PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 24, 1855.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time in up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or yearly contracts are made. sept-1dtw

To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Room or Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 9 o'clock, on Saturday.

Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Darlington Cannel Coal.—Since we first referred to the use of this coal in private dwellings it has been gradually growing in public favor, until now the demand for it exceeds the supply. The gentlemen who are engaged in bringing it here for sale find themselves overrun with orders beyond their ability to fill. They will, of course, extend the limits of their operations, and prepare themselves for meeting the wants of the public. We learn that the demand now reaches fifty tons a day, and if this could be freely met it would doubtless be very materially extended. Its use is not now confined to household purposes; but bakers find it an excellent substitute for wood in heating ovens and glass makers use it in tempering glass.

The extraction of oil from this coal is also an important item. It has been ascertained, by actual experiments, that the coal of the Darlington Cannel Coal Company contains forty gallons of *oil* to the ton. This oil is of two kinds. The best is employed as a burning fluid, and is called Sunsole oil, and the common article is used for machinery purposes, and is called Parsphine oil. A firm of this city have commenced the erection of an oil works at Darlington for the manufacture of this oil, which will be in operation next spring. The works will be capable of turning out one thousand gallons per day, and we are told that the oil can be produced at a net cost of fifteen cents a gallon.

Another fact which is still more remarkable, is, that the shale which covers the vein of coal, contains as much of this oily substance as the coal self. This shale is on an average ten feet in thickness throughout the whole extent of the coal-vein, and the supply is therefore almost inexhaustible.

Georgia Politics.—The Democrats of Georgia, at a State Convention held at Milledgeville on the 8th inst., passed a long series of resolutions declaring it expedient that the Democratic party of Georgia be represented in the National Convention of the Democratic party, which is to meet in Cincinnati next Spring; that the delegates to said convention be instructed to insist upon the adoption of a platform containing the following principles:

"1. The recognition and adoption of the principles established in the Kansas Nebraska act.

"2. That neither the Missouri Compromise, nor any other anti-slavery restriction, shall hereafter be extended over any Territory of the United States.

"3. The prompt and faithful execution of the fugitive slave law, and its permanent continuance upon the statute book."

It is also declared that if such principles in substance be not incorporated in the platform adopted by the Convention, the delegates from Georgia ought to withdraw, and take no further part in the nominations or other proceedings of the same.

It is not likely that the democratic National Convention will adopt resolutions so bold, direct and unequivocal as these. The effort will be to pass such resolutions as are susceptible of a double meaning and interpretation; and the Georgia delegates will then doubtless be assured that they have obtained all they were authorized to ask for.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* copies a part of our article about a National Republican convention, and adds:

"The *Gazette*, some time since, gave an excellent article in favor of the union of the entire Opposition upon one ticket for the Presidency and Vice Presidency. How would such a union be influenced by the proposed National Convention? Would it not be better to agitate and recommend some conciliatory system, by which all branches of the Opposition to the existing National Administration could with propriety and consistency harmonize upon one broad, patriotic and comprehensive national platform? It is quite clear that Gen. Pierce and his immediate friends are in a sad minority throughout the Republic, but it is equally clear that with the Democracy united upon a single candidate, and the Opposition divided between three or four, the chances would be in favor of the former."

We are earnestly in favor of a union of all branches of the opposition upon a platform composed to all; but when one of these branches spurns and defies the other, as the New York Know Nothings have done to the Republicans; when the Nothings have done to the Republicans; when the so-called National K. N. Convention at Cincinnati so-called National K.N. Convention at Cincinnati so-called National K.N. Convention at Cincinnati so-called National K.N. Convention at Cincinnati refuses to co-operate with any party that does not adopt its platform; and when the Know Nothings everywhere express a determination to go on and hold a national nominating convention, independent of all other parties; the Republicans have no alternative but to organize by themselves and trust to the future for opportunities of co-operation. If the other sections of the opposition will abstain from organising separately, so will we; if not, we cannot be asked to forego the privileges they exercise and leave ourselves at their mercy. Under such circumstances, duty to our principles demands that we should defend them, and not tamely follow those who spurn them.

For the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.

McClintock and Cameron.

For some time after the October Election the Democrats were particularly jubilant over the prospect of securing a pure democratic organization of the legislature, and a pure democratic United States Senator; but recent occurrences seem to indicate that there is trouble brewing and that some of the party desire not only a *pure* but a *Simon pure* Senator.

It is now quite certain that Cameron has not abandoned his well known tactics of always having a "Vicar of Bray," no matter who may be king.

Hence after the utter overthrow of the Know Nothings in the State, he set about to find some one of his own followers, still retaining a professed connection with the Democratic party, (and there are plenty of them) whom he could safely put forward as his candidate for United States Senator.

His choice seems very natural to have fallen upon our Senator, Dr. McClintock, who during the senatorial struggle of last winter, although he voted for the Locofoco caucus nominee, uniformly voted with the Cameron men on all questions of adjournment and parliamentary tactics, by which the Cameron men hoped to secure the success of their chief.

The Dr. on that occasion proved himself a trusty friend of the great contractor, and it was well understood by those then on the ground that he openly avowed his preference for Cameron, and that his vote was confidently counted upon by the Cameronenant, the moment that it should become absolutely necessary to elect their man.

Hence we now see the Dr. put forward, doubtless by the Cameron men, as their candidate for United States Senator.

An article copied by the Pittsburgh *Union* a day or two since from the Harrisburgh *Patriot* is the first public announcement of this part of the programme.

Some of the innocent Locofocos here supposed that the *Patriot's* article was a mere friendly puff of our Senator given by Mr. Hopkins in return for favors either already rendered or expected; and, believing that Jouns was sincere in his professions of friendship to another Locofoco candidate for the same station, confidently anticipated that he would promptly contradict the announcement. But they reckoned without their host.—Not a word has been in the city every day since the publication referred to, and has made no correction yet.

Hence we are to conclude that he accepts the position assigned him by his leader, and after all the fuss and fary of Allegheny County Democrats against Know Nothings in general, and Cameron in particular, a Cameron man who rendered no aid to the democracy in the late contest is to be taken from their midst, and set over the heads of the very men whose eloquence and labors secured their boasted triumph over the foe.

All this, it is true, is none of our business; but will Judge Shaler and Col. McCandless and their friends submit to the Cameron K. N. rule?

Mooshem Thore.

Important Decision.—In the U. S. Circuit Court, sitting at Boston, it was held by Judge Curtis that the acceptance of a proposal for insurance is binding, even although not signed by either party, and that a parole agreement to insure is binding, the proposal being in writing. The insurance in this case was $10,000 upon the ship *Great Republic*. The facts of the case, which we have been able to glean, are briefly these: The plaintiffs on the 24th December, 1853, by telegraph and through their broker in Boston effected an insurance of $10,000 on the ship *Great Republic* with the defendants, the Union Mutual Insurance Company, upon the terms and conditions named by the latter: the contract was perfected in the usual manner. On the evening of the 26th of that month the *Great Republic* was destroyed by fire, and upon a demand being made by the plaintiffs for the policy it was refused, on the ground *that the contract of insurance was not complete; having been made on Christmas Day.* The defendants formally declined to issue a policy to the plaintiffs, or to pay the loss accruing under it, and the above suit was instituted to recover. The court, under this decision, directs the agreement to be enforced; and the ground taken by it seems to us equitable and just.

Cincinnati Convention.—We learn from the Cincinnati papers that the great National K. N. Convention, called to assemble there on the 21st, was something of an abortion. Only eight states were represented, and several of these by from two to five delegates. There were only thirty-six delegates present at the opening, when all the Free states, if represented, would have been entitled to one hundred and seventy-six delegates. The states represented were Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Rhode Island, Vermont, Massachusetts and Michigan. We copy the following account from the Cincinnati *Commercial*, underscoring a few very suggestive passages, which need no comment. It will be seen that secrecy was stubbornly adhered to:

"The Convention was organized by the appointment of General Williamson, of Pennsylvania, as President, and Mr. Danenhower, of Illinois, as Secretary.

Shortly after the temporary organization, Mr. Gossler of Philadelphia, moved that the proceedings of the Convention be kept secret, "as he understood that the reporters of the press from New York and this city, were present for the purpose of *misrepresenting* the Convention."

Mr. Spooner opposed the motion, stating that he believed the press would fairly report the proceedings. He thought the time for open action had come. He would make no remarks on that floor and give no vote that he was not willing the public should know. Mr. Gossler's motion prevailed, and the President requested all who were not delegates to the Convention to withdraw, whereupon a number of gentlemen, including that venerable friend of the order, Pap Taylor, withdrew, leaving thirty-six gentlemen in the room.

Notwithstanding the effort to keep the proceedings secret, we believe that the most that is done will leak out. Shortly after the doors were closed, we learn that the Convention was permanently organized by choosing Lieut. Gov. Ford, of Ohio, President, and W. W. Danenhower, of Chicago, Secretary. A resolution was also adopted, hoping that no report of the Convention, not even the names of the delegates, should appear in the papers, until orders from the Convention. We understand that Gov. Johnston, of Pennsylvania, Judge Fishback, of Ohio, and others, *are in favor of not reaffirming the sentiments of the platform from the Philadelphia Convention, but are in favor of passing over the slavery question and trying another National Convention.* On the other hand, Thomas Spooner, Mr. Wansley, Hiram Griswold and others, are in favor of reaffirming their opposition to the extension of slavery, and preparing the way for a fusion in the Presidential election with the Republicans on a similar basis to that adopted in Ohio. *It is thought that a majority of the Convention will favor the views of Gov. Johnston.*

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention met in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. A considerable portion of the session was occupied by a speech from Gov. Johnston of Pennsylvania on the general condition of the country and inducating very clearly what course the order should pursue on the slavery question. Committees were appointed to report resolutions, and these will report to-day at 10 o'clock when the war will commence actively between the anti-Nebraska section and the compromise section. *The Pennsylvania delegation are laboring very hard to effect a reunion with the South.*—The most of the Ohio delegation will firmly oppose all compromises on the question, and urge a decided declaration against all further extension of slavery.

Since preparing the above, which comprises the intelligence that leaked out during the day, we have received the following *official* sketch of the proceedings by the Secretary:

MORNING SESSION.

After the temporary organization, the following gentlemen were appointed a committee on Credentials:—Washburn, of Pennsylvania, Sheets of Indiana; Greer of Illinois; Guthrie of Ohio; and Knight, of Rhode Island.

The following gentlemen were appointed a Committee on Permanent Organization. Wick of Ohio; Knight, of Rhode Island; Geer, of Illinois; Mattocks, of Vermont; Allen, of Mass., Knapp, of Mich., Wise, of Pennsylvania, and Moody of Indiana.

The committee reported the following officers which was unanimously adopted:

President—Hon. Thos. H Ford, of Ohio.

Vice Presidents—Wm. Sheety, of Indiana; and S. M. Allen, of Mass.

Secretaries—W. W. Danenhower, of Ill., and Richard Coulter, of Penns.

On taking his seat the President addressed the Convention.

Mr. Dawson, of Indiana, offered a resolution in reference to the XII section of the Philadelphia platform, recommending that it be expunged, and taking the position that the question of slavery was beneficial to the country, while the question of negro equality was a curse, and should not be intermixed with the issues of the American party.

Mr. Spooner, of Ohio, moved that the resolutions be referred to a Committee of one from each State, to whom all resolutions on the same subject should be referred. The motion was adopted, and the following gentlemen appointed the Committee on Resolutions.

Sheets, of Indiana; Spooner, of Ohio; Geer, of Illinois; Mattocks, of Vermont; Knight, of Rhode Island; Keith, of Massachusetts; Sewell, Pennsylvania; Wood, of Michigan.

Resolutions in reference to the XIIth section were offered by Gov. Johnston, Messrs. Spooner, Gosler, and others.

Mr. Moody, of Indiana, offered a resolution recommending to the National Convention the repeal of all rituals, tests of membership, &c., leaving all regulations to the organizations in each State. Laid on the table.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. Knapp, of Michigan, offered a resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

Gov. Johnston, by invitation, addressed the Convention at length; after which it adjourned until ten o'clock this morning.

For further particulars of the proceeding see our telegraphic column.

Executive Usurpation.—The defiant and disrespectful tone towards Great Britain of Mr. Cushing's letters to Mr. Vandyke, of Philadelphia, directing him what course he should pursue in the trial of the late impeachment cases, and the continual meddling of the same functionary with legal questions properly belonging to other tribunals, together with the disposition as apparent *everywhere* to assume powers not given by the constitution and laws, is calling for indignant comment from the press. The N. Y. *Commercial* well observes:

"We refer to the growing disposition of subordinates to usurp authority and power. We see it everywhere. In corporations, in the judiciary, and even in the federal Administration. Mr. Cushing is an illustration of the latter. In lieu of the President he undertook the "crushing out" of political opponents. In the stead of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States, he volunteered an opinion upon one of the gravest questions affecting the Union; and next he seizes upon a question undeniably within the province of the President and the Secretary of State alone, expatiate upon it to a District Attorney, and has his views and interpretations of it promulgated through the country and to the world, as though it was his province to decide *ex cathedra* upon an issue raised between the two Governments. At this rate, the question of the day will soon be, Have we a President among us? Is there a Secretary of State? And if so, who are they? Is the Attorney General one and Mr. Caleb Cushing the other? And with increased impetus we shall be driven to that undesirable state of things in which the President will be a mere distributor of patronage, and the most adventurous and unscrupulous members of his Cabinet will become the acting but irresponsible President. We are of opinion that progress in *that* direction for the last few years has been rapid enough, and shall not beconsenting parties to any acceleration of speed."

The worst form of Piles can be cured.—

We are at liberty to refer to several well known gentlemen, who have used, thoroughly tested, and now recommend *Boerhave's Holland Bitters*, as a remedy for Piles.

We are not permitted to publish their names, but will take pleasure in referring any person to them who desires this statement.

For this affection, one half the prescribed dose should be taken—*one half a teaspoonful*, morning, noon and night—one hour before meals.

For advertisement in another column. no24 d&w3

Nebraska.—By a letter from Nebraska we learn that the contest for Delegate to Congress was close between Bennett and Chapman—so close that the official count would be necessary to decide the result. In Douglass County our former townsman, Gen. Larimer, was elected to the legislature, being the highest on the poll. The vote was as follows, the first eight being elected:

W. Larimer	827	S. A. Strickland	180
W. E. Moore	820	C. F. Holloway	174
L. Harsh	298	Allen Root	80
A. Davis	260	R. B. Whitted	69
A. F. Salsbury	251	Jno. Davis	34
Wm. Clancy	240	R. W. Steel	25
G. L. Miller	235	F. J. Stewart	20
L. L. Bowth	187	W. D. Brown	15

Married—On Thursday, the 22d instant, by Rev. L. Reese, Mr. James McBrier, of Allegheny, to Miss Mary Elizabeth, daughter of D. N. White, Esq., of Sewickley.

At Mount Washington, on Thursday, 22d inst., by Rev. W. A. Passavant, J. O. Wilson and Miss Charlotte, second daughter of James Millinger, Esq., all of this city

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Liver Complaint—This dangerous and often fatal disease had long baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, when the discovery of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills solved the difficulty, and presented to the world *the Great Specific* for that complicated malady, which has attained such widely spread celebrity for its certainty of cure. This successful remedy was the result of many years' study, in which the symptoms were narrowly observed, and are thus described by the Doctor himself:

"*Symptoms of a Diseased Liver*—Pain in the right side, and sometimes in the left, under the edge of the ribs—the patient being rarely able to lie on the left; pain sometimes under the shoulder blade, frequently extending to the top of the shoulder—often mistaken for rheumatism in the arm; sickness of stomach, and loss of appetite; bowels mostly costive, but sometimes alternate with loose; dull heavy sensation in the back part of the head; loss of memory, with uneasiness of having neglected something sometimes dry cough, weariness and debility; nervous irritability first cold or burning, and prickly sensation of the skin; spirits, lassitude, with disinclination to exercise, although satisfied it would be beneficial. In fact, patient distrusts every remedy."

Have you any, or all of these symptoms? If so, you will find a certain remedy in Dr. M'Lane's Pills.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and take none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and Canada.

For sale by the sole proprietors.

FLEMING BROTHERS,
no17d&w8 Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood st.

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE ONLY RAILROAD
RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

The Fast Train leaves at 2.30, A. M., through to Cincinnati in 13 hours and 40 minutes. Fare $7.00.

Mail Trains leave at 6 A. M. and
Express Train " at 3 P. M.

These trains all make close connections at Crestline, so that passengers avoid detention. The direct route to St. Louis is now open, via Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via Columbus. Fare from Pittsburgh to St. Louis $18.50. Second class $12.00. Connections are made at Alliance with the road to Cleveland and at Mansfield with the road to Newark, Homerville and Sandusky City. No Trains run on Sunday.

Three trains connect at Crestline. For particulars, see handbills.

Through Tickets are sold to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal towns and cities in the West.

The New Brighton Accommodation Train leaves Pittsburgh at 10 A. M., and 4:45 P. M., and New Brighton at 7.30 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,
Agent.

At the corner office, under the Monongahela House, Or at the Federal street Station, to GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 22, 1855.

WELCH & GRIFFITH'S PATENT GROUND SAWS.

HAVING purchased from Mr. Wm. Southall his Patent Right, for grinding circular and other Saws, we are now prepared to manufacture same, and we are the sole proprietors of this patent. We will reward any person giving information of infringements on the same. This is the only Machine ever invented that will grind a Saw perfectly even in thickness.

They will require less set—will not heat while running—will run smooth—save lumber—and keep an edge longer than any other saws made—and are not liable to become untrue.

All our Saws are made from an Extra Quality of Cast steel, imported expressly for our own use, at much higher cost than generally used for Saws.

We respectfully inform all manufacturers of Lumber, that no Saw will be sent from this Establishment but what is of superior Steel and workmanship; the Temper will be found more even and uniform than any few in use.

WELCH & GRIFFITHS.
Orders received by JOSEPH WOODWELL & CO.

Jos. Woodwell. J. Wiley. W. K. Woodwell.

JOS. WOODWELL & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,
CORNER OF WOOD & SECOND STREETS,
jy21-d3m PITTSBURGH, PA.

LADIES' FANCY FURS.

M'CORD & CO.,

Have opened their Large Stock of

FANCY FURS,

To which they invite the attention of the Ladies,

No. 131 Wood Street,

Holloway's Pills, a certain Remedy for Indigestion and Liver Complaint—Maria Armstrong, (27) of Kingstown, New Jersey, suffered more than most people from indigestion and a disordered liver complaint. Her every clear medical man told her she was in a consumptive, and her friends despaired of her ever recovering as she had tried everything they thought likely to benefit her, without success. At last she tried Holloway's Pills, which quickly assimilated with the blood, removed the obnoxious matter, and thoroughly cleansed and renovated the system. The result is that she is now perfectly well and in the enjoyment of health. These Pills are also a certain cure for all diseases of the stomach and bowels. no21-1tsrT

Important to Farmers—New Discovery.—VEGETABLE CATTLE POWDER.—These Powders are put up in one pound packs, and are usually a good remedy for all cattle diseases incident to Horses, cows, *swine*, and other animals, but they are likewise an excellent article to improve the condition of the animal, or for *Fat Stock*, they not only improve the condition of them greatly, but they increase the quantity as well as improve the quality of milk and butter. The proprietors say that it increases the quantity of butter from half a pound to a pound a week to every cow, while those receiving the kine tried it say a pound and a half to two pounds per week, with the same kind of feeding as before. Of one thing we are certain, all who use it once will use it all the time, and never willingly be without it. Price 25 cts. a paper; 5 papers for $1.

Corner Wood street and Virgin alley,
Wholesale and Retail Agents.
oct6-2d&w7

Speaking What They Know.

These gentlemen take pleasure in testifying in regard to B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, because two of the firm have used it in their private practice as physicians for a number of years, and therefore know it, by observation, to be good.

New Alexy, Ind., July 4th, 1856.

To B. A. Fahnestock & Co.:

Gentlemen—Having sold your valuable Vermifuge for some time, and having seen it used for many trials, we would recommend it to all as a safe and efficient remedy for all cases of worms. In no instance have we ever seen any evil results following its administration, but always has it answered the purposes for which it was intended; and we sincerely subscribe ourselves,

Yours, &c., WM. WILSON and Others.

Believing that everything that has been set forth in regard to its virtues is strictly in accordance with our observations not only as practitioners, but as users of it, we cheerfully say to all who speak for it, that it is the best Vermifuge now in use, and that its virtues are best known when tried.

THOMAS & HENRY, Physicians.

Sold wholesale and retail by all the principal druggists and country merchants throughout the United States.

Prepared and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., corner of Wood and Fifth sts.

Dr. Urban's Anti-Bacchanalian Elixir, a safe and sure remedy for the cure of INTEMPERANCE. A scientific vegetable extract, and as a result is unequalled. For the following complaints it is a most valuable medicine: *Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Epilepsy, Hemorrhages, Piles, Nervous Affections, Delirium Tremens, Fever and Debility.* This medicine is intended to produce a change in the system, and a distaste for alcoholic drinks. Several instances where we have sold it, we have had the most gratifying testimonials in person, and by letter, of its destroying the indulgence in intoxicating beverages, this *alone* will be a great help. Sold at $3 per bottle at the Drug Store of Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, sign of the Golden Mortar

sept9-d&w7

New York, June 16th, 1856.

New York & Liverpool Line of Packets.

MR. JOHN THOMPSON, No. 410 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the only person in the above city authorized to sell Passage Certificates for my Line of New York and Liverpool Packets.

CORNELIUS GRINNELL,
67 South st., New York.

Has always on hand Sight Drafts for any amount, payable at any Bank in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Also, brings passengers from New York and Philadelphia by Railroad. JOHN THOMPSON,
no7-2d&w1yT and No. 410 Liberty street.

British and Continental Exchange.

RIGHTS SOLD DRAWN BY
DURGAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
ON THE UNION BANK, LONDON,
IN SUMS OF $1 AND UPWARDS.

These Drafts are available at all the principal Towns of England, Scotland and Ireland, and the Continent.

We also draw SIGHT BILLS on
M. A. Gruenbaum & Ballin,
FRANKFORT A/MAIN,
Which serve as a Remittance to all parts of Germany Switzerland and Holland.

Persons intending to travel abroad may procure through us Letters of Credit, on which Money can be obtained, as needed, in any part of Europe.

Collection of Bills, Notes, and other securities in Europe, will receive prompt attention.

WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Wood, corner Third street.
mh28

PEARL STEAM MILL,
ALLEGHENY,

Flour delivered to families in either of the Cities.

Orders may be left at the Mill, or in our house at the store of

DUGAN, WILSON & CO., 62 Wood st.
GRAUL & BRITTON, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts.
E. F. SCHWARZE, Diamond, Allegheny.

TERMS CASH ON DELIVERY.

BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

The Greatest Medical Discovery
OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cure *every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula to a common Pimple.*

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples of the face.

Two to three bottles will cure the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eye.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ear and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst cases of ringworm.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system: yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start There are no ifs nor ands, hums or ha's about it getting some cases and not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know its effects in every case. It has almost done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I gave it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy cocking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to a perfect state of health by one bottle.

To those who are subject to a sick headache, one bottle will always cure it. It gives great relief to catarrh and disagrees. Some who have been costive for years, have taken and been regulated by it. Where the body is sound, it work quite easy; but where there is any derangement of the functions of nature, it will cause very singular reactings, but you must not be alarmed—they always disappear in from four days to a week. There is never a bad report from it. On the contrary, when the feeling is 'one you will feel yourself like a new person. I heard some of the most extravagant encomiums of it that man ever listened to. No change of diet is ever necessary—eat the best you can get. I have likewise an herb, which, when simmered in sweet oil, dissolves scrofulous swelling of the neck and under the ears. Price 50 cents. Price of the Medical Discovery $1 per bottle.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adult, one table-spoonful per day. Children over eight years, dessert spoonful; children from five to eight years, tea-spoonful. As no direction can be made applicable to all constitutions, take enough to operate on the bowels twice a day.

Mr. KENNEDY gives personal attendance in bad cases of scrofula.

Sold, wholesale and retail, at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley.

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,
86 Fourth st. near Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Buggy, Carriage, Riding, Drovers'
AND
DRAY WHIPS:
THONGS AND SWITCHES,

Keep constantly on hand, received direct from their Factory, in York Co., Pa., a full and varied assortment of Whips, Thongs, Switches, Lenden Wagon Whips, Drovers' Whips, Dray Whips, Planters' Rough and Ready Whips, Carriage and Cab Whips, Stage Stocks and Leather, &c., &c.

☞New styles of Whips promptly furnished to order.

☞Orders from the trade are solicited and promptly shipped per instructions.

☞ALL WORK WARRANTED.☜

jel6-lyr&w28

WILLIAMS & ALLEN.
SUCCESSORS TO
ARNOLD & WILLIAMS
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wro't Iron Tubing
AND FITTING GENERALLY,
For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

W. & A. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court House Jail Hotels or Dwellings. No. 25 Market st., Pittsburg

A. F. GUIBERT. J. W. SPALDING

GUIBERT & SPAULDING,
Commission and Forwarding Agents,
34 COMMERCIAL STREET,
SAINT LOUIS, MO.

Particular attention paid to the purchase of
Provisions, Flour, Grain, Hemp,
LARD, LEAD, &c., &c., AND FORWARDING.

RESPECTFULLY REFER TO:

Messrs. R. Robison & Co.,		
" F. Sellers & Co.,		Pittsburgh, Pa.
" W. S. Haly & Co.,		
" Springer Harbaugh & Co.,		Cincinnati, Ohio.
" Procter & Gamble,		
" Springer & Whiteman,		
" Chouteau & Valle,		Saint Louis.
" Wm. H. Merrifield & Co.,		
" McCutcheon & Collins,		Philadelphia.

aug6-6md

JOHN COCHRAN & BROS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c.,
Nos. 91 Second st., & 86 Third st.,
(between Wood and Market,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Have on hand a variety of new patterns Fancy and Plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh27

"A thing of beauty
Is a joy forever."

So sang the gifted poet Keats. What can be more beautiful than a fine head of Hair, that noblest of nature's adornments. Who that is young, but values the luxuriant locks of youth, and would preserve them? and who that is old but would avert baldness. To all such we would commend LYON'S KATHAIRON, universally acknowledged to be the most valuable and the most delightfully perfumed toilet article ever prepared. Be sure and ask for LYON'S KATHAIRON, to guard against the many worthless imitations and catchpenny which have lately been put up under somewhat similar names. Sold everywhere for only 25 cents per bottle.

HEATH, WYNKOOP & CO., Proprietors,
63 Liberty st., New York.

For sale by R. E. SELLERS & CO., and all other dealers. d2-1md&w5

The only standard remedies now offered
to the afflicted are Helmbold's Fluid Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla: they are void of mercury, arsenic, or other deleterious drug, *but are purely vegetable* in their composition.—[See advertisement.

JOHN FLEMING. WILCOX, JR. COCHRAN FLEMING

FLEMING BROTHERS,
(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NO. 60 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge Liver Pills, &c.

Balm of a Thousand Flowers, for beautifying the Complexion, and eradicating all Tan, Pimples and Freckles from the face. Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street.

New Daguerrian Gallery.

MR. NELSON would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that in order to meet the daily increasing demand for his Daguerreotypes, he has had built and has now completed, over the Old Post Office, Third street, one of the most spacious and magnificent Sky Light Galleries ever constructed for Daguerreotype purposes in the United States. Wears now prepared to execute Likenesses of all sizes in any style, and warranted to please, at all hours, from 8 o'clock A. M. till 5 P. M. A visit from all is solicited, whether they wish for Pictures or not. Rooms, OLD POST OFFICE BUILDING, Third street. Pittsburgh

Second-hand Packing Boxes.—I have on hand a large quantity of Second-hand Packing Boxes which I will sell at a low price. Apply at the store of GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street.

sc6

Mechanics' Bank Pittsburgh,
August 30, 1855.

The Stockholders of the Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh are hereby notified that the 2d instalment of $12.50 per share will be due on the 10th of October, and the 4th and last instalment of $12.50 per share on the 1st of December, following, as per resolution of the Board of Directors, passable at the Banking House, 60 4th street on and after the 1st of October. JOHN D. McGILVY, Cashier.

se1-dtoct10

NOTICE.

The Directors of the "PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH" have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Six per cent., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, on Saturday, December 1st, 1855.

A. A. CARRIER, Secretary.

November 6, 1855 no6

Pittsburgh Trust Company,
November 19th, 1855.

THIS BANK has this day declared a dividend of Six Per Cent on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on or after the 26th inst. JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

no19-3d

Pittsburgh Trust Company,
November 14th, 1855.

AN Election for Nine Directors for this Company will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, the 26th inst., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.

A general meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Trust Company will be held at the Banking House, on

no16-3d JOHN D SCULLY, Cashier.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Warren's Improved Fire and Water Proof Composition Roofing.

HAVING been for the last eleven years extensively employed in the manufacture of the above roofing, now much used in all the principal cities of the country, during which time I have been located under every variety of circumstances, and been improved and perfected wherever experience showed that it could be done, and having finally taken up my residence in Pittsburgh, I am now prepared to put it on this city in 1856, and again to cover the Depository, Depot in 1854, for both of which I transported our men and materials from Philadelphia free of charge; we have been induced to open a branch of our business in the city, and being prepared to fill orders to any extent, we confidently refer our roofs in the cities of the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, to its cheapness, durability and perfect protection against *both fire and water*, and to the public generally, for the last eleven years.

The best pitch for this roofing is from one half to one inch to the foot—but we can under favorable circumstances apply it to a much greater pitch, even five or six inches to the foot. Roofs that have been leaking for any kind can be re-covered by this method with the positive certainty of having good tight roofs. We append the following testimonials, to which many be examined, and further information and reference, please call on our office, No. 74 Water street, or at WARREN'S Office, 24 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

The above roofing may be seen on the following buildings:

Duquesne Depot, Liberty street; Fourth Ward Public School House; Sixth Ward Public School House; Maurice Kunz's new building, Smithfield st, above Fourth; Capt. Jas. Rea's, Penn's new Warehouse, Third st., below Market, Algeo's new building, Fifth st, below Smithfield; Mitchell, Herron & Co.'s Foundry Buildings; M'Cartney's Auction Rooms. *In Allegheny City*.—R. S. Davis' Dwelling, Beaver street; Steve Lyon's Dwelling, Penn street; Warehouse, Pedgrift, above Robinson. sel4-tfmo20d&1

Public Sale of Valuable Lands.

THE undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the Merchant's Exchange, 4th street, on THURSDAY, January 3d, 1856, at 7 o'clock, the following described valuable property, being lots No. 1 and 2 of the Grandaker plan of lots, situated in Pine township, Allegheny county, 7 miles from Allegheny.

Lot No. 2 contains 150 acres of land, 50 of which are cleared and with a high state of cultivation, the balance an excellent sprout land. There is a first rate frame barn on the premises. The improvements consist of a two story frame dwelling house, with 10 rooms, and a log house, and is bounded as follows: North by lands of Isaac Grubbs and Wm. Wilson; west by lands of David Dyson, Thomas Hunter and James Dunlap; east by lands of Wm. Stable's heirs; and south by lands of Wm. Wilson and others.

Lot No. 10 contains 130 acres, about 100 of which are clear and in a high state of state of cultivation, the remainder good timber land. The improvements are two frame houses, Barn, Stable, &c. On this lot are two never failing springs of water, but as near the house, which might be converted into a mill-race without much difficulty. Lot No. 10 is bounded on the north by lands of Johnson Wilson; south by lands of Thomas Ditchfield; east by lands of Richard Harvey and Wm. Dickey; and west by lands of Richard Harvey and Wm. Dickey; and west by lands of Thomas and Charles Gibson.

These are the last two tracts of the above plan of lots, (the others of which Gilmore has been acting as agent) therefore purchasers should look to their interests as they will not be apt to have an opportunity of making a handsome investment. Persons wishing to view the property will call on the farm of Gilmore on the property.

Terms of sale made known at the time and place. For further particulars, address

W. F. EAGLE,
Baird's Agricultural Warehouse, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Or SAMUEL W. HOFFMAN, Esq.,
No 241 North 13th st., Philadelphia.
P. M. DAVIS, Auct.

no22d&w3

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE heirs of Joseph Moss, late of Peters township, Washington county, dec'd, offer for sale the following valuable property, belonging to said decedent: A valuable Farm, situated in the aforesaid township, 15 miles from the city of Pittsburgh, 3 from the Cherry Valley Railroad, containing 213 acres, about 100 of which are cleared and in a state of cultivation, with a number of never failing springs of water on the premises; about