PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22, 1855.

☞ To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Room or Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. ADVERTISERS who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o clock, on Saturday.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or yearly contracts are made. sep1dtf

☞ Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Reading Matter on each page of this paper.

Republican County Convention

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29TH.

PRIMARY MEETINGS SATURDAY, AUGUST 25th.

REPUBLICAN STATE MASS CONVENTION, AT PITTSBURGH,

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1855.

REPUBLICAN MEETING!

A Meeting of the citizens of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and surrounding Boroughs, friendly to the Republican movement, are requested to meet on

WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 22d,

At 7½ o'clock, at the Hall of the Neptune Engine House, on Seventh street, just above Smithfield, to make arrangements for the approaching State Convention.

A general attendance is requested.

MATTERS PERSONAL.—It cannot be expected of us that we should notice the numerous slanders originated and circulated by the oath-bound political order for the purpose of injuring our character and business; but there is one which has been put in circulation lately which some of our friends think we ought to meet with a public denial. It has been recently asserted, in a public company, by a member of the Know Nothing Order, that we made application, or permitted our name to be presented to a Know Nothing Lodge or Council, for membership, and that we were *black balled*; and it was asserted by the same versacious individual that that was the cause of our opposition to the Order.

This tale we pronounce to be a falsehood made out of the whole cloth. Our name was never presented to a Know Nothing Lodge or Council, either of the Celestials or Shanghais, or any other political secret order or party, for membership, with our knowledge or consent. If our name was ever made use of in this way, it has been unknown to us, and has been done by an enemy to injure us. Such things we understand have been done in regard to others, and it may have been with regard to us; and if our name ever was presented at all it was done in this false and clandestine way. We are informed that the person who used our name in this connection in the company above spoken of, stated that he could prove his assertion, if we or our friends denied it. We hereby do deny it in the broadest and fullest manner, and authorize all our friends to deny it, in whole and in part, in spirit and in fact, and we hereby pronounce the statement of the person referred to a malicious and willful falsehood, invented by himself or some of his dark-lantern brethren, and we defy him to the proof.

Shortly after the October election, last year, a gentleman of this city waited on us and requested a private interview, which being granted, he proposed to us to become a member of the Order. As soon as we found what he was driving at, for he did not approach his object very directly, we firmly and peremptorily declined, stating to him that we could not conscientiously unite with any secret political society or party. The gentleman expressed his regret at our decision, as he thought it would be greatly to our interest to join the Order; we replied that however that might be, our decision was unalterable. This was previous to the full developement of the character of the Order, and before much had been said against it in the papers. This is the only application which has ever been made to us directly to become a member, and most true it is, that never for one moment did we entertain a thought of such a purpose.

Our readers will excuse this personal matter. We should not have referred to it had not some of our friends and patrons informed us that the story was very industriously circulated, and that it was in their opinion calculated to do us much injury. We have had a long experience in political life, and have passed through some hard campaigns; but for the bitterness of personal malignity, and for resort to the foulest slander, to injure us and the influence of the Gazette, we have never seen anything to equal the secret Order of Know Nothings. Conscious of rectitude of intention, and perfectly satisfied of the justice and patriotism of the course we have pursued, and of the course we advocate, we shall pursue the even tenor of our way, prepared both to do and to suffer, if need be, in promoting the success of right principles.

The life of an editor is never a bed of roses, and there are times when thorns predominate; it has neither the rewards of honor or emolument in a just proportion to its labors and its merits, but it affords, nevertheless, when its duties are honestly, earnestly and fearlessly discharged, a purer and more lasting reward in the consciousness of the good influence it has exercised upon the people and the age. Such reward has never been more ours than since the commencement of the Know Nothing crusade. During no part of our editorial career have we had more entirely the approbation of our judgment and of our conscience; and never have we felt more decided in our opinions of what is just and proper. We have no regrets. Had we the whole stormy period to pass through again, with our present knowledge of its trials and perils, we would pursue precisely the same course. We have preserved our self respect, which is better than the hollow praises of an organization which skulks from the light of day, and scatters its slanders and pestiferous influence broadcast, like fire-brands, arrows and death.

Pardon the egotism of this article, which can only be excused in a case where personal character are at stake, which is and should be as dear as life to every right-thinking man.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

We feel impelled to urge upon our country readers the importance of their attendance wherever they can make it possible, upon the REPUBLICAN State Convention, which is to be held here on the 5th of September.

We have many subscribers throughout the counties of Washington, Fayette, Somerset, Westmoreland, Armstrong, Indiana, Butler, Mercer, Venango, Lawrence and Beaver counties; and to them we address an appeal to come up and give the movement their countenance, and bring along all who agree with them. It is a gathering got up for the people; to give impetus to the party of the people; therefore let them come, one and all, and show that their heart is in it!

There will be no lack of speakers. Both from our own and from other States we have assurances of the best kind of help in that direction.

Our subscribers in this county, we trust, need no urging to come. The time of year selected for this convention is one which affords them leisure for at least one day, and the convention being at their very doors ought to be sufficient to bring them out in crowds.

RAILROAD FARE TO THE STATE CONVENTION.—We are authorized to say that persons wishing to attend the great Republican Convention to be held at Pittsburgh on September 5th, will be able to obtain tickets, at the stations where tickets are sold, on the line of the Ohio and Penna. Railroad, at the rate of *a single fare for the round trip*, which is equivalent to half fare, to be good for three days: *Provided* they notify the ticket Agent at the time of purchasing the ticket, and procure a convention ticket *from him*.

As most of those who will attend the Convention from Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and other counties in that section, and from Ohio, will come over this road, this is a most important notification.

A similar notification is expected from the other railroads.

Our friends of the Free in Beaver, Lawrence and Mercer counties will please give notice of this arrangement.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

We make use of our last opportunity of addressing our country readers to urge upon them the importance of attending the primary meetings appointed to be held on Saturday next.

It is the earnest desire of the friends of the cause to see every township in the county represented. From several townships we have already heard, and there the best spirit prevails; and we entertain the hope that in every district the friends of free principles will turn out and give their assistance in inaugurating the new movement.

There are no office hunters in the party to clog the primary meetings for instructions; there are no favorites to reward or enemies to punish; there is no factional fight to wage, or special scheme to circumvent: there is, therefore, nothing to deter honest and peace-loving men from attending them. The single purpose to be accomplished is to choose two discreet and reliable men, who will give character to the movement and aid in setting it forward in the right direction;—men who will come up to the convention with an eye single to the success of the cause, and who will exercise discretion and judgment in the selection of a good and unexceptionable ticket. To attain an end so praiseworthy should be the eager desire of every true Republican; and we are sure we do not appeal in vain to our country readers when we solicit their attendance on Saturday at the time specified in the call.

All who are familiar with political affairs know how important it is, in such an undertaking, to have the first County Convention of the party not only fully attended but by the right kind of men. At a time like this, when precious rights hang upon faithful action, the honest yeomanry of the country will, we doubt not, esteem it a privilege as well as a duty to attend, in every district, to the important primary work of selecting men to represent them in the task of organization. A good work well begun seldom fails to prosper.

There are Republicans, we know, in every township in Allegheny county, and this paper is sure to fall into the hands of very many of them. To all such we say, go to the primary meetings on Saturday and, whether few or many be in attendance, appoint delegates. If the Know Nothings make an attempt to control your meetings, which is possible but not very probable, go to another place and hold a meeting by yourselves; the County Convention will decide rightly, if such an interference should be made. But let the meetings be held. Give us a full and a good convention, and then a good ticket, and God protect the right.

MRS. SWISSHELM.—Mr. James Robb, Chairman of the Free Democratic County Committee, administers a wholesome rebuke, in our columns to-day, to Mrs. Swisshelm for her shameless but abortive attempt to transfer the Free Soil party to the Know Nothings.

Although for several years past assuming to speak for that party in this county, she has had no authority to do so, and has failed to exercise any influence in its ranks. She has been a mere feeder and toady to the *Journal* and its editor for some time past, and has about as much power to make a gift to the Know Nothings of the party which once trusted her as a certain individual had of bestowing all the kingdoms of the world on those who were tempted to worship him.

☞ Our obligations are due to Hon. David Ritchie for a copy of the report of the commissioner of patents in relation to Mechanics.

REPUBLICAN MEETING TO-NIGHT.—Our friends must not forget the Republican meeting to-night at Neptune Hall, Seventh street.

A CONVENTION OF GREAT MEN.—We noticed yesterday the remarkable meeting held in Massachusetts last week, to inaugurate the Republican party. The Cincinnati *Gazette* gives the following description of some of the gentlemen who took part in this meeting:

"Among those who took part in the meeting and made speeches, were William Brigham, a Whig lawyer, of Boston; R. H. Dana, Jr., author of "Two Years Before the Mast," and one of the ablest commercial lawyers in the State; Hon. Samuel Hoar, who was driven out of South Carolina several years ago, when acting as the attorney of Massachusetts to try the constitutionality of the Carolina law whereby colored seamen were imprisoned on their arrival in Charleston. Mr. Hoar has also been a member of Congress, and is one of the most conservative and honorable men in New England. He is the father of Rockwood Hoar, one of the Judges of the Common Pleas Court. James H. Duncan, of Haverhill, a Hunker Whig, and member of the last Congress; Hon. Moses Kimball, of Boston, for many years a Whig member of the Legislature, and one of the best stump speakers in the State; Edward L. Keyes, of Dedham, a man of erratic but brilliant genius, formerly a member of the Legislature and of the Constitutional Convention. He was originally a Whig editor, and afterward joined the Free Soil party. He is a speaker of great eloquence and power. Hon. Charles Francis Adams, son of John Quincy Adams, who ran on the Van Buren ticket for Vice President, in 1848. John C. Park, a well known Whig and Free Soil lawyer of Boston, and as a popular speaker, has no superior in New England. Hon. George Bliss, of Springfield, a Whig of the good old sort, and Speaker of the House in 1853, a most estimable gentleman. Dr. Lyman Beecher, well known as a theologian throughout the country. Hon. Franklin Dexter, son of the great Samuel Dexter, writer and orator. Mr. Dexter is possessed of great wealth. He is an old Whig, and is the very personification of high, chivalrous, manly honor.—Hon. Stephen C. Phillips, of Salem, a distinguished merchant, formerly member of Congress, Mayor of Salem, and Free Soil candidate for Governor in 1849—he was formerly a Whig.—Hon. John W. Foster, of Brimfield, President of the American Order in the State, and a gentleman of great ability. Homer Bartlett, of Lowell, a fine speaker, and agent of the Prescott Mills in Lowell. Hon. Henry Wilson, U. S. Senator. Samuel Bolles, editor of the Springfield *Republican*, a paper second in influence to none in the State.

"Mr. Goodrich, the President, represented the old Berkshire district in the last two Congresses. Mr. Boutwell was formerly Governor, and a Democrat of great popularity. He supported Franklin Pierce. It would be difficult to select a like number of men in any State in the Union, which would represent a greater amount of talent and moral worth than was present in this Convention."

WILL SEBASTOPOL BE TAKEN?—The *Invalide Russe*, the Russian official organ, publishes a remarkable article, four columns long, under the heading: Will Sebastopol be Taken? Though free from braggadocio, it concludes with expressing the conviction that the fortress is impregnable, though it confesses that the allies would have inevitably taken it had they assaulted it from the position they now occupy, on the morrow of the day they arrived there. It says Sebastopol can replace one hundred dismounted guns in a night, or can exchange 50,000 fatigued troops against 50,000 fresh troops; that the allies cannot, with double the force they can dispose of, cut off the communication by Perekop; that the Russian army, fighting for its country and its sovereign, is animated by a better spirit than is the heterogeneous mass of French, English, Turks, Egyptians, and Sardinians, contending for an abstract idea and for a confused interpretation of the duties of civilisation; that four days after the tremendous bombardment of the 25th of March, Sebastopol was stronger than before; that at this moment the daily allied losses are greater, and those of the garrison less than ever before. It goes on to show the tremendous preparation for the reception of the enemy, if it succeeds in obtaining a momentary foothold. The Paris *Constitutionnel* affects to consider this article as a desperate effort to reassure the people of St. Petersburg, and offers as a reply to the question, Will Sebastopol be Taken? the sentiment that it will.—*Baltimore American.*

THE following are among the resolutions adopted by the State Council of the Know Nothing party in South Carolina:

Resolved, That the term "Catholic" and all semblance of a religious test, be stricken out from the official records and obligations of the American Order of this State, and that all natives be eligible to the Order, and capable of its suffrage who shall denounce all foreign temporal and ecclesiastical jurisdiction and influence.

Resolved, That while we deprecate Romish politico-sectarian influence in America, we are inexorably opposed to any law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof," or any law which applies "a religious test." That our opinions as men, however, approve only the principles of self-government in Church as State, and we do not approve an ecclesiastical polity which has its source and authority in a foreign land and single potentate. And that we forbear to sustain those who, from either political or sectarian motives, oppose our contemplated reforms.

Resolved, That we disapprove of the adoption of any law which shall affect or disturb the previous existing legal privileges conferred on naturalized citizens.

THE FEVER AT NORFOLK.—*Ministers Deserting their Flocks—The Flight of Christians, &c.*—The Norfolk *Argus* of Saturday thus alludes to the flight of the citizens of that place:—

So general and precipitate a flight as that which has recently taken place here, we never expected to witness. The thought of disease and sudden death, the knowledge of an existing pestilence, we know are appalling to sinful man, and an instinctive love of health and life naturally hurries him away beyond the limits of the destroying agent to a purer atmosphere and a healthier clime. The strong man in his prime dreads the presence of an air that poisons the life-blood and kills in a day; and even the sincere christian feels solemn when he reflects upon so sad a visitation from the great Being in whom he trusts and whom he loves. But should christians fly, too, from the danger, at the very time when their presence is most required!—when their words of advice, instruction and comfort are so necessary!—when nursing and watching are so much needed! "I was sick, and ye visited me not."

Surely if there ever was a time when the true disciples of Christ should be active and in the line of their duty in Norfolk, this is the time; for verily, "the pestilence walketh in darkness and the destruction wasteth at noon-day." Our friends, neighbors and acquaintances are prostrated by disease—burning with fever and tortured with pains; and how important the soothing words of the christian at such a time! But among the most panic-struck, the most alarmed, the most eager to hasten away, there were hundreds of professors; and many indeed who are wont, in days of healthfulness, in times of happiness, peace and prosperity, to make the loudest profession, to assume the most grave and religious aspect, and to be most ready and forward to give words of reproof for delinquency, and apparently unchristian conduct. Do not some show, now, that they have a beam in their eye! There is a deep meaning in this conduct.

Of the four or five members of the clergy who have hurried off, it may not become us to speak now. They know their duty. Perhaps this is not the time to indulge in vituperation; for although the disease is not as bad as reported, God's chastening hand is upon us. Our stores are nearly all closed; our streets are deserted; the dead and the dying are around us; excepting the rattle of the physician's coach, hearses and hospital wagons, the silence in our streets is oftentimes absolutely oppressive. The frantic wail of the widow fall dolefully on the ear; the piteous cry of the orphan rings out shrilly and dies away upon the night wind; friends are parting, perchance till the judgment; and the lamentation of the mother is heard, like "Rachel, weeping for her children, and refusing to be comforted because they are not." Indeed all sad and gloomy time in our loved and devoted city; and how much the calamitous visitation is increased in its intensity by the inconsiderate flight and absence of religious friends, and the deprivation of their consolatory instructions and prayers in the room where death claims and seizes his victims, we leave to the imagination of the pastor-stricken Christian professors, who have sought a more salubrious climate and a less dangerous location.

We heard one of our ministers say, who has not proved recreant to the high and holy duties of his office, and who goes willingly to the abodes of woe and death, that he found a woman whose husband had just died of the fever. She, too, was attacked, and no one was there to nurse and comfort her. He looked out and the neighbors had all gone—their doors and windows were closed. "Here," said she, "I must lie and die alone." And there was a boy with the black vomit, and no one but a young sister to attend him during the day and sad hours of a long night of pain and sorrow.

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DISGRACEFUL FIRE RIOTS—THREE MEN SHOT.—For some time past, in consequence of riotous demonstrations on the part of some of the firemen, the police officers of the city have been required to be on duty all of every Saturday night to arrest any party or parties implicated in any such demonstrations, and until last Saturday night for several months past they succeeded in preventing the shedding of blood. About half-past ten o'clock an alarm was sounded by the bell of the New Market, and the company, together with the United States hose companies, Nos. 1 and 2, of the northern section of the city, of the ablest commercial lawyers in the State; Hon. Samuel Hoar, who was driven out of South Carolina several years ago, when acting as the attorney of Massachusetts to try the constitutionality of the Carolina law whereby colored seamen were imprisoned on their arrival in Charleston. Mr. Hoar has also been a member of Congress, and is one of the most conservative and honorable men in New England. He is the father of Rockwood Hoar, one of the Judges of the Common Pleas Court. James H. Duncan, of Haverhill, a Hunker Whig, and member of the last Congress; Hon. Moses Kimball, of Boston, for many years a Whig member of the Legislature, and one of the best stump speakers in the State; Edward L. Keyes, of Dedham, a man of erratic but brilliant genius, formerly a member of the Legislature and of the Constitutional Convention. He was originally a Whig editor, and afterward joined the Free Soil party. He is a speaker of great eloquence and power. Hon. Charles Francis Adams, son of John Quincy Adams, who ran on the Van Buren ticket for Vice President, in 1848. John C. Park, a well known Whig and Free Soil lawyer of Boston, and as a popular speaker, has no superior in New England. Hon. George Bliss, of Springfield, a Whig of the good old sort, and Speaker of the House in 1853, a most estimable gentleman. Dr. Lyman Beecher, well known as a theologian throughout the country. Hon. Franklin Dexter, son of the great Samuel Dexter, writer and orator. Mr. Dexter is possessed of great wealth. He is an old Whig, and is the very personification of high, chivalrous, manly honor.—Hon. Stephen C. Phillips, of Salem, a distinguished merchant, formerly member of Congress, Mayor of Salem, and Free Soil candidate for Governor in 1849—he was formerly a Whig.—Hon. John W. Foster, of Brimfield, President of the American Order in the State, and a gentleman of great ability. Homer Bartlett, of Lowell, a fine speaker, and agent of the Prescott Mills in Lowell. Hon. Henry Wilson, U. S. Senator. Samuel Bolles, editor of the Springfield *Republican*, a paper second in influence to none in the State.

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REMOVAL.

McCORD & CO., HATTERS,

Have removed to their new store, 131 *Wood street, 5 doors above Fifth street*, which we have built with the express adaptation to our increased business.

The first floor has been fitted up in MODERN STYLE exclusively for our retail trade, where will be found a complete assortment of the MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES of Gents' and Youths' Dress and Soft Hats and Caps, together with a large assortment of GENTLEMEN'S GOODS, adapted to the season. We shall be pleased to see our friends at our new store.

The four upper stories are expressly for our WHOLESALE TRADE, where will be found a large stock of Hats and Caps, embracing Beaver, Silk, every variety, Soft, Panama, Leghorn, Braids, and Palm Leaf Hats; Silk Plush and Cloth Caps, and Children's Goods of all kinds.

Merchants visiting our city will find it to their interest to examine our stock, as our facilities are such as to enable us to compete with any jobbing house in the eastern cities. jel7

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Hon. H. Bowman Esq., 223 Greenwich st., N. York,
Hon. Wm. Hall, Esq.,
Gen. W. Marshall, Esq., Chief of Police,

The above list might be increased by thousands, but enough has been shown to induce every invalid to give the remedy a trial. Sold wholesale and retail by Geo. L. Reyner, No. 140 Wood corner of Virgin alley.

Price $1. jel2-lawly

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Corner of Wood and Sixth streets.
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Our Teas will be found on trial unequaled at the prices in the city:

Blacks.	Greens.
Oolong, 40, 50, 62, 75, 1,00 and 1,25 per lb.	Young Hyson, 50, 62, 75 cts. per lb.
Rag Breakfast, 50 and 75 cts. per lb.	Imperial & G. P., 75, 1,00 per lb.
	Gunpowder, 1,50 per lb.

Teas put up in cadey boxes from 6 to 20 lbs. for family use. A liberal discount made to retail dealers.

COFFEE—Java, La Guayra, and Rio Coffee, Green and Roasted.

SUGARS—Lovering's and Belcher's Loaf, Powdered and Crushed Sugars.

Also, *Chocolate, Spices, Pickles, Fruit and Dried Fruits, &c. &c.* mh5

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WM. BAGALEY, *President.*
SAMUEL L. MASCHELL, *Sec'y.*

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John Edmiston. de21

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Life, Fire & Marine Insurance Company,
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Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

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Robert Galway,	Alexander Bradley,
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James Marshall,	Hamilton Love, Kittanning,
John M'Gill,	Pa. my22-1y2m

British and Continental Exchange.

EIGHT SILLS DRAWN BY

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
ON THE UNION BANK, LONDON,
IN SUMS OF £1 AND UPWARDS.

These Drafts are available at all the principal Towns of England, Scotland and Ireland, and the Continent.

We also draw EIGHT BILLS on

M. A. Grunebaum & Bailin,
FRANKFORT A MAIN,

Which serve as a Remittance to all parts of Germany, Switzerland and Holland.

River Men, Notice.—Boerhave's Holland Bitters has proven the most valuable medicine to travelers in use. It will prevent the many unpleasant effects attending a change of water—it relieves at once the most distressing form of diarrhœa, and by gradually regulating the bowels, will restore the system to perfect order.

Fever and Ague, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Indigestion and headache, yield speedily to this delightful preparation.

See advertisement in another column. sa15-daw3

FALL STYLE OF HATS.
M'CORD & CO.,
No. 131 Wood Street,
(FIVE DOORS ABOVE FIFTH STREET,)

Have just received their Fall Style of

SILK HATS.

Also—A very large assortment of Gentlemens' SOFT HATS, new styles and superior qualities, to which they invite the attention of the public. au22 fr

The Sheriffalty.

The name of HARRISON PARRY will be submitted to the Republican Convention as a candidate for nomination for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny county. au22-3dw1t* COLLINS'S TOWNSHIP.

A. P. ANSHUTZ, will be a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff before the Republican County Convention, which meets on Wednesday the 29th inst. August 16th, 1855-au16*

GEORGE R. RIDDLE, of the City of Allegheny, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny County, at the ensuing election.

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures *every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula to a common Pimple.* In fact

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples of the face.

Two to three bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure any scruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure *every* humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start. There are no ifs nor ands, buts or ifs about it; quitting some cases and not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know its effects in *every case.* It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I say it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to a perfect state of health by one bottle.

To those who are subject to a sick headache, one bottle will always cure it. It gives great relief to catarrh and dizziness. Some who have been costive for years, have taken and been regulated by it. Where the body is sound, it work quite easy, but where there is any derangement of the functions of nature, it will cause very singular results, but you must not be alarmed—they always disappear in from four days to a week. There is never a bad result from it. On the contrary, when that feeling is gone you will feel yourself like a new person. Many send of the most extravagant encomiums of it that man ever listened to. No change of diet is ever necessary—eat the best you can get. I have likewise an herb, which, when simmered in sweet oil, dissolves scrofulous swelling of the neck and under the ears. Price 50 cents. Price of the Medical Discovery $1 per bottle.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adult, one table-spoonful per day. Children over eight years, dessert spoonful; children from five to eight years, teaspoonful. As no direction can be made applicable to all constitutions, take enough to operate on the bowels twice a day.

Mr. KENNEDY gives personal attendance in bad cases of erysipelas.

Sold, wholesale and retail, at Dr. REYNER'S, 140 Wood treet, corner of Virgin alley.

2d&4wT

To Mothers, Wives and Daughters.

The noblest discovery in the science or medicine, and the one which has, and will continue to prove, the greatest blessing to the human family, is the medical preparation known as Marshall's Uterine Catholicon.

It is designed to cure the various diseases incident to females, such as prolapsus, pain in the back, weakness, and every case of Scrofula, with perhaps all the evils in their train, have almost made life a burden, turned existence into a daily and hourly curse. The most enlightened professors of the medical colleges in the old world, as well as in this country, have held the subject in serious consideration, and they have finally determined that the old method of treating these as local and separate diseases was all wrong, and that a constitutional treatment was what was required. It is on this principle that great bodies move slowly; and while the Faculty were endeavoring to harmonize their views and digest a system for general practice, Dr. Pomeroy, a physician with forty years experience in the diseases of women and children reduced the theory to simple facts, and discovered a remedy which has cured and will cure eighteen out of every twenty cases now existing. In some cases where the organs have been ruptured, or where there has been a partial injured by bad medical treatment, nothing can be done but to alleviate the symptoms. *"No cure to hopeless"* said Shenham, the great leader of the English medical school, and, indeed, there are no cases of Female Debility has her's faithfully tried. Throw aside prejudice and the advice of an interested physician—reason for yourselves what the symptoms of disease foreshow, and then go on with a strong faith in the assurance that Marshall's Uterine Catholicon is no "quack remedy," but a scientific combination of medical virtues, which will preserve the constitution from destruction, will arrest the insidious approach of disease, and restore health to the already impaired vital power. Price $1.50 per bottle. Sold wholesale and retail at DR. GEO. H. KEYSER'S Drug Store, No. 140 Wood street. jy2-d&w

PITTSBURGH
Life, Fire & Marine Insurance Company,
Office, Corner Market and Water Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBT. GALWAY, President. JAMES D. MORRIS, *Sec'y.*

This Company makes every Insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also on Rivers Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss or Damage by Fire, And against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

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