PITTSBURGH:
TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 28, 1856.

Pittsburgh and Her Business Men.

NUMBER III.

GILT MOULDING.—We give in this paper the result of a visit to the Gilt-Moulding establishment of Messrs. CAMPBELL & POLLOCK, Variety Dealers, corner of Wood street and Diamond Alley. We believe theirs is the only establishment of the kind in this city, and it is comparatively new. Notwithstanding that, a large business has been secured and the firm supply the Pennsylvania car factory; the Rochester factory; two in Indianapolis, and one in Jeffersonville with all the mouldings used by them. This is merely their contract business; in addition they manufacture a large quantity of picture and looking-glass frame work, mouldings for houses, &c., &c.

Messrs. Campbell & Pollock confine themselves principally to silver-leaf gilding, a process which results in a brilliant gold color, durable as the wood itself, and which can be washed with sponge and soap. This is one of its great advantages. Gold-leaf tarnishes when washed, and loses nearly all its brilliancy. Another great advantage possessed by the silver-leaf over the gold is in its cheapness. For instance, the wholesale price of silver-leaf moulding, one inch wide, is five cents per foot; the gold-leaf moulding twelve and a half cents. This great disparity in cost decides the question of popularity, and the silver-leaf moulding is now in great demand.

The process of manufacture is comparatively simple, owing to the ingenious machinery which has recently been invented. We spent a short time at the frame shop, corner of Short and First streets, yesterday, and saw the manner in which it operates. The lumber is brought from the yards to the shop in a rough state. Several circular saws do the splitting of the lumber into strips of the required width, &c. These strips are planed in the planing machine, and are then ready for the moulding machine. This machine is of very ingenious construction. It occupies but very little space, yet by one and the same operation the strip is moulded to any required pattern, and the rabbit cut out, and it is ready for the gilding room. The bed of the plane can be increased to different sizes. The strip is placed upon the end of the bed; two rollers feed it into the moulding knives, and push it through. There are four moulding knives or bits used at one time, and they revolve very fast. These bits are all made in the east, and are very expensive. Of course there are four of them to each of the many patterns of moulding. The machine can mould 10,000 feet a day.

The strips, which are from eight to fourteen feet long, are then taken to the finishing room on Wood street, where they go through several processes. They are first coated with whiting with brushes, and are then forced through the "smoothing box," which distributes the whiting evenly upon all parts. They are then dried, and gold-sized.

In plain moulding the next step is the gilding. A number of persons are engaged in laying on the silver leaf. The operation is complete with the application of a peculiar varnish which gives the brilliant gold hue, and the moulding is then ready for market.

The ware-line moulding requires another process to give it the waving lines. After the whiting has been distributed the strips are taken to the crimping machine, an ingenious invention. There are a variety of bits to suit all kinds of mouldings. The motion of the machine throws rapidly up and down a duplicate bit, which leaves it, impression upon the whiting. The moulding then goes into the gilding room.

In addition to this branch of business Messrs. Campbell & Pollock transact a heavy wholesale business in Variety and Domestic Dry Goods.—Their stock includes a great variety of combs, buttons, port-monnaies, ribbons, jewelry, watches, clocks, gold pens, hair, paint, teeth, clothes, nose and shoe brushes, perfumeries, &c., &c.—It is their importing business, however, which is the most interesting. They import extensively from Belfast, Irish linens, with their trade mark stamped upon it. The linen comes in demi-pieces, or packages of fourteen yards. They also import direct from Manchester, England, "Pollock's Spool Cotton,"—the trade-mark of the firm. Their trade in this branch is large—amounting to one thousand dozen every sixty days. They also import largely in pound packages patent linen thread. "Huston's Cotton Spool Thread—another of their trade marks,—is also imported from Manchester.

Messrs. Campbell & Pollock receive their goods through the Philadelphia Custom House, because the Treasury Department does not offer the same facilities to receive them here. Most of our importing merchants do the same, and thus in statistics Pittsburgh is set down at the beggarly pittance of $4000 or $5000 annually. If a charge were made goods for Pittsburgh houses would be taken out here in preference. The variety trade through the country is principally carried on by peddlers, who often invest a large capital in it.—The profits are large, and the business is mostly a cash one. One of the most extensive features in the variety business is the sale of the percussion caps. Millions upon millions are annually sold from Pittsburgh houses. Caps and thread are the staple articles of the trade.

MAN DROWNED.—The *Journal* says: "Sunday evening about five o'clock, a young man whose name we could not ascertain, was drowned at Lock No. 1 on the Monongahela. He was observed going towards the lock, evidently to cross the river on the dam to Birmingham, and was very much intoxicated, so much so that it was with considerable difficulty he managed to reach the lock. He crossed the gates of the first lock, but in crossing the second he lost his balance and fell into the water. The body was immediately recovered—within three minutes it is said—but life was extinct. A physician was immediately sent for, but without avail. The supposition is that he fell on his head and broke his neck, the water in the lock not being over two feet in depth. Coroner Alexander held an inquest. The deceased appeared to be between 25 and 30 years of age, of rather good appearance, about 5 feet 8 inches in height and well built. He had red whiskers and hair. His dress consisted of a fine pair of boots, black cloth pants, plush vest, black alapaca frock coat and glazed cap. In his pockets were found seventeen cents, a door key, and a paper stating he had worked so many days, but no name. So there was no clue to his identity."

RIOTING IN ALLEGHENY.—The rowdies of Allegheny, for some time back, unnaturally quiet, broke out on Saturday night in several riotous excesses, which may result in a long imprisonment. David Dill, William Cameron, William Carroll and John Lankard, about 10 o'clock on Saturday night called at the Beer House of Mr. Schauer, Liberty street, opposite the Catholic Church, and demanded something to drink, which was refused them. They thereupon attacked the woman and beat her in a brutal manner.

John Carrol, a brother of one of the parties engaged in the above riotous proceeding, was arrested shortly afterward, on Federal street, Allegheny, by officer Chess for throwing stones. Officer Heastings of the Third Ward was walking quietly behind, when William Carroll sprang upon him and beat him brutally about the head with a handy-billy. His head was dangerously cut in five or six places. He was taken home in an exhausted condition.

Suits were entered by Mrs. Schauer and officer Heastings for assault with intent to kill, and all the parties were arrested that night and on Sunday. William Carroll, in default of $2,000 bail, was committed to prison, and the others were released on bail.

PITTSBURG FASHIONS FOR NOVEMBER.—To some this may seem rather strange that our smoky city should presume to get up fashions of her own, but we have our modes and styles as well as other cities; the first articles of these fashions which we have seen is a beautiful cloak from A. M'Tighe's, corner of Grant and Fifth street; it is composed of black silk velvet and moir antique and richly trimmed with handsome guipure fringe, and of a very becoming shape; the price of such a cloak a short time ago would be forty dollars, but now Mr. M'Tighe sells them for twenty dollars. He has also a splendid assortment of other velvet cloaks at from twelve to fifteen dollars, and all kinds of cloth cloaks at from three to nine dollars and a half. The ladies will also find every description of shawls, merinos, blankets, embroideries, and other dry goods, at the very lowest possible price.

DISTRICT COURT.—Before Judges HAMPTON and WILLIAMS: Bernerd Flannegan; for the use of Richard Fife, vs. James Wallace, Administrator of George McGibbony *dec'd*. Action to recover the amount of a note for $645.60, drawn by George Stansberry, endorsed by George McGibbony. The note was originally given to Isaac Williams and by him transferred to Flannigan. The defence set up is, that no demand had been made on the drawer before protest. On trial.

POCKET PICKING.—A gentleman named Fairbanks, a stranger in the city, while standing near the corner of Third and Wood streets, Friday evening looking at the procession had his pocket picked of a porte monais containing $120, consisting mostly of $5 bills on the State bank of Ohio. Luckily he had friends in the city or he might have suffered inconvenience in reaching his home which is not far from Frankfort, Ky.

We would call the attention of our readers to a "Valuable Farm for sale," advertised in another column. To persons desirous of purchasing a fine farm, convenient to the city, this is a good opportunity.

JURORS DISMISSED.—The Traverse Jury in the United States Court were dismissed, yesterday. An adjourned Court will be held commencing on the first Monday of February, 1857.

COUNCILS.—The great length of the proceedings of Councils last evening, prevents us from publishing them in full. We give the most important matter below, which sufficiently explains itself:

To the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh: The undersigned beg leave respectfully to represent, That the City of Pittsburgh holds eight thousand shares of the capital stock of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, for the payment of which the Bonds of the said City to the amount of $400,000 were issued and delivered to said Company; that said bonds have been sold, and the proceeds applied to the construction of said Railroad, fifty-four miles of which have been completed. That by agreement between said City and Company, it was stipulated that the Company would pay the interest semi-annually, falling due on said bonds. And whereas the said Company is unable to pay the said interest unless by the sacrifice of its property and securities to an extent ruinous to the stockholders, and whereas the said City holds nearly one-fourth of the said stock, and would be consequently injuriously affected by any unnecessary sacrifices of the property of said Company, your petitioners, under these circumstances, would earnestly and respectfully request the Councils of the said City to take such measures to provide the funds necessarily required to pay said interest falling due on the 3d of November next, and upon the payment of the same to hold the amount as a claim against said Railroad Company under their contract.

The undersigned submit the annexed statement exhibiting cost of road, earnings &c., to which examination is invited, with the firm persuasion that, with the cordial co-operation of the city and county authorities and individual stockholders, the ultimate success of the great improvement placed under their charge will be secured to the high advantage and interest of this community.

The road so far as built has cost less money per mile than have most of the railroads in the country;—its earnings in its unfinished condition indicates to some extent its value and importance when complete. It is confidently believed that if relieved of the obligation to meet the semi-annual payments of interest on its stock for a few years it can be carried to completion, and successful connexions with other roads and placed in position to repay to the stockholders a fair interest upon their investments. The individual stockholders have without murmur or exception, although their payments of stock were made in cash, forborne their claims to interest on their subscriptions. Has arrangement can be effected on the part of the city and county to do likewise it is evident that the further prosecution and completion of the work may be rationally expected.

The statements submitted exhibit the condition of the Company. The President and Board of Managers have largely extended their own money and credit for the benefit of the work.—They are exhausted. Unless the stockholders will step forward to their aid this great improvement so essential to the prosperity of our city and county must be necessarily crippled.

We therefore request the Councils not only as Directors and Stockholders in said Company, but as property holders and tax payers in the city that they (Councils) will extend such aid as may be in their power.

WM. P. JOHNSTON,
L. WILMARTH,
Com. of Directors.

Mr. Wade offered the following:

Resolved, That the memorials be referred to the Committee on Finance, with instructions to meet the memorialists at the office of the County Commissioners on Wednesday next at 2 o'clock, P. M., and to report on the subject to the Councils at a meeting to be held that evening. Read three times and passed.

The resolution was amended in Common Councils by striking out "to be held that evening" and inserting "to be called by the Committee."

To Select and Common Councils of Pittsburgh:—The undersigned, a committee appointed by the Stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Rail Road Company, at their general meeting, held upon the 25th inst., beg leave to join with the Committee of Directors in the application to the city authorities, to make provision for the payment of the interest falling due on the 3d of November next, on the bonds of the city issued to said Railroad Company.

We are satisfied from an examination of the affairs of said Company, that there is no probability that the said Company, in the present condition of the money market can meet the payment of said interest, without disastrous sacrifices of these securities. To prevent the interest to remain unpaid would be so ruinously injurious to the credit of the city, that we do not hesitate to recommend and request the most strenuous efforts on the part of Councils to meet this liability. Whilst we regret the necessity for this appeal, we concur in the opinion that to secure the great advantages our railroad system was denied to create to our community we must meet with proper energy the responsibility in which it has involved us.

J. K. MOORHEAD,
WM. COLEMAN,
Com. of Stockholders.

Statement of Receipts A. V. R. R. to Oct. '56.

1855.	Passengers.	Freights.	Totals.
Oct.	$122,62	$2,50	$195,12
Nov.	721,68	64,69	786,37
Dec.	1,646,67	1,252,15	2,898,82
1856.			
Jan'y	1,996,00	2,006,00	4,002,00
Feb'y	2,671,82	2,621,00	5,292,82
March	3,730,42	1,970,65	5,331,07
April	4,030,68	1,264,85	5,295,42
May	4,576,16	1,078,88	5,655,04
June	4,348,15	976,25	5,324,40
July	4,567,44	810,40	5,377,84
August	5,038,40	1,532,20	6,570,60
Sept.	4,661,75	2,614,58	7,176,40
Total earnings			$54,605,98
Dr. Freight act. with A. V. R. R. Co., Cr.			
Amt. rec'd as above			$16,199 21
Dr. paid for hauling freight from Taylor-st., and Carson-st., stations,		$4,880 52	
Do. paid freight agents, clerks, and warehouse men,		2,158 75	6,619 27
Amount earnings Freight Dep't			$9,679 94

Statement of Coupons paid on city and Allegheny county Bonds from Nov. 1853 to May 1856 inclusive.

1853, November	$2,400
1854, May	8,900
" November	17,250
1855, May	17,290
" Nov	31,110
1856, May	34,600
Total	$111,480

Statement of the gross cost of Road from Pittsburgh to Kittaning, 44 miles.

Allegheny Co. sub.	$750,000	
City of Pitts'g. "	400,000	
Armstrong, co. "	180,000	
Clarion co. "	168,000	
Jefferson co. "	90,000	
McKean co. "	54,000	
Elk co. "	39,000	
Bf'gh of Kit,g "	50,000	
	1,701,000	
Deduct unpaid sub.	311,000	—$1,390,000
Am't of individual sub.	166 550	
Deduct unpaid sub.	22 400	—154 150
Stock taken by contractors		193 350
Bills payable at this date	179 832	
Other liabilities	20 168	—200 000
Mortgage bonds sold		82 000
Total		$2 009 500

ASSETS OF COMPANY.

Engines, cars, real estate, fencing, buildings at stations, surveying instruments, and sundries	$145 919	
Armstrong and Jeff. Co. bonds	240 000	
44 miles finished road with 6 miles siding—50 miles road @$32,471,5-5.	1,623,581	
Total,		2,009,500
Gross cost of Road	$1,023 581	
Deduct discount, interest and commissions,	225,650	
Total,	1,397,931	
Or, per mile,	27,958,31	

A GOLD MEDAL has just been awarded to Mason & Hamlin by the Mechanic's Fair of 1856 at their exhibition, for their new "Organ Harmonium," and also a silver medal for their Melodeons. A silver medal has also been awarded their Melodeons by the Pennsylvania State Fair held at Pittsburgh in September, 1856.

Their "Organ Harmonium" has also received the *first prize* at the following Fairs just closed: Vermont State Fair, held at Burlington; New Jersey State Fair, held at Newark; Ohio State Fair, held at Cleveland—making *six First Premiums in ONE MONTH!*

Their Melodeons and Organ Harmoniums have taken the *every* prize over all competitors in *every Fair at which they have been exhibited!*

The Organ Harmonium is designed especially for small Churches, Chapels, and Halls, the sole right of its manufacture being secured to Mason & Hamlin by two PATENTS granted May 27th, 1855. They make two styles, one with, and the other without *pedal bass*. The one with pedal bass contains eight stops, two rows of keys, two octaves of pedals, and independent set of pedal reeds, and a small pedal—price $400.

The other style is precisely the same, with the exception of the pedal bass—price $350.

The above instruments can be seen at the Music Store of J. H. Mellor, Wood street.

TELEVISE AT FIRES.—There can be nothing so utterly mean as pilfering at a fire, and yet at every fire there is a horde of these small thieves hovering around, who in the aggregate steal a large amount of property. They did a good business yesterday morning at the fire on Liberty street, as nearly one thousand dollars worth of dry goods were stolen.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER; QUARTER SESSIONS, &c.—Judge M'Clure, and Associates on the Bench.

John Nelson plead guilty to a charge of petit larceny, and was sentenced to four months in the county jail.

Ann O'Conner, was arraigned for larceny, on oath of Jane Johnson. The prisoner, an elderly widow, was charged with stealing several articles of wearing apparel, the property of the prosecutrix. A verdict of not guilty was found.

John Brown (colored,) plead guilty to an assault and battery on John Moran, and was sentenced to pay a fine of 6¼ cents and the costs of prosecution.

Henry Blakely (colored,) was arraigned for the larceny of a feather bed, on oath of James Berger. The prosecutor had left the city, and officer Wells, who had made the arrest, stated that defendant told him he had taken the bed in broad daylight, and did not consider that he stole it, but took as pay for work which he alleged he had done for Mrs. Berger. The bed was given up by the defendant and returned to Berger. When arrested he denied stealing the bed.

Mr. Roberts stated that there was no evidence which would justify the officer for the Commonwealth in asking for a verdict, and that the defendant must be acquitted. The jury acquitted him without leaving the box.

There were two indictments against him—one for burglary and one for grand larceny. In the latter case he was charged with stealing a pair of valuable gold sleeve buttons from the dwelling of Mrs. Pentland, Allegheny city—in the former only a small amount of clothing had been taken. He was allowed to plead guilty to larceny in both cases, and was sentenced on the larceny indictment to two years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary. Sentence was suspended on the other indictment. The sleeve buttons were the property of Mr. Andrew Robinson, Mrs. Pentland's son-in-law.

Com. vs. John Berkly, *alias* John Wilson, *alias* John Williams. This is the negro who was arrested a few evening's since, in an attempt to commit a robbery at Alderman McMaster's, after he had ransacked the house of Mr. James Reed, near by, and who, on the Sunday previous, had entered the dwellings of Dr. S. Smith and Mr. J. Reppart.

Com. vs. John Johnson, Jas. Murphy and Peter O'Brien. These defendants were severally indicted for the larceny of fifteen hundred pounds of pig metal, worth $20, the property of Jones & Laugh. The case is of recent occurrence, and the particulars were reported in our columns at the time the defendants were arrested, and is fresh in the memories of our readers. We deem it unnecessary to report it again at length.

The prisoners all plead not guilty. There being no evidence as to the ownership of the metal, the prosecutors failing to appear, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and the prisoners were discharged by proclamation.

Elizabeth Powers was acquitted of a charge of keeping a bawdy house, which was brought upon oath of Isaac D. Belton and wife. A large number of witnesses were examined.

The defendant in the last case having made oath against Isaac D. Belton for surety of the peace, the latter was called up for a hearing. The defendant in this case, having failed to eject Elizabeth from one of his tenant houses, threatened to do bodily harm. The Court sentenced Belton to pay the costs.

Cornelius and Mary Ann O'Brien were arraigned for the alleged larceny of a rocking chair and a pair of skates, valued at one dollar and a half, taken during the recent fire at Hardscrabble. The prosecutor, Patrick Mulloy, resided in Hardscrabble, and had removed his goods to the side of the hill during the fire. The defendants resided on Poplar alley, and the property in question was found in their possession. The jury found that the defendants were not guilty. They were discharged.

The other cases was taken up and the Court adjourned.

SUPREME COURT.—Court met. Present all the Judges.

Robert Sutton, Esq., of Clarion, on motion of the Hon. Wm. Stewart, was duly admitted and qualified to practice as an attorney of this court.

Erie Canal Company vs Markey; Erie Canal Company vs Markey; Erie Canal Company vs Kerr; writs of error to the Court of Common Pleas of Mercer county. In each case judgment of non pros.

Guthrie vs Lowry; No. 1, 1856; error to the Court of Common Pleas of Clarion county.—Continued.

Swisher vs McGechon; No. 34, 1856; error to the Court of Common Pleas of Lawrence county. Judgment of non pros.

Freeman's ex'rs vs Sutton; No. 52, 1856; error to the Court of Common Pleas of Clarion county. Judgment of non pros.

Munn vs Guthrie; No. 54, 1856. Error to the Court of Common Pleas of Clarion county. Judgment of non pros.

Christy vs Thompson et al; No. 76, 1856.—Error to the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county. Judgment of non pros.

Workman vs Guthrie; No. 101, 1856. Error to the Court of Common Pleas of Clarion county. Judgment of non pros.

Venango County vs. Dorton, No. 114; 1856. Error to the Court of Common Pleas of Venango county. Ordered for argument at Philadelphia, on the second Monday of February next.

Bender vs. Fryer, No. 29; 1855. Error to the Court of Common Pleas of Lawrence county.—Argued by Cunningham for plaintiff in error, and by McGuffin for defendant in error.

Hogg vs Ziegler, No. 32, 1856. Error to the Court of Common Pleas of Clarion county. Argued by Cummins for plaintiff in error, and by Corbett for defendant in error.

Ex. B. Mechlin, Esq., of New Castle, on motion of J. M. Kirkpatrick, Esq., was duly admitted and qualified to practice as an Attorney of this Court.

Clingan vs. Mitchelstre's, &c. Error to the Common Pleas of Mercer county; argued by Stephensen & Loomis for plaintiff in error and by Stewart and Fetterman for defendants in error.

Junkin vs. McGinnis; No. 65, 1856; error to the Court of Common Pleas of Clarion county. Judgment of non. pros.

Kirkpatrick vs. White, No. 119, 1856; error to the Court of Common Pleas of Lawrence county. Continued.

Cairns vs. Dunbane, No. 123, 1856. Error to the Court of Common Pleas of Lawrence. Continued.

FIRE.—About 1 o'clock yesterday morning the bells tolled an alarm of fire, the neighborhood having discovered flames issuing from the wholesale confectionary of Down & Parrys, on Liberty-st., above St. Clair. Notwithstanding the efforts made, the building—a three story brick—was entirely gutted and the large stock of confectionaries greatly damaged and much of it entirely destoyed. There was about $20,000 worth of stock in the store, and it is impossible to tell at present how much of it will be saved. Messrs. B. & P. are insured for $6000 in the Mutual Insurance Company of Harrisburgh.—The building is owned by Mrs. Morrison; she is insured.

J. M. Little, clothier, occupying the building below, lost about $1000 in cloths, which were probably stolen. The building was considerably injured. Mr. Little is fully insured in the Franklin and the Pennsylvania Insurance Company. Mr. Little, bright and early yesterday morning, had his goods stored in one of the handsome new store-rooms, on St. Clair street, No. 54, which he will occupy permanently. See big card.

FREMONT MEETING IN BIRMINGHAM.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of the friends of Fremont and Dayton was held in the capacious Hall over the Market House, in Birmingham, on Saturday, the 25th ultimo. Job Wareham was appointed Chairman, and George E. Appleton, Esq., Secretary. Thomas M. Marshall, Esq., being called upon addressed the meeting for about two hours in a speech of surpassing eloquence and power. Mr. Marshall's speech was a masterly vindication of the Republican party from the sectional and revolutionary tendencies charged upon it by the Democratic party. We have not heard an abler speech, nor witnessed a more enthusiastic meeting during the campaign. The Birmingham Glee Club was present and "discoursed" some fine songs. The meeting adjourned with nine cheers for Fremont and Dayton.

THE UNITED STATES COURT.—Judge Irwin on the Bench:

Judge Shaler addressed the jury in the McCreary case yesterday morning. After an able charge by the Court, the jury retired. They came into Court about three o'clock in the afternoon, unable to agree, and asked to be discharged. The Court refused, and intimated that the Marshal had full authority to furnish them with meals for a week, or ten days, or whatever longer time they might require to frame their verdict. The jury retired to their room with instructions to seal the verdict if they agreed before to-day.

NIGHT SCHOOLS.—The Central Board of Education have decided to have night schools this winter in the different Wards. The schools will commence on the night of the second Monday of November.

The Board have also decided to increase their chemical apparatus.

WATCH PRESENTATION.—The compositors engaged in *The Union* office, yesterday presented Mr. Adam Ecker, one of the clerks of the establishment, with a valuable and handsome gold watch.

FRANK LESLIE'S ILLUSTRATED NEWSPAPER.—The last numbers of *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Paper* have come to hand. In style and general appearance it resembles—and is quite equal to—the *London Illustrated News*, which is world-renowned for the excellence and variety of its illustrations. The New York paper, however, is sold at half the price of its London prototype. The engravings in *Frank Leslie* are infinitely superior to those in *Ballou's Pictorial*.—*Wing, Easton, Pa.*

BILL IGNORED.—The Grand Jury of the criminal Court, yesterday morning ignored the bill for larceny against Sarah O'Brion. The prisoner was discharged from custody.

COUNTERFEITS AND IMPOSTORS.—The public are cautioned against purchasing articles pretending to be of the nature of the 'Balm of Thousand Flowers,' for perfuming the breath and beautifying the complexion. The popularity of of that article has brought forward a host of counterfeiters. None is genuine unless signed by FETRIDGE & Co. For sale by all respectable druggists who frown down counterfeiters and impostors.

FREMONT, THE MUSTANG CANDIDATE.—If Col. Fremont had as many friends as the Mustang Liniment, the opposition could not draw a corporal's guard. Mr. Fremont remarked, in his dispatches to President Fillmore, while transporting horses and cattle over the plains of Mexico, "That if the Government would send on a liberal supply of Mustang Liniment, it would save 25 per cent. of his losses." This is very important for all Farmers and Liverymen to know. The Mustang Liniment is a wonderful article for man or beast. It should always be used for Sores, Swellings, Stiff Joints, Burns, Bruises, Rheumatic Pains, &c., and for Galds, Sprains, Spavins, Ringbone, &c., upon horses. *Beware of imitations.* The Mustang is sold by all respectable dealers everywhere.

BARNES & PARK, Proprietors, New York.

The Great Russian Remedy.—PRO BONO PUBLICO.—"Every mother should have a box in the house handy in case of accidents to the children."

HEDDINGS RUSSIAN SALVE.

It is a Boston remedy of thirty years' standing, and is recommended by physicians. Its a surend speedy cure for Burns, Piles, Boils, Corns, Felons, Chilblains, and Old Sores of every kind—for Fever Sores, Ulcers, Itch, Scald Head, Nettle Rash, Mortifications, Sore Nipples, (recommended by nurses,) Whitlows, Rims, Tetters, Fine Rises, Spider Stings, Poisons, Moles, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Sore and Cracked lips, Sore Nose, Warts and Flesh Wounds. It is a most valuable remedy and cure, which can be testified to by thousands who have used it in the city of Boston and vicinity for the last thirty years. In no instance will this Salve do an injury, or interfere with a physician's prescriptions. It is made from the purest materials, from a recipe brought from Boston and is selling growing in that country—and the proprietors have letters from all classes, clergymen, physicians, sea captains, nurses, and others who have used it themselves, and recommended it to others. Redding's Russia Salve is put up in large tin boxes stamped on the cover with a picture of a horse and a dog like soldiers, which pictures is also on every private wrapper. Price, 25 cents a Box. REDDING & CO., Proprietors 310 Hanover st. BOYLAN & CO., No. 52 Kilby street, GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st. B. S. COLLINS & CO 77 Pittsburgh st. FLEMING BROS., 60 Wood st. Pittsbur . DEGRAAF & McKENNAN, Allegheny. A. A. Schecy. mh24tyeod

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. J. DEVONSON'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES, the infallible remedy for Irregularities, and removing obstructions of the Monthly Turns from whatever cause.

All Medical Men Know

As well as many others, *that no female can enjoy good health under the influence of Regular*, and whenever an obstruction takes place, whether from exposure, cold, or any other cause, the health begins immediately to decline, and the want of such a remedy has been the cause of so many consumptive young females. Headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, coughing of loud and disturbed sleep most always arises from the interruption of nature and whenever that is the case, the Pill will invariably remedy all these evils.

Full and explicit Directions accompany each box, which must be strictly followed, and all else same peculiar to females may be speedily cured.

Price $1.00 per Box, and sold by all the Druggists and by SAMPLE & HERD, Agents for Allegheny. FULTON'S Drug Store, Birmingham; JOHN FSOUTER, Liberty st. and by W. ALDRIDGENENNY & CO, 43 Fifth st., Pittsburgh. They will supply the trade at Proprietors prices, and send the Pills by mail on receipt of $1.00 through Pittsburgh P. O. sa6tdawtf

TELEGRAPHIC.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—There has been a great gale on Lake Michigan for two days past. News was received last night of the total loss of the Propeller Toledo of the Transportation Company off Port. Washington, on Friday night. It is reported that 51 lives were lost and three saved. We have no particulars. Her cargo, composed of merchandize for Milwaukie is a total loss.—The schooner Bohemian was wrecked at the same place and time. The schooner General Taylor with a cargo of 11,000 bushels of wheat was lost 4 miles north of here on the same night. Her crew were saved. The vessel was insured in the Buffalo Mutual; her cargo was insured in this city. The schooner Yankee, loaded with lumber also went to pieces on the same night; her crew was saved.

The barque Zadock Pratt went ashore 12 miles from Milwaukie with a cargo of coal and stores. The propeller Globe is badly injured.—The Milwaukie propeller with a cargo of flour and wheat foundered against the pier. The Milwaukie was insured at Buffalo. The schooner Bohemian, which belonged to the Oswego line. The Fitzhugh and Littlejohn with a cargo of Railroad iron was lost. No list of the lost on board the propeller Toledo has been received.

LANCASTER, Oct. 25.—The American Executive Committee of Lancaster co. met to-day.—The attendance was large, and the Union Electoral Ticket, headed with the name of Millard Fillmore, as adopted by the Union Convention at Harrisburg, was ratified with great enthusiasm. The Union sentiment among the Fillmore men of Lancaster county is very decided.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

LANCASTER, Oct. 25.—The American Executive Committee of Lancaster county met in this city to-day, when a resolution was offered by M. M. Rohrer endorsing the action of the Fillmore State Central Committee, opposing a fusion on the electoral ticket, and pledging the party to a straight out Fillmore and Donelson ticket. To this an amendment was offered and carried by a majority of 2—18 members bolting in favor of sustaining the fusion ticket. Whereupon those who voted to sustain Mr. Rohrer's resolution, withdrew in a body and organized anew.

The Register and Citizen, the only Fillmore paper published in this city, comes out this morning taking strong ground against fusion, and declaring its intention to run a ticket whether Americans are to be transferred to the Republican party.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 27.—The Santa Fe mail arrived at Independence on the 23d. The news is unimportant. Business was dull. The Indians are comparatively quiet.

The election on the first Monday of September resulted in a Democratic majority in both Houses, and give Guthrie a majority.

Brooks is about leaving for the States. Col. Bonneville commands the Department in the absence of Garland.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 27.—A letter to the Republican dated Westport 21st, says that a handbill is in circulation signed by Hutchison, Parrott, Pomeroy, Schumyler and 18 others, calling a Convention of the people at Big Springs, Kansas, on the 28th of Oct. to nominate delegates to Congress.

GOV. Geary has gone to the Southern part of the territory to arrest Marauding parties in that section.

BOSTON, Oct. 27.—A schooner reported as ashore on Saturday has since been ascertained to be the "Splendid," belonging to New London. She has since gone to pieces and all on board are supposed to have perished. It is not known where she was from or whither bound.

WORCESTER, Oct. 27.—The peoples convention of the Ninth Congressional District, has nominated Eli Thayer to represent that District in the next Congress.

LOWELL, Oct. 27.—The drying house attached to Whipple's powder mill in this vicinity was blown up, killing two workmen who were at the time smoking their pipes in the building.

MILWAUKIE, Oct. 27.—Between thirty and forty lives were lost by the foundering of the propeller Toledo, off Port Washington on Saturday morning. The propellers Allegheny and Globe were considerably damaged. There are no tidings of the Illinois.

PHILADELPHIA, October 27.—Flour market firmer, the foreign circulars bring much more favorable than the published accounts. The demand for export is limited, and we notice sales of 1,000 bbls. superfine at $7, and small lots of Extra family at $7,25@$7,50. There is a limited demand for the supply of City retail trade, at $7@8,25. Rye Flour firm—small sales at $3,87½. Corn Meal in steady request at $3,87½. Wheat is in good demand and lower, 5c per bushel decline—sales 7,000 bushels at $1,56@$1,67 for prime Southern and Pennsylvania reds, and $1,05@$1,67 for white. Rye in good demand and scarce—sales 500 bushels new Southern, at 78@80c. Corn active and steady—sales 900 bushels good Southern yellow at 67c, afloat and 66c. in store. Oats are scarce and have advanced 2@3c. per bushel—sales 3,000 bushels prime Delaware at 47@48c. Bark scarce and held at $41 per ton. Cloverseed less active, with more arriving—small sales of prime at $7 @$7,25 per 64 lbs. Whisky steady—small sales of bbls. at 26@27c. and hhds. at 25½c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Cotton firm; sales 1100 bales; holders demand an advance; middling Orleans 12¾; Middling Uplands 12¾. Flour has a declining tendency with sales 11,000 bbls at $6,55@$6,70 for State. Wheat buoyant, sales 12,000 bush at $1,65@1,73 for white. Corn quiet, sales 40,000 bush. Pork in active demand at an advance, sales 1400 bbls at $21. Beef firm. Lard in fair demand and firm. Whiskey steady. Coffee dull. Sugar buoyant; sales 1100 hhds Orleans. Molasses firm. Freights easier. Stocks generally lower and dull. Cumberland Coal Co. 10¼; Illinois Central 115¼; Michigan Southern 86¼; New York Central 82¼; Reading 77¼; Cleveland and Toledo 69¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati 101¾.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 27.—Flour dull; no sales and prices nominal. The imports for the last 24 hours are 3943 bbls. Sales 2000 bus Corn at 55. Wheat firm at Saturday's prices. Sugar firm; sales 65 hhds Cuba and Muscavado at 10¼@10¾. Whiskey steady; sales 730 bbls at 23. Coffee; sales 216 bags at 11¾, market firm. Molasses, sales 24 bbls Baltimore Sugar House Syrup at 72; Orleans scarce and firm at 65@67. The river has fallen 6 inches. Weather cloudy and cool.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—John Hecks, Dry Goods dealer, Broadway has suspended. His liabilities are $300,000.

NEW ORLEANS, October 25.—Cotton advanced from ¼ to ½ since the Arabia's advices. Sales 12,000 bales to-day at 11¾@11¾ for strict middling; low middling sold at 11¼@11½.

BALTIMORE, October 27.—The flour market is dull. Sales red wheat at $1,50@1,55, and white at $1,65@1,70. Corn quoted at 63@65 for both white and yellow. Sales of whisky at 34@35.

COMMERCIAL.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION, FOR OCT.
JAS. W. HARMAN, V P—J. W. BUTLER, F. R. BRUCE, D. H. WILLIAMS, T. B. UNDEE.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE OFFICE,
Tuesday Morning, Oct. 28, 1856.

FLOUR—but little doing yesterday; a sale of 25 bbls super from first hand at $6,25, and 50 do extra family from store at $7,12.

GROCERIES—sales of 10 hhds Sugar at 10¾; Molasses 15 bbls N O at 66, and 10 do Baltimore Syrup at 75; and 20 bgs Coffee at 12¾.

POTATOES—a sale of 100 bus mixed varieties, at 90.

BACON—sales of 9000 lbs Shoulders and Hams at 8 and 12¾.

OIL—a sale of 5 bbls No 1 Lard Oil at 95.

CHEESE—sales in lots of 150 and 60 bxs at 10@10¼.

ASHES—a sale of 6 tons Pearls at 5, four mos.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

TRADE OF NEW YORK.—Entered at New York, from Foreign ports for the three months ending Sept 30, 1856.

	No. of vessels.	Tonnage.	No. seamen.
American vessels,	816	453,253	18,056
Foreign vessels,	521	111,435	4,545
Total entered,	1,335	564,840¾	18,631
Do. same time 1855,	1,325	534,205¾	18,455
Cleared at New York, for three months ending Sept 30, 1856.	1,341	124,904¾	10,223
American vessels,	648	341,232	10,223
Foreign vessels,	241	124,904¾	5,327
Total cleared,	889	466,226¾	15,745
Do. same time 1855,	720	345,058¾	12,625

Coastwise Commerce of New York, for the three months ending Sept 30.

Year.	No of vessels.	Tons.	No of vessels.	Tons.
	Entered Coastwise.		Cleared Coastwise.	
1855	651	143,652	1,312	358,901
1856	693	153,072	1,318	370,421

The clearances for the last three months, which as at present stand, are a better guide to the true total than the arrivals, are greater both in number and tonnage than for same time of any previous year. The total arrivals are made up of 153 registered vessels, 1,182 enrolled and 1,000 licensed of 54,45 tons and the clearances include 334 registered vessels, 132,894 tons, and 954 licensed of 232,527 tons. The shipping is now profitably employed, and the freighting trade is generally prosperous.—N Y Ledger, Com.

The New York Post is disposed to look favorably on the present and future condition of the money markets in the United States. It says: "There cannot now be any great shipment of gold until after the expected arrival of gold