PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 11, 1856.

Kansas Aid Association.

President—GEORGE W. JACKSON.
Rec. Secretary—R. H. IRBIN.
Cor. Secretary—EDWARD J. ALLEN.

Those having business with the Society, or desiring information concerning it, apply to either of the above named persons either personally or by mail. Office of the Recording Secretary, Fourth street, near Smithfield.

SPECIAL MEETING OF COUNCILS.—A special meeting of Councils was held last evening, March 10th, pursuant to adjournment.

Common Council.—President Marshall in the chair.

The roll was called, when the following members answered to their names:

Members present—Bennett, Brown, Calhoun, Dickson, Dalzell, Errett, Evans, Fitzsimmons, Glenn, Griffin, Hill, Hodkinson, Hutchison, Irwin, Kammerer, Kim, Kelly, Lare, Layton, Little, Miller, M'Adams, M'Clintock, M'Kelvy, Quinn, Scott, President.

The minutes were read and approved.

Mr. Dickson presented a petition for paving Quarry street. Referred to Committee on Streets.

The Ordinance Committee reported "an Ordinance for the better regulation of the Diamond Market." The report was accepted and the Ordinance read twice, when a lengthy discussion ensued.

During the discussion a communication from John Tiernan, who has figured so often for alleged huckstering, setting forth the extensiveness of his trade, and denying that he is a huckster, was read.

The Ordinance was amended on motion of Mr. Lare; and then read a third time and passed as amended.

Mr. M'Kelvy offered the following resolution:

Whereas, efforts have been made by many citizens to raise a fund for the purchase of the Steam Fire Engine constructed by J. L. Lowrie, by which means $1500 have been subscribed, and also, whereas, an additional sum of $2000 is promised to be paid by the Insurance Companies of the city. Therefore,

Resolved, That the Committee on Fire Companies and Hose in addition to the power now given be further empowered and instructed to purchase said Engine; provided the amount for said purchase shall not exceed fifteen hundred dollars over and above the sums raised in the two subscriptions now made.

The resolution was read twice; an amendment was made to refer to Committee on Fire Engine; amended to include Finance to act and report action at next meeting.

The last amendment was adopted.

Mr. Calhoun presented a petition to grade Washington street, referred to Committee on streets.

Mr. Errett, from Finance Committee, presented a supplemental ordinance to the Ordinance for the better collection of wharfage, which was read three times and passed.

Mr. Errett also presented another ordinance from the Finance Committee, entitled "an ordinance to regulate the sale of coal, hay, &c., by weight."

Mr. Lare amended the amendment as follows:

Provided that nothing in this ordinance shall apply to coal in any case, except when delivered or intended to be delivered at a dwelling house.

The amendment to the amendment was lost.

The amendment of Mr. Brown was carried by a vote of 13 to 9

The ordinance as amended was read twice and laid over on the third reading.

Business from Select Council was then taken up and its action concurred in.

Mr. Glenn presented a remonstrance against changing the grade of Fourth street. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Errett moved that the ordinance reported relative to right of way to Allegheny Valley R. R. into the city be published in the city papers, for the information of the public and the members.

Mr. Scott moved that the report be also published.

The yeas and nays on the amendment were called and resulted as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Bennett, Brown, Calhoun, Dickson, Dalzell, Irwin, Kammerer, Kim, Lare, Layton, M'Kelvy, Quinn, Scott—13.

Nays—Messrs; Errett, Evans, Fitzsimmons, Glenn, Griffin, Hill, Hodkinson, Kelly, Little, Miller, M'Adams, M'Clintock, President—13. Lost.

The question recurred on the original motion, with the following result:

Ayes—Messrs. Bennett, Dickson, Errett, Hill, Hodkinson, Kammerer, Lare, Layton, Little, McAdams, President—11.

Nays—Messrs. Brown, Calhoun, Dalzell, Evans, Fitzsimmons, Glenn, Griffin, Irwin, Kim, Kelly, Miller, M'Clintock, M'Kelvy, Quinn, Scott—15. Lost.

The resolution relative to Dr. M'Clintock's bill, which in S. C. was read three times and adopted, was in C. C. read twice and laid over. Adjourned to meet on Monday.

Select Council.—Council met pursuant to adjournment.—Present, Messrs. Allen, Alexander, Clarke, Drum, Galway, Jones, Kinsaid, Lambert, Murdock, McCutcheon, Pollock, Reed, Taylor, Varnum, Weaver, and President McAuley.

Absent, Messrs. Smythe and Wade.

Mr. Murdock presented the Report of the Joint Committee relative to the route of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Co. into the city recommending Liberty street as the Route in preference to all others named.

Read and accepted.

Also; an Ordinance relative to the same, which was read twice.

When Mr. Galway presented a petition protesting against the use of Liberty street for the Allegheny Valley Railroad Co.

Mr. Varnum, one from Citizens of Fifth Ward, protesting against Liberty street for said Route.

Mr. McAuley, one against the use of Pike street for use of said Company.

Mr. Murdock, petition against Pike street for the route of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.

All of which were read and accepted.

Mr. Lambert moved that further consideration of ordinance be postponed for one week.

Mr. Reed moved as an amendment to the amendment be postponed to the next regular meeting: Lost.

The question recurring on Mr. Lambert's motion adopted.

Mr. Varnum offered the following:

Resolved, That the Presidents of Councils in conjunction with the City Regulator be a Committee to ascertain and report to Councils at their next meeting the probable cost of each of the routes on which it is proposed to allow the Allegheny Valley Railroad to enter the city.

On motion of Mr. Alexander laid on the table.

Mr. Murdoch presented the report of Committee on Gas Lighting relative to the Gas burners of Da Costa & De Silva, which was read and accepted. Also the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Public Lamps and Gas lighting be and they are hereby authorized to contract with Messrs. Da Costa & De Silva for the right to use their double jet Gas burners upon all the public lamps and burners; the gas to supply which is paid for by the city of Pittsburgh, and also to purchase a sufficient number of burners to replace those now in use upon the same. Read twice, and on motion of Mr. Jones referred back to Committee for further information.

Mr. Galway presented the report of Special Committee to whom was referred the petition relative to the vacation of the Canal with the proposed act. The Committee report that the only title the State has is the right of way for Canal purposes, and when the State vacates the right of way, the property reverts to the original owners absolutely. It is deemed expedient to retain the right of way for Railroad purposes from the north side of Liberty street to the Monongahela River.

Report read and accepted and on motion of Mr. Jones, proposed act approved, and that the Clerks be directed to forward copies to our members at Harrisburgh.

On which Mr. Reed called the yeas and nays:

Yeas—Messrs. Allen, Alexander, Clarke, Drum, Galway, Jones, Lambert, Murdoch, M'Cutcheon, Taylor, Varnum and Weaver, 12.

Nays—Messrs. Pollock, Reed and President Maxley, 3.

The President presented a communication from Hon. J. B. M'Clintock, relative to a bill now before the Legislature relative to grades of streets.

When Mr. Jones offered the following: Resolved, That our Senators and Members of the Legislature be requested to oppose a bill prepared by Dr. M'Clintock to be presented to the Legislature, the effect of which is to make the corporation of the City of Pittsburgh liable for damages caused by the alteration of the grades of streets in said City!

Resolved, That the Clerks of Councils be instructed to forward a copy of the above resolution to our Senators and Members aforesaid.

On which Mr. Alexander called the yeas and nays.

Yeas—Messrs. Clarke, Galway, Jones, Lambert, Murdock, McClintock, Pollock, Varnum, Weaver and President—10.

Nays—Messrs. Allen, Alexander, Drum, Reed and Taylor—5.

In all of which action of S. C. the C. C. concurred.

The reported ordinance from C. C. relative to better collection of wharfage, which in that Council was read three times and passed, was read and action non-concurred in.

On motion adjourned until next Monday evening.

LARGE FIRE AT ROCHESTER.—About 4 o'clock on Sunday morning, the new and extensive barrel factory of Messrs. Rhodes, Kennedy & Co., in Rochester, Beaver county, was discovered to be on fire, and in a few minutes was in ruins.

This extensive establishment had just been completed at an expense of ten thousand dollars, with a capacity of turning out six to eight hundred barrels a day.

Fifty thousand staves, and a large amount of heading, having passed through the different operations of cutting, splitting, sawing, steaming, and kiln-drying, were standing on eighteen small cars, and these on a circular Railroad track within the kiln-drying building, ready to pass into the hands of the coopers, yesterday.

How the fire originated is a mystery, as there was a watchman in the building all night. The building will be rebuilt in from thirty to fifty days.

We do not know whether there was any insurance or not. Fortunately a large portion of the machinery and fixtures were set up, and to be worked in the basement of the Car Factory building, and are uninjured.

Except the 50,000 staves and the heading, all other materials, to a very large amount, for barrels, are safe—also the boilers, the stock, the furnace, the stone foundation, and portions of the brickwalls; and much of the injured machinery can be turned to good account, in saving time and money.

The loss will probably amount to between two and three thousand dollars.

ANOTHER CONFIDENCE GAME.—The simplicity of some people is so great, that it is a constant temptation to the rascal, and we ought not to wonder, therefore, that when such interesting specimens of verdancy as the hero of the short but touching tale we have to tell exist, that there are always sharp rascals to prey upon them.

An honest looking German named Frederick Benauts, after stating his story to various persons, was finally sent to the Mayor's office where we found him in conference with the police. He was out of a situation, and ready to take any that offered, when on Saturday he was met by a man who gave the name of A. J. Rodgers, with whom he became engaged in conversation. At last Rodgers offered him a situation, and told him to go with him then to his office in Lafayette Hall. The German went with him to a room in that building, where he received his instructions. He was to commence service on Monday, until which time his time was at his own disposal, provided he gave security to his employer that he would not fail him. His watch was demanded—and the German was really verdant enough to give him his watch, a valuable silver one, worth $40, as security for his appearance on Monday. As may be supposed when Monday came the German was prompt, when the disagreeable truth that he was a victim to the arts of a deceiver, forced itself upon him very shortly after reaching Lafayette Hall.

EXTENSIVE AND DARING ROBBERY.—Between ten and eleven o'clock on Saturday night, the Clothing Store of James Cowling, between Lancock street and the canal, on Federal street, Allegheny, was entered by one or more robbers and plundered of a large quantity of valuable made up and piece goods, consisting of broadcloths, velvets, cassimeres and silks. The amount taken is estimated at $350.

The store was closed about ten o'clock, and the key left at an eating saloon across the street, kept by a brother of Mr. Cowling, whose son slept in the store. About eleven o'clock, an hour after the store was closed, the boy went to the store to go to bed when he found all the goods in confusion, and an alarming barness of his shelves. He immediately gave information of the robbery, but by that time the robbers were safely off.

The door by which entrance was effected, is in the rear. The avenue to the door is from the canal around, upon a plank elevation level with the street; an outer door was forced, and the door leading into the store room opened by a skeleton key; at least, it is supposed so, as there are no marks of violence, as would have been the case had the door been forced.

THE PITTSBURGH YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, we observe, have removed their Library and Reading Room to the second story of the new building occupied by Messrs. James R. Read & Co., on Fifth street, nearly opposite the Post Office. We congratulate them on securing so desirable a situation for their Hall, and feel assured they will have no reason to regret the change. We would commend this Institution to the notice of the young men of our city and vicinity, and to the community generally, as deserving their influence and support. Their reading room is open to all, free of charge. On the fourth Monday evening of each month there is a public meeting of the Association, to which all are invited. The officers for the present year are; Wm. Frew, President; Benj. P. Bakewell, John E. Annan, Vice Presidents; Geo. H. Claney, Recording Secretary; Rev. Geo. B. Russell, Corresponding Secretary; Wm. P. Beck, Treasurer; Charles Barr, Librarian.

DISTRICT COURT.—Judge Hampton on the Bench.

In the case of Morrison et. al. vs. Sutch et. al., which we reported in full, the jury returned a verdict for defendants.

Geo. Le Fevre vs Geo. W. Carr; No. 122, July 1854; G. P. Hamilton for plaintiff; Stanton and John Mellon for defendants. Action to recover $2500 mortgage bonds of the Charliers Coal Railroad Company. The defendant is a stockholder, and was one of the Directors and Secretary of this Company, when the mortgage bonds of the Company to the amount above named were sold to the plaintiff. This very interesting and important point is raised: the liability of stockholders for the indebtedness of a Company in its corporate capacity. As will be seen very able counsel are engaged in the case.

DR. C. M. FITCH.—We learn with pleasure that Dr. Calvin M. Fitch, so widely known for his success in treating Consumption and other Pulmonary Diseases—has returned from Europe in the Baltic, and will soon visit our city and spend several weeks here.

Dr. Fitch had already acquired a reputation almost world-wide by the great success which has attended his treatment of Consumption, Asthma and other chronic diseases; but with a determination to leave nothing undone which could possibly make it still more successful, he has been to Europe, and spent considerable time among the prominent medical institutions of the Old World. By exhibiting so much energy and perseverance in improving his mode of treatment, he deserves and will secure the confidence of the public. His arrival will be duly announced in our papers.

LARCENY OF A SILVER WATCH.—Jacob Schwambly, William Hanna and Clement Heitzell of the Fifth Ward, had a final hearing before Alderman Parkinson yesterday, on the charge of stealing a silver watch from a man named Andrew Barker. The complainant deposed that the larceny was committed on Saturday at the house of Schwambly's father on Penn street, Fifth Ward. The testimony was of such a nature as warranted the full committal of Schwambly and Heitzell for trial, and the discharge of Hanna.

Another charge, the larceny of a looking glass from Joseph Swinton, is pending against Heitzell.

THE PARDON OF LEVERTON THOMAS.—We stated on Saturday that a pardon for Leverton Thomas, convicted of Forgery, and sentenced to pay a fine of $465 and undergo an imprisonment in the Penitentiary for and during the term of one year, had been signed by the Governor. The document has been received; it remits the term of imprisonment, but not the fine.

The reasons assigned by the Governor are: ill health; age; the large number of signatures to the petition, embracing lawyers, legislators, physicians and public officers.

The old man is recovering his health slowly.

DONATIONS BY AN ALLEGHENIAN.—Mr. Robert Burnsides, an old and respected citizen of Allegheny, who died last week, bequeathed the following donations for the objects named: To the American Bible Society $1,000; The Western Pennsylvania Hospital $500; The House of Refuge $500; and the Westminster College, Allegheny city, $500. Mr. Burnsides was a turner by occupation, and formerly resided in this city. He was a highly respectable gentleman, and was deeply prized by all his acquaintances. He was almost eighty years of age at his death.

THE LECTURE.—George Turner, Esq., of Boston, will lecture this evening at Masonic Hall before the Library Association. The reputation of this gentleman will secure for him a crowded and fashionable auditory, and the subject chosen—"Old Europe and Young America"—is one that has received from its author the closest attention, and is much admired wherever it has been repeated.

THE ICE PLOW IN THE ALLEGHENY.—Some four or five men were busily engaged on Saturday, in cutting the ice on the Allegheny, between the Lower and Hand street Bridges, with the Philadelphia Ice Plow, which proved so efficacious when used on the Monongahela. Instead of mule, man power was used, and though the work did not therefore progress so rapidly, yet the result was entirely satisfactory.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY WITH INTENT TO KILL.—A man named John Silcer was held to bail on Saturday, for Assault and Battery with Intent to Kill, by Mayor Adams. The charge was made by a man named Hiram Harker, who deposed that in the course of the affray, which occurred on Federal street, Allegheny, the accused struck him with a colt.

COMMON CASES.—Mayor Bingham disposed of eleven common cases yesterday morning. This is a very strong turn-out for Monday morning, and we rather suspect that Sunday liquor selling has been recommenced.

RIOT.—A riot occurred on Sunday at the house of a man named Brown, on Penn street, between a party of Fardowiers and Corkonians. A young daughter of Brown had died, and the riot occurred at the wake as to the manner of conducting the mourning, whether by low plaintive wailing, or by loud, unearthly shrieking. The Mayor's police interfered and arrested a number of the party.

LARCENY.—A manamed James McGrath supposed to be crazy, visited Alderman McKenna, yesterday, and stated that he was a refugee from justice on various charges. He was so solicitous to go to jail that the magistrate resolved to gratify him, and he accordingly committed him for further hearing on the 15th on the charge of the larceny of a sum of money from John Harbisham

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The New Brighton Accommodation Train, on the Ohio & Pennsylvania Railroad, ran off the track a little west of Islington station yesterday morning, injuring the locomotive, tender and baggage car, and detaining the train some three or four hours. The mail train was delayed an hour by the accident.

KEEPING A GAMBLING HOUSE.—Suit was brought yesterday before Mayor Bingham against a doggery-keeper named Edward Smith in Pipetown, corner of Mill alley and Second street, for selling liquor without license, and keeping a Gambling House. Warrants for his arrest were issued.

COLD WEATHER.—Yesterday morning was almost as severely cold as any day we have had this winter, and Sunday in its steady cold snow storm, resembled a Sunday of November or December, when the cold weather has just set in.

COLLEGE EXAMINATION.—The half yearly examination of the students of Allegheny College will be held next week, commencing on Monday the 17th and continuing three days.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.—The March term of the United States District Court, Judge Irwin, will commence on Monday next.

TELEGRAPHIC.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 10.—SENATE.—The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the bill appropriating three millions of dollars for increasing the munitions of war and the manufacture and alteration of small arms, in accordance with the recent recommendation of the President. The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, yeas 22, nays 12.

On the engrossment the following vote was taken; Yeas—Allen, Bigler, Bright, Cass, Clay, Fish, Geyer, Hunter, Iverson, Johnson, Jones of Iowa, Mallory, Pugh, Reed, Sebastian, Slidell, Stuart, Toucy, Trumbull, Weller and Yulee.—Nays—Adams, Bell of Tenn., Collamer, Fessenden, Foot, Hale, Harlan, Houston, Seward, Sumner, Wade and Wilson.

Mr. Crittenden wished to know how recent improvements are to be applied to arms in the States.

Mr. Weller replied, that the government is prepared to call them in; there are about three hundred thousand muskets in the States which are to be rifled, supplied with locks and Maynard's primers, which will make most efficient weapons; this alteration will cost $3 each.

Mr. Bell of Tennessee did not think an exigency has arisen for such appropriation. He did not wish it to go abroad that the little speck of war has stimulated such proceedings, besides the object of the expenditures was not sufficiently stated to accord with the doctrines of the Republic.

Mr. Weller was willing to make the bill more specific, he did not apprehend war, but while the treasury is full it is well to make preparations for any emergency that may arise.

Mr. Seward would vote for the Bill if amended so as to make definite appropriations for specific purposes.

The vote ordering the bill to be engrossed was reconsidered when Mr. Weller moved an amendment in accordance with Mr. Seward's suggestion, which was adopted.

Mr. Hunter spoke in favor of increasing the national defences so as to be prepared for attacks from every quarter.

Mr. Cass said that England has suffered so much in the Russian war that it is not at all unlikely she might try to retrieve her reputation by a war on the Western Hemisphere. He addressed the Senate at length relative to the aggressions and audacity of the English government quoting from the London Times a recent article against this country and making thereon a sarcastic running commentary. He did not see how the Central American controversy could be referred to arbitration; it was not a question of boundary or indemnity but a mere question about the meaning of a word. No arbitrator, whether understanding the English language or not, could tell us what the word "occupy" means better than we know already.

Mr. Hale said he did not believe in the propriety of National armories; he could see no more necessity of having national arms manufactured in national machine shops than having naval uniforms made in national tailor shops. In order to show how little dependence is to be placed on foreign newspapers (alluding to Mr. Cass's quotations from the London Times) he read an extract from the London Telegraph, which represented Messrs. Seward and Foote as being extremely belligerent, and another from La Patrie, Louis Napoleon's organ, which represented Mr. Banks, the Speaker of the House, as a black man having that in the double capacity of colored man and abolitionist, he had inspired profound disgust among the Southern members.—The reading of these extracts occasioned excessive laughter.

Mr. Iverson defended the bill; he thought there was imminent danger of a war with England, and did not believe the administration or the American people were in favor of the arbitration the Central American question.

The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Wheeler offered a resolution which was adopted, requesting the Post Office committee to enquire into the expediency of erecting public buildings at Boston, Philadelphia, Charleston and New York, suitable for Post Offices and U. S. Court Rooms, in accordance with the suggestion of the President.

Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, reported the Consular and army Appropriation bill.

Mr. Crawford addressed the House to show that it was improper that the Committee on Elections should be empowered to send for persons and papers in the Kansas election cases.

Mr. Crawford argued that Reeder represents a revolutionary movement outside the regularly established government of Kansas.

Mr. Campbell, of Pa., advocated the resolution of the Committee, accusing those on the other side with the intention of stifling such an investigation as is necessary to a proper understanding of the question.

Mr. Smith, of Alabama, contended that the Committee on elections have abandoned the issue raised by Reeder, and call on the House to give them power to contest the legality of the election by every member of the legislature of Kansas, thus sheltering their real purposes behind the shadow of one man who had proved himself an arch agitator, and by various speculations committed such enormities as to induce the Executive to remove him from his high position.

Mr. Kunkel advocated the resolution to send for persons and papers. During his remarks he said that notwithstanding intimidations, emigrants from Pennsylvania will continue to go thither. If the time come when an invading force from Missouri shall interfere with their rights, it would be found they would maintain their rights even to death.

Mr. Oliver, of Missouri, on behalf of the people of that State said that if emigrants from the east go to Kansas for the purpose of controlling the elections in open defiance of the principles of the Nebraska Kansas Bill and prejudicing the institutions of Slavery in Missouri strife, contention and perhaps bloodshed will result. The people of Missouri are conscious of their rights with nerve enough to maintain them.

Mr. Kunkel—In Pennsylvania we form no Emigrant Aid Societies. People go to Kansas of their own accord and had a right to go.

Mr. Oliver—Was not a Society of that kind formed here by members of Congress before the Kansas bill passed.

Mr. Kunkel—I am not here to say whether such Societies have been formed in Massachusetts or elsewhere.

Mr. Oliver—Does not the gentleman know that Massachusetts chartered a Company for controlling the institutions of Kansas with a capital of five millions of dollars?

Mr Kunkel—I know nothing about it; settlers are there now and others are on the way, notwithstanding the violence in Kansas. Freemen are not easily frightened and I could tell the gentleman that no men on earth could more firmly maintain their rights than Pennsylvanians and sell their lives more dearly. He, Mr. Oliver, must not involve them in illegal acts.

Mr. Oliver explained, whenever it is seen that the elections and institutions of Kansas are controlled by *bona fide* settler, he and every man in the South are willing to abide by the will of the majority, although it may be against the institution of Slavery. That is the position of the Constitments and the whole South. If troubles ensue they will be mainly attributable to the Intermeddling of Emigrant Aid Societies east.

A message was read from the President asking for an appropriation of $300,000 for the suppression of hostilities in Oregon.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 10.—The Canadian Legislative Council have passed to a second reading the bill permitting all parties excepting Banks to loan money at any rate of interest, the same to be recoverable in the courts.

The thermometer in this vicinity ranged from zero to 7 degrees below.

MADISON, Wis., March 8.—In the Supreme Court this morning, Barstow's counsel informed the court that he Barstow, would not submit to its jurisdiction. The counsel then submitted a communication from Barstow to the court and withdrew. The Legislature received a message from Barstow, enclosing a communication to the Supreme Court. The communication protests against the action, and denies the jurisdiction of the court; it recommends them to discharge their legitimate function and not to arrogate other prerogatives; it takes leave of the court and its unwarantable proceedings, and says that he deems it his duty to repel with all the power of the Department, any infringement of its rights. The message to the Legislature concludes by saying that the action of the court is a bold and dangerous assumption of power, and asks what action shall be taken. The message was referred to a Committee of five.

The decision of the Court will probably be rendered on Monday.

It is understood that the Democrats held a meeting last night, and determined to stand by Barstow and resist the Court.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 10.—Yesterday a disgraceful affair occurred in the ladies' parlor of the National Hotel. Mr. Stuart, of Louisville, fancying himself affronted by Mr. Mahon, of Washington, knocked him down while the latter drew a pistol and fired, but fortunately missed his antagonist Stuart, who jumped aside just in time to save himself, the ball glancing across his abdomen close enough to burn and tear his pantaloons, but inflicting no other injury. Stuart who is a very tall and powerful man received no blows from Mahon whom he held with one hand while he beat him severely with the other fist, cutting and bruising him seriously. The parties were finally separated by Reeder Broom, of Pennsylvania, and the Hotel Cashier.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The body of Capt. Palmer of the schooner Endora Imogene, the vessel scuttled and sunk near this city on Long Island Sound last fall, on her passage from Williamsburg to New Haven, and whose fate has since remained a mystery, was discovered on Saturday afternoon floating near Williamsburg. The body had been sewed up in a sack containing a quantity of coal, the latter had worn holes by chafing the sack against the bottom of the river, and the body rose to the surface when the weight was removed. The negro cook William, charged with the murder is still in prison.

CINCINNATI, March 10.—The Steamer Henry Lewis, bound hence to New Orleans loaded with Pork, Flour, Whiskey &c., came in collision with the Steamer Edward Howard near Troy Indiana at 4 o'clock on Saturday morning and sunk immediately. Her cabin passengers were all saved through the hurricane deck, but 20 hands and deck passengers were drowned. The boat and cargo are supposed to be lost. She was insured.

The weather had been very cold; we had one inch of snow yesterday.

MADISON, March 10.—Gov. Barstow had addressed a message to the Legislature denying the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in the matter of the disputed Governorship, protesting against its action and threatening to resist with all the means in his department any infringement upon his rights. The message was referred to a Committee. The decision of the Court will probably be rendered to-day. The Democrats held a meeting on Saturday and determined to sustain Gov. Barstow.

ROCHESTER, Pa., March 10.—The Pearl Steam Mill Barrel Factory, the place caught fire yesterday morning about six o'clock in the stave drying apartment and before assistance and water could be obtained was burnt to the ground. The boiler and part of the machinery are not much injured. The Mill was just finished and work in the Mill was to have been commenced this week. There is said to be no insurance on the property.

NEW ORLEANS, March 10.—The steamer Chas. Morgan has arrived from Galveston.

In the city election the Democrats were successful.

The Indian depredations continue without abatement on the frontier, and numerous murders and robberies have been committed.

BOSTON, March 10.—The Schooner Hyderanger from Pensacola for New York arrived here today leaking badly. She had been blown off the coast.

The thermometer stood at zero this morning at sunrise; at the White Rever junction it is reported at 26° below zero.

CHICAGO, March 10.—The thermometer stood at Zero at six o'clock this morning. No New York papers are received of late date than Saturday the 1st inst.

The Commercial Bank of this city closed its doors to-day.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The brig Marara from Cardenas was sunk in the harbor by floating ice. The crew escaped, in a boat and were landed on Governor's Island nearly perished.

CHICAGO, March 8.—A further order passed the Common Council to investigate the frauds of the late election in the 3d, 5th and 6th Wards.

ST. LOUIS, March 8.—The Weston Despatch and Democrat says that the Free State Officers were installed at Topeka on the 4th.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Flour firm for common State; in other grades there is no change; the demand is not very active; holders seem no very great desire to realize; sales 5400 bbls. at $7(@$7.25 for common to good State and Western; $7,25@$7,75 for extra State; $7,50 @$8 for low grades of extra Western, and $8,50 @$10,50 for Extra Genuisaee. Canadian Flour only in moderate demand and the market is without important alteration; sales 400 bbls. at $7,87(@$9,50 for common superfine to choice extra. Southern Flour continues steady with a fair inquiry; sales 1400 bbls. at $8@$8,62 for mixed to choice brands; and $8,75@$9,25 for family and extra.

Rye flour is a shade firmer with a better enquiry, sales 150 bbls at $4,25@$5,25 for fine and superfine. Corn meal without change, sales 200 bbls Jersey at $3,50. Buckwheat flour in good supply and dull at $1,25@1,75 per 100 lbs. Whisky firmer, with a better demand, sales 300 bbls Jersey, Ohio and Prison at 29½@30¢, closing with holders of Prime firm at 31. Wheat holders are asking 2@5c. advance per bushel, which checks the demand beyond small sales; mixed Southern $1,80, we hear of no transactions to report.

Rye scarce and held at $1,15@1,16; sales 750 bush. on Saturday at the inside quotation. In Barley there is nothing doing, the stock is light and holders are firm. Corn in better demand and has advanced 2c@8c; sales 48,000 bush. new at 68@70 for mixed and white, and 70@72 for yellow Jersey and Southern. Oats moderate at 40@44 for State and Western.

The Pork market is irregular, and only in moderate demand; sales 700 bbls. at $15,70@ $15,87 for mess, $14,12@$14,25 for prime.—Beef steady; a moderate inquiry; sales 200 bbls. at $8,75@$9,25 for country prime, $9,75 @$11 for mess and $11(@$13,50 for repacked Western. Mess Beef Hams are selling slowly at $13@$16,50.

Prime Mess Beef steady and a moderate inquiry, sales 200 tierces Ohio at $18. Bacon in better inquiry, and holders generally insist on higher figures, sales 400 boxes short middles, boneless at 9½@9¾. Cut meats unchanged and moderate, sales 180 packages at 7(@7¾ for Shoulders and 8¾@9¾ for Hams.

Dressed Hogs command 7½@7¾. Lard unchanged; sales 250 bbls at 9¾@10¼. Butter selling slowly at 18@21 for Ohio and 22@26 for State. Cheese plenty and dull at 8¼@10¼.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—Flour firm; a moderate demand at $7,25 for standard brands; the Africa's advices had no effect; small sales to the trade at $7,25@7,50 for standard to good brands and $7,75@$9 for extra and choice family. Rye Flour firm at $5. Corn Meal in fair request, sales 200 bbls. Penna. at $3. The supply of Wheat is limited and prices are unchanged; small sales of good red at $1,60@$1,- 65 per bush., and White at $1,70@$1,75. Rye scarce and wanted at $7. Corn in active request with sales 6000 bush. new yellow, part to arrive in all of this month at 60c per bush. Oats dull, sales 3000 bush. Penna. at 38@40. Cloverseed in active request, sales 500 bbls. from first hands at $8,25 per 64 lbs. Whiskey quiet, small sales in bbls. at 29, and in hhds at 27c.

CINCINNATI March 10.—Flour in fair demand, sales at $6. Provisions quiet, sales 370 bbls. prime Lard at 9c, and 25 hhds. Bacon Shoulders at 6¾ packed. Whiskey unsettled, and prices irregular; sales 450 bbls. at 18¼@18¾. Molasses steady, with a fair demand, sales 200 bbls. at 40@42.

OLD PIANOS.

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.—A Mahogany 6½ octave Piano in good order, for twenty-five dollars.

$50—A Mahogany 6½ octave Piano in good order, and the mechanism in perfect order fifty dollars.

$60—A six octave Rosewood Piano with music stool—sixty dollars.

$75—A good Mahogany 6 octave Piano, in good order, for seventy-five dollars.

$90—A Mahogany 6 octave Piano, worn very little and of excellent tone for ninety dollars.

$100—A Rosewood 6 octave Piano, about four years old, for one hundred dollars.

$125—A Mahogany 6 octave Piano, about six years old, one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

NEW PIANOS.

A splendid stock of new Pianos in the East and on the way from Boston and New York, which buyers are invited to examine. For sale by

JOHN H. MILLER, 87 Wood st.,
mr8 Agent for Chickering & Sons—Boston.
JAMES HARRY. JAMES D. BLIGHT.

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REAL ESTATE BROKERS, corner of Seventh and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh Pa. Farms, Houses, Lots, Mills, Furnaces &c., bought and sold on commission. Loans, Warrants, Bills, Bonds and notes negotiated. Special attention given to subdividing Farms and dwelling of them. Terms reasonable. mr8-d&w3m

COMMERCIAL.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION, FOR MARCH.
GEO. W. CASS, V. P.—ISAIAH DICKEY, SAMUEL DILWORTH, T. B. UPDEGRAFF, J. B. CARTFILE.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE OFFICE,
Tuesday Morning, March 11, 1856.

FLOUR—very little offering from first hands; a sale from store of 70 bbls country superfine at $4,00.

SUGAR—a sale of 8 bbls crushed at 11, cash.

BACON—sales of 4000 lbs Shoulders at 8¾, thirty days and 1500 lbs sugar cured Hams at 12¼, same credit.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

There is somewhat increased demand for money, but the supply is abundant at 6@7 ⅌ cent on call. We think the banks were a little startled by the large aggregate increase in loans indicated by the last weekly statement, and are disposed to hold up a little this week. We should not be surprised if the loans and discounts on Monday were but a trifle larger than on last Monday, and not much surprised if they show a contraction.—N Y Trib.

OUR COTTON MARKET—The America's advices have given considerable buoyancy to our cotton market, which was becoming heavy as the last commercial week drew to a close, and it will be seen by reference to our report of the markets in another column that the sales of our great staple on Friday and yesterday amount to fully 35,000 bales, the rates advancing ⅛@¼⅌ ⅌ pound since the receipt of the news. The transactions of the last seven business days have amounted to 87,000 bales, making an average of nearly 12,000 bales ⅌ day. With increased firmness in freights, and advancing rates of exchange, this state of things must be somewhat encouraging to our cotton friends—N. O. Picayune.

PENNA. RAILROAD TONNAGE—The following statement of the tonnage of the Pennsylvania Railroad, for February 1856, shows the increase over the same month of 1855, to be upwards of one hundred ⅌ cent

		1856	1855
Through tonnage,	East	4,222	2,038
" "	West	4,459	2,811
Local "	East	10,273	4,709
" "	West	7,145	2,417
Total February		26,886	12,041
" January		25,921	22,348
Total for year		52,807	34,389
Increase		18,418	

The steamer St Louis, Capt. Jesse Dean, arrived from Pittsburgh yesterday, being the first boat this year. She brings a large amount of merchandise and manufactured articles, including 2,000 kegs of nails, all of which was shipped at Pittsburgh. The boat has been laid up in the ice two months.—Lou. Courier.

EXPORT BY RAILROAD.

Ohio & Penna. R R—2261 bars iron, 1421 bdls do, 1450 kgs nails, 500 do lead, 1500 bus coke, 300 bxs glass, 900 do glassware, 2054 pkgs dry goods, 1090 do hardware, 837 do drugs, 700 do groceries, 401 do cordage, 200 do steel, 50 do books, 435 springs a axles, 227 pkgs copper, 231 bgs coffee, 110 do tobacco, 291 do tea, 405 pkgs sundries.

Allegheny Valley R R—52 bbls whiskey, 89 do flour, 295 pkgs groceries, 181 do hardware, 37 sks rags, 174 pkgs drugs, 55 bxs candles, 45 do soap 30 bbls powder, 40 springs a axles, 109 bars iron, 18 bdls do.

Penna R R—749 bars iron, 850 bdls do, 333 kgs nails, 401 do lead, 50 bbls ale, 207 do salt, 645 do whiskey, 154 bxs glass, 562 do glassware, 791 pcs steel, 328 springs a axles, 572 do castings, 207 pkgs hardware, 1241 pkgs groceries, 268 do drugs, 22 sks brass, 40 tcs tobacco, 1982 pcs to, 24 do cloth, 6718 sks rye, 430 do wheat, 569 do corn, 137 do malt, 296 do oats, 291 do flax, 1700 bbls flour, 89 rolls leather, 193 pkgs butter, 114 pcs copper, 57 kgs lard, 151 bbls do 1916 bxs candles, 4 bbls eggs, 114 bbls ale, 27 bales wool, 221 sks nuts, 8 cars hogs, 40 do stock, 1051 pkgs sundries.

IMPORTS by Ohio & Penna R R—187 bus oats, Algoe & co, 635 bus rye, 80 bbls flour, 7 pkgs seed, Bell & Liggett; 301 bus rye, Watt & Wilson, 8 bbls pots, 1 bbl butter, 24 kgs do, J S Canfield, 183 pcs bacon, 8 Harbaugh; 2 bbls butter, Atwell, Lee & co, 1 do, 1 pkg lard, 699 pcs shoulders, Shriver & Dilworth; 4 bbls seed, McCandless, Means & co; 2 kgs seed, 150 bbls beef, 6 do ham, 7 do butter, 1 do lard, 123 bales brown corn, 19 rolls leather, 30 bales skins, 147 bus wheat, 10 bales wool, 80 bbls flour, east; 7 bu lt oil, 16 bbls bacon, N Sellers & co; 100 bxs starch, A A Hardy; 550 bus wheat, Wilmarth & co, 30 bus cloverseed, H H Collins; 22 cars stock, 5 do hogs, 18 bbls beer, 9 tons ore, 11 do meal, 61 bbls flour, 164 doz brooms, 32 bb s seed, 6 bbls whiskey, 100 bus malt, 20 do rye, 4 bbs butter, 8 do oats, 538 bus oats, 176 do wheat, 50 do meal, 88 do potatoes, 33 bbls apples, sundry consignees.

AMUSEMENTS.

All Advertisements of Concerts or Public Amusements must be paid for invariably in advance.

THEATRE.

JOSEPH C. FOSTER, SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.
WM. H. REED.....Musical Conductor. Stage Manager.
CHARLES FORRA.....Acting Manager.
J. V. BOSSTTE.....Treasurer.

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