PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

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Republican Declaration of Principles.

ADOPTED BY THE PITTSBURGH CONVENTION.

1. We demand and shall attempt to secure the repeal of all laws which allow the introduction of slavery into territories once consecrated to freedom, and will resist by every constitutional means the existence of slavery in any of the territories of the United States.

2. We will support by every lawful means our brethren in Kansas in their constitutional and manly resistance to the usurped authority of their lawless invaders, and will give the full weight of our political power in favor of the immediate admission of Kansas to the Union as a free, sovereign, independent State.

3. Believing that the present national administration has shown itself to be weak and faithless, and that its continuance in power is identified with the success of the slave power to national supremacy, with the extinction of freedom from its territory, and with increasing civil discord, it is a leading purpose of our organization to oppose and overthrow it.

☞ For Telegraphic News see 3d page. For City and Commercial News see 4th page.

The Post and Mr. Sumner.

If there could be any doubt among those not strictly orthodox, as to the truth of the doctrine of total depravity, the leading article in the *Post* of yesterday ought to satisfy them. The spirit therein betrayed can be accounted for on no other theory.

At a moment when the public mind is boiling over with rage at an unparalleled outrage, when every paper east, west and north is calling out hard words with which to express its indignation, when even Southern papers denounce the attack as atrocious, the Pittsburgh *Post*, alone among all the papers of the free States, hastes to the defence of Mr. Brooks and justifies his brutal and unmanly assault upon Mr. Sumner. Nor is it content with simply justifying the outrage; it descends to a falsification of the record, and utters a string of absolute untruths as the basis of the vindication it volunteers for the greatest ruffian of modern times.

The whole purport and object of the article in that paper is to show that Mr. Sumner was duly notified of the attack upon him; that he was able to defend himself fully; and not having done so, he must be a coward who deserved all he got. That we may not be accused of misstating the position of the Ruffian's organ, we quote from it as follows, hoping to be pardoned, on the score of necessity, for soiling our columns with such a display of unmanliness and unfairness:

"In yesterday's telegraph columns the account of an attack on a United States Senator was read. According to that account the assailant spoke to him before he struck him, and then on striking him the first blow Mr. Sumner called for help. He appears to have made no resistance whatever.

Now, Mr. Charles Sumner is, we should judge, five feet ten inches in height, and will weigh about one hundred and sixty pounds. He is in the prime and vigor of manhood—hale and athletic in appearance, and apparently capable of coping successfully with a majority of his fellow men. Nature has given him a good proportion of the means of self-defence. That a man thus endowed should adopt the principle of non-resistance, and submit tamely to a beating from another is a shame to mankind and a crime against nature. Nature has endowed every man with the instinct of resentment and self-preservation, and given him strength to back them; and to ignore those instincts, and refuse to employ the strength is unnatural, shameful, and cannot command the sympathies of mankind.—What man or woman will applaud Mr Sumner for sitting still in his arm-chair and letting another man beat him over the head with a cane? The man was probably not one whit his superior in physical capacity—in health and vigor.—Any man who can call for help can help himself a little."

Is not this infamous? We appeal to every man who read the telegraphic accounts given on Friday, if it is possible for human degradation to go further than this. The account as published in the *Post* of Friday read as follows:

"Immediately after the adjournment of Congress to-day, while Mr. Sumner was still in the Senate Chamber, Mr. Brooks of South Carolina, entered and approached Mr. Sumner, accusing him of libelling South Carolina, and his grey-headed relative, Mr. Butler. He then struck Mr. Sumner with his cane, and Mr. Sumner fell. Mr. Brooks then continued to repeat his blows, until Mr. Sumner was deprived of the power of speech. Mr. Sumner was taken up and carried to his room. It has not been ascertained whether his injuries are serious or not. When the attack was made Mr. Sumner called for help, but no one interfered until Mr. Brooks closed the assault."

Some eye-witnesses say that Mr. Brooks struck Mr. Sumner as many as fifty times over the head... *Mr. Sumner was sitting in his arm-chair when the assault was made, and had no opportunity to defend himself.*

The whole of this is in direct contradiction of the *Post's* manner of stating it editorially. It shows that Brooks struck Sumner while sitting in his chair, that he had no opportunity to defend himself, and that he was felled at the first blow. This account is verified by those derived from other sources. A dispatch to the *Tribune* says that the first blow was struck before Mr. Sumner was aware it was coming; that he had no distinct consciousness after it was given; and that in the almost involuntary effort he made to rise and defend himself he was embarrassed by his desk, which he tore from its fastenings in his frantic efforts to rise. From all this it is plain that Mr. Sumner would have defended himself, if he could; and that his assailant was a sneaking coward, who dared not face him manfully. The attempt of the *Post* to produce a different impression shows that he is in spirit as cowardly and unmanly as the villain whom he defends. Henceforward the public must divide its indignation between the two.

The Press on the Late Outrage.

It is to the credit of the American press that at such a time as the present it speaks out boldly in denunciation of the greatest wrong ever perpetrated in Washington. There is hope that the Reign of Terror which the Democratic Jacobins are endeavoring to initiate at Washington will be averted, when the Press is able to loosen its tongue and speak freely. We subjoin a few comments from our cotemporaries on the Brooks and Sumner affair.

Our neighbor of the *Union*, in honorable contrast with the *Post*, speaks out like a man. Although Brooks is a Democrat, this is no party question. It is simply a question between manhood and ruffianism. The *Post*, true to its instincts, sides with the latter, the *Union* permits its manhood to become uppermost. It says:

"As to the provocation for the offense, we have nothing more to say, than that it was not immediate either in time or circumstance. Mr. Brooks was not the injured party, and the wrong done had been committed so long previously as to allow of the choice of some other place for vengeance. To deliberately select the Senate Chamber, although after the hour of adjournment, for the infliction of personal chastisement, is warranted by no code, either of honor, decency or manhood. The injury to Mr. Sumner is smatter with which we have little to do. We have dozens of instances of just as good men as he, being subjected to equally severe treatment. But the manner in which the act was done, and the time and place of its performance, make it an insult to the people of the nation at large. The blow is against the reputation of our country. It tends to bring the name of our most dignified legislative assembly into contempt; and we regard the perpetrator of the act to being as much lost to all sense of national pride, as to a perception of the ordinary proprieties of life."

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says:

"If this assault upon Mr. Sumner is not a breach of privilege, it certainly is a flagrant outrage of more than ordinary turpitude, for it is not only a cruel personal assault, but it is an act, the tendency of which is to restrict the freedom of debate in our National Councils, to interfere with the representative in the discharge of his duties to his constituents, and therefore, endangering and impairing the functions of the legislature. The Senate, therefore, owes a duty to itself to see that the offender is handed over to the Grand Jury for indictment and trial; and if the House consult its own dignity, and has a proper regard to the protection due a legislator, it will expel Mr. Brooks from his seat in that body, for we presume the offender is the member of that name from South Carolina. In all the experience of ruffianism in Congress, we have never heard of a more wanton, brutal and unmanly act, than this attributed to Mr. Brooks."

We heartily second this suggestion of expulsion. If Brooks is not expelled from the House, then is all sense of decency lost at Washington.

The Philadelphia *Times* says:

"If Southern insolence and bullyism is so rampant as to invade the sacred precincts of our legislative halls, to find victims among American Senators to appease its fury, it is time that they should learn that there is a North, that will be mighty powerful and united, if it is not now. For years the South has reigned in Washington with absolute sway. It has controlled society, public amusements, governmental patronage in all its departments, and influenced legislation. It is time that its sceptre was broken and its domination destroyed. This single instance of utter disregard of all the proprieties of life, as well as of constitutional privilege, will do more to shake its tyrannical rule than any other occurrence since the murder of Cilley. It is time its pride, its offensive rampancy, its insolence, heavy from unrestrained exercise, should be subdued."

The Philadelphia *North American* says:

"In view of recent events, reflecting men may well pause and ask themselves, what next is coming? We have seen peaceful settlers in a territory opened to them by the laws, driven from the lands they had purchased, by armed mobs, obliged to leave behind them their property, and in many cases, compelled to seek in concealment, protection for their lives. We have seen the power of the National government perverted to maintain these outrages, and its processes employed to assist in schemes of outrage and oppression; and now, when a Senator of the United States ventures to raise his voice in condemnation of these acts, we see him stricken down in the light of day, under the roof of the capitol itself, by an infuriated bully, who does his atrocious work at his own will and with no one to stay his hand. What next is coming?—In Kansas the friends of civil liberty have been hunted like beasts; in Washington the public sanctuaries have not served to save their advocates from being badgered, and even beaten, like dogs.

This is a fearful condition of things. Rash legislation and Executive connivance have brought us to the verge of a civil war; and yet he who opens his mouth to complain does so at the risk of blows and mutilation, and, perhaps, even death. If a Senator, surrounded by the privileges of his position, may be pounded with bludgeons until consciousness is lost, what security can ordinary men feel against the bowie-knife or the pistol?

We are anxious to know what the Senate will do to assert its injured dignity. We wait with breathless curiosity to see what will be the action of the House to regard to the man by whom he thus disgraced it. Will there be the usual timeserving and timidity—the usual truckling and apology on the one side—the usual temporary vapor and final submission on the other? A few days will determine this, but let the Senate and the House do, or fail to do, what may seem good to them, we know that the people of the North at least, and we should hope also the people of the South, will be stirred with an indignation at this great wickedness, which will not be appeased until it has found fit retribution."

The N. Y. *Tribune* says:

"That Congress will take any action in view of this new event, we shall not be rash enough to surmise; but if the Northern people are not generally the poltroons they are taken for by the hostile slaveholders and slaverivers of the South, they will be heard from. As a beginning, they should express their sentiments upon this brutal and dastardly outrage in their popular assemblies. The Pulpit should not be silent.

If, indeed, we go on quietly to submit to such outrages, we deserve to have our noses flattened, our skins blackened, and to be placed at work under task-masters, for we have lost the noblest attributes of freemen, and are virtually slaves."

The Baltimore *Sun* condemns the attack, and the Baltimore *American* speaks of it as disgraceful. Of course, the Southern press cannot be expected to speak of the affair with the same broad indignation as that of the North; but every moderate Southern man must feel that his section, as well as the country, is disgraced by such events. The only paper yet heard of that has had the abandoned hardihood to defend the wanton wrong is the Pittsburgh *Post*.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLIES.—These two important bodies are moving on quite harmoniously. In the Old School Assembly, the time, up to last accounts, was taken up with reports from Synods, the subject of church extension and other questions of church polity not of special interest to the public at large, any further than that all lovers of christianity rejoice to witness the continual advancement of one of the Protestant branches of the Church of Christ.

In the New School Assembly, the subject of slavery has been debated very warmly for two or three days past, on the question of the adoption of the reports on the subject, brought in by the majority and minority of the Committee. There's a remarkable difference of opinion manifested. While some hold that slavery *per se* is a sin, others deny that there is any sin in holding slaves under American laws and institutions, and some clergymen in debate have boasted of being slaveholders. There is, however, less excitement attending the debate than is usual on such occasions.

THE CONSOLIDATED RAILROAD.—We acknowledge the receipt of a pamphlet, containing the "Articles for the consolidation of the Ohio and Pennsylvania, the Ohio and Indiana, and the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Companies. Also, all the Laws necessary thereto, together with an Address of the Presidents of the three several roads, to the stockholders." The stockholders will find, in this document, all the information necessary to a full and complete understanding of the subject on which they will be called upon to vote. We have repeatedly expressed our approbation of this measure, and we trust there will nothing arise to prevent the completion of the arrangement.

The Philadelphia *Ledger*, in its money articles, has a backhanded way of slapping at the credit of this city which is not at all to our taste. In noticing the lease of the Pittsburgh & Steubenville Road it says:

"This offer would not be so very bad if it were not for the condition asked, which is that Pittsburgh and Allegheny counties shall issue a million and a half more of their bonds."

No such condition is contained in the lease.—The bonds to be issued under it are mortgage bonds of the road, and the city and county will have nothing to do with them.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

ASSAULT ON SENATOR SUMNER—WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 22, 1856.—Mr. Sumner was writing unsuspectingly and busily at his desk when attacked by Brooks. The Senate had adjourned early on the announcement of the death of Mr. Miller. Messrs. Brooks and Keitt approached him, each with a cane. Several persons had been about Mr. Sumner's desk after the adjournment, but at the time chosen for the attack he was alone. Mr. Wilson had just left him, on his way out passing Brooks, who was sitting in a back seat. Brooks walked up in front of Mr. Sumner and told him that he had read his speech twice, and that it was a libel on South Carolina, and a relative of his, Judge Butler.—Without waiting for any reply or asking for any explanation, he immediately struck Mr. Sumner a violent blow over the head with his cane, while Mr. Sumner sat in his seat unable to extricate himself, cutting by the blow a gash, four inches in length on his head. The cane was of gutta percha, an inch in diameter. Brooks followed this blow immediately with other blows, striking from twelve to twenty in all.

Mr. Sumner had no distinct consciousness after the first blow. He involuntarily strove to rise from his seat, but being fastened by his position, tore up his desk from its fastening in the attempt to extricate himself. He staggered under the blows and fell senseless to the floor, being wholly stunned and blind from the first.

It is stated by a reporter who was present that Keitt stood by and brandished his cane to keep off others. Mr. Morgan and Mr. Murray of the New York delegation were in the front anti-room, and, hearing the noise, came in. Mr. Murray seized hold of Brooks, who had now broken his cane into several pieces, and Mr. Morgan went to the relief of Mr. Sumner, whom he found prostrate and nearly unconscious. The persons present in the Senate were Mr. Sutton one of the reporters, the Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, Mr. Simonton, Senators Crittenden, Iverson, Bright, Toombs, Douglas, Pearce, and a few others. No one of the Senators seemed to offer to interfere but Mr. Crittenden, who pronounced it an inexcusable outrage.

Mr. Wilson rushed into the Senate Chamber on hearing of the attack, but found Mr. Sumner had been removed to the Vice-President's rooms, and that a surgeon was in attendance. He then helped to put his colleague into a carriage and went with him to his lodgings. Mr. Sumner is badly injured, having two very severe cuts on the head. His condition is considered critical, and his physician allows no one to see him. His clothes were literally covered with blood when he was removed. Considerable blood was also spattered on the adjoining desks. J. S. P.

EVIDENCE is positive that the assault on Senator Sumner was deliberately planned last night among a party of Southerners. Brooks waited at the Porter's lodge of the Capitol grounds this morning to make the assault, but Mr. Sumner happened to ride up in a carriage.

After the adjournment Brooks took a seat in the Senate Chamber, and waited some twenty minutes until Mr. Sumner was quite alone before approaching him. Mr. Sumner was writing hurriedly, and was pensed into his arm-chair by his desk. Brooks approached and called him by name, when Mr. Sumner looked up. Brooks said, "I have read your speech twice, and carefully. It is a libel on South Carolina, and on Mr. Butler also, a relative of mine." At the same instant, without warning, he struck Mr. Sumner a blow which rendered him unconscious, repeating it at least a dozen or fifteen times.

Such men as Crittenden, Geyer, and Payne promptly characterized it as a cowardly and shameful outrage. This seemed to excite Keitt and Brooks, who exchanged glances, when the latter exclaimed, "No matter—one will do for you to-day!" The meaning of this expression seems to be that they would forbear the assault on account of Crittenden's denunciation.

Brooks' colleagues and the majority of the Southern men justify the brutal act Brooks has been arrested, and will have his examination to-morrow.

My opinion is decided that the intention was to take Mr. Sumner's life, and not one man in a thousand would recover from the effects of such blows.—*Dispatch to N. Y. Times.*

OBITUARY.

It is with no ordinary feelings of sorrow we have received by the last mail from California, the intelligence of the death of Dr. WM. S. PATTERSON, son of Dr. A. O. Patterson, of Ohio, in the 31st year of his age.

Dr. P. was an alumnus of Washington College when he completed his classical studies about ten years since, and afterwards studied medicine in the office of Dr. J. R. Speer, of this city.

With a mind highly cultivated and naturally impulsive and energetic, it is not strange that he was found amongst the pioneer emigrants to that State, so fruitful in anticipation to all—so bitter in disappointment and misery to many.

The many noble qualities that adorned his head and heart soon drew around him a crowd of warm and devoted friends, whom suffrages early placed him in a lucrative office, and whom confidence and esteem assured him of a bright and prosperous future.

But death has prematurely closed his earthly career.—In the prime of manhood he has been summoned to the mansion of the dead. That friendly face we shall never again see—never again shall we feel the cordial grasp of his hand. On the rugged slopes of Nevada, far from kindred and home he sleeps his last sleep.

Quietest in peace. AMICUS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. McLane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros, of Pittsburgh:

During a practice of more than 20 years, Dr McLane had witnessed innumerable patients afflicted with every form of worm disease, and was induced to apply all the energies of his mind to the discovery of a vermifuge, or worm destroyer, certain in its effects; the result of his labors is the American Worm Specific, now before the public, prepared for vending from Fleming's Pittsburgh, which is perfectly safe, and may be given alike to children of the most tender age or to the aged adult; it purges mildly and subdues fever, and destroys worms with invariable success. It is easy of administration, and as it does not contain mercury in any form whatever, no restriction are necessary with regard to drinking cold water, nor is it capable of doing the least injury to the tenderest infant. An incredible number of worms have been expelled by this great vermifuge.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. McLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr McLane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and Canada. None genuine without the signature of my23:d&w3 FLEMING BROS

Mr. Jarrett works at the Tack Factory and can be seen at any time.

BIRMINGHAM, opposite Pittsburgh. } May 9th, 1856.

Dr. I. Scott & Co.—Gents: I was very sick for 3 months with Dyspepsia, asthma. I have no doubt from a diseased liver. Your Liver Pills prescribed for me without any relief. Knowing your Dr. Scott, I procured a box of your Celebrated Liver Pills and took them according to your directions, I am amazed to state that they have entirely cured me, and I deem it to be my duty to state the same to you and the afflicted. JOHN N. JARRETT.

Witness—JEFFERSON N. TRAVER.

Dr McLane's Improved Liver Pills and improved Vermifuge, also Dr. I. Scott's Celebrated White Circassian Liniment, prepared solely under the supervision of Dr. I. Scott, a Regular Medical Graduate and Physician of extensive practice.

None genuine only as prepared by Dr. I. Scott & Co., sole Proprietors, Broad Place, Morgantown, Va. Dr. McLane's Improved Liver Pills and Improved Vermifuge accompanied by certificate of Dr McLane.

All the above Medicines for sale by

Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, Wholesale Agent
J. S. P. FLEMING, Allegheny, Gen'l R. R. Depot, whole sale agent my22:d1w1w&T.

Have you a Rupture of the Bowels?—I would most respectfully invite the attention of those afflicted with hernia or rupture of the bowels to my splendid assortment of Trusses, of various patterns, and to suit every age, applied and satisfaction guaranteed in every case, at my office, No. 140 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Passion of the Golden Mortar Among the Trusses sold by me will be found

Marsh's Radical Cure Truss;
French Trusses, very light spring;
Gum Elastic Trusses;
Children's Trusses, single and double;
Umbilical Trusses, children' and adults;
Eberle's Elliptic Spring Truss;
Dr. S S. Fitch's Supporter Truss;

The price of Trusses vary from $1 to $30. Herniated or Ruptured patients can be relieved by remitting money and sending the measure around the hips, stating whether the rupture is on the right or left side. I also sell and adapt

Dr. Benning's Lace or Body Brace, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri, Weakness of the Chest or Abdomen, Fluor Chronic Diarhœa, and any weakness depending on a weak and debilitated condition of the abdominal muscles.

Dr. Fitch's Abdominal Supporter.
English Elastic Abdominal Belts;
Silk Elastic Belts;

And nearly every kind of Supporter now in use. I also sell

Shoulder Braces of every style, for weak chested and stoop shouldered persons.

Elastic Stockings, for broken and varicose veins.

Suspensory Bandages, of all kinds.

Syringes of every variety and pattern, and in fact every kind of mechanical appliance used in the cure of disease.

Dr. S. RETTER would state to persons in want of Brace or Trusses, that he can attend to call in the country by writing, but it always better to see the patient and apply the Truss or Brace personally. Address

Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.,
my10:d&w8 Sign of the Golden Mortar.

Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor.

Inflammation and Pain are as inseparable as Fire and Heat. Inflammation produces pain, and pain produces inflammation. Wherever there is unnatural heat, throbbing or redness, no matter whether it is caused by a fever, a hurt, a sore, pelon, rheumatism, piles, gout, burn or sting, there is inflammation. A hundred books or a thousand sermons cannot alter or change the condition. To relieve pain, and restore nature, inflammation must be subdued. To accomplish this, the efforts of the physician are always directed. Thousands of physicians, and ten thousand of the first and most sagacious persons who have used DALLY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, are convinced, and admit that its control over inflammation is most wonderful and immediate, instantly allaying the pain, neutralizing poison, expelling morbid secretions and forcing nature to resume her course, restoring and healing. No burn, scald, sore, or ailment is too severe to yield to its soothing and curing influence.—Apply it immediately and the cure has commenced.

☞ All orders should be addressed to C. V. Clickener & Co., 81 Barclay st., New York.

Sold in Pittsburgh by GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.
may12:d&w3

Kennedy's Medical Discovery.—We cheerfully devote to Mr. Kennedy and his popular medicine a portion of our columns today, for we are well aware that the "Discovery" is doing more in one week in the curing of humors of every description, than any remedy that has ever been got up has done in its whole career—We are prepared to speak of this article in the most confident manner, for we have taken unusual pains to find out whether it was all that it professed to be. We have visited the Laboratory of Mr. Kennedy at Roxbury, and there perused the certificates of those who have been cured many of them known to us as persons of veracity and truth. In addition to this we have had cases of cure occur among our own relatives and friends, and without solicitation have had persons rise up to us to tell us the "Discovery" did for them; these are our reasons for the high estimation in which we hold this remedy.

Sold by DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, whole sale agent. JAMES F. FLEMING, Allegheny.

Another Instance of the Efficacy of DERHAVEN'S HOLLAND BITTERS:

N. M. Poindexter, of the *Union* office, says:

"Some weeks since, being seriously affected with pain and uneasiness of the stomach, loss of appetite, and at times strong symptoms of Dyspepsia, I was induced to try your HOLLAND BITTERS, and I feel it but an act of justice to the article, as well as for the good of those who may be affected with like derangements of the stomach, to state that the use of one single bottle of this medicine proved of incalculable benefit, having freed the stomach from all sense of depression, and removed every symptom of Dyspepsia. I would also remark, that two other members of my family, who were afflicted in a similar manner with myself, were entirely relieved by the use of a single bottle each."

See advertisement.
my17:d&w8

Batchelor's Hair Dye, warranted to dye brown or black, so as to defy detection, without the least injury to hair or skin. It is the admiration of the critical, the envy of imitators—never fades. It is the perfection of the art, as it is the original. Made and sold, or applied, at the Wig Factory, 233 Broadway, New York. A steel plate label with Wm. A. Batchelor is on each box of genuine, others are imitations.

The genuine is sold in Pittsburgh, by GEORGE H KEYSER, 141 Wood st.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.—This invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.

It moderates all excess, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These Pills should be used two or three weeks previous to confinement; they fortify the constitution, and lessen the suffering during labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with safety to herself and child.

In all cases of Nervousness and Spinal Affections, pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on Slight Exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any other mineral.

Full directions accompanying each package. Price, in the United States and Canada, One Dollar.

Sole Agents for this country,

L. O. BALDWIN & Co., Rochester, N. Y.
TUTTLE & MOREE, Auburn, N. Y., General Agents.

N. B.—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorised agent, will insure a bottle of these Pills by return mail.

For sale in Pittsburgh, by FLEMING BROS. corner of Wood and Fourth sts; JOS. ABEL, corner Penna and Smithfield sts; JOS. FLEMING, corner Diamond and Market street, and Druggists generally. de26-1yd&w6t

ENOCH HOLMES.....D. S. COLLINS

HOLMES & COLLINS,
(SUCCESSORS TO E. H. SHANKLAND,)
Agricultural Warehouse,
AND
SEED STORE,
No. 129 Wood Street,
ap21-1yd&wT PITTSBURGH.

TO INVALIDS.
Extension of Stay.

Finding it impossible, from the accumulating demands upon his attention, to leave Pittsburgh as early as he had designed,

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH

Will extend his appointment in this city till the 1st, and if compatible with other arrangements until the 15th of June, 1856, where he may be consulted daily (Sabbath excepted) at his Rooms at the

ST. CLAIR HOTEL,
corner Penn and St. Clair sts.
Entrance to Rooms on Penn Street.

From the hours of TEN to FOUR, for PULMONARY

CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA
AND
CHRONIC BRONCHITIS,

In the treatment of which the employment of appropriate Constitutional and Mechanical Remedies and Medicinal Inhalations has given him a degree of success which can never attend a partial irregular treatment of these obstinate and dangerous diseases; and from ample experience, Dr. Fitch feels himself fully justified in asserting that when disease is so far advanced that the above means fail, no other course can afford relief.

Dr. FITCH may also be consulted for Catarrh, either in the head or throat, with the use of local applications, by means of throat and nasal syringes, together with the observance of necessary general measures; enables him to relieve in cases of stubborn of a year's standing. He may be consulted for Dyspepsia and Chronic Inflammations of the Stomach and Bowels, and for Female Diseases, which the employment of appropriate remedies with oil applianes enables him to treat with almost uniform success.

Dr. FITCH will be assisted by his associate, DR. J. W. SYKES, who will be with him after the 10th of May, and with whose assistance he hopes to attend to patients from a distance with less delay than has heretofore been unavoidable. Should Dr. Fitch be under the necessity of leaving on the 1st of June instead of remaining till the 12th, the appointment will be concluded by Dr. Sykes, who will also remain until Saturday evening July 12th.

To accommodate his increasing and extensive western practice, Dr. C. M. Fitch will open in June next, a permanent office at Buffalo, New York, where he will be, after leaving Pittsburgh, and where all communications will hereafter be addressed.

Dr. CALVIN M. FITCH wishes it distinctly understood that he has no longer any professional connection with Dr. F. S. FITCH, and would call attention to the card which he found himself called upon to publish immediately on his return from Europe, having reference to the course which Dr. S. S. Fitch was unfortunately persuaded to pursue during Dr. C. M. Fitch's absence.

Invalids desiring to consult Dr. Fitch should call as early as possible.
m17 mb25:d&w3mT

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
Three Trains Daily.

Passenger Trains will run daily, except Sundays, as follows:

Leaves Pittsburgh for Crestline at 3.00 A. M., 7.30 A M, and 3.00 P. M.

Leaves Crestline for Pittsburgh at 8.00 A M, 7.00 P M. and 12.50 P.M.

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Passengers leaving Pittsburgh at 3 P. M. for Sandusky, Toledo and Chicago, have the benefit of a night's rest at Mansfield or Cleveland, and arrive in Chicago early next evening.

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Pittsburgh, May 20, 1856. my20

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ap21:y&d

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