PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1855.

A Room in the Gazette Buildings for Rent.—A WELL LIGHTED ROOM, on the second floor, and easy of access, in the Gazette Buildings, 5th street, is for rent for one, or a term of years. It would suit a Bookbinder, Engraver, or Lithographer or a Weekly Newspaper Office. sn16-tf

☞To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Room or Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 3 o'clock, on Saturday.

☞Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special month by or yearly contracts are made. sept24dtw

Reading Matter on each page of this paper.

A correspondent in to-day's paper calls attention to the case of Judge Peck, of Missouri, who committed a man for contempt of Court, under peculiar circumstances, and was presented for impeachment therefor at the bar of the U. S. Senate.

Prior to that time, there had been no law of the United States to regulate the power of U. S. Judges in cases of contempts, and the Judges had the unlimited power enjoyed by the judiciary in Great Britain. Judge Peck was not therefore impeached; but so great was the indignation of the country at the committal of a man for even twenty-four hours, for a constructive contempt, that Congress immediately passed a law limiting the power of the Courts in such cases, and putting it beyond the means of judicial despots to do as they please. The following is a section of that law:

"The power of the several Courts of the United States to issue attachments, and inflict summary punishments for contempts of Court, shall not be construed to extend to any cases *except the behavior of any person or persons in the presence of the said Court or so near thereto as to obstruct the administration of Justice*, the misbehavior of any of the officers of said Courts in their official transactions; and the disobedience or resistance by any officer of said Courts, party, jurors, witnesses or any other person or persons to any lawful writ, process, order, rule, decree or command of the said Courts."

Now, all who are familiar with the facts in Williamson's case, (and who is not?) will see at once that this law gave Judge Kane no power to commit him. He was committed for contempt in making a return which Judge Kane *inferred* to be at variance with the facts, and not for any behavior in the presence of the Court or so near it as to obstruct the administration of justice. The Judge had, therefore, no legal authority for his act. The law of Congress expressly withholds from him the power to do it; and Williamson is consequently imprisoned in defiance of law, and deprived of those protections to his rights which the constitution throws around them.

If Judge Peck was deemed worthy of impeachment, and barely escaped it, for imprisoning a man only twenty-four hours, how much more so is Judge Kane, who has sent a man to prison during his discretion? "The discretion of a Judge," says Christian, "is the law of a tyrant;" and is this a country where people claiming to be free are willing to submit to the pleasure of a tyrant? No. We sincerely hope and trust that impeachment awaits him at the hands of the next Congress; but lest that body should fail in its duty, let the people first impeach the unjust Judge at the polls, by electing the victim of his tyranny to the only office at present in their gift.

The impression rests on some minds that the nomination of Passmore Williamson, while undergoing imprisonment, is analagous to the nomination and election of Burker to the mayoralty of this city when he was incarcerated in jail; and this impression is sedulously cultivated by those against whose schemes the nomination of Williamson is destined to operate. A journal in this city, which has raised a huge outcry over the wrongfulness of that man's imprisonment, and cut-Heroded Herod in its denunciation of Judge Kane for such an act of judicial tyranny, has, since the nomination for Canal Commissioner, resorted to this argument, and spoken of the nomination as a mere repetition of what took place in this city a few years ago.

But the cases are widely different; they have, in fact, no point in common. Barker was duly and legally indicted, tried and convicted of an offence laid down in the law, and was suffering a punishment legally inflicted, while Williamson has been neither indicted, tried or convicted, but is enduring imprisonment without offence, and made the victim of a wrong which it is the duty of the people to rebuke. Barker was tried in due course of law, by a jury of his peers, and met his accusers face to face; Williamson is condemned not only without, but in defiance of law; he is denied the examination of his case by a grand jury, no witnesses are confronted against him, a jury of his peers is not allowed to pass upon the charges, and he is consigned to imprisonment at the discretion of a usurping judge. If Williamson were a criminal he would excite no sympathy; it is because the people know him to be innocent, and are convinced that he is imprisoned in defiance and deprivation of his constitutional rights, that they feel commiseration for him tugging at their heart-strings.

No man who is averse to it is asked to support Passmore Williamson; but there might be generosity enough, even in determined political hostility, to do an innocent man the justice of stating his case rightfully.

MORE TESTIMONY.—We have already given the testimony of several gentlemen who know PASSMORE WILLIAMSON, and who unite in representing him as one of the best business men of the State. These statements have all been voluntarily offered; and to-day we have the pleasure of adding the name of another highly respectable citizen to the list, that of C. G. HUSSEY, Esq. Mr. Hussey knows Passmore Williamson personally and intimately, and states him to be well qualified for the office in every particular—a gentleman who has the confidence and esteem of all who know him, possessed of a fine mind, high moral character, great perseverance and unflinching courage, and would lay down his life for the right, if necessary. There is no man in the State, he says, who more fully represents the principles of the Republican party, or who will more determinedly carry them out, and he is the man, above all others, who, from policy as well as principle, that body was bound to nominate. His unjust imprisonment has touched a chord in the heart of the masses, which will not cease to vibrate until the Federal judges shall have learned to respect State as well as individual rights.

An evening paper, edited *nominally* by an insignificant little puppy, brought here from the interior to libel men whose virtues he can neither imitate nor appreciate, but *really* by baffled demagogues who vent their spleen under covert devotes itself with all its dwarfish energy to the work of abusing, misrepresenting and defaming this paper. Having been started upon a corruption fund, with which its nominal conductor was bought, it is maintaining a sickly existence upon contributions of black mail levied upon candidates and aspirants; and as it can only live until the election is over, it is improving its short term in earning most thoroughly the contempt of a disgusted community. Its editorial column of Saturday is filled with falsehood and base efforts at deception; and this is but a repetition of almost every day preceding. We are not expected, of course, either to answer or pay any attention to its tirades. A few short weeks will suffice to exhaust its short and reckless career; and when it has disappeared, the purpose of such an infliction will be as much a matter of inquiry as the use, in the economy of nature, of reptiles and vermin.

The Supreme Court, as was expected, has decided that it has no power to release Passmore Williamson from the clutches of Judge Kane.—He is therefore left with no remedy but his appeal to the people. To that tribunal he now presents his petition; and a generous people will not fail to use, at the polls, the power which they know they possess.

BLOOD! BLOOD!!—Not *only* has slavery been forced into Kansas, but its friends have surrounded it from outside dangers with penalties of death to all who dare to interfere with it. One of the acts lately passed in that territory contains thirteen sections, to no less than *eight* of which is attached the penalty of *death*, in case of violation thereof. The milder sections of the act are as follows, and will be read with interest at the present time:—

11th Section—If any person print, write, introduce into, publish or circulate, or cause to be brought into, printed, written, published or circulated, or shall knowingly aid or assist in bringing into, printing, publishing or circulating within this Territory any book, paper, pamphlet, magazine, handbill or circular containing any statements, arguments, opinions, sentiment, doctrine, advice or insinuendo, calculated to produce a disorderly, dangerous or rebellious disaffection among the slaves in the Territory, or to induce such slaves to escape from the service of their masters, or to resist their authority; he shall be guilty of felony, and be punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a term of not less than five years.

12th Section—If any free person, by speaking or by writing, assert or maintain that persons have not the right to hold slaves in this Territory or shall introduce into this Territory, print, publish, write, circulate or cause to be introduced into this Territory, written, printed, published or circulated in this Territory, any book, paper, magazine, pamphlet or circular, containing any denial of the rights of persons to hold slaves in this Territory, such persons shall be deemed guilty of felony, and punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a term of not less than two years.

13th Section—No person who is conscientiously opposed to holding slaves, or who does not admit the right to hold slaves in this Territory, shall sit as juror on trial of any prosecution for any violation of any of the sections of this act.

This act is to take effect, and be in force from and after the fifteenth day of this month, and is signed by the somewhat notorious J. H. Stringfellow, as Speaker of the House of Representatives. The remarkable feature about the case is this: that it subjects the free settlers from the North to an ignominious death for trivial offences, and absolutely interdicts all freedom of speech and freedom of the press. The working man from Pennsylvania who immigrates thither finds himself menaced by a halter and the gallows at every turn, a padlock is placed upon his lips and his hands tied, and he is reduced to the condition of a victim of European despotism.—According to the represented doctrine of the Nebraska bill, the whole question of slavery was left open for discussion by the residents of the territory, to be by them settled according to their best judgment. And yet Stringfellow, in eight sections, *strings* up on the gallows all such as express their opinions against the peculiar institution, and, in five more, fines and imprisons them for discussing it, and disqualifies any one from acting as a juror who does not believe in the divine right of being a slave-owner. Thus are northern men shut out from a territory to which they have an indefeasible right. Will they submit to it?

"BROWN'S Interpreting Family Bible, with explanatory notes and evangelical reflections. By the late REV. JOHN BROWN, Minister of the gospel at Haddington. With additional notes by Rev Dr. H. Cook. Complete in 66 numbers at 25 cents each, each number embellished with a highly finished engraving on steel. Martin and Johnson; London and New York."

Very many of our readers are familiar with the issue of the Bible as edited by Rev. John Brown. His copious notes and marginal references have long been held in esteem by all diligent students of the sacred book. This edition is got up in faultless style. The paper is excellent and the typography all that the weakest eyes can desire; the engravings which accompany each number are finished in the highest style of the art, and include views of the principal places mentioned in Scripture from drawings taken on the spot. Altogether, it is a very handsome book. The first and second numbers have been issued; and families who may desire to secure a copy can do so by calling on John Fleming, the agent for this city, at Lauffer's Book Store, No. 80 Fifth street.

The Warren *Ledger*, a democratic paper with very strong free-soil tendencies, has the name of Arnold Plumer at the head of its columns, but expresses a strong desire to know how the said Plumer stands on the Nebraska question, and hints that it will cast him off if he endorses the course of the Convention which nominated him. It says:

We should very much like to have Mr. Plumer employ the means of publicity to frankly state his views upon these topics; for, until he does so do, we shall *feel*—as will also many democrats in this county—embarrassed how to act in the coming campaign in reference to his election.

It were better to take the name down, at once, friend *Ledger*, and substitute that of Passmore Williamson. Plumer is a Hunker, of the Hunkers; pro-slavery lurks in his very marrow.

KENTUCKY.—The official vote of Kentucky has been announced and the result for Governor is as follows, compared with the vote in 1852:

	1855		1852
Morehead, K. N.	69 816	Scott, W.	57,063
Clark, Dem.	66,412	Pierce, D.	53,805
Maj.	4,403	Maj.	3,263

The Congressional vote is as follows, and shows a smaller majority than that on Governor.

Dist.	K. N.	Dem.
1	W. G. Hughes,	5706 H. U. Burnett, 9323
2	J. P. Campbell,	7553 S. O. Peyton, 6972
3	W. L. Underwood,	7502 J. P. Bates, 5390
4	P. C. Pope,	6570 A. G. Talbott, 6558
5	C. A. Wickliffe, Jr. Hermitth.	6078 J. H. Jewett, 7076
6	G. W. Dunlap,	6340 J. H. Elliott, 6978
7	H. C. Marshall,	6626 W. Preston, 4578
8	A. K. Marshall,	7039 J. O. Harrison, 5536
9	J. Caldwell,	7695 R. H. Stanton, 6498
10	B. F. Swope,	7494 H. C. Harris, 6991
		69671 65845

Messrs. James T. Lloyd & Co. of Cincinnati, have been using the press very extensively to advertise a forthcoming book containing Steamboat statistics and a list of steamboat disasters. If our merchants are waited on by their agents to solicit subscriptions, it will be well enough to remember that the firm have been advertised in St. Louis and Cincinnati as swindlers or impostors.

The nomination of Passmore Williamson for Canal Commissioner, by the Republicans of Pennsylvania, affords the freemen of that State an admirable opportunity to express their opinions of the outrage on their own dearest rights, of which he is the immediate victim. Passmore Williamson is now in prison for the crimes of loving liberty and spreading the truth. He told Jane Johnson that she and her children were legally free, having been voluntarily brought into Pennsylvania by their master; and he made answer to a habeas corpus before Kane that he had no control over the said ex-slaves, and did not know where they were. All this was the simple, naked truth, and for telling it when required, he is arbitrarily imprisoned by Judge Kane—imprisoned without indictment or trial, and for an unlimited period. There lives no Pennsylvanian whose personal safety this tyranny does not endanger, provided he be one who may possibly do a generous or manly act. Now, we know not to what party Mr. Williamson belongs, nor do we care to know. It suffices us that he is the immediate victim of a great public wrong, and that his election as Canal Commissioner will be a salutary rebuke of that wrong, and a humiliation to its author. We entreat, then, every humane Pennsylvanian to work and vote for Mr. Williamson's election, no matter how many or what rival candidates may be in the field. He cannot be a man of generous instincts who, in view of the facts, will allow his name to be used as a candidate against Passmore Williamson.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

KANSAS LEGISLATURE.—The St. Louis *Republican* gives a full list of the county officers elected by the Kansas Legislature, to serve for six years. The counties are seventeen in number, and the Legislature chose for each a Probate Judge, three Commissioners and a Sheriff. The *Republican* says that all the "offices are filled with pro-slavery men. Counties thick with abolitionists are thus to be governed by good pro slavery officers, and the Free Sollers have no chance to elect theirs. Such was the object of the Legislature in making these appointments." The Legislature has also passed an act dividing the territory into three judicial districts. The *Republican* tells us that "Judge Elmore, notwithstanding his removal, is assigned one district; Judges Lecompte and Johnson the others."

ALARMING ACCOUNT OF THE CROPS ON THE CONTINENT.—The news from Germany in relation to the grain crops is of a very unfavorable character. The supplies at this time of the year are usually very small and the prices not high, but the accounts from East Prussia, Pomerania, Silesia, Mecklenburg, and Holstein have caused great excitement. Rye will give hardly one-half the average. The Wheat has been so much injured by the rust that the entire loss of it is feared, while the disease of potatoes has been of a great extent, that the worst is to be expected. The stock of Old Wheat is entirely exhausted. Under these circumstances prices in all the Continental Markets, with the exception of Holland, have considerably advanced.

REV. ANTHONY DIBRELL.—The *South Side Democrat* pays a warm tribute to the memory of the Rev. Anthony Dibrell, late pastor of Granby street Methodist Church, Norfolk, who fell a martyr to his sense of duty to religion and humanity. The *Democrat* says:

"Ever since the fever commenced its ravages, Mr. Dibrell has been untiring in his ministrations at the bed of affliction, breathing consolation to the distressed and soothing the passage of his people to the grave. Like a faithful and affectionate shepherd, he deserted not his flock, but with a Christian fortitude and a Christian charity he exerted every energy of his nature, in season and out of season, until the fell destroyer, with remorseless grasp, seized its pious prey, and consigned him to the gloom of the grave. We knew Anthony Dibrell—knew him long and well. He was the loveliest specimen of christian character we ever saw. Every one who was acquainted with this man of God, loved him with a tenderness and a devotion, as deep as it was disinterested."

THE REBELLION IN CHINA.—The accounts from China for some months past have justified the belief that the revolution was at a stand, and the insurgents had met with serious reverses. The *Overland Friend of China*, of June 9th, received by the last European steamer, however, contains intelligence received through the North China *Herald*, and copied from the Pekin *Gazette*, dated in April last, of the capture of two or three cities by the rebels, situated in the province Hopih. This province is situated south-westerly from Nankin, at a distance of about 800 miles. In the meantime we have no late information of the progress of the insurgents in the north. From the absence of any account of their advance upon the capitol, while these operations are recorded in the official Gazette, it is natural to infer that in that quarter nothing of importance had occurred. The cities of Woo-Chang and Siang-Quang in Hopih, are situated southerly from Pekin at a distance of six or seven hundred miles.

SANTA ANNA.—A Washington correspondent of the New York *Courier* learns from a gentleman "who arrived by the latest conveyance from Mexico, that he admitted cause of Santa Anna's flight was the desire to save his private fortune which is immense. He is very avaricious, and took his measure so well that it succeeded in his object. The skirmish at the National Bridge, said to have been occasioned by the attempt of the pursuing party to capture a particular box of gold, which although marked as the private property of Santa Anna was claimed to be the Government funds. But his Highness had taken his measures too well and got off with the gold. It is the opinion that Santa Anna can nay sooner than was necessary, that his cause was by no means desperate, and that his flight may have been a part of a secret arrangement with his opponents, who preferred negotiation to fighting."

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS IN LOUISIANA.—The following is a complete list of the candidates of both parties for Congress in the several districts of the state of Louisiana:

	American.	*Democratic.*
1.	George Eustis, Jr.	Albert Fabre.
2	Theodore G. Hunt,	Miles Taylor.
3.	Preston Pond Jr.,	T. Green Davidson.
4.	Wm. B. Lewis,	J. M. Sandidge.

Hon. Charles Summer arrived in Boston last evening, from his tour of 4 months in the West. He returned through New Hampshire and Maine, and walked down Mount Washington on Monday. During his tour he visited every free State in the Union except California, three of the Slave States, Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri.—*Boston Transcript.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

See Advertisement headed Helmbold's Genuine Preparations: they have accomplished the most extraordinary cures of all other similar remedies.

Interesting to those suffering from Headache.—*A certain Remedy found in Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills.*

☞The following is a sample of certificates received daily from our own citizens:

PITTSBURGH, NEW YORK, August 1, 1852.

This is to certify that I have been subject at times to severe headache, sometimes the pain would be so severe I could rest neither day nor night. Hearing of Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, I sent and got a box, of which I took two pills on going to bed, for two nights. They relieved me entirely. Some time has now elapsed, and I have had no more trouble from sick headache.

M. JOHNSON, 118 Liberty st.

P. A. Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills can both be obtained at any of the respectable Drug Stores in this city.

☞Purchasers will please be careful to ask for and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge and Liver Pills. There are other Vermifuges and it is now before the public, but all comparatively worthless

For sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,
se8dw8 Successors to J. KIDD & Co., 69 Wood st.

Appetite and Strength Restored.—Wm. Young, of South Pittsburgh, says:—"After having suffered severely for several days with a most distressing attack of Diarrhœa, I purchased a bottle of Roshaw's Holland Bitters. It gradually checked the disease, and restored my bowels to perfect order. Before I had finished the bottle, I found my appetite and strength returning. I believe it worthy of the character you give it, and shall recommend it as such.

See advertisement in another column. se8-d&w3

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
THE ONLY RAILROAD
RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

The Fast Train leaves at 2 A. M., through to Cincinnati in 7 hours and 40 minutes.

MAIL TRAIN LEAVES AT 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " AT 3 P. M.

These trains all make close connections at Crestline, and the first two connect at Alliance. The direct route to St. Louis is now open. Through to Indianapolis, 10 miles shorter than via Cleveland. Connections are made at Mansfield with the Newark and Sandusky City road; and at Crestline with the three roads concentrating there For particulars see handbills. No time run on Sunday.

Through tickets are sold to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal towns and cities in the West

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A.M. and 5.15 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CUREY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House, Agent.
Or at the Federal street Station, to
GEORGE W. PARKIN,
Ticket Agent.

Citizen's Insurance Comp'y of Pittsburgh.

WM. BAGALEY, *President.*
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, *Sec'y.*

OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.

☞INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS AND TRIBUTARIES. *Will insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, ALSO against the perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.*

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Western Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.

ESTABLISHED 1840. CHARTER PERPETUAL.
P. M. GORDON, SEC'Y.
Will Insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

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☞A bonus Institution, managed by Directors well known in this community, and who will liberally adjust and promptly pay all losses at the Office, No. 62 Water Street, (Spang & Co's Warehouse,) up stairs, Pittsburgh.

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EAGLE STEEL WORKS.
HOLMES, McKELVY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cast Steel, German, Saw, Blister, Plough AND SPRING STEEL;
AXLES, VICES, SPRINGS, PICKS, Mattocks, Wedges, Harrow Teeth, &c.
WAREHOUSE, No. 112 WATER STREET,
Between Wood and Smithfield,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
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JOHN COCHRAN & BROS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c.
Nos. 91 Second st., & 86 Third st.,
(between Wood and Market,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Have on hand a variety of new patterns Fancy and Plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh9-tf

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,
86 Fourth st. near Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Buggy, Carriage, Riding, Drovers' AND DRAY WHIPS;
THONGS AND SWITCHES,
Keep constantly on hand, received direct from their Factory, in York Co., Pa., a full and varied assortment of Whips, Thongs, Switches, Loudon Wagon Whips, Drovers' Whips, Dray Whips, Planters' Rough and Ready Whips, Carriage and Cab Whips, Stage Stocks and Lashes, &c. &c.

☞New styles of Whips promptly furnished to order.

☞Orders from the trade are solicited and promptly shipped per instructions.

☞ALL WORK WARRANTED.☜

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EUREKA INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PITTSBURGH.
JOHN H. SHOENBERGER, President.
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WILL INSURE AGAINST ALL KINDS OF
MARINE AND FIRE RISKS.

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☞All losses promptly and liberally adjusted by the Directors, without reference elsewhere. Office, No. 70 Water street, Pittsburgh.

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cure *daily* kind of *Humor, from the worst Scrofula to a common Pimple.*

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples of the face.

Two to three bottles will clear the system of blotches.

Two bottles are warranted to cure, the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start. There are no ifs nor ands, buts or be's about it; nothing some cases and not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know its effects in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I gave it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, worm sticking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to a perfect state of health by one bottle.

To those who are subject to a sick headache, one bottle will always cure it. It gives great relief to catarrh and deafness of long standing. So sure do I have been for years, have taken and been regulated by it. Where the body is sound it work quite easy, but where there is any derangement of the functions of nature, it will cause very singular feelings. But you must not be alarmed—they always disappear in from four days to a week. There is never a bad result from it. On the contrary, when that feeling is gone you will feel yourself like a new person. I heard some of the most extravagant encomiums of, it that man ever listened to. No change of diet is ever necessary, only be careful you can get. I have likewise an herb, which, when simmered in sweet oil, dissolves scrofulous swelling of the neck and under the ears. Price 50 cents. Price of the Medical Discovery $1 per bottle.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adult, one table-spoonful per day. Children over eight years, dessert spoonful: children from five to eight years, teaspoonful. The Medicine can be made palatable to all constitutions, take enough to operate on the bowels once a day.

Mr. KENNEDY gives personal attendance to bad cases of scrofula.

Sold, wholesale and retail, at Dr. KENNEDY'S, 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley. fe6-1ed&wT

To Mothers, Wives and Daughters.—The noblest discovery in the science of medicine, and the one which has, and will continue to prove, the greatest blessing to the human family, is the medical preparation known as Marshall's Uterine Catholicon.

It is designed to cure the various diseases incident to females, such as prolapsus, and in the back, causes extreme prostration from nursing and a hundred other evils in their train, have almost made life a burden current weakness into a daily and hourly curse. The most enlightened professors of the medical colleges in the old world, as well as in this country, have held the subject in anxious consideration, and they have finally determined that the old method of treating these as local and separate diseases was erroneous, and a constitutional treatment was what was required. It is an old adage, that great bodies move slowly; and while the Faculty were endeavoring to harmonize their views and digest a system for general practice, Dr. Punsavin, a physician with forty years experience in the diseases of women and children reduced the theory to simple terms, and discovered a remedy which has cured and will cure eighteen out of every twenty cases now existing. Where the womb or its organs have been ruptured, or where they have been severely injured by bad medical treatment, nothing can be done but to alleviate the symptoms. *No case is hopeless!!* Sold by Dr. LYON'S KATHAIRON.

HEATH, WYNKOOP & CO., Proprietors,
63 Liberty st., New York.

For sale by R. R. SHILLERS & CO., and all other dealers. au1-lmd&w3

Liver Disease.—Carter's Spanish Mixture is a remedy for liver disease, and the number of formidable evils connected with a disorganized state of that organ, is unrivalled.

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