# PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

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## Republican Declaration of Principles,

ADOPTED BY THE PITTSBURGH CONVENTION.

We demand, and shall attempt to secure the repeal of all laws which allow the introduction of slavery into territories once consecrated to freedom, and will resist by every constitutional means the existence of slavery in any of the territories of the United States.

2. We will support by every lawful means our brethren in Kansas in their constitutional and manly resistance to the usurped authority of Atchison and his invaders, and will give the full weight of our political power in favor of the immediate admission of Kansas to the Union as a free, sovereign, independent State.

3. Believing that the present national administration has shown itself to be weak and timid, and that its continuance in power is identified with the progress of the slave power to national supremacy, with the exclusion of freedom from the territory, and with increasing civil discord, it is a leading purpose of our organization to oppose and overthrow it.

For Telegraphic News see 3d page. For City and Commercial News see 4th page.

### Excursion Tickets to Philadelphia.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will issue Excursion Tickets to the Philadelphia National Republican Convention, good to Philadelphia and back from Saturday the 14th, to Tuesday the 24th inst. Fare from Pittsburgh, for the round trip, $10,65.

THE ISSUE.—For the first time in the history of the country, the Presidential election is to turn on the issue of Freedom against slavery.—Slavery has been making aggressions, and increasing its power and extending its influence and area, until it has become so formidable, and so arrogant and imperious in its demands, that the free North has at length aroused herself to resist the gathering and advancing evil. Such a contest was inevitable at some not distant time, but it has been suddenly and unexpectedly forced upon the country by the wickedness and imbecility of the present administration, as a servile tool in the hands of the Oligarchy.

James Buchanan is the chosen leader of the Slave Extensionists. He has willingly and squarely placed himself on the Platform concocted by the Oligarchy, and the issue presented has been accepted by him and all his friends. So far the field is clear. He that runneth may read.

The nominee of the opposition, whoever he may be, will represent the cause of Freedom—Freedom to Kansas, and all other Territories of the United States, and Freedom from the domination in the Government of the Oligarchy of three hundred thousand Slaveholders.

The question at issue comes home to every citizen of the Free States. What family is there that does not contemplate the emigration of one or more of its members to the fruitful prairies of the illimitable West? If Kansas is cursed with slavery, that garden spot of the continent, with all the regions South and West of it, will be debarred to the citizens of the Free States, and they will be driven to the barren and inhospitable regions of the North. We say debarred, for we suppose that few persons educated to prize the blessings of equal ty and liberty in the Free States will consent to take the position of the "poor whites" of the South, who are regarded as a lower caste by the lordly slave masters. The question is thus one of immediate personal interest to the free white inhabitants of the Northern States.

James Buchanan represents the principles which, if successfully carried out, deny to the free born citizens of Pennsylvania the patrimony purchased for them, and guarantied to them, by the Fathers of the Republic. This patrimony the slave masters are trying to snatch from the grasp of its rightful owners, the children of the Farmers and Mechanics of Pennsylvania and of other Free States, and James Buchanan is the selected agent to carry out this nefarious design and he has accepted the task willingly, joyfully, and in the entire abnegation of his own personality. He no longer speaks as James Buchanan, the Pennsylvanian, but as the pro-slavery candidate of the oligarchy, standing on a platform of principles in direct opposition to the honor, the interests and the fair fame of this commonwealth.

This is the true state of the question, in its naked hideousness, stripped of the verbiage which has been hypocritically thrown around its utter deformity. Mr. Buchanan is willingly the accepted candidate of the slave-extending power; he represents that power, and not the people or interests of Pennsylvania, unless it can be shown that it is to the interest of Pennsylvania to have slavery extended to Kansas, and the regions west of it, and that it is also to her interest to have the power of slavery built up to the degradation and injury and demoralization of her own citizens. Freedom against Slavery—Buchanan stands as the champion of the latter. Freemen of Pennsylvania; will you not range yourselves on the side of Freedom? We cannot doubt it.

### Kansas Matters—The Latest.

CHICAGO, June 4th, 1856.

EDS. TRIBUNE: Arrived in this city this morning, direct from Kansas Territory, which I left last Wednesday—four days ago.

Since the destruction of property in Lawrence, and the capture of the Free State leaders, the pro-slavery party have proceeded to the most high-handed outrages. All the prominent Free State men at Leavenworth were arrested week before last by order of the Jacobin Club of Terrorists who rule the town, and kept in confinement until it was declared they should be expelled from the Territory, when they were allowed just time enough to pack up their things and travel.

"I happened to be one of those who were thus summarily set adrift; but when I got down the Missouri river, as far as Kansas city, I stopped and went ashore, and returned again to the Territory. My purpose was to see Governor Shannon to ascertain what protection he could afford me, as a resident of the Territory, under the reign of "Law and Order" and the provisions of the Kansas Nebraska Act. I reached Lecompton in safety; but when I got into the town I was assailed by a gang of desperadoes, who threatened to take my life if I did not leave immediately. I called upon the Governor and stated my case. He said he could afford me no protection. "They are shooting down our people," said he, "in every direction and you must take your chance." He meant by this, that as the Free State men were resisting the Pro-Slavery outrages and arrests, every Free State man must expect to be shot in retaliation, and that he could not help it. He advised me to leave this town as soon as possible.

On my way down, I stopped over night at the town of Lawrence. Everything was quiet enough when I retired; but when I arose in the morning, I heard that the Free State men had rallied out for the recovery of their stolen property in the town of Franklin, a pro-slavery head quarters some four miles distant. A collision ensued.—The battle lasted an hour or so; but as the men in town were protected by their homes, and the assailants were covered by the darkness, but few lives were lost. The news of this transaction created great excitement in Westport and Kansas city.

While at Lawrence I heard of a large collection of men at Bull Creek, some 35 miles distant, in a south-easterly direction. This is the place of general rendezvous of the pro-slavery men, with a view to future operations. Gen. Whitfield was in command. They expected to concentrate here a force of five or six hundred strong in a few days. On my way down I met fifty or sixty just in from South Carolina, on their way to join the forces at Bull Creek. They were then stopping at McGee's, about a mile from Kansas City. They were all armed with U. S. muskets, and were going through their drill when I passed along the road. It is expected that this force will attack Lawrence just as soon as it can do so with any show of success. The project of sending out a party to attack them in their camp, and cut them off by a midnight surprise, was talked of at Lawrence when I left.

The Free State men, are by no means dispirited. They are now ready to settle matters at the point of their bayonets. Under the abused names of "Law and Order," they have been subjected to the most brutal outrages, and they are now ready to invoke the arbitrament of the sword for redress and protection, however imposing may be the odds against them in the contest. In the present attitude of affairs, the only help which the people of the States can give to the cause of Freedom in Kansas, is to send men and provisions into the Territory.—This is their plain, practical duty. Nothing else will suffice. Whatever may be the result of elections to take place in the distant future, the struggle now going on in the Territory is between the Free State and Pro-Slavery parties, for life or death, now and forever. It is a war of expulsion and extermination, to be closed up, one way or the other, in less than six months.—The crisis is at hand, and if the Free States act promptly, Kansas will be saved; if not, she will be lost. One thousand free settlers can do the business. Will they not be forthcoming? Have we indeed lost our breed of noble bloods?

MR. BUCHANAN'S principal organ, the Philadelphia *Pennsylvanian*, speaking of the Republican party, says:

"Can there be a perfect union between the Black Republicans, the Know-Nothings, and the other fragmental isms of the moment? We think not, for the reason that the Black Republicans *are generally infidels, who deny the interposition of Deity in the affairs of men*, either by general or special providences, while the more intelligent body of Know-Nothings are men whose excessive zeal in the cause of Protestantism has made them only unchariable to a different class of Christians. But the latter branch of the opposing forces to Democracy are not infidels, nor will they willingly assist the infidel Black Republicans into power."

There will be a Convention of these infidels in Philadelphia, on Tuesday next, and if the editor of the Pennsylvanian does not find more decency, morality, and propriety of behavior among them than among the Christian Pro-slavery Democrats who met in Cincinnati, we shall be willing to admit that he has some ground for his outrageous slander of a party which numbers among its members more professing Christians of orthodox churches than all other parties put together.

JUDGE M'LEAN.—Speaking of Judge M'Lean as an acceptable candidate for the Presidency, the *National Era*, says:

"Judge McLean has a history and an established position. Once a Democrat, Postmaster General under General Jackson's Administration, he was transferred (because rather impracticable, if we recollect aright, in partisan matters) to a seat on the Supreme Bench, which he has held ever since. He is a pure man, of inflexible integrity, earnestly religious, a high-toned conservative. His settled opinions on the subject of Slavery are well known, having been announced from the Bench, printed in the newspapers, openly expressed in conversation. We sum them up as follows:

Slavery is against natural right, and therefore every provision in relation to it in the Constitution must be construed strictly. It can exist only by positive enactment, which has force beyond the jurisdiction of the enacting power. Slaves entering a free State, by the action or consent of their masters, become free. The Federal Constitution always regards slaves as persons, not as property. The Mexican laws abolishing Slavery, continued in force in the Territories we acquired from Mexico, after their acquisit on. The Constitution confers upon Congress no power to create or establish Slavery. Congress under its police power may prohibit Slavery in the Territories of the United States.

These are his doctrines, and we may add that he sternly disapproved of the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and, like the other gentlemen named, condemns as sternly the outrages since perpetrated in Kansas by the Propagands, under color of Federal authority."

Judge M'Lean has rapidly gained ground of late. In this region he is very popular, and would make a candidate entirely acceptable.

For the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

MR. EDITOR:—My attention has been drawn to the name of Forbes R. Sawyer who appeared as one of the chosen orators at the late Democratic ratification meetings. Being evidently a new star in the galaxy of Democratic luminaries, it is natural, and doubtless proper (before we are entirely subdued by Southern power) to inquire whence comes this new meteor flashing unknown and unwonted light upon our pathway. May we not trace backward its course, and learn whether in obedience to known laws of astronomy, it is here in pursuance of a regular line of orbit, or whether by some erratic movement and in defiance of the laws of nature, it comes like some wandering comet, shedding a light as little desired as benificent.

Being somewhat acquainted with the antecedents of this "applauded orator," it may not be amiss to give you a brief sketch thereof. I remember him a young man in this city, member of the M. E. Church, full of loquacity and zeal, especially upon the great question of human rights, and denouncing the awful turpitude of American Slavery, and believing there was a wider field for the action of his benevolence and intellect he applied to the authorities of the church for license to preach the Gospel. But they, deeming him a little in advance of propriety on the subject of abolitionism, which at that time was confined principally to New England, and advocated by Garrison, Abby Kelly, and their followers, thought it proper to withhold a license until his zeal on this subject should be tempered with knowledge. But the light he possessed was not thus to be "hid under a bushel." He took his flight to the more congenial soil of New England, where he was authorized under the garb of the ministry to enlighten the people. For several years he held this position in the Methodist Episcopal church. But the teachings of the "Garrison School" discovered to him that the Methodist Church was pro-slavery, and although remotely, was nevertheless, connected in some way with this "sum of all villainy." This being more than his tender conscience could bear, he withdrew from her communion and united himself with an Abolition Church, and was for a time stationed in this city in one of their churches on Wylie street, and when Franklin Pierce was a candidate for the Presidency, friend Sawyer's name found battling valiantly for Free Soil principles.

Now, sir, what is the cause or causes, of this sudden somerset on the subject of Slavery. Has the "peculiar institution" improved morally, politically or socially, within the past four years; or, has the measures of the present Administration (which Mr. Buchanan endorses by accepting the Cincinnati platform,) exhibited Slavery in a less odious or objectionable aspect than heretofore? Is there in the whole structure a single plank remedial of the evil, that like a destructive tornado, is sweeping over the land uprooting in its mad career the very foundations of civil and religious liberty?

I would not have you infer that I think the present position of Mr. Sawyer of any moment to the cause of freedom. But, as an early acquaintance, and one who felt some interest in his future, I cannot but feel surprised that the "hideous monster" whose rapid growth and satanic presumption have brought upon the great mind of this slumbering nation to the perils its demands forbode, should receive one single convert, however small the accession to its strength.

ENQUIRER.

### From Kansas.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, June 2, 1856.

*To the Editor of the Missouri Democrat.*

In my last I spoke of several persons known to be in favor of making Kansas a Free State, having been ordered to leave Kansas by the regulators, who have since that time become remarkably *cool*. No more Free State men have been ordered out of the territory. A pro-slavery meeting has since been held—big and wonderful stories told of the doings of the "Lawrence abolitionists." Excited men mounted the stump and made very inflammatory speeches and red-hot resolutions read and adopted. But notwithstanding all this the sun continues to shine, the world wags on as usual, and the occupation of the regulators gone for the present. There are many rumors afloat "of 500 men on the way from Wisconsin," "The Free State men in arms," "Dozens of pro-slavery men killed," "Others driven from the territory," etc. The regulators in consequence of such rumors, have suddenly become *rather quiet*, not disposed to manifest much *excitement*. "Guess we will let the free State men alone for the present." They are a black cloud hanging over the southern portion of Kansas; it looks portentous. The free squatters will not always submit, but are now in arms to vindicate their rights. Much as we deplore such an unsettled state of affairs, yet we seem to be our only safety.

The Investigating Committee have completed their labors in Kansas; and left yesterday for Westport, Mo., where they will hold a short session, and then leave for Washington, D. C.—The testimony they have collected is *overwhelming*; and on its presentation to the country, the people will be astounded, and able to form a conception of our present position.

A gentleman just in, reports that Governor Robinson had been shot at Lecompton; at that place he was held a prisoner. I shall start as soon as possible for Lawrence.

THE ATMOSPHERE IN THE PLAINS, UTAH AND CALIFORNIA.—Mr. J. Weyth, the old mountaineer, says the Monterey Sentinel, states the following fact touching the aridity of the air in these elevated regions:—"The dryness of our atmosphere was so great on one of the branches of Powder river, in August, 1852, that I could not discharge one barrel of my double percussion gun without causing the other to explode from the slightly increased heat. One man was wounded in this way, and guns several times exploded, and I was obliged to discontinue the practice of placing caps on the guns in the day time until immediately wanted for use." Lieut. Whipple, of the United States Boundary Survey, under date of October 19th, 1849, states that near the Banks of the Colorado and Gila, "the horn encasing the readingglass of my micrometer of the zeinth sector, snapped and flew from my fingers in three pieces, owing to the excessive dryness of the atmosphere. All the wooden boxes in which the instruments were packed are being destroyed. The nicely seasoned and well finished cases of English instruments, made many years since, have shrunk so, from the aridity of the air, as not to admit the original contents." In other parts of Utah and California, the lips of travellers crack open and begin to bleed, and neighboring springs present the very singular phenomena of not quenching the thirst of men and animals. This is stated in the work of J. R. Bartlett, United States Commissioner.—This must be owing to the presence of soluble salt or alumina or silicia, or probably a compound salt of these.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.—In this county the Americans are much the larger wing of the opposition party; but well informed men amongst them declare their belief that Mr. Fillmore will not get a single vote in the county. Indeed they are as earnest and decided Republicans as the Republicans themselves, and have united with them cordially in county, state and national politics. That old "democratic" stronghold appears to have been redeemed. On the first of July the Americans, Republicans and old line Whigs unite in an open election, at the several places of holding elections, and in the usual form, by ballot, for candidates for Legislative and county officers.

## Kansas Revisited.

LAWRENCE, Monday, June 4.

EDITORS OF CHICAGO TRIBUNE:—Civil war is raging in this Territory. Three engagements have been fought between the People and the Invaders of Kansas. Twenty-one men have been killed.

The first engagement came off on Thursday night. A company of seventy men—Missourians, South Carolinians and Alabamians—after scouring round the country all day—driving off and plundering the Northern emigrants, were surprised and attacked by a party of Free State boys, commanded by a young printer, formerly from Iowa, who fired upon them as they were passing a wood, and killed six, and mortally wounded one of them. As soon as their companions fell, the invaders fled in great disorder. Only one volley was fired.

The Free State company numbered twenty-one men. They took some prisoners, two wagon loads of provisions, ammunition and arms, two or three horses, and four splendid mules. They liberated the prisoners, after disarming them. No Free State man was killed or wounded.

The scene of this exploit is the Neosha Valley. It is rumored that the same company on the following day attacked another party of invaders in the same vicinity; and, after several rounds between them, killed four Missourians, without any loss on the part of the Free State men.

No detailed account of this fight has yet been received.

News has just reached us that a pitched battle on the prairie will come off to-day at Hickory Point. In a skirmish last night, four of the invaders were killed, and one of the squatters dangerously wounded.

The invaders numbered one hundred and twenty men. Fifty-two of our boys are keeping them at bay until they are reinforced. A courier has just arrived in Lawrence with a call for fifty men. I will accompany them, and give you a description of the battle, if I return, and our party are victorious.

A guerilla party attacked Mr. Walker's house, and one who was wounded has since expired.

Guerilla parties are scouring the country in all directions, plundering, driving off the Northern emigrants, killing their cattle and burning down their houses.

The Northern men have resolved to retaliate. An armed company called the Northern Retaliators, has been organized in Lawrence, and will start in a day or two; and never disband until every Missourian, who is not an actual resident, and every member of Buford's organized gangs of highway robbers are driven into Missouri or out of this State.

The United States troops have orders from Gov. Shannon to disband the guerilla parties, but as the robbers can easily keep out of the way, their movements can afford no protection to the Northern settlers.

## Latest News from Lawrence!

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, 7 P. M. Monday, June 4.

*Editors of the Chicago Tribune*—Hold your breath! I am going to tell you a secret. The Border Ruffians have just discovered it. THE NORTH CAN FIGHT! The Southern chivalry can be whipped by Northern hirelings and fanatics! It is possible—and Gov. Shannon begins to see it—for a man who is neither a dough-face nor a free-holder, to stand fire, shoot with effect, and even succeed in capturing "sound, reliable, National" filibusters!

Two detachments of mounted men—twenty-five squatters and thirty invaders—met on the road between the town of Palmyra and Prairie City at three o'clock this afternoon.

The Free State boys were commanded by Captain John Brown, senior, a remarkable character, of whom I shall have much to say if the war continues—and the invaders, Missourians, South Carolinians and Alabamians—by Mr. H. Clay Pate, of Westport, the Kansas correspondent of the Missouri Republican.

As I did not arrive in time to see the engagement, and the stage is preparing to start for Leavenworth, I can only tell you, in this letter, the result of the brief and decisive transactor.

Three Free State men, prisoners in the hands of the Invaders, who compelled them to stand in the front rank, *unarmed*, when the conflict commenced, were wounded by our boys—one of them fatally—and five Missourians were injured, of whom three at least, are not expected to recover. Two Free State boys, under Captain Brown, are reported slightly wounded.

Thirty horses—all of them stolen from Free State men—forty or fifty rifles and revolvers—almost a hundred blankets, tents, cooking utensils, bowie knives, provisions and ammunition were found in the camp of the Invaders. A pile of goods, taken from Lawrence, was also recovered.

Twenty-one prisoners were taken. Four horses killed. Three men escaped. One of them was Coleman, the cowardly murderer of Dow.—Over one hundred men from Missouri are encamped at Bull Creek. Hurrah for the Squatters of Kansas!

In haste,

JAMES REDPATH.

DIED—ALICE HUISH, daughter of Robert and Emma Colins, aged thirteen months. The funeral will proceed from their residence in Ross township, to the Allegheny Cemetery, at nine o'clock this morning.


## SPECIAL NOTICES.

### We think we are justified in saying that

*no other Pill, or Remedy for Liver Complaint*, has gained, so deservedly, the reputation now enjoyed by *Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros, of Pittsburgh. As an evidence that they will cure, read the following certificate from a lady residing in New York city:

NEW YORK, Jan. 23, 1852.

This is to certify that I have had the liver complaint for 9 years, and never could get any medicine to help me until I commenced using *Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros. I can now say to the public that they have completely cured me and I do hereby recommend them to all persons afflicted with a diseased Liver. *They will cure. Try them.*

MARIA EVANS, No. 93 Lewis st.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. MLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be the same, put up to deceive the public. Dr. McLane's Genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROTHERS.

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### What a Druggist says—Dr. I. Scott &

Co: I take pleasure in adding my testimony to the efficacy of your Dr. McLane's Improved Liver Pills. Having billous attack arising, no doubt, from the irregularity of the Liver. One pill was sufficient to restore my liver to healthy action. Consequently I am in usual health to day, and cheerfully recommend the Improved Pills to those similarly affected. Yours, F. M. CHAPPANT, Druggist.

Martinsburgh Va., Feb. 20, 1856.

Dr McLane's Improved Liver Pills and improved Vermuge, also Dr. I. Scott's Celebrated White Circassian Liniment, prepared solely under the supervision of Dr I Scott, a Regular Medical Graduate and Physician of extensive practice.

None genuine only as prepared by Dr. I. Scott & Co., sole Proprietors, Bank Place, Morgantown, Va., Dr McLane's Improved Liver Pills and I. Scott's proved Vermifuge accompanied by certificate of C. McLane.

For sale by druggists throughout the country.

Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER 140 Wood street, Wholesale agent for Pittsburgh, Allegheny, near R. R. depot, whole sale agent.

### THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

**Celebrated Female Pills.**

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.—This invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.

It moderates all excess, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These pills should be used two or three weeks previous to confinement. They fortify the constitution, and lessen the suffering during labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with health of herself and child.

In all cases of Nervous Affections, pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on Slight Exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, and all the painful diseases consequent on a disordered system, these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any other mineral.

Full directions accompanying each package. Price, 1. Sole Agents for the United States and Canada. One Dollar.

Sole Agents for this country,

I. G. BALDWIN & Co., Rochester, N. Y.

☞ Dealers supplied with Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, Vermifuge, Dr. I. Scott's White Circassian Liniment, Dr. Ward's Cough Syrup, and Dr. Tutt's Pills and Syrup.

*N. B.*—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle of these Pills by return mail.

For sale in Pittsburgh, by FLEMING BROS. corner of Wood and Fourth sts.; JOS. ABEL, corner Fourth and Smithfield sts.; JOS. FLEMING, corner Diamond and Market street, and druggists generally. de24:1ydawtf

### ALEX. HUNTER

DEALER IN

**FLOUR, GRAIN,**

**BACON, LARD; LARD OIL,**

*AND PRODUCE GENERALLY,*

No 299 Liberty Street,

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### Liverpool and Philadelphia Steamship Line.

The splendid new Steamship City of Baltimore, Capt. LAYCE, will sail from Philadelphia on the 25th June—from Liverpool 16th July.

*From Philadelphia.* *From Liverpool.*

Cabin.....$55 and $65. Cabin.....$85 and $75.
Steerage..... 30. Steerage..... 40

Passage Tickets to and from Liverpool by the above line of Steamships, or by first class Sailing Packets, can be procured on application to

SARGENT & CORTIS, 177 Broadway, New York.
or JOHN THOMPSON, 410 Liberty st., Pittsburgh.
F. & Sons, Drafts for sale always on hands.
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In consequence of the sudden illness of DR. J. W. STYER,

### DR. CALVIN M. FITCH

Will conclude the appointment in person, and REMAIN IN PITTSBURGH until

Saturday Evening, June 29th, 1856.

When he can be consulted daily, (Sabbath excepted) between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M and 4 P. M. at his rooms at the

ST. CLAIR HOTEL,

Entrance to Rooms on Penn Street.

FOR DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS,

And all affections predisposing to them.

DR. FITCH will open his permanent office at 464 MAIN STREET, BUFFALO, on the first of July, where he may be addressed after leaving Pittsburgh.

### The Invalid's Guide and Consumptive's

MANUAL, or suggestions on the prevention and relief of Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Female Complaints, &c., by

CALVIN M. FITCH, A. M. M. D.

Price in muslin 50 cents. It can be sent by mail to any part of the United States.

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### British and Continental Exchange.

*SIGHT BILLS DRAWN BY*

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,

ON THE UNION BANK, LONDON,

IN SUMS OF £1 AND UPWARDS.

These Drafts are available at all the principal Towns of England, Scotland and Ireland, and the Continent.

We also draw SIGHT BILLS on

### M. A. Grunebaum & Ballin,

*FRANKFORT A MAIN,*

Which serve as a Remittance to all parts of Germany Switzerland and Holland.

Persons intending to travel abroad may procure through us Letters of Credit, on which Money can be obtained, as needed, in any part of Europe.

Collections of Bills, Notes, and other securities in Europe, will receive prompt attention.

WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Wood, corner Third street.
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### Another Instance of the Efficacy of

BERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS:

N. M. Poindexter, of the *Union* office, says:

"Some weeks since, being seriously affected with pain and uneasiness of the stomach, loss of appetite, and at times strong symptoms of Dyspepsia, I was induced to try your HOLLAND BITTERS, and I feel it but an act of justice to the article, as well as for the good of those who may be affected with like derangements of the stomach, to state that the use of one single bottle of this medicine proved of incalculable benefit, having freed the stomach from all sense of depression, and removed every symptom of Dyspepsia. I would also remark, that two other members of my family, who were afflicted in a similar manner with myself, were entirely cured by the use of a single bottle each."

See advertisement.

### LIFE versus DEATH.

*Just Published, the 14th edition. Price One Dime only.*

CONSUMPTION AND SCROFULA:

A Popular Treatise,

BY J. J. FORSTER, M. D.

Showing Nature's True Antidote for these frightful scourges of the human race, together with the proper treatment of Bronchitis, Asthma, Cough, Sore Throat, Night Sweats, Pulmonary and Heart Diseases, King's Evil, Eruptions, Tumors, Ringworm, Scald Head, Sores and Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Joints, Bones and Glands, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood.

This little book, written in plain but forcible language, gives all the necessary advice for a new, rational, cheap, and highly successful SELF TREATMENT, without danger or delay of any kind, and is strongly recommended to the afflicted, to heads of families, &c., as a most valuable guide in time of need.

It also contains interesting information for those afflicted with Deafness, Rupture, Bodily Deformities, &c.

☞ More than 10,000 copies have been sold or mailed within the last few weeks, to every part of the country.

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### Reliance Mutual Insurance Company

OF PHILADELPHIA.

*OFFICE NO. 70 WALNUT STREET.*

*Capital, $127,000. Assets, $223,000. Surplus Invested.*

FIRE INSURANCE—On Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, &c., in town or country.

The mutual principle, combined with the security of a Stock Capital entitles the insured to share in the profits of the Company, without liability for losses.

The Script Certificates of this Company, for profits, are convertible, at par, into Capital Stock of the Company.

CLAR TINGLEY, President.

B. H. HUGHES, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Glem Tingley, | Lewis R. Ashhurst, |
| Wm. R. Thompson, | George N. Hart, |
| T. C. Rockhill, | Samuel W. Tingley, |
| L. W. Carpenter, | J. Lothrop, |
| Robert Steen, | H. L. Carson, |
| C. S. Wood, | Robert Thomas, |
| Marshall Hill, | Edward G. Jones |
| James L. Taylor, | Wm. Musser, |
| Jacob C. Dunlap, | Archibald Getty, |
| G. M. Strond, | Wm. M. Semple, Pittsburgh. |

J. G. COFFIN, Agent,
corner Third and Wood streets

mh8-3m

### PITTSBURGH

**Life, Fire & Marine Insurance Company;**

Office, Corner Market and Water Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

*ROBT. GALWAY, President.* THOS. GRAHAM, Sec'y.

This Company makes every Insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss or Damage by Fire,

And against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Robert Galway, | Joseph S. Leech, |
| Samuel McCurdan, | John Fullerton, |
| Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D., | Manfield S. Brown, |
| John Scott, | David H. Chambers, |
| James Marshall, | Christian Zeigler, |
| David Hilsley, | William Carr, |
| Chas. Arbuthnot, | Robert H. Hartley, |
| Alexander Bradley, | Jas. D. M'Gill. |

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### Farmers' and Mechanics' Fire & Marine INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

Hon. THOS. R. FLORENCE, President.

EDW. R. HELMBOLD, Secretary.

STATEMENT OF BUSINESS.

From the First day of August to the Thirty-first day of December, 1855.

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount received in Marine premiums..... | $68,243 31 |
| do do Fire do..... | 30,924 00 |
| Total premiums for Five months..... | $108,101 31 |
| CAPITAL..... | 300,000 00 |
| | $408,151 13 |

INVESTED AS FOLLOWS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bonds of Allegheny, county, Pittsburgh and Pittsburgh..... | $18,721 66 |
| Railroad Stock, Cash..... | 5,000 00 |
| Loan on First Mortgage of Real Estate..... | 59,950 00 |
| do do Stocks, Collateral..... | 30,924 00 |
| Cash in Bank and on hand..... | 11,092 22 |
| Capital subscribed (payment not yet due)..... | 97,500 00 |
| Premium Notes, not matured..... | 95,837 31 |
| Due from Agents (secured by Bonds)..... | 18,858 81 |
| Expense and Commissions unexpired..... | 11,067 33 |
| | $408,151 13 |

Total amount of Losses incurred, but not yet adjusted.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fire..... | 1,256 66 |
| Marine..... | 2,000 00 |
| | $3,256 66 |

This Company insures hull and cargo risks on the Ohio and Mississippi tributaries. Insures against loss or damage by fire. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

REFERENCES—Hon. T. M. Howe, Gen. J. K. Morehead James Wood.

For insurance apply to

THOMAS J. HUNTER, Agent.

jel:lyr No. 95 Water st. bet Wood and Market.

### DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, S. E. corner Third and Walnut sts., Philadelphia.

MARINE INSURANCES,

On VESSELS, CARGO, FREIGHT, to all parts of the world.

INLAND INSURANCE,

On Goods, by Rivers, Canals, Lakes and Land Carriage, to all parts of the Union.

FIRE INSURANCES

On Merchandise generally, On Dwelling Houses, &c.

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, Nov. 5TH, 1855.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bonds and Mortgages, and Real Estate..... | $101,920 94 |
| Philadelphia City and other Loans..... | 31,300 00 |
| Stock in Banks, Railroads and Insurance Companies..... | 23,060 10 |
| Bills Receivable..... | 156,440 97 |
| Cash on hand..... | 50,629 09 |
| Balance due at Agencies—Premiums in course of transmission, and other debts due the Company..... | 93,632 95 |
| Subscription Notes..... | 100,000 00 |
| Total amount of Assets..... | $557,383 08 |

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Thos. F. Hayes, | R. R. Cope, |
| R. R. Rogers, | Geo. W. Brown, |
| F. R. Smith, | Jos. S. Paul, |
| C. Sherman, | John Clayton, |
| R. R. Meredith, | R. Wiser, |
| F. Ratchford, | |

F. RATCHFORD, Secretary,

CHARLES SHERMAN, President.

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### PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE CO.

OF PITTSBURGH,

Corner Fourth and Smithfield Streets,

Authorized Capital $300,000.

*INSURE BUILDINGS AND OTHER PROPERTY*

Against Loss or Damage by Fire,

And the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wm. F. Johnston, | Rody Patterson, | Jacob Painter, |
| W. McClintock, | Jas. R. Conner, | Geo. W. Smith, |
| D. R. Park, | I. Grier Stroud, | Wade Hampton, |
| A. J. Rhea, | J. H. Ewing, | H. H. Ognehall, |
| A. A. Carrier, | W. S. Haven, | D. H. Lowe. |

President, Hon. WM. F. JOHNSTON.

Vice Presidents, RODY PATTERSON.

Secretary & Treasurer, A. A. CARRIER.

no12

### Citizen's Insurance Comp'y of Pittsburgh.

WM. BAGALEY, *President.*
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, *Sec'y.*

*OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.*

INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS AND TRIBUTARIES, *against loss or damage by Fire. ALSO against the Perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.*

DIRECTORS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Wm. Bagaley, | Capt. Mark Sterling, |
| Samuel Rea, | R. H. Kier, |
| Robert Dunlap, Jr. | Wm. Bingham, |
| R. Harbaugh, | John S. Dilworth, |
| Isaac H. Pennock, | Francis Sellers, |
| Walter Bryant, | Schoonmaker, |
| Jas. M. Cooper. | Wm. A. Hays. |

John Skinner.

dec8

### PHILADELPHIA

**Fire and Life Insurance Company,**

No. 149 CHESTNUT STREET,

*OPPOSITE THE CUSTOM HOUSE.*

Will make all kinds of Insurance, either Perpetual or Limited, on every description of Property for a liberal consideration, at reasonable rates of premium.

ROBERT P. KING, President.

M. W. BIDDLE, Vice President.

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Chas. F. Hayes, | R. R. Cope, |
| R. R. Rogers, | Geo. W. Brown, |
| F. R. Smith, | Jos. S. Paul, |
| C. Sherman, | John Clayton, |
| R. R. Meredith, | R. Wiser. |

F. RATCHFORD, Secretary.

J. G. COFFIN, Agent,
corner Third and Wood streets.

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### 6½ doz Crystal Soap, in bars, at Geo. H.

KEYSER'S, Wholesale Druggist, 140 Wood st. mh23

### Cattle Liniment always for sale, by the

gross, dozen or single bottle, at
KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st

### The only Medal Awarded by the New

York Exhibition to the English or foreign Sauce Manufacturers has been obtained, amongst numerous competitors, by LEA & PERRINS, for their

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

whereby further testimony is afforded of its being the best Sauce extant.

The celebrity of this Sauce has extended to every quarter of the globe, and its efficacy in promoting the general health is becoming daily more observed and acknowledged.

In the United States it is held to be the most agreeable condiment, and is esteemed for its tonic and invigorating properties, its habitual use enables the stomach to digest the food.

On the Continent of Europe, these qualities have been testified to by a gentleman, who writes to LEA & PERRINS thus: "I have carried a bottle of your Worcestershire Sauce in a tour I have just completed through Spain and Portugal, and believe I owe my present state of health to its use; your Sauce is stomachic, and I think medicinal. I can with truth say there is nothing in a traveler's baggage so essential to his comfort, at least in these countries, as your Sauce.

In India, also, where it is found at the mess of every regiment, a medical gentleman writes from Madras to his brother in the same profession at Worcester, in the following terms: "Tell Lea & Perrins that their sauce is highly approved in India, and that it is, in my opinion, the most Palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce made."

This sauce is suitable for every variety of dish, and the universal demand which its excellence has created has led to many imitations being offered to the public, under a variety of names, but the genuine may be known by the names of "LEA & PERRINS" being impressed upon the patent metallic capsules, or patent glass stopper of the bottle, as well as the labels and wrapper.

Sole Agents for the United States,

JOHN DUNCAN & SONS,
403 Broadway, New York.

ap21ly

### EAGLE STEEL WORKS.

JOSEPH DILWORTH & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HOLMES, M'KELVY & CO.,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cast Steel, German, Saw,