PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

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THE UNION COUNTY COMMITTEE, which met yesterday, after a very free interchange of opinions, very harmoniously, and we think wisely, agreed to defer the holding of a county nominating convention until the middle of August. The uncertainties now hanging over the position of parties in the great Presidential conflict will then be settled. Sufficient time will have elapsed after the several National Conventions for every person to have settled into the position he intends to hold in that great struggle. Conflicting opinions and views will by that time be harmonized, under the powerful influence of the National contest, and we shall be prepared to select a ticket on which all the opponents of slavery extension can harmonize. We see nothing to prevent the harmony of action, if there is a cordial union on one Presidential candidate in opposition to the Pro-Slavery Democratic nominees. Of such a result we cannot permit ourselves to doubt. The folly of placing two Anti-Nebraska candidates in the field we do not believe will be committed. With union and harmony, on the issue of Freedom against Slavery, Allegheny county will give such a majority for Freedom as will cause the Slavocracy, and its Doughface allies to stand aghast. The political events of every day tend to this result. The attention of the public mind is rapidly centreing on one issue, which is absorbing and overriding all others, and there is a tacit, quiet, but resolute agreement, to lay aside every question of former dissent, for the purpose of uniting for the overthrow of the common enemy.

AN EXPLANATION.—In an article in our City Department, yesterday, in reference to the difficulties of the Associate Reformed Church of Manchester, there were some statements made which, without explanation, are calculated to create an erroneous impression. The article did not meet our eye until it appeared, or we should have greatly modified it.

The difficulty is in relation to choosing a pastor, and the difference of sentiment on the subject, among the members of the church, is very great. In order to a proper understanding of the question, it is proper to say, that there is some difference of action in the Associate Reformed Congregations in this country, with regard to the right of women to vote for the call of a Minister. The original rule of the church reads as follows:

"The choice of a pastor to a particular congregation belongs to the *male members* thereof, who, whenever such a choice is necessary, are to be convened, by the elders, for that purpose."

An effort was made to change the rule, leaving the choice to the communicants. The constitution of the church requires a majority of the votes of all the Presbyteries in connection with the General Synod, to effect such a change.—The canvass of the votes resulted as follows: For the change 105—against it 95—in favor of the change, so far as widows are alone concerned, 15. As there was not a majority of all the votes cast for the change directly, those opposed to it affirm that the original rule is still in force: while others, counting the fifteen votes in favor of extending the right of voting to widows, in favor of the change asked for, act upon the principle that all communicants have a right to vote in the call of a pastor.

Dr. Pressley, who moderated the call of the Manchester Church, holds to the original rule of the church, which he promised to obey when he took upon himself the ordination vows, and he therefore acted upon it in the case in question, without any reference to its effect upon the choice to be made. He would have decided in the same way, whether it affected his own opinions, if he had any, or not. It was doing injustice, then, to Dr. Pressly, to say that he "refused the women the privilege of voting."—He did not refuse them, but they were ruled out by the constitution of the church as he understands it, and as it is plainly set forth in the above quotation.

The only meeting held for the moderating of a call, was the one over which Dr. Pressly presided, and that was conducted in a legal and regular manner. At that meeting the vote for Mr. Steel was 18 to 9. For Mr. Kerr, 8 to 19. There was no opposition then, on the part of the Moderator, but to decide that Mr Steel was legally elected, and this action was sustained by the Presbytery.

We make these explanatory remarks merely to relieve the venerable and highly respected Minister who moderated the call from all imputation upon his motives, without designing to express any opinion between the parties to the unhappy differences which we are sorry exist in the Manchester Church.

THE POSITION OF JUDGE MCLEAN.—We do not think any thing more is necessary to place the position of Judge McLean on the question of slavery in the territories, fairly and intelligibly before the people. An attempt however, has been made in a very disreputable quarter, by isolated extracts to convey the impression that Judge McLean held to the doctrine, in his letter to the National Intelligencer, that the people of a territory had the right to establish slavery therein. That letter, taken as a whole, will not bear such a construction, and none but a knavish politician would put such a construction upon it. But to put all cavilers to silence, we take the following extract from a letter of Judge McLean's to the Buffalo Convention of 1848:

"Resting upon the principles of the Constitution, as they have been judicially settled, the free States, by moderation, vigilance and firmness, may prevent the extension of slavery to the free territory lately annexed. Without the sanction of law, slavery can no more exist in a territory than a man can breathe without air. Slaves are not property where they are not made so by municipal law. THE LEGISLATURE OF A TERRITORY CAN EXERCISE NO POWER WHICH IS NOT CONFERRED ON IT BY ACT OF CONGRESS."—*Letter of John McLean to the Buffalo Convention of 1848.*

This letter was written about six months after the letter to the National Intelligencer, and while the same state of facts existed which called forth that article. It puts to rest most completely the attempt of dishonest politicians to present his language in his first letter so as to convey a meaning he never intended.

The position of Judge McLean, then, on the subject of the extension of slavery to the territories, taken eight years ago, is this: 1. Slavery is the creature of the local sovereignty of municipal law. 2. Congress cannot extend, create or establish slavery, but may interpose to prevent its unlawful introduction into the territories. The Legislature of a territory can exert no power not conferred upon it by act of Congress, and cannot therefore authorize the introduction of slavery, or legalize it in any form.

These positions are clearly and unequivocally set forth in the two letters of Judge McLean, to which we have referred. They were taken by him at a time when he had no desire or expectation of being a candidate for the Presidency, and there is nothing in his decisions or public life since, that has evidenced any change of views.

THE "AMERICAN" STATE COUNCIL, which met at Harrisburg on Wednesday, broke in pieces.—But 60 members were present, and a majority of these, being from Philadelphia, agreed to endorse Fillmore. The Western delegates, including those from this County, then withdrew and repudiated the authority of the Council.

During the month of March last, the Minnesota Mine raised the enormous amount of 165 tons 448 pounds of Copper—making for the first quarter of 1856, about 478 tons. This immense product has seldom been excelled by the heaviest English mines—not even by the Devon Great Consols with her thousand miners.—*Lake Superior Miner.*

INFAM EMIGRATION.—Recent Irish journals say that again the emigration from Ireland is increasing, and that the peasantry are leaving the country in large numbers, the United States being still the favorite destination, only a small proportion going to Canada or Australia. The departures are most numerous from Dublin and other Southern ports.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.

Important from Kansas.

LAWRENCE CITY, K. T., Friday May 2 1856.

On Wednesday last, Mr. J. N. Mace, formerly of Newburyport, Mass., who resides alone upon a claim four miles north-west from here, on the prairie testified before the Congressional Committee, now in session at this place, relative to the invasion of the polls at Bloomington, at the election of the 30th of March, 1855. He gave a plain straightforward statement of what he saw and heard. Among other things he exposed the villainy of bogus "Sheriff" Jones, the lately shot-at, on that occasion; *who was then Postmaster* of Weston, Missouri, but who left his home, and crossing the border into this Territory proceeded, with a gang of ruffians from his own State, to Bloomington, and there took possessions of the polls—driving Free State men away by brandishing weapons and threatening their lives. He held his watch in his hand and notified the Judges of the election that they could have five minutes to retire, and would be shot if they failed to obey! The Free State Judges did not budge an inch, but remained at their post. The five minutes expired, and the chivalrous Southern Jones *extended* the time to one minute more, that they might have an opportunity to bless themselves. Before this minute expired, however, Jones was called out of the room where the balloting was going on, and did not return to complete his contemplated murderous work. This was the kind of testimony given by Mr. Mace, and has been corroborated by other witnesses. We will cut the story short, and come at once to the sequel. About 9 o'clock on Wednesday evening Mr. Mace was called to the door of his cabin by the barking of his faithful Newfoundland watch-dog, which was tied just outside the cabin. He untied the string and let the dog go, holding on to the other end of the string himself, it being so dark that he could not see very well. He supposed the dog had seen a wolf. The animal led him to the brow of a bluff, the descent from which led down into a deep ravine. Here Mr. Mace stopped and instantly two pistols were discharged at him from below. The flash developed the presence in the ravine of two men. One shot grazed his right shoulder, and the other entered his left leg below the knee. He instantly fell, when the men gave a hellish "ha! ha!" and one of them exclaimed: *"There is no more d—d abolition bait for the wolves."* Mr. Mace, occupying a position upon the brow of the bluff, could easily be seen from below, so great was the contrast between an object and the horizon. Seeing him fall, and supposing him dead, the valorous "Border Ruffians" fled, chuckling to themselves, no doubt, that they had done a brave thing. Mr. Mace crawled to his cabin, his faithful dog and only companion keeping close by his side. He sat up and bathed his wound, and bandaged it as well as he could, and suffered through the remainder of the night, expecting every moment another attack from the same party. Morning at last came, and, suffering though he was, he succeeded in reaching Lawrence, where he obtained medical aid, and is now doing well. What will the Border-Ruffian papers say about "cowardly assassins" now?

A band of Lecompton Ruffians, said to have been ordered out by Gen. Shannon, have been encamped upon the Delaware Reserve, for the purpose of seizing and annoying Lawrence men. One man from this city was pursued by five of them a few evenings since, and was shot at, and but for the fact that his horse suddenly leaped into a deep ravine, from which he could not readily extricate himself, he would probably have been overtaken and murdered. The leap into the ravine suddenly misled the pavy upon another trail.

A party of 250 Southerners, mostly from Georgia, under command of Major Buford, arrived at Kansas City on Wednesday last. They are organized into military companies and move under their military officers. Their only baggage is arms. They announce their object to be to fight and demolish Lawrence. On their arrival at Kansas City they were poverty-stricken. The commander says he was robbed on board of the boat at St. Louis. With the money, four of his own party were missing. The remainder gambled their money away on the boat. The Pro-Slavery men in Missouri are called upon to support them, and are awfully mad with their friends in the South for sending "paupers" to their aid. Each man had a Bible and a gun presented him at home.

On the trip up the river the Bibles were thrown promiscuously into a large bucket on the hurricane deck, and the company were below handling an article known among Westerners as "pocket testament," and it was by such means that they lost their money, what little they had. They are spoken of as a ragged, dirty, ignorant set of gamblers and drunkards. The North don't send such men.

Emigrants are pouring in fast from the North. Send them along, for this is the richest and most beautiful country upon the earth.

Special dispatch to the N. Y. Tribune.

NEW TROUBLES IN KANSAS!

Lawrence, Kansas, May 9.

(Via St. Louis, May 12.)

The Congressional Committee now sitting at this place to investigate the reported fraud in the Kansas Territorial Elections has been assailed by an attempt to arrest Gov. Reeder, who is the prosecutor engaged in submitting testimony to said committee. Reeder was first subpenaed to go to Lecompton to give evidence on the complaint before a grand jury, but refused to be dragged away from the investigation on this pretext. Last night a writ was served on him, while attending the sittings of the Committee, by a Deputy Marshal—said writ charging him with contempt of the subpena aforesaid. He appealed to the Committee for protection or advice. The jury decided that they had no jurisdiction in the premises, but the majority, (Messrs. Howard and Sherman) expressed their opinion that Gov. Reeder was protected by his privilege. The minority (Mr. Oliver) held that he was not so protected, and that the Commission could not stand between him and a warrant in this shape of a Deputy Marshal. Gov. Reeder declared that his life was not safe at Lecompton—that he should claim his privilege as acting under the authority of Congress, and that whoever should lay hands on him would do so at his peril. The Marshal thereupon left, and is expected back with a force of United States Dragoons to-day.

Judge Lecompte charged the grand jury at Lecompton last Monday to indict all the Free State officers and members of the State Legislature as guilty of high treason.

Ten o'clock, a. m.—A dispatch from Leavenworth just received reports an armed force on the way to this place. Its object is said to be the destruction of the testimony already taken before the Congressional Committee. This force was moving immediately on to Lecompton, there to join other parties mustering for the same work. W. J.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, May 12.

The steamer Star of the West arrived today from Kansas, and the following information is derived from passengers: The steamer left Kansas on Saturday, the 10th, Gov. Robinson and family being among the passengers. At Lexington, Mo., Gov. Robinson was waited upon by a committee appointed by the citizens, and notified that they should detain him, on the ground that he was fleeing from the territory to avoid an arrest on an indictment of treason, which had been found against him by the Grand Jury of the United States District Court. Governor Robinson replied, that he had been informed by one of the Grand Jury that an attempt had been made to find a bill, but had failed. This did not satisfy the Committee, they insisting that Mr. Robinson should remain, and he finally consented to do so, on persuation of Mr. Parkinson, Captain of the boat, and Mr. Barnard of Baltimore. He was invited to the house of Mr. Sawyer, one of the Committee, his family proceeding on to St. Louis. The Committee agreed to send a messenger to Kansas to ascertain if any indictment had been found, and if not, all the expenses of Mr. R.'s detention were to be paid. No violence or indignity was offered Mr. R. during the proceeding. The Committee consisted of Gen. Shields, Mr. Sawyer, and a number of the most respectable citizens. The information upon which they acted was derived from Capt. Adams.

ST. LOUIS, May 12.—Mrs. Robinson arrived yesterday, and published this morning a statement of her husband's detention at Lexington. It says that Robinson was going East on personal business, and denies that he knew of the indictment before leaving the Territory. Otherwise it does not materally differ from yesterday's dispatch

The Lawrence correspondent under date of the 7th, says that indictments for high treason have been found against Reeder, Robinson, Lane, Distzeler, and other prominent Free State men.

News had been brought to Lawrence by Missouri slaveholders, that secret handbills were circulating, and forces marshaling, in the border counties. They warned the people to prepare for defence.

THE following from the St. Louis Democrat, gives the position of boats and affairs in the Upper Mississippi:

MAYHEM ABOVE—THAT BRIDGE.—Capt. Campbell, of the *Yancey*, furnishes us the following memoranda: Left Dubuque on 2d inst. In port for points above, steamers James Lyon, Oakland, Flora, Excelsior Brazil, Fanny Harris, and Clarion. Left Galena on the 4th. Passed Argenot at Hampton, detained by wind. At Davenport found the following boats, bound up, attempting by turns to pass the bridge: Tishomingo, Clara Dean, Hamburg, Ben Holt, York State, Badger State and J. B. Carson. Some of them had been there three days, attempting with the greatest assiduity, but without success, to make this worse than Sisyphian passage. The *Lyon*, Oakland, Atlanta, and Flora, had been detained by the bridge twenty-four hours.—When this gigantic structure was first projected, it was the opinion of steamboatmen generally, that it would prove a trivial obstacle at worst, to the navigation of the upper river; and it would have been no more, had it been built parallel with the natural channel, but as it is the piers ranging at nearly right angles with the channel, no boat can effect a passage when there is any wind, or indeed at any time without having run an imminent risk of going to the bottom.

By dispatch from Lawrence, via St. Louis, last evening, we are advised that the Pro-Slavery party in Kansas had resolved on the bold step of *breaking up the Congressional investigation of the villanies by which they have usurped the government of the Territory*, finding that the developements of this investigation are such as their cause cannot bear. To this end they have undertaking to arrest Gov. Reeder, now prosecuting the investigation before the House Committee as contestant for the seat of Gen. Whitfield, and have undertaken to drag him away to Lecompton (a Pro-Slavery nest) so as to paralyze and break up the exposure of the gigantic fraud and violence by which they carried their bogus Legislature last year.

At the same time, Pierce's Judge Lecompte (from Alabama) has charged his Pro-Slavery Grand Jury to indict all the State Officers and Members of the State Legislature as guilty of High Treason, and Federal troops have probably arrested a part of them ere this. It was believed at Lawrence that an effort would be made, under cover of serving these processes, to seize and destroy the blasting evidence of Border Ruffian fraud already taking effect before the Commission. An earlier dispatch had already apprised us of the arrest of Gov. Robinson on a steamboat coming East, at Lexington, Missouri.

We have cherished a sanguine hope that the Slavery Extensionists, having the Executive, the Judiciary, the Senate, and at least half of the House on their side, would permit an investigation of their last year's doings—by virtue of which they pretended to enact laws for Kansas and send Whitfield to Congress—and then let the people decide between the two parties. Having the full power of the Government at their back and the potent name and organization of the Democratic party wherewith to stupify and bewilder the voters of the Free States, we thought they would suppose they could afford to bear the exposure which an official investigation must involve. It seems that they think differently, and are resolved to stifle the investigation by violence and force. The alternative they offer to the Free-State men is—"surrender Kansas quietly to Slavery, or be subdued and punished as traitors!" Be it so, then! Let us avoid collision to the last possible moment, and submit, for peace sake, to indignities, to imprisonment, to be insulted, belied and harassed as traitors—but *not* to the enslavement of Kansas. No surrender!—*N. Y. Tribune.*

TRIAL OF THE TURNERS.—The Turners, after having spent the night in the Turners' Hall, of Newport, came out yesterday morning about 7 o'clock, and gave themselves up and went in procession in the custody of the officers to the Court House.

Here an examination commenced before Mayor Fearons and was finally decided to send back the whole body of Turners to Covington for trial.

After the decision of the Mayor of Newport, they marched from the Court House—formed four abreast, and, attended by the officers and a large number of citizens, marched over to Covington.

The legal examination of the Turners then began before a board of magistrates.

The investigation was continued till a late hour this afternoon, but no new facts were elicited, beyond an identification of one or two. As it grew towards evening and many of the Turners were desirous to cross the river, Judge Stallo made a motion that they be admitted to bail. This motion was warmly objected to by the opposing counsel but was a length carried, and the Turners were admitted to bail in the sum of $1,000 each, and the case was continued till this morning at 8 o'clock. The Turners then returned to this city and were congratulated by their friends on their escape.

Mr. Butts, we learned at 10 P. M., was lying in a state of lethargy.

Mr. Harvey is evidently sinking every momet.—*Cin. Gaz. Wed.*

DIED—This (Wednesday) morning, at seven o'clock, at his residence, No. 203 Smithfield street, JOHN MCQUILWAN, in the sixty sixth year of his age. The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Thursday, at three o'clock, P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Liver Pills.—The Liver Pills of Dr. McLane were first used by him exclusively in his own practice. So efficacious were they in all cases of Liver Complaint, that they became famous, and attracting the attention of the medical faculty, passed into general use. They act with great certainty and regularity; the patient almost immediately feels the dispersion of his disease, and is gradually restored to health. With some the effect is almost miraculous, frequently experiencing immediate relief, after having for months resorted to drugs and medicines of another description, in vain. Diseases of the liver are common in this country, and are of a very fearful character. Those who experience any of the prominent symptoms of this dangerous and complicated disease, should at once procure a box of Dr McLane's Pills, prepared by FLEMING BROS, of Pittsburgh, and perhaps, thereby, be saved a world of misery.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. Look greatness without the signature of FLEMING BROTHERS.

my5:dawtf

A Good Style of Advertising.—Mr. Kennedy, the proprietor of Kennedy's Medical Discovery, has adopted a very good style of advertising—he has a man afflicted with some painful humor, such as Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, &c., cures him entirely with two or three bottles of his medicine, and returns him to the community a sound and healthy man. He, of course, mentions his recovery to every one he meets who is suffering from a similar disease to the one with which he was troubled; this man is also cured, and another advertisement is started. The country is full of testimonials and advertisements, who at any moment are willing to testify to the virtues of Kennedy's Medical Discovery.

Sold by DR. REDIKER, 140 Wood street, wholesale agent; JAMES P. FLEMING, Allegheny.

my15:d1wtw1w3

Forster on Consumption, &c.

Just Published, 60 pages. Price One Dime.

CONSUMPTION AND SCROFULA:

A popular Treatise on the recent important discoveries relative to their cause, nature, and certain cure,

BY J. J. FORSTER, M. D.

In every portion of the learned Doctor's book sound practical sense and great medical knowledge is displayed, and it is not unlikely that a considerable revolution in the treatment of Consumption and Scrofula will be effected by its publication. Every family should be in possession of this valuable work, which, by its extreme cheapness, is made accessible to every one.

☞For sale at all Bookstores, or will be mailed, on receipt of TEN CENTS, (post paid,) by BRIDGMAN & CO., 124 Grand st., New York, to any part of the country.

my14:3t&2t&w1t

Capt. Vance, of Virginia.—Pleasant View, Va. Coal Mines, Feb. 9, 1856.—Dr. L. SCOTT & Co.: I gave to one of my men a black bottle of your Mr. McLane's Improved Vermifuge. It operated like a charm, and is not nauseating, and brought from my boy between two and three hundred worms. My boy had been very sick, but is well and doing well. Please send me four dozen more of your Improved Vermifuge.

A. S. VANCE.

Dr McLane's Improved Liver Pills and Improved Vermifuge, also Dr. L. Scott's Celebrated White Circassian Liniment are for sale only at the wholesale agency of Dr. L. Scott, a Regular Medical Graduate and Physician of extensive practice.

☞The genuine only as prepared by Dr. L. Scott & Co., sole Proprietors, Bank Place, Morgantown, Va., Dr. McLane's Improved Liver Pills and Improved Vermifuge accompanied by certificate of C. McLane.

All the above Medicines are for sale by

DR. GEO. H. KEYSER 140 Wood street, Wholesale agent
JAS. P. FLEMING, Allegheny, near R. R. Depot, whole sale agent.

Pure Cod Liver Oil—Every bottle warranted to be pure Cod Liver Oil.

For the cure of Rheumatism,
For the cure of Scrofula,
For the cure of coughs,
For the cure of Lumbago,
For the cure of Tetter,
For the cure of all Skin Diseases,
For the cure of Chronic Erysipelas,
For the cure of Diseases of the Eyes,
For the cure of White Swelling,
For the cure of Glandular Swelling,
For the cure of Caries of the Bones,
For the cure of Pulmonary Consumption,
For the cure of Chronic Bronchitis,
For the cure of Rickets,
For the cure of Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys,
For the cure of Constitutional Weakness and General Debility,

Sold by the quart, gallon and in bottles by the dozen or single bottle; every bottle warranted pure Cod Liver Oil, at the Wholesale Druggists of Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., sign of the Golden Mortar. wm13-dawt

Have you a Rupture of the Bowels!—I would most respectfully invite the attention of those afflicted with hernia or rupture of the bowels to my splendid assortment of Trusses of various patterns, and to suit every age, applied and satisfaction guaranteed in every case, at my office, No. 140 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., sign of the Golden Mortar. Among the Trusses sold by me will be found

Marsh's Radical Cure Truss;
French Trusses, very light spring;
Gum Elastic Trusses;
Children's Trusses, single and double;
Umbilical Trusses, children's and adults;
Elcrit's Elastic Spring Truss;
Dr. S. S. Fitch's Supporter Truss;

The price of Trusses vary from $2 to $20. Hernial or Ruptured patients can be suited by remitting money and sending the measure around the hips, stating whether the rupture is on the right or left side. I also sell and adapt

Dr. Dawning's Lace or Body Brace, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri, Weakness of the Chest or Abdomen, Piles, Chronic Diarrhœa, and any weakness depending on a weak and debilitated condition of the abdominal muscles

Dr. Fitch's Abdominal Supporter,
English Elastic Abdominal Belts;
Silk Elastic Belts;

And nearly every kind of Supporter now in use. I also sell

Shoulder Braces of every style, for weak chests and stoop shouldered persons,

Elastic Stockings, for broken and varicose veins.

Surgical Bandages, of all kinds.

Syringes of every variety and pattern, and in fact every kind of mechanical appliance used in the cure of diseases.

Dr. ELTZER would state to persons in want of Braces or Trusses that he can often send to suit the patient by writing, but it is always better to see the patient and apply the Truss or Brace personally. Address

DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.,
Sign of the Golden Mortar.

my10:dawtf

P. SEIBERT,

Sculptor, Modler, Stucco Worker and Wood Carver, No. 86 Third street, between Wood and Market streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. Keeps constantly on hand an assortment of new Fancy Centre Pieces, for parlors, &c. m23-1yrdh

TO INVALIDS.

Extension of Stay.

Finding it impossible, from the accumulating demands upon his attention, to leave Pittsburgh as early as he had designed,

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH

Will extend his appointment in this city till the 1st of June, 1856, where he may be consulted daily (Sabbath excepted) at his Rooms at the

ST. CLAIR HOTEL,

corner Penn and St. Clair sts.

Entrance to Rooms on Penn Street.

From the hours of TEN to FOUR, for PULMONARY

CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA AND CHRONIC BRONCHITIS,

In the treatment of which the employment of appropriate Constitutional and Mechanical Remedies and Medicated Inhalations has given with a degree of success which cannot attend a partial imperfect treatment of these obstinate and dangerous diseases; and from ample experience, Dr. Fitch feels himself fully justified in asserting that when disease is *not so far advanced* that the above means fail, no other curative means afford relief.

Dr. FITCH may also be consulted for Catarrh, either in the head or throat, with the use of local applications, by means of throat and nasal syringes, together with the observance of necessary general measures enables him to relieve in cases of months of a year's standing. He may be consulted for Dyspepsia and Chronic Inflammations of the Stomach and Bowels, and for Female Diseases, which the employment of appropriate mechanical appliances enable him to treat with almost uniform success.

DR. FITCH will be assisted by his associate, DR. J. W. SYKES, who will be with him after the 10th of May, and with whose assistance he hopes to attend to patients from a distance with less delay than has heretofore been unavoidable. Should Dr. Fitch be under the necessity of leaving on the 1st of June, instead of remaining till the 12th, the appointment will be attended by Dr. Sykes, who will also remain until Saturday evening July 12th.

To accommodate his increasing and extensive western practice, Dr. C. M. Fitch will open in June next, a permanent office, at Buffalo, New York, where he will be, after leaving Pittsburgh, and where all communications will hereafter be addressed.

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH wishes it distinctly understood that he has no longer any professional connection with Dr. S. S. FITCH, and would call attention to the card which he found himself called upon to publish immediately on his return from Europe, having reference to the course which Dr. S. S. Fitch was unfortunately persuaded to pursue during Dr. C. M. Fitch's absence.

Invalids desiring to consult Dr. Fitch should call as early as possible. m12:1m

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

Passenger Trains will run daily, except Sundays, as follows:

Leave Pittsburgh for Crestline at 7½ A. M. and 3 P. M.

Leaves Crestline for Pittsburgh at 5 A M and 12 50 P M.

These trains allmake close connections at Crestline with trains for Columbus, Dayton, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis and all points on roads extending West and Southwest through Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

Both trains from Pittsburgh connect at Mansfield with Trains on Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark road, for Chicago, Toledo and Sandusky, making as quick and sure connections to Chicago, as by any other route. Connections are made at Alliance with Trains on Cleveland and Pittsburgh Road for Cleveland, Chicago, Dunkirk and Buffalo.

Passengers leaving Pittsburgh at 3 P. M. for Sandusky, Toledo and Chicago, have the benefit of a night's rest at Mansfield or Cleveland, and arrive in Chicago early next evening.

Through Tickets are sold to Columbus, Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Bellefontaine, Chicago, Rock Island, Iowa City, Dunlieth, Milwaukie, Cairo, Springfield, Ill, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves New Brighton for Pittsburgh at 7 A. M., and 1½ P. M. Leaves Pittsburgh for New Brighton at 9¾ A. M., and 5¾ P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

A. T. JOHNSON,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House,
Or at the Federal street Station, to
GEORGE T. PARRIN, Ticket Agent.
J. H. MOORE, Sup't.
T. KELLY, Passenger Agent.

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1856. my6

Dr. Geo. W. Phillips'

COUGH SYRUP

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