PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

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We published the other day (without comment, for it needed none,) a savage attack upon Free Schools and every thing else that is free, which lately appeared in the Richmond *Examiner*. The leaders of the south appear to be fast rushing into the most ultra fanaticism in order to sustain Slavery, which impels them to repudiate intelligence, republicanism and humanity as inimical to their cherished wrong. The St. Louis *Intelligencer*, published on the border and rather more moderate in its tone, extracts the following from the same source, as another instance of extreme views:

"The South now maintains that *Slavery is right, natural and necessary*. It shows that all divine, and almost all human authority, justifies it. The South further charges that the little experiment of *free society* in Western Europe has been, from the beginning, *a cruel failure*, and that *symptoms of failure are abundant in our North*. The Abolitionists cannot be provoked to deny the charge, so overwhelming are the facts, authorities, and admissions, by which it is sustained; nor will they answer the question, so often put to them, 'What have been the results of the experiment of free society?' They are wholly unwilling to institute a comparison of the two systems of society, and determine that to be right which but promotes human well being; and is justified by most of human and divine authority. To deal with the subject in this way, would, they know, be to surrender their cause. They begin to reason, by assuming slavery to be morally and religiously wrong; and the South hitherto has granted their premises, and attempted to justify negro slavery as an exception to the general rule, or, if wrong, as a matter of bargain between the North and the South. The laws of God and nature are immutable, and man cannot bargain them away. While it is far more obvious that negroes should be slaves than whites, for they are only fit to labor, not to direct; yet *the principle of slavery is itself right, and does not depend on difference of complexion.*— Difference of race, lineage, of language, of habits and customs, all tend to render the institution more natural and durable, and although slaves have been *generally whites*, still the master and slaves have generally been of different national descent. Moses and Aristotle, the earliest historians, are both authorities in favor of this difference of race, but not of color."

Upon this it hardly seems necessary to spend a word of condemnation; yet it may be profitable for northern men to ponder upon the doctrine here laid down. It is contended by this champion of slavery that the *principle* of slavery is right, and this being conceded, it is just as right to enslave whites as negroes. This is the only legitimate refuge of the south; for if the converse of the proposition be true, that the principle of slavery is wrong, it is just as wrong to enslave negroes as whites. The white people of the North who stand upon the side of the slaveholders, have no alternative but to abandon them or acknowledge the rightfulness of their own liability to be enslaved. The *Intelligencer*, in this connection, turns the tables upon its Virginia contemporary, very cleverly; but it is easy to see that the white men of Pennsylvania are more likely to become slaves, upon the Virginia platform, than slaveholders. The *Intelligencer* says:

"If slavery is 'right, natural and *necessary*,' all efforts to cripple it, restrict it, (as by suppressing the African slave trade) must be 'wrong, unnatural, and pernicious.' Why crush the African Slave trade? It nourishes a 'necessary' institution!

Then, again, *Free* Society is a 'cruel failure.' What think you of that, freemen of all lands? Is freedom, after all, a delusion and a lie? We ask the question only. Let the honest heart of every free man answer it.

"But, finally, says the Virginia organ of *Slavery Propagandism*, 'the principle of slavery is right, and does not depend on difference of complexion.' The meaning is, that *white* men may as well be made slaves as negroes! The 'principle' is right, and does not depend on color!— The Virginia politician does not say what gives one white man the right to enslave and make a 'nigger' of another white man, but it is evidently *power*. Power must win, and it always will. It wins upon 'principle.' If, therefore, the citizens of Pennsylvania should make a descent upon Virginia, (in a quarrel about slavery,) and subjugate Virginia, and David Wilmot should take a fancy to capture the writer of the above doctrine, and make a 'nigger' of him, on 'principle' and regardless of his 'complexion,' the writer could not gainsay the deed. He would have to submit, black Wilmot's boots, and go to his 'Massa's' Pennsylvania home, and restore its present Free Society from a 'cruel failure!'"

THE LICENSE LAW.—In the House, at Harrisburg, the bill to repeal the present license law is still under discussion, pending a motion to recommit it to the Committee reporting it, with instructions to report a substitute for the bill to be repealed.

There is a large majority in the House in favor of repeal; but there is no unanimity of sentiment among the repealers as to what legislation shall follow, and the dominant party feels no little embarrassment in consequence. To repeal is easy enough; but it will never do to leave the State without any license law, and to frame one that will meet the wishes of the people is *the* difficult problem of the session. The ardent opponents of the present law are keen for repeal, pure and simple, as the first step, leaving whatever else may be needed to the chances of the future; but this would seem to complicate rather than simplify the difficulty. A wise legislator never tears down until he is fully prepared to reconstruct.

In the Senate, on Thursday, Mr. Wilkins, from the Committee on Vice and Immorality, reported a bill to repeal the restraining liquor law, and substituting a system of tavern license.

Mr. Wilkins accompanied the report with a brief statement of the leading features of the bill. In licensing taverns, it divides them into two classes, the first to sell vinous and malt liquors, and the other to sell cider and malt liquors only, and the price of license of each to be regulated by a graduated scale according to the rental. The bill was ordered to be printed.

WINTER IN THE NORTHERN COUNTIES.—The Clearfield (Pa.) *Journal* says that the snow is three feet deep in that region; that on Wednesday, the 9th, the thermometer was 10° below zero; and that since then the prevalence of high winds has drifted the snow so much as to obstruct the roads and render traveling difficult. Through all the counties lying upon the Allegheny and its tributaries, the snow is about the same depth as in Clearfield county; and if this snow should go off with a rain, we may reasonably look for no ordinary flood in that river.

IOWA.—The Democratic State Convention of Iowa, has made the following nominations for State officers:—George W. McCleary, for Secretary of State; Jas. Pollard, Auditor, George Paul, Treasurer, and Jas. Baker, Attorney General. Four Presidential electors were also nominated, and eight delegates appointed to the Cincinnati National Convention. The latter, it is understood, are pledged to the support of Judge Douglas for the Presidency.

Our Naval Commanders seem to be peculiarly unfortunate at *Greytown*. Com. Paulding, it seems, from the following letter in the New York Times, dated at Washington, has been getting himself and the Government into a scrape as bad as that of his predecessor Hollins:

"I fear from the accounts received here, that our friend Commodore Paulding, notwithstanding his general caution and prudence, has been betrayed into a course at San Juan which may lead to unpleasant complications. The Northern Light brings the intelligence that upon the application of the Transit Company, Commodore Paulding sent some men up the River to disperse Ramon Rivas and some banditti, at whose head he placed himself.

I understand our Government has here conclusive evidence that Rivas (who is a son of the nominal President of Nicaragua, under the Walker dispensation) is in reality a regularly commissioned officer of the Government of Nicaragua driven out by Walker, and now sitting in another part of the Republic,—and had, with a small band of men, taken position in some castles at the head of the Rapids of the River San Juan—and which command the passage across the Isthmus—for the purpose of preventing succor reaching Walker from the Atlantic side. If this be so, Commodore Paulding's interference was a military act by the United States in aid of Walker, although of course it was not so intended by that worthy and gallant officer."

REPORT OF THE CANAL COMMISSIONERS.—We are indebted to Hon. Wm. HOPKINS for a copy of the report of the Canal Commissioners for 1855.

Some time ago we published an article from the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, asserting that the transporters withdrew their lines from the Public Works with the approval and sanction of the Canal Commissioners; and the same assertion has lately been made by J. EDGAR THOMSON, the President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, with the single variation that the assent of the Commissioners was given individually, and not collectively as a Board.: At the time of the publication of the article in the *Inquirer* we called the attention of the Canal Commissioners to it; and the Harrisburg *Union*, in reply, ventured a partial denial of it, in the name of the Canal Commissioners, and promised that the whole matter would be set right in their forthcoming report.

We have looked through this report to find the promised explanation; but it is not there. The report, after discussing the necessity of the tonnage tax on the Pennsylvania road, and quoting from a previous report, in which they showed that that tax was necessary to the protection of the transporters on the canal against the competition of the railroad, proceeds to say:

"If doubts, then, existed as to the views expressed in the foregoing extract, it is believed that what has since transpired ought to satisfy any disinterested man. It should be stated here, that the tax originally was five mills per ton during the navigable season of the canal, but afterwards modified to three mills for the whole year; thus demonstrating that the tax was agreed upon by the contracting parties as an equivalent for the injury the State would sustain by the construction of the road.- The Legislature of 1855, however, took a different view of the subject, and in their liberality to the company, repealed the tax on coal and lumber. Without the remotest intention of reflecting on the action of that body, it is with great deference submitted that the practical workings of the repeal have been prejudicial to the revenue of the Commonwealth. The receipts from those two articles in 1854, amounted to about thirty thousand dollars. This would have been increased, the past year, to at least fifty thousand, had the tax remained. But this is not the only loss the Treasury has sustained by its repeal. This tax operated as a protection, to the extent, to the transporters on the main line of the public works; and when that protection was withdrawn, they alleged that they could not carry coal at all, and that they were therefore unable to bear up under the competition of the railroad, and they abandoned the business, and in July sold out their stock to their successful rivals. It is proper to state that the Board, in their anxiety to retain the transporters on the State works, signified their willingness to make any reasonable reduction in the tolls which might be demanded for that purpose. In pursuance of this intimation, the transporters submitted a proposition, which was regarded as inadmissible. The Board then proposed another conference on the subject, should those gentlemen desire it; but nothing further was done, and here ended the negotiations.

"Thus has the State been deprived, not only of the revenue derived from the tonnage tax on coal and lumber, but also of the tolls which would have been received on those two articles, had they been carried over her own works by the transporters."

Now, in all this there is no explanation of the alleged complicity of the Canal Commissioners in the withdrawal of the transportation lines from the canal. The force of the original allegation is unbroken by it. It may be that it was all the fault of the Legislature in repealing the tonnage tax on coal and lumber; but did the Commissioners assent to the virtual abandonment of the main line, and become consenting parties to the transfer of the carrying trade from the public improvements to the Pennsylvania road? That is the question, and it behooves them to answer it.

MR. SOULE.—At the time of our late troubles with Spain, it was charged that Mr. Soule, while Minister at Madrid, had intrigued with the Democrats, who were then in open revolt against the government, for the acquisition of Cuba from them in the event of their success. The following extract from a letter dated Madrid, Dec. 19, published in the *Independence Belge*, indicates that we may soon expect the proofs of this charge:

"Lovers of scandal will soon be fully satisfied. In the session of Dec. 1st, as well as in that of Dec. 2d, on the occasion of the violent attacks of the Democrats on Marshal O'Donnell, M. Orense, in order to vindicate himself from some allusions that had been addressed to him in regard to the understanding established between the Spanish Democrats and Mr. Soule, declared that a man who was at the *Soledero* at the time of the revolution of July, had falsified signatures and forged documents designed to make it appear that negotiations had been concluded between the late minister of the United States and the Spanish Democrats on the subject of the sale of the Island of Cuba. M. de Lasen (the person accused of the forgeries by M. Orense) has resolved, in view of this public accusation, to publish a pamphlet which will reveal everything on this grave question, and to make known the names of all the principal Democrats who were pledged, in case they came into power, to sell the Island of Cuba to the United States."

The revelations of M. de Lasen will be looked for with interest; and they will doubtless show that American Ministers abroad can commit as gross outrages upon good faith and diplomatic courtesy as those of any other nation.

NEW JERSEY.—The Know Nothing delegates elected in New Jersey to the National Convention are said to be all in favor of Com. Stockton for President, and opposed to George Law. The democratic delegates from that State are supposed to be all Buchanan men.

The Trouble with England.

The correspondent of the *Courier* and *Enquirer* telegraphs as follows:

WASHINGTON, Thursday Night.—A rumor prevails here that Mr. Buchanan has been ordered to demand his passports as soon as he has delivered his last despatch peremptorily demanding the recall of Mr. Crampton. It is understood that the President has a Message in readiness communicating these facts

A letter from the same correspondent, written a day earlier, says:

The last despatch of Lord Clarendon upon the Enlistment cases was a very long and very able argument. His Lordship admitted, with commendable frankness, that the conduct of the British Minister and Consuls in this matter had been in violation of our *municipal law*, and their Government apologized for it. But the Minister went on to represent that Her Majesty's Government could not recognize the counsel for their agents in the United States as a violation of *national law*, which alone, the admitted offence having been atoned for, could authorize the demand for the recall of Mr. Crampton; and Lord Clarendon states that he is instructed to request the Government of the United States to review its position.

On the 6th inst., Mr. Marcy forwarded a very elaborate reply to this point respecting international law, declaring the explanation of Lord Clarendon unsatisfactory, and repeating the demand relative to recall. This despatch will, in my judgment, greatly protract this correspondence; but I still consider it settled that Mr. Crampton will be ultimately recalled or dismissed.

And suppose the British Minister be not recalled, and that he be dismissed, is there danger that war or a suspension of diplomatic intercourse will result? In my view of the subject there is none whatever. The question growing out of the violation of our municipal law is settled; that arising in different constructions of international law will remain in abeyance whatever course be adopted towards Mr. Crampton. Divested of connexion with the *status* of the Minister, this latter is a question of no consequence, and need not be magnified into a course of serious international difficulty. As to war, we have before dismissed Ministers without provoking it, and British Ministers have been dismissed by this and other Governments, without producing war. It is the duty of the administration to maintain the most cordial relations with Great Britain, relations in exact accordance with the sentiments of the people of each country towards those of the other. But it is absurd to imagine that the smooth and even tenor of diplomatic intercourse cannot be interrupted without liability of war.

THE WORKS OF NOAH WEBSTER.—It is supposed that with the exception of the Bible, the lexicographic works of Noah Webster have the largest circulation of any books in the English language. Nearly twelve hundred thousand copies of Webster's Spelling Book were sold by one firm in this city last year, and it is estimated that more than ten times as many are sold of Webster's Dictionaries as of any other series in this country. Four-fifths of all the school books published in the United States are said to own Webster as their standard. The State of New York has placed 10,000 copies of Webster's Unabridged in as many of her public schools. Massachusetts has, in like manner supplied 3248 of her schools, nearly all;—and Wisconsin and New Jersey have provided for all their schools. —*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

THE American Express Company is said to have paid over $80,000 in losses within the last two months.

A Medical Newspaper.

"No man ever entered the field of medical reform more intelligently, or better armed with the logic of argumentative reason and professional success, than Dr. Robert Hunter, whose triumphal system of inhalation, for the cure of consumption, and all lung diseases, has become established in the face of professional opposition, and is now, throughout this country, endorsed almost universally by public opinion, founded on experience, and the concurrent testimony of medical men. Dr. Hunter satisfied himself beyond question, that his system was right, that he had discovered the truth, and when this was done, he threw down the gage to error in whatever form—of theory or practice, of ignorant prejudice, or learned conceit—and assuming that he had developed the means of curing heretofore generally incurable diseases, he did not rest upon the assumption, but willingly and desirous to impart to the medical profession and the public the invaluable secrets of his success—the principles and rationale of his new system—he boldly entered the columns of the public press, and in a series of masterly letters, he not only established his propositions by argument from his own premises, but met and answered every objector who ventured in his path. His advent and triumph, accomplished by no sophistries or dodging the question, but by solid argument and unparalleled practical success, form a remarkable chapter in the modern history of the medical profession.

"Beyond the introduction of the new curative which has already brought health and joy to thousands of homes, the public owe to Dr. Hunter an immense debt of gratitude for his manly courage in defence of the truth—a courage that has, by example, broken down the Bangradian barriers to medical innovation, and taught any and every medical discoverer that he, too, may now venture to present his claims, nor fear annihilation at the hands of the 'regular practice' —whose law, and only law, is written in a book, and who must leech, and lance, and mercurialize, because it is so laid down in the book—be the result to kill or to cure.

"Having established his 'Medical Inhalation system' by practice, and argument through the public press, Dr. Hunter has started a public journal, which is before us as we write, to be devoted to the facts, phases, and phenomena of pulmonary diseases. We welcome 'Hunter's Medical Specialist' as a brave and proper continuation of the great work of medical reform on which he has entered. Consumption, and its cognates, is the predominant disease of our country, and he who can do aught toward arresting its stride, or throwing light upon its character, is a public benefactor.

"Judging by the initial number, Dr. Hunter's 'Specialist' will, in interest, intelligence, scientific and practical knowledge, and vigor of conduct, rank at the very head of medical journalism. In this number the Dr. sets forth his purpose (already alluded to) modestly but decidedly, and treats us to powerful articles on 'Medicated Inhalation,' 'Diseases of the Throat and Lungs,' 'Asthma, its nature, causes, and cure,' Medical Specialities,' 'the prevalence and importance of Tubercular Diseases,' and an interesting essay on the importance of a proper classification of diseases. But an article that will command general attention, and interest, we rather think, the medical profession, is a reply to an onslaught made by Dr. Hall, editor of the 'Journal of Health,' against inhalation.

"The article on Asthma, from the prevalence of that disease, will be read with interest. There are many cases, and there are many forms of asthma. A kind called 'Hay Asthma,' prevalent in the months of June and July, is caused by inhaling the aroma or pollen of some kinds of flowers or grass, in maturity at that season, and it is often produced long after the hay season is over, by going into the barns where hay is stored. The causes of asthma, and the means of its cure, are lucidly treated by Dr. Hunter, and suggestions are thrown out which, properly observed, may prevent much suffering on account of this troublesome disease.

"But we lack space to further analyze or particularize the contents of the first number of 'Hunter's Medical Specialist.' The Dr. has boldly launched his barque on the sea of publication, with a high purpose to subserve, and ample talent to advocate and defend it. We are glad to welcome him to the 'field of letters,' confident that his cause is as just as his temper is calm and dignified, and that while he scatters the enemies of medical reform with the lance of truth, by word and deed, he will do honor to 'the art preservative of all arts,' by clothing its types with no language that can bring discredit to a virtuous, enlightened press."—*New York Evening Mirror.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Interesting to those suffering from HEADACHE—*A certain Remedy found in Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills.*

☞ The following is a sample of certificates received daily from our own citizens:

NEW YORK, August 1, 1852.

This is to certify that I have been subject at times to severe headache; sometimes the pain would be so severe I could not neither day nor night. Hearing of *Dr. M'Lane's* celebrated Liver Pills, I sent and got a box, of which I took two pills on going to bed, for two nights. They relieved me entirely. Some time has now elapsed, and I have had no more trouble from the complaint.

M. JOHNSON, 118 Lewis st.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, manufactured by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of Fleming Bros. on the wrapper.

The Traveling Community.—A remedy such as Sherlaw's Holland Bitters cannot be too highly recommended. To the traveling community, especially it is certainly an invaluable remedy; having little or no exercise, constantly exposed and subject to the effects of a change of climate and water, they require some pleasant medicine of this kind to regulate the bowels.

See advertisement on fourth page. jal9:d&w3t

LADIES' FANCY FURS.

M'CORD & CO.,

Have opened their Large Stock of

FANCY FURS,

To which they invite the attention of the Ladies,

No. 131 Wood Street;

Nervousness, or Weakness of any kind. If any of our readers are troubled with Nervousness or Weakness of any kind, they should procure a bottle of *Sherlaw's Holland Bitters*. We have tried it, and can recommend it confidently, as a medicine giving almost instantaneous relief.—*Daily Enterprise.*

See advertisement in another column. ja12:d&w3

P. SEIBERT,

Sculptor, Modler, Stucco Worker and Wood Carver, No. 86 Third street, between Wood and Market streets, Pittsburgh, Pa., keeps constantly on hand an assortment of new Fancy Centre Pieces, for parlors, &c. ap22-1yrdp

To Nervous Sufferers.

A retired clergyman, restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means or cure, and will, therefore, send (free) the prescription used. Direct Rev JOHN M. DAGNALL, 89 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. nov18-lmosdcwf*

NEW YORK, June 15th, 1850.

New York & Liverpool Line of Packets.

MR. JOHN THOMPSON, No. 410 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the only person in the above city authorized to sell Passage Certificates for my Line of New York and Liverpool Packets.

CORNELIUS GRINNELL, 87 South st., New York.

Has always on hand Sight Drafts for any amount, payable at any Bank in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Also, brings passengers from New York and Philadelphia by Railroad. JOHN THOMPSON,

je20-3d&wtf 3wf No. 410 Liberty street.

Trusses! Trusses!! Trusses!!!—Dr. George H. Keyser, Truss and Brace Establishment, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa. Importer of the French Trusses, combining *extreme lightness* ease, and durability with construction.

Hernial or ruptured patients can be suited by remitting amounts as below:—Sending number of inches round the hips, and stating the side affected.

Cost of Single Truss, $2, $3, $4, $5. Double, $5, $6, $8, $10.

Instructions as to wear, and how to effect a cure, when possible, sent with the Truss.

Also for sale, in great variety, BANNING'S IMPROVED PATENT BODY BRACE, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri: Spinal props and supports, Patent Shoulder Braces, Chest Expanders and Erector Braces, adapted to all with stoop shoulders and weak lungs; English Elastic Abdominal Belts, Suspensories, Elastic Stockings for broken veins; Syringes, male and female, in every variety. Dr. Keyser has on constant hand a large assortment of Trusses, single, double or single, price of single Radical Cure Truss $20 double $30.

Dr. Keyser would state to those in want of Trusses that he can often send to suit the patient by writing, but in most cases it would be better to see the patient and apply the truss personally.

Address GEO. H. KEYSER,

Corner Wood street and Virgin Alley, Wholesale and Retail Agents.

da31:d&w7t

Second-hand Packing Boxes.—I have on hand a large quantity of Second-hand Packing Boxes which I will sell at less than the cost of material.

GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street.

JOHN FLEMING ..... S. WILSON, JR. ..... COCHRAN FLEMING

FLEMING BROTHERS,

(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

NO. 60 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills, &c.

HENRY H. COLLINS,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,

and Produce Generally,

No. 25, Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN COCHRAN & BROS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c.,

Nos. 91 Second st., & 86 Third st.,

(between Wood and Market,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Have on hand a variety of new patterns Factory and Plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. ap26

SAMUEL GRAY,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

NO. 67 ST. CLAIR ST., PITTSBURGH,

Keeps constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of the most

FASHIONABLE GOODS,

Of the best qualities for Men' wear, which he is prepared to make up to order, on short notice, in the latest and most fashionable styles. oct6-ddtf

Speaking What They Know.

These gentlemen take pleasure in testifying in regard to R. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, because two of the firm have used it in their private practice as physicians for a number of years, and they have known it, by observation, to be good.

NEW ALBANY, Ind., July 4th, 1853.

To R. A. Fahnestock & Co:—

GENTLEMEN—Having sold your valuable Vermifuge for some time, and having seen it used for many years, we would recommend it to all as a safe and efficient remedy for all cases of worms. In no instance have we ever seen any evil results following its administration, but always has it answered the purpose for which it was intended, and been entirely satisfactory.

Believing that everything that has been set forth in regard to its virtues is strictly in accordance with our observations not only as practitioners, but as men of business, we would unhesitatingly say to all who read this, that it is the best Vermifuge now in use, and that its virtues are best known when tried.

RILEY, HOOVER & RILEY.

Sold wholesale and retail by all the principal druggists and country merchants throughout the United States.

Prepared and sold by R. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., corner of Wood and First sts. oct25-d&wf

Useful Medicines—We are opposed to every description of quackery, but when articles of merit are presented to us which have the recommendation of numbers of the medical faculty, as well as our citizens who have tested their qualities, we deem it a duty as a journalist, to make them known far and wide to all our readers. The articles here referred to are prepared by H. T. Helm, bold, Chemist, which will be found enumerated in our columns. They are compounded of purely vegetable substances, and may be relied on for the specific purposes in performing cures. See advertisement headed Helmbold's Genuine Preparations. ja8-2wd

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE ONLY RAILROAD

RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

The Fast Train leaves at 2.30, A. M., through to Cincinnati in 13 hours and 40 minutes. Fare $7.00.

MAIL TRAIN LEAVES AT 8 A. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN " " AT 3 P. M.

These trains all make close connections at Crestline, so that passengers avoid detention. The direct route to St. Louis is now open, via Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via Cleveland. First class fare from Pittsburgh to St. Louis $18.20. Second class $13.00. Connections are made at Alliance with the road to Cleveland, and at Mansfield with the road to Newark, Monroeville and Sandusky City. No Trains run on Sunday.

Three roads connect at Crestline. For particulars, see handbills.

Through Tickets are sold to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal towns and cities in the West

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Pittsburgh at 10, 8, 3, and 4:45 P. M., and New Brighton at 7:30 A. M., and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,

At the corner office, under the Monongahela House, Or at the Federal street Station, to

GEORGE PARKIN,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 22, 1855. Ticket Agent.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.

It moderates all excess, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These Pills should be used two or three weeks previous to entertainment they fortify the constitution, and lessen the suffering during labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with safety to herself and child.

In all cases of Hervousness and Spinal Affections, pain in the Back and Limbs, Heariness, Flushing of the Body, Palpitation, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, and all the painful diseases consequent upon a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any other mineral.

Full directions accompanying each package. Price, in the United States and Canada, One Dollar.

Sole Agents for this country,

I. C. BALDWIN & Co., Rochester, N. Y.

TUTTLE & MOSES, Auburn, N. Y., General Agents.

N. B.—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle of these Pills by return mail.

For sale in Pittsburgh, by FLEMING BROS, corner of Wood and Fourth sts.; JOS. ABEL, corner Fourth and Smithfield sts.; JOS. FLEMING, corner Diamond and Market street, and Druggists generally. de24-1yd&w3t

WILLIAMS & ALLEN.

SUCCESSORS TO

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing

AND FITTING GENERALLY,

For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

W. & A. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnaces, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses Jail Hotels or Dwellings. No. 25 Market st., Pittsburg

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DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,

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IN SUMS OF £1 AND UPWARDS.

These Drafts are available at all the principal Towns of England, Scotland and Ireland, and the Continent.

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"Her sunny locks

Hang on her temples like a golden fleece."

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To all who desire these "sunny locks," we recommend the use of LYON'S world renowned KATHAIRON. Its wonderful effect in restoring, preserving and beautifying the Hair, and cleansing it from Dandruff and all other impurities, together with its delightful perfume, have rendered it an indispensable article of the toilet. Its immense sale and unprecedented popularity, have stamped it the choicest and most beneficial preparation for the hair ever made. Sold everywhere, in large bottles, for 25 cents.

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PEARL STEAM MILL,

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Flour delivered to families in either of the two cities.

Orders may be left at the Mill, or in our boxes at the stores of

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Balm of a Thousand Flowers, for beautifying the Complexion, and eradicating all Tan, Pimples and Freckles from the face. Sold at Dr. REYNOLDS, 84 Wood street.

NEW YORK, June 15th, 1850.

New York & Liverpool Line of Packets.

MR. JOHN THOMPSON, No. 410 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the only person in the above city authorized to sell Passage Certificates for my Line of New York and Liverpool Packets.

CORNELIUS GRINNELL, 87 South st., New York.

Has always on hand Sight Drafts for any amount, payable at any Bank in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

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Trusses! Trusses!! Trusses!!!—Dr. George H. Keyser, Truss and Brace Establishment, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa. Importer of the French Trusses, combining *extreme lightness* ease, and durability with construction.

Hernial or ruptured patients can be suited by remitting amounts as below:—Sending number of inches round the hips, and stating the side affected.

Cost of Single Truss, $2, $3, $4, $5. Double, $5, $6, $8, $10.

Instructions as to wear, and how to effect a cure, when possible, sent with the Truss.

Also for sale, in great variety, BANNING'S IMPROVED PATENT BODY BRACE, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri: Spinal props and supports, Patent Shoulder Braces, Chest Expanders and Erector Braces, adapted to all with stoop shoulders and weak lungs; English Elastic Abdominal Belts, Suspensories, Elastic Stockings for broken veins; Syringes, male and female, in every variety. Dr. Keyser has on constant hand a large assortment of Trusses, single, double or single, price of single Radical Cure Truss $20 double $30.

Dr. Keyser would state to those in want of Trusses that he can often send to suit the patient by writing, but in most cases it would be better to see the patient and apply the truss personally.

Address GEO. H. KEYSER,

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Second-hand Packing Boxes.—I have on hand a large quantity of Second-hand Packing Boxes which I will sell at less than the cost of material.

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FLEMING BROTHERS,

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Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills, &c.

HENRY H. COLLINS,

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CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,

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No. 25, Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c.,

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PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Have on hand a variety of new patterns Factory and Plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. ap26

The Greatest Medical Discovery

OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cure *every kind of Humor, from the worst scrofula to a common Pimple.*

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples of the face.

Two to three bottles will rid you of the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ear and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pasture, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system: yet it is none a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start. There are no ifs nor ands, humor or hab about it suiting some cases and not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know its effects in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I gave it to children's year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, worm coking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to a perfect state of health by one bottle.

To those who are subject to a sick headache, one bottle will always cure it. It gives great relief to catarrh and dizziness. Some who have been costive for years, have taken and been regulated by it. Where the body is sound, it work quite easy, but where there is any derangement of the functions of nature, it will cause very singular results, but you must not be alarmed—they always disappear in from four days to a week. There is never a bad result from it. On the contrary, when that feeling its one you will feel yourself like a new person. I heard some of the most extravagant encomiums of it that man ever listened to. No change of diet is ever necessary—eat the best you can get. I have likewise an herb, which, when simmered in sweet oil, dissolves scrofulous swelling of the neck and under the ears.' Price 50 cents. Price of the Medical Discovery $1 per bottle.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adult, one table-spoonful per day. Children over eight years, dessert spoonful; children from five to eight years, two spoonful. At no direction can be made applicable to all constitutions, take enough to operate on the bowels twice a day.

Mr. KENNEDY gives personal attendance in bad cases of scrofula.

Sold, wholesale and retail, at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley. de14-w3t

BAKER & CO.'S

MEDICINAL TRANSPARENT

COD LIVER OIL,

Highly esteemed by the Medical Faculty throughout the United States, for its purity, sweetness and uniformity in medicinal and superior efficacy.

A majority of the resident physicians of Philadelphia give this Oil the sanction of their high approval, and as a test of their confidence recommend it to their patients, and prescribe it in their practice.

As a remedy for Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Gout, Rheumatism, General Debility, and all Scrofulous Affections, it stands unrivalled, affording a cure or alleviating suffering when other medicines have failed.

Sold in bottles by JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,

No. 100 N. Third street, Philadelphia.

And by the Druggists in Pittsburgh and elsewhere.

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WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,

86 Fourth st. near Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Buggy, Carriage, Biding, Drovers'

AND

DRAY WHIPS:

THONGS AND SWITCHES,

Keep constantly on hand, received direct from their Factory, in York Co. Pa., a full and varied assortment of Whips, Thongs, Switches, Leathers, Leather Whips, Drovers' Whips, Dray Whips, Planters' Hough and Ready Whips, Carriage and