PITTSBURGH:
FRIDAY MORNING, DEC. 5, 1856.

MEETING OF COALMEN.—Pursuant to notice the coalmen interested in mines above the dams on the Monongahela, met in the Merchants' Exchange yesterday afternoon to take action in relation to the proposed bridge at Birmingham, and the Steubenville Railroad bridge. There was a large attendance. J. K. Moorehead was called to the chair. He made a few remarks, in the course of which he said that there was a prospect of great injury being done the public good by the construction of these bridges. It would be impossible to pass any large number of boats through two bridges above the present bridge with safety. He then read the call for the meeting.

Col. Whitney was chosen secretary of the meeting.

Mr. Miller, chairman of the committee to call on the Directors and contractors of the two bridges and procure their plans, reported that they had done so.

The undersigned, a committee appointed by a meeting of the citizens of Beesport to wait on the Directors of the Birmingham Bridge and contractors of the Steubenville Railroad Bridge, would respectfully report, that they called on Messrs. King & Co. contractors of the Steubenville Railroad Bridge and stated to them our object. They replied that they did not care anything about the bridge, that they were bound to build one by the County of Allegheny and City of Pittsburgh; that if *they* would release them they would be very glad, or if they ordered them, and would give them the money, they would build them a suspension bridge. They further stated they had not decided on their plan (they had none to show,) but that the first span, next Pittsburgh, would be three hundred feet.

A meeting of the Birmingham Bridge directors was called by the President, which we were invited to attend. We met with them. They stated their plan to be as follows:—The first pier on the Pittsburgh side to be on a line with the cinder bank at the rolling mill; the next two hundred and twenty-five feet from it; the third also two hundred and twenty-five feet, and the other two spans two hundred and sixteen feet each—five piers in all. The abutment on the Pittsburgh side will be at what is called the "Old Ferryhouse," at Ledlie's landing.

We would add, that it is the universal opinion of all of our boat pilots, that the erection of piers in the Ohio at Steubenville, will be of as much, if not more danger to coal boats, than those proposed to be erected at Pittsburgh. They say that is a point at which they generally arrive before daylight. That if any fog they are sure to have it there, and that it is a very difficult place to navigate, &c., caused by shoalness of water, running over shelving rocks, and no suitable landings for some twenty miles above.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

ALEX. MILLER,
WM. J. MORRISON,
JOHN P. DRAVO. } Committee.

The report was accepted and the committee discharged.

Mr. Morrison moved that a Committee of three be appointed to draft resolutions, and that Mr. Thomas Bakewell act as chairman.

The chairman appointed Messrs. Bakewell, Morrison and Pollard.

Mr. Dilworth stated there was a Committee from the Burningham Bridge Co. present.

John McKay, of the Committee, said the Committee had nothing to say.

Mr. Dravo wished, on behalf of the coal men, to say a few words in justification of the course pursued by them in regard to the bridges. The piers will be very much in the road of boats swinging out of lock No. 1. The boats will fill up the channel, and a very large number of boats are loaded at present; they cannot get through lock No. 1 without a rise, and every moment must be occupied. It will be impossible to get through the lock in the night time.

If they missed the piers on the Birmingham bridge, in swinging out, they will come in contact with the railroad bridge. The coal capital was invested with the river as they found it; and they deemed it unfair to suit the convenience of any to block up the navigation. The Steubenville bridge will be destructive to the free navigation of the river. Sometimes there are one hundred boats leave Pittsburgh in one day, and how were they to pass in safety? Suppose these bridges constructed. There are two hundred boats loaded now, and if the first boats are stopped at lock No. 1, the others will be detained above to be destroyed by the ice of winter. They therefore entered their protest against the construction of these piers.

The chair again invited the Committee of the Birmingham bridge to address the meeting.

Mr. Miller said that coalmen were men of work and not of words, and could not be expected to make speeches. It would be much better for the country and city for us to spend our time in attending to the Steubenville road, and let it go to the dogs, rather than interfere with the coal trade. The Birmingham people had ten months of the year, a fine ferry, and in case of heavy freshet an ice bridge during the two months. He believed the Courts would sustain the coalmen in damages for losses by the bridge. He urged the construction of a suspension bridge.

Mr. Hanna had no objection to the Birmingham bridge further than it interfered with other large interests. He thought if committees were appointed on both sides an arrangement might be made. The coal business was the first business. He thought there would be little difficulty in making a suspension bridge for the north half of the river.

The chair said the question had two sides to it. The bridge question had been mooted for years. They had a right to build a bridge, but not so as to injure so great and vital an interest as the coal business. They can build a bridge and do no injury if they choose. If they do not they are forwarded of the consequences; he had been told that if these bridges were built with all the piers contemplated, it would destroy the coal business on the Monongahela. It is a hazardous trade at best, and it was a terrible infliction to have these dangers at the very start. He advocated the appointment of a Committee of conference.

Mr. Miller said there was a disposition on the part of property holders to tax boatmen for landing their boats. The charter of this bridge was obtained so far back as 1838. He didn't believe the charter for a pier bridge could be obtained now.

One of the bridge committee said the charter was renewed last session.

Mr. Miller said that if the Bridge Company would throw up their charter and apply for another the coalmen would agree to build the bridge.

The committee would consider the proposition.

The Chair proceeded to speak of the railroad bridge.

The committee on resolutions reported through Mr. Morrison as follows:

Resolved, That the abundant supply and moderate price of Coal have contributed more extensively to establish the manufactures and promote the prosperity of Pittsburgh and vicinity, than any other circumstance, and that this meeting would view with the deepest regret the adoption of any measure that would tend to diminish the supply, or augment the price of that important article, necessary for the existence of our manufactories, and the comfort of all our fellow-citizens.

Resolved, That the Coal Trade of the Monongahela—furnishing at least two-thirds of the supply requisite for the city and the neighboring districts, having increased at least twenty per cent per annum for several years, now amounting to upwards of twenty-two millions of bushels yearly, giving employment to more than five thousand persons, and reaching an annual value of more than two millions of dollars—has become one of the most important interests of this community, and ought not to be sacrificed for the promotion of any local commerce, or partial benefit.

Resolved, That the Managers of the Birmingham Bridge and the Directors of the Steubenville Railroad are imperatively bound, by regard both to the interests of this community and the principles of general equity, so to construct their proposed bridges as to avoid any interference with the successful navigation of the Monongahela River by coal boats and barges.

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed, whose duty it shall be to adopt such legal measures as they may deem necessary to protect the rights of all persons engaged in the coal trade on the Monongahela and Youghiogheny rivers, and that they be authorized to employ able counsel, should it become necessary to appeal to the legal tribunals of their country to maintain and defend those rights which they consider about to be violated, and that the said committee are empowered to act as a General Committee of Finance, and to appoint persons to collect funds to carry out the object of this resolution.

On motion they were adopted unanimously.

The blank in the last resolution was filled with a committee of five consisting of the following gentlemen:

W. J. Morrison, Thos. Bakewell, J. K. Moorehead, Alex. Miller and James O'Hara.

On motion adjourned.

WE WOULD direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Kloffer & Co., in another column. The firm is composed of three young men, each having a practical experience of the cabinet business, one of them has been a salesman for Hammer & Danley's for several years. Judging by the evidences we have of their energy and business talent, we predict for them success.

SUDDEN DEATH.—The wife of Mr. Hugh Adams, of the Fifth Ward, fell off her chair yesterday of an attack of the heart which resulted in her death. She had been in good health previously.

A QUEER FELLOW.—There is a stout built fellow, with huge whiskers, slouch-hat and great coat, who paces the lower part of Robinson-st., Allegheny, after night, and amuses himself with knocking people down. This knocking is apparently done for the gratification of the fellow's physical system, for he does not take the money of his victims. Some three or four have been knocked down and already a sort of terror has seized upon a portion of the residents of that gasless ward, and the exploits of this knocker have been greatly magnified. We heard one account which makes him in stature somewhere between seven and eight feet. Gymnastics of this sort however excellent for improving the fellow's strength and knowledge of the "noble art of self-defence," is rather opposed to the peace and dignity of the good city of Allegheny and uncomfortable to the inhabitants thereof. We earnestly commend this mysterious personage to the early attention of the police of that city.

PARK BENJAMIN FOR THE LAST TIME.—Our citizens will be very sorry to learn that the last lecture before the Library Association will be delivered to-night, at Lafayette Hall. Subject: "YANKEE DOODLE ON THIRD INDEPENDENCE." This is a humorous, satirical, patriotic poem, out ranks anything of the kind we have ever heard. It is the Marseillies, Yankee Doodle, Hail Columbia and the Star Spangled Banner of lectures. It is rapturously received, and brings down the house whenever delivered. If you want even standing room, go early to this last of a feast of fat things, with which this distinguished gentleman has favored our city. The Hall, we doubt not, will be filled "jammed full." Such a subject as Yankee Doodle, to be treated by Park Benjamin, ought to bring out everybody and we know it will.

Next week we will be favored with a lecture from Josiah Quincy of Boston. He is another of the nation's celebrities. Who follows Mr. Quincy we cannot say.

THEATRE.—The really good Irish Comedian, Mr. Collins, has been delighting large audiences during the week. The reputation of Mr. C. is national, and we need not refer further to it. If any are desirous to see the Irish gentleman with his peculiarities and eccentricities, he should not fail to visit the Theatre during the present engagement.

We had the pleasure last evening of hearing Mr. Collins in two pieces, and we must say we have never enjoyed acting more. "His List Legs" is a very amusing piece, and Mr. C. performed his part in it in the most finished and elegant style, convulsing the audience. As a vocalist he is unsurpassed. We urge upon our readers the pleasure of seeing the representations of Mr. Collins.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.—The Councils met last evening. The Committee on Railroads reported that the President of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad would not accept the conditions of the ordinance granting them the right of way through the city, on the ground that the Company could not guarantee the city's stock to the exclusion of other stockholders; and also the Company wanted more ground to approach their depot on the West Common.

THE MUSEUM.—The management have produced the interesting tale of the *Gunmaker of Moscow*, dramatised from the New York Ledger. The piece is highly spoken of.

The management also announce the engagement of Mr. & Miss Charles, the former a delineator of Irish, and the latter of Yankee character. They are said to be equal to Mr. & Mrs. Barney Williams.

PRESENTATION.—The Third Ward Pittsburgh Republican Club, meet on Saturday evening next at the office of Ald. McMaster. A superb walking stick will be presented to Ald. McMaster, for his effective services in the last campaign, by Major A. M. Brown on behalf of the club. "A feast of reason and a flow of soul" is anticipated. Turn out Third Ward!

ANOTHER CONTRADICTION.—We again assert that the *Gazette* was the first of the papers of the city to issue the message on Tuesday, beating all the others including *The Reporter*. That paper desires to win the laurels without claim.

NEW HOSE CARRIAGE.—The new hose carriage purchased by the Neptune Fire Company was received from Philadelphia on Wednesday. It is said to be a superior machine.

THREE DESTROYERS.—Several boys were arrested by Ald. Nellis's police yesterday, charged with destroying shade trees in front of the residence of Mr. James Parke, Jr. North Common, Allegheny.

DISTRICT COURT.—The case of Jane and Eliz. Graham vs. William R. Graham, exr., is still on trial.

THE MUSTANG LINIMENT cures Rheumatism; The Mustang Liniment cures Stiff Joints; The Mustang Liniment cures Burns and Wounds; The Mustang Liniment cures Sores and Ulcers; The Mustang Liniment cures Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples; The Mustang Liniment cures Neuralgia; The Mustang Liniment cures Corns and Warts; The Mustang Liniment is worth 1,000,000 *dollars per annum* to the United States, as the preserver and restorer of valuable Horses and Cattle. It cures all Sprains, Galds, Wounds, Stiff Joints, &c.

Will you answer this question? Did you ever hear of any ordinary Sore, Swelling, Sprain or Stiffness, either on man or beast, which the Mustang Liniment could not cure? Did you ever visit any respectable Druggist in any part of the world—in Europe, Asia, or America—who did not say "it was the greatest discovery of the age?" Sold everywhere. Every family should have it; 3 sizes. DARNES & PARK,
Proprietors, New York.

The Great Russian Remedy.—PRO BONO PUBLICO.—Every mother should have a box in the house READY in case of accidents to the children. *REDDING'S RUSSIAN SALVE.*

It is a Boston story of thirty years' standing, and is recommended by physicians. It is a sound speedy cure for Burns, Piles, Boils, Corns, Felons, Chilblains, and all Sores of every kind; *or Fever Sores*, Scalds, Burns, Head, Nettle Rash, Bunions, or Nipples, recommended by nurses. Whitlows, Felons, Fever Blisters, Spider Stings, Frozen Limbs, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Sore and Cracked Lips, Sore Nose, Warts and Flesh Worms, it is a most valuable remedy and cure, which can be testified to by thousands who have used it in the city of Boston for the last thirty years. In no instance will this Salve do an injury, or interfere with a physician's prescriptions. It is made from the purest vegetable, from a recipe brought from Russia—of articles growing in that country—and the proprietors have letters from the most clergymen, physicians, sea captains, nurses, and others who have used it themselves, and recommended it to others. Redding's Russia Salve is put up in large tin boxes stamped on the cover with a picture of a horse and a dead soldier, which picture is also engraved on the wrapper. PRICE, 25 Cents a Box. REDDING & CO., Proprietors, No. 334 Washington-st., Boston. Sold by all Druggists. For sale by H. MILLER & CO. No. 57 Smithfield street. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st. R. E. SELLERS, 4th st. Wood and 22 Market st. JOS. FLEMING, 97 Market st. Pittsburgh. BECKHAM & McKENNAN, Federal st., Allegheny. mh29 1yd

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. J. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES, infallible correcting irregularities, and removing obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever cause.

All Medical Men Know

As well as many others, *that no female can enjoy good health under the ill regulation*; and whenever an obstruction takes place, whether from exposure, cold, or any other cause, the general health begins immediately to decline, and the want of such a remedy has been the cause of so many consumptions among young females. Headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, nothing of food and disturbed sleep most always arise from this irregularity of nature; and whenever that is the case, the Pills will invariably correct all these evils.

Full and explicit Directions accompany each box, which cannot be followed, and all Letters for advice must be post paid. Price $1.00 a box, and sold by all the Druggists and by PARKER & REED, Agents for Allegheny; FULTON'S Drug Store, Birmingham; JOHN PROCTOR, Liberty-st., and by W. A. GILDEN, Penn-st., Pittsburgh. They will supply the trade at proprietor's prices, and send the Pills by mail on receipt of $1.00 through Pittsburgh P. O. mh13:dawly

AYERS' CHERRY PECTORAL,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP,
ASTHMA AND CONSUMPTION.

THIS REMEDY is offered to the community with the confidence we feel in an article which seldom fails to realize the important effects that can be desired. So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons, publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs, by its use. Where once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs, which are incident to our climate.

Nothing has called louder for the earnest inquiry of medical men, than the alarming prevalence and fatality of consumptive complaints, not but that any one class of diseases had more of their investigation and care. But as yet no adequate remedy has been provided, on which the public could depend for protection from attacks upon the respiratory organs, until the introduction of the Cherry Pectoral. This article is the product of a long, laborious, and I believe successful endeavor to furnish the community with such a remedy. Of this last statement the American people are now themselves prepared to judge, and I appeal with confidence to their decision. If years of experience to be learnt in what room or every class and station certify it has done for them, if we can trust our own senses, when we see dangerous affections of the throat and lungs yield to it, if we can depend on the assurance of intelligent Physicians, who make it their business to know,—in short, if there is any reliance upon anything, then is it irrefutably proven that this medicine does relieve and does cure the class of diseases it is designed to. Go beyond any and all others that are known to our kind. If this be true, it cannot be too freely published, nor too widely known. The afflicted should know it. A remedy that cures is priceless to them. Parents should know it, their children are priceless to them. All should know it, for health can be prized to no one, who could not enjoy it. It is related here, but everywhere, not only in this country, but throughout the world, we have acted on this conviction, is shown in the fact that already this article has made the circuit of the globe. The sun never sets on its trophies. No continent is without it, and but few people. Although not in so general use in other nations as in this, it is rapidly by the mass introduced in almost all civilized countries. It is extensively employed in both America, in South America, Africa, Australia and the far off islands of the sea. Life is at war to its presence there as here, and it gives a valuable relief with even more rapidity than variolous. Unlike most preparations of its kind, it is as agreeable to consumptive stomachs as sweet cordials. Still it is afforded to the public at a reasonably low price, and what is of vastly more importance to them, its quality is never allowed to depart from the original standard of excellence. Every bottle of this medicine, now manufactured, is as good as ever has been made heretofore, or as we are capable of making. No labor or cost is spared in maintaining in the market a medicine which its possession is to prove a blessing to those who procure the genuine Cherry Pectoral, can rely on having as good an article as has ever been had by those who testify to its cures.

By pursuing this course I have the hope of doing some good in the world, as well as the satisfaction of believing that much has been done already.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

Sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Agents, Pittsburgh, and by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers. mh29:dawly&w3t

TELEGRAPHIC.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 3.—*Senate.*—Mr. Bayard announced in an appropriate and feeling manner, the death of his late colleague, Mr. Clayton, when Messrs. Crittenden, Cass and Seward, severally spoke in terms of eulogy of the deceased, alluding to his eminent public services, and as one of the remaining few, who, for the last quarter of a century have controlled the Legislation of the Country. After the usual resolutions of respect were adopted, the Senate adjourned.

House.—The question pending was Mr. Grow's motion to re-consider the vote by which the House refused that Mr. Whitfield be sworn as Delegate from Kansas and to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Campbell of Ohio made an unsuccessful motion to go into Committee of the whole on the State of the Union, and Mr. Cobb failed to obtain the unanimous consent to draw for the choice of seats.

The friends of Whitfield made various motions which were negatively decided by yea and nay votes, with a view of postponing action on Whitfield's case till next week.

These proceedings were interrupted by the reception of a message from the Senate announcing the death of Mr. Clayton.

Mr. Cullen pronounced a panygeric, and submitted Resolutions, which were adopted, in honor of the deceased, and to pay respect, the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 4.—*Senate*—The Senate resumed the consideration of a motion to print an extra number of copies of the President's Message and the accompanying documents, whereupon an animated debate ensued, in the course of which Mr. Wade was particularly severe on the President.

The Senate was occupied with the debate on the question of printing extra copies of the President's message and accompanying documents.

Mr. Fitzpatrick deprecated this discussion as out of place. No people, he insisted, were more devoted to the Union than the South, and he charged the Republican Senators with advocating doctrines which, if consummated, would lead to the disruption of the government.

Mr. Wade blamed the President for opening the slavery agitation, and slandering, vilifying and abusing those who voted for Fremont. This came with an ill-grace from a man who upheld the outrages in Kansas. The Democracy did not dare to re-nominate Pierce owing to his complicity with those disturbances.

Mr. Butler denied that the South ever made sectional issues, and assayed to show that the Southern States are in a highly prosperous condition, notwithstanding the repeated assertions of the blight of slavery.

Mr. Rusk, while expressing his desire to uphold the Constitution because it supported him in his rights, said that the Union would be no longer desirable when it should be perverted to the injury of the South.

Mr. Fessenden defended the Republican party, expressing its object to be not sectionalism, but opposition to the extension of slavery to territory now free.

Without concluding the subject the Senate adjourned until Monday.

House.—The House resumed the consideration of the admission of Mr. Whitfield, as delegate from Kansas.

The friends of Mr. Whitfield, as heretofore, made various motions with a view to postpone action on the case.

The Speaker announced the standing committees which are nearly the same as those of the first session. The only changes in the principal committees are: Mr. Oliver, of Mo., on Elections instead of Mr. Savage; Howard on Ways and Means instead of Billinghurst; Fuller, of Me., on Commerce, instead of McQueen; Garnett and McQueen on Revolutionary Claims instead of Smith of Va., and Fuller of Me.; Allen instead of Bell, on Agriculture; Sherman and Cadwalader on Foreign instead of Bayley and Matteson; Smith, of Va., on Territories instead of Richardson; Hodges on Roads and Canals instead of Hughston; Matteson is appointed Chairman on District of Columbia, vice Meacham deceased.

The question of Whitfield's admission as Delegate from Kansas was resumed.

Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, proposed that the further consideration of the subject be postponed till Tuesday when it shall be finally acted on, and that no motion thereafter relative to it shall be in order.

Mr. Granger wished to offer a Resolution appointing Daniel Waldo as Chaplain.

Mr. Phelps suggested that the members forthwith proceed to draw for the choice of seats.

All of the above were severally objected to by Mr. Grow and his friends insisting on proceeding with the Whitfield case.

The yeas and nays were frequently taken on motions made by Whitfield advocates to adjourn, to call of the House, etc., their design being to stave off present action thereon.

Humphrey Marshall claimed his constitutional right to have the President's Message read, but the speaker overruled his demand on the ground that the Whitfield case had priority.

Mr. Marshall appealed from the speaker's decision, pending which the House adjourned.

Arrival of the Arabia.

HALIFAX, Dec. 3.

The Arabia arrived at Halifax at 3 o'clock this afternoon *en route* for Boston. She left on the afternoon of Saturday.

Political affairs were quieter; the various disgusting rumors respecting the instability of the Anglo-French alliance had disappeared, causing a rise during the week of nearly 1 per cent. in the funds. At the same time most articles of commerce had experienced a check and business was less active.

The British Government had ordered a steamer to be fitted out to sound across the Atlantic with a view to ascertain the best place for laying the telegraph cable. The contracts for the whole cable were signed in London on the 19th. The telegraphic communication is expected to be perfected by the 25th of July next.

The reported arrangements between the Spanish Bourbons has failed.

The Queen of Spain was kept in the dark as to the real project of the clerical party, which was her own eventual abdication and the marriage of her daughter to the oldest son of the infante Don Juan.

A Republican movement had taken place in Spain at Malaga. The garrison had been attacked by persons proclaiming a Republic. The troops resisted and orders was soon restored. Five insurgents were killed. Some slight disturbances had occurred at Madrid and numerous arrests were made of the lower classes.

DENMARK.—The last notes sent to Copenhagen by Russia and Austria, fix the 10th December as the period when those powers will bring the question of the Sound dues before the Germanic Diet.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 13.—De Bouteneff has again endeavored to obtain from the government the dismissal of the English ships from the Bosphorus.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 22.—The Brokers' Circular quotes Cotton as quiet and prices generally unchanged, excepting that the lower qualities have declined ¼. The sales for the week are 31,000 bales, of which 1900 were for speculation, and 1800 for export. The quotations, middling Orleans 6 15-16; fair Upland 7¾; fair Mobiles 7¾; middling Mobiles 7¼.

Breadstuffs—The market is quiet. Flour lower. Wheat 5d. Corn quiet. Richardson, Spence & Co. quote Corn as quiet with a small business, and Wheat 5d@9d. White Wheat 9s 2d@9s 10d. Western Canal Flour 30s@33s—Philadelphia and Baltimore 32s@34s; Ohio 35s @36s. Mixed Corn 38s 6d; yellow 34s; white 34s@36s.

Provisions very dull and heavy. Bacon quiet. The market is bare of Lard; sales at 74s@78s.

LONDON MONEY MARKET, Nov. 21.—Money decidedly easier. Consols for money are quoted at 93¾ and for account at 93¾. The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £154,000. The banker's rates are generally unchanged. The arrivals of treasure from Australia had been £1,500,000. American Stocks were generally steady.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET, Nov. 21.—Iron dull; Welsh rails and Welsh bar iron free on board £7@£7,5s. Scotch pig iron on the Clyde 17s 6d.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 4.—The Kentucky Presidential Electors re-assembled this morning at Frankfort, and cast the 12 votes of Kentucky for James Buchanan and John C. Breckenridge for President and Vice President. John Bullock, of Louisville was elected messenger to carry the vote to Washington City.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—The schooner Flying Eagle, of New York, was seized on the 20th of Sept., by the Portuguese authorities at Benguild, Africa, after having a cargo of slaves on board and was waiting the arrival of an United States vessel of war to take her in charge.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 4.—Flour continues firm with a fair demand and moderate arrivals; sales 268 bbls at $5,28 and 100 bbls from extra white wheat at $5,60. Whisky has undergone no further change; sales 375 bbls at 26 and 225 bbs from wagons at 26½. Hogs, we have heard of no sales as yet; the market is, notwithstanding, firm and very buoyant. Groceries more active generally, but quiet in quality is very 2——ed. Sugar is a little firmer, 5,20@5,18¾. The receipts of Cotton by Rosom yesterday were 1,000 bales. The sales were 500 bales. The Money Market works easy, though Discounts outside of Bank still rule 1½@3 ¢ cent for prime and fair lists of paper above the legal rate.

N Y Times.

THE FOX TRADE.—A good degree of excitement has prevailed in the market during the week. The report of receipts of Cotton at Liverpool last Saturday, has tended to stiffen the market, generally. Wednesday morning the market opened at an advance of 10c per cwt with an active demand, and a better feeling was established from day to day; the activity increasing up to yesterday, when the market seemed to come to a pause. The advance for the week is 50 per cwt. The receipts as given below, may be considered quite moderate, and we hardly up to the general expectation. There is one thing, however, it may be proper to notice in this connection, that last year the receipts of Hogs by the river steamers were quite large; this year none of consequence have as yet arrived or this week and less than half as many have been brought to the city by land carriage. The receipts by the river may be looked for hence forward.

The following figures show the receipts by the various channels for the week, and the season, as compared with the three previous seasons:

Brought down by Ohio & Mississippi	9,900
Do. Middletown	700
Received from Pittsburgh by rail	2,717
Do. by railways and canals	11,261
Do. through toll gates	2,740
Previously reported	55,078
Grand total	129,823
Same time, in 1855	131,008
Do. 1854	139,910
Do. 1853	139,919

As compared with last year, there is considerable diversity of opinion among dealers, as regards the average weight of the yield of lard, and the question cannot probably be well decided until the season is far advanced, when, assuming our notes, however, we are inclined to think there will be a slight falling off in this respect, this season. As regards the comparative number of hogs brought to market, there is no reliable data upon which to base a comparison. Heretofore, the G. B. Carrack, and other features of interest on the Kentucky side, as far as the eye can reach, have been in the ascendant, to a great extent, upon the course, as the market will take from this time onward. We should be loath to believe that there will not be as much Pork needed this year as was last.—Cin Price Current.

St Louis papers of Monday quote sales of hogs at 6@6¾c. At Quincy and at Hannibal prices were from 5¾ to 6c. Hogs were selling at 4½c.

The Bowling Green (Mo.) Standard says that Quigley & Co. of that place had purchased 10,000 hogs chiefly at $5 net. Other parties had purchased 9,000 hogs in the same district, making about 20,000 hogs to be packed there this season. The highest price paid was $5 net.

The Stock Exchange continues to advance, and the general market acquires additional strength as we approach the close of the year, and the position of the Bank moves in unison and the Foreign Exchanges grow better. The outside public afford the main support to prices, though we discover a tendency to operate for a fall, among the friends of the members of the Board of Brokers than earlier in the season.—N Y Times.

The main business in Exchange, for the Wednesday morning item Boston to-morrow, appears to have been done in Exchange on Philadelphia. The parties offering over $50,000 Sterling at 108 ¾ cent, and the highest rates were subsequently quoted at 108¾@109¼ ¢ cent, but we hear of no business at that rate. The actual sales were at 108¾ per cent. Prices for the closing of the mail to-day some considerable sums of drafts on Philadelphia were taken at 109@109¼ ¢ cent. The extreme closing rates were all 108¾@109¼ ¢ cent. France was not quoted at 5.20@5.18¾. The amount of Gold sent to Boston by express this evening for shipment is only $112,165. The Money Market works easy, though Discounts outside of Bank still rule 1½@3 ¢ cent for prime and fair lists of paper above the legal rate.

N Y Times.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO.—30 bbls apples, 17 firkin, 150 bbls flour, 48 box cats, 6 windlas; 95 bbls whiskey, 20 kegs butter, 78 bbls flour, 263 box oats, 129 bbls apples, 10 sacks rags, 18 bags glass, owners; 30 bbls cement, English & Richardson; 18 sacks rags, Barnley, Cosgrave & co; 434 box glass, J Black.

WHEELING, by Forest City—23 box hams, Jas Grier; 563 bbls paper, J Dalzell; 600 do, J Ruse; 80 sks barley, W H Carrack; 416 do wheat, W Gamble; 324 bbls flour, J Anderson; 10 box candles, 10 do soap, Graham & Thomas; 2 box wire, H H Collins; 47 bbls knobs, Livingston & co; 16 bbls flour, J McCully & co; 10 bbls apples, 53 do apples, 20 do oil, owners.

STEAMBOAT REGISTER.

ARRIVED—Luzerne, Brownsville; Jefferson, do; Col Bayard, Elizabeth; Tigress, Wellsville; Forest City, Wheeling.

DEPARTED—Luzerne, Brownsville; Jefferson, do; Col Bayard, Elizabeth; Tigress, Wellsville; Venture, Steubenville; Blind City, New Orleans; Champion No 2, do; Caledonia, St Louis; H P Rass, do; James Wood, do; Orb, Cin.

RIVER.—On yesterday evening there were 5 feet 4 inches in the channel and rising.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned on the Estate of Stephen Dunbar, late of Wilkins township, Allegheny county, dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all having claims against it to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. [dec2:6t*W5] HENRY CHALFANT, Adm'r.

KREOSOTE—15 lbs just received and for sale by FLEMING BROS.

BLACK LEAD—3000 lbs on hand and for sale by FLEMING BROS.

LINSEED OIL—12 bbls Ohio Linseed Oil to arrive and for sale by T. LITTLE & CO. No. 112, 2d st.

BUTTER—15 kegs recd and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

LIME—100 bbls recd and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

DRESSED HOGS—15 received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

SAUSAGE MEAT CUTTERS of various patterns and assorted sizes for sale by HOLMES & COLLINS, 139 Wood st.

CORN KNIVES for sale by HOLMES & COLLINS.

MILLINERY GOODS
Black Velvets, Satins,
Ficonnets, Feathers, Bind Lace,
Gauzes, and fancy Trimmings,
Just opened at dec1 HORNER, 77 Market st.

30 BBLS COFFEE SUGAR rec'd and for sale by nov29 SHRIVER & DILWORTH.

50 BBLS BALTIMORE SYRUP rec'd and for sale by nov29 SHRIVER & DILWORTH.

25 BBLS PHIL'A SYRUP rec'd and for sale by nov29 SHRIVER & DILWORTH.

50 BBLS CRUSHED SUGAR rec'd and for sale by nov29 SHRIVER & DILWORTH.

COMMERCIAL.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION, FOR NOV
J. M. COOPER, V. P.—S. HYNEMAN, R. E. SELLERS, ALEX BRADLEY, O. H. PAULSON.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE OFFICE,
Friday Morning, Dec. 5, 1856.

FLOUR—the supply is increasing; sales on wharf of 100 bbls super at $5,47; 70 do extra at $5,00; and 50 do super at $5,37. From store, 20, 56 and 25 bbls extra, and extra family at $5,25@$5,75; 25 do at $5,75@$5,75; and 30 do at $5,37@$5,75.

GRAIN—Oats, under a free supply, have declined; sales of 275 bus on wharf at 27½.

BUTTER—sales of 3 bbls roll at 17.

CHEESE—sales of 10 cks at 10, and 40 hrs choice, in lots, at 10½.

BACON—a light demand; sales of 4000 lbs Shoulders at 8.

HAY—sales at sales of 5 loads, at $16@$17 per ton.

SALT—a sale of 50 bbls No 1 at $1,62.

POTATOES—in request; small sales of Red, on arrival at 75.

HONEY—a sale of 5 kgs at 12½ per lb.

ASHES—sales of 6 cks imported Reds Ash at 8¾.

OIL—sales of 18 bbls No 1 Lard Oil at 95.

BAGS—sales of 400 Cut at 32; 100 R at 29; and 300 M at 25.

The weather yesterday had moderated somewhat, but was still quite cold. The river was stationary at night, the rise being mainly from the Allegheny. The prospect, now, for a coal-boat rise seems rather poor.

There were no arrivals from below Wheeling, and we have without word of the effect of the storm on the Ohio. The Fort City was obliged to tie up, and did not get to until late in the day.

The wharf was thinned out with the departures, the La Crosse, Champion, Caledonia, James Wood, Island City, B P Pass and Orb having gone out. The South America and Silver Wave will leave to-day.

The Cambridge and Belmont arrived at Cincinnati on Tuesday, and the Minerva and Eunice from St Louis—The Rocket, Geo Atlee, Moderator, Cambridge and Rochester left for this city.

The Nat. Holmes, Delaware and Louis May arrived at St Louis on Monday. In port for Pittsburgh, Melrose, Nat. Holmes, Violetta, and Hadera.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Inspection of flour at the port of Pittsburgh, for November, 1856:

Superfine	9,629
Extra	1,000
Double extra	64
Rye	552
	2245

THE HOG KILLING THIS SEASON—THE MARKET.—The hog slaughtering and packing this season commenced rather earlier than last and will be closed several weeks sooner than last year, if not earlier. This season there is a numerous dinner team, but prices have advanced, with sales for cash delivery of hogs at $5,25@$5,50 and $5 net, for heavy hogs. We, to-day, hear of a sale of 1,000 hogs at $5,60 per cwt. Pork is in good demand, and the receipts have decided upon the delivery of hogs, the high price of lard, and the high price of Pork, the last quoted at $16 per bbl. The actual number of hogs slaughtered this season, up to the present date, we have not ascertained, but we have left before us a table, obtained from the various packers as subjoined:

PACKERS.	KILLED YESTERDAY.	TOTAL KILLED.	IN PEN.
Hull, Hunt & Co	1,500	15,000	1,000
Hamilton, Ricketts & Co	1,000	16,000	2,000
Adams, Thomas & Co	1,000	12,000	2,000
Fleming & Co	500	9,235	3,718
Thos. Patterson & Co	1,300	7,800	1,500
V Jarvis & Co	1,271	6,353	648
Gillespie, Gilliam & Co	800	4,000	1,500
N Albany (estimated)		4,250	1,000
Total	7,890	73,868	13,370
Same time last year		56,197	19,193

—Louisville Courier.

AMUSEMENTS.

All Advertisements of Concerts or Public Amusements must be paid for invariably in advance.

STRAKOSCH'S GRAND CONCERT COMPANY—Mlle. *TERESA PARODI* begs leave to announce that she will give in this city ONE GRAND CONCERT,
On THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 11,
On which occasion she will be assisted by
Signor TIBERINI, the great Roman Tenor,
Signor MORIWI, the distinguished Baritone,
PAUL JULIEN, the renowned Violinist.
The whole under the direction of M. STRAKOSCH.
M'lle TERESA PARODI will sing, on this occasion, that soul-stirring American *National Song*,
THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER;
Which has been received, wherever sung by her, with the greatest enthusiasm.
Admission to all parts of the Hall, On a Dollar.
Seats can be secured, without extra charge, at the Piano and Music Store of H. Kleber & Bro.
Concert commences at 8 o'clock.
☞ For particulars, see small bills. dec3:dtf

PITTSBURGH MUSEUM,
AND GALLERY OF ART,
On 5th Street, into Masonic Hall.
Manager.....J. BIDDLES. Treasurer.....V. J. ESCHETZ
Scenic Artist.....H. HOOKER. Prompter.....T. BLACKBURN
ALTERATION OF PRICES.
PARQUETTE—Ladies—25 cts. Lady and Gent.....50 cts.
Gents without Ladies.....12½ cts extra.
FAMILY CIRCLE.....10 cts.
Second night of Mr E H BRINE, who was received last night with great applause. In consequence of the decided hit of the "Gun Maker of Moscow," it will be repeated this evening.
FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 5th, will be performed the new play, in two acts, adapted by Mr Biddles, from a tale in the New York Ledger, called the
GUN MAKER OF MOSCOW.
Rosaline, Mrs Cunningham