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Republican State Convention.

The Republican State Convention, for the nomination of candidates for Governor and other State officers, will be held at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, the 25th of March, 1857. Each District will elect Delegates in the usual manner, equal in number to its representation in the two Houses of the State Legislature; and no person will be entitled, by substitution, to represent a district in which he does not reside.

CHARLES GIBBONS,
Chairman of State Executive Committee.

AN APOLOGY.—To such of our subscribers as failed to receive the *Gazette* yesterday morning, we have to say that one of our most excellent and attentive carriers was taken violently sick at night, and no other person about the establishment could carry his route. We trust the like may not occur again for the sake of all parties.

THE HOUSE OF REFUGE.—There are many institutions which come before an editor in their reports for consideration and notice which he calls attention to, more as a matter of course or from considerations of duty, than because he is heartily interested in them, their interests and their objects. The House of Refuge is not one of these. It is an institution in which every humane heart feels a deep and abiding interest, and whose objects are among the noblest that christianity has indicated as worthy of pursuit. To ask support for it, is not to ask charity; not to plead a doubtful claim; needs not come forward with a hoat, clamorously, and work through lobby influence or purchased eulogy upon legislators, or by fine-drawn theory and meritricious praise to incite individuals to work in its behalf in the private walks of life:—it comes forward with its high claims upon the legislator as a matter of economy; for, as the President, Mr. Anderson justly remarks in his report, "what we would expend upon these youths will "be so much taken away from the burden which "falls upon our jails, alms houses, and penitentiaries." It comes to the private citizens with its pecuniary claims also; for it gives additional security to his property; but above and over all it is, in the line of his duty to give from his abundance into that general fund out of which the houseless, the homeless, the orphan, the unhappy and the deserted wanderer from the paths of virtue may be brought again under the influence of the gospel and of pure and generous sympathies, and set in the way whose course is heavenward.

Let us collate a few of the facts set down in this Third Annual Report. In the first place, what has been effected? Two hundred and seventy-nine children have been taken from the streets, from miserable homes, or from homes where the parent has no, or if any a brutal control, from haunts of vice, from evil associations, from positions where a choice often lies between theft and starvation. Now for this large family, there has been built an elegant building, with its work-shops, dormitories, school-rooms, lecture-rooms, dining-rooms, bathing-rooms and all the paraphernalia connected with such an establishment. They have secured a most charming position for this school, on the banks of the Ohio, the river flowing in front, while in the background rise the high and cliffs vated hills which give such beauty to the landscapes of Western Pennsylvania. They have laid out in charming flower-plats and playgrounds a large area around the school edifice, and over the children there brought together, have placed excellent and approved teachers, men and women whose hearts are in their work, and who labor like parents for their children, among those who have been placed under their control. These children have been taught all the branches usually taught in our city schools; they have been instructed in some healthful handiwork, such as trunk-making, chair-making and the like, and, above all, they have had the scriptures opened to them, have learned from its pages lessons of truth and kindness, and been taught to revere those precepts which until they had been in the Refuge many of them probably never heard.

Such is a slight sketch of what has already been done for these children. Since the school was established they have discharged 35. By "discharged" we mean, *sent out into honest service cured of their evil propensities, and instructed in the duties of life.* From them, the Superintendent, Mr. Rutherford, receives many testimonials of their kind remembrance and regard in the shape of letters like those of children to a parent. In one or two instances where these children had unfortunately fallen into the hands of unkind persons they have returned of their own accord into the welcome asylum where they learned their first lessons of good. The testimony of persons with whom both boys and girls from the institution have lived or been indentured is in a vast majority of cases favorable in the highest degree. On page 16 of the Report the reader will learn that during the month of December 1856 alone, 422 letters in answer to "queries having reference to the honesty, truthfulness, obedience, industry and health of apprentices were received all of which with two "exceptions have been decidedly satisfactory "and the cases of exception were of smaller "children and not seriously discouraging."

Now when one reviews the whole case, or takes a glance at it even as hasty as the one which we lay before our patrons here, it may well excite surprise that with a total expenditure of $107,244, the subscriptions by counties have been but $26,600. Now the whole state of the case is this, that the institution which has done and is doing so vast an amount of good is embarrassed; it asks that those counties which are at perfect liberty to profit by its advantages will come up to its aid; it asks of the legislature that the commendation which this school of reform has received from the Chief Magistrate of the State may direct their attention to this matter and that legislators will look to it that the noble schemes of benevolence which are in contemplation here may not be nipped in the bud nor dwarfed in their unfolding beauty by the unwise parsimony of the State. Could every legislator, every citizen of the State make an hour's visit to the House of Refuge and thereafter have the question of its support submitted to them, we are sure it would never more stand in need of necessary funds.

THE CHINESE WAR.—We believe no man can read the full official reports of what the British have been doing in Canton, (which we published yesterday morning,) without feeling himself forced irresistibly to the conclusion that the quarrel was sought for on the part of the British, and that this six days bombardment of Canton is but the prologue to another grand drama, the *denoument* of which is already foreseen, viz: the seizure of more territory and the further aggrandisement of British power in the East. Those who have read the accounts will have seen that the quarrel was begun by the British, and now *The London Times* declares:

"By this outbreak of hostilities," says that journal, "existing treaties are annulled, and we are left free to change our relations with the Chinese Empire as we please."

Let another nation do this thing or another like it, and with what virtuous indignation would the *Times* declaim!

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILWAY—THE FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT.—Our readers will remember that some days since we gave a hasty review of this report, with a promise of a future and more careful consideration of a matter with which the interests of the city of Pittsburgh are so closely connected. We therefore revert with pleasure to the subject. In the outset consider what has been done. The road is in actual working order and in daily use from Connellsville to Pittsburgh, the junction with the Pennsylvania railway at Turtle Creek having been effected since the date of the report which now lies before us. The distance between this city and Connellsville over which the cars are now running is 60 miles. The whole distance between this point and Cumberland where the road forms a junction with the Baltimore and Ohio R. R is 148 miles. Thus there are but 88 miles of the road to be completed, upon which the work is being driven forward. The Sand Patch Tunnel, an immense work, is advancing toward completion, and can be readily finished before the close of 1858. Such is a hurried review of what has been and what is to be done.

Pittsburgh has been somewhat heavily burdened with railroads. Several to which the city and county have loaned their credit, have come back upon us and saddled us with a load of interest somewhat difficult to stand up under, but which we have faith to believe they will carry triumphantly if need be, until the great public thoroughfares which are to connect us with the rich and flourishing regions of neighboring States and open up portions of our own which are yet almost unexplored, shall be made to pour their bounty into our coffers and partially, at least, compensate by both particular and general advantage for the times when they were a heavy drag upon our resources. The Connellsville is happily not one of the roads which have recoiled upon us.

It has suffered much from official default; and from the fact that a large part of the road was built and running without any important point either to run to or from, its revenues have suffered. The latter difficulty is now overcome. It can bring the rich products of the Valley through which it runs for 48 miles, directly hither, where by steamboat or railway they can find their way to the head waters of the great rivers of the Continent, or Southward to the Gulf of Mexico. We rode through the valley of the Youghiogheny on the cars last Spring, and are free to declare that a richer, more thriving or more fertile region it was never our good fortune to visit. It abounds in the products both of nature and of human skill. Flour, Leather, Iron, Grain, Pig Iron, Whisky, Lime, Lumber, etc, are all among the articles of commerce which we observed, as products of nature and of art combined, while of coal, fire-clay, building stone, etc., there is literally no end. The very best of coal too is this along the Youghiogheny as all know who know anything about it.—Running through this productive region and developing and bringing into the market what was before useless wealth poured forth in unfrequented places as if to incite the energies of man, there can be no good reason, looking no further than just to way traffic, why this road once completed should not rank among the most successful in the country. But when we consider the termini of the whole work; the entrepot, the grand Mecca, so to speak, of the iron manufactures of Pennsylvania here at the head of the great river system of the Continent, and Baltimore, lying upon the Chesapeake and commanding a princely trade upon the whole Atlantic coast, and stretching her iron arms out toward three points of the compass, at the East, there can remain but small ground for doubt of the ultimate success of a work already approaching completion under favorable auspices. We are not surprised that, in the words of Mr Latrobe, the President of the road, "there is in Baltimore but one opinion of the prospects of this work as a great highway of traffic between the city at the Head of the Ohio and the city at the head of the Chesapeake, each in a commercial position of the most commanding order."

Perhaps we have said more upon the general character and prospective advantages of the work than is necessary. We have, however, kept faithfully to the record, consulting the reports of Engineers and of the President, and telling, in addition to this, what we know from actual observation in respect to the nature of the region through which most of the completed road passes, what in fact any one can see if he will take a trip on the railroad from here to Connellsville.

Now that the road is open from Connellsville to this city, the Board of Directors has caused some estimates of what they may reasonably expect in the way of income. They declare in their report that the result of this investigation has been very encouraging and after making the most liberal allowance for falling short in business and excess in expenditure they cannot but indulge the hope that a nett revenue approaching $40,000, may be expected from this division of the line, during the first year, with a steady increase thereafter.

We had designed to review the condition of the finances of the road but our narrowing space warns us that we must here bring this article to a close.

ANTIQUARIAN RESEARCHES.—Miner & Co. have just published a pamphlet on "The Early Discoveries by Spaniards in New Mexico." It is written by H. M. Brackenridge. We have not read it, but dare say it would repay perusal.

Milburn the Elequent Blind Preacher.

Dr. M'Clintock, the distinguished author of the popular Greek and Latin Text books, published by Harper and Bro., in the introduction of a work recently from the pen of Mr. M., makes use of the following:

"In early childhood his eyes were injured; the sight of one was lost irretrievably of the other partially. From that day to this he has lived on, nearly, but not quite, blind; sometimes able to read, painfully and slowly indeed, but yet to *read*. A blessing has this small share of occasional sight been to him, many a lesson of wisdom from the printed page has that corner of a wounded eye let in to feed and stimulate the apt and quick-seeing soul behind it; and now and then, a winged arrow from "the golden quiver of the sky" has shot into that small opening of the elsewhere sightless orb always offering itself as a willing target. But of the brilliant beauty of the fair earth, trembling in its joys under the ceaseless shower of sunrays on a bright day; of the shining pageants and braveries that every day life affords to every-day eyes; of the rich dyes that nature is ever dropping from her light-tipped fingers—the crimson, the purple and the gold of the evening sky—the pale light of stars studding the deep azure—the violet, the purple, and the emerald of garden, and field, and meadow; of the full effluence of

That tide of glory which no rest doth know,
But ever ebb and ever flow,

—of all these he knows nothing except by recollection and by imagination.

But he has this great advantage over the born blind, or even over those who have *become* totally blind in after life, that he is not entirely dependent upon what others tell him about the outer world; that he *did* get images of it in his childhood, which still furnish the inner chambers of his soul; and that he yet sees, now and then, at least, a little of the world's beauty—enough to stimulate his fancy, and at the same time to rectify its aberrations."

Mr. M. lectures on "Young America" to-morrow night at Lafayette Hall.

THE ILLINOIS BANKS.—The banks of Chicago have published a card, in which they state that the owners of the People's Bank of Carmi, the Rushville Bank, of Rushville, and the Prairie State Bank, of Washington, have been in that city and left it without making any arrangement by which the bills would be redeemed. They have, therefore, declined to receive them at par, from the fact that at the present market prices of the securities, there will not be enough realized to redeem the circulation at that rate. In the transactions connected with the banks in Illinois and Indiana, the proprietors have shown that they were wanting in both honor and honesty, and the affair looks very like swindling on a large scale.

The banking firm of R. H. Swift, Brother & Johnston, Chicago, were taking the notes of these banks yesterday at ten per cent. discount, and also the notes of the Stock Security Bank of Danville.

THE INQUISITION.—The *Correspondence Italienne* publishes a most daring edict of the Holy Office, dated August 6. It enjoins under the penalty of excommunication, that information be given within a month of all suspected to be heretical, or harborers or supporters of heretics; also against suspected sorcerers, blasphemers of God, the Virgin or Saints; authors, publishers, and readers of forbidden books; partakers of meat, eggs or milk, upon prohibited days; those who eat with, or are familiar with Jews, etc. Such offences are to be made known to the Inquisitor-General, to be by him duly punished.

From Nicaragua.

The following is given by a passenger in the James Adger:

"We left San Juan del Sur January 2, and arrived same evening at Virgin Bay and took steamer Carlos for Castillo Rapids. Before arriving at the Rapids, a steamer with an American flag flying came along side, when we discovered that she was filled with armed Costa Ricans.

"The boat carried four guns. The Commander, Spencer, told us that we would not be molested if we did not interfere with Walker and his men; but if we made any disturbance or resistance they would blow us up at once, as they had a slow match set to the magazine for that purpose.

"They escorted us down through the country to Greytown, where they tumbled us and our baggage ashore and then left with their boat Gen. Hora, President of Costa Rica, had issued a proclamation to the effect that all of Walker's men who wanted to leave might desert him, and they would get a free passport to leave the country unmolested."

"They were deserting as fast as possible, escaping from Puenta Arenas to Greytown. Nearly fifty had deserted. Some went to New Orleans, others came here. Walker is in a hopeless condition, and the next news from him will be that he is slaughtered. All who can are leaving him at every opportunity."

STATEMENT OF A PASSENGER

We left San Francisco December 20, on board of the Sierra Nevada. At the time of our departure from San Francisco we were led to believe that there would be no difficulty in crossing by the Nicaragua route, and there was every reason to anticipate a rapid trip to this city. On reaching Lake Nicaragua we embarked on board the steamer San Carlos, but had only proceeded about five miles this side of Fort San Carlos before a river steamer, which had been lying concealed behind a point of land, made her appearance, with a force of about sixty men on board, all armed to the teeth; while there were two field-pieces on board of the steamer.

We were ordered to come to; whereupon an officer whose name was said to be Spencer, an agent of Vanderbilt, who told us he had 1,000 men at San Carlos, and was in possession of all the other steamers and vessels lately owned by Walker, therefore any resistance on our part would be useless; that if we chose to place ourselves under his protection we should be safely conveyed to Greytown. Whereupon we left the steamer San Carlos and went on board the Costa Rican steamer, in which we were conveyed to Greytown as promised, us. The steamer San Carlos, which is a lake steamer, was left at a place called Torne.

On reaching Greytown we went ashore and remained about three days, awaiting a conveyance to the States when the Texas, from New Orleans, came in, and we arranged to come on by that steamer, and left by her, but we had got but a short distance before we met the steamer James Adger from New York. The Texas then returned to Greytown to afford those wishing to come to New York by her a chance of doing so. After a further delay in Greytown during the absence of the James Adger to and from Aspinwall, we found much difficulty in procuring enough to eat.

President Mora of the Costa Rican Government having issued a proclamation granting a pardon to such as had come out to fight for Walker, and a free passage back to the States, A great many of Walker's officers and men returned with us; and all of them told hard stories of their sufferings from hunger and sickness; and that those who had been comparatively favored with anything like health, had fared badly in other respects, as all they got for their services was scrip only worth $5 per $100, that the Costa Ricans had entirely cut off all communication on this side, and the condition of Walker was therefore considered very deplorable.—Walker was represented to be at Rivas, inactive; and his force at various points held by him was estimated at one thousand men.

About 250 recruits that went out from here by the Texas from New Orleans, were said to be at Point Arenas, trying to fit up a steamer in which to go up to join Walker, but their success was considered somewhat doubtful.

Among Walker's officers who returned with us to this city in the James Adger, was Col. Jones (who had been wounded by a shot from the Costa Ricans,) and his lady.

ANOTHER STATEMENT.

Walker's troops at San Juan del Sud are in a nearly condition, and the accounts of his force are generally very much exaggerated by the papers. He had possession of Grenada, San Juan del Sud and Virgin Bay, and the river steamers, until Capt. Spencer, said to have been employed by Com. Vanderbilt, came up the river with a small force of men (Costa Ricans) placed in his hands by Gen. Mora, to aid Vanderbilt in recovering his property, which had been seized by Garrison and Walker.

He succeeded in capturing or retaking all the steamers on the river, and placing men aboard of them in the name of Vanderbilt. The manner in which Spencer managed this business speaks well for his capability, as he fairly and fully out-generaled the smartest of Walker's officers, Walker himself included. He took the passengers out of the boats on the river, and put them on board the one of which he himself was in command, and conveyed them to Greytown, where he landed them with their baggage, being aided by the British squadron, consisting of some six vessels of war—propellers and sailing ships.

The people in that country and all around are greatly prejudiced against Walker, and every one who has the influence of young men at heart will use all his influence to prevent them from being baited by the lures held out for them under Walker. Nothing but the most abject misery and certain disappointment awaits all who go there upon their arrival.

Walker is now in a precarious position. He is at Rivas, about nine miles above Virgin Bay, and has with him about 600 men.

CALL FOR CAPITAL IN EUROPE.—The London Times of the 1st instant speaks of the calls for money there will probably be in Europe during the year 1857. it thinks that there is no assurance that the high rate of money which has ruled during the past few months will be diminished during the coming year. If the disease which destroyed the silk crops last season should continue, and France sustain another loss of £3,000,000 or £4,000,000 sterling, a further demand for capital will be felt in that country, which will cause extreme terms to be offered for whatever can be spared. Austria likewise must continue, either by direct loans or by fresh sales of national property, to procure an additional £2,000,000 or £3,000,000 of gold and silver, before she can venture to resume specie payments.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Jan. 22.—The Territorial Convention at Lecompton, Kansas, adjourned on the 14th inst., after passing resolutions embodying the views and the principles of the party hereafter to be called the "National Democratic Party." Both branches of the Legislature repudiate that portion of Governor Geary's message relating to the repeal of obnoxious enactments.

"LAWS ARE VIRTUOUS ACTIONS."—An innkeeper in a small provincial town adopted for his sign the arms of the lord of the manor, whose motto is "*Laus virtutis actio*"—but thinking, however, that his customers would better understand the phrase if put in the vulgar tongue, he obligingly translated it thus: "Laws are virtuous actions."

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, Jan. 24.—Isaac C. Sherlock, who has been on trial here for the murder of Phillip S. Clawges, for the seduction of his wife, was to-day acquitted. Great enthusiasm was manifested in the Court on the rendition of the verdict.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Age and Debility—As old age comes on on us, it brings many attendant infirmities.—Want of appetite and weakness impair the health, and general activity makes the mind discontented and uneasy. In cases where old age adds its influence, it is almost impossible to add vigor and health and although many remedies have been tried, all have failed, until BRODIER'S HOLLAND BITTERS were known and used in every case where they have been employed they have invariably given strength and restored health and vigor. They have become a great agent for this alone, and are used by many people who are suffering from loss of appetite and general debility. In cases of long standing chronic diseases, they act as a charm, invigorating the system, thus giving nature another opportunity to repair physical injuries.

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THE FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

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Manufacture Pine and Oak Kegs of the various descriptions of Nail Kegs, which they will sell at the *lowest market prices*.
☞ Contracts are respectfully solicited. All work warranted of the best quality. de31 1ydr

JOHN THOMPSON,
410 LIBERTY STREET,
European Agent and Intelligence Office.
☞ Families supplied with Servants on short notice.—Drafts on all parts of Europe for sale, in sums to suit those wishing to remit Passages to and from Europe weekly. Tickets through from New York and Philadelphia by Rail. ja31 1yfo

WILLIAM M. HERSH,
Corner of Market and Fourth Streets,
DEALER IN
GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS,
☞ Orders promptly attended to ja12 1yfo

Consumption Cured—Be not deceived by base imitations, "Hegeman, Clark & Co's Genuine Cod Liver Oil, never disappoints, and nine years' experience has proved it superior to all others, and the only reliable cure for Consumption.
As there is a great deal of spurious oil in the market adulterated with seal oil, whale oil, &c., &c., too much care cannot be taken to procure the Genuine.
Our oil is made at our own factory in Newfoundland and each bottle has our signature over the cork, be careful to get Hegeman, Clark & Co., for since the DEATH of Mr. Hushton, our late partner, there has been an article introduced called Hushton's, which is in no way connected with H. C. & Co., or H. C. & Co. Sold by H. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., R. E. SELLERS & CO., and by druggists generally. se23 3m

Hoofland's German Bitters take the LEAD.—EATONTON, Geo., July 14, 1855.—Dear Sir:—Your German Bitters are taking the lead of all other medicines for chronic disease, &c., and are selling rapidly. Please send us another box immediately, or we shall be out before it arrives. Truly, yours, LYNCH & DAVIS.
Sold, wholesale and retail, at Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER'S Drug Store, 140 Wood st., sign of the Golden Mortar.
See advertisement. ja14 2dawF

Those of our readers who are under the necessity of making applications to the Hair will do well to read the advertisement of Prof. Wood's Hair Restoratives in another column. In the space of time which it has been before the public, it has won for itself a reputation unequalled by any other article of the kind now known, and wherever tried, it has, so far as our knowledge extends, been tried with success.—*Independent Constitutionist, March, 1855.* ae26 1ydw

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Extract Buchu, is prepared directly according to the rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and is the best and most active preparation which can be made for the cure of Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dr opsy, Weaknesses, &c. Read the advertisement in another column, headed "Helmbold's Genuine Preparation." ia6 2dawT

G. BRASHEARS ..... J. H. LAW.
C. BRASHEARS & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS
AND
Commission Merchants
EXCLUSIVELY,
Nos. 57 and 59 Main Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Make liberal advances on all consignments and act as agents for all kinds of Manufactured Goods.—Have regular sales of Groceries, Boots and Shoes and other Merchandise every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY of each week. Keep constantly on hand a large stock of Merchandise which we sell at private sale. de11 6m

Fire Proof Safes,
A Safe that will be safe against the ravages of fire can be had at BURKE & BARNES' in this city. The following testimonial, which appears in the St. Louis Republican, of the 10th, speaks volumes in their favor. The builders of these Fire Proofs have established an amiable reputation through the excellence of their manufactures:
To the Merchants of St. Louis and the Public Generally:—In justice to Messrs. R. Violett & Co., and their successors, Messrs. William Swan & Co., who are agents for the sale of Burke & Barnes' fire proof Safes, we hereby certify that upon opening our safe that was in the great fire of the total destruction of the city buildings, on the night of the 18th of November, 1854, that our books and papers have come out almost as perfect as new after being in the ruins fifty-two days, and we can cheerfully recommend their Safes to the public. BRADY & BROS.
The above mentioned safe was this day opened in my presence, and I herewith certify that the large amount of books and papers therein contained were in good order and the writing perfectly legible. H. M. BUNYAN.
ST. LOUIS, January 9, 1857.—ja22 3m d & w1w5

W. H. WRIGHT,
No. 92 Fourth st., between Wood and Market sts.
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in ALCOHOL, ETHEREAL, CAMPHINE and PINE OILS, GAS FIXTURES, and all kinds of Lamps, Chandeliers, Girandoles, &c.
☞ Gas Fitting, Repairing, Regilding and Brass Casting done to order at short notice.
☞ The above Oils supplied regularly every week from my wagon. se29 1ydr

Greatest of all great things of the ages
IODINE WATER!
The only never-failing remedy for Consumption is
IODINE WATER!
The perfect cure for Scrofula or King's Evil is
IODINE WATER!
The medicine before which Fever and Ague flies is
IODINE WATER!
The greatest purifier of the Corrupted Blood is
IODINE WATER!
The pleasant drink that fortifies the Nerves is
IODINE WATER!
The magic one that clears the muddy Brain is
IODINE WATER!
The power that corrects the sluggish Liver is
IODINE WATER!
Billious disorders of all kinds submit to
IODINE WATER!
Running Sores and Ulcers cease and heal with
IODINE WATER!
The foul fiend Rheumatism shrinks from
IODINE WATER!
Dyspepsia, in all its forms, is easily cured with
IODINE WATER!
The sick man is always made well with
IODINE WATER!
Because no humbug or quack patent nostrum is
IODINE WATER!
Most wonderful of preparative and detergents is
IODINE WATER
A thorough vitalizer, the real Elixir of Life is
IODINE WATER!
One Dollar a bottle gives you perfect health in
IODINE WATER!
Prepared by Dr. Henry Anders. Sold by DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, Wholesale Druggist, No. 140 Wood st., Sign of the Golden Mortar.

Pure Cod Liver Oil—Every bottle warranted to be pure Cod Liver Oil
For the cure of Rheumatism.
For the cure of Scrofula,
For the cure of Gout,
For the cure of Lumbago
For the cure of Tetter.
For the cure of all Skin Diseases.
For the cure of Chronic Erysipelas.
For the cure of Chronic Sore Eyes.
For the cure of White Swelling.
For the cure of Glandular Swelling.
For the cure of Caries of the Bones.
For the cure of Pulmonary Consumption.
For the cure of Chronic Bronchitis.
For the cure of Rickets.
For the cure of Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys.
For the cure of Constitutional Weakness and General Debility.
Sold by the quart, gallon and in bottles by the dozen at single bottle; every bottle warranted pure Cod Liver Oil, at the Wholesale Druggistore of Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., sign of the Golden Mortar. ja26 1dw

Fifteen Dollars Per Quarter.
HENRY ROHBOCK
Continues to give instruction to Beginners and in the higher branches of PIANO PLAYING, VOCAL MUSIC, ORGAN, etc.
Mr. ROHBOCK may be addressed at his dwelling, Diamond st., nearly opposite the new University and the Court House, through the Post Office, or at Mr. Metzler's Warerooms. Terms, $15.00 per quarter. ja22 1w d5w

Never Forget That
DR. TERRELL'S
Healing Ointment
CURES
Salt Rheum or Tetter,
Chilblains or Frosted Feet,
Chapped or Cracked Hands,
Sore Lips or Sore Nose
Burns or Scalds,
Cuts or Wounds,
Common Sores,
Pimples on the Face,
Corns, Piles,
Bites of Insects,
Sore Nipples or Inflamed Breasts,
Chafing of Infants,
Breaking out and Sores on Children.
And all Diseases of the Skin.
A single box of this Ointment will keep any Blacksmith's, Farmer's, Sailor's, or any Mechanic's, Tradesman's Gentleman's or Lady's Hands (let them chap or crack ever so bad) round, smooth and in good order all Winter, another will cure their frosted feet.
SOLD BY
DR. GEO. H. KEYSER,
Wholesale Druggist, No. 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Sign of the Golden Mortar. ja14 dawF

Highly Important to Invalids!
Cod Liver Oil,
PREPARED BY J. C. BAKER & CO.
Has, as one of its distinguished marks of superiority over other brands of Oil, entire absence of that peculiar nauseous and disagreeable flavor, and offensive odor inseparable from oil crudely and imperfectly prepared.
It may be taken without disrelish by the most delicate patient, and retained without effort on the most sensitive stomach.
The superiority in this and other important characteristics of genuineness, has guaranteed for it the commendation of the most eminent of the Medical Faculty throughout the States.
It is the most effectual remedy for consumption, bronchitis, rheumatism, scrofula, &c., and may be had in bottles of the druggists in this city, of the manufacturers,
JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
No. 100, 3d st., Philadelphia.
oct27.

The only Medal Awarded by the New York Exhibition to the English or Foreign Sauce Manufacturers has been obtained, amongst numerous competitors, by LEA & PERRINS, or their
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
whereby further testimony is afforded of its being the best Sauce extant.
The celebrity of this Sauce has attended to every quarter of the globe, and its efficacy in promoting the genuine health is becoming daily more observed and acknowledged.
In the United States it is held to be the most agreeable condiment, and if esteemed for its tonic and invigorating properties, its behoof is unstinting the stomach to digest the food.
On the Continent of Europe, these qualities have been testified to by a gentleman, who resides in LEA & PERRINS thus: "I have carried a bottle of your Worcestershire Sauce in a tour I have just completed through Spain and Portugal, and believe I owe my present state of health to its use; your Sauce is stomachic, and I think medicinal, can with truth say there is nothing in a traveler's baggage so essential to his comfort, at least in these countries, as your Sauce.
In India, also, where it is found at the mess of every regiment, a medical gentleman writes from Madras to his brother in the same profession at Worcester, in the following terms: "Tell Lea & Perrins that their sauce is highly approved in India, and that it is, in my opinion, the most Palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce made."
This sauce is suitable for every variety of dish, and a universal demand which its excellence has created has led to many imitations being offered to the public, under a variety of names, but the genuine may be known by the name of "LEA & PERRINS" being impressed