PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1855.

To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Room or Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is received by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or yearly contracts are made. sep1dtw

To Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our Weekly Gazette offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Republican County Convention

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29TH.

PRIMARY MEETINGS SATURDAY, AUGUST 25D.

REPUBLICAN STATE MASS CONVENTION, AT PITTSBURGH.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1855.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

The members of the Committee of Arrangements appointed at the meeting held on the twenty second instant to make preparations for the approaching Republican State Convention, are requested to meet, this (Saturday) evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the editorial room of the *Gazette*, in the Gazette Building, Fifth street, above Smithfield. The Committee consists of the following gentlemen:

Gen. Wm. Robinson, jr., Allegheny, *Chairman.*
Hon. Thomas M. Howe,
Dr. R. D. Gassaway, Pitt Township.
James McAuley, Pittsburgh.
John Allen, (8th Ward,) Pittsburgh.
William F. Murdoch, "
Russell Errett, "
Aaron Floyd, "
George Wilson, "
Rev. Charles Avery, Allegheny.
James Marshall, "
George Darsie, "
Samuel Palmer, "
John W. Riddle, "
Hezekiah Nixon, "
Thomas McKee, Birmingham.
Richard Dewhurst, Reserve tp.
Matthew Anderson, Reserve tp.
John Magill, West Deer tp.
Wm. Wilson, Sr., Snowden tp.
R. C. Walker, Elizabeth.
Jno. M. Porter, Tarentum.
Dr. James Carothers, Wilkins.
Goodman V. Coulter, Fayette.
J. W. F. White, Sewickley.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY MEETINGS.

The primary meetings for the choice of delegates to the Republican County Convention will be held this (Saturday) afternoon, August 25th, commencing at three o'clock, at the following places.

PITTSBURGH.

First Ward—Corner of Ferry and Fourth sts.
Second Ward—Duquesne Engine House.
Third Ward—Neptune Engine House.
Fourth Ward—Public School House.
Fifth Ward—Place of holding annual election.
Sixth Ward—Public School House.
Seventh Ward—Public School House.
Eighth Ward—Public School House.
Ninth Ward—place of holding annual election.

ALLEGHENY.

We have not been notified of the places of meeting in Allegheny, but learn that in the First, Second and Third Wards the meetings will be held at the places for holding the annual election.

DELEGATE MEETINGS.

The meetings to choose delegates to the Republican County Convention will be held this afternoon, commencing at 8 o'clock.

We hope to see our friends in the two cities and the surrounding boroughs alive to the importance of these meetings, and to hear that they have been generally well attended. Let good delegates be chosen, and no fears need be entertained that a good ticket will not be selected when the convention meets.

Every ward in the two cities and all the boroughs, as well as the townships, ought to be represented in the Convention. We know that there are earnest friends of the movement in each, and a little effort will secure good meetings in all of them to-day.

The Wild Hunt after Office.—A part of the seventh section of the Know Nothing National Platform is, "Disgust for the wild hunt after office which characterizes the age." This disgust, we are left to understand, is excited only by the wild hunt after office which characterizes the other political parties, for surely it would not express such a feeling toward the working of its own organization.

And yet, we are sometimes led to suspect that the hunt is even wilder in that organization, and infinitely more disgusting, than in any that ever preceded it. The Chambersburg *Whig* publishes the printed list of candidates which was furnished to the K. N. councils of that county.—For six offices that were to be filled, there were no less than forty-eight candidates—an average of eight to each; and many who had been candidates before the nominations took place were withdrawn.

In this county, we are told, the list embraces upward of sixty names—an array more formidable than was ever witnessed here in times when a nomination was equivalent to an election. If the comparatively moderate aspirations of men in the old parties excited "disgust," by what term shall we designate the unexampled wildness of *this* hunt?

In his speech at Easton the other day, Senator Brodhead alluded to this matter, with an illustration introduced:

"They say that the two old parties are corrupt—that they are seeking in a wild hunt after office. Gov. Johnson, who represented Pennsylvania in the Convention, informs us that the Whigs and Democrats are in 'a wild hunt after office.' I served with him in the Legislature some fifteen or sixteen years ago, and then he was hunting after office on the Democratic side. After that he sloughed over on the money question and sought office on the Whig side. Now he has slunk over to the new party, and says the other parties are in a wild hunt after office. [Laughter.] I allude to him because you know him. Gentlemen who hold conventions and put down their language in the shape of resolutions ought to have them discussed. It does not become him, and it does not become those who are associated with him either, to say that they were disgusted with this wild hunt after office, unless they were disgusted with themselves."

Doctors Differ.—Mr. Randell Hunt, in a speech delivered at a K. N. gathering at New Orleans, dwelt at considerable length upon the injury inflicted upon Southern interests by the foreign immigration, which all settled in the north, and by building up that section weakened the relative influence of the south. He therefore exposed the K. N. cause, for the purpose of putting a stop to that immigration. He also quoted largely from leading authorities to show that the main body of these immigrants became imbued with anti-slavery, and in that sense were supremely dangerous to the South. On the other hand, the demagogues of the order in such northern latitudes as this asseverate that this immigration ought to be stopped because the immigrants nearly all become *pro*-slavery. The two arguments do not harmonize very well. One or the other must be wrong. If northern K. N. representations on this subject are right, then Mr. Randell Hunt and his southern coadjutors are the veriest fools imaginable.

The St. Louis *Democrat* insists that there is no question of doubt about the Know Nothingism of both Atchison and Sterling Price, Governor of Missouri. It has repeatedly charged the fact, and that it remains undenied by the party while confessed by his followers. In regard to Atchison, it says, "his vote in the last session of the United States Senate, proves the fact upon him; furthermore, the recent proceedings of friends in Platte county, shows his complicity with them; and last of all several members of the Order stand ready to give their certificates to establish the charge when the proper time for exposure shall come."

In making up the list of the Committee of Arrangements for the Republican State Convention, appointed on Wednesday evening, the name of Hon. Thos. M. Howe was inadvertently omitted.

Monroe County.—The Democrats of Monroe have nominated John G. Montgomery for Assembly.

Cambria County.—The Whig convention of Cambria county re-assembled on the 16th, and nominated the following ticket:

Sheriff—John Roberts, Conemaugh.
Treasurer—James Kean, Blacklick.
Commissioner—Hiram Fritz, Carroll.
Auditor—M. F. Wagner, Clearfield.
Coroner—A. Little, Loretto.
Director of the Poor—Edward Glass, of Ebensburgh.

The following resolution was then offered and adopted.

Resolved, That we, the delegates of the Whig County Convention now assembled, do endorse the sentiments contained in the letter of declination of Wm. B. Reed, Esq., as a member of the State Central Committee, and that the action by the majority of that Committee in the bargain and sale of Hon. George Darsie for the support of Know Nothing principles has and will meet the condemnation of every honest and true lover of his country.

Know Nothingism, in this end of the world, esteems its opposition to Catholicism to be its principal capital; while in Alabama, Louisiana and South Carolina it lays claim to public confidence on the score of its friendship for the Catholics. The New Orleans *Bulletin*, for instance, one of the ablest Know Nothing organs of the South, in bewailing the defeat of its brethren in Alabama, at the late election, contends that the result was inevitable from the suspicion of intolerance towards Catholics which attached to the Order in that State. It says:

"It required no prophet to foresee and foretell the issue. The party in Alabama was an integral part and parcel of the National party of Know Nothings, which, in their great council at Philadelphia, formally proscribed Catholics by the imposition of a religious test, a measure of intolerance which even the British government, which recognizes as a cardinal principle in its constitution the union of Church and State, ignored years ago. The outrage and proscriptions THEY SO PERTINACIOUSLY PROMULGED DURING THE CANVASS, would not purge them of the defilement which contact and association have infected them with.

The Alabama State Council was in full fellowship with, and fully represented in, the National Council; its delegates were duly accredited and recognized; they participated and took a prominent part in their deliberations, and voted and acted with them upon the final adoption of their national platform. It is not then at all strange that the brotherhood in Alabama, has been made to bear its due proportion of the odium which the National Council at Philadelphia had, in all sections of the country, incurred for its intolerant and bigoted proscription of religious liberty. It was the expected penalty, the evenhanded retribution, which always attend those who sanction or wink at oppression and injustice. It was a great *faux pas*, an irretrievable blunder. The State Council of Alabama attempted to repair the mischief created by the participation of its delegates in the proceedings of the National Council; it re-organized, adopted and promulgated a State platform, in which it abrogated the odious proscriptive clause, and abolished the religious test; but it all would not do; it could not purge itself of the infection incurred by contact with religious bigots; the smoke adhered to their garments, and no process of purification could extirpate the defilement.

On the 6th day of March, 1850, Congress admitted Missouri as a Sovereign State, but provided that no State thereafter should be admitted with a recognition of slavery, north of 36 deg. 30min. This was in the usual form of territorial bills, except section 8, which reads as follows:

"Sec. 8. That in all that territory ceded by France to the United States, under the name of Louisiana, which lies north of thirty-six degrees and thirty minutes north latitude, not included within the limits of the State contemplated by this act, slavery and involuntary servitude, otherwise than in the punishment of crimes, whereof the parties shall have been duly convicted, shall be, and is hereby forever prohibited. Provided always, that any person escaping into the same, from whom labor and service is lawfully claimed, in any State or Territory of the United States, such fugitive may be lawfully reclaimed and conveyed to the person claiming his or her labor or service as aforesaid."

On the 26th day of May, 1854, the act passed the U. S. Senate, which formed the territorial government of Kansas and Nebraska, (the same having passed the House four days previously,) in the fourteenth section of which provides, among other things—"*That the Constitution, and all the laws of the United States, which are not locally inapplicable, shall have the same force and effect within the said territory of Nebraska as elsewhere within the United States, except the eighth section of an act preparatory to the admission of Missouri into the Union, approved March 6th, 1820,—which is hereby declared inoperative and void.*" The passage of the Kansas and Nebraska act was deemed and treated by the North as a violation of public faith. The South regarded it with favor, and the author of the act itself undertook to show argumentatively that the effect of the above repeal was not to admit Slavery into the territories of Kansas and Nebraska. Before its passage, no man pretends that Slavery could go into Kansas; the act of organization declares that it cannot go there by virtue of that document, but somehow or another it is found there, and the first Territorial Legislature are now considering; and doubtless will pass, if they have not already, a bill which provides, among other things, as follows:

"Sec. 12. If any person by speaking or by writing, assert or maintain, *that persons have not the right to hold slaves in the Territory*, or shall introduce into Kansas, or print, publish, write, circulate, or cause to be introduced into the territory, written, printed, published or circulated in this territory, any book, paper, magazine, pamphlet or circular containing any denial of the right of persons to hold slaves in this territory, such person shall be deemed guilty of felony, and punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a term not less than two years."

Thus it will be seen, in short, that the first fruits of the great doctrine of Squatter Sovereignty, promulgated by Gen. Cass, and based upon section fourteen of the Kansas and Nebraska act, are heavy penal legislation, making it a *felony*, punishable by hard labor for a term not less than two years, to declare or write in the territory of Kansas, the truth of the very words of the act of Congress which organizes the Territorial Government, and gives life to her legislation, declaring that it is "the true intent and meaning of the act, not to legislate Slavery into the territories or States." It is very clear that slavery did not and could not exist in Kansas, after March 6, 1820, and previous to May 26, 1854. It is quite as clear that it does exist there now, and has done ever since. The act declares that it did not go there by virtue of its provisions, and if it did not, how did it go there legally? Yet a Territorial bill makes it a felony to state that it does not lawfully exist there.—*Detroit Advertiser.*

The Strength of Russia.—The Paris correspondent of the *National Intelligencer*, says:

"We have long thought that the power of the great opponent with which England and France are at war has been very much exaggerated. It is undoubtedly a wise maxim not to *despise* an enemy, but it is equally necessary not to *overestimate* his power. "What (says the *Examiner*) is a population of 60,000,000 to a country like Russia, spreading over a *seventh* part of the earth? We do not make use of the phrase a *seventh* of the *habitable* globe, because Russia contains a *seventh* of the globe, both *habitable* and *uninhabitable*." Now, a thin population is a weak population; the strength of a country consists in the closeness of its population and the proportion of men to the soil. Russia averages about eight souls to a square mile, while France averages more than 170, and England more than 230. In the province of St. Petersburg the average is one soul to 25 acres; in Archangel one to 50 acres. When the population of the British Isles was rather less than a million, it was, relatively to the territorial scale, as strong or as weak as Russia now is. If the Queen of England was to count up all her subjects as the Czar now does his, she would boast, not sixty millions, but nearly treble that number—British, Colonial and Indian. And the separation of the parts of the British Empire would be as nothing compared with the vast distances of the Russian Empire. The people of Great Britain communicate with their fellow-subjects at the antipodes in less time than the Czar takes to communicate with his in Siberia. It may well be asked, when estimating the strength of Russia, what are sixty millions of people scattered over more than seven millions of square miles? And, again, what are the moral weight, the physical power, the material energy of sixty millions of people, of which forty-four millions are serfs—twenty-three millions belonging to the nobles, twenty-one millions to the Crown? When hostilities commenced between Russia and Turkey the military strength of the former was to that of the latter as ten to one; but, nothing daunted at these odds, the Turk made head against the armies of the Czar. At the end of the last war between Russia and Turkey the Muscovite army was in the last stage of exhaustion, reduced to about 5,000 men, when concessions were made by the Porte, is utter ignorance of the real weakness of the power which extorted them. The time for dwelling on Turkey's weakness and Russia's strength is past. The season for these considerations was before the allies drew the sword.

Killed by Lightning.—The Mercer *Democrat* says:

"A daughter of Mr. John Amon, of French-creek township, while riding on a load of hay from the field to the barn, was killed by lightning, on Friday the 16th inst. The yoke of cattle attached to the wagon were also killed; and the driver, though considerably stunned, was not mortally injured. Two little boys, who were walking some distance behind the wagon were also badly shocked."

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION

To the Citizens of Allegheny County:

The violation of national faith in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and the events which have followed upon the enactment of the Kansas-Nebraska Bill, call upon the people of the Free States to inaugurate a political movement for the protection of the rights and the interests of Freedom and Free Labor; and this is the more imperatively called for since the disruption and disorganization of the old parties have left very many without a home in any political organization on which they can depend for the practical and successful defence and assertion of their principles. We therefore call upon all who regard Slavery as local and Freedom as national—who are opposed to the extension of Slavery into any of our territories, and to the increase of its political power by the admission into the Union of new Slave States, or otherwise—who are ready to demand of the General Government an immediate redress of the wrongs involved in the repeal of the Missouri Prohibition—and who believe that Freedom rather than Slavery should be the controling element in our national politics—to unite with us in giving vitality to a Republican party on the above basis, which shall be independent of and distinct from all parties now existing among us. And for this purpose we hereby recommend that such of our fellow-citizens as concur with us in these views, meet in their respective election districts on Saturday, the 25th day of August, between the hours of 3 and 7 P. M., for the purpose of electing two delegates from each, to assemble in County Convention, at the Court House in Pittsburgh, on Wednesday, the 29th, at 11 o'clock A. M., to complete the organization and nominate a county ticket.

In this movement we invite the co-operation of all who agree with us, without regard to former party distinctions; and recommend that in the selection of delegates a generous confidence should be shown, and a total oblivion of all former political differences.

George Darsie,	Wm Robinson, Jr.,	James Carothers,
John W Riddle,	Chas A Avery,	J Moreland,
Ed D Gazzam,	John Herron,	James Marshall,
David Wilson,	D N White,	Thomas Balter,
H Nixon,	Luke P Davison,	George Zeigler,
Wm Wilson,	John Irwin, Sr	Wm Wilson, Sr,
Thos L Shields,	John Irwin, Jr,	Samuel Hornbaker,
B D Fleming,	Jas Lowrie,	James Sharpe,
W W Miller,	J O Robinson,	Russell Errett,
J H Speer,	T Pamp,	Thos H Walker,
H Beatty,	Jno K Snodgrass,	Thomas Ferguson,
Wm McWilliams,	John M Porter,	Jas Patterson,
Wm McCutcheon,	C Shively,	H P Stevenson,
Henry Kane,	Thomas Davison,	G Yeager,
H S Lewis,	Wm N Burchfield,	M B Brown,
J W F White,	John Marshall,	John Burns,
John Miller,	John Dickson,	J K Van Kirk,
Uriah Applegate,	John Murdock, Sr,	Robert Kennedy,
I N Pettis,	Elgin K Bruce,	Jas R Dickson,
Robt Mason,	Wm Murdock,	Jos Kirkpatrick,
William Dewey,	John Flack,	G Parks,
Jas L Gulliver,	Wm Gorgas,	J H Coon,
W F Pangus,	Fred Slaughton,	Wm Kirkpatrick,
A H Campbell,	Jas F Stevenson,	R Watts,
G W Chrystal,	Wm Blair,	Henry Hunks,
Wm H Lynch,	T West,	Thomas Craig,
Thomas Miller,	W Rowland,	Wm L Adams,
S W Hendrickson,	Wm Bryan,	David Smith,
D L Rogers,	Wm W Ball,	Jas Bingham,
J C Lewis,	C Kingland,	Thos Smith,
J W Lewis,	Samuel Gray,	M Powell,
A Morton,	Wm Young,	G W Jones,
Geo H McCormick,	John H Young,	A Montgomery,
Jno Cooper	Peter Kelly,	Saml Pope,
Saml L Stokes,	Wm Douglass,	David Neese,
Jno C Gillilan,	Thomas Brown,	John Hagan,
Jas Wallace,	Geo C Mills,	J H Logan,
John Reed,	Wm Simpson,	A Woodhouse,
W Stuart,	Wm Wilson,	Thos Hamilton,
Jacob P Roch,	H L Norton,	B H Carnahan,
Jas A Paul,	J M Negley,	H McCurdy,
Wm Burns,	William Irwin,	Jas McKaddens,
J D Boyd,	James Morrison,	Jas Smith,
J M Brown,	J Grabham, Jr,	Dr Wm Johnston,
J Murdock,	Oliver Person,	D W Smith,
J Lowrie,	John G Brown,	James Walker,
Jas Corbett,	John Little,	H Morrison,
F B McCormick,	John F Malone,	A Olson,
R S Shankland,	Hermann Miller,	John Dyer,
John Thompson,	Geo Wolf,	Geo W Howe,
J N Cassidy,	W W Young,	Wm Dyer,
James Robb,	John R McCune,	Thos H Haley,
Samuel Smith,	J A Mahon,	Stephen Hague,
Wm Wirts,	Henry Stewart,	Robt Stewart,
William Digby,	Wm Wilson,	Joseph Cox,
R Wray,	W Mitchelltree, Jr,	John M Roberts,
W McClintock,	W Cooper,	John A Forgeus,
G N Hoffstot,	G N Hoffstot,	Samuel Georgs,
Jas Murdock,	Wm Stevenson,	Joseph Love.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The citizens of Pennsylvania, without regard to former party distinctions, who are willing to unite in a new organization to resist the further spread of Slavery and the increase of the Slave power, are requested to meet in Mass Convention at Pittsburgh, on Wednesday, the 5th day of September, 1855, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to organize a Republican party in this State, which shall give expression to the popular will on the subjects involved in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and co-operate with other organizations of a similar character in other States.

George Darsie, Allegheny county.
William Robinson, Jr., Allegheny county.
Charles Avery, Allegheny county.
David Taggart, Northumberland county.
G. W. Gantts, Butler county.
John W. Howe, Crawford county.
John S. Mann, Potter county.
John Allison, Beaver county.
John M. Kennedy, Philadelphia county.
Wm. B. Thomas,
Joseph Markle, Westmoreland county.
Benjamin Frick, Northumberland county.
Martin Bell, Blair county.
H. H. Frazier, Susquehanna county.
M. H. Cobb, Tioga county.
E. C. Wilson, Venango county.
Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster county.
Alex. K. McClure, Franklin county.
Alfred Matthias, Indiana county.
T. H. Maddock, Delaware county.
Erastus Reynolds, Lancaster county.
John Williamson, Huntingdon county.
J. Edward Barnes, Schuylkill county.
F. R. Hickman, Berks county.

Papers friendly to the cause will please copy. Arrangements are making to secure the attendance from abroad of eminent speakers, whose names will be duly announced.

Railroad fare to the State Convention.—We are authorized to say that persons wishing to attend the great Republican Convention to be held at Pittsburgh on September 5th, will be able to obtain tickets, at the stations where tickets are sold, on the lines of the Ohio and Penna. Railroad, at the rate of a *single fare for the round trip*, which is equivalent to half fare, to be good for three days: *Provided* they notify the ticket Agent at the time of purchasing the ticket, and procure a convention ticket *from him.*

As most of those who will attend the Convention from Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and other counties in that section, and from Ohio, will come over this road, this is a most important notification.

A similar notification is expected from the other railroads.

Our friends of the Press in Beaver, Lawrence and Mercer counties will please give notice of this arrangement.

DELEGATES TO THE STATE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION,

From Crawford, Erie, and the other counties in the northwestern part of the State, are hereby notified that arrangements have been effected with the Cleveland, Painesville & Ashtabula railroad Company, and the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad Company for carrying all who may attend the Convention from that quarter, for *half fare*, here and back again.

Special tickets will be issued for the occasion at half price, good for the round trip, which must be procured at the stations of the Cleveland, Painesville & Ashtabula Railroad, in Pennsylvania.

The Ohio & Pennsylvania railroad, which connects with the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad at Alliance, will furnish tickets under similar arrangements, at all its stations.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

McLane's Worm Specific.—The following, from a customer, shows the demand which this great medicine has created wherever it has been introduced:

Rochester, Tioga Co. Pa. March 20, 1850.

Gentlemen—In consequence of *the great consumption* of your "Worm Specific" in this place and vicinity, we have entirely exhausted our stock. We should feel obliged by your forwarding us six Gross, N. Y., 20 dozen, with your bill, on the reception of which we will remit you the money.

From the wonderful effects of said specific in this neighborhood, there could be sold annually a large quantity, if to be had, (wholesale and retail) from some local agent. If you would compensate a person for trouble and expense of vending, I think I could make it to your advantage to do so. Yours, respectfully,

Messrs. J. Kidd & Co. Per Wm. H. Porter.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. MCLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M' Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and from the sole proprietors.

Also for sale by the sole proprietors, FLEMING BROS., successors to J. KIDD & CO., No. 60 Wood st. au24-d&w8

Joy for the Invalid.—We cut the following from the "Philadelphia Saturday Gazette," and recommend our readers to peruse it carefully, and those suffering should not delay purchasing:

Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters.—This celebrated medicine, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, at the imposing German Medicine Store, No. 120 Arch street, is exciting unprecedented public attention; and the proprietor, who is a scientific physician, is selling immense quantities of it. The virtues of this remedy are so fully set forth in the accompanying Testimonials, that it is needless to enlarge on its merits. The extracts from the medical journals, which we find in our advertising columns, that there is hardly any room left for us to speak of it. This much we may add—if the long train of physical ills to which humanity is heir, there is none more distressing than the general derangement of the digestive apparatus, which never fails to accompany a disordered state of the liver. Headache, piles, languor, irritability, yellow tongue, a morbid breath, loss of appetite—in short, a indescribable wretchedness of extreme, are its inseparable and life wasting attendants. These diseases, which have baffled the skill of the ablest Doctors, have been radically cured by Hoofland's German Bitters.—See advertisement. au24-d&w3

Debility and Indigestion.—So popular has that simple and delightful remedy, "Burhave's Holland Bitters," become, that you find it everywhere.—It almost every friend you have, bears testimony to its efficacy in cases of Debility, Indigestion and Headache.

We know of no remedy of the kind which we can recommend more confidently as a family medicine.—Trib.

See advertisement in another column. au24-d&w3

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE ONLY RAILROAD RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

The Fast Train leaves at 2 A. M., through to Cincinnati in 12 hours and 40 minutes.

Mail Train leaves at 8 A. M.
Express Train " " at 8 P. M.

These trains all make close connections at Crestline, and the first two connect at Alliance. The direct route to St. Louis is now open, via Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via Cleveland. Connections are made at Mansfield with the Newark and Sandusky City road; and at Crestline with the three roads concentrating there. For particulars see handbills. No trains run on Sunday.

Through tickets are sold to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal towns and cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5.15 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to J. G. CUERY, At the corner office, under the Monongahela House, Or at the Federal street Station, to GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1855.

WELCH & GRIFFITH'S PATENT GROUND SAWS.

HAVING purchased from Mr. Wm. Southwall his Patent Right, for grinding circular and other Saws, for which we have paid him a large sum, and we are the sole proprietors of this patent. We will reward any person giving information of infringements on the same.

This is the only Machine, ever invented that will grind a Saw perfectly even in thickness.

They will require less belt—will not heat while running—will run smooth—save lumber—and keep an edge longer than any other saws made—and are not liable to become untrue.

All our Saws are made from an Extra Quality of Cast Steel, imported expressly for our own use, at much higher cost than generally used for Saws.

We respectfully inform all manufacturers of Lumber, that no Saw will be sent from this Establishment but what is of superior Steel and workmanship; that Saw will be found more even and uniform than any Saw in use.

WELCH & GRIFFITHS.

Orders received by JOSEPH WOODWELL & CO.

JOS. WOODWELL, J. WILEY, W. K. WOODWELL.

JOS. WOODWELL & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

CORNER OF WOOD & SECOND STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

jn21-ddm

Letter from Hon. John Minor Botts, of Virginia:

Richmond, July 9th, 1855.

Messrs. Wm. S. Berry & Co.' Gents—Considerations of duty to the afflicted alone prompt me to send you this voluntary testimonial to the great value of *"Carter's Spanish Mixture,"* for that almost incurable disease, *Scrofula.*

Without being disposed or deeming it necessary to go into the particulars of the case, I can say that the astonishing results that have been produced by the use of that medicine on a member of my family, and under my own observation and superintendence, after the skill of the best physicians had been exhausted and all the usual remedies failed, fully justify me in recommending it not only to all who may be suffering from that dreadful malady.

I do not mean to say that it is adapted to all constitutions, or that it will afford the same relief in all cases; for, of course, I can know nothing about the cases of others. I have seen of the effect, I would not hesitate to use it in any and every case of Scrofula, with persons for whom I felt an interest, or over whom I could exercise influence or control. Respectfully yours,

JOHN M. BOTTS.

jn24 d&w1wp17

Statement from Canada.—Quebec, Feb. 7th, 1854.—Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.:—We had the pleasure of receiving, this morning, the splendid certificate of your Vermifuge, which will be very gratifying to you, as it was sent voluntarily. We are, gentlemen, yours very truly

J. MUSSON & CO.

Gentlemen—My little daughter, 4 years old, and my son, older, were for a considerable time troubled with worms. I purchased two bottles of your Vermifuge, of which I gave them three doses, according to directions, and strange to say, in less than three hours they passed more than FIVE HUNDRED WORMS, some of the extraordinary length of from 10 to 15 inches.

Having witnessed so much of the beneficial effects of your Vermifuge, I feel it my duty to recommend it to the public as, in my opinion, one of the most efficacious remedies against worms ever yet offered to the public.

Gentlemen, believe me to be your much obliged and humble servant, NATHANIEL BLATCHES.

Prepared and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co. Corner of Wood and First sts. my14-d&w1

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Car and Bridge Bolts, with Thread and Nuts complete.

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Keep constantly on hand, received direct from their Factory, in York Co., Pa., a full and varied assortment of Whips, Thongs, Switches, London Wagon Whips, Drovers' Whips, Drays, Plantation Whips, Ready Whips, Carriage and Cab Whips, Stage Stocks and Leathers, &c., &c.

☞ Large Supplies of Whips promptly furnished to order.

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Flour delivered to families in either of the two cities.

Orders may be left at the Mill, or in our boxes at the stores of

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood st.
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No. 25, Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

FALL STYLE OF HATS.

M'CORD & CO.,

No. 131 Wood Street,

(FIVE DOORS ABOVE FIFTH STREET.)

Have just received their Fall Style of SILK HATS.

Also—A very large assortment of Gentlemens' SOFT HATS, new styles and superior qualities, to which they invite the attention of the public. au22 ft

The Sheriffalty.

The name of HARRISON PARRY will be submitted to the Republican Convention as a candidate for nomination for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny county. au23-d&w1wtf COLLINS TOWNSHIP.

A. P. ANSHUTZ, will be a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff before the Republican County Convention, which meets on Wednesday the 29th inst. August 18th, 1855-au18

GEORGE R. RIDDLE, of the City of Allegheny, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny County, at the ensuing election.

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures *every kind of disease, from the worst Scrofula to a common Pimple.*

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples of the face.

Two to three bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and botches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If