PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE

PITTSBURGH:

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Republican Declaration of Principles.

ADOPTED BY THE PITTSBURGH CONVENTION.

1. We demand and shall attempt to secure the repeal of all laws which allow the introduction of slavery into territories once consecrated to Freedom, and will resist by every constitutional means the existence of slavery in any of the territories of the United States.

2. We will support by every lawful means our brethren in Kansas in their constitutional and manly resistance to the usurped authority of their lawless invaders, and will give the full weight of our political power in favor of the immediate admission of Kansas to the Union as a free, sovereign, independent State.

3. Believing that the present national administration has abdicated itself to be weak and timid, and that its continuance in power is identified with the progress of the slave power to national supremacy, with the extinction of freedom from the territory, and with increasing civil discord, it is a leading purpose of our organization to oppose and overthrow it.

Editorial Correspondence of the Gazette.

HARRISBURGH, March 26, 1856.

Evening Session of the Convention.

The Convention assembled at 7 o'clock. After calling the roll, it being announced that the Committee on Platform was not prepared to report, Judge Jessup was called upon to address the Convention on the issues of the coming contest. He declared himself in favor of making the great issue of the campaign, that of Freedom against Slavery. He recommended the laying aside of all other issues until this one was settled. His speech was listened to with profound attention by the Convention, and I cannot doubt it made a good impression. As a Republican I could ask nothing more, and if his words of wisdom are endorsed by the Convention, there cannot be one doubt of the certainty of victory. Mr. Williamson, of Huntingdon, next addressed the Convention in a most amusing speech, which answered well for passing away the time, and kept the members in a good humor while awaiting the action of the Committee. On motion, Judge WILMOT, who was present as a spectator, was unanimously requested to address the Convention. He very respectfully declined to make a speech at present, for reasons which to his own mind were imperative; but, while he was up, and after thanking the Convention for the great favor conferred upon him, he took occasion to defend the Republican party, to which he considered it an honor to belong, from the aspersions cast upon it by the opposition. On this subject he spoke about ten minutes in a most impressive manner, and was listened to with most profound attention. I have no doubt his few words did much good. He promised to do his whole duty in the coming campaign. After the conclusion of his remarks, the Convention took a recess for half an hour.

At half past 8 o'clock the Convention came to order. Mr. Howard, of Allegheny, with the consent of the Convention, withdrew the name of Dr. GAZZAM from the contest for Canal Commissioner. Several other names were then withdrawn, for the several offices.

The Committee on Resolutions came into the Convention and made their report, through their Chairman, Mr. M'Calmont. The resolutions were read several times, and after considerable discussion, which lasted near two hours, were all finally adopted, with entire unanimity. The question then came up on the preamble, which some gentlemen from the east desired to amend. The amendment was offered by Gen. Steel, of Philadelphia, and gave rise to an exciting discussion for a short time. The amendment, although as an abstract question no person could object to it, was considered by the Republicans impolitic under the circumstances, as the public mind has been much agitated on such subjects, and does not very closely discriminate in the use of terms. The amendment carried, and the preamble as amended passed, the yeas and nays having been called twice. The Convention then adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning. The platform is as follows:

WHEREAS, The freemen of Pennsylvania, opposed to the National Administration, are divided into political organizations, holding on some questions of governmental policy divers opinions; yet it is believed that a large majority of the freemen of this State are agreed upon the momentous issues forced upon the country by the repeal of the Missouri Compromise; by the undisguised policy of the National Administration to impose, by violence and fraud, Slavery upon Kansas, contrary to the wishes of a large majority of the inhabitants; and by its unjust, illiberal and Anti-American preference in the appointment of men of foreign birth over those born upon the soil, to offices of trust and honor, as well as in the distribution of its patronage;

And WHEREAS, Agreement in principle is the only bond that can unite effectively honest men in political action: Therefore,

Resolved, That, animated by the spirit of concession, we will cordially unite in the support of the candidates to be nominated by this Convention, upon the basis of those principles upon which we are mutually agreed.

Resolved, That the present National Administration, by the exercise of an unwarrantable influence in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, at the instance of selfish and sectional politicians; by the removal of honest and competent men from offices of honor and trust, in order that their places might be filled by inefficient and corrupt partisans; by refusing to protect the freemen of Kansas in the enjoyment of the rights designed to be secured to them by the Constitution and laws of the United States—thereby showing itself powerful for mischief, but feeble in the maintenance of laws for the protection of the people and the honor of the country—has justly forfeited all claim to the confidence and respect of the people of this Commonwealth.

Resolved, That we will use all honorable means to check the evils inflicted upon the country by the unjust and sectional measures adopted by the present National Administration, brought about by the exercise of its patronage; that we are utterly opposed to the admission into the Confederacy of Slave States formed out of territory once consecrated to Freedom; and also to the extension of Slavery into any territories of the United States now free.

Resolved, That we cordially disapprove of the interference of foreign influence of every kind in our civil and political affairs; and are equally hostile to the interference of the government or people of the United States in the affairs of other nations, regarding any such interference as unwise and in conflict with the recommendation of Washington's Farewell Address, which inculcates with emphatic earnestness, the propriety of avoiding the adoption of any policy which might involve us in unprofitable and dangerous controversies with foreign nations.

Resolved, That we regard the pandering of any party to foreign influence as fraught with manifold evils to the country, threatening the stability of our institutions and endangering the morals of the people by a contact with the paupers and felons cast upon our shores from the hospitals and prisons of Europe.

Resolved, That an American liberty depends for its preservation on the intelligence of the people, universal education is the first duty of the State, and that all attempts, by whomsoever made, or from whatever quarter instigated, to destroy such a beneficent system by perverting it to sectarian purposes, or opposing its progress and extension because it is not the instrument of inculcating any particular religious creed, ought to be resisted as fraught with incalculable mischief and evil.

Resolved, That the respect and confidence of this Convention and the people of this Commonwealth are due to the present Chief Magistrate of the State and to the members of his Administration, for the integrity, purity of purpose and sterling patriotism manifested in their official conduct, and we heartily commend them to the support of every citizen who values the honor and interests of the State, and can appreciate the virtues of devoted and faithful public servants.

At this late hour, and wearied as I am, I postpone all criticism of the platform, except to remark that while it contains some things which I do not approve, which I am sorry are in it, yet it clearly and emphatically endorses the great Republican idea of opposition to the encroachments and extension of slavery. This is a great victory, and will work a mighty moral and political revolution in this great State. Under the influences of a campaign conducted on such issues, the Eastern part of the State will soon become as thoroughly imbued with the spirit of freedom, as the West now is. The members from Philadelphia, Berks and Lancaster, although cautious and coy on this question, voted for the great Republican idea unanimously, and they will also enforce it in the campaign.

The ticket, which it is now probable will be selected, is a good one, and will no doubt be endorsed by the Republican State Convention in June. D. N. W.

HARRISBURG, March 27, 1856.

The State Convention met at the Representative Chamber at 9 o'clock this morning. The first business gone into was the election of a candidate for Auditor General, which resulted as follows:

For Darwin Phelps, of Armstrong 91
" Mr. Sankey 7
" Mr. Bradford 2
" Mr. Walborn 8
" Mr. M'Conkey 3
" Mr. Foust 3
" Mr. Evans 7

Mr. Phelps was then unanimously nominated. The Convention next proceeded to vote for a candidate for Surveyor General, which resulted as follows:

For Bartholomew Laporte, of Bradford ... 88
" Wilson King 3
" Christian Myers 7
" Mr. Shedeker 6
" Mr. Snively 9
" Mr. Brown 3
" Mr. Cobean 4

The nomination was made unanimous.

The office of Canal Commissioner was taken up and resulted as follows:

For Thos. E. Cochran, of York 78
" Robt. Stitt, of Westmoreland 5
" Mr. Williamson 12
" Lloyd 4
" Martin 20

The nomination was then unanimously confirmed, with cheers.

After considerable discussion, and interchange of sentiment, it was agreed to appoint a State Executive Committee, consisting in number equal to that of the State Senators, and that the members from each Senatorial district select the member or members for their respective districts. The names of the members from Allegheny county are Thos. L. Shields and Alex. H. Miller.

A ratification resolution was offered, which gave members an opportunity of expressing their gratulations on the auspicious result of the Convention, and the prospects for the future. The resolution was unanimously passed, together with the usual complimentary resolutions, and the Convention adjourned *sine die*, with three cheers for the ticket.

Considering the distracted state of the opposition party in this State and the wide differences existing on various political principles and measures, the result has astonished the friends of the movement, and dismayed the slave Democracy.

The ticket is one of the strongest ever put in nomination in the State. Mr. COCHRAN is an old line Whig, who has resolutely stood aloof from all connection with Americanism. He is represented by his friends as Anti-Slavery in principle, and thoroughly imbued with the Republican spirit, a gentleman of ability, integrity and high character. Mr. PHELPS is a Republican American, of the Whig school, an excellent man in all respects, and very popular in the Legislature, of which he is a member. Mr. LAPORTE was an old Democrat, and is now a thorough Republican, harmonising and acting with the Republican party of Pennsylvania. He is a gentleman of the best moral character, and in every respect worthy of support. He is also a member of the Legislature.

The ticket is a good one—a strong one—and with the endorsement of the Republican State Convention, which it will undoubtedly receive, there is no reason why it should not receive the vote of the Republican party.

It is a great thing to have secured the unanimous endorsement, by a Convention representing the entire opposition element of the State, of the great Republican principle of resistance to the further extension and encroachments of slavery. We can afford to allow in the platform of a few abstractions and platitudes to which, as separated from politics, no man will except, while we have secured the substance, the only practical issue of the campaign.

The Convention was a very able one, comprising much respectability and talent, and the members separated with the best feelings, and with a resolute determination to carry the ticket, and the greater ticket to be supported in November.

It is but just, and it gives me pleasure, to say that the delegation from our county were true to the cause of freedom throughout, and acted in entire harmony. D. N. W.

THE DISASTER TO THE "METROPOLIS."—Much concern was aroused yesterday by the intelligence received by telegraph, that the Steamboat Metropolis had burst a boiler, near Pomeroy, O., killing several of her passengers and severely scalding others. The Metropolis was an entirely new boat, and left here on her first trip on Tuesday last, with a large number of passengers from this city. The fatal accident has thrown sorrow over many families in the city. Rev. Mr. BRYAN, who was on board with his family, had but a few days ago taken an affectionate leave of the large congregation of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church in this city, to which he had ministered for many years, and was on his way to Memphis, Tenn., to take charge of a congregation there. By this sad calamity he loses his eldest son. We subjoin the telegraphic accounts received yesterday.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio, March 28.

Yesterday (Thursday,) morning at 6 o'clock, the star-board boiler of the steamer Metropolis, from Pittsburgh, exploded while the boat was running by West Columbia. The vessel is considerably damaged.

Capt. R. Haslett was very badly scalded. None of the crew were injured except the Captain.

A large number of passengers from Pittsburgh were on board, among them Rev. A. M. Bryan and family. A son of Mr. Bryan's dangerously scalded.

Mr. Roberts, jeweller, of Pittsburgh, was also dangerously injured by the steam.

Five persons are missing—names not ascertained.

The following persons from Pittsburgh are safe: J. W. Galther, J. L. Marshall, H. Freaze, William Fitzgerald, J. F. Galther, R. M. Bowles, Ross W. Doyles and J. T. Hahn.

PORTSMOUTH, O., Friday 11½ A. M.

The steamer Fairy Queen has just arrived from the scene of the explosion, with the passengers of the Metropolis. She left at 2 o'clock yesterday.

Capt. Haslett, James M. Roberts and James Hans Bryan, (son of Rev. A. M. Bryan,) are dead. Five others are reported dead.

Eleven persons are severely injured. Every possible attention is given the sufferers. They will go to Cincinnati on the Fairy Queen. The bodies of the dead will be taken to Cincinnati.

The Metropolis will be towed down. She is badly disabled. Cabin demolished.

CINCINNATI, March 28.—We learn that nine persons have died from injuries received by the explosion of the steamer Metropolis. The dead are Capt. R. Haslett, J. M. Roberts, Mr. Metz, Mr. North and Mr. Bryan, three passengers whose names are unknown, and one fireman.

We learn by a private dispatch that the rest of the family of Rev. Mr. Bryan are safe.

Mr. John D. Miller and family, of South Pittsburgh, were on the Metropolis, on their way to Fort Madison, Iowa, where they intend residing.

We infer, from the absence of his name among the injured, that they are all safe.

BOOK TABLE.

"RECOLLECTIONS OF THE TABLE TALK OF THE LATE SAMUEL ROGERS. To which is added Poreniana. New York: D. Appleton & Co."

Books of table-talk and personal anecdotes have always been popular, and it seems natural that they should be so. Notwithstanding the tomdyism of Boswell, his life of Johnson has become classical because it details to us so minutely the conversation of that distinguished man. In like manner, the best biographies, or those esteemed such, are such as open to us familiarly the daily life and talk of the subjects of such memoirs. The book before us is not exactly a biography of the poet Rogers; but it is a collection of scraps of entertaining conversation gathered from his lips at various times. It has already attained popularity among literary men, both in England and on this side of the water. For sale by Gildenfenny & Co., and Miner & Co.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for February has been received by Gildenfenny & Co., and Miner & Co. It contains, as usual, many very able papers, and fully maintains the high reputation of this popular serial.

"THE CRITIC: A weekly journal of Art, Science and Literature. New York: published by Chas. E. Sold, No. 118 Nassau st., at $5 a year."

We alluded to this work when it first commenced, some five months ago. Since then it has steadily improved in its contents and its character of its criticisms, and it is now a really able journal, worthy of the support of literary men. It reviews new works and new publications with great freedom, fearlessness and ability, and these reviews are much more extended and elaborate than it is possible to find in the ordinary journals of the day. The tone of its criticisms is at once just and manly, and the liberality of extracts accompanying them is not their least merit. In general appearance it resembles the London *Athenæum*, and the literary men of this country need, and ought to support, such a work. It contains, besides its weekly critiques, a large amount of literary intelligence and gossip.

THE PENNSYLVANIA SLAVE LAW OF 1847.—The New York Evening *Post* publishes extracts in advance from the forthcoming second volume of Benton's Thirty Years in the Senate, the last of which is a history of the Slavery Agitation. We make a selection of two or three paragraphs referring to the celebrated act passed in this State in 1847. He says:

"The act of Pennsylvania, of March 34, 1847, besides repealing the slave sojournment act of 1780—(an act made in the time of Dr. Franklin, and which had been on her statute book near seventy years,) besides repealing her recent act of 1826, and besides forbidding the use of her prisons, and the intervention of her officers in the recovery of fugitive slaves—besides all this, went on to make positive enactments to prevent the exercise of the rights of re-caption of fugitive slaves, as regulated by the Act of Congress, under the clause in the constitution.

"This act made a new starting point in the anti-slavery movements North, as the resolutions of Mr. Calhoun, of the previous month, made a new starting point in the pro-slavery movements in the South. The first led to the new fugitive slave recovery act of 1850—the other has led to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise line; and between the two, the state of things had been produced which now afflicts and distracts the country, and is working a sectional divorce of the States.

"The Pennsylvania act did not remain a dead letter upon her statute book; a citizen of Maryland, acting under the federal law of '93, in recapturing his slave, was prosecuted under the kidnapping clause of the State act of '47, convicted—and sentenced to its penalties. The constitutionality of this enactment was in vain plead in the Pennsylvania court; but her authorities acted in the spirit of deference and respect to the authorities of the Union, and concurred in an "*agreed case*," to be carried before the Supreme Court of the United States, to test the constitutionality of the Pennsylvania law. The court decided fully and promptly all the points in the case, and to the full vindication of all the rights of the slaveholder, under the reception clause in the constitution."

In these paragraphs Mr. Benton has strangely confounded facts and dates. We pass over what he says about the contents of the act of '47, merely premising that it does not, as he apprehends, contain a single provision "to prevent the exercise of the rights of reception of fugitive slaves as regulated by the act of Congress under the clause of the Constitution." What we desire to call his attention to is the material error he falls into about the Prigg case.

This is the case to which he refers when he says—"a citizen of Maryland, acting under the federal law of '93, in recapturing his slave, was prosecuted under the kidnapping clause of the State Act of '47." The Prigg case, it so happens, as Mr. Benton will see by recurring to 16 Peters' Reports, 539, was prosecuted, appealed, and settled, long before the law of '47 was framed. It was prosecuted under the act of 1826, and the imputed offence of kidnapping, under it, was committed in April, 1837. The indictment under the act of '26 was found and tried in York county on the 22d of May, 1839, and a verdict of guilty rendered. The case was then removed to the Supreme Court of the State, and from thence to the United States Supreme Court, where it was finally settled at January term, 1842, five years before the Pennsylvania act of 1847 was passed. No citizen of Maryland, Mr. Benton will allow us to inform him, has yet been tried under the kidnapping clause of the act of '47; the law has never been carried before the Supreme Court of the United States; nor has its constitutionality ever been tested there.

In the Prigg case, the U. S. Supreme Court decided that the Pennsylvania act of 1826, (intended, as that law was, in most of its provisions, to carry out the U. S. fugitive law of 1793,) was unconstitutional; and the ground taken in that decision was, that the United States had the sole power of enforcing the provision in the Constitution respecting the recapture of fugitive slaves, and that all State legislation on the subject was supererogatory. The States might permit their officers to aid those of the federal government, if they chose; but they might also, if they thought proper, *prohibit* their officers from doing so. It was upon this hint that our act of '47 was framed. It was an act to prohibit our State officers from aiding in the arrest of fugitive slaves; and in drawing it up, the views of the Supreme Court, as announced in the Prigg case, were faithfully kept in view.

So far, then, from being the *cause* of the Prigg prosecution, the act of '47 was its *result*. It followed instead of preceding that case; and we may add that no lawyer, either North or South, has yet been bold enough to test its constitutionality before the proper tribunals.

The anachronism in Mr. Benton's book, here alluded to is, we are well aware, an inadvertent one, and results from a confounding of dates to which all men are occasionally subject. The truth of history, however, calls for its correction, and to that end we have directed attention to it.

The conspiracy on the part of a few Cotton Whigs in Philadelphia and Delaware county, to hand over the old Whigs of the State to the democratic party, and sanction the treachery through a State Convention, is beginning to develop itself. The adjourned Whig Convention in Philadelphia rest on Monday last, but the business committee was not ready to report, and an adjournment was had. During the course of the proceedings a member of the committee, Mr. Bull, let the fact out that such a scheme was up before the committee, and that because they could not agree upon it, they were not ready to report. He asked that he be allowed to withdraw from the Business Committee, by unanimous consent. He was there as a Whig, he said, and nothing but a Whig, and as such he believed he could not act with the committee. After some discussion Mr. B. was induced to withdraw his request. Two more names were added to the committee, and the Convention adjourned to Thursday. It was a noteworthy circumstance that those who were known to be friendly to the scheme of selling out to the democrats were extremely anxious to endorse the Delaware county plan of a Whig State Convention. These fellows will bear watching.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

McLane's Vermifuge at Home.

ROSS TOWNSHIP, Allegheny Co., Pa.

Mess rs. Fleming Bros:—This is to certify that I having purchased from J. D. Johnson, Druggist, Allegheny City, one bottle of Dr. McLane's Vermifuge, prepared by you, did give one dose of powder and to three of my children, of the ages of one and six years, and found to my great satisfaction that they were relieved of over Two Hundred Worms, varying in length from four to ten inches. Since that time they have all enjoyed good health.

Yours, &c., PHILIP UNCK.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. MLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges are worthless compared with Dr McLane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and Canada.

Sole agents for sale by the sole proprietors.

mw26-d4w FLEMING BROTHERS.

Christadoro's Excelsior Fluid Hair Dye,

No 6 Astor House.—The claims of this extraordinary article to public estimation, are not based upon the idea that it has been before the world. It is comparatively a new preparation, founded on new discoveries in Chemistry, and it has inaugurated a new era in Hair Dyeing. What are its recommendations?

1st—It changes the Hair of any obnoxious color to nature's black or brown in five minutes.

2d—It assimilates with the Hair, and nourishes instead of burning it.

3d—It is pronounced by eminent Chemists the only safe Hair Dye known.

4th—It is impossible to name an instance of its failure.

5th—It has the widest popularity ever yet accorded to a similar preparation.

For the establishment of these assertions by proofs, see the testimony at CHRISTADORO'S, No. 6 Astor House, where it is manufactured, sold, and applied privately. Price per small box, $1; large box, $1.50.

Sold Wholesale and Retail at the Druggists of Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., sign of the Golden Mortar.

mh26d4w

From the Rev. H. C. Boyers, of the M. E. Church, stationed at Maysville, Kentucky:

MAYSVILLE, KY., Feb. 20, 1856.

Dr. L. Scott & Co.—Gentlemen: I feel it my duty to say to you that I have been in the habit of using the old M'Lane's Liver Pills for the last 12 years, but having recently procured a box of McLane's Improved Liver Pills, prepared by your house, I took one dose, and I unhesitatingly say that your improved Pills operated more mildly, pleasantly and effectually than any Pills I have ever used. I also gave several doses to other persons, upon whom, in every instance, they had the happiest effect. H. C. BOYERS.

Dr M'Lane's Improved Liver Pills and improved Vermifuge, also Dr. L. Scott's Celebrated White Cremation Liniment, prepared solely under the supervision of Dr. L. Scott, a Regular Medical Graduate and Physician of extensive practice.

None genuine only as prepared by Dr. L. Scott & Co., sole Proprietors, Bank Place, Morgantown, Va. Dr. McLane's Improved Liver Pills and Improved Vermifuge accompanied by certificate of C. McLane.

All the above Medicines for sale by

Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER 140 Wood street, Wholesale agent

JAS. P. FLEMING, Allegheny, near R. R. Depot, Whole sale agent.

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

Flour delivered to families in either of the two cities.

Orders may be left at the Mill, or in our boxes at the store of

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 51 Wood st.

GRAY & KEYES, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts.

E. P. SCHWARTZ, Penn st., Allegheny.

mh26-d4w *THOS. CARR, DRUGGIST.*

To Whom It May Concern!

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH,

Having just returned from Europe would announce to his patients and acquaintances in Western Pennsylvania, that he will visit PITTSBURGH early in the ensuing month, and that those wishing to avail themselves of his system of treating

Throat and Pulmonary Diseases,

MORE PARTICULARLY

CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA

AND

CHRONIC BRONCHITIS,

By Medicinal Inhalations, Mechanical and Constitutional Remedies,

Will thus have an opportunity so to do.

DR. FITCH will remain in PITTSBURGH from

Thursday Morning, April 3d, to Saturday Evening, May 10th,

During which time he may be consulted daily (Sabbath excepted) from the hours of TEN to FOUR, at his Rooms at the

ST. CLAIR HOTEL,

For all forms of incipient or seated Disease of the Lungs, and for all derangements of the system proceeding or giving rise to Pulmonary Disease, particularly

Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Female Complaints.

Persons wishing to consult, but unable to visit Dr. Fitch, can do so by sending him a written statement of their case, to which a prompt answer will be returned, giving opinion of case and stating expense of treatment. *A Personal Examination always Preferred.*

DR. FITCH'S associate, DR. J. W. SYKES, will be with, to assist him, during the four last weeks of his appointment. It is desirable that persons wishing his treatment should consult him early, that he may have them in charge as long as possible.

Dr. CALVIN M. FITCH wishes it expressly understood that he has no know any business connection with Dr. S. S. FITCH, and would call attention to the card which he found himself called upon to publish immediately on his return from Europe. mh25d4w3mT

Farmers' and Mechanics' Fire & Marine INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Hon. THOS. B. FLORENCE, President.

RDW. B. HELMUTH, Secretary.

STATEMENT OF BUSINESS,

From the First day of August to the Thirty-first day of December, 1855:

Amount received in Marine premiums	$56,249 81
do Fire do	33,908 82
Total premiums for Five months	$108,101 81
CAPITAL	300,000 00
	$408,151 13

INVESTED AS FOLLOWS.

Bonds of Allegheny county, Pittsburgh and Pittsburgh 6's	$78,721 66
Railroad Bonds, Net	23,400 00
Loan on First Mortgage of Real Estate	50,850 00
do Stock, Collateral	30,254 00
Cash in Bank and on hand	11,092 23
Capital subscribed (payment not yet due)	97,000 00
Premium Notes, not matured	54,237 81
Due from Agents (secured by Bonds)	18,848 61
Expenses and Commission	11,652 33
	$408,151 13

Total amount of Losses incurred, but not yet adjusted:	
Fire	1,066 66
Marine	3,000 00
	$4,066 66

This Company insures hull and cargo risks on the Ohio and Mississippi tributaries. Insures against loss or damage by fire. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

REFERENCE—Hon. T. M. Howe, Gen. J. K. Moreland, James Wood.

For insurance apply to

THOMAS J. HUNTER, Agent.

jan31:tf No. 90 Water st., bet. Wood and Market.

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE, S. E. corner Third and Walnut sts., Philadelphia.

MARINE INSURANCES,

On VESSELS, CARGO, FREIGHT, to all parts of the world.

INLAND INSURANCES

On Goods, by River, Canals, Lakes and Land Carriages, to all parts of the Union.

FIRE INSURANCES

On Merchandise generally, On Store, Dwelling Houses, &c.

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, Nov. 1st, 1855.

Bonds and Mortgages, and Real Estate	$101,620 00
Philadelphia City and other Loans	55,310 00
Stock in Banks, Railroads and Insurance Comp. Stocks	23,060 10
Bills Receivable	126,440 97
Cash on hand	20,620 00
Balance due at Agencies—Prem. items on Marine Policies recently issued—and other debts due the Company	83,459 96
Subscription Notes	100,000 00
Total amount of Assets	$517,543 03

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William Martin,	Spencer M'Ilvain,
Joseph H. Seal,	Charles Kelly,
Edmund A. Souder,	Samuel H. Stokes,
John G. Davis,	Henry Sloan,
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George G. Leiper,	Joshua L. Price,
Edward Darlington,	James Tunnell,
H. Jones Brooks,	James S. M'Farland,
C. G. Johnson,	Wm. H. Lewis,
James G. Hale,	Charles Stokes,
Theophilus Paulding,	J. Y. Loxan,
Dr. R. M. Huston,	Jos. H. Seal,
Hugh Craig,	John R. Penrose,
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	THOMAS G. HAND, Vice President.

HENRY LYLBURN, Secretary. A. MADEIRA, Agent, No. 98 Water st., Pittsburgh.

Citizen's Insurance Comp'y of Pittsburgh.

WM. BAGALEY, President.

SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Sec'y.

OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.

☞ INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND TRIBUTARIES, against the perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.

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Jas. M. Cooper,	Wm. B. Hays,
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