PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

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Republican Declaration of Principles.

ADOPTED BY THE PITTSBURGH CONVENTION.

1. We demand and shall attempt to secure the repeal of all laws which allow the introduction of slavery into territories once consecrated to Freedom, and will resist by every constitutional means the existence of slavery in any of the territories of the United States.

2. We will support by every lawful means our brethren in Kansas in their constitutional and manly resistance to the usurped authority of their lawless invaders, and will give the full weight of our political power in favor of the immediate admission of Kansas to the Union as a free, sovereign, independent State.

3. Believing that the present national administration has shown itself to be weak and shiftless, and that its continuance in power is identified with the progress of the slave power to national supremacy, with the extinction of freedom from the territory, and with increasing civil discord, it is a leading purpose of our organization to oppose and overthrow it.

☞ For Telegraphic News see 3d page. For City and Commercial News see 4th page.

"THE NORTH AMERICAN."—This well known, and very respectable daily paper, has hitherto been considered the leading Whig organ of the Whig city of Philadelphia. Being the leading commercial and business paper of that great and beautiful city, it was understood to represent the views of its merchants and business men generally, in politics as well as in commerce. Its opinions have always been listened to with respect by the Whigs of the State, as expressing the voice of a city whose Whig victories have been as famous as the uprightness and urbanity of her merchants.

When such a paper presents symptoms of defection to the cause and principles it has so long and ably supported, and betrays signs of a disposition to go over to the enemy, it becomes properly a subject of much interest to the opposition party of the State, and of comment by the press.

As a Whig paper, the *North America* was moderately Free soil. The compromise measures of 1850 were received by it with coldness and evident disapprobation, and the repeal of the Missouri Compromise met with its unqualified reprobation. Its policy has always, however, been cautious and lacking in that boldness and decision which enables a paper to mould and direct public opinion. Had the *North American* borne a frank, manly and decisive testimony against the encroachments and imperious demands of the slave oligarchy, as several of its cotemporaries in New York, of the same political faith have done, Philadelphia would not now have the equivocal reputation of Doughfaceism which it possesses in all the Western and North-western States.

On the disruption of the Whig party the *North American* displayed a leaning towards Native Americanism, and it supported Mr. Conrad for Mayor, in 1854, with the whole Know Nothing ticket. It is only of late that it has shown a disposition to affiliate with its old political foes, against whose principles and measures it has been warring during the whole period of its existence. It now supports, indirectly, the Democratic ticket for Mayor, and other city officers, which it helped to defeat two years ago. This, however, would be matter of small consequence, if it did not betray a disposition to go still further, and to throw the weight of its influence into the scale of the Ebo-shin Democracy in the Presidential election.

Its first laudatory article of Mr. BUCHANAN appeared sometime in March, and created considerable astonishment, but it was charitably interpreted to spring from State and City pride in a Foreign Minister, who it was supposed had discharged his duties abroad with respectable ability. Its last laudatory article, however, goes to such unreasonable length, considering Mr. Buchanan's position to party politics, that the utmost stretch of charity can find no solution but in the conclusion that the North American will support Mr. Buchanan for the Presidency if he succeeds in securing the Cincinnati nomination. What it will do if its favorite is defeated, we pretend not to say. It will certainly be in a most pitiful condition.

What claims Mr. Buchanan has on the North American and the Philadelphia Whigs it professes to represent, passes our comprehension. The political idol of Philadelphia was HENRY CLAY. Mr. Clay and Mr. Buchanan were antipodes in politics for more than thirty years. In 1844 Mr. Buchanan gave his whole influence to defeat Mr. Clay, and openly endorsed the base lie of the Kane Letter which lost Mr. Clay this State. As a member of Polk's Cabinet he gave his influence to the repeal of the Tariff of 1842, which had so greatly increased the prosperity of the State and Philadelphia in particular. But to come down to recent events. The North American has repeatedly and unequivocally condemned the Kansas-Nebraska outrage in the most unmeasured terms, and has evinced a determination to oppose its objects and aim to the utmost extent of its influence. Mr. Buchanan has, within a few weeks, not only signified his entire acquiescence in the outrage, but has said that all attempts to atone for the iniquity, or to restore the violated compact, either in fact or in spirit, should be resisted with all the power of the Government. At the same time, the Buchanan State Convention, and all his newspaper organs, have most unequivocally, in the great issue of Freedom against Slavery, taken ground for Slavery. Mr. Buchanan at this moment definitely stands before the country as the leading candidate of the pro-Slavery Democracy, and as embodying in himself all that is most obnoxious in Locofocoism, all that is most hateful in subserviency to the demands of slavery for the sake of spoils and power of office, and all that the North American has been opposing ever since its establishment. Now let us see what that paper says of this embodiment of Locofocoism and of Ebo-Shin Democracy:

"No public man ever stood in a more interesting and impressive relation to the nation, to Pennsylvania and to Philadelphia, than does Mr. Buchanan at this moment. His reputation as a national statesman, steadily enlarging through a long series of years, (for he has been in our public councils for nearly forty,) is higher and surer now than it ever was. The retrospect of his public life, criticised as it may be—and we have often had occasion to dissent from his opinions—shows no act, or word, or thought of infidelity to the Constitution or the Union, treasonous as it sometimes seems to have been, in various quarters, and throughout there has been the performance of active duty as Representative, as Senator, as Cabinet Minister, and in private counsel.

* * * * * * *

We were sure of his integrity, his discretion, his appreciation to an eminent degree of the risks and dangers which proud yet peace-loving nations run as they drift nearer and nearer to the edge of that whirlpool which often engulfs and always damages; and above all, we were sure of his keen sense of that sentiment of honor, delicate and acute, that throbs in every pulse of the American heart, and whose very sensitiveness may be sometimes stimulated and abused by designing or inconsiderate men. Of all this we were sure,—and now that the trust is executed, and, so far as his agency can affect them, all our expectations realized, the nation thanks and welcomes him. Pennsylvania too has great reason to be proud of him, and to renew the kind greeting she has so often given him.

It is not easy to avoid, or to use without fear of misconstruction, phrases which party has stereotyped, but in a broader and more generous sense than it was ever used before, we can with precision say, that Mr. Buchanan is welcomed back as Pennsylvania's "favorite son" Pennsylvania is proud of him, and Pennsylvania does not always do, she means to say so, and to say it with an acclaim louder and wider than has ever been heard before, for there is a local sentiment operating in his behalf much stronger than political organization ever aroused. It is a sentiment, too, that we trust will not be trifled with. The city of Philadelphia—if we may venture so to describe it, the once Whig city of Philadelphia—welcomes Mr. Buchanan. Her men of business, her merchants, manufacturers and artisans feel that they can look with confidence and esteem on a veteran statesman whose very experience makes him practically conservative, and who as a Pennsylvanian, feels with us and for us.

Was ever laudation more extravagant, and, considering all the circumstances, more indelicate, more sycophantic, more degrading! Such a reckless plunge as this shows desperation of purpose, and a determination to place itself at one leap beyond the hope of rescue! We give it up, sorrowfully give it up, as it was the only paper in Philadelphia which had the least sympathy with the anti-administration party in the Western and Northern counties of this State.—Now there is no paper in that great city to whom the opponents of Slavery aggression can look for advice, sympathy and support. Philadelphia stands alone, isolated, among all the cities of the Free States. New York stands up boldly in defence of the rights of the Free States. Four of her leading, most influential, and most widely circulated papers, ably support the Republican cause. Every other Northern city, without exception, has one or more ably conducted champion of Freedom. Philadelphia alone, which holds within her heart the sacred hall of Independence, where the sounds forever reverberate that all men were created free, utters no voice through her press against the swelling, advancing, imperious tide of a slaveholding oligarchy.

"JUSTICE" AND THE RAILROAD TAX.—Our amiable friend "Justice," who rushes frantically into print, might have saved himself the mortification of going off at half cock if he had looked with a grain more closeness and calmness at our editorial article upon which he comments.—What we said therein about Messrs. Wilkins and McClintock had no reference whatever to their course upon the Steubenville railroad question. How could it? They acted together as a unit upon the proposition to allow the city and county to endorse the mortage bonds of the Steubenville road; and the four mill tax bill never came up before *them* in *any* shape. How, then, in the name of all that is sensible, could our remarks, giving a very slight commendation to one and disparaging the other, be construed as referring to the railroad question, in which they acted in concert? Or as denouncing Mr. Wilkins for not obeying the resolutions of Councils on the tax bill, when the tax bill never reached the Senate to be acted upon? "Justice" must allow us to say that the assumption on which he starts out, and upon which his whole article is based, approaches the ridiculous.

We have not much respect for the principles and legislative course of either Mr. McClintock or Mr. Wilkins. Allegheny county did a very foolish thing, in both instances, in sending them to Harrisburg, and if they were both now to offer themselves to the people they would be most overwhelmingly condemned. We have the privilege of thanking Heaven that the term of one of them is ended; and there would be more than double cause of congratulation if that was the case with the other; but, with the opinion which we entertain for both, we still claim the privilege of saying, as we have said, that so far as their general course throughout the past winter is concerned, the comparison between them is not favorable to Mr. Wilkins. The reference we made was to their general course, and not to any special case.

With regard to their position on the Steubenville road question, we have said nothing and have nothing to say now. We have not mixed ourselves up in the pending controversy about that road. When the road was projected, we thought it an unpromising enterprise; and when the last municipal subscriptions were made to it, we put on record an emphatic condemnation of them: our skirts are therefore clear of any responsibility on that score. Since the present embarrassments of the road were made public, however, we have not thought it our duty, as the conductor of a public press, to say much about it, preferring to let those who were engaged in striving to extricate it from ruin, do so, if they could, without having any cause to reproach us for obstructing them. We have watched closely the whole history of the case, as developed both here and at Harrisburg, and we have felt and expressed no regret at the failure to pass the endorsement law, for we were not satisfied that it was the best mode of relief in the present exigency. We are as much opposed as "Justice" can be, to any increase of the responsibilities of the city. In announcing the failure of the measure, we simply stated as a fact, without any expression of opinion on the subject, that the bill rendered necessary by its failure, to authorize the city to meet its responsibilities, had also failed. With these facts in view, "Justice" might, it is plain, have found a much better text for his sermon than the one he has chosen.

With regard to the tax bill, we feel justified in saying that it *was* a necessary consequence of the failure of all the schemes projected to complete the Steubenville road. The city has issued its bonds to that road; the interest upon those bonds is coming due, and the road Company cannot pay it; the city has no money to meet that interest; and no means to raise it but by taxation. Was it not natural, therefore, that she should look to the only resort left to her? That would "Justice" have? Repudiation? *That* is the only other alternative; it is that or taxation. And would he have the city coolly court *that* alternative?

It is no objection to the bill to say that the *Councils* asked for it, and that it authorized the *Councils* to lay the tax. The *Councils* are the only bodies that *could* lay the tax; and why should they not ask for the power to do so? They represent the city. They were chosen by the tax payers, and stand in their stead. Whether wisely chosen or not is not the question; they are the selected representatives of the city, speak in its name, act in its behalf, and embody, by voluntary choice, its tax paying interest. It is of no use to carp at them, and say, these subscriptions never should have been made.—That may be true; but the present Councils did not make the subscriptions complained of, are not responsible for them, and have only the unpleasant duty upon their shoulders of meeting and providing for the burdens imposed by their predecessors. That they have taken the only course left open for them, in a day of impending calamity, is, we submit, no just cause of reproach.

We know very well, and just as well as "Justice" does, the full amount of the load that will fall upon the tax-payers from the inability of the railroads to pay the interest on the municipal subscriptions to their stock. It is not a question of *how much* shall we have to pay! but, *shall we pay it at all?* and in meeting this question our decision must have reference to the principles involved, and not the amount.

We know that "Justice" is one of those who think that the city is not legally bound to provide for this railroad debt; but would he have the Councils, with the interests and credit of the city in their keeping, anticipate a legal decision of that question, and cast the stigma of repudiation upon our municipal name? So far as the record goes, the faith, credit and revenues of the city have been pledged for the payment of this debt; if the Courts relieve them from the responsibility which the record imposes, well and good; but until that is done it seems to us they but follow the stern line of duty in invoking the necessary legislative aid to meet responsibilities which previous legislation authorized the city to assume.

A DOUGHFACE DESCRIBED.—The Pittsburgh *Post* says:

"Abolition papers keep urging that the only question before the country, the only issue in the Presidential campaign, is the question of 'slavery extension.' It is a falsehood, as every sensible man knows."

The best comment on the above is the following from the New Orleans *Bulletin*, which exhibits the skill of a professional limner, in drawing the portrait of the Northern Doughface:

"The man is as blind as a bat, and hopelessly stupid, who does not see that there is one overshadowing question which *overwhelms and swallows up all other secondary issues;—the fundamental and vital question of Slavery.* Blink it is as we may, complicate or confuse it as much as possible, the fact cannot be disguised, that *Slavery is the one real element of party divisions*, and to organize a party with the expectation that the members of it North and South would unite and harmonize upon this main point of dispute, is only short of *moon-struck madness.*"

HOW IT STRIKES A STRANGER.—One of the editors of the *Baltimore Patriot* on a visit to the West for the first time thus speaks of Pittsburgh, in a letter dated from this city:

"Pittsburgh goes beyond my expectation. It has a through business appearance, contains many superb public buildings, with neat, well-built stores, and handsome residences. It resembles Charleston, South Carolina, in architectural appearance, and Boston in commercial characteristics, more than any city I have seen. Blackness—I might almost say 'blackness of darkness'—is a prevailing feature here. That everlasting smoke from bituminous coal falls and settles upon everything, and yet is forever ascending."

MR. WEBSTER'S OPINION.—The *Pennsylvanian*, in order to propitiate the South to favor Mr. Buchanan's pretensions to the Presidency, takes the ground that "Slavery is a National, and not Local institution, and may exist anywhere within our limits, *unless prescribed by municipal law.*"

Now Daniel Webster in his day was supposed to know something of Constitutional law. If the *Pennsylvanian* will turn to page 309 of the fifth volume of his works, it will find the following opinion of Mr. Webster on this subject:

"It will not be contended that this sort of personal slavery exists by general law. It exists only by local law. I do not mean to deny the validity of that local law where it is established; but I say it is, after all, local law. It is nothing more. And wherever that local law does not extend, property in persons does not exist. Well, Sir, what is now the demand on the part of our Southern friends? They say, 'We will carry our local laws with us wherever we go. We insist that Congress does us injustice unless it establishes in the territories in which we wish to go on our local law.' This demand, I for one resist, and shall resist. It goes upon the idea that there is an inequality, unless persons under this local law, and holding property by authority of that law, can go into new territories, and there establish that local law to the exclusion of the general law. Mr. President, it was a maxim of the civil law, that, between slavery and freedom, freedom should always be presumed, and slavery must always be proved. If any question arose as to the *status* of an individual in Rome—he was presumed to be free until he was proved to be a slave, because slavery is an exception to the general rule. Such, I suppose, is the general law of mankind. An individual is to be presumed to be free, until a law can be produced which creates ownership in his person. I do not dispute the force and validity of the local law, as I have already said; but I say, it is a matter to be proved; and, therefore, if individuals go into any part of the earth, it is to be proved that they are not freemen, or else the presumption is that they are."

That is our position precisely, and it is the position of the Republican party, as we understand it. It is the true doctrine; the only doctrine that can give peace on this slavery question. If it be true, as the *Pennsylvanian* says, that "slavery is a national not a local institution," the nation has jurisdiction over it, and complete jurisdiction. We know of no doctrine that would suit radical abolitionists better. It is madness for the South to give it countenance.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge.—Another medical witness.—It is no small evidence of the intrinsic value of this great Vermifuge, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its triumphant success in expelling worms. Read the following:

HARMONSVILLE, Shelby Co., Ky., April 2, 1852.

J. Kidd & Co.—I am a practising physician, residing permanently in this place. In the year 1843, when a resident of the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. At some more leisure moment I will send you the result of an experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of 900 worms. L. CARTER, M. D.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and Canada.

For sale by the sole proprietors,
ap22d&4wS FLEMING BROTHERS.

Trusses—Dr. Geo. H. Keyser, Truss and Brace Establishment, No. 140 Wood st., corner of Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa., Importer of the French Trusses, combining *extreme lightness*, ease and durability, with correct construction.

Hernial or Ruptured Patients can be suited by remitting amounts as below—Sending number of inches round the hips, and stating the side affected.

Cost of Single Truss, $2, $3, $4, $5. Double, $6, $8, $3, $10.

Instructions as to wear, and how to effect a cure, when possible, sent with the Truss.

Also for sale, in great variety, Banning's improved Patent Body Brace, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri spine, Props and Supporters, Patent Shoulder Braces, Chest Expanders and Erector Braces, adapted to all ages, stoop shoulders and weak lungs, English Elastic Abdominal Belts, Suspensories. Dr. KEYSER is also prepared to fit Marshe's Radical Cure Braces, double or single, price of single Radical Cure Truss from $3 to $10.

Also for sale, Gum Elastic Stockings, for broken and varicose veins.

Syringes, male and female, in every variety.

Dr. Keyser would state to persons in want of Braces that he can often send to suit the patient by writing; but in most cases it would be better to see the patient and apply the Truss personally. Address

GEORGE H. KEYSER,
No. 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh.
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Christadoro's Excelsior Fluid Hair Dye, No 6 Astor House.—The claims of this extraordinary article to public estimation, are not based upon the time honored puffs of quack nostrums, but upon its intrinsic merits. It is now generally known that it has been before the world. It is comparatively a new preparation, founded on new discoveries in Chemistry, and it has inaugurated a new era in Hair Dyeing. What are its recommendations!

1st—It changes the Hair of any obnoxious color to nature's black or brown in five minutes.

2d—It unshrinks the Hair, and nourishes instead of burning it.

3d—It is pronounced by eminent Chemists the only safe Hair Dye known.

4th—It is impossible to name an instance of its failure.

5th—It has the widest popularity ever yet accorded to a similar preparation.

For the establishment of these assertions by proofs, see the testimony of CELEBRITIES. No. 6 Astor House, where it is manufactured, sold, and applied privately. Price per small box, $1; large box, $1.50.

Sold Wholesale and Retail at the Drugstore of Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., sign of the Golden Mortar.
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Dalley's Genuine Pain Extractor.

Its friends are the Million—and intelligent! Its enemies, the ignorant—the blotted—the selfish—and a criminal counterfeiter!

The honest and unsuspecting are imposed on by the latter, who callously endangers the lives of the confiding, for the mere sake of paltry gain! I leave it to a discerning public to judge! It is, when the punishment of the wretch deserves, who could inflict pain and suffering, and hazard the life of a fellow creature, for the mere sake of benefitting his own pocket.

The great and principal characteristics of DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR consist:

1st. Of its never failing and unique property, as soon as applied to any external injury, to CEASE INFLAMMATION instantly, and rapidly to REDUCE it. This feature constitutes its great power to relieve the pain of burns and scalds; and of other painful diseases, is so incredibly short a space of time, and so still, these facts can be testified to by hundreds in this city. Every intelligent mind is fully aware that, in all cases of external injury, the pain is occasioned by inflammation of the injured parts, and, therefore if you remove the cause, the effect must cease.

2d. Its purgative properties neutralize the poisons that may lurk in the system, and will when applied to the sores, draw rapidly all impure matter to the surface, and (just in the same great discharge it produces from sores occasioned by burns—and when applied to old and inveterate sores, Tetter Salt Rheum, or other cutaneous diseases.

Sold in Pittsburgh by GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.
ap22d&w1m

Hair Dye—It makes no difference how grey or red, or rusty the hair or whiskers may be; nor how much they may have been injured by bad dyes. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE will make the a beautiful and lively black or brown without the least injury. And will never fade or turn rusty. WARRANTED. Made and sold, or applied, (in nine private rooms) at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 233 Broadway, New York. None genuine except Wm. A. Batchelor is on the label.

For sale by all druggists in Pittsburgh, by GEORGE H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.
ap19,3w&d&w3

Rumor,—It is often said in regard to humors of various kinds: "O they were inherited, they cannot be cured;" there never was a more unwise saying uttered, or one more destitute of truth, for Kennedy's Medical Discovery will cure any humor, whether it is inherited or not, has been introduced to the system since the birth of the individual. This medicine does not say to the humor how long have you remained in this person's blood! but proceeds at once to elect it from the system and thoroughly purify the blood. Thomas Felton, Esq., of Cambridge, after suffering in the most excruciating manner for 20 years with the Salt Rheum, was cured by using 2 bottles of the Discovery. Hear this and be convinced.

Sold by DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, wholesale agent. JAMES P. FLEMING, Allegheny, year.
ap22d&w1m

From a Graduate of Philadelphia College of Medicine—This is to say that I have been using in my practice, for the last 4 years, the Celebrated White Circassian Liniment, as prepared by Dr. I. Scott & Co., and believe it to be the most efficient of any in use.

J. M. LAZZELL, M. D.

Blacksville, Va., Sept. 10, 1855.

Dr M'Lane's Improved Liver Pills and improved Vermifuge, also Dr. I. Scott's Celebrated White Circassian Liniment, prepared solely under the supervision of Dr. I. Scott, a Regular Medical Graduate and Physician of extensive practice.

None genuine only as prepared by Dr. I. Scott & Co., sole Proprietors, Bank Place, Morgantown, Va. Dr. M'Lane's Improved Liver Pills and Improved Vermifuge accompanied by certificate of C. McLane.

All the above Medicines for sale by
Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER 140 Wood street, Wholesale agent
JAS. P. FLEMING, Allegheny, near R. R. Depot, Whole sale agent.

Scrofula, Effects of Mercury, Consumption, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Affections of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Debility of the General System in both Males and Females, &c.

SCROFULA and Genital Weakness will cause, in one and other chronic diseases, unless cured Dr. HEATH, No. 850 Broadway, New York, devotes his whole time to curing these and all chronic affections. He invites the afflicted to call, especially those who have received no benefit from previous treatment by other physicians.

We were cured by Dr. Heath—Marcus Colburn, 423 Broadway; J. C. Bevers, Jane Laughton; R. P. Banker and child (blindness), M. O. Chapple (deafness). F. Stebbins S. W. Rice and wife, &c.

Dr. Heath is an honorable and skilful physician and surgeon—L. Green, M. D., J. A. Smith, M. D., J. K. Snell, M. D., Hon. A. Loomis, Hon. George Petrie, Hon. N. S. Benton, Auditor State of New York, Hon. Judge Capron, City Judge, New York.

Patients at a distance can consult the doctor by letter, stating their case fully, and receive advice, and all the necessary remedies, by mail or express, thereby obviating the necessity of a personal visit. His introductory work, with illustrative engravings, will be sent free to any address.

N. B.—On the first of May Dr. Heath will move to 101 Spring street, opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel.
ap21ly&dr

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,
86 Fourth st. near Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Buggy, Carriage, Riding, Drovers' AND
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THONGS AND SWITCHES,

Keep constantly on hand, received direct from their factory, New York Co., Pa., a full and varied assortment of Whips, Thongs, Switches, Lunkers, Wagon Whips, Drover Whips, Dray Whips, Plasterers Scouts and Ready Whips, Carriage and Cab Whips, Stage Stocks and Lashes, &c., &c.

☞ *New styles of Whips promptly furnished to order.*

☞ Orders from the trade are solicited and promptly shipped per instruction.

☞ *ALL WORK WARRANTED.* ☜
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To Whom It May Concern!

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH,

Having just returned from Europe would announce to his patients, and others, in Western Pennsylvania, that he will visit PITTSBURGH early in the ensuing month, and that those wishing to avail themselves of his system of treating

Throat and Pulmonary Diseases,

MORE PARTICULARLY

CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA AND **CHRONIC BRONCHITIS,**

By Medicinal Inhalations, Mechanical and Constitutional Remedies,

Will thus have an opportunity so to do.

DR. FITCH will remain in PITTSBURGH from Thursday Morning, April 3d, to Saturday Evening, May 10th.

During which time he may be consulted daily (*Sabbath excepted*) from the hours of TEN to FOUR, at his Rooms at the

ST. CLAIR HOTEL,
corner Penn and St. Clair sts.

Entrance to Rooms on Penn Street.

For all forms of incipient or sealed Disease of the Lungs, and for all derangements of the system preceding or giving rise to Pulmonary Disease, particularly

Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Female Complaints.

Persons wishing to consult, but unable to visit Dr. Fitch, can do so by sending him a written statement of their case, to which a prompt answer will be returned, giving opinion of case and stating expense of treatment. *A Perfect Remediation always Performs.*

DR. FITCH'S associate, DR. J. W. SYKES, will be with, to assist him, during the four last weeks of his appointment. It is desirable that persons wishing his treatment should consult him early, that he may have them in charge as far as possible.

Dr. CALVIN M. FITCH wishes it expressly understood that he has no longer any business connection with Dr. S. S. FITCH, and would call attention to the card which he found himself called upon to publish immediately on his return from Europe. mh22d4w2m&T

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.—This invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.

It moderates all excess, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These Pills should be used two or three weeks previous to confinement; they fortify the constitution, and lessen the suffering during labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with easy to herself and child.

In all cases of Nervousness and Spinal Affections, pain in the Back and Limbs, Hasviness, Fatigue on Slight Exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any other mineral.

Full directions accompanying each package. Price, in the United States and Canada, One Dollar.

Sole Agents for the country,

L. G. BALDWIN & Co., Rochester, N. Y.

TUTTLE & MOSER, Auburn, N. Y., General Agents.

N. B.—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle of these Pills by return mail.

For sale in Pittsburgh, by FLEMING BROS, corner of Wood and Fourth sts.; JOS. ABEL, corner Fourth and Smithfield sts.; JOS. FLEMING, corner Diamond and Market street, and Druggists generally. de24-1ydawSwT

The only Medal Awarded by the New York Exhibition to the English or foreign Saute Manufacturers has been obtained, amongst numerous competitors, by LEA & PERRINS, for their

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

whereby further testimony is afforded of its being the best Sauce extant.

The celebrity of this Sauce has extended to every quarter of the globe, and its efficacy in promoting the general health is becoming daily more observed and acknowledged.

In the United States it is held to be the most agreeable condiment, and to esteemed for its tonic and invigorating properties, its habitual use enabling the stomach to digest the food.

On the Continent of Europe, these qualities have been testified to by a gentleman, who writes to LEA & PERRINS thus: "I have carried a bottle of your Worcestershire Sauce in a tour I have just completed through Spain and Portugal, and believe I owe my present state of health to its use; your Sauce is stomachic, and I think medicinal. I can with truth say there is nothing in a traveler's baggage so essential to his comfort, at least in these countries, as your Sauce.

In India, also, where it is found at the mess of every regiment, a medical gentleman writes from Madras to his brother in the same profession at Worcester, in the following terms: "Tell Lea & Perrins that their sauce is highly approved in India, and that it is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce made."

This sauce is suitable for every variety of dish, and the universal demand which its excellence has created has led to many imitations being offered to the public, under a variety of names, but the genuine may be known by the names of "LEA & PERRINS" being impressed upon the patent metallic capsules, or patent glass stopper of the bottle, as well as the labels and wrapper.

Sole Agents for the United States,

JOHN DUNCAN & SONS,
402 Broadway, New York.

The Satisfactory Remedy.—From all parts of the country, north and south, the proprietors are almost daily in receipt of such flattering testimonials as the following, relative to B. A. Fahnestock's unequaled Vermifuge:

GREENSBOROUGH, Ala., April 18th, 1854.

MESSRS. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.—I have been selling your Vermifuge in this place for 3 years, and it gives me pleasure to state, for the info. mation of the trade and of the public, that it has been, so far as I know, one of the most satisfactory remedies in the market, and one of the most valable medicines we have. I have also personal knowledge of its good effects in numerous cases under the treatment of our physicians, all of whom use it regularly, and always found it to be safe and reliable as a vermifuge. I can recommend it as one of the safest and best in the market. A. STOLLENWERCK.

Prepared and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., corner of Wood and First sts., Pittsburgh. mh27,1&w1

Pure Cod Liver Oil—Every bottle warranted to be pure Cod Liver Oil.

For the cure of Rheumatism.
For the cure of Scrofula.
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For the cure of Tetter.
For the cure of all Skin Diseases.
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For the cure of Glandular Swelling.
For the cure of Gravel in the Bones.
For the cure of Pulmonary Consumption.
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For the cure of Disease of the Bladder and Kidneys.
For the cure of Constitutional Weakness and General Debility.

Sold by the quart, gallon and in bottles by the dozen or single bottle; every bottle warranted pure Cod Liver Oil, at the Wholesale Druggistore of Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., sign of the Golden Mortar. ap15 d&w7

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On and after Monday, 24th inst. Passenger Trains will run daily, except Sundays, as follows:

Leaves Pittsburgh for Crestline at 7½ A. M. and 3 P M.

Leaves Crestline for Pittsburgh at 5 A M and 12.50 P.M.

These trains all make close connections at Crestline with trains for Columbus, Dayton, Cincinnati, Richmond, Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis and all points on roads extending West and South-west through Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

The 7½ A M Train from Pittsburgh connects at Mansfield with Trains on Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark road, for Sandusky, Toledo and Calamgo; also, close connections are made at Alliance with Trains on Cleveland and Pittsburgh Road for Cleveland, Chicago, Dunkirk and Buffalo.

Through Tickets are sold to Columbus, Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Bellefontaine Chicago, Rock Island, Iowa City, Dunleith, Milwaukie, Cairo, Springfield, Ill, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves New Brighton for Pittsburgh at 7 A. M., and 1½ P. M. Leaves Pittsburgh for New Brighton at 9½ A. M., and 6½ P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

A. T. JOHNSON,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House,
Or at the Federal street Station.
GEORGE PARRIN, Ticket Agent.
No. 100 N. Third street, Philadelphia.
J. KELLY, Passenger Agent.

Pittsburgh, March 24, 1856.

NEW YORK, June 15th, 1855.

New York & Liverpool Line of Packets.

MR. JOHN THOMPSON, No. 410 Liberty st., Pittsburgh, Pa., is the only person in the above city authorized to sell Passage Certificates for my Line of New York and Liverpool Packets.

CORNELIUS GRINNELL,
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January 1 1855d&w3m

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As a remedy for Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Gout, Rheumatism, General Debility, and all Scrofulous Affections, it stands unrivalled, effecting a cure or alleviating suffering when other medicines have failed.

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Removal.

THE MERCANTILE AGENCY, 59 Fifth st., Masonic Hall will remove on the 14th inst. to the corner of Wood and Fifth sts., over the Banking house of R. Patrick & Co.

See our advertisement below.

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PITTSBURGH.
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