GAZETTE—CITY DEPARTMENT.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1856.

Kansas Aid Association.

President—GEORGE W. JACKSON.
Rec. Secretary—R. H. RIDDLE.
Cor. Secretary—EDWARD J. ALLEN:

Those having business with the Society, or desiring information concerning it, apply to either of the above named persons in person or by mail. Office at the Recorder's, Fourth street, near Smithfield.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER, SESSIONS, &c.—Judge M'Clure and Associates on the Bench.

The seduction case was brought to a conclusion yesterday morning. At the opening of the Court, Mr. Swartzwelder closed to the Jury upon the part of the Commonwealth. Judge McClure charged, and the Jury retired about 11 o'clock. The following cases were then taken up:

Alexander Kydd, one of the three indicted at the October Sessions for riot, of whom two, Samuel Iggleson and William McCoy, were tried and convicted, was arraigned for trial on that charge. Kydd left the city, but was arrested during the winter in Iowa, and brought back to this city. The indictment set forth that Kydd, with these others named, attacked the residence of Rebecca Lytle, situate in Locktown, below the first lock on the Monongahela, and broke the doors, furniture, battered the house with stones and clubs, and knocked Mrs. Lytle down. This happened on the night of the 12th of April, 1855. The prosecutrix could not swear that Kydd did any overt act, though he was present all the time.

The defence called several witnesses to prove the good character of the defendant. The Jury returned a verdict of acquittal without leaving the box.

The defendant was also charged with Iggleson and McCoy with riot, upon oath of Mr. Thompson, a part of the transaction of the night of the 12th of April. The Prosecuting Attorney stated that he wished the trial on this indictment continued, to which the counsel for Kydd objected, demanding his discharge, as this was the second continuance. The Court refused, and fixed the bail at $200, which the defendant gave.

Peter Conley was acquitted of a charge of larceny made by Matthew Seller. The prisoner was discharged.

John Dunne was arraigned for the larceny of $40 from his employer, a man named Reilly.—During the progress of the trial, the Jury came in with

A VERDICT IN THE SEDUCTION CASE!—The Jury in the case of Greatrake, charged with the seduction of Miss Mary S. Murray, came into Court at ten minutes after three o'clock, P. M., with a verdict.

The Court-room was soon crowded, and the verdict, *Guilty of Seduction* in manner and form as he stands indicted, but recommended to the mercy of the Court, was listened to, as it was read as recorded by the Clerk, with intense interest.

The defendant, William A. Greatrake, desired to make a statement to the Court, but the Court said that he had been convicted by a Jury, and after a Jury found a man guilty they would not allow him to go at large—but he should be treated with becoming respect. "Sheriff, the prisoner is in your custody."

Though rather pale, the prisoner preserved his self-possession, and left the Court-room without remark. He has the sympathies of many, while at the same time there is the strongest feeling against him among those who have no acquaintance with him. As this is the first conviction under the Sullivan statute in this County, we believe, the case was invested with more interest than it would otherwise. The penalty prescribed therein is very severe, being in the words of the statute, to

"Pay a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars at the discretion of the Court, and further to undergo solitary confinement at hard labor in the proper penitentiary for a period of not less than one year nor longer than three years at the discretion of the Court. Provided that in lieu of the imprisonment in the penitentiary the court may if the circumstances of the case are mitigated, sentence to the imprisonment in the county jail."

The Dunne case was resumed and occupied the rest of the afternoon.

DEATH OF CAPT. DUNNING M'NAIR FOSTER.—At a special meeting of the Pittsburgh Marine Association, held April 3d, it was on motion ordered that a committee of three persons be appointed by the chair to prepare an expression of the sense of this Association in regard to the death of Capt. D. M'Nair Foster.

The chair appointed Capt. David Holmes, Capt. R. J. Grace and Wm. Harvey Allen, Esq., said committee, who reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, and copies of the same ordered to be communicated to the family of the deceased, and to the press for publication.

Whereas, by a recent bereavement, that solemnly admonishes us that in all time

"*Our* hearts, though stout and brave,
Still like muffled drums are beating
Funeral marches to the grave,"

has been severed by death the ties subsisting between the late Capt. Dunning M'Nair Foster and this association, to them perhaps as a body, from mere community of interest and similarity of life pursuit merely, but to some of us sanctified by the memories of boyhood, extending far backward to the very morning of our life, therefore

Resolved, That though regretting that at so untimely a period—at so young an age, with life's fruition yet to be realized,

"In the silent sea of death
His star of life went down,"

we are not permitted to murmur or rebel against the inscrutable decrees, however dread, of Him "who doeth all things well," but there remaineth a holier duty, to emulate and commend to others the example afforded to us in the "living life" of our deceased friend, whose best epitaph is graven in the hearts of his friends.

Resolved, That we reciprocally feel with and condole with those "nearer and dearer" to him in the deep sorrow and dark shadow now over clouding them, and as consolation is best afforded to the mourner in the contemplation of the living virtues of the loved dead, we do bear this spontaneous and fervent testimony to the worth that has gone to its reward, for "honor and truth and excellence were attributes of him," and when he died

"They gave the grave a noble heart,
And goodness to the dust."

Resolved, That as a mark of respect and sorrow for the departed deceased, all the boats now lying in port are respectfully requested to hoist their flags at half mast.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished to the bereaved family, and the proceedings of this meeting published.

CAPT. W. W. MARTIN, Pres't.
J. B. Livingston, Sec'ty.

PRISON DISCIPLINE AND REFORM SOCIETY OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.—At an adjourned meeting of the friends of Benevolent Enterprise, embracing members of the various Evangelical churches, held in the city of Pittsburgh, on the 28th of March, 1856, a Preamble and Constitution were adopted, unanimously. Rev. D. H. Riddle, D. D., was chosen President, Rev. Matthew Simpson, D. D., first Vice President, and Rev. John G. Brown, Secretary.

The object of the association is stated in the following extract from the constitution:

Article Second. The object of the Society shall be the improvement of Public Prisons and their inmates; the alleviation of the sufferings of prisoners, so far as it may be done without defeating the ends of public justice; the support and encouragement of reformed convicts, after their discharge, by affording them the means of obtaining an honest livelihood, and encouraging and sustaining them in their efforts at reform; and also the reformation of any other class of our fellow-creatures, whom we may discover to be abandoned and degraded.

WESTERN THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.—We are happy to learn that among the many tokens of favor which have been shown to this Institution since the destruction of its edifice by fire, there has been the donation of a rare and valuable cabinet of minerals by Thomas McConnell, Esq., a highly esteemed member of the Pittsburgh Bar. This cabinet comprises over a thousand specimens, carefully selected from various parts of the world.

The cabinet has been carefully and scientifically arranged in cases, in the Seminary edifice, under the supervision of Professor Martin, of Washington College.

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE.—It will be recollected that this long established institution has at the head of the Book-keeping department, one of the best practical accountants in the United States—a distinguished author, an able lecturer, and an experienced teacher. At the head of the writing department, Mr. J. D. Williams is equally prominent as a teacher of penmanship. In selecting teachers for these, the highest and most important of all branches of a commercial man's education, we would say always go to the best, never waste time with inferior teachers, for the trifling difference in the expense.

ACCIDENT ON THE CENTRAL ROAD.—The mail train due here at noon yesterday, ran off the track at the Tunnel, near Greensburgh, by which accident there was a delay of four hours. There was nobody hurt.

—We have just learned that on Thursday an engineer was killed and several persons injured by the upsetting of a locomotive, near Johnstown. We could gather no particulars.

TEACHERS' NORMAL INSTITUTE.—Our readers who are interested will bear in mind that the second term of the Institute opens this morning at 9 o'clock, in the rooms of the Iron City College, opposite the Post Office, entrance on Fifth street. This Institute will be conducted by B. M. Kerr, County Superintendent, Prof. Thompson and Profs. Dean and Dickson, of the Central High School.

DISTRICT COURT.—Judge Hampton on the Bench.

The action of ejectment, McCasken and others vs. Cunningham and others, reported yesterday, was decided by a verdict for defendant.

Wibel et al vs. Thompson; No. 167 April term, 1855. On motion of A. M. Brown, Esq., and affidavit filed, rule on part of defendant to take the deposition of William Cole, a going witness, on three hours' notice.

The Railroad case, County vs. Penn's R. R. Co., which was interrupted by the Jury going to Altoona, was resumed yesterday. The Jury retired, whereupon the court adjourned.

A NEW CHURCH.—The congregation worshipping in Excelsior Hall, Allegheny, held a meeting on Thursday night, relative to the purchase of ground for a church edifice. The majority decided in favor of purchasing the lot on the corner of Sandusky street and Water Lane,—fronting one hundred and twenty feet on each street. Mr. Schenley, the owner, offers to donate $500 towards the completion of the church if this lot be purchased.

ELIGIBLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—An elegant brick building, situated on North Canal street, Fourth Ward, Allegheny, is offered for sale.—The house is comparatively new, large, and supplied with water improvements. Further information may be obtained of Messrs. Hussey & Wells, Liberty street.

A DIFFICULTY.—A serious difficulty exists between the Professors of the Westminster College, New Wilmington, Pa., and the Students, arising out of the refusal of the Faculty to permit the contest of the Literary Societies to be held after night. A number of lady Students were suspended.

A very large stock of rich and elegant English and American Carpets will be sold on Thursday next by Mr. Davis, Auctioneer. Place of sale will be announced on Monday. See advertisement.

THE BOARD OF TRADE met yesterday afternoon. The prominent subject was the reduction of expenses.

A FRESHET.—The Allegheny rose very rapidly yesterday, and floated off a large quantity of ice.

TOTAL ECLIPSE.—There will be a total eclipse of the sun to-day, visible in—Australia.

THE COURTS will be in session to-day for arguments, motions, &c.

[From the Boston Saturday Evening Gazette.]

A Perfumed Breath.—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers*" as a dentrifice would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Four a single drop of the "Balm" on your tooth brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers*." It will remove tan, pimples, and freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseate hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving-brush in milk-warm or cold water; pour on two or three drops of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," rub the beard well and it will make a beautiful soft lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only fifty Cents.

Prepared only by FETRIDGE & CO., Proprietors, New York.
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Agents for Pittsburgh.
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TELEGRAPHIC

Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA.

NEW YORK, April 4.

The steamship Asia has arrived from Liverpool with dates to Saturday 22d of March, on which day at 10 o'clock A. M. she left Liverpool. She brings 48 passengers. The steamship Arago from New York had arrived at Southampton.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—The Broker's circular reports the sales for 5 days at 82,000 bales, to-day being holiday. Lower qualities had declined 1-16; fair qualities are scarce and have somewhat improved. The market is otherwise unchanged. Sales to exporters 1600 and to speculators 2500 bales; New Orleans middling 5¾d; fair 6¾d; upland middling 5 13-16d; fair 6¼d.

Accounts from Manchester represents the market as dull. Wheat is unsettled and prices considerably lower; flour and prices favorable generally unchanged; Western Canal 31s@32s; Ohio 36s@36s 6d; corn declined 1s with sales at 31s@31s 6d closing dull. Provision market unchanged and steady. Lard quiet at 54@55s.

The Bank of England has reduced its rate of interest to the uniform rate of six per cent.—Consols for money quoted at 92½@92¾.

There is no English news of importance. The King of Belgium was a guest of the Queen at Windsor.

No business was done in London or Liverpool on the 21st as it was Good Friday.

Mr. Buchanan introduced his successor, Mr. Dallas, to the Diplomatic corps on the 17th, and transferred to him the charge of the Embassy. In the afternoon he went to Paris whence he was to return on Friday. He would probably take passage in the steamer of April 16th or 19 for America.

FRANCE.—A despatch from Paris, dated Friday, March 21st, says that the Empress and Imperial Prince are both doing well.

The Prussian Representatives took their seats in the Paris conference at the tenth meeting.—The business Conference was understood to be closed. A committee of one representative from each of the Powers was engaged in drawing up a formal treaty of peace.

TURKEY.—Advices from Constantinople of the 13th, say that Omar Pasha had arrived there.—There had been great mortality among the French Troops in the Crimea. Gen. Ludos had ordered all Russian officers who were on furlough to return to duty.

The news of an armstice had produced a profound sensation of joy in the armies.

Along the shores of the Sea of Azoff, business had become suddenly active.

Generals Randon, Canrobert and Bosquet, have been made Marshals of France.

HAVAN, 19th.—Cotton quiet, after the Asia's advices. The sales of the week were 19,500 bales tree ordinaire at 92. Flour quoted at 42f. 50c. to 50f. 48c. Provisions unchanged. Carolina Rice steady and firm. Lard 73 to 76, duty paid. Sugar was dearer.

SPAIN.—Advices from Spain report great alarm in consequence of a new Carlist conspiracy. The government has been warned of it.—The French frontiers are closely watched.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 4.

SENATE.—Mr. Seward gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill supplementary to the copy right law of 1831. The Senate then took up the bill making an extra allowance to George P. Marsh for diplomatic services on special mission to Greece.

After debate the bill appropriating $300,000 for restoring and maintaining peaceable Indian Tribes on the Pacific coast was postponed and that appropriating $120,000 for the purchase of gunpowder was passed.

Mr. Collamer resumed his remarks on Kansas affairs and contended that the Missourians went into the territory to control the elections, fearing the free State men would triumph unless they interposed. He believed that more than 5000 illegal votes were cast, and that the inhabitants were driven from the polls, not being permitted to vote in some districts. As to the abrogation of the Missouri Compromise, though it was rather hard, the North having made a bargain which they were not very well satisfied with but, which they were content to abide by for the sake of good faith, should now lose the little advantage they derived from it. He presumed gentlemen were familiar with the story of the Vicar of Wakefield and remembered how Moses traded his horse for a lot of green spectacles with shagreen cases. He did not suppose the Vicar was proud of that bargain, but he had never heard that the horse jockey after trading up his horse had come back to demand his green spectacles again. (laughter.)

Mr. Douglass replied to some of Mr. Collamer's criticisms on the majority report, maintaining that it was the purpose of the Free State men in Kansas to resist the Federal Government of their application to be admitted as a State was rejected. They had given notice that unless they were admitted they would resist to a bloody issue and procure Sharp's Rifles, and organize the Kansas Legion with its horrible oaths for the purpose of being prepared for such resistance. Yet the Senator from Vermont omitted all these facts in his two day's speech. Mr. Douglass mentioned as a remarkable fact the first intimation of the election to take place on the 30th of March in Kansas, came by way of Boston through agents of the emigrant's aid society, showing that it was a private understaning between them and Reeder, to influence the election by sending voters from the North. He refuted the charge of invasion by the Missourians. Adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.—Mr. Evans introduced a bill to authorise and facilitate the construction of the Northern Central Pacific Railroad and Magnetic Telegraph Line, which was referred to the Select Committee on that subject. On motion of Mr. Underwood, the Committee on the Judiciary were instructed to enquire into the expediency of regulating and making uniform the right of challenging Jurors in criminal cases before the Federal Courts.

The Senate's amendments to the deficiency bill were taken up in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Smith, of Tenn., argued that the South was more conservative than the North—hence the accession of States had a tendency to strengthen the rumor. He launched into party politics, reviewing in condemnation the American organizations, particularly the latter.

Mr. Granger, prompted as he said by a stern sense of duty, discussed the question of slavery, which he argued is incompatible with the Constitution of the United States, and therefore illegal. In its spirit and express terms, that instrument repudiates slavery, and positively bars its existence. Adjourned till Monday.

PHILADELPHIA, April 4.—The boilers of the ill-fated New Jersey were examined by the U. S. Inspectors who attribute the accident to leaks in the interior, allowing a flow of water into the furnaces, and the steam generated thereby in the flues, forced open the furnace door. The flame following set fire to the wood work above the boiler. One furnace door was found open when the boiler was raised. The official report says the boiler was entirely unfit for service, having patches that were nearly burned away, and in many places the iron had been reduced to one-third its original thickness.

ST. LOUIS, April 4.—The Santa Fe Gazette of March 1st says Gen. Garland has ordered 260 troops, under Col. Chandler, to take the field early in March to invade Utis and Apache country, and demand satisfaction for robberies and murders committed by them.

The Court Martial for the trial of Major Blake and Lieut. Johnson, adjourned on the 11th.—Johnson was acquitted, but the case of Blake was postponed for hearing on account of the absence of a material witness for the defence.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The Union contains a letter from Hon. James Buchanan dated Dec. 28th, in which he declares the Missouri Compromise to be dead and gone. He asserts that the Nebraska bill is the only basis upon which the Slavery Question can be settled, and that it must be adhered to at all hazard, and in face of every storm that can be brought against it.

The letter from Mr. Buchanan was addressed to Mr. Slidell but was not intended for publication.

NEW ORLEANS, April 4.—The Mexican brig Hercules arrived at this port from Vera Cruz on the 26th with four days later intelligence, but brings no papers. She reported that the Puebla revolutionists had surrendered to the Government forces on the 22nd. No particulars were ascertained.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Official advices from Costa Rica confirm the published accounts relative to the military movements in that State and confidently predict the refusing of the people of Nicaragua against the government of Walker and the annihilation of his army.

CAIRO, Ill., April 4.—River on a stand with 8 feet—10 feet to St. Louis. Southerner from St. Louis passed to-day—also the Mason and Yorktown No. 2.

BALTIMORE, April 4.—J. L. Eggleston, transfer clerk of the State Bank at Charleston, is reported in the papers of that city as having been arrested on the charge of having issued fraudulent stock to the amount of $32,000.

PHILADELPHIA, April 4.—John R. Scott, tragedian, died in this city to-day of appoplexy.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Flour dull and a shade lower for common and inferior grades; sales of 5000 bbls. at $6,68@6,87 for common to good State and Western; $7@7,25 for extra State, $7@7,25 for low to good medium grades extra Western, and $8@10,50 for extra Gennessee and St. Louis closing dull and unsettled and nominally 1 to 2s below the above quotations. Canadian flour in limited request without change in prices, sales of 400 bbls. at $7,37@8,25 for common, superfine, to choice extra. Southern flour rules heavy. Sales 1800 bbls. at 7,37@8 for mixed to choice brands and $8 to 9 for fancy and extra; sales 150 bbls Rye flour at $4,50@$6 for fine and superfine. Corn Meal limited and unchanged. Whiskey easier with sales 300 bbls Ohio and Prison at $34@29. Wheat limited to home trade; sales 3000 bush. at $1,45@1,55 for red Southern, and $1,90@1,95 for good and prime white Canadian. Rye dull and lower, closing at $1@1,03. Barley and Barley malt scarce and firm; sales 2000 bush. latter at 1,45; sales 46,000 bush Corn at 63½@67 for inferior to good new mixed yellow and white, 70c for strictly prime, and 68½ in store for old mixed Western; sales 800 bbls. pork at $16,50@16,62 for mess, and $15,50@15,62 for prime; sales 280 bbls. Beef at 8,25@8,75 for country prime, and 9,25@10,75 for mess, and $11 to 13 for repacked Chicago, Dressed Hogs plenty and dull at 7¾. Lard lower, sales 450 at 9¾@10¾. Bacon in demand at full prices. Butter and Cheese unsettled, sales 200 prs at 7¾@7¾ for Shoulders; and 9 to 9¾ for Hams. Butter and Cheese unchanged.

CINCINNATI, April 4.—Flour dull and heavy, not much demand, some sales at $5,75 and a still lower tendency. Provisions firm. Whisky in fair demand, 500 bbls sold at 30@30½. Groceries firm, 180 hhds sugar sold at 8¼@8¾ for good fair and prime; 140 bbls molasses 43; 120 do. 40¾; 280 bags Coffee 12¾@12¾. River 10¾ feet and falling. Weather cool and damp.

PHILADELPHIA, April 4.—Transactions in pig iron have been moderate with considerable inquiries and light stocks; quotations $28 for No. 1, and $26 for No. 2 and $25 for No. 3; a sale of 3500 tons was recently made for railroad purposes, other quotations as part reported.

COMMERCIAL.

COMMITTEE OF REGISTRATION, FOR MARCH.
Geo W. CASS, V. P.—ISAIAH DICKEY, SAMUEL DUVORTE, T. B. UFFER, J. D. CAMPBELL.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE OFFICE,
Saturday Morning, April 5, 1856.

The weather is moderate, with a tendency to rain; but little has yet fallen, however. Boatmen continuue active, but we have no very large transactions to note.

FLOUR.—Receipts coming in. Prices are but little changed, but the inclination would be to an decline if there was enough offering to induce large operations. Sales on the wharf of 60 bbls. country superfine at $5,75; 23 do at Allegheny depot at $5,87; 100 bbls. "Tunnel," extra family, at $6,25 on wharf, and 75 do at $6,37; and 75 do country extra at $6,12 from store, sales of 60 bbls. super at $5,00; 70 and 32 do country extra at $5,37; 20 and 10 do extra at $6,50; 60 do super and extra at $6,00 and $6,50; 30 bbls extra family at $7,00; and 13 do at $6,62½@6,87. RYE FLOUR, a sale of 10 bbls. from store, at $3,75, to go east.

GRAIN.—no operations reported; but little offering except Oats in small lots, which is selling, at previous rates.

PROVISIONS.—No sales of moment of pork or Bacon. Sales of 160 bbls mess new beef at $15,75@$16,50, and of 80 country good old do at $5,62½. We quote Glovernsed to-day at $5,25@5,50 for old country and $6,25@6,75 for new mess. Country beef is dull, but prices are without change. We quote Hams at 9½@10c for sugar cured. Shoulders and Hams at 7½ and 8c; 5000 and 2000 do at 8 and 10; 8000 do at 8 and 10½; 10,000 lbs. Shoulders, 2,000 do sides and 7,000 do Hams at 8, 9 and 10¾, thirty days; 2000 lbs. Western Hams at 10; 20,000 lbs. city do at 11; and 4 ctrs. Shoulders at 8¾—all cash where not otherwise stated.

BULK MEAT—sales of 10,000 lbs. country Cut at 6¾, 6¾ and 7¾, cash, and 4,000 lbs. at 8¾, 6¾ and 7¾.

GILS—sales of 5 bbls. Linseed Oil at $1,00 and 24 do No. 1 at 93 cash.

BUTTER & EGGS—Butter is in steady re quest; sales of 10 bbls common roll at 21@22; 4 do at 23, and 3 do prime at 25. Eggs, sales of 6 bbls at 13.

DRIED FRUIT—sales on arrival of 40 bus Apples at $1,00 and 100 do Peaches at $1,75.

POTATOES—are ready sale at quotations; sales from first hands of 100 bus Reds, at 32, and 300 do at 33 for Reds and 50 for Nashannocks.

WHISKEY—sales of 56 bbls raw at 22; rectified, sales of 90 and 30 do. at 25, and in the retail way, sales at 27.

MESS PORK—a sale from store of 5 bbls at $16.

DRIED BEEF—a sale from store of 6 tierces at 10½, thirty days.

FIRE CLAY—a sale of 3 tons at $23.

HAY—sales at sales of 9 loads at $12@$17 ₱ ton.

ASHES—sales of 20 casks imported (not "improved," as our compositor made it yesterday) Soda Ash, at 3¾, four months.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

To what extent the conclusion of the war will influence the prices of the leading articles of produce, it would be difficult just now to determine. In regard to Provisions the indications are in favor of a decline. A large amount of Provisions will be thrown on the market, and English Governments will be thrown on the market. There is a very small portion of the Provisions now coming, shipped from this country to England, had reached its destination before the last accounts, this will probably be still about so that, when the amount now in transitu comes into market, we may look for a depression.—

Cincinnati Commercial.

CHICAGO MARKET.—Buyers are operating with extreme caution, inclined somewhat by the indifference and firmness of holders. Corn is coming in. There are but little changed, but the inclination would be to an decline if there was enough offering to induce large operations. Sales on the wharf of 60 bbls. country superfine at $5,75; 23 do at Allegheny depot at $5,87; 100 bbls. "Tunnel," extra family, at $6,25 on wharf, and 75 do at $6,37; and 75 do country extra at $6,12 from store, sales of 60 bbls. super at $5,00; 70 and 32 do country extra at $5,37; 20 and 10 do extra at $6,50; 60 do super and extra at $6,00 and $6,50; 30 bbls extra family at $7,00; and 13 do at $6,62½@6,87. RYE FLOUR, a sale of 10 bbls. from store, at $3,75, to go east.

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