PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

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MR. SUMNER'S SPEECH.—Persons desirous of procuring copies of Mr. Sumner's celebrated speech, "The Crime against Kansas," in pamphlet form, can procure them at this office.

THE SOUTHERN KNOW NOTHINGS.—The basest political trick of the present day is the abandonment of Fillmore by the Southern Know Nothings. They forced him upon their northern brethren, and compelled them also to adopt a pro-slavery platform; and now, after having everything their own way in the national organization, they are dropping Fillmore on all hands, and rushing over to Buchanan. Here is a paragraph indicating the current of events:

"The Charleston (South Carolina) *Evening News* is supporting Buchanan and Breckenridge.—That paper has heretofore been an advocate of "Americanism," and its editor, John Cunningham, Esq., was a delegate to and one of the Vice-Presidents of the first Philadelphia Know-Nothing Convention."

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia North American writes:

"Hon. Percy Walker, of Alabama, who was among the most conspicuous members of the American Convention in Philadelphia, and who led that wing of the opposition in the protracted contest for Speaker, openly recanted last night and made a clean breast of his preference for Mr. Buchanan. Mr. Walker's abandonment now, is only important or significant, inasmuch as it tends to show the same sort of indication, as when the Southern Americans receded from their candidate for speaker, and without hesitation adopted the Democratic nominee. The motive which inspired in the one case, is quite likely to animate them in the other.

And now that Kentucky, after all the protestations, has gone over to the Democracy, the country may be prepared for a pretty general stampede in that section. The fact cannot be disguised now, from the blindest partizanship or the most perverse understanding, that Mr. Fillmore's only power as a candidate is to contribute strength to Mr. Buchanan. He is not seriously in the field, except as a means of diversion. There are, to be sure, certain localities in which he still exercises some influence. But under the best circumstances he can attain no practical results, not even so much now as to throw the election into the House. The contest is substantially narrowed down between Mr. Buchanan and Col. Fremont, and to vote for any other candidate is to throw away support."

The Philadelphia Times says:

"We observe that this distinguished gentleman, who was a prominent member of the American National Council and Convention which assembled in Philadelphia, in February last—the same gentleman who, on three different occasions, "dissolved the Union," and, on each occasion, with tears in his eyes, bade an affectionate farewell, and then came back again, and thereby frightened the "doughfaces" in that body to concede a pro-slavery platform and a pro-slavery candidate—has finally gone over to Buchanan. If there was one man in that Convention who should have adhered to the nomination then made, Mr. Walker was that man. But Mr. Walker is like all Southern politicians. They were Whigs as long as the Whig party cringed to the South; they were Americans while that party upheld "the institution." They are now Democrats simply because that party goes further in support of their favorite policy. They have never adhered to any party unless the slavery question was made paramount. When will the Americans in the Free States realize that they are made tools of? Can they, after the result in Kentucky, and the defection of Mr. Walker, throw away votes upon Mr. Fillmore?"

THE rabid Fillmore men, headed by that meanest of all mean papers, the N. Y. *Express*, essay to prove that Col. Fremont is a Catholic, because, when he explored the Rocky Mountains, he carved the cross upon Rock Independence. The following, upon that subject, is from the New York *Mirror*, an old line Native paper:

"IS THE CROSS A CRIME?—We are sorry to find our good friends of the *Express*, in their partisan zeal to discover objections to Colonel Fremont, accusing him for engraving the symbol of the Christian Faith on the tablets of the Rocky Mountains. The Cross (which was the gallows of the Jews,) is the sacred emblem of the religion of the Christian world. It belongs to no sect, or creed, or nation; but as well might that "devout astronomer" who traced its outline among the eternal stars, be denounced for conferring the same upon that beautiful constellation, as the great explorer of the wilderness who piously carved it upon God's own monument of everlasting granite. The man who repudiates the "superstition of the cross" can have little love for Him who bore it—that beautiful moon of the divine faith which alone illumines our human night. To be ashamed of the symbol is to be ashamed of the love and the suffering it symbolizes:

"Ashamed of Jesus! just as soon
Midnight be ashamed of noon,
Ashamed of Jesus! sooner far
Let darkness blush to own a star."

Surely the true "friends of the cross" without regard to creeds, will honor the heroic pilgrim of the wilderness who gratefully and devoutly recorded his triumph in that simple sign, dear to every Christian heart—the holy hieroglyphic which tells the story of a world's redemption; which no Christian eye can ever see without emotion; and which no Christian could ever contemplate without remembering like the pilgrims of Palestine:

"PRIEZ POUR LES MALHEUREUX."

Col. Fremont has no reason to be ashamed of his chronicle of the Cross."

THE FOOTE AND FREMONT DIFFICULTY.—If anything was wanting to put a crusher upon the Buchanan lie that Col. Fremont assaulted Foote, when both were members of the Senate, struck him, and then challenged him, the following from the New York *Herald* of Sept. 28, 1850, when the difficulty occurred, answers that purpose:

"WASHINGTON, Sept. 28, 1850.—When a fight occurs between two such prominent individuals as Senators Foote and Fremont, the public will naturally be curious to know how the fight came to occur. The facts in the case, as reported by a gentleman who happened to be present, are as follows:

Mr. Foote, in debate, some time yesterday, in allusion to the proposed legislation, asked for information relative to certain land grants in California, and declared that such legislation would be disreputable.

For this expression of opinion, Mr. Fremont, in the ante-chamber of the Senate, last night, called upon Mr. Foote for an explanation. Mr. Foote promptly replied that he would give an explanation. He assured Mr. Fremont that he meant nothing personal in the remarks he had made in the Senate.

This was not satisfactory to Mr. Fremont, who pronounced Mr. Foote to be no gentleman.

As quick as thought ☞ Mr. FOOTE struck Mr. *Fremont a blow*. The two Senators clutched, or *clutched at each other*. At this moment, Senators Clarke and Mangum interfered and separated the combatants, who uttered some terms of defiance at each other."

There was no motive for misrepresentation at the time the above was published. Instead of Fremont's attacking Foote, Foote attacked Fremont.

Not one of the presses in the State which have repeated this falsehood, will correct it, we venture to predict.

The MISERABLE BLEAR-EYED RABBLE who have been transferred, like So MANY CATTLE, to that new country, are more to be pitied than blamed.

This is what the Washington *Union* says of the Northern emigrants who have recently gone into Kansas. The friends of these "miserable bleary-eyed rabble," will have something to say in reply on the 4th of November.

HERBERT, THE DEMOCRATIC MURDERER.—A strong effort has been made to prove Herbert, the murderer of Keating, a Know Nothing. The Washington *Union* sets the matter at rest, however, by claiming him as a democrat. It says: "MR. HERBERT IS A MEMBER OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY."

The *Mansfield Express*, published at Mansfield, Tioga county, Pa., supports Fremont and Dayton, and has not heretofore been included in our published lists. This makes *ninety-three* Fremont papers in the State.

"PLAINTIFF AND DEFENDANT" is informed that we can make no announcement of candidates without a responsible name as voucher.

"Ten Cent Jimmy."

The reports of the Fremont Mass Meetings of the People in the Western States, show that there is a popular appreciation of the justice and propriety of the name "Ten Cent Jimmy," applied by the Mechanics of Pennsylvania, to Mr. Buchanan. Inscriptions containing this *sobriquet*, and allusions to Mr. B's Low Wages Speech in the United States Senate, prove that in Indiana, Ohio and Wisconsin the masses understand him to be the gentleman who wished to bring the wages of American labor down to ten cents a day. Are they in error in this impression?

The old Federalist Senator represented a manufacturing State politically. Socially he represented the body of wealthy Pennsylvania employers. Unmarried, childless and rich, he had no sympathies with the Workingmen: who were separated from him in person and feeling by the State Legislature. The proprietors of mines, and of furnaces, forges and rolling mills were most of them his companions and friends. He was naturally disposed to aid them. Being politically bound to oppose Protection of American Manufactures, he could profit the capitalists only by reducing laborers' Wages.

On the 22d of January 1840, Mr Buchanan accordingly addressed an argument to the United States Senate, of which he was a member, in which among other things he said:

"In Germany, where the currency is *purely metallic* and the cost of everything is REDUCED TO A HARD MONEY STANDARD, a piece of broadcloth can be manufactured for *fifty dollars*, the manufacture of which in our country, from the expansion of paper currency, would cost one *hundred dollars*. * * * * I would to heaven that *I could arouse the attention of every manufacturer of the nation to this subject*.

* * * * * * *

What is the reason that, with all those advantages and with the protective duties which our laws afford to the domestic manufacture of cotton, we cannot obtain exclusive possession of the home market, and successfully contend for the markets of the world? It is simply because we manufacture at the nominal prices of our own inflated currency, and are compelled to sell at the real prices of other nations. REDUCE OUR NOMINAL TO THE REAL STANDARD OF PRICES THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, AND YOU COVER OUR COUNTRY WITH BLESSINGS AND BENEFITS.

* * * * * * *

The comparative LOW PRICES of France and Germany have offered such a stimulous to their manufactures, that they are now rapidly extending themselves, and would obtain possession, in no small degree, even of the English home market, *if it were not for their protecting duties*."

LABOR is the chief element of cost in manufacturing, from the making of waterpoings up to locomotives. The price of raw materials is of small comparative consequence.

The next day Mr. Merrick, of Maryland, made a searching exhibit of the ruinous influence upon the Workingmen of the United States, of the adoption of the policy which Mr. Buchanan had so strongly urged. In the course of his speech Mr. Merrick said:—

"Mr. President, as it has been argued in support of this bill that one of the good effects will be TO REDUCE THE WAGES OF LABOR IN THIS COUNTRY—mechanical, manufacturing, agricultural, and all others, of course—I have considered it material and important to inquire to what extent this reduction was to take place. These wages, we are told, must come down to the *specie standard*; and we have been referred to Germany and Holland, and other European countries, as examples of hard money currencies, and the cheapening effect of such currencies upon wages.

Here are tables of the rates of wages in those countries, which I will read, taken from "Porter's Progress of the Nation:"—

RATES OF WAGES.

Country and district.	Description of laborers.	Yearly wages.	Daily wages.	With or without board.	With or without dwelling.
France.		f. c.	d.		
Calais	Plowman	150 0@150 0	25 0	with	with
	Shepherd	250 0	7d.	do	with't
	Laborers	144 0	do	without	wi'out
Boulogne	Plowman	do.	5		
	Farm svts. generally	160 0@210 0	—	with	with
Havre	Do.	48 0@120 0	—	without	do
Brest	Laborers	do.	8½	do	with't
Nantes	Farm svts. generally	60 0@150 0	—	with	with
Charente	Do.	do.	12½	without	with't
Bordeaux	Do.	do.	9@12	do	do
Bayonne	Do.	200 0@250 0	—	with	with
Marseilles	Shepherd	do.	4½@7	do	without
	Laborers	do.	11	without	with's
Germany.					
Dantzig	Farm svts.	62 0@ 81 0	—	with	with
	Laborers	do.	4½@7	without	do
Mecklenburg	Farm svts.	100 0	7	without	do
	Laborers	do.	—	with	do
Holstein	Farm svts.	75 0@100 0	—	without	do
	Laborers	do.	12	do	do
Netherlands.					
S. Holland	Farm svts.	200 0@250 0	—	with	with
	Laborers	do.	5 @ 4	do	do
N. Holland	Do.	50 0@165 0	20	without	with't
Friesland	Farm svts.	do.	6 @16	without	with't
	Laborers	75 0	4	without	with't
Antwerp	Farm svts.	do.	6	without	with
	Laborers	96 0@104 0	—	with	with
W Fland's	Farm svts.	do.	12	without	with't
Italy.				with	with
Trieste	Laborers	do.	4	without	with't
	Do.	do.	4 @10	without	with't
Istria	Do.	do.	4 @ 6	with	with
	Do.	do.	4 @ 8	do	do
Lombardy	Do.	do.	4	do	do
Genoa	Farm svts.	60 0@100 0	—	with	with
	Laborers	do.	3 @ 5	without	do
	Do.	do.	12	do	do
TUSCANY	Farm svts.	40 0	—	without	with't
	Laborers	do.	6		

Now, sir, I am greatly in hopes our people will read and ponder over this table; they will there see that in France *yearly wages* for an able bodied man range from 48 to 250 shillings, and day laborers get in that country from 4½ to 16 pence per day, and whenever they get as much as 5 pence, they have to find themselves. In Germany wages are still lower, the average by the year between 62 and 100 shillings, and day laborers receive from 4½ to 7 pence per day, and find themselves in food. In South Holland farm hands get by the year from 200 to 250 shillings, and day laborers from 3 to 4 pence per day, and are found. And so on, sir. Whoever will take the trouble to examine the table, which is *official* and *authentic*, will see that, in all these countries in which we hold up to us as such bright examples of *hard money countries*—France, Germany Netherlands, Italy—wages by the year for able bodied sound, healthy men, nowhere exceed 250 shillings; and, in many instances, fall as low as 40, 60 and 60 shillings; and the daily wages range *from 3 to 9 and 12 pence—rising in one place, and only one, to 20 pence, and laborer finding himself!* What a commentary upon the hard-money policy! What hope is there for a man born the son of poor parents ever to better his condition? What ray of hope is there to stimulate him to exertion? None, none! He who is there born a peasant dies a peasant. Those born at the plow die at the plow-tail, and all that the longest life of laborious toil can procure for them is coarse and scanty means of subsistence."

Henry Clay took part in the debate and denounced the scheme which Mr. Buchanan advocated as an "AN AVOWED PROPOSITION TO REDUCE THE WAGES OF LABOR." He was succeeded by "honest John Davis," of Massachusetts, who cited a mass of statistics, which we lately spread before the readers of the Journal, to show that the average of "the real price of labor throughout the world," which Mr. Buchanan wanted the worth of American industry reduced to, was less than TEN CENTS A DAY!

And the mechanics of his own State of Pennsylvania, as a token of their resentment, forthwith fastened upon Mr. James Buchanan the stigma and nickname of TEN CENT JIMMY. He fairly won it.—*Ill. Eve. Journal.*

SECOND WARD FREMONT MEETING.—This Tuesday evening, the friends of Fremont will assemble in the Oregon lot, opposite the Court House, 2d ward, for the purpose of organizing a Fremont Club. EDGAR COWAN, Esq., of Greensburgh, and other speakers are expected to address the meeting. A stand has been erected, and the gas introduced into the lot, so that the public will be amply accommodated. The friends of the glorious cause of Freedom are invited to turn out in full force. The Second Ward Glee Club will be present, and enliven the meeting with patriotic songs. The performances of this Club are highly spoken of.

The Pittsburgh Democratic papers publish cards for the Fillmore meetings in the West gratuitously. Are they not disinterested? How kind they have recently grown to the American party.—*Phila. Times.*

These Pittsburgh "democratic" papers are only *nominally* such. One of them (the *Post*) is reported to be edited and owned by Know Nothings, and both of them are quasi Fillmore papers. They throw in an article now and then for Buchanan; but the most careful attention is given to the support of Fillmore.

THE ANTI-BUCHANAN men of the Wild-cat district, composed of the counties of Clarion, Clearfield, Elk, Forest, Jefferson, M'Kean, Venango and Warren, held a Congressional Conference in Brookville, Aug. 6, 1856, and nominated JAMES S. MYERS, of Venango, as their candidate for Congress. His chief competitor was Hon. C. B. Curtis, of Warren. The Conference passed a resolution in favor of a union electoral ticket.

THE *Post* calls WENDELL PHILIPS one of the "acknowledged leaders" of the Republican Party. Nothing could be further from the truth. Mr. PHILIPS is a "Garrisonian Abolitionist," who openly advocates a dissolution of the Union, and desires the election of BUCHANAN, because he thinks it would precipitate that event.

THE Anti-Buchanan legislative ticket in the legislative district composed of Jefferson, Armstrong and Clarion, is composed as follows:

Martin B. Shannon, of Jefferson,
David B. Sturgeon, of Armstrong,
John T. Pritner, of Clarion.

SECTIONAL TICKETS.—The idea that the Republican Presidential ticket of 1856 is the first that was ever run with both candidates from one section, is ridiculous. The following tickets were cordially supported at the times named, and nobody thought, *then*, that the Union was consequently in danger:

For President.	*For Vice President.*
1801—George Clinton, N. Y.	John Langdon, N. H.
1812—De Witt Clinton, N. Y.	Jared Ingersoll, Pa.
1816—Rufus King, N. Y.	John E. Howard, Mass.
1820—J. Q. Adams, Mass.	Richard Stockton, N. J.
1824—Andrew Jackson, Tenn.	J. C. Calhoun, S. C.
" J. Q. Adams, Mass.	Nathan Sanford, N. Y.
" W. H. Crawford, Ga.	Nathaniel Macon, N. C.
" Henry Clay, Ky.	Andrew Jackson, Tenn.
1828—Andrew Jackson, Tenn.	J. C. Calhoun, S. C.
" J. Q. Adams, Mass.	Richard Rush, Pa.
1835—W. H. Harrison, Ohio.	Francis Granger, N. Y.
" Hugh L. White, Tenn.	John Tyler, Va.
" Willie P. Mangum, N. C.	William Smith, S. C.

Here we have the precedents of thirteen so-called sectional tickets to justify the ticket of Fremont and Dayton—Fremont, in reality, being a Southern man, while Dayton is a Northern man.

FREMONT IN SHARPSBURGH.—The friends of Fremont in Sharpsburgh, are active, zealous, and enthusiastic. They have formed a Club, and hold regular meetings. They held a meeting on last Saturday night, in the Town Hall, which was well attended, which was addressed by RUSSELL ERRETT, E. D. GAZZAM, and E. H. IRISH, Esq's. A band of music enlivened the occasion. Sharpsburgh promises a large majority for the cause of Freedom, in November.

SARATOGA—*A Tale of 1787.*—New York: W. P. Fetridge & Co., publishers. This is a tale of early times, designed to present a picture of a particular time and place of the year succeeding the Revolution. The work is written with much vigor, and abounds with stirring incidents, and promises to evoke more than ordinary popularity.

The above is for sale by Gildenfenny & Co., and Miner & Co.

As an evidence that abusing candidates does not pay, we refer to the triumphant election of Hon. TIMOTHY DAVIS to Congress from Iowa.—The democrats assailed him with the most gross, ungentlemanly, vulgar and vile slander and personal abuse. The result is that he has a majority, as far as heard from, in every county in his district. The similar course pursued towards Col. Fremont will end in a similar way.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Politics in Iowa.

FAIRFIELD, Iowa, Aug. 6, 1856.

MR. EDITOR:—On Saturday, August 2d, we had the pleasure of attending a Republican Mass Meeting at Ottumwa, Wapello county. An immense concourse of people was present, and the utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed. Though in a county strongly Democratic, the meeting gave evidence of a fixed determination on the part of the Republicans to do all in their power to defeat the pro-slavery democracy.

After dinner the company repaired to the speakers' stand. The Committee announced J. P. SLAGLE, Esq., of your place, who opened up with a stirring speech in favor of the Republican movement. Most of his speech was confined to a review of the present position of the "old-line Whigs," and in it, he proved to a demonstration that it was their sacred duty to give their votes and their influence to the Republican party. Mr. Slagle expressed the hope that the old Key-Stone would give her vote for Fremont; though with some fear of the result, yet with hope that Pennsylvania would give for the Republican candidate "an old Taylor majority." Mr. Slagle was listened to with marked attention by the crowd, and when about to close, to give the stand to Hon. I. CODDING, he was urged to "go on, go on." It is a source of congratulation to those of us present from Pennsylvania, to find Mr. Slagle acting with us, and to hear from him the assurance, that our friends East are united under the Republican Banner.

Last Monday, Aug. 4th, was our election.—This county gave above 250 Republican majority, electing our whole ticket. "High Old Henry" County gives 870 majority and as far as heard from Col. Curtis the Republican candidate for Congress is over 1,000 ahead of Hon. Augustus Hall the present Democratic incumbent. Our enemies even, concede the election of Col. Curtis. Iowa is all right. With Republican Congressmen, Republican State and county officers—the party every where in the ascendant, you can put Iowa down as sure of a majority of 10,000 for Fremont and Dayton. So mote it be.

With respect, &c., T. M. S.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.—We were in conversation, last night, with two of the most extensive colliers of this county. We asked them concerning the state of political feeling in that county. They replied that almost the entire Welsh mining population are for Fremont. They said, further, that a large majority of the other miners, of different nationalities, are for him. This but confirms the impression which we have received from other quarters.

In fact, our information from the whole of the upper Schuylkill is of the same character. The hardy mining race are for free speech and free labor. They do not desire that the dignity of their labor shall be degraded by being brought into contact with the slave. Interior Pennsylvania will give an excellent account of herself in November.—*Phil. Times.*

THE COTTON TRADE.—The receipts of cotton for the season have reached 3,470,320 bales, and this will exceed the general estimate of 3,600,000 by close of the month, which closes the year.—The exports have reached 2,916,917 bales, and the stock is only 60,559 bales against 170,950 at the corresponding period last year. The increase in the receipts for the season is 720,806 bales, and in the exports 754,361, which, at $40 per bale, shows an increase to the wealth of the country in this staple article, in eleven months, of thirty millions of dollars.

A correspondent of the New York Herald says, a paper is already having over 2000 names, and is circulated in Kentucky, inviting Mr. Fremont to visit that State and attend a meeting of his friends in September next. It is understood that the names of many influential slaveholders are appended to the invitation, being anxious to see and hear Mr. Fremont in person.

WESTMORELAND.—There is a large call for a Fremont mass meeting at Greensburgh, to be held on the 26th inst. The *Herald* is about to issue a Fremont campaign paper to be called the "*The Back-bone.*" Rather significant.

DIED—At the residence of Mr. James O Lewis, Sharpsburg, on Monday, the 11th inst., ELIZABETH C. L., infant son of Mr. D. H. Pease, of Sandusky, Ohio.

August 9th, 1856, ALBERT FRENCH, infant son of John and Phrilinda P. Golding, aged 10 months and 4 days.

CANDIDATES.

MESSRS. Editors:—Please announce FRANCIS JOARDEN of Elizabeth Township as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Convention. Your obedient servant, MANY AMERICAN REPUBLICANS.
aug12:1t:wtchb

Dr. John T. Peters, of Moon township, will be a candidate before the Union Convention of Allegheny county, for nomination for the Legislature.
au12:2wlet

State Senator.—DR. E. D. GAZZAM is a candidate for this office, subject to the decision of the Union convention. au12dawtwT

Assembly.—South Fayette Township line always had its share of taxation, but never any share of the offices.

MR. GED. DICKSON, a citizen of this township, a man of unbending integrity and every way qualified to be a representative, will be supported at the Union County Convention, to meet on the 20th August, for the nominee to run as a candidate for Assembly.

G. Y. COULTER, WILLIAM WALLACE, JOHN BOYCE, ALEX. FITZPATRICK, ROBT. HOPPER, DAVID GILMORE, WM. HICKMAN, JACOB JORDAN, THOS. ALEXANDER, WM. STARRING, SAMUEL COLLINS, WM. BALEY. aug12dawT

County Commissioner.

MCK. SNODGRASS, of Mifflin tp., will be a candidate for the nomination for the office of County Commissioner, at the coming convention to be held on the 20th inst. aug12dawTF. RIFFLIN.

Assembly.—MR. ROBERT BIGHAM, of Mansfield, Upper St. Clair Township, (Rich Valley P. O.) will be supported for the Anti-Administration nomination for the House of Representatives, at the coming convention. aug12dawtT

Thos. J. Bigham, of Lower St. Clair Tp. will be a candidate for the Congressional nomination in Pittsburgh District, subject to decision of the Union Convention to meet on 20th inst.

District Attorney.—F. C. PLANEGIN, of the city of Pittsburgh, will be a candidate before the Union County Convention for the office of District Attorney. aug

County Commissioner.—Mr Editor—Please to announce the name of JOHN K. FOSTER, Esq., of Baldwin township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, on the anti-Administration ticket, and oblige many [jul31:dawdwS] VOTERS.

Commissioner.—WM. PERKINS, of Charlters township, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, before the Union County Convention, to meet on the 20th August. aug4dwS MANY VOTERS.

Batchelar's Hair Dye.—Like a big river, broad and deep and strong, the reputation of WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE flows on and onward, burying imitators, swallowing up pretenders, drowning all competition, casting upon the shores and opposing rocks, the foam of boasting puffery and the dead dogs of unappreciated trash-mongers. Made, sold or applied, at 233 Broadway New York. Counterfeits are offered: avoid all except the box has Wm. A. Batchelor on.

The genuine is sold in Pittsburgh, by GEORGE H. KEYSER, 141 Wood st. au12SwdawT

In time of Health prepare for Sickness.—Nothing is more preposterous than to think that, because at the present time we may be in health, disease will never overtake us. How many have gone forth to their business in the morning, and returned before the close of the day to lay themselves down upon beds of sickness, from which they have not arisen for months. We would remind our readers that, for a family medicine, nothing can equal "Kennedy's Medical Discovery." Or humors, it is a sure exterminator. Scrofula and Cancer, Rheumatism and Neuralgia, are all cured by this magical remedy.

Sold by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, wholesale agent; JAMES F. FLEMING, Allegheny.
au7dawlw

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Another of the good Ladies of our city testifies to the efficacy of *Dr. McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge*, prepared by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7, 1852.

☞ I do hereby certify to the public, that a child of mine, four years old, being troubled with worms, I was induced to purchase a bottle of *Dr. McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge*, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., which I administered, and the result was, it brought away an immense number of worms in patches and strings, to my great surprise of being cut to pieces. My child is now enjoying first rate health. I take pleasure in recommending it to both young and old, as one of the best medicines I ever used.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. McLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr McLane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and Canada. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS

au8:dawS

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the QUEEN.—This invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.

It moderates all excess, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These pills should be used two or three weeks previous to confinement; they fortify the constitution, and beget the safe-bearing of labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with sanity to herself and child.

In all cases of Nervousness and Spinal Affections, pain in the back and limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on Slight Exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, and all the painful diseases consequent on a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any other mineral.

Full directions accompanying each package. Price, in the United States and Canada, One Dollar.

Sole Agents for this country,

I. C. BALDWIN & Co., Rochester, N. Y.

TUTTLE & MOSES, Auburn, N. Y., General Agents.

N. B.—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any address, in a sealed letter, will insure a bottle of these Pills by return mail.

For sale in Pittsburgh, by FLEMING BROS, corner of Wood and Fourth sts.; JOS. ABEL, corner Fourth and Smithfield sts.; JOS. FLEMING, corner Diamond and Market streets, and Druggists generally. de14:1yd&wST

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS

ISAAC JONES.

MANUFACTURER OF

CAST STEEL.

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January 1 1856:dawly

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