PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

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To the Republicans of the United States.

In accordance with what appears to be the general desire of the Republican party, and at the suggestion of a large portion of the Republican press, the undersigned, Chairman of the State Republican Committees of Maine, Vermont, Massachusetts, New-York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, and Wisconsin, hereby invite the Republicans of the Union to meet in National Convention at Pittsburgh, on the 22d of February, 1856, for the purpose of perfecting the National Organization, and providing for a National Delegate Convention of the Republican party, at some subsequent day, to nominate candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, to be supported at the election in November, 1856

A. P. STONE, of Ohio.
J. K. GOODRICH, of Mass.
DAVID WILMOT, of Pa.
LAWRENCE BRAINERD, of Vt.
WILLIAM A. WHITE, of Wis.

Republican Editorial Convention.

The Republican editors who may be in attendance at the Republican National Convention of the 22d, are requested to assemble in Pittsburgh on Thursday, the 21st, for consultation and better acquaintanceship. The hour and place of meeting will be named by the local committee of arrangements.

COMMITTEES FOR THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.—The Republican County Committee, to whom was entrusted the duty of making arrangements for the Republican National Convention, to be held in this city on the 22d inst., have appointed the following Committees:

Committee of Arrangements.—E. H. Irish, Esq., Thomas Steel, Esq., Russell Errett, B. Singerly and Jared M. Brush.

Committee of Reception.—Hon. Thomas M. Howe, Gen. Wm. Robinson Jr., Hon. George Darsie, D. N. White, John P. Penney, Esq., David Reed, Esq., Dr. E. D. Gazzam, James Marshall, Esq., Dr. T. H. Elliott, James M'Auley, Esq., Neville B. Craig, Esq., John Mecaskey, William Coleman, Geo. R. Riddle, Robert McKnight, Esq., and George W. Jackson.

The Committee of Reception are requested to extend such personal attention as they can to the delegates at the various hotels, as they may arrive, during Thursday evening and Friday morning.

COMMITTEE ON KANSAS LEAGUE.—In accordance with the resolution passed on Monday night at the Kansas Aid Meeting, the Chairman has appointed the following gentlemen a Committee to frame a Constitution for a Kansas Aid Association, and they will make report to the adjourned meeting on Saturday night:

Committee.—William Coleman, C. B. M. Smith, Esq., Wm. E. Stevenson, Thos. M'Connell, Esq., and Dr. E. D. Gazzam.

The Committee will meet to-morrow, Thursday, afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the office of C. B. M. Smith, Esq., on Fourth, near Cherry alley.

THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION will assemble on Friday morning next, the 22d inst., in LAFAYETTE HALL, on Wood street, between Third and Fourth.

The Pennsylvanians who may be in attendance on the Convention are requested to meet at the same place at 9 o'clock on that morning.

THE HORTICULTURIST.—This publication deservedly stands at the head of the horticultural periodicals of the United States, as well in the character of its matter, as in the richness and utility of its illustrations and embellishments. There are other publications more useful to the farm and to field culture; but none so interesting that we have seen to cultivators of fruits, flowers, lawns, ornamental trees and shrubs, and who have a taste for rural architecture. To the amateur horticulturist and the improver of a country home, it is invaluable. Its tendency is to improve the taste, and excite the love of the ornamental and the beautiful; and it thus like a genial shower in May, improves and beautifies the country where it is circulated.

The numbers for January and February, of this year, are beautifully illustrated, and contain a large amount of judicious, instructive, and deeply interesting matter to every man who cultivates half an acre or upwards. Published by Robert Pearsall Smith, Philadelphia, at $2 per annum.

SUPERIOR.—The Eastern papers speak in terms of high promise of this new town which is building up at the confluence of the St. Louis and Nemadgi rivers, at the head of Lake Superior, in the State of Wisconsin. The situation, elevated about thirty-five feet above the Lake on the Bay of Superior, is said to be commanding, and of remarkable beauty. The Bay formed by the waters above mentioned and separated from the lake by a natural breakwater, is about seven miles in length and one mile wide, and is supposed to be the finest natural harbor upon the lakes. Where is there such a country or such a field for enterprise as in the great and fertile regions of the West? We take the following notice of this point from the Milwaukie *Democrat*:

"We have a grand trunk railroad projected from Milwaukie by an almost air line, to this same Superior. We believe that it is one of the roads that will soon attract more attention than that of any or all the railroads in this State.—Superior will be a point in a short time from which roads and thoroughfares will radiate, especially to the West and North-west. It will become a grand emporium for the trade of those immense countries, the region of the Lake of the Woods, the Red river of the North and Pembina country and the Prairie world of the Upper Missouri and the Saskatchewin rivers; the mind is scarcely prepared to anticipate the trade and wealth of Superior fifty years hence. Wisconsin should be awake to all this in her present railroad prospects."

For the Pitsburgh Daily Gazette.

NOBLESTOWN, PA. Feb. 14, 1856.

MR. EDITOR.—In accordance with a previous intimation, a large and influential Meeting of the friends of the Anti-Slavery cause, assembled in the Associate Presbyterian Church of Noblestown, and was organized by calling Mr. B. A. Hevay to the chair, and electing Wm. Dickson, and Joseph Campbell, vice presidents, and John N. McDonald, secretary. The proceedings were introduced with prayer, by Rev. F. A. Hutchison.

On motion, Messrs Josiah Thompson, Robert Mcmurray Esq., Dr. W. C. Bracken, John Berry, and Wm. Caldwell, were appointed as a committee to prepare resolutions expressive of the views of this meeting.

In the absence of the committee, the meeting was addressed by Rev. Jos. R. Thompson. Rev. Josiah Alexander, and J. W. F. White Esq., in a very able and interesting manner. The committee reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted—viz.:

Whereas, American Slavery is a moral, political and social curse. Whereas, the abettors of this system are exerting their utmost energies, for its further extension throughout the United States and Territories:—Whereas, in consequence of this, great disturbance has existed for a considerable time in one of our Western Territories, endangering the peace and safety, and even the lives of many unoffending citizens; and Whereas the President, of these United States has not exercised his power as he should have done to suppress this disturbance, and to secure peace and tranquility:—Therefore the circumstances of the times impartially demand the attention of the friends of freedom to battled with renewed vigor until the growing giant of Slavery shall be shorn of his strength:—Therefore

Resolved, 1st. That the present national administration is one of imbecility, cowardice and arrogance.

Resolved, 2d. That in the late *annual* message of the President, while speaking of the subject of slavery, the charge alleged against the Free States, is as unfounded as it is insulting, viz., that "States conspicuous for their service in founding this Republic, and equally sharing its advantages, *disregard their constitutional obligations to it.*"

Resolved, 3d. That in the late *special* message of the President, he has dictated to Congress in regard to the legality of the Election of Delegate, sent from Kansas, thereby usurping to himself a power which belongs exclusively to Congress, and that the whole message is decidedly in favor of the conduct of the "border ruffians" in their endeavors to extend and perpetuate Slavery.

Resolved, 4th. That we hail with joy the triumph in the late contest for Speaker in the House of Representatives, and that those who battled so manfully until they obtained the victory, have our heartiest approbation.

Resolved, 5th. That Kansas, as well as all other Territories belonging to the United States, or that may yet be acquired by the Government, should be dedicated to freedom.

Resolved, 6th. That this Meeting tender their thanks to Rev. T. R. Thompson, and J. Alexander, and eloquent remarks, made to this Meeting, on the question of Slavery, and the subjects growing out of it.

Resolved, 7th. That the proceedings be published in the Gazette, Commonwealth, National Era and Westminster Herald.

B. A. HEVAY, Pres.

JOHN N. MCDONALD, Secy.

CONDITION OF THE POOR WHITES OF THE SOUTH.—In a previous article the astonishing fact was presented, that the slaveholding population of the South was but 32 per cent, of the free white population, and that not exceeding one-fifth of the free white males, over 21 years, own slaves. The non-slaveholding whites being seven-tenths of the whole number, deserve more attention than they have hitherto received at the hands of their fellow citizens of the free States. When the South is spoken of, its wrongs, its interests, its policy, reference is always had to the slaveholding population. No body thinks of the poor non-slaveholding whites, who are sunk in the lowest poverty, ignorance and degradation. These people are entitled to our commiseration and assistance. Their fathers, many of them, fought in the Revolutionary War, and they were the pioneers who redeemed the forest from the red man, and prepared it for the patrician home of the lordly planter. To show their true condition, and thus excite the sympathy of their northern brethren, we shall extract freely, as we before stated, from a communication to the New *York Tribune*, by George M. Weston, who has taken his information solely from Southern authorities. From out of their own mouths shall we judge them.

From a paper on "Domestic Manufactures" in the South and West, published by M. Tarver, of Missouri, in 1847, the following extract is taken:

"The free population of the South may be divided into two classes—the slaveholder and the non-slaveholder. I am not aware that the relative numbers of these two classes have ever been ascertained in any of the States; but I am satisfied that the non-slaveholders far outnumber the slaveholders—perhaps by three to one. In the more Southern portion of this region, the non-slaveholders possess, generally, but very small means, and the land which they possess is almost universally poor, and so sterile that a scanty subsistence is all that can be derived from its cultivation; and the more fertile soil, being in the possession of the slaveholder, must ever remain out of the power of those who have none.

"This state of things is a great drawback, and bears heavily upon and depresses the moral energies of the poorer classes. * * *

The acquisition of a respectable position in the scale of wealth appears so difficult that they decline the hopeless pursuit, and many of them settle down into habits of idleness and become the almost passive subjects of its consequences. And I lament to say that I have observed of late years that an evident deterioration is taking place in this part of the population, the younger portion of it being less educated, less industrious, and in every point of view less respectable than their ancestors.

It is, in an eminent degree, the interest of the slaveholder that a way to wealth and respectability should be opened to this part of the population, and that encouragement should be given to enterprise and industry; and what would be more likely to afford this encouragement than the introduction of manufactures? * * * To the slaveholding class of the population of the Southwest, the introduction of manufactures is not less interesting than to the non-slaveholding class. The former possess almost all the wealth of the country. The preservation of this wealth is a subject of the highest consideration to those who possess it."

This picture is distressing and discouraging; distressing, in that it exhibits three fourths of the whites of the South substantially destitute of property, driven upon soils so sterile that only a scanty subsistence is obtainable from them, depressed in moral energies, finding the pathway to respectability so difficult that they decline the hopeless pursuit, ceasing to struggle, and becoming the almost passive subjects of the consequences of idleness; discouraging, in that it exhibits this great bulk of the white population growing worse instead of better, evidently deteriorating, and its younger portion less educated, less industrious, and in every point of view less respectable than their ancestors.

From an address upon the subject of manufactures in South Carolina, delivered in 1851, before the South Carolina Institute, by Wm. Gregg, esq, we make the following extract:

"In all other countries, and particularly manufacturing States, labor and capital are assuming an antagonistical position. Here it cannot be the case; capital will be able to control labor, even in manufactures with whites, for blacks can always be resorted to in case of need. * * From the best estimates that I have been able to make, I put down the white people who ought to work and who do not, or who are so employed as to be wholly unproductive to the State, at one hundred and twenty-five thousand. * * * By this it appears that but one fifth of the present poor whites of our State would be necessary to operate 1,000,000 spindles. * * The appropriation annually made by our Legislature for our School Fund, every one must be aware, so far as the country is concerned, has been little better than a waste of money. * * While we are aware that the Northern and Eastern States find no difficulty in educating their poor, we are ready to despair of success in the matter, for even penal laws against the neglect of education would fail to bring many of our country people to send their children to school. * * I have long been under the impression, and every day's experience has strengthened my convictions, that the evils exist in the wholly neglected condition of this class of persons.—Any man who is an observer of things could hardly pass through our country without being struck by the fact that all the capital, enterprise and intelligence is employed in directing slave labor; and the consequence is, that a large portion of our poor white people are wholly neglected; and are suffered to while away an existence in a state but one step in advance of the Indian of the forest. It is an evil of vast magnitude, and nothing but a change in public sentiment will effects its cure. These people must be brought into daily contact with the rich and intelligent, and we must be stimulated to mental action, and taught to appreciate education and the comforts of civilized life; and this, we believe, may be affected only by the introduction of manufactures. * * * My experience at Graniteville has satisfied me, that unless our poor people can be brought together in villages, and some means of employment afforded them, it will be an utterly hopeless effort to undertake to educate them. * * We have collected at that place about 800 people, and as likely looking a set of country girls as may be found—industrious and orderly people, but deplorably ignorant, three-fourths of the adults not being able to read, or to write their names. * * With the aid of ministers of the Gospel on the spot to preach to them and lecture them on the subject, we have obtained but about 60 children for our school, of about a hundred which are in the place. We are satisfied that nothing but time and patience will enable us to bring them all out. * * * It is very cheering to me, that the only means of educating and Christianizing our poor whites, will be to bring them into such villages, where they will not only become intelligent, but a thrifty and useful class in our community. * * * Notwithstanding our rule that no one can be permitted to occupy our houses who does not send all his children to school that are between the ages of 6 and 12, it was with some difficulty, at first, that we could make up even a small school."

It is noticeable that Mr. Gregg begins by an attempt to allay patrician jealousies excited by the idea of collecting the poor whites into masses, Mr. Gregg points out that the existence of Slavery enables capital to control white labor as well as black, by the power which it retains to substitute the latter, when the former becomes unruly.

The whole white population of South Carolina, by the census of 1850, being only 274,568, nearly one-half, according to Mr. Gregg's estimate, are substantially idle and unproductive, and would seem to have sunk into a condition but little removed from barbarism. All the capital, enterprise and intelligence of the State being employed in directing slave labor, these poor whites, wholly neglected, whiling away an existence but one step in advance of the Indian of the forest, never taught to appreciate education and the comforts of civilized life, deplorably ignorant, and induced with great difficulty, and only by slow degrees, to send their children to schools, do truly constitute "*an evil of vast magnitude,*" and call loudly for some means of "*educating* and *Christianizing*" them.

Gov. Hammond, in an address before the South Carolina Institute in 1850, describes these poor whites as follows:

"They obtain a precarious subsistence by occasional jobs, by hunting, by fishing, by plundering fields or folds, and too often by what is in its effects far worse—trading with slaves, and seducing them to plunder for their benefit."

Elsewhere Mr. Gregg speaks as follows:

"It is only necessary to build a manufacturing village of shanties, in a healthy location, in any part of the State, to have crowds of these people around you, seeking employment at half the compensation given to operatives at the North. It is indeed painful to be brought in contact with such ignorance and degradation."

"Is it really true, asks Mr. Weston, that South Carolina means to dissolve this Union, if she cannot be permitted to extend further, institutions under which one-fifth of her people are savages, while another three-fifths are slaves?

This will do for one day.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

"A JOURNEY IN THE SEABOARD SLAVE STATES, WITH REMARKS ON THEIR ECONOMY." By Frederick Law Olmsted, author of "Walks and Talks of an American Traveler in England. New York. Dix & Edwards.

The writer tells us in his preface, that his chief design in writing this book, has been to describe what was most interesting, amusing, and instructive to himself, during the first three of fourteen months's traveling in the Slave States; using his later experience to correct the erroneous impressions of the earlier. It is true, as he remarks in another place, that Northern men have too little information about the South, that has not come to them in a very inexact, or in a very suspicious form. Northern business men and invalids who visit the South, see but little of Southern life as it really exists; while of the masses, white and black, it is more difficult to obtain accurate information than those of any country in Europe. The author of this book has traveled through Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Louisiana, for the purpose of obtaining accurate information of the real social life, the condition,—agricultural, commercial, mechanical, social, educational, and religious,—of the masses, white and black, bond and free. The book abounds with incidents and anecdotes, and is as lively and piquant as a work of fiction, while it contains a vast mass of information with regard to Southern civilization and prosperity. The work is apparently written in a candid and mind on either side of the question of slavery, no partial spirit, and while it will not please extremes one in the Free States will rise from its perusal without thanking God that his own State, and neighborhood, and hearth-stone, is preserved from the curse, the responsibilities, and the inconveniencies of slavery; and with his thankfulness will mingle a pity for his Southern brethren who are less fortunately situated. Most certainly his resolution to preserve Kansas from the infliction of the degrading and impoverishing influences of slavery will not be diminished by seeing it in a fair light, as exhibited in this work.

For sale at Lauffer's Book Store, No. 60, Fifth street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge Always recommended to Where every Other Remedy Fails.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15, 1852

This is to certify that my child, three years old, was troubled with worms some 6 months. I had tried several kinds of medicine, but none of them done any good. At last I was not until I tried Dr. McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge, that I could find any relief. I gave her the contents of one bottle, which brought from her a very large quantity of worms, but they were so completely cut to pieces it was impossible to count them. She is now doing well: indeed, she is completely restored to health. I therefore take pleasure in recommending it to parents. I would say, by all means keep a supply of this valuable medicine constantly in your houses. I have known many children to die suddenly from the effects of worms. It also not unfrequently happens that children are treated for croup, when the tickling and coughing is caused altogether, by the irritation of worms. Therefore, I say again, keep it always in the house; it costs but little, and it may be the means of saving life; and at any rate it will save physicians' bills.

MRS. LAY, No 50 Eighth st.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and Canada.

For sale by the sole proprietors.

FLEMING BROTHERS,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 22, 1855. Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood st.

M. L. HALLOWELL & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA,
HAVE NOW OPEN FOR THE
SPRING SEASON,
A Large and Splendid Stock of
NEW SILK AND FANCY GOODS,
Included in which is an Assortment of
FOREIGN DRESS STUFFS,
That for extent, variety and richness, we believe, will surpass any ever offered in this market.
Our spacious Galleries are wholly appropriated to TWO DEPARTMENTS to which we give especial attention.
MANTILLAS, SHAWLS, &c.,
AND
EMBROIDERIES, LACES
and WHITE GOODS.
Our purchases for these goods, who devotes his exclusive attention to them, has just returned from Europe, and is prepared to show an assortment hitherto unequaled in our city.
Having an established Agency of our house in PARIS, with a member of our firm permanently located there, we are enabled to receive *direct* constant supplies of new and desirable goods throughout the year.
CLOSE DEALERS,
From all sections of the country, who buy for
CASH OR SHORT CREDITS,
Are solicited to examine our Stock.
TERMS.
Cash buyers will receive a discount of SIX per cent., the money to be paid in par funds, within ten days from date of bill.
Uncurrent money only taken at its market value on the day it is received.
To merchants of undoubted standing, a credit of SIX months will be given, if desired.
Where money is remitted in advance of maturity, a discount at the rate of TWELVE per cent. per annum will be allowed. f20:

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, a certain Cure for Scald Heads—Henry, 12, Maria, 10, and John Ames, 9, of Apalachicola, Florida, were all three affected with this disagreeable malady; Maria in particular was in a wretched plight with it, and despite all the three were many remedies tried, yet the malady did not seem to decrease—indeed the disease spread itself all over the surface of the head, to the great annoyance of the parents and discomfort of the children, the blood of the others was equally impure. At last the parents put the three under a course of Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which cured them all in the space of 19 days. Their health has since continued unimpaired. These remedies are wonderfully efficacious in all diseases of the skin.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable Medicine is confiding in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.
It moderates all excess, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These Pills should be used two or three weeks previous to confinement; they fortify the constitution, and lessen the suffering during labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with safety to herself and child.
In all cases of Nervousness and Spinal Affections, pain in the Back and Limbs, Hasviness, Fatigue on Slight Exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of spirits, Hysterics, Headache, and all the painful diseases consequent on a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any other mineral poison.
Full directions accompanying each package. Price, in the United States and Canada, One Dollar.
Sole Agents for this country,
I. C. BALDWIN & Co., Rochester, N. Y.
TUTTLE & MOSES, Auburn, N. Y., General Agents.
N. B.—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a letter containing Pills by return mail.
For sale in Pittsburgh, by FLEMING BROS, corner of Wood and Fourth sts.; JOS. FLEMING, corner Fourth and Smithfield sts.; JOS. FLEMING, corner Diamond and Market street, and Druggists generally. de24:1yd&w3

British and Continental Exchange.
SIGHT BILLS DRAWN BY
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
ON THE UNION BANK, LONDON,
IN SUMS OF £1 AND UPWARDS.
These Drafts are available at all the principal Towns of England, Scotland and Ireland, and the Continent.
We also draw SIGHT BILLS on
M. A. Grunebaum & Ballin,
FRANKFORT A MAIN,
Which serve as a Remittance to all parts of Germany Switzerland and Holland.
Persons intending to travel abroad may procure through us letters of Credit, on which Money can be obtained, as needed, in any part of Europe.
Collections of Bills, Notes, and other securities in Europe, will receive prompt attention.
WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
mh23. Wood, corner Third street.

BAKER & CO.'S MEDICINAL TRANSPARENT COD LIVER OIL
Highly esteemed by the Medical Faculty throughout the United States for its purity, sweetness and uniformly immediate and superior efficacy.
A majority of the resident physicians of Philadelphia give this Oil the sanction of their high approval, and as a test of their confidence recommend it to their patients, and prescribe it in their practice.
"As a remedy for Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Gout, Rheumatism, General Debility, and all Scrofulous Affections, it stands unrivalled, affording a cure or alleviating suffering when other medicines have failed.
Sold in bottles by JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
No. 100 N. Third street, Philadelphia.
And by the Druggists in Pittsburgh and elsewhere.
nov8-3md

The Rev. Dr. Bonsal of Virginia writes thus: Dr. H. T. HELMBOLD—Dear Sir: I have been suffering with an affection of the bladder, attended with great pain. For over 15 years, and have tried many remedies with little or no effect beyond that of being in some degree palliative. The Compound Buchu having lately been strongly recommended, I was induced to give it a trial, and my expectations have resulted most satisfactorily. I found relief from the first bottle, and have now succeeded in performing a cure by the use of ten bottles. You are at liberty to make use of my name, as I am well known, and it may be the means of affording relief to the many who suffer as I did. Respectfully yours, Rev. J. G BONSAL, M. D., Richmond, Va.
See advertisement Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
f18:3ytd

PEARL STEAM MILL,
ALLEGHENY,
Flour delivered to families in either of the twin cities.
Orders may be left at the Mill, or in our brewery at the stores of
DUGAN, WILSON & CO., 62 Wood st.
BLAUNER & SMITH, corner Liberty & St. Clair sts.
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Diamond, Allegheny.
THERE, CLEE OR DELIVERY.
BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.
f16:3

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE—Dress Goods at reduced prices—A A Mason & Co., are closing out their extensive and desirable stock of French Merinoes, Paris extensions, Wool Plaids, Cashmeres, Delaines, &c., at about two thirds the usual prices.

Extract of a Letter from Brigadier Gen. FAIRFAX, of Virginia, late member of the House of Delegates:

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 6, 1855.

Dr. I. Scott & Co.—Sirs A short time since, a small child in my family, about 17 months old, was taken quite sick, with a bad cough and high fever. I obtained a vial of your Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, from Mr. J. C. *Medlow, of our town,* and gave a teaspoonfull to discovering which brought from him, in all, over *Sixty Large Worms.* I think it a very valuable Medicine. The child soon recovered, and is now in very good health.

BUCKNER FAIRFAX.

Dr M Lane's Improved Liver Pills and Improved Vermifuge, also Dr. I. Scott's Celebrated White Circassian Liniment, prepared solely under the supervision of Dr. I. Scott, a Regular Medical Graduate and Physician of extensive practice.

None genuine only as prepared by Dr. I. Scott & Co., sole Proprietors, Bank Place, Morgantown, Va. Dr. McLane's Improved Liver Pills and Improved Vermifuge accompanied by certificate of O. McLane.

All the above Medicines for sale by
DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, Wholesale agent.
J. AS. P. FLEMING, 2 Allegheny, near R. R. Depot Whole. sale agent.

Another Instance of the efficacy of Boerhave's Holland Bitters.

Mr. N. H. POMEROY, of the Union Office, says:—Some weeks since being seriously affected with pain and uneasiness at the stomach, loss of appetite, and, at times strong symptoms of dyspepsia, I was induced to try your Holland Bitters, and I feel it but an act of justice to the article, as well as for the good of those who may be affected with like derangement of the stomach, to state, that the use of one single bottle of this medicine proved of incalculable benefit, having freed the stomach from all sense of depression, and removed every symptom of dyspepsia. I would also add, that several other members of my family, who were afflicted in a similar manner with myself, were entirely relieved by the use of a single bottle of each.

See Advertisement. feld:d&wT

PITTSBURGH
Life, Fire & Marine Insurance Company;
Office, Corner Market and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBT. GALWAY, President. THOS. GRAHAM, Sec'y.
This Company makes every INSURANCE appertaining to or connected with LIVE RISKS.
Also against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.
And against Loss or Damage by Fire, And against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.
Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

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The Fast Train leaves at 2.30, A. M., through to Cincinnati in 12 hours and 40 minutes. Fare $7.00.
MAIL TRAIN LEAVES AT 8 A. M.
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These trains all make close connections at Crestline, so that passengers avoid detention. The direct route to St. Louis is now open, via Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via Cleveland. First class fare from Pittsburgh to St. Louis $18.50. Second class $12.00. Connections are made at Alliance with the road to Cleveland and at Mansfield with the road to Newark, Monroeville and Sandusky City. No Trains run on Sunday.
Three roads connect at Crestline. For particulars, see handbills.
Through Tickets are sold to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal towns and cities in the West
The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Pittsburgh at 10 A. M., and 4:45 P. M., and New Brighton at 7:30 A. M., and 1 P. M.
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J. W. FINNEY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House,
Or at the Federal street Station, to
J. GEORGE PARKER,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 22, 1855. Ticket Agent.
JOSHUA BIGNEY. JAMES D. VERNER
RHODES & VERNER
Brewers, Maltsters and Hop Dealers.
BREWERY, Stevenson street, near Pennsylvania Avenue:
OFFICE AND MALT HOUSE,
Corner Penn street, and Barker's Alley:
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Fresh yeast always on hand. feb2:3m:fo
All that science could do and experience suggest has been united in Dr. I. D Wright's "Liquid Cathartic" Preparation. It is as easily taken as water, as sure to eradicate disease as taken, and operates without pain, or leaving the bowels in the least costive. This preparation is also *purely vegetable*, simple and wholesome, perfectly safe in all cases where a good family physic is needed; an unexceptionable medicine for children as well as adults; cleanses the system of impure humors that engender fevers, and a multitude of other diseases too numerous to mention; stimulate the liver to throw off those impurities, and allow this easily operating medicine to carry them off through the natural channels of the body, thereby save your annually swelling doctor's bills, much sickness, distress, and sometimes death. This Family Physic is equally as good a remedy as preventative. Give it a trial. Full directions accompany each bottle. *For sale by all respectable Druggists.* feb1md
JOHN COCHRAN & BROS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c.,
Nos. 91 Second st., & 86 Third st.,
(between Wood and Market,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Have on hand a variety of new patterns Fancy and Plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh14f
P. SEIBERT,
Sculptor, Modler, Stucco Worker and Wood Carver, No. 88 Third street, between Wood and Market streets, Pittsburgh, Pa., keeps constantly on hand an assortment of new Fancy Centre Pieces, for parlors, &c. no23-1yr:fo
WILLIAMS & ALLEN.
SUCCESSORS TO
ARNOLD & WILLIAMS
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wro't Iron Tubing
AND FITTING GENERALLY,
For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.
W. & A. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jail Hotels or Dwellings. No. 23 Market st., Pittsburg
To Nervous Sufferers.
A retired clergyman, restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means or cure, and will, therefore, send (free) the prescription used. Direct Rev JOHN M. DAGNALL, 59 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
mh10-3mo&dw2w
WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,
86 Fourth st. near Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Buggy, Carriage, Riding, Drovers' AND
DRAY WHIPS:
THONGS AND SWITCHES,
Keep constantly on hand, received direct from Lake Erie, in York Co., Pa., a full and varied assortment of Whips, Thongs, Switches, Lemon Wagon Whips, Drovers' Whips, Dray Whips, Plantery Rompb and Ready Whips, Carriage and Cab Whips, Stage Stocks and Ferrules, &c. &c.
☞ Every Styles of Whips promptly furnished to order.
☞ Orders from the trade are solicited and promptly shipped per mail.
☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED. ☜
jel5-1ydawed
Dyspepsia and Debility Cured—Theodore Frank, Esq., of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Office, says: "For years I have been an invalid from Dyspepsia: With a hope of relief, I resorted to many advertised remedies, but failed in deriving the benefit sought for, until I tried your HOLLAND BITTERS, the use of which upon the digestive organs, and in restoring a debilitated system, causes me to recommend it confidently to all suffering from dyspepsia."
See advertisement in another column. feb2:3wdaw3
NEW YORK, June 16th, 1850.
New York & Liverpool Line of Packets.
MR. JOHN THOMPSON, No. 410 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the only person in the above city authorized to sell Passage Certificates for my Line of New York and Liverpool Packets.
CORNELIUS GRINNELL,
41 South st., New York.
Has always on hand Sight Drafts for any amount, payable at any Bank in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.
Also, brings passengers from New York and Philadelphia, by Railroad. JOHN THOMPSON,
jel-3d&wtf No. 410 Liberty street.
JOHN FLEMING. L. WILCOX, JR. GEORGE FLEMING
FLEMING BROTHERS,
(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NO. 60 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills, &c.
Lyon's Kathairon—The ladies have proclaimed this article to be, by far, the cleanest and most delightful preparation ever used; and from their verdict, in such matters there is no appeal. Their decision is confirmed by well grounded fact its wonderful efficacy in restoring, preserving and beautifying the Hair; cleansing it from dandruff and all other impurities; curing nervous Headache, &c., together with its delightful perfume, and its perfect cleanness, and delicacy, (the results of the great care taken in its preparation) have made it the most universally popular article of the kind, in the world. Still sold by all respectable dealers for 25 cents. Be sure and ask for *Lyon's Kathairon*, to avoid valueless imitations.
HEATH, WYNKOOP & CO., Proprietors,
WARDROP, STOUT & WILLIAMS,
For sale by R. E. SELLERS & CO., and all other dealers.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,
And Produce Generally.
No 25, Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
POSTLEY, NELSON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cast Steel and Iron Gun Barrels,
SOLID BOX VICES,
Cast Steel Plated & Hammered Shovels & Spades,
Picks, Mattocks, Hedges, Hammers, Narrow Twoth, Axes.
WAREHOUSE, NO. 17 MARKET st.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Purchasers will please call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. feb:3m:fo
Nelson's Ambrotypes.
The Ambrotype is decidedly the most pleasing, beautiful and durable style of Portrait ever known to the art. Their tone is left velvety and harmonious in the degree never obtained by the old process. Being taken on glass, they are economically brilliant and yet unlike the daguerreotype, they are not injuriously distinct in any light. Little children are pictured not only more beautifully but in almost inappreciable point of time by the Ambrotype. By no other process can pictures be made so perfectly beautiful. We respectfully request our friends and the public generally to call and examine specimens and judge for themselves, regardless of the place.
THE ROOM GALLERY, old Post Office Building, third story, near Market.

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE, S. E. corner Third and Walnut sts., Philadelphia.
MARINE INSURANCES,
On VESSELS, CARGO, FREIGHT, to all parts of the world.
INLAND INSURANCES,
On Goods, by Rivers, Canals, Lakes and Land Carriages, to all parts of the Union.
FIRE INSURANCES
On Merchandise generally, On Stores, Dwelling Houses, &c.
LOSSES PAID SINCE OCTOBER, 1839.
Bonds and Mortgages, and Real Estate.....$101,920 94
Philadelphia City and other Loans.....83,110 00
Stock in Banks, Railroads and Insurance Companies.....23,060 10
Bills Receivable.....166,445 97
Cash on hand.....26,228 09
Balance due at Agencies—Premiums on Marine Policies recently issued,—and other debts due the Company.....93,859 96
Subscription Notes.....100,000 00
Total amount of Assets.....$617,545 06
DIRECTORS.

William Martin,	Spencer M'Ilvain,
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HENRY SYLVESTER, *Secretary.*
P. A. MADEIRA, Agent,
No. 65 Water st., Pittsburgh.
Certificate from Delaware.—Smyrna, Delaware, March 20th, 1854.—*Messrs. S. A. Fitzsimons & Co.*—Gentlemen: I feel it to be my duty to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the wonderful effects your invaluable Vermifuge had on my children. One was taken ill, a short time since, and I called in my