PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 28, 1855.

A Room in the Gazette Buildings for Rent.—A WELL LIGHTED ROOM, on the second floor, and easy of access, in the Gazette Buildings, on Fifth street. Is for rent for one, or a term of years. It would suit a Book binder, Engraver, or Lithographer or a Weekly Newspaper Office. sat18-tf

NB.—To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Room or Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 9 o'clock, on Saturday

NB.—Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our Weekly Gazette offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special month by or yearly contracts are made. sm1ndtw

Reading Matter on each page of this paper.

A WORD TO OLD WHIGS.

We desire to address a few sincere words to the old Whigs of Allegheny County. Since there is no Whig ticket in this county, the Whig voters must either withhold their ballots, or vote for the candidates put forward by the other parties. In all general elections, it is the duty of every citizen to vote, and this duty should not be neglected, unless under peculiar circumstances, or necessary absence from the polls. We sometimes hear a voter say that he does not like any of the parties or any of the candidates, and he will therefore, stay at home. There may be cases when an honest, good citizen will be justified in voluntarily absenting himself from a general election; but we have never seen such a case, and never expect to. Seldom indeed is it that there is no important principle or no great public or local question involved in a general election; and never, perhaps, when there are not good and bad men running as candidates. It is the duty of the electors to place good, competent men in office, men of correct moral, and political principles. Every citizen who aids, directly by his vote or indirectly by not voting at all, in elevating incompetent, or corrupt men to public office, is guilty of a great wrong upon society. When the contest is between two parties only, both of which, in the opinion of the voter, are wrong, and whose candidates are nearly equal, still, as a general rule, it is his duty to vote;—he must choose between them and do the best he can under the circumstances. For, one or the other must be elected, and every voter must bear his share of responsibility for the result. If there are more than two parties, or three or more sets of candidates, the duty is the same, although the range for selecting is wider.

But, notwithstanding as a general rule, every voter is partly responsible for the result of an election, and must not therefore, refuse to vote or knowingly throw away his ballot on a hopeless ticket, yet there are circumstances when the voter is justifiable in voting with a known minority. If the majority parties are equally corrupt, if the same results will flow from the success of either; and if the smaller party is based on more correct principles and is advocating some great measure of public importance, then it is the imperative duty of the honest voter and good citizen to go with the minority, and thus contribute by his vote and influence, to build up that minority and give it eventually the ascendency.

These are political axioms—self-evident truths. All parties pretend to recognize them, and no man will question their correctness. Let us apply them to our present circumstances.

We have three, and only three, tickets in the field, the Republican, the Democratic and the Know Nothing. So far as Whig principles are concerned, it matters but little, if anything at all, whether the Democrats or Know Nothings be elected. Whig principles and Whig men will meet with no favor from either. And so far as the qualifications and fitness of the candidates are concerned, there is little or no difference. Either, if elected, will do their utmost to crush out the last spark of vitality in the Whig party, and both alike will be utterly proscriptive of all Whigs. Every Whig vote for the Democratic Ticket, is so much aid and comfort to their ancient enemy. Success this fall will greatly increase their chance of success next fall in the Presidential contest. It will strengthen the party, confirm the wavering, and give hope to the desponding. If defeated in the State this fall, the Democratic party will be virtually dissolved and Pennsylvania redeemed from political thraldom.

On the other hand, if the Know Nothings be successful, they will become still more arrogant and vindictive. They feel that this election decides their fate forever. If defeated, they can never again rally their men with any prospect of success. It is a struggle of life and death with them. The great body of the Order are now free ting in the traces, and it requires the constant and almost super-human efforts of the leaders to keep them together. One severe repulse would sink the corrupt ticksters into oblivion and set free the thousands of honest but deceived man who have been enticed into its embraces.

It is therefore the true interest and policy of the Whigs to defeat both the Democrats and K. N's. Nothing good can be expected from them, but much good may result from their defeat.

But apart from these considerations on the grounds of policy; how, as a matter of *principle*, can any Whig, entertaining the views that have for years characterized the Whig party of the North on the question of slavery, and which have rendered its name so honored and cherished, vote either the Democratic or K. N. Ticket? The Democratic party is wedded to the slave power and pledged to sustain all its past iniquities, and further all its infamous schemes of future aggrandisement. Every vote for the Democratic ticket is a vote of approbation to Pierce, Douglas, Atchison & Co., and will be counted in favor of extending slavery over all our Territories. A vote for the K. N. Ticket is no better. In this county the Order professes to be intensely anti-Slavery, yet it remains in full connection with the National Organization which is ultra pro-Slavery. In the Southern States it is the fiercest advocate of slavery in its wildest demands. The leading spirits in the Kansas outrages, Atchison, Stringfellow &c., are all good Know Nothings. The Reading Platform, which is the Platform of the party in this State, asks only for the restoration of the Missouri Compromise, tacitly yielding to slavery all our Territory South of 36° 30'.

How then can any consistent Whig vote for either of these parties?

The Republican party stands on the ground occupied by the patriot sires of '76. While it concedes to the states where slavery now exists the exclusive control over the institution within their own boundaries, it demands, in the spirit of the ordinance of 1787, that *all* our territories shall be forever free. This was the doctrine of Washington and Jefferson, of Madison and all the framers of the Constitution.—And this was one of the cardinal principles of the illustrious statesman of Kentucky, who so long and gallantly led the Whig forces, and whose memory is so dear to every Whig heart.

Near the close of his public career, Mr. Clay declared that no earthly power could induce him to vote for introducing slavery into free territory. Daniel Webster, the good northern light of the Whig party, held the same views. Slavery is a great evil, not to be extended or perpetuated, but to be restricted and confined. This was the universal sentiment at the time our Constitution was adopted. It was always the sentiment of the whig party, at least in the Northern States. It is now the organic principle of the republican party. Whigs, therefore can, with perfect consistency, unite in the Republican movement, and in view of all existing circumstances, we cannot see how they can, consistently, vote any other ticket.

If we have correctly stated the case, it is the duty of all old Whigs to vote the Republican ticket even if it were certain that it would be defeated. But such is far from being the case. Every day increased our evidence of its probable success. *In view of what we know and have heard from different sections of the county, we state it as our honest conviction, that if all the old Whigs—we mean those who have not joined the K. N's.—vote the Republican ticket, it will be triumphantly elected.*

PETER MARTIN.

The *Times* of Wednesday published a note from the Hon. T. Stevens of Lancaster, asserting that Peter Martin, the K. N. candidate for Canal Commissioner, was an anti-slavery man, opposed to the Kansas frauds and in favor of the restoration of the Missouri Compromise. But Mr. Stevens produces no evidence whatever to support his statement, and does not even refer to any act or expressed opinion of his candidate. His letter, containing six or eight lines, is in reply to one addressed him by the editor of the *Times*, asking for information on this point, and stating that out here it has been asserted that Mr. Martin is *not* anti-slavery. Mr. Stevens' letter reminds one of an accommodating witness who has been called by his friend to establish a fact essential to the success of his cause, feeling that all depended upon his testimony and wishing to favor his friend, he screws up his courage, puts on a bold front and swears up to the mark! But the naked, unsustained assertion of Thaddeus Stevens, a brother K. N., is but poor evidence in favor of Peter Martin, who is reported to be one of Thaddeus' little satellites.

During the Republican State Convention in this city, we learned from some of Mr. Martin's neighbors who knew him well, that he had long been an old hunker Democrat, and always went with his party and sustained all their pro-slavery measures. On this evidence we pronounced him a pro-slavery man. We now present additional and conclusive evidence on this point. We ask the candid anti-slavery men of the American Party to read the following article from the *Lancaster Examiner and Herald*. They will here see that Mr. Martin in 1848 denounced *Nativism*, the distinguishing feature of the so-called American Party; in 1850 he endorsed the Compromise measures and praised Cass, Dickinson, Douglass & Co.; again in November, 1850, endorsed the Fugitive Slave Bill, opposed the Wilmot Proviso, repudiated all legislation by Congress on the subject of Slavery in the Territories, and condemned the Missouri Compromise as unconstitutional; again in 1852 endorsed the Baltimore Platform, Pierce, King & Co. With such antecedents, who can believe that *Peter Martin* is now an anti-slavery man, or is even sincere in his Nativism? And yet he is put forward as the standard bearer of the Party which claims to be *par excellence* the anti-slavery Party, and intensely American! But here is the article from the *Examiner and Herald*:

PETER MARTIN'S POLITICAL HISTORY.—As the political views and opinions of Mr. Peter Martin, the K. N. candidate for Canal Commissioner are not likely to be known out of Lancaster county, we have taken the trouble of overhauling a file of democratic newspapers for the purpose of getting his opinions, as expressed by himself, from an authentic source.

Here, while Mr. Martin is well known, such truth is altogether unnecessary, as every body knows him to have always been up to his year, a democrat of the deepest dye—of the Cass and Frazer school—and the most intensely pro-slavery in sentiment of either branch of the democratic party. But for the information of distant members of the party, we submit the following record.

Mr. Martin has probably been a delegate to every democratic convention held in this county for the past ten years—previous to last year, when he became a K. N. He has frequently been a candidate on their ticket, and always a leading member of the conventions.

We commence, with the proceedings of the Democratic county convention of September 6, 1848, of which Mr. Martin was *President*. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"*Resolved*, That the resolutions of the Baltimore Convention renew and re-enact the great principles of the Democracy of the Nation.—That those principles are unchanged and unchangeable. That they have been maintained and carried out by every successive Democratic administration, and that we are now proud to contrast the great platform of our faith with the empty assertions and hollow promises of our opponents who have no principles for the public eye.

"*Resolved*, That we denounce the alliance that has been formed between Whiggery and Nativism, and that with pride and pleasure we assert, in the language of the Baltimore resolutions, "That the liberal principles embodied by Jefferson in the Declaration of Independence and sanctioned in the Constitution, which makes cure tax land of liberty and the asylum of the oppressed of every nation, have ever been cardinal principles of the Democratic faith, and every attempt to abridge the present privilege of becoming citizens and owners of soil among us, ought to be resented with the same spirit which swept the alien and sedition laws from our statute books,"

In 1849 there was no democratic convention. In 1850, (Sept. 18,) democratic convention met to settle a ticket.—Peter Martin a delegate and on the committee on resolutions. The following was reported and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we congratulate the country upon the passage of the various measures constituting the Compromise bill,—measures efficacious in restoring peace and harmony to a distracted country, and stemming the tide of reckless fanaticism, whose only object seemed the agitation of Slavery in themselves not by practical utility, but in their consequences likely to sever this noble confederacy of States. And we here, speaking for the democracy of Lancaster county, tender our unrestrained thanks to those noble champions of right and justice, Sturgeon, Cass, Dickinson, Douglass, Foote, McLanahan, Rose, and others, who in a fearful crisis, forgetting everything but patriotism to their country, boldly and unyieldingly met the traitorous efforts of Northern fanatics and Southern madmen, and never faltered in their glorious work until the Republic emerged from the dark and portentous shadows cast around her.

On the 18th of November, 1850, another convention was held, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State convention which nominated Bigler. Peter Martin was again a delegate; and was chosen to the State convention. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we are opposed to the Wilmot and all other Provisos; REPUDIATE ALL LEGISLATION BY CONGRESS OVER THE DOMESTIC CONCERNS OF TERRITORIES and domestic servitude therein, which belongs to the sovereign people alone; and ALL LINES regulating the exercise of such a power, north or south, ARE IN VIOLATION OF THE CONSTITUTION and derogatory to the rights of the people.

Resolved, That the abolitionists and their allies of the North, in their constant attacks upon our friends and countrymen of the South, have caused most of the difficulties (now so happily adjusted by the peace measures of the last Congress) and should be condemned by every friend of the country.

Resolved, That the Fugitive Slave bill, while it protects the owner in his just rights and property, gives to the alleged slave ample security against illegal seizure of his person. It violates no constitutional provision; and invokes and demands the support of every peace-loving and patriotic citizen. We know no higher law to rule our conduct, and as members of this political confederacy, we pledge ourselves to sustain its execution in the spirit of its enactment, regardless of all threats or denunciations.

Sept. 10, 1851. Democratic county convention. Peter Martin a delegate, and on the committee to draft resolutions. A set were reported and unanimously adopted, strongly endorsing the Compromise measures, &c.

Sept. 8, 1852. Democratic county convention. Peter Martin a delegate—Vice President of the convention, and on the committee on resolutions. The Baltimore Platform of 1852, Pierce, King, &c., were strongly approved.

In 1853 there was no democratic convention. In 1854, Mr. Martin ran on the K. N. ticket for Prothonotary.

It will be seen from the above record that Peter Martin is an old-hunker pro-slavery democrat of the deepest dye. He denies the *right* of Congress to prohibit slavery in the territories; and holds the Missouri Compromise line to be unconstitutional! The anti-slavery K. N's. will have "a good time" in voting for him!

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

A Republican meeting was held yesterday at Kilbuck, in Ohio Township, one is to be held at Sharpsburgh, this evening, and one in the Borough of Sewickley. One is announced for Fayette Township this afternoon, and one at Herriotsville on the Washington road, to-morrow afternoon. Wherever they have been held, there has been a good turn out of citizens and a strong feeling elicited in behalf of the Ticket. Our cause has nothing to lose but everything to gain from public meetings. There are hundreds in all parts of the country, who would vote the Republican Ticket if they properly understood the position of the different parties. Let us then have meetings in every section where it is possible. If our friends in the county will fix the time and place and send us word, if they want any speakers from the city, they will be furnished. Several gentlemen of ability are ready and willing to go wherever they are needed. We have but ten working days till the election: every moment therefore is precious and should be improved. Up, Republicans and to work!

The following ticket was nominated by the Hindoos at Auburn, N. Y., on Tuesday:

Secretary of State, J. T. Headley; Controller, Lorenzo Burrows; Attorney General, Stephen B. Cushing; Canal Commissioner, S. G. Whalen; State Treasurer, Stephen C. Clark; State Engineer, Col. S. Seymour; Prison Inspector, Wm. A. Russell; Judge of Appeals, W. W. Campbell and George F. Comstock.

FIVE PHYSICIANS DEAD IN ONE DAY.—Five physicians died at Norfolk on Saturday, namely: Drs. Capre, of New York; Dillard, of Montgomery, Ala.; Burns, of Norfolk; Rizer, of Philadelphia; and Walters, o Baltimore.

On Monday, Dr. Richard Funstall died.

THE STATE FAIR.—THE FIRST DAY.—The Fifth Annual Exhibition of the State Agricultural Society commenced at Harrisburg, on Tuesday.—As is usual with exhibitions of this character, the vacant lots and roads adjacent to the grounds are occupied by enterprising dealers in low priced liquors, pigs feet and tripe, porter, cakes and lager bier, and are prepared to furnish at reasonable prices whatever they may have on hand. Besides these there are exhibitions of the anaconda, calves with five legs and dogs with two—the guyasticutus—horny horses—and a host of other curiosities too numerous to mention. From inside of these tents come sounds of the violin, and the tamborine,—and in one or two instances the hand organ is the medium of attraction.

Pushing your way through this homogeneous mass of humanity, wagons and sheds you reach the enterance to the Fair Grounds and can be admited upon the payment of usual sum. Scattered over the grounds are various large size circular tents and buildings, the shelves and tables of which are filling up rapidly with articles for exhibition.

The cattle stalls, too are being almost hourly augmented by fresh arrivals. So far there is a very good show of their class of stock, and some attract much attention for their beauty and great size. There is also a very fair collection of horses, some of which would be hard to beat in the State. The continued additions being made to the multitude of articles on exhibition, renders a fair estimate of all this time not only impossible but useless.

In the tent appropriated to household goods, there is a beautiful display of quilts, counterpins, &c., all of which evince much artistic skill in their manufacture. The fruit collection is very extensive.

Fine pianoforte instruments are exhibited by Reed & Co., of Pittsburgh.

At present, the fowl and poultry department is one of the chief attractions. There are many hundred cages and coops, and all filled with the choicest collections.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge.—Another medical witness.—It is no small evidence of the intrinsic value of this great Vermifuge, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its triumphant success in expelling worms. See the following:

HARRISONVILLE, Shelby Co., Ky., April 2, 1852.

J. Kidd & Co.—I am a practising physician, residing permanently in this place. In the year 1843, when a resident of the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. At some more leisure moment I will send you the result of the experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of 300 worms. L. LARTHER, M. D.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and from the sole proprietors.

For sale at Pittsburgh by the proprietors, FLEMING BROS., successors to J. KIDD & CO., No. 60 Wood st. se22-d&w8

Who has not heard of Boerhave's HOLLAND BITTERS?—Simple in its composition, pleasant to the taste, and truly wonderful in its effect, its popularity cannot be wondered at. To invalids just recovering strength, it is invaluable exercising that controlling influence over the nervous system, and imparting that health and tone to the stomach, so longed for by the convalescent.—*Daily Enterprise.*

See advertisement in another column. se22-1&w8

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cure *every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula to a common Pimple.*

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both dumber humor). He has now in his possession over one hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a running sore mouth

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples of the face.

Two to three bottles will purify the system of bliles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst tetter in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humors in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system, yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start There are no lib one aside, humo or he's about it suiting some one else and not you. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know its effects in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever effected by any medicine in Massachusetts. I gave it to children a year old: to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, sickly coking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to a perfect state of health by one bottle.

To those who are subject to a sick headache, one bottle will always cure it. It gives great relief to catarrh and dirtiness. Some who have been costive for years, have taken and been regulated by it. Where the body is sound, it will cause a good appetite. There is no stimulant used of the functions of nature, it will cause very singular sealings, but you must not be alarmed—they always disappear in from four days to a week. There is neither a benefit from it. On the contrary, when that feeling is gone you will feel yourself like a new person. I heard some of the most extravagant encomiums of it that man ever listened to. No change of diet is ever necessary—eat the best you can get. I have likewise an herb, which, when simmered in sweet oil, dissolves scrofulous swelling of the neck and under the ears. Price 50 cents. Price of the Medical Discovery per bottle.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adult, one table-spoonful per day. Children over eight years, dessert spoonful; children from five to eight years, teaspoonful. As no directions can be made applicable to all constitutions, take enough to regulate the bowels twice a day.

Mr. KENNEDY gives personal attendance in bad cases of scrofula.

Sold, wholesale and retail, at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood treet, corner of Virgin alley. fsddawT

Cough Remedies Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure you.

Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Bronchitis.

Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Laryngitis.

Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Influenza.

Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure a cold in the head

Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Incipient Consumption.

A recent letter from Mr. J. W. Veatch, of Rokeby, Ohio, says:

"I want you to send me two bottles of your Pectoral Syrup by mail. There is a lady here who has a cough and the doctors can't cure her. I was in the same way, and tried everything without benefit, until I got a bottle of your Pectoral Syrup: I took it but twice, and it cured me perfectly well."

Ask for Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup and take no other. Price, 50 cts. Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S, No. 140 Wood st., and at J. P. FLEMING'S, Allegheny. se20-d&w8

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These Drafts are available at all the principal Towns of England, Scotland and Ireland, and the Continent.

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Collections of Bills, Notes, and other securities in Europe, will receive prompt attention.

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mh23-

Liver Disease.—Carter's Spanish Mixture as a remedy for liver disease, and the number of formidable evils connected with a disorganized state of that organ, is unrivalled.

Hundreds of certificates, from the highest sources of power, living in the city of Richmond, Va., might be given of cures effected by Carter's Spanish Mixture. We have only room to refer to the extraordinary cure of Samuel M Drinker, Esq., of the firm of Drinker & Marrit, Booksellers, Richmond, Va., who was cured by two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, after three years suffering from disseased liver. He says its action on the blood is wonderful, better than all the medicine he had ever taken, and cheerfully recommends it to all. See advertisement.

se4-1ndaw7

WELCH & GRIFFITH'S PATENT GROUND SAWS.

HAVING purchased from Mr. Wm. Southwell his Patent Right, for grinding circular and other Saws, for which we have paid him a large sum, and we are the sole proprietors of this patent. We will reward any person giving information of infringements on the same. This is the only Machine, ever invented that will grind a Saw perfectly even in thickness.

They will require less set—will not heat while running—will run smooth—save lumber—and keep an edge longer than any other saws made—and are not liable to become untrue.

All our Saws are made from an Extra Quality of Cast steel, imported expressly for our own use, at much higher cost than generally used for Saws.

We respectfully inform all manufacturers of Lumber, that no Saw will be sent from this Establishment but what is of superior Steel and workmanship; the Temper will be found more even and uniform than any Saw in use.

Orders received by WELCH & GRIFFITHS.

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FOR WOODWELL.....J. WILEY.....W. E. WOODWELL.

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These trains allmake close connections at Crestline, and the first two connect at Alliance. The direct route to St. Louis is now open. via Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via Cleveland. Connections are made at Mansfield with the Newark and Sandusky City road; and at Crestline with the three roads concentrating there For particulars see handbills. No trains run on Sunday

Through tickets are sold to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal towns and cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5.15 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,

At the corner office, under the Monongahela House, Or at the Federal street Station, to GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, July 23, 1855.

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Dr. Urban's Anti-Bacchanalian Elixir, a safe and sure remedy for the cure of INTEMPERANCE. A concentrated vegetable extract, and as a tonic is unequalled. For the following complaints it is a most valuable medicine: *Dispepsia, Liver Complaint, Epilepsy, Nervalgia, Piles, Fevers of all kinds, Delirium Tremens, General Debility.* This medicine is intended to produce a change in the system, and a distaste for alcoholic drinks. Several instances where we have sold it, we have had the most gratifying results; so, to persons who are really desirous of breaking off the indulgence in intoxicating beverages, this elixir will be a great help. Sold at $1 per bottle at the Drug Store of Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, sign of the Golden Mortar. se15-d&w7

Reputation in New England.

BRISTOL, N. H., June 9th, 1855.

To B. A. Fahnestock & Co.:—

GENTLEMEN—For five years past, I have used B. A Fahnestock's Vermifuge for an anthelmintic in my practice my attention was first called to it in a case where I had failed to dislodge worms with calomel, pink and cowhage. A bottle was obtained and used with desirable effect; since then I have prescribed it for hundreds of patients, and in a large majority of cases with complete success. In one case a single bottle of the medicine brought away from one patient *Ninety-Eight Worms.* I have never known it to do harm, and I am induced to make this statement from an honest conviction that it is the most valuable Vermifuge yet known. Such is my confidence in its "worm-killing" powers, that I recommend it to other physicians in this section, and furnish them with the article. M. C. SAVAGE, M. D.

Prepared and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., corner of Wood and Fist sts. se0-d&w7

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Joy for the Invalid.—We cut the following from the "Philadelphia Saturday Gazette," and we recommend our readers to pursue it carefully, and those suffering should not delay purchasing:

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See advertisement. au25-d&w8

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Balm of a Thousand Flowers, for beautifying the Complexion, and eradicating all Tan, Pimples and Freckles from the face. Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street. se15- d&T

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