise from St Paul, with a fair freight, the Economy, Capt. Belmahover, with a good round freight, and the regular arrivals from Wheeling and from up the Monongahela.

We have no news for to-day. We might have added in regard to the E. M. Ryland, that she is owned by Captains Jacobs and Johnston, and also, in part by Mr. Abrams, who is to act in the capacity of clerk, and is very much of a gentleman. The Ryland looks as if she might carry a very heavy freight without drawing over much water or losing speed.

Several other new boats are now at the landing nearly ready to take their places on the river which, as occasion offers, we shall notice.

The weather yesterday was fine and cool, with river and ample a little shower. The river was about on a stand with about 3 feet in the channel.

The La Salle Journal of the 18th, says that the Illinois river at that place, although in tolerable fair boating order, is receding at the rate of two inches per day. And canal boats are fast as they arrive are being taken by the Fayaway, and other low boats, to St. Louis and intermediate places.

A slight rain, somewhat general east and north, will bring it to a stand. Rain is very much needed, there being no showers of any consequence for the past four or five weeks. Spring Creek has but five feet of water on it, and no difficulty more expected in crossing it. The Illinois river is now 4 feet and 4 inches rise, and is passable the Rock Island bridge thus far this season, and that of this number seven vessels and twenty-one rafts have received damage by coming in contact with the piers.

The Kate Howard, during the season, has brought out of the Missouri, the following freight: 592 hhds tobacco, 4,359 bales hemp, 3,398 pigs lead, 280 bales furs, 863 casks bacon, 1,000 coils rope, 3,300 bbls flour, 355 sacks wool, 1,467 head of stock, 454 dozen chickens, and 20,885 packages of sundries. We are indebted to Mr. Spencer for the preceding particulars.—Mo. Dem.

Steamboat Register.

ARRIVED—Lucerne, Brownsville; Jefferson, do; Colonel Bayard, Elizabeth; Chevoit, Wellsville; Fortune, Wheeling; La Crosse, St. Paul; Economy, Cincinnati; Freighter, Zanesville.

DEPARTED—Lucerne, Brownsville; Jefferson, do; Col. Bayard, Elizabeth; Chevoit, Wellsville; Minnetonka, Wheeling.

River 3 feet 10 inches and on a stand.

Steamboats.

FOR CINCINNATI.—The splendid steamer MONONGAHELA, Capt. Young, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THURSDAY, 23