PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. K. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 31, 1856.

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Republican Declaration of Principles.

ADOPTED BY THE PITTSBURGH CONVENTION.

1. We demand and shall attempt to secure the repeal of all laws which allow the introduction of slavery into territories once consecrated to freedom, and will resist by every constitutional means the existence of slavery in any of the territories of the United States.

2. We will support by every lawful means our brethren in Kansas in their constitutional and manly resistance of the usurped authority of their lawless invaders, and will give the full weight of our political power in favor of the immediate admission of Kansas to the Union as a free, sovereign, independent State.

3. Believing that the present national administration has shown itself to be weak and faithless, and that its continuance in power is identified with the progress of the slave power to national supremacy, with the extinction of freedom from the territories, and with increasing civil discord, it is a leading purpose of our organization to oppose and overthrow it.

THE WHIG CONVENTION in Philadelphia is turning out as we anticipated. The business committee reported a resolution that it was inexpedient to express any opinion upon national questions, and that the only duty of the convention was to nominate a city ticket. Mr. W. B. Reed offered as a substitute a series of six resolutions. The first sets forth that the convention being assembl ed for local purposes will not express opinions on State and National politics, except so far as may be rendered unavoidable; the second endorses the proposed Whig State Convention; the third denounces the Know Nothings; the fourth provides for the nomination of a city ticket; the fifth for the issuing of an address, and the sixth enunciates principles for the present guidance of the party—opposition to Know Nothingism, loyalty to the Union and Constitution (as they understand it, embracing all the demands of the South), opposition to the agitation of the Slavery question, and economy in public expenditures. The first and second resolutions were adopted; when the third came up, denouncing the Know Nothings, a member moved to amend by including the Democrats and Republicans in the denunciation, by 10 to 29, and the resolution was adopted. When the fourth resolution came up, which was defeated a storm broke out in the convention. We extract from the proceedings:

Mr. Randall said he would oppose the resolution, and stated that in case it was adopted he would withdraw from the convention.

Mr. Reed was opposed to nominating a ticket, and fully concurred in the remarks of Mr. Randall.

Mr. Hood said that he came to the convention as a whig, but if the party is to be sold out body and soul, he was no longer of or with it. He wanted this question met and decided.

Mr. Randall said he was certainly opposed to nominating a ticket, and, if gentlemen wished to know his wishes he would say that *he trusted that the Democratic party would be successful in May next.*

A violent personal debate here ensued, Mr. Randall leading off in favor of the motion.—He said *his intention was to vote the Democratic ticket entire at the May election,* (great confusion.)

Mr. Spicer here got the floor, and said than Mr. Randall and others had acted in a most magnanimous manner toward this convention in having refused to vote for the adoption of the resolution, which ties the members of the convention hand and foot, and now declaring that he will not vote the whig ticket. Mr. Spicer denounced such conduct in appropriate terms, and after further discussion the convention adjourned to meet on Monday next.

Mr. Randall and Mr. Reed, it will be seen, are parties to this scheme to sell out the whigs to the Democrats. It is an up-hill job, but they will probably succeed.

THE GROWTH OF PITTSBURGH.—There are some people among us who affect to believe, and others who do believe, that our city is not growing and prospering—that it is barely maintaining the position it occupied, say five or six years ago.

We have no direct means, in the absence of a census, of demonstrating the folly of this conclusion; but we have, fortunately, what serves equally as well for an index—the annual returns of the Assessor of Water Rents. This officer enumerates, yearly, the factories and productive establishments to which water is supplied by the city, and the dwellings; and to this enumeration we can safely point as affording a true criterion of the growth of the city, both in population and manufactories.

Let us take, then, the returns of this officer, as made just before the last census was taken, and as last reported. The comparison will then stand thus:

1850.		1855.	
6227	Dwelling Houses, &c.	8622	Dwelling Houses, &c.
112	Hotels, Boarding Houses, &c.	381	Hotels, Boarding Houses, &c.
126	Factories and Steam Engines.	163	Factories and Steam Engines.
6525		9171	

The population of the city in 1850 was 46,601. Taking this assessment as the basis of calculation, therefore, the population of the city proper would now be 65,568, showing an increase of about 41 per cent.

But while the city proper has been growing at this rate, the smaller municipalities surrounding it have been growing much faster. They have more room to expand, rents and property are cheaper, and it is there that mechanics and working men seek for cheap homes. For the same reasons manufactories have increased there more rapidly. And this must continue to be the case. In the lower parts of the city warehouses and factories are gradually driving the residents to seek quieter and pleasanter as well as cheaper quarters, and hence the chief growth is at the outside of the circle of which the city is the centre.

The population of the united municipalities known under the general name of Pittsburgh, was in 1850, 79,110. Taking the ascertained growth of the city proper as a basis, and allowing for the greater growth of the other portions, it is perfectly safe to put our population, in round numbers, at 120,000, and to compute the increase of the manufacturing interest at 50 per cent since 1850.

THE *Venango Citizen*, which we placed in the column of papers holding off from the support of Fillmore, desires us to place it in the list of those who repudiate that nomination. We do so cheerfully.

WE are indebted to Hon. David Ritchie for several Congressional documents of value; also to Mr. Magee, of the Pennsylvania Legislature, for legislative records and other papers.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

Monday, March 24.—Mr. M'Clintock called up Senate bill No. 555, supplementary to the Excelsior Coal and Railroad Company of Allegheny county. Negatived on third reading—yeas 12, nays 12.

Mr. Cresswell moved to reconsider the vote, which was agreed to; and the bill being again before the Senate,

Mr. M'Clintock briefly stated the purposes of the bill, when it passed finally—yeas 18, nays 8.

Senate bill No. 685, supplementary to an act to incorporate the Miller's Run and Cross Creek Valley Plank Road Company. Passed its several readings.

In the House, the House proceeded to the consideration of bill No. 554, entitled "A further supplement to an act to revise the militia system, and provide for the training of those only that are uniformed;" which bill passed finally.

The general Appropriation bill was then taken up. Several amendments were adopted, and the bill then passed finally.

Tuesday, March 25.—In SENATE, amendments by the House to Senate bill No. 410, further supplement to the act regulating the Militia system, were read and non-concurred in.

Mr. Wilkins, from the Committee of conference on Senate bill No. 84, to allow bills of exception and writs of error in criminal cases, reported that the committee had agreed to recommend the passage of the bill as it came from the House of Representatives.

The vote on the adoption of the report was then taken, and the bill was lost—yeas 15, nays 15.

House bill No. 596, supplementary to the act incorporating the Ohio River Improvement Company. Passed its several readings.

Senate bill No. 797, to incorporate the Beaver County Bank. Passed second reading—yeas 17, nays 11, and then finally.

In the House, the private calendar was taken up, and the following bills among others passed:

"Supplement to an act to incorporate the East Liberty mutual fire insurance company of Allegheny county."

"An act to lay out a State road in Allegheny and Butler counties."

"An act supplemental to the acts incorporating the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad company."

"An act to open a road in Reserve township, Allegheny county."

A BUCHANAN MEETING was held in Cincinnati, on Thursday night, which was attended by three or four hundred people. One of the resolutions contained a hit at the President, in advocating the doctrine of rotation in office, whereupon the following debate ensued:

Gen. McCormick said: Though rotation in office was a Democratic principle, he thought it highly improper to enforce it now. This meeting had been called as a Buchanan demonstration, but the object of the resolutions was evidently to secure the nomination of somebody else. There was a nigger in the wood-pile. By this rotation resolution you cut off Mr. Pierce, and who had you left? Why, Mr. Buchanan and Stephen A. Douglas. However popular Douglas might be in Illinois, he did not believe Cincinnati had fallen so low that he was the choice of the democracy here. (Hisses and applause.)

Judge Hart replied to Gen. McCormick. He said the issue was not between Buchanan and Douglas. There was CASS and Hunter, of Va., and Rusk. Douglass had a title to the respect of the democracy of the United States, (applause,) but he did not believe he would let his name be used in this canvass. He was a personal friend of his, (the Speaker's,) and he had heard him say, "I am now under a cloud," but that cloud would roll away, and the principle embodied in the Kansas Nebraska Bill would be found to be a great light (applause) to light him to the Presidency.

Gen. McCormick replied:—He was a Jeffersonian Democrat, and did not believe, with all the lights and advancements of our day, that our Little Giants had discovered principles greater than those taught by Washington, Jefferson and Jackson.

Mr. Buchanan was undoubtedly the choice of the people, but when was it that the voice of the people was listened to in Democratic Conventions? The two thirds rule is one by which a minority override and overrule the Convention. No great man is nominated, but some man who will save the little cliques of the party. Stephen A. Douglas——

Judge Hart—Stephen *Arnold* Douglas.

Gen. McCormick—Well, I don't give him that name. You are his friend, and you can call him what you please. And, by the way—talking about rotation in office—wasn't you City Solicitor once judge? (Applause.) You want to rotate in office, and rotate out, and then rotate in again. (Applause)

Nominate Stephen A. Douglas, and there are but two parties before the people: The party of Slavery, and the Party of Freedom. (*Hisses.*)

Judge Hart.—Which way would you vote?

Gen'l McCormick.—I wish to avoid such an issue, but I'm not afraid to answer. [Yells.] I'm for freedom. [Hisses throughout the Hall.]

Thus it is that the democratic party is becoming the great party of Slavery. If a man says in a democratic meeting, that in a contest between Slavery and Freedom, he will vote for Freedom, he is greeted with a storm of hisses and drummed out of the democratic party. Gen. McCormick is right; there are but two parties really before the people—the party of Slavery and the party of Freedom. The democratic party is the party of Slavery; and, in such an array, let us ask our good democratic friends who have not lost their love of the right—On which side will you be found?

HON. JOHN HICKMAN.—This gentleman, who represents the Chester and Delaware district in Congress, and who closed the debate on the Kansas contested election case in a speech on the side of freedom, remarkable for eloquence, perspicacity and force, has called down upon his head the denunciations of the democratic press for thus daring to be free. He was nominated in 1854 as a democrat, and being subsequently adopted by the Americans, he was elected. In the contest for Speaker he voted steadily for Richardson, against Banks, but would not vote for Aiken. He was assigned a prominent place on the Committee on Elections; and it was in that capacity that he first gave evidence of differing from the democratic party. He took the side of Gov. Reeder, refusing to believe that it was either republican, democratic, or fair, to permit the rabble of Missouri to control the elections in Kansas. For this one act of manliness he is cast out of the democratic party. The *Pennsylvanian* thus excommunicates him:

"The principles of the Kansas-Nebraska bill have become an integral portion of the Democratic platform; and by assailing that great and unanswerable recognition of popular sovereignty, Mr. Hickman has most certainly placed himself beyond the pale of the Democratic organization, and wedded himself to its enemies. There is not a more sound and reliable Democratic component in the State or nation, than that of Chester and Delaware counties; and we will be more than surprised, if they, for one moment, listen to or approve of the assaults he has made upon one of the most cherished and valued principles incorporated into our glorious creed, and inscribed upon our emblazoned banners."

As Mr. Hickman has simply assailed the "popular sovereignty" exercised by Missourians in Kansas, the *Pennsylvanian* herein admits that all the disgraceful acts of violence perpetrated by the borderers upon the soil of that territory have legitimately resulted from the provisions of the Kansas-Nebraska bill. The democratic party, then, we are to understand, adopts and endorses as democratic the armed invasion of Kansas and the subjugation of its free settlers for the purpose of forcing slave institutions upon them; and whoever will not subscribe to this as the embodiment of "cherished and valued principles," places himself "beyond the pale of the democratic organization." We do not know how it may be in Chester and Delaware counties; perhaps they are "sound and reliable" enough to take sides against freedom and against the rabelled and persecuted people of Kansas; but out here in the West there are many, many democrats—democrats in deed as well as in name, who will not consent to occupy a position so disgraceful.

FURTHER CONCERNING THE METROPOLIS.—We give below, from the Cincinnati papers received on Saturday night, and accounts brought by passengers on the Buckeye State on Saturday, some further particulars concerning the explosion on the Metropolis:

The Metropolis left Cosiport, where she had taken on coal, a little after five o'clock, on Thursday morning. She had gone some four or five miles when her starboard boiler exploded.

The accident is attributed (by the Cincinnati papers) to a defect in the iron in the boiler.—Two sheets in the centre were torn to atoms.—The boilers when tested at Pittsburgh stood a hydrostic test of 210 pounds, while she was only working 110 when it exploded.

The persons who stood boiler were in the forward part of the cabin and on deck in front of the boiler. The boat was not injured. The cabin floor was broken up rather badly and the wood work generally was considerably damaged. The cargo was uninjured.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says:

Capt. E. C. Haslett entered the hall a few seconds before the accident occurred. He was picked up on the lower deck near the capstan, and was so badly injured that he died in a short time.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says:

Capt. E. C. Haslett was in the wash room, over the boiler, at the time, and was almost instantly killed.

The *Chronicle* of this city says:

Capt. Haslett was sitting at the stove in the forward cabin when the explosion occurred. He was deluged with the hot water and fearfully scalded, but with a most heroic presence of mind he rushed out of the cabin, climbed down to the deck and halloed to "make her fast"—the vessel being quite near the shore, though under way. When the boiler had exploded, the steamer rounded to and was easily attached to a flat-boat.—Capt. Haslett leaped ashore, but immediately sank exhausted, and was carried on board, where every possible attention was paid him.—His injuries, however, proved fatal, and he died after five hours agony.

Mr. Roberts, young Mr. Bryan, Mr. Mets and Mr. North were also sitting near the stove when the explosion took place.

These five constitute all of the names of the killed that have been obtained. Four others were killed; names unknown, probably dock hands and deck passengers. Eleven others were scalded; but not fatally. The Cincinnati *Commercial*, says:

The remains of Capt. Haslett reached here last evening, on the Metropolitan, another new boat, (of which he was part owner,) in charge of his son, Mr. H. K. Haslett. They will be forwared to Pittsburgh this morning by express.

The bodies of Mr. Roberts and Master Bryan were to be forwarded by same train. The funeral of Capt. Haslet will take place this morning, at 10, from his late residence in Allegheny; that of Master Bryan will take place to-morrow.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says:

The greatest consternation prevailed on board the boat, and the scene that was presented by the dead, dying and wounded can be better imagined than described. The boat was landed with as little delay as possible, and every effort was made to administer to the wants of the sufferers.

The family of Mr. Jno. D. Miller were on the Metropolitan, and not the Metropolis.

THE WISCONSIN GOVERNORSHIP.—*Milwaukie*, March 27.—The Assembly, to-day, by a vote of 37 to 9, recognised Mr. Bashford as Governor. Mr. McArthur has concluded to act as Lieut. Governor.

The above dispatch we find in the eastern papers. So that scheme of fraud and violence, by which the democratic party of Wisconsin, backed by the party everywhere else, attempted to set aside the clearly expressed will of the people and force Gov. Barstow into office under forged election returns, is at an end. It would have been a farce, if it had not savored so much of rascality. Gov. Bashford deserves the thanks of every true friend of free institutions for the determined manner in which he has vindicated the purity of elections.

TREMENDOUS CROWD.—The Southerner started to St. Louis yesterday with a tremendous trip of passengers, being as full as she could stick, chiefly emigrants to Kansas, with their goods and *chattels, big niggers and little niggers*, and all their plunder. They were the hardy mountaineers, nearly all with babies in their arms.—*Louisville Courier.*

We fear that the people of the North are not as wide awake as they should be to the desperate effort now making by the South to fill up Kansas with pro-slavery emigrants. The above paragraph is an instance in point, and it indicates a very general movement of the same sort. If Kansas is saved to freedom, it must be by a large emigration from the North, at an early day. Shall the opportunity be lost?

IMPORTANT ARRANGEMENT.—We are informed that, in accordance with the general purposes expressed at the late meeting of the Ohio and Pennsylvania road, arrangements have been perfected, within few a days past, between the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Pennsylvania, the Fort Wayne and Chicago, and also with the Springfield, Mount Vernon and Pittsburgh Roads, by which the two last mentioned roads will be speedily completed.

These are important connections; both for the Pennsylvania and the Ohio & Pennsylvania road. The subject of extending aid to them was up before the board of the Pennsylvania road at its meeting in Philadelphia last week, and we are glad to hear that the necessary assistance is to be afforded.

THE LIQUOR BILL.—The Committees of Conference reported the liquor bill as modified by them to both Houses on Saturday, as we learn by telegraph, and their report was adopted in both branches. So the bill goes to the Governor. It is substantially the bill as it had previously passed the Senate.

DIED—On Thursday morning, 28th inst., JAMES M., eldest son of Rev. A. M. HAYS.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this afternoon, April 1st, from the residence of Mrs. D. Rahm, East Common, Allegheny. cho

SPECIAL NOTICES.

McLane's Vermifuge at Home.

ROB TOWNSIN, Allegheny Co., Pa.

Mr. I. Fleming Brother—This is to certify that I having purchased from J. D. Johnson, Druggist, Allegheny City, one bottle of Dr. McLane's Vermifuge, prepared by you, and gave doses of same to three of my children, between the ages of one and six years, and found to my great satisfaction that they were relieved of over Two Hundred Worms varying in length from four to ten inches. Since that time they have all enjoyed good health.

Yours, &c.,

PHILIP UNCK.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, are now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and Canada.

FLEMING BROTHERS.

Pittsburgh, Sole Proprietors.

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Christadoro's Excelsior Fluid Hair Dye,

No 6 Astor House.—The claims of this extraordinary article to public estimation, are not based upon the time that it has been before the world. It is compatatively a new preparation, founded on new discoveries in Chemistry, and it has inaugurated a new era in Hair Dyeing. What are its recommendations?

1st—It changes the Hair of any obnoxious color to nature's black or brown in five minutes.

2d—It assimilates with the Hair, and nourishes instead of burning it.

3d—It is pronounced by eminent Chemists the only safe Hair Dye known.

4th—It is impossible to name an instance of its failure.

5th—It has the widest popularity ever yet accorded to a similar preparation.

For the establishment of these assertions by proofs, see the testimony of CHRISTADORO'S, No. 6 Astor House, stating their cases fully. ☞Office hours from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

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As a remedy for Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Gout, Rheumatism, General Debility, and all Scrofulous Affections, it stands unrivalled, effecting a cure of affections setting suffering when other medicines have failed.

Sold in bottles by JOHN C. BAKER & CO., No. 150 N. Third street, Philadelphia.

And by the Druggists in Pittsburgh and elsewhere.

To Whom It May Concern!

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH,

Having just returned from Europe would announce to his patients, and others, in Western Pennsylvania, that he will visit PITTSBURGH early in the ensuing month, and that those wishing to avail themselves of his system of treating

Throat and Pulmonary Diseases,

MORE PARTICULARLY

CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA

AND

CHRONIC BRONCHITIS,

By Medicinal Inhalations, Mechanical and Constitutional Remedies,

Will thus have an opportunity so to do.

DR. FITCH will remain in PITTSBURGH from Tuesday Morning, April 3d, to Saturday Evening, May 10th,

During which time he may be consulted daily (*Sabbath excepted*) from the hours of TEN to FOUR, at his Rooms at the

ST. CLAIR HOTEL,

For all forms of incipient or seated Disease of the Lungs, and for all derangements of the system preceding or giving rise to Pulmonary Disease, particularly

Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Female Complaints.

Persons wishing to consult, but unable to visit Dr. Fitch, can do so by sending him a written statement of their case, to which a prompt answer will be returned, giving opinion of case and stating expense of treatment. *A Perfect cure guaranteed in every instance.*

DR. FITCH'S associate, DR. J. W. SYKES, will be with him, to assist him, during the four last weeks of his appointment. It is desirable that persons wishing his treatment should consult him early, that he may have them in charge as long as possible.

Dr. CALVIN M. FITCH wishes it expressly understood that he has no longer any business connection with Dr. S. R. FITCH, and would call attention to the card which he found himself called upon to publish immediately on his return from Europe. mh25:2d&w3mT

Farmers' and Mechanics' Fire & Marine INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Hon. THOS. B. FLORENCE, President.

Esw. R. HEMBOLD, Secretary.

STATEMENT OF BUSINESS.

From the First day of August to the Thirty-first day of December, 1855:

Amount received in Marine premiums		$53,342 31
do do Fire do		29,908 82
Total premiums for Five months		$103,101 81
CAPITAL		300,000 00
		$403,151 13

INVESTED AS FOLLOWS.

Bonds of Allegheny county, Pittsburgh and Pittsburgh Co's	$78,721 66
Railroad Bonds, Cost	53,400 00
Loan on First Mortgages of Real Estate	59,950 00
do on Collateral	30,334 00
Cash in Bank and on hand	11,092 22
Capital subscribed (payment not yet due)	97,000 00
Premium Notes, not matured	66,337 81
Due from Agents (secured by Bonds)	18,558 61
Expenses and Commissions	11,662 34
	$406,151 13

Total amount of Losses incurred, but not yet adjusted	1,666 66
Fire	2,000 00
Marine	$4,666 66

This Company insures hull and cargo risks on the Ohio and Mississippi tributaries. Insures against loss or damage by fire. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid after the same are ascertained.

DIRECTORS—Hon. T. M. Howe, Gen. J. K. Morehead, James Wood.

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INLAND INSURANCES,

On Goods, by River, Canals, Lakes and Land Carriages, to all parts of the Union.

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ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, Nov. 1st, 1855.

Bonds and Mortgages, and Real Estate	$101,920 94
Philadelphia City and other Loans	83,110 00
Stock in Banks, Railroads and Insurance Companies	23,000 10
Bills Receivable	166,440 07
Cash on hand	26,826 09
Balance due at Agencies—Prem. in course of transmission	30,489 98
Policies recently issued—and other debts due the Company	100,000 00
Subscription Notes	
Total amount of Assets	$517,348 06

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William Martin,	Spencer M'Ilvain,
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ef-1y

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OPPOSITE THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

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PITTSBURGH Life, Fire & Marine Insurance Company,

Office, Corner Market and Water Streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.

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This Company makes every Insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also against Hull Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss or Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

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mh8-fr

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Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c.,

Nos. 91 Second st., & 86 Third st.,

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Have on hand a variety of new patterns Fancy and Plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at shortest notice. mh8ef

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Capital—Two Million and a half of Dollars.

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mh25:2w&fr

From the Rev. H. C. Boyers, of the M. E. Church, stationed at Maysville, Kentucky:

MAYSVILLE, KY., Feb. 20, 1856.

Dr. I. Scott & Co.—Gentlemen: I feel it my duty to say to you that I have been in the habit of using the old M'Lane's Liver Pills for the last 12 years, but having recently procured a box of *McLane's Improved* Liver Pills, prepared by you—being indispposed, I took one dose, and I unhesitatingly say that your improved Pills operated more mildly, pleasantly and effectually than any Pills I have ever used. I also gave several doses to other persons, upon whom, in every instance, they had the happiest effect. H. C. BOYERS.

Note.

Dr M'Lane's Improved Liver Pills and improved Vermifuge, also Dr. I. Scott's Celebrated White Chrosatian Liniment, prepared solely under the supervision of Dr. I. Scott, a Regular Medical Graduate and Physician of extensive practice.

None genuine only as prepared by Dr. I. Scott & Co., sole Proprietors, Bank Place, Morgantown, Va. Dr. McLane's Improved Liver Pills and Improved Vermifuge accompanied by certificate of C. McLane.

All the above Medicines for sale by

Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER 140 Wood street, Wholesale agent.
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Cast Steel and Iron Gun Barrels,

SOLID BOX VICES,

Cast Steel Plated & Hammered Shovels & Spades,

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Buggy, Carriage, Riding, Drovers' AND DRAY WHIPS:

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Keep constantly on hand, received direct from their Factory, in York Co., Pa., a full and varied assortment of Whips, Thongs, Switches, London Wagon Whips, Drovers' Whips, Dray Whips, Planters' Rough and Ready Whips, Carriage and Cab Whips, Stage Stocks and Lashes, &c., &c.

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☞ *ALL WORK WARRANTED.* ☜

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mh22.

The Satisfactory Remedy.—From all

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GREENSBURGH, Ind., April 18th, 1854.

Mssrs. R. A. Fahnestock & Co.—I have been selling your Vermifuge in this place for 5 years, and take pleasure in testifying to the perfection of the trade and of the cures in stating, for the information of the public, that I have been, so far as I know, one of the most satisfactory remedies in the market, and one of the most valuable medicines we have. I have also personal knowledge of its good effects in numerous cases under the treatment of our physicians, all of whom use it regularly, and always found it to be safe and reliable as a worm vermifuge.

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For the cure of Pulmonary Consumption,

*For the cure o. Rickets