PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

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PITTSBURGH:

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☞ For Telegraphic News see 3d page. For City and Commercial News see 4th page.

☞ The County Executive Committee will meet daily at 3 o'clock, P. M. at Head Quarters, Corner Fourth and Wood streets.

FREMONT MEETINGS.—There will be meetings of the friends of Fremont and Freedom, in the following named Townships and Boroughs. Eloquent speakers will be in attendance:

N. Sewickly, Beaver county, near the Knob, Sept. 29th, at 10 o'clock. Speakers, B. B. Chamberlain and others.

Mifflin township, at Dravosburg, Sept. 27, at 7½ o'clock.—Speakers, Kirkpatrick and others.

M'Candless tp—at Wilkby School House, No. 5—Saturday, Sept. 27th, at 6 o'clock. Speakers, Thos. Marshall and Robt. Glass, R. W. Dunlap, Perrysville, Pa.

Wilkins tp—at Linhart's School House, Saturday, Sept. 27th, at 7½ o'clock. Speakers, Eaton and Hyster.

Ross tp—at Jacks, Run, Saturday, Sept 27th, at 7 o'clock. Speakers, Collier and Watson.

Baldwin tp—at Cowans, Saturday, Sept. 27th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and at 7 P. M. Speakers, Stanard and Irish.

Mifflin tp—at Joseph Douglass, Oct. 4th. Speakers, Stevenson and Eyster.

THE STATE FAIR.—We were looking a day or two since through the grounds where the State Fair is to be held next week and find every thing in an advanced state of preparation for the occasion. We hope all our citizens will strive to make the exhibition worthy of the State. Much may be done for the interests of the city if our merchants, manufacturers and artists use their influence and their money to swell the lists of exhibited articles. Moreover, by giving a cordial reception to persons from all parts of this State as well as to those from other States, we may awaken in our visitors a desire to come among us again, to trade or to invest their moneys. Of course the proverbial hospitality of the city would dictate such a course regardless of any pecuniary advantages which might flow therefrom; but a little *extra* attention, a particular effort to bring public attention to the various productions of human skill for which Pittsburgh is indeed remarkable, at the same time that they would gratify a natural feeling of kindness which exists in the heart of every true gentleman would also enure to the prosperity of the city by making all our visiters our future eulogists. We think our people are not half so active in spreading abroad the facts in relation to our manufacturing skill and its results as they should be. There is scarcely a day that, in rambling along our remote streets, we do not discover some manufactory of some sort, which until then we had not heard of. Let all our manufacturers come forward and show themselves on this occasion. That is all we need. Many of our Western towns actually struggle into conspicuous notice by force of printer's ink and come at length to substantial prosperity by making a good deal of show on a small capital. By making the most of a little they add thereto, like thrifty men who by dint of perseverling effort force the world to recognize them. Pittsburgh, conscious of her real force, assured of a good measure of prosperity, reposing on her well-earned laurels, the reward of honest industry in her people, is not sufficiently anxious to speak for herself through her newspapers and in such exhibitions as the one in contemplation next week. This is a fact. Every few days we are in receipt of letters to this effect, that, "we have examined all your city papers to discover if possible the names of persons manufacturing articles in which we deal but have failed in our efforts." The natural result of course is, that the individual goes elsewhere to trade, forms his business relations in other cities, induces his friends to go there also and thus gradually trade which would naturally flow hither, seeks new channels and bears with it wealth and prosperity which we might enjoy by putting forth a well-directed effort to that end. The following letter is in point:

RAVENNA, Sept. 24, '56.

Editors Gazette—Sirs: Having located in the above named place, for the purpose of carrying on a general jewelry business, I wished to have some establishment, from which I could order material. Your city being easy of access, I looked in that direction, as most likely to contain a suitable establishment. I obtained three Daily papers, including the *Gazette*, and after a thorough search, found *one small advertisement of a retail "selling off" concern.* Not wishing to visit your city on uncertainties, I have been compelled to make arrangements for my supplies in Cincinnati, and write merely to inform those engaged in my own, or any other business, that it is "penny wise and pound foolish" to refrain from ADVERTISING. Yours, &c., W. M.

The above note, a specimen only of many we might produce, speaks volumes. Indeed our correspondent says truly that this policy—adopted by too many of our business establishments—is "penny wise and pound foolish."

Now we hope that if the common medium, the newspaper, through which the public looks at us, does us injustice in any way, or distorts the picture of our skill, that the State Fair may do us justice; or in other words that we may do ourselves justice by such an exhibition of the products of our skill as shall truly publish to the world what Pittsburgh is doing. Look to it, citizens, that we are not behind-hand in this matter.

PENNSYLVANIA POLITICS.—A correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat*, writing from Philadelphia, gives a gloomy account of the way things stand with the Buchanan party in that city. He says:

"Here I am, in old Pennsylvania, among old friends, all of whom have been democratic in past times; stood Taylor and Harrison's stampede, and, I thought, would *never* change—men whom to name in past times, was naming the democratic party—Fothergill, Reed, Rogers, the old hardware dealer, personal friends of Buchanan, who should they support? Of course Buchanan, you would say. No such thing; they vote for the Pathfinder. Judge Kelly, a leader in time of Polk, is a candidate for Congress on the republican ticket. Now, how am I to tell or how Pennsylvania is going, in the face of all these things? I cannot, but will give you a guess. If Fillmore can be kept in the field, with any show at all for success, Buck will get the State. Philadelphia would *now* give a Fillmore majority, but many of the merchants say they are on the fence, and if assured that there is no chance for Fillmore, will cast their votes for Fremont. If we cannot save Pennsylvania, by keeping Fillmore before the people, we are *gone*; for if he is dropped Fremont gets two-thirds of the votes. The Quakers are half crazed—attending meetings and saying that "verily Fremont is a proper man."

NATURALIZATION FRAUDS.—A friend writes us to say that he learned from an Irish friend who had come to town to be naturalized, of a fraud which is going on among some of the leaders of the democracy. This man had never declared his intentions, yet was told by some democratic lawyers to come in and get his papers, the same as if all was regular. The plan is probably that adopted elsewhere, of ante-dating the declaration, so as to make it appear as if made two years ago. We call the attention of the Naturalization Committee to it.

BE VIGILANT.—Let the friends of Free Kansas see that every voter be found at the polls on the *second Tuesday* of October; let them be supplied with the Union State and County ticket.—Is every voter for freedom assessed? Look to it. There never was a time when men should be so aroused to a sense of their duty to their country as now.

COL. FREMONT AND HIS SLANDERERS.—It is something remarkable that *all* the charges brought against Col. Fremont by his Buchanite assailants, have been met and amply refuted by democratic authority. The highest earthly testimony ever borne to a man's integrity and valuable services to his country, was that borne by JAMES BUCHANAN, under oath, in favor of Col. Fremont, which we lately published. The same high testimony in his favor, as the conqueror of California, was borne by W. L. MARCY, the present Secretary of State. The Cattle story was promptly exposed, when it originated, by Col. GORMAN, the present Democratic Governor of Minnesota. And now we have to add the witness borne in his behalf by quite a number of U. S. Senators, nearly every one of whom was a democrat.

On the 3d of March, 1848, Mr. CASS, from the Committee on Military Claims, reported a bill for ascertaining and paying the California Claims, which was passed to a second reading. On the 28th of March the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the bill, on which occasion Mr. CASS, as reported in page 549, of vol. 18 of Congressional Globe, remarked:

"The evidence which had been brought before the Military Committee showed the necessity for the measure proposed by this bill, for the purpose of settling claims connected with the occupation of California. * * * He briefly touched on the part which Col. Fremont had taken in the occupation of California, and the *consummate skill and courage* which he had evinced in an expedition teeming with extraordinary and romantic interest."

On the 29th of March, 1848, (see Congressional Globe, 18 vol. p. 559,) Mr. DIX made an able speech in support of the bill, and in which he paid the highest compliment to Col. FREMONT. We have only room for the following extract:

"I do not know that any explanation further than that which has already been given by the honorable Senator from Michigan is necessary to vindicate the propriety of passing the bill. The pecuniary obligations for the discharge of which it provides, were contracted in good faith for the purpose of subduing the country, and of expelling from it the military forces of Mexico. In the execution of these objects the young and accomplished officer, Col. Fremont, exhibited a *combination of energy, promptitude, sagacity and prudence which indicates the highest capacity for civil and military command*, and in addition to what he has done for the cause of science, it has given him a reputation at home and abroad of which men much older and more experienced than himself might well be proud. *That the country will do justice to his valuable and distinguished services, I entertain not the slightest doubt.*

* * * * *

"There is no room to doubt that his (Fremont's) rapid and decisive movements kept California out of the hands of British subjects, and perhaps out of the hands of the British Government. * * * *

It is in this point of view that these transactions possess the greatest interest and importance; and that the sagacity, promptitude and decision of our youthful commander in California at the time the disturbances broke out, having given him the strongest claim on his countrymen. Any faltering on his part, any hesitancy in acting and acting promptly, might have cost us millions of dollars and thousands of lives, and it might also have cost us a severe contest of which the end is not readily seen."

Mr. Atchison, on the same day, (see page 551 Congressional Globe,) remarked as follows:

"He gave it as his opinion, not only that the conquest of California was effected by Col. Fremont but that the United States had derived the advantage of his conquest at comparatively little cost. *He justified Col. Fremont in all he had done.* If he had done less, he would have deserved and would have received the exertion of the whole country. He made some reference to the course which Col. Fremont pursued—a course in some instances rendered indispensable for his own preservation, *and always characterized by skill and promptitude.*"

In the Senate on the 26th of April, 1848, Mr. Critenden said:

"The conduct of Col. Fremont entitled him *to our confidence*, and on him we could more naturally rely, than on any other persons who have not had the same connection with the claims."

On the same day Mr. Allen said:

"Col. Fremont in his opinion, was the most meritorious American of his age now in existence, and had he (Mr. A.) the power of appointment, he would vote this day to have given him a military appointment in Mexico, for which nature had so clearly formed him."

On the 27th of April, 1848, Mr. Rusk made an able speech on the California claims, in which he not only justified, but extolled in the highest degree the conduct of Col. FREMONT. We make the following extract:

"Had not he (Fremont) been as prompt as he was, we may be assured from what is now going on in Yucatan, that MACNAMARA would have been in possession of California. * * * This country has been saved to us, in a great measure by the promptitude, vigilance and foresight of this officer. I am willing to trust Col. Fremont. * * * He is a young man who has acquired a distinguished reputation, and that reputation furnishes us a bond that he will do nothing to cast a shadow upon his character."

Mr. BAGBY who opposed the passage of the bill on constitutional grounds, said, (see page 557, vol. 18, Cong. Globe.)

"I take this occasion to say that the vote I shall give, will be given without the least reference to the distinguished gentleman (Col. Fremont) who is named in the bill. I agree with the Senator from Texas, that he is a man *of extraordinary merit and abilities.* If my testimony were of any avail to enhance the reputation in which he is held he would have it to the full extent. Indeed, if the passage of this bill were dependant only upon his merits, I venture the assertion *that the bill would receive the unanimous sanction of this body.*"

Mr. CALHOUN, who opposed the bill, said:

"I do not oppose this measure on the ground of opposition to Col. Fremont * * * I have a slight acquaintance with the Col. *and am so favorably impressed as to him, that I would as readily trust him as any other individual.*"

We can afford, with such weighty democratic authority on our side, to let such little tin trumpets as the *Post* and *Union* of this city squeak on in their pitiful effort to decry Col. Fremont. They cannot injure a man whose character and acts have been endorsed by Buchanan, Marcy, Gorman, Cass, Allen, Rusk and Calhoun.

THE following distinguished Orators have been invited and are expected to be present to address the Fremont Mass Meetings in Lafayette Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings of next week:—

Hon.	Hanibal Hamlin,	Maine.
"	L. D. Campbell,	Ohio.
"	B. F. Wade,	"
"	S. Galloway,	"
"	B. F. Leiter,	"
"	John A. Bingham,	"
"	R. P. M. Corwine,	"
"	Judge Slade,	Vermont.
"	Leonard Hanna,	"
Gen.	John Sherman,	"
Hon.	Edward Wade,	"
"	Columbus Delano,	"
"	Daniel Mace,	Indiana.
"	Anson Burlingame,	Mass.
"	Geo. W. Curtis,	N. Y.
"	Henry Ward Beecher,	N. Y.
"	Charles Gibbons,	Penn'a.
"	Edgar Cowan,	"
"	R. P. McDowell,	"

Oh's Com. on Speakers.

SOUTHERN POLITICS.—A correspondent of the N. Y. *Express*, writing from Montgomery, Alabama, on the 8d, concludes his letter as follows, italicising as given below:

"There is one thing you do not perhaps know. *The southern electors will, without doubt, throw their vote for either Buchanan or Fillmore, if, by doing so, they find after the election, they can defeat Fremont in that way only.*"

THE Hopkinsville (Ky.) *Free Press* seems to hint at another feature of the same game, in the following:

"John W. Crockett is making Know-Nothing speeches in the Northern part of Kentucky, and we now hold his bond in our possession, or a true copy of it, to vote for Buchanan and Breckenridge. Hand him round. If any gentleman desires a copy of it, he can send to us and get it."

DOUGLAS.—This man made a speech in Springfield about a week since. We find it reported in the St. Louis *Republican*, from which we clip this sentence:

"I maintain that no honest Abolitionist can hold office under the constitution without perjury! (Cheers.) Hence, as it seems to me, every Abolitionist must be a candidate for the honors of perjury!"

One of Douglas's friends writes to him from Kansas that—"he doesn't believe they will ever have peace in Kansas till Abolitionists and ministers are put down. (Roars of laughter.")

That is the democratic doctrine; put down the Abolitionists, that is every one who will not take arms to kill their neighbors. Put down free men and ministers—that's modern Democracy!

HOUR OF THE FUSION.—WITHDRAWAL OF ST. CHARAD.—The *Courrier des Etats Unis*, a French *Catholic* paper published in New York and representing the French Catholics of the country, contains in a late issue a remarkable article, indicating a Fusion in prospect, such as we have several times hinted at before. It says:

"A combination, the possibility of which we have hitherto doubted, appears to be seriously agitated in the councils of the Democracy. They talk of inducing Mr. Buchanan to surrender his candidacy in favor of Mr. Fillmore; the latter on his part to take Mr. Breckenridge for Vice President, and the ticket so fused to receive the collective forces of the Democrats, the Know Nothings and the Fusillized Whigs.

"At first glance the idea of such an alliance may appear impracticable, and we have all along so considered it. But necessity has its hard laws, to which the essential strength of parties consists in knowing how to submit. We are far from adopting the flattering illusions, which on the heels of the Cincinnal Convention promised Mr. Buchanan an easy and infallible victory. His partizans may still affect confidence and boast that they will certainly have a majority, but in their heart they know perfectly what turn the campaign is taking.

"As an election requires an absolute majority of votes, it follows that to occupy the White House a candidate should have them. In admitting then, that can count upon the unanimous South, he must still find at the North 29 votes. The State of New York could furnish him that number; but the State of New York is lost to him beyond redemption. Pennsylvania, without being secure, offers him greater chances; but it can give him at most 27 votes, and that will leave him in the rear of an absolute majority. But the calculations which attribute such and such other States, are more than doubtful, and the result is surrendered to all the hazards of a struggle.

"These doubts become greater as we extend the investigation. The figures which we give are under the supposition that all the South will give a unanimous vote; but we must inquire whether this is justified by appearances. It may be that Kentucky and Maryland are safe for Mr. Fillmore, while Louisiana evidently leans to the other side. For such cases it would be necessary to find compensations in the North, and at this moment it seems certain that they will not be found.

"We may affirm, consequently, that in the actual state of parties, the Democracy is in the face of an almost certain defeat. They cannot even mend matters by annulling the popular election and bring the election of President before the House. In triangular duels of the like nobody is sure of the issue; nothing is more common than to see one of the parties gain by division among the others. It is the old story of "the third thief" of La Fontaine.

"But in the event of the fusion spoken of matters change their face. The collective force of the South is gained at once and certainly, and the united forces of the Democracy and Mr. Fillmore, will carry not only Pennsylvania, but New York and New Jersey, and perhaps even some of the New England States; every place where the friends of Mr. Fremont now count upon a relative majority, they will be suddenly reduced to a minority, and the triumph which they flatter themselves they can have over their two adversaries, will change into inevitable defeat, from the moment when these latter act as one.

"This denouement is too, much according to the desires as well as the common interests of the Democrats and the Fillmorelites, not to be purchased at the price of mutual sacrifices.—Without doubt, the space which separates the two parties is great and difficult to overlap. If, however, we truly look at political matters, we find that the population of the United States is purely and simply divided into two camps; that of the Conservatives, and that of the Revolutionists. The latter recognize as their leader Col. Fremont, the rest of the nation is united in the other, under different names, but with a common idea. It is this idea which now is said to be a question of rendering triumphant by a temporary association of the secondary interests attached to it.

"We should not, likewise, exaggerate the abnegation and sacrifices which are incumbent on the Democracy in case of fusion. They will abandon, it is true, their principal candidate and surrender in the first place to the Allies which the force of circumstances imposes on them.—But such concession would be harder in appearance than in reality. Once in power, Mr. Fillmore would have to carry out all his measures with the concurrence of the Senate, presided over by a Democrat, and having a Democratic majority. He would even be all the more bound to look there for support, for he could not find it in the House. This would be the equilibrium of powers realized under conditions the most practicable and sincere. Not only would the Democracy find therein an assured means of power and profit; but the nation would have at the same time a guaranty of one of the wisest and firmest Administrations which has yet presided over its destinies."

That the fusion here boldly advocated has been thought of and seriously pondered upon, there can be no doubt. Both of the pro-slavery factions feel desperate, and in their desperation they look to a union of forces as their only salvation. We hope they may attempt it. Here and in many other places the two parties are already practically one, though nominally kept apart. Let them come together as the scheme above published proposes. We have no fear that they will reap the easy victory they promise themselves.

The very submission of such a proposition is a confession of weakness fatal to the parties making it. The admission is extorted from them that they are hopeless of success. As things now stand Buchanan cannot carry New York, and Pennsylvania is equally out of the question. In such an extremity, how pitiful does the democratic party look, (but lately so great and powerful) in stretching out its hands for succor to the Fillmoreers, and throwing overboard their old chief to accomplish, if possible, a half victory!

DISUNION.—A writer in the New Orleans *Bee* scorns the assertion of Senator Slidell, of Louisiana, that the Union cannot and ought not be preserved if Fremont should be elected President, and says that Mr. Slidell should never propagate such ideas in Louisiana, as the Union cost too much to be given up for slight causes.

THE sale of Mrs. Stowe's new novel, "Dred," is tremendous. The demand is so great, that the publishers are issuing three thousand copies a day, and, at this date, are still thirteen thousand copies behind orders.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—At a meeting of the friends of Freedom and Fremont, for the purpose of forming a Club in order that we may the more effectively disseminate genuine Republican principles, Mr. A. Allen in the Chair, it was resolved on motion, that Messrs. A. Schaffer, T. Cauble, and E. C. White, be a Committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. At the close of the meeting the Committee on Resolutions reported the following which were unanimously adopted, viz:

WHEREAS, The repeal of the Missouri Compromise by which the freedom of all the Territories North of 36° 30', was forever secured to freedom—in order to introduce slavery and subvert the established and cherished policy of the government—therefore,

Resolved, That the repeal of the same by the South and Northern doughfaces was a gross outrage of plighted faith, and not demanded by the masses, but had its origin in the grasping avarice of Southern slaveholders, which would break down the safeguard of liberty and convert virgin soil into barrenness and sterility.

Resolved, That the South, having thus broken her pledge of honor, we will use all lawful means to prevent the admission of Kansas, as a Slave State, into the Union.

Resolved, That while we seek not to interfere with slavery in the States, we believe it to be a curse, and should not be extended to the territories now free. We believe it to be averse to improvement and degrading to the white man.

Resolved, That slavery is sectional and freedom national—that we as members of the great Republican Party, rallied around the standard of John C. Fremont are opposed to the election of James Buchanan, inasmuch as he stands on the same platform, and avows the self-same doctrine that has signalized the Pierce administration; he is therefore bound to carry out the same work that Pierce and Douglas have begun, to wit: forcing slavery into Kansas.

Resolved, That freedom of speech and of the press and religious liberty are rights of every human being; and an attempt to violate the former—as did the ruffian Brooks in the Senate Chamber—should merit the condemnation of every good citizen.

Resolved, That the Fugitive Slave Law is unconstitutional and should be repealed to erase a stain on the escutcheon of this great Republic—as we regard it as of a kin to the black code of Abollitionists must be a candidate for the honors of perjury!"

One of Douglas's friends writes to him from Kansas that—"he doesn't believe they will ever have peace in Kansas till Abollitionists and ministers are put down. (Roars of laughter.")

That is the democratic doctrine; put down the Abollitionists, that is every one who will not take arms to kill their neighbors. Put down free men and ministers—that's modern Democracy!

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Medical Testimony Cannot be Controverted—One of the most startling cases is narrated of Dr. McLane's Vermifuge by Dr John Butler of Lowell, Tremont Co., O. The case was that of a young lady who had been very sick for *eight years*; and had consulted a number of physicians, who had treated it as one of Prolapsus Uteri or Fever was then called in, and for a time believed with his predecessors that it was a case of Prolapsus. He was however, soon forced to the conclusion that his patient was suffering from worms, and after much persuasion prevailed upon her to take two doses of Dr M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros, of Pittsburgh. This medicine had the effect of removing from her a number of the largest size. After she passed them, her health immediately returned. She is since married, and continues to enjoy excellent health.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. McLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and Canada. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS

FLEMING BROS
Sole Proprietors, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.—This Invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.

It moderates all excess, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These Pills should be used for three weeks previous to confinement; they fortify the constitution, and lessen the suffering during labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with safety to herself and child.

In all cases of Hypochondriasis and Spinal Affections, pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on Slight Exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any other mineral.

Full directions accompanying each package. Price, in the United States and Canada, One Dollar.

Sole Agents for this country,

I. C. BALDWIN & Co., Rochester, N. Y.

TUTTLE & MOSES, Astbury, N. Y., General Agents.

N. B.—$1.00 and 3 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle of these Pills by return mail.

For sale in Pittsburgh, by FLEMING BROS, corner of Wood and Fourth sts; JOS. ABEL, corner Fourth and Smithfield sts; JOS. MARKS & SON, corner Diamond and Market st street, and Druggists generally. da24-1ydawtf

Have you a Rupture of the Bowels?—I would most respectfully invite the attention of those afflicted with hernia or rupture of the bowels to my splendid assortment of Trusses of various patterns, and to self every age, applied and satisfaction guaranteed in every case, at my office, No. 140 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., sign of the Golden Mortar. Among the Trusses sold by me will be found

Marsh's Radical Cure Truss;
French Trusses, very light spring;
Dun Elastic Trusses;
Children's Trusses, single and double;
Umbilical Trusses, children's and adults;
Hoofe's Metallic Spring Trusses;
Dr. S. S. Fitch's Superior Trusses;

The price of these Trusses vary from $1 to $30. Hernia or Ruptured patients can be suited by remitting money and sending the measure around the hips, stating whether the rupture is on the right or left side. I also sell and adapt

Dr. Sawtelle's Lace or Body Brace, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri, Weakness of the Chest or Abdomen, Piles, Chronic Diarhœa, and all diseases depending on a weak and debilitated condition of the abdominal muscles.

Dr. Pitch's Abdominal Supporter.
English Elastic Abdominal Belts;
Silk Elastic Belts;

and nearly every kind of Supporter now in use. I also sell

Shoulder Braces of every style, for weak chested and stoop shouldered persons.

Elastic Stockings, for broken and varicose veins.

Suspensory Bandages, of all kinds.

Syringes of every variety and pattern, and in fact every kind of mechanical appliance used in the cure of disease

The Ladies would do well to call personally or address a letter, stating their case fully, and receive advice, and all the necessary remedies, by mail or express, thereby obviating the necessity of a personal visit. His introductory work, with illustrative engravings, will be sent free to any address.

DR. KITCH would inform his patients and friends that he will be absent from the city for a few days, on or about the first of May next. Dr. Heath will move to 101 Wood st., opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel.

ap9-1ydawtf

To Nervous Sufferers.

A retired clergyman, restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means of cure. Will send (free) the prescription used. Direct to the Rev. JOHN M. DAGNALL, No. 49 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ap9-2tmdecd3mw3

Dalley's Pain Extractor.—Piles neglected often prove fatal, leads to consumption; cannot the penis 3 times a day with Dalley's Pain Extractor. If secretion from the rectum thereby the "Pile Syringe" filled with Extractor, and gradually discharge it as the syringe is with drawn. It never fails to cure cases of any age or virulence, nor to give entire ease instantly to all, frequently cures by one application.

W. JENKINS, Esq., of Columbus, Ohio, Secretary of the Ohio Insurance Company, who was taken to New York in extreme debility, with Piles, to have an operation performed by the celebrated Dr. Mott, as the only chance to save his life, accidentally heard of the PAIN EXTRACTOR, states: "for years, his disease defied medical skill and grew worse until its became intolerable; he was speedily cured by Dalley's Pain Extractor."

No Pain Extractor is Genuine unless the box has upon it a Steel Plate Engraved Label with the signatures of C. W. CLICKENER & CO., proprietors, and HENRY DALLEY, manufacturer, Price 25 cts. per box

☞ All orders should be addressed to C. W. Clickener & Co., 81 Barclay st., New York.

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Kennedy's Medical Discovery.—We have been perusing, within a few days, one of Mr. Kennedy's Circulars, not to convince us that his medicine was what it purported to be, for we had had occasion to witness its magical effects in curing the particular class of diseases for which it is recommended, viz., humors. But if we had yet this personal acquaintance with its virtues, we could not but be convinced of its worth when such a man as Erastus H. Doolittle, Esq., former proprietor of the Old Elm Street State House, Boston, says, that he has been cured of a disease that was worrying him to his grave, and the remedy used was Kennedy's Medical Discovery. This is proof enough for us, and we trust that it will prove an indorsement to the afflicted to *try it* at least.

Sold by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, whole sale agent; JAMES P. FLEMING, Allegheny.

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