...ENT.

PITTSBURGH:

...EDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22, 1855.

CAMP-MEETINGS.—*An Indian Camp Meeting.*—We understand some half-a-dozen Camp Meetings are about commencing at different points in this section of the country. The most prominent is that at Tarentum, which begins to-morrow. To this, the different Methodist congregations of this city go. Six or seven tents, besides a large boarding tent, will be there from the Smithfield Street Church, and the other city churches will be as fully represented.

The occurrence of these Camp Meetings brings vividly to our memory an occasion of this kind which we attended several summers ago, the novelty and impressiveness of which was of a character not to be forgotten. We speak of an "*Indian Camp Meeting.*" It was held on the river St. Mary's, opposite Sugar Island, at the head of Lake George, in Canada West. We left the Sault St. Marie in the morning and by the middle of the afternoon, our French voyagers had, by dint of oar and sail, landed us on Sugar Island, where we were kindly welcomed by Mr. P. S. Church, the only white resident of the Island, and a truly hospitable specimen of the American backwoodsman.

While supper was preparing, we wandered down to the shore, and could easily distinguish the evening hymn of the assembled Indians, wafted, like a song of paradise, over the pure waters. Supper over, we entered a small canoe, and were soon on our way to the Camp to attend the evening service. A more completely beautiful, balmy twilight never followed setting sun. It was but a mile across the river to the camp, and the moon was dimly lighting the waters, making silver spots where the current broke into eddies and mimic whirlpools. Down in the river, the bright stars shone, as purely and steadily as when we looked up at them in the heaven above us; and the tall trees upon the shore were delicately daguerreotyped in the placid surface at their roots. As we approached the camp, which was finely situated in a retired curve of the shore, where grew a thick, dusky grove of evergreens and maples, we could hear the loud, earnest voice of prayer, and the deep guttural of the responsive "Amen!" The camp was circular, enclosing an area of more than an eighth of an acre; and at different stations, elevated beacons, or fires of pine and birch upon stands seven feet high, cast a lurid light on the whole scene, and lit up the waving branches of the overarching balsams.

Our little vessel gently grated the sandy beach, where were fastened a fleet of light, fragile canoes; and we hastened ashore.

It is a solemn thing to enter the sanctuary of the Most High: even the hardened heart cannot repress an emotion of awe as it stands in the presence of Deity. We speak now of those gilded and spired and organed sanctuaries which are the work of mortal hands. Infinitely more solemn, then, to feel one's self standing before the face of Nature—beneath the eye of God, in temples of His ordaining, built and consecrated long

"Ere man learned
To hew the shaft and lay the architrave
And spread the roof above them."

It was a novel scene—the virgin forest, a wilderness since the flood, now become a holy place, an altar of God, and its silence broken by hymns of praise from ranks of dusky worshippers, who but a few years past wandered their native wilds, pagans! The circumference of the camp was occupied by the bark wigwams of two hundred or three hundred Indians, mostly Ojibwas. They were collected from all parts of Lake Superior, and some Cree Indians were present who had journeyed from the far shores of Hudson's Bay. A rude platform, roofed with rough boards, had been erected to serve as a pulpit, and rows of hewn logs were placed on the ground in parallels, facing the pulpit—these were the pews of this forest temple.

To the right of the speaker, the seats were occupied by the males and to the left by the females and their children. Most of the males had adopted the costume of the whites, although we noticed a number who were clothed in the Indian blanket, shirt and ornamented leggings. The latter, as we afterward learned, were "spies," or unconverted Indians—so called in contradistinction to the "praying Indians," or those who regularly attend divine worship and take part in the religious exercises. The "pagans" proudly reclined at full length on the earth in preference to occupying a seat with the congregation. As we entered, the prayer was just ended and a native preacher whose countenance beamed with intelligence and earnest piety, was reading the verse of a hymn in the Ojibwa tongue. An old man with grey hairs politely offerred us seats and the music began.

"It was—that chanted mournful strain
It like a low anthem o'er the plain;
'Twas mystical and sadly sweet
Floating at times with the evening sweet
And then a long unmeasured tone."

A precentor led the music, the tune bearing some resemblance to some of our own church melodies, and his assistant, when two lines had been sung, repeated the next two in a loud voice. We shared a hymn-book with the Indian who sat next to us, and finding an English translation of the hymn on the opposite page, joined in the solemn exercise with a feeling of awe and reverence never before experienced.

If there were no finely modulated and art-trained voices, their music was certainly more earnest, decided and heartfelt than is often found in our much lauded metropolitan choirs. The shrill alto of the females, mingled with the guttural notes of the males, if not "all in tune," were sanctified by an evident enthusiasm, as if these tawny children of nature had caught the spiritual inspiration of the "sweet singer in Israel" without his vocal harmonies. One aged patriarch, in particular, attracted our attention, and we were not surprised to learn subsequently that he was a devoted christian. He sat upright with his eye fixed upon the precantor, and sang with such an intensity of feeling and emphasis of voice, accompanied by a frequent and vehement gesticulation, that it might have caused a smile anywhere else.

The hymn ended; the native preacher arose and lifting up his eyes to heaven, began a prayer, "*O Gitchee Manito!*"—O, Great spirit! We understood no more. The prayer, however, was delivered with an emotion and fervor, in which all the congregation seemed to sympathise, and imitating their missionaries the more ardent would clap their hands and utter an "Amen!" in response to passages which seemed to impress them most vividly. The prayer was quite long, and at its close a short exhortation was given by an attending clergyman, whose sonorous voice made echoes in the opposite woods. As the entire congregation arose to receive the benediction, the camp fires shone out very brightly, and lit up the dark forms of the worshippers, covered only bowing their heads, and we wondered if when all things have passed away, the blinding glories of that great white throne will shine upon any of those strange beings, ransomed and redeemed. Who can doubt but that receiving that parting blessing they were souls, who had learned the glorious truth, Christ died for all, for the red man, as well as the white man, and that they will re-unite in that mansion above which the Father hath prepared?

The exercises of the evening were not yet over, however. A "class meeting" assembled at one side of the camp. The attendance was not large as at the prayer meeting, and was mostly of the females. A small area of ground was enclosed by a rude railing or fence; inside of this they all kneeled, and a missionary began a prayer. In a few moments, eight or nine men and women were praying, and several were singing in different parts of the enclosure. The voices of the speakers were interrupted and sometimes altogether drowned by the hymns and cries of some nearly frantic women. In half an hour or as many as a hundred were upon their knees, inside and around the fence, and never before did we behold such a scene of intense, agonizing excitement. It was a moving sea of tears, prayers, moans and bitter self reproachings. The poor creature seemed to have come suddenly to a fearful realisation of their depraved and sinful condition. Several of the "pagan" Indians had been induced to attend this meeting and had even fallen upon their knees. One of them we particularly noticed, for we had before admired his symmetrical figure and classic features.

He was upon his knees and was surrounded by a swarm of his converted brethren anxious to add one more to the catalogue of the repentant. They prayed, beseeched and implored. Every possible appeal was made to his conscience, his affections and his nature; but there he knelt—right in their midst—unmoved, uninfluenced—a blanket wrapped about him, and his eye immovably fixed upon some distant object. He could not exchange his Manito for the White Man's God; he would not give up his *Meta* and his medicine dance, for the Bible and the Sabbath; his whole mythology for the true religion. But there were others less obdurate than he; and they were convicted, and by the words they had heard. One by one, the voices ceased, and ere long had retired to their respective lodges; but not to sleep, for many sad, wild tones of supplication broke the serenity of the midnight hours. many a song of joy and thanks-giving had lately rent its last echo to the listening forest, as the morning's sun began to crimson the ...ers of Lake George.

...ach was the first and only Camp Meeting we ... attended.

...ENDOR.—We learn that the friends of Henry ...n intend applying to Gov. Pollock for his ...on. He is now undergoing imprisonment ...assault and battery with intent to kill William ...y. The offense was not one of the head ...art, for Boehm has always borne an excel... character. Unfortunately, like too many ...g men, he got into bad company, and consequently into the scrape which has placed him within the ...d the set which has placed him within the ...d of a prison. The Sheriff, Jailor, Mayors ... two cities, and many other prominent citi... have signed the petition. We believe the ...rnor would act in accordance with the de... of the whole community by attending the ...sitive clemency to Mr. Boehm.

A CLAIRVOYANT IN DISTRESS.—FORTUNE TELLING AT A DISCOUNT.—A lady calling herself "Madame Edwards" has been for some months past dispensing clairvoyancy and necromancy, in the second story of the *Post* buildings, corner of Fifth and Wood streets. Madame Edwards, like Barnum, knows the value of printing ink, and has been by no means parsimonious in bestowing patronage on the newspapers and job offices. Her "figure-head" has graced the columns of several of the city papers, and every post, fence and corner in the two cities has been blazoned with the interrogatory, "Have you seen Madame Edwards?" We presume the Madame has been, like all great artists, "eminently successful." She has told innumerable fortunes, and prescribed for numerous persons afflicted with disease. But yesterday a cloud came over the calm cerulean of her sky. Her husband, Mr. Edwards, most ungallantly left her without the slightest notice of his intended departure. On reaching her rooms in the morning, she found her husband's trunk gone, together with money to the amount of $125, a valuable diamond breast-pin, nearly all her wardrobe, and a box containing property to the value of $200.

Madame Edwards found herself deserted, without a cent, and the blow was a severe one The matter looked to us at first like a mere ruse to avoid the disagreeable payment of sundry boarding bills, but we are informed that such accounts have been liquidated. It seems evident that Mr. Edwards has basely deserted his wife, and eloped with another woman—which is certainly a very bad piece of business. The police were informed of the matter, and dispatches were sent to several western points, it having been discovered that Ewards left on the western train. He will probably be caught.

Madame Edwards says she is a native of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, and was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. She married Edwards, who was a mesmeriser, and discovered that she was possessed of clairvoyant powers. Contrary to her wishes, he compelled her to travel for the purpose of practicing this clairvoyancy. The fortune telling, she says, is all humbug, but she contends that her clairvoyance is no delusion.

—Since the above was in type, we learn that Edwards was arrested yesterday afternoon at Cleveland on the arrival of the three o'clock Pittsburgh train.

CENTRAL BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The Board met last night in their Chambers.

President McGowin in the Chair. Present: R. Miller, Jr., S. Kier, Jas. Lowry, Jr., W. M. Arthurs, W. H. Everson.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

J. P. Kelly and Simpson Horner, were accepted as sureties of Wm. Shore, collector of the Sixth Ward.

The President laid before the Board additional applications for the Assistant Professorship.

On motion, the Board proceeded to elect Assistant Professor by ballot, voting for one at a ballot.

Philotas Dean, Esq., was elected Professor of Natural Sciences, unanimously.

W. W. Dickson was elected Professor of Mathematics.

The Committee on Salaries reported adverse to a change of salaries in the Fifth Ward. Report adopted.

On motion of Mr. Miller, the assistant professors were notified to be ready for service on the first of September.

On motion of Mr. Everson the subject of raising funds for the payment of Teachers' salaries in the first of September, was referred to the committee of finance, with power to act.

On motion of Mr. Miller, the President of the Board and the Principal, Prof. McKeown, were authorized; the last for the purpose of reporting on the organization, general management and discipline of the High Schools of the Eastern cities.

The Board adjourned.

SUICIDE BY JUMPING FROM A THIRD STORY WINDOW.—About half past twelve o'clock, on Monday night, a man named Jeremiah Dowling, an Irishman, jumped from a window of a three story house, owned and occupied by Mr. Foley, in Quinn's Court, off High street, near Pennsylvania Avenue, and was instantly killed, his head striking on the pavement and dashing his brains out.

He came home in the evening from his work with Mr. Foley, and was sober; nor did he appear to be mentally troubled. He went to bed and at the time mentioned arose and committed the fatal act.

A coroner's inquest was held yesterday, and a verdict rendered in accordance with the facts.

We understand Dowling was from Baltimore when his wife deserted him, and came to our city in search of her. It is supposed this difficulty was the cause of the suicide.

THE ORGAN HARMONIUM.—We had the pleasure of examining at the store of John H. Meller, Wood street, yesterday, an instrument called the "Organ Harmonium." It is from the manufactory of Mason & Hamlin, Boston, and is intended for the use of Churches. It is one of the handsomest instruments we have ever seen and and is the next thing to a genuine organ. In fact, for a small church, it would be preferable to an organ. Occupying but little space, its capacity for sound is ample. It has two banks of keys and eight stops, and under the control of a good organist, is capable of producing some exceedingly fine musical effects.

We would invite the attention of churches to this model instrument. It can be seen any day at Mr. Meller's store.

THE Duquesne Greys paraded on Monday evening in the Duquesne Depot. There has been many a drill on the site of that building—a spot which was once enclosed by the walls and bastions of old Fort Pitt, where Stanwix, Bouquet, Irvine and many others whose names are recorded in history, commanded their small but brave bands of frontier men. There has been many an "order arms" on that spot, but those arms always "came to a carry" at a less peaceful signal than the voice of an officer. The whoop of the lurking red skin, was the signal for "ram cartridge" in the olden time. Verily, things have changed, and that old magician Time, works strange wonders.

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Patented by Theodore Leypoldt, April 17, 1855.
Office, 14 Jacob St., New York City.

THIS Celebrated color is now acknowledged by all to be the BRIGHTEST AND MOST PERMANENT ever produced in this or any other country. It is distinguished from all others by its bright blue shade, and the UNVARYING UNIFORMITY of each particular grade. The satisfaction it has given wherever used, calls for testimonials.

It may be obtained dry or ground in oil, put up in different sized cans to suit purchasers.

Samples of the different grades, with a tariff of prices, will be sent to any part of the country, upon application by letter or otherwise, at the office.

The Green when delivered will be guaranteed to be fully equal to the sample forwarded.

All orders will be promptly attended to and faithfully executed, upon the most reasonable terms. Apply to

EDW. HOPE,
Proprietor of Paris Green Works, 14 Jacob st., N. Y. City.
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60 DOZEN Brandreth's Pill, (genuine), in store and for sale;
75 dozen Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,
20 do Hickman's Macassaline,
60 do Thompson's Rye Water, genuine,
20 do Morson's Pulverizing Orrdial,
30 do Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
25 do Ayer's Pills,
75 do Hoofland's German Bitters,
25 do Treat's Magnetic Ointment,
50 do Read's Elixir Opium,
50 do Schedam Schnaps,
21 do Phalon's Hair Dye,
24 do Batchelor's Hair Dye,
10 do Baltimore Flux
20 half bbls Cork Soda,
12 do Seven's Extract,
20 do Seven's Catharine,
60 do Berry's Tricopherous,
For sale wholesale and retail by FLEMING BROTHERS, wholesale druggists, corner of Wood and Fourth sts. au17

WAX MATCHES—A large supply of very fine Wax Matches rec'd by JOS. FLEMING.

SHOT—55 kegs assorted Shot for sale by SELLERS & ILGENFRITZ.

TELEGRAPHIC.

DOYLESTOWN, August 21.—The address before the Bucks County Industrial Exhibition was delivered to day by Horace Greeley, of New York, and listened to by a large concourse of citizens. His subject was Industrial Progress as exhibited in the recent World's Fairs in London, New York and Paris; and it was treated very ably, affording the speaker ample opportunity to introduce a mass of facts and interesting data, showing progress and improvement both in the mechanic arts and agriculture. The address elicited great applause, and gave unusual satisfaction.

The crowd in attendance on the exhibition is very great. There were near 20,000 persons on the grounds yesterday. The display of agricultural implements, and cattle, and also manufactures of various kinds, is very fine. The race course is now open, and the collection of various fine breeds of horses from all parts of the Union, is one of the most attractive features of the exhibition. The arrangements are in the highest degree creditable. The Exhibition Hall is a spacious structure, lighted with gas, and affords an admirable opportunity to view the various articles of manufacture exhibited. People are still pouring in from all quarters of the country. The hotels are overflowing, and the citizens have thrown their doors open for the accommodation of strangers.

CLEVELAND, August 21.—A fire occurred last night on Superior street. Among the sufferers are Gaylord & Co., Druggists, the loss of whom is estimated at $35,000; insured in the Home for $2,000; Etna $1,000, Hartford Fire Insurance Co. $2,000, Hartford Insurance Co. $3,000, London and Liverpool $10,000, Commonwealth $2,000, Lorillard $3,000. Loeb, clothier, lost considerable by removal and water; amount unknown; insured for $3,250 in the Star, Etna and Home Company. Mould, confectioner, sustained a small damage; insurance unknown. The building was saved.

BOSTON, August 21.—A call for a liberal Union Convention of the opponents of Liquor Prohibition and Fanatical Legislation, to meet in Worcester on the 30th inst., has been issued. It is signed by Bradford L. Wilder, late member, and Democratic Candidate for Governor of this State; Isaac H. Wright, late Navy Agent at this port, and other prominent members of the Whig and Democratic parties. They propose to repudiate both of the old parties as unworthy of confidence.

ST. LOUIS, August 21.—There are rumors that Judge Elmore is resisting the government. He says that Pierce had no right to remove him, because he cannot interfere with the Judiciary.

One hundred had died of cholera at Fort Riley at the last dates. The territory was suffering from heavy rains. Bridges were swept away, and the streams were unfordable. There is nothing important on the subject of legislation.

NEW YORK, August 21.—On Sunday evening three Germans attacked a Swiss dealer in watches near Green Point, L. I., with an intention of robbing him. Although prostrate on the ground, the Swiss managed to kill one of his assailants and wounded the other two and then secured his escape. One of the Germans was subsequently arrested and lodged in prison.

NORFOLK, August 21.—Twenty-five deaths from yellow fever are reported for the 48 hours ending on Monday at two o'clock. Twenty-four deaths occurred at Portsmouth during the same time. The Howard Association has sent up an order for a large amount of provisions, mattresses, &c., to go down by the boat this evening. The collections in this city now amount to $10,500.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 21.—The Congressional Delegation from Kentucky stands thus: six Americans, four Democrats and anti-Know Nothings. The State Senate stands seventeen American and seven Democrats; the House, sixty-one Americans and thirty-four Democrats. The majority for Moorhead, American, for Governor will be about four thousand.

NEW YORK, August 21.—Col. J. R. Wheeler, U. S. Minister to Nicaragua, sailed from this port yesterday afternoon, in the steamship Northern Light, for San Juan, Nicaragua.

Two persons were drowned in the East river, on Sunday evening, by the capsizing of a boat. The parties were intoxicated.

BALTIMORE, August 21.—The authorities of Portsmouth, Va., have sent a request to this city for medical aid. They state the fever to be still on the increase.

Ellis, one of the parties shot at the recent firemen's riot in this city, died to-day.

BOSTON, August 21.—The mechanics at the Navy Yard at Charlestown have voted a day's pay, as a donation for the benefit of the mechanics at the Navy Yard at Gosport. The amount will reach nearly $1,500.

FRANKFORT, Ky., August 21.—One hundred counties, official, give Morehead a majority of 5,876. Floyd, Perry and Letcher counties are to hear from, which gave 1,125 majority for Clarke.

NEW YORK, August 21.—The Bank statement for the past week shows a decrease of $631,000 in specie; $104,000 in circulation, and $192,000 in deposits; also an increase of $869,000 in loans.

CINCINNATI, August 21.—100 Counties' official returns from Kentucky, make Moorhead's majority 5373; there is a reported Democratic majority in the three remaining counties of 1125.

BOSTON, August 21.—An injunction has been granted against building the rival telegraph to Cape Cod, under Smith's pretended grant of the Morse Patent.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., August 21.—Professor Barnas Sears was to-day elected President of Brown University in place of Professor Wayland, resigned.

PHILADELPHIA, August 21.—Capt. C. C. Biddle died this morning. He commanded Camp Dupont, below this city, in the war of 1812.

CINCINNATI, August 21.—Ex-Governor Metcalf, of Kentucky, died of cholera on Saturday, at his residence, Forest Retreat.

NEW YORK, August 21.—Cotton unchanged; market dull; sales 600 bales. Flour firm, with upward tendency; sales 11,000 bbls. at full rates. Wheat unsettled; 24,000 bush. sold. Corn in fair request, and firm; with sales 35,000 bush. at 76@76c for mixed. Pork firm; sales 2000 bbls. at $20,31 for mess. Beef firm; 200 bbls sold. Lard firm, sales 650 bbls. Whiskey steady; sales 300 bbls. at 41½. Groceries in good request, and firm. Iron firm, with sales 200 tons. Stocks inactive and dull.

CINCINNATI, August 21.—Flour heavier, 800 bbls. sold at $6,90; wheat $1,35@$1,80. Received during the past week 2074 bbls. of flour. Whiskey dull and unsettled, rates nominal. Sugar active and higher, sales 150 hhds. at 8½ cash; 60 hhds. at 8¾, and 25 hhds. at 9¼. Molasses firm, sales 150 bbls. at 38c, cash.

BALTIMORE, August 21.—Wheat, sales 27,000 bushels.; prices have fallen from 5 to 10 cents per bush.; sales of White at $1,75@1,88; Red, $1,70@1,80. Corn, sales White at 88@90; Yellow, 90@93. Rye dull at $1,05@1,10. Oats unchanged; sales at 42@46. Flour dull; sales of Ohio and Howard at at $8,75; City Mills freely offered at the same, but without buyers.

PHILADELPHIA, August 21.—Cattle market. The arrivals of cattle during the past week have been quite large. Beef cattle was disposed of at from $9@$11 per 100lb. Sheep from $4,25@$6,50 per 100. Cows $25@$45. Hogs from $8,25@$8,65 per 100lb. The total amount of stock for the week is as follows:—Beef Cattle, 1150 heads; sheep, 6000; cows and calves, 200; Hogs, 1000.

Bargains! Bargains!

GOODS MARKED DOWN TO COST—During 60 the latness of the season, we have been induced to return our prices to a scale to close out our Summer stock, previous to purchasing our Fall and Winter supply.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Offering rare Bargains in Dress Trimmings, Dress Goods, Embroideries, Mulberry Goods, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., etc.

Besides an endless variety of Fancy Articles and Notions, all of which we offer to wholesale and retail buyers as reasonable as any house in the city. Ladies will please call and examine our

RARE BARGAINS IN BONNET RIBBONS

While they are selected, as they are cut at cost, before getting a new supply for the Fall trade.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers are requested to call and examine this stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Bradley's Yarns always on hand.

JOS. HORNE & CO., 77 Market st.

COMMERCIAL.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION, FOR AUGUST.
W. R. BROWN, V. P.—C. W. RICKETSON, H. HERVEIL, JNO. S. DUNWOODY, ISAAC M. PENDOCK.

REVIEW OF THE PITTSBURGH MARKET.

For the Week ending August 21, 1855.

There is no change to note in business affairs. The weather is most delightful, affording a most propitious season to the farmers, and the finishing up of the summer's work is now actively going on.

The river has been in fine condition all week, and transportation has been active, especially in produce. Should the present weather continue, however, the present stage of water cannot long be maintained.

Flour and grain have come forward pretty freely all week by river, but very sparsly by railroad. An active demand for flour to ship east has kept the market busy and absorbed the heavy receipts.

The supplies of Wheat for our City Mills have been drawn, so far, from the river towns; the grain sections of Ohio along the railroad are not yet shippers to any extent, although we may reasonably expect them to be soon.

The very light receipts of produce by the O. & P. Railroad have been for some time a matter of remark and partial surprise.

Prices have undergone but little change during the week. *Flour* is higher; Sugar and Molasses are held firm, er; and Bacon has taken another upward turn. The small advance in flour, however, is owing to the temporary eastern demand, which has sprung up in consequence of short supplies from the usual sources; but the receipts are coming forward so freely at Cincinnati that it seems improbable that prices can be maintained long even at their present reduced points. We note, as an indication of what expectations are held there, a sale in that city of 2000 bbls flour deliverable on or before Nov. 1st at $5,50.

Manufacturers remain very actively employed, the present season being remarkable in that particularly. The con... Duquesne Depot. There has been many a drill on the site of that building—a spot which was once enclosed by the walls and bastions of old Fort Pitt, where Stanwix, Bouquet, Irvine and many others whose names are recorded in history, commanded their small but brave bands of frontier men. There has been many an "order arms" on that spot, but those arms always "came to a carry" at a less peaceful signal than the voice of an officer. The whoop of the lurking red skin, was the signal for "ram cartridge" in the olden time. Verily, things have changed, and that old magician Time, works strange wonders.

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The Green when delivered will be guaranteed to be fully equal to the sample forwarded.

All orders will be promptly attended to and faithfully executed, upon the most reasonable terms. Apply to

EDW. HOPE,
Proprietor of Paris Green Works, 14 Jacob st., N. Y. City.
su18dm6*

60 DOZEN Brandreth's Pill, (genuine), in store and for sale;
75 dozen Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,
20 do Hickman's Macassaline,
60 do Thompson's Rye Water, genuine,
20 do Morson's Pulverizing Orrdial,
30 do Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
25 do Ayer's Pills,
75 do Hoofland's German Bitters,
25 do Treat's Magnetic Ointment,
50 do Read's Elixir Opium,
50 do Schedam Schnaps,
21 do Phalon's Hair Dye,
24 do Batchelor's Hair Dye,
10 do Baltimore Flux
20 half bbls Cork Soda,
12 do Seven's Extract,
20 do Seven's Catharine,
60 do Berry's Tricopherous,
For sale wholesale and retail by FLEMING BROTHERS, wholesale druggists, corner of Wood and Fourth sts. au17

WAX MATCHES—A large supply of very fine Wax Matches rec'd by JOS. FLEMING.

SHOT—55 kegs assorted Shot for sale by SELLERS & ILGENFRITZ.

COMMERCIAL.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION, FOR AUGUST.
W. R. BROWN, V. P.—C. W. RICKETSON, H. HERVEIL, JNO. S. DUNWOODY, ISAAC M. PENDOCK.

REVIEW OF THE PITTSBURGH MARKET.

For the Week ending August 21, 1855.

There is no change to note in business affairs. The weather is most delightful, affording a most propitious season to the farmers, and the finishing up of the summer's work is now actively going on.

The river has been in fine condition all week, and transportation has been active, especially in produce. Should the present weather continue, however, the present stage of water cannot long be maintained.

Flour and grain have come forward pretty freely all week by river, but very sparsly by railroad. An active demand for flour to ship east has kept the market busy and absorbed the heavy receipts.

The supplies of Wheat for our City Mills have been drawn, so far, from the river towns; the grain sections of Ohio along the railroad are not yet shippers to any extent, although we may reasonably expect them to be soon.

The very light receipts of produce by the O. & P. Railroad have been for some time a matter of remark and partial surprise.

Prices have undergone but little change during the week. *Flour* is higher; Sugar and Molasses are held firm, er; and Bacon has taken another upward turn. The small advance in flour, however, is owing to the temporary eastern demand, which has sprung up in consequence of short supplies from the usual sources; but the receipts are coming forward so freely at Cincinnati that it seems improbable that prices can be maintained long even at their present reduced points. We note, as an indication of what expectations are held there, a sale in that city of 2000 bbls flour deliverable on or before Nov. 1st at $5,50.

Manufacturers remain very actively employed, the present season being remarkable in that particularly. The con... [illegible] ...ing, and Stocks are still kept down to a low point. The mills are kept going as actively as possible. Prices remain firm and unchanged.

LARD—No. 1 is held quite firmly at 11, with sales of small lots.

LEATHER—there is no change in figures, but quotations are well maintained, as below:

Red Spanish Sole, ₩ lb	30@33
Slaughter	37@40
Upper Leather, ₩ dozen	27@30
Bridle	32@40
Skirting, Bridle do	28@33
Skirting Leather ₩ lb	27@33

METALS—Pig Lead is held very firmly at 6¾, four more by the lot, Bar Lead 7@7½; Shot is selling to the trade at $2,00 ₩ sack, and to the retail trade at $2,12½@$2,25. Sheet Copper 33@34; Brass 29@30, Tin, IC $11,25; IX $13,25; Bar do 37½; Pig do. 34 these are the cash rates. Spring Steel plough wings 8½ do cast to pattern 9 to 10½; A B Steel from rolled Iron, 6½; from hammered 4c. 6½ Hoe Steel 7½; Fork do. 7; Shovel do. 8; Steel dandy tire, 7; Elliptic Springs, 10½; cast do. 12@14; Cultivator teeth, 15X8 2@3; do. 12X8, 4c@5c ₩ tooth.

MESS PORK—we have no large sales to note, but it is held at $18,50@$19,00.

OILS—we note several sales of No. 1 Lard oil in lots at 78 and No. 2 at 72, by the single bbl at an advance. Linseed Oil is principally in the hands of the druggists and is held at $1,12@$1,15 in the small way.

PIG METAL—The sales reported are 190 tons Cheat River Pig (upper Monongahela) at $28, and 24 tons Leonids at $28, both six mos. No. 1 Tennessee and Allegheny held firmly at $30. We hear of 1100 tons Anthracite No. 1 purchased on the Susquehanna at $21@$22 six mos. The freight here being paid in cash, would make this equal to $23@$25,50 here.

POWDER—an active demand at $3,50 for Blasting and $4,00 for Rifle.

SALT—steady sales of No. 1 on arrival at $1,62 and extra at $1,75, cash.

SHEETINGS—we quote No. 1 Pittsburgh Sheetings at 8¾ and 8¾ for No. 2, subject to the usual discount for cash.

WINDOW GLASS—City brands are quoted as of ₩ bbl for 7x9 $5,40 for 7x10 $5 for 8x10 $5,85 for 10x12, 9x14, and 10x14 $4,50 for 9x13, 9x14, and 10x14; $5 for 9x15, 10x14 and 10x16; $5,25 for 10x17; $5,50 for 10x18; and so on, increasing in the ratio according to size—12 is equal to No 8. Count 7 boxes to the 100 feet and at the average of about 800 feet to a ton these will balance.

WHITE LEAD—is firm, with a brisk demand, an steady sales at $2,50 ₩ 25 lbs for pure in oil, and dry 9 cts ₩ lb Red Lead 8 cts ₩ lb.

WHISKEY—sales of rectified, in lots, at 35, and in the small way at 35@36.

CATTLE MARKET.

ALLEGHENY, August 20, 1855.

The busy season in the country being over the supplies of stock to-day were quite large, and prices receded a fraction or two. The quality of the cattle offered does not much improve.

BEEVES—640 head offered, and all sold but 70. Prices ranged from 2½@3 gross, for inferior to common, and 3@4 for ordinary to prime, 4¼ being the highest figure paid, and that only for a few. On Thursday 40 head sold at last week's quotations.

SHEEP—650 head offered, of which about half were left over unsold. Quality fair, and prices ranged from 2@3 gross, from 2½@2¾ ruling. 100 head sold on Thursday at last week's rates.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

ARRIVED—Jefferson, Brownsville; Luzerne, do; Col. Bayard, Elizabeth; Michigan, No. 2, Wellsville; Clara Fisher, West Newton; Eclipse, Wheeling.

DEPARTED—Jefferson, Brownsville; Luzerne, do; Col. Bayard, Elizabeth; Venture, Beaver; Clara Fisher, West Newton; Michigan, No. 2, Wellsville; Rosalie, Wheeling; Gipsey, Cincinnati.

RIVER—On yesterday evening there were 5 feet 0 inches in the channel and falling.

Pittsburgh Dollar Savings Institution.

No. 68 Fourth Street,

right room to the Pittsburgh bank.

IS now open daily from 9 to 2 o'clock; also, on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 7 to 9 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums not less than One Dollar, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. The Trustees, for the purpose of furthering the benevolent objects of the Institution, have entered into a guarantee bond, thereby giving additional security to depositors.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations furnished gratis, on application at the office.

President—GEORGE ALBERS.

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Hopewell Hepburn, George B. White, William P. Johnston, James M. Halleck, Alexander Bradley, William Phillips,

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TRUSTEES.

John G. Backofen, Hill Burgwin, Albert Culbertson, Robert Dexter, J. Gardner Coffin, Alonzo A. Carrier, John S. Ormsby, Charles A. Colton, R. G. S. Edgerton, Francis Felix, George F. Gilmore, James S. Hoon, William S. Haven, Alexander Tindle.

Secretary and Treasurer—CHARLES A. COLTON. jul9-17d

A. P. GUINERT.....J. W. SPAULDING

GUIBERT & SPAULDING,

Commission and Forwarding Agents,

34 COMMERCIAL STREET,

SAINT LOUIS, MO.

Particular attention paid to the purchase of

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PIANO FORTES.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,

NO. 118 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,

IS just receiving a large stock of Pianos of the richest and most fashionable styles, from the manufactories of BAUMGARDTEN & HRING, Ham