PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1855.

Removal.

THE OFFICE of the Pittsburgh Gazette has been removed to the new building on Fifth street, just above Smithfield, and immediately adjoining the Methodist Protestant Church.

☞To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Room or Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear at the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 8 o'clock, on Saturday.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or yearly contracts are made. sept15dtw

☞Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

☞Mr. H. P. MUHLER, late editor of the *Staats Zeitung* and now connected with the Pittsburger Courier, is authorized to solicit subscriptions and advertisements for the Pittsburgh Gazette, according to our published terms. Pittsburgh March 1, 1855.

Reading Matter on each page of this paper

THE DECLINE AND FALL OF THE SECRET POLITICAL ORDER.—We have watched with the deepest interest the accumulating evidences of the rapid decline of the secret oath-bound political organization, known by the term Know Nothing. Having, from the first well marked revelations of the true nature and characteristics of the order, opposed it with all the earnestness and power we possessed, as dangerous, proscriptive and un-American, we cannot but rejoice to find that the day of its doom draws on apace. We have never for one moment believed it could long exist, but the catastrophe is approaching more rapidly than we anticipated. Its internal corruption, and its intolerable oppression is fast driving from its ranks thousands of good men who joined it in the faith that it was to be the purifier of the old parties, but who stand aghast to find it reeking with corruption and controlled by those very unprincipled demagogues and office seekers who had rendered the old parties so obnoxious. Divided and torn with intestine commotion, without any national or statebond of united action, it is doomed to sink speedily into that utter contempt which any and all secret political organizations deserve.

The following article is copied from the *Chambersburg Whig*, one of the ablest Whig papers published in the interior of the State, and which sympathised with or yielded to the power of the movement in its earlier stages. Its editor, Hon. Alex. K. McClure, was appointed State Printer last winter, and possesses the confidence of the best men of all parties wherever he is known. His graphic delineation of the condition of the Know Nothing party in Franklin county will answer pretty well for Allegheny and numerous other counties, and is no doubt a true picture of Know Nothingism everywhere. His resolute determination to oppose it hereafter, regardless of all consequences, will be enthusiastically responded to by thousands who have been inveigled into the order, and by tens of thousands out of it. We invite our friend of the Whig to join with us in inaugurating the Republican party of Pennsylvania, as called for by the exigencies of the times, and the voice of the people. The following is the article referred to:

A correspondent, in whom we recognize a Whig who never faltered in the faith, desires our views as to the proper course for the Whigs to adopt in the coming campaign. He must excuse us from saying what *they* should do under the circumstances; but if it will afford him any satisfaction, he is most welcome to know the course we have marked out for this journal; and, though neither seeking or desiring to direct the actions of the Whigs, yet we doubt not that we shall but reflect the convictions of the great mass of that body in the line of duty we have resolved upon.

The Whigs of Franklin county are this day stronger, independent of Know Nothingism, than they were at the last October election. It is true that since that time a goodly number—perhaps several hundred—have become connected with the Order; but for every one that has been added there have been sickened and disgusted with its discipline and leaders, and have studiously abstained from all participation in its councils. In this town, where but a few short months ago intolerance reigned supreme in the Order, men blush to speak of its once cherished and boasted obligations, and not less than one hundred of its members, embracing many of our most respectable citizens, do not go near the council room—never again will be found in it, nor will they pay any respect to its mandates. Many of them would doubtless vote its ticket, provided it pleased them better than any other presented, but such a thing as obedience to the secret power that once brooked no denial unless at the cost of disgrace, is regarded as one of the follies of the age upon which the shades of oblivion should speedily gather. Still grave officers fill the official chairs, and a little company, made up mainly of expectant patriots, gathers round them at the stated meetings; but they must be habitually treading upon each others' toes in their ambitious schemes, and almost every meeting drives some one away never to return. Prudent and intelligent men who became connected with it because they believed that it would rise above the office-begging mania of the old parties, have learned to their sorrow that of all other parties that have ever existed, the new purifier has become the most corrupt—has furnished more and greedier expectants, all of whom have presumed upon the oath-bound obedience of the members to sustain them, if they can only, by any means, secure the formal sanction of the councils as candidates.

These self-styled leaders—usually the disappointed aspirants of the old parties—have fought untiringly for blind submission to the Order, and have resisted every effort to popularize the party until they have driven their better associates from their councils in disgust, and have aroused in the ranks of those outsiders, who sympathized with their leading principles, the most implacable hostility. The great body of those men who have to all intents and purposes withdrawn from the councils are Whigs, and they do not conceal their determination to resist all efforts of the demagogues who are laboring to keep life in the dying embers of Know Nothingism, and openly proclaim their intention to destroy the despotism that seeks to embrace them in its once strong but now feeble grasp. From the well known character of the Know Nothing candidates to be put upon the course in this county next fall, and from the wide-spread disgust with the discipline of the party, we run no risk in saying that, should the present aspect of political affairs remain unchanged, hundreds of old Whigs who have been in the Order would again rally under their old flag, and join any effort that promised success to defeat the bungling tricksters who have insolently demanded blind obedience to the edicts of the council. We are altogether within the bounds of truth, therefore, when we say that the Whigs are stronger now than they were at the last election, and the only unwritten history of Know Nothingism, as understood by its oaths and grips and secret councils, is its decline and fall.

We say, let it fall. It deserves its fate, and habitually courted it by its intolerance. It would be madness for the Whigs to come forward, after having been defied and insulted, to save the sinking fortunes of a party that is, in this county at least, festering away in its own corruption. It must change its nature inside and outside—must sink its own identity forever, before we shall feel safe within reach of its embrace. Though the natural foe of Democracy, and strengthened in that opposition by observation and experience, we shall act with no secret, oath-bound party, we care not who may be its candidates, or what its professed principles, let the consequences be what they may. We can act with no party on any other terms than those of entire equality, and any organization whose members are sworn to vote only for their own sworn and secretly nominated candidates, and which forbids us a voice in its primary action and in the selection of its nominees, shall never receive our support. There are hundreds of honest and intelligent men who have been connected with the Order in this county, who desire the party stripped of these objections, but whose voice has been unheeded until they have been driven either into passive or active warfare; and if the coming election does not find their wishes respected by the party assuming an entirely open organization, they will be among its most active opponents, and rejoice with us over its utter annihilation.

Know-Nothingism has now no choice as to its destiny. It must cease to be Know-Nothingism or die unhonored and unsung. It could once dictate and men bowed as if from custom; but its intolerance has recoiled upon itself until, in some short year, it is rent in fragments and stabbing at its own vitals by its intestine conflicts. Wise men have seen its fate and escaped it by flight, and throughout the entire ranks of the party the conviction can no longer be resisted that it is in the last stages of decay, and that its speedy dissolution is the only course to avert disaster and disgrace.

We cannot, then, act with Know-Nothingism as it now presents itself. If it formally discards its own distinctive character by abolishing its oaths, grips and secret councils; plants itself upon the platform of the seceders from the Philadelphia Convention on the Nebraska infamy; is willing to act cordially and in good faith with those who share those sentiments, and consents to the support of candidates of merit who would fitly represent those principles, without regard to their former connection with, or opposition to the Order, we should join heart and hand to carry such a ticket, and 1,000 majority would sanction such an effort in Franklin County. But if the few Know Nothing leaders in this place, who have comfortable offices already marked out for themselves, insist upon the present discipline of the Order and wreck the party to advance their own selfish purposes, let the responsibility be upon them—not us!

We trust that we are understood, for we certainly mean to be. We have thought well and know whereof we speak, when we point to the speedy decline and certain fall of Know-Nothingism as it is now understood and practiced, and we shall mince no words in dealing with it, for it has ceased to have terrors save for itself. Organs whose precarious existence hangs upon sworn supporters rather than merit, may plead and threaten and zig-zag to all sides of all questions to save the tottering structure; and demagogues who tread upon, nauty action, lest their intrigues to reach power should be frustrated, may still attend the deserted council halls and endeavor to rally the faltering ranks; but the hand-writing is on the wall in living, flaming characters, and no human agency can perpetuate and direct to success a political organization that imposes oaths and secrecy, and sacrifices the very manhood of its members. No secret party can ever carry this county—this State—this nation. We care not how just may be its principles or how pure its purposes it must open the widest avenues for political chicanery and finally perish; and for the Whigs of Franklin county now to cover the defeat of Know Nothingism, would be to court the deepest disgrace and to realize the keenest disaster. Their hands are clean—let them so remain.

We do not mean to waste our vote on abstractions or impossibilities. We shall advocate and vote with the best available party we can find, and if we can't have a party or a ticket exactly to our liking, we shall choose the least of the evils presented. If, as we have said before, the revolting features of Know Nothingism are cast aside, and all who desire to vindicate the rights of the North are invited to unite in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and men of integrity and capacity are presented as candidates, we shall go with it and ask no questions; but if Know Nothingism insists upon forcing its despotic, oath-bound secresy upon the public, we shall deem the support of the ticket most likely to defeat it, the course of duty and the path of safety. The Whigs are absolutely able to control the result, alike in this county and in the State, and if the proscription that now hangs over them is not removed, and their convictions respected, duty to their cause and justice to themselves will prompt them to repel the insult and resent the injury.

Such shall be our course as a Whig, and are we not right? Let reason and justice answer.

OHIO.—The telegraphic despatches from Columbus which we published on Saturday, detailing the notion of the Republican Convention held on Friday the 13th, gave us great pleasure. The platform adopted is concise, comprehensive and embraces nothing which can alienate any portion of the republican masses of the State. It is just the thing for the crisis; and the example it sets is worthy of imitation in all directions.

The ticket nominated strikes us as an excellent one. We are glad to see it headed with the name of Salmon P. Chase for Governor. The nomination to that office was, under the circumstances, eminently due to that gentleman, and we have no doubt that the people of Ohio will rally to his support with a cordiality and determination never before manifested. During the six years he represented Ohio in the United States Senate he not only faithfully defended and maintained the interests of his State and gave expression to her political sentiments, but he took an earnest and prominent stand on the side of Freedom. An accidental democratic majority in the legislature deprived him of the honor of a re-election, to which he was entitled; and it therefore behooves the *people* to endorse him and show to the south that they know how to uphold a faithful public servant. The opportunity being now afforded them of doing so, they will not be slow to avail themselves of it.

The anti-Nebraska masses of Ohio have nobly laid aside all *other* issues, and united to do battle on the one great practical question before the American people. Let those of Pennsylvania go and do likewise.

OSCILLATING STEAM-ENGINE.—We have now been using for some months past, an oscillating steam engine for running our presses, manufactured by Messrs. Cridge & Wadsworth, Bank Lane, Allegheny. After this experience, we are prepared to say that it has given us the highest satisfaction. Although a small-engine, ten inch stroke by 4½ diameter, it runs three presses with perfect ease. It is simplicity itself, not liable to get out of repair, and takes up but little room. We have had two slide-valve engines, but they were greatly inferior to this for power, simplicity and strength. Oscillating engines have heretofore been objected to on account of leaking steam, but an improvement, patented by Mr. Cridge, completely removes this objection, and for engines for purposes such as ours, renders the oscillating engine superior to all others. Its greatest merit, however, next to its simplicity and durability, is the saving of coal. This is very great; in our case it has amounted to over fifty per cent. A governor is attached to the engine by the same makers, of so delicate a character that one or all the presses can be thrown off at once, without any jar to the engine, it immediately accommodating itself to the work it has to do. We commend these engines to the attention of the public.

CAUSES OF FIRES.—With our characteristic recklessness, as a people, we have taken no pains to investigate and enumerate the causes of fires. It is not because we have not enough of them; or do not lose sufficient by them; but because we are too much absorbed in our go-ahead race to stop for such trifles. During the past year there were in New York city three hundred and eighty-five fires, with a loss on buildings of eight hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and two millions and seventy-three thousand dollars on wares. There had taken place two hundred and twenty-one additional alarms, mostly caused by burning chimneys, spirit-gas explosions, &c., while for the residue no real cause could be ascertained. The immense aggregate of loss here set down does not however, express the total sacrifice of property. The figures in this case are obtained from the Insurance agents, and show only the insured property that was destroyed. Hundreds of thousands worth of furniture and other personal property, are devoured by fire, of which neither the underwriters nor the Press have ever any knowledge. It might be supposed that, with such an annual burden of loss to bear, there would be some method adopted to ascertain how so many fires originate, and thus learn how best to avoid their recurrence; but nothing of the kind has yet been attempted.

In London, these things are better attended to. The London Quarterly gives an analysis of the producing causes of a year's fires, thus:

From		From	
Curtains	2511	Sparks from railway	4
Candle	1178	Smoking tobacco	166
Flues	1558	Smoking nuts	1
Stoves	494	Smoking in bed	22
Gas	952	Reading in bed	4
Light dropped down area	15	Sewing in bed	1
Lighted tobacco falling down area	7	Sewing by candle	44
Dust falling on horizontal flue	1	Lime overheating	43
Doubtful	70	Waste overheating	2
Incendiarism	87	Cargo of lime do	5
Carelessness	100	Rain slacking lime	2
Intoxication	80	High tide	1
Dog	6	Explosion	16
Cat	15	Spontaneous Combustion	18
Hunting boys	16	Heat from sun	8
Clothes horse upset by monkey	1	Lightning	2
Lurkers	80	Drying linen	6
Children playing with do	45	Shirts falling into fire	1
Hat gnawing do	1	Lighting and upsetting naptha lamp	56
Jackdaw going off do	1	Fire from the kettle	1
Rat gnawing gaspipe	1	Boiling tater	1
Boys with fireworks	14	Charcoal fire of suicide	5
Fireworks going off	62	Insanity	7
Children playing with fire	45	Bleaching nuts	7
Sparks from fire	243	Unknown	1323

CONGRESSIONAL VACANCY IN MASSACHUSETTS.—The Hampshire *Gazette* announces that Henry Morris, Esq., member of Congress elect from that Congressional District, has been appointed Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, in place of Judge Hoar, resigned. His resignation takes effect in September next, and Mr. Morris, having accepted the appointment, must, of course, vacate his seat in Congress. The *Gazette* intimates that Hon. J. W. Foster, of the Council, wants the Congressional place, but thinks that the people may have something to say on the subject, and suggests Hon. Edward Dickinson, who was run down by Mr. Morris last fall.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S (N. S.) PRESBYTERIAN MINUTES.—We have been furnished in advance of the publication of the Assembly's Minutes, with the following summary:

Synods	21	Licentiates	111
Presbyteries	108	Candidates	228
Ministers	1,567	Churches	1,859
Additions on examination			5,816
Additions on certificate			4,890
Whole number in communion			143,222
Baptisms of adults			1,701
Baptisms of infants			3,921

CONTRIBUTIONS.

Com'n Fund	$3,492 32	Foreign Missions	63 968 29
Contingent Fund	556 90	Education	27,110 96
Domestic Missions	76,871 37	Publication	48,322 91

One has been added to the number of Synods. The Presbyteries are the same in number as compared with last year. Five more ministers, three less licentiates, and forty more candidates, are recorded. The churches are two less. Several very small churches that have become extinct, having been struck from the roll of the Presbyteries, and a few have become Independent, or O. S., and so overbalancing the new churches that have been formed.

Although the returns from the churches are imperfect, they show the gratifying fact of an advance in the number of communicants. The net increase is 1,552. As the number of additions has amounted to 10,706, the number of removals by certificate, death or otherwise, has been 9,154. A similar fluctuation appears in the list of ministers. The advance alphabetical roll of ministers and licentiates at the end of the Minutes, contains 120 new names, while 116 have disappeared. Of the latter, 53, an unusually large number, have been removed by death. The increase in the number of candidates gives pleasing evidence of a ministry in prospect. Nearly 6,000, it will be seen, have been added to the churches of profession; perhaps more. The fruits of many of the revivals of the past season are yet to be gathered in.

Although the last year's report of Contributions to Domestic Missions included the large sums given to the $100,000 Fund for Church erection, this year's report shows a diminution of less than $25,000; while the contributions to the Foreign Missions have advanced more than $6,000, and to the Publication Cause more than $15,000. The last year's report also included the contributions to the endowment of the Union Theological Seminary, which, in the case of a single church amounted to about $50,000, which almost covers the deficiency of that column.—*Evangelist.*

We publish in another place the Proceedings and Address of the Whig County Committee.—The meeting of the committee was well attended, more than two thirds of the members being present, and its action was harmonious in every respect.

With the action taken by the committee we are highly pleased. In the present chaos and ferment of politics, it is proper and right to take measures to raise upon the ruins of the old parties, a new political organization, destined to guard intact the Constitution of the country and the compromises of our fathers, as well from the attacks of Southern Secessionists and Infidel Abolitionists. We look upon this move as the first emphatic response from Mercer county to the public feeling which has been gathering strength in the Northern States for years, and we hope that this public feeling will finally rescue the government from the domination of the Slave power.—*Mercer Whig.*

REPUBLICAN MASS CONVENTION.—We hear considerable talk of a mass convention of the citizens of our county to form a party on the basis of the Ohio Republican party. The platform of the party in Ohio is anti-slavery, anti-proscription, and anti bigotry, and in favor of a protective tariff bill, improvement of rivers and harbors, and in fact everything for which could be desired by honest and principled men. We observe a call is out for a similar organization in Lawrence county, and are informed that such a party there will sweep everything. People are tired of humbuggery and secret political trickery, and many now in the ranks of Know Nothingism will gladly hail the Republican platform as a way of escape from the thraldom of an organization which presents so many sets of principles, that they have no confidence in any of them. Let all parties unite upon the Republican platform.—*New Brighton Record.*

STILL COMING.—Emigration is till gradually coming into the Territory, but it is attended with no noise or commotion. What gives us the most satisfaction is the fact that it is making its way to the south-eastern portion of the country, along the Neosho, and its tributaries. That region is said to be very fertile, and it is believed will be healthy. We were at one time apprehensive that this region would fall into the hands of pro-slavery men, and that it would be difficult to displace them, but such is not the fact.—*Kansas Herald.*

MARRIED—At West Newton, Westmoreland county, Pa., on Thursday evening, the 12th inst., by Rev Mr. Riggs, Mr. JOSEPH R. WIDDLE, of Elizabeth, to Miss ELIZABETH, daughter of F. Diehl, Esq., formerly of Elizabeth, and now of the firm of Messrs. Lippincott, Collins & Co., Merchants, Philadelphia.

[Times please copy.]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Facts, without Comment—The Public Must Know Them.

New York, Oct. 10, 1852.—Mrs. Hardey, No. 119 Suffolk street, writes us that she has been troubled with worms for some three years, and that she used a bottle of *Dr. McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge*, which brought away over *fifty large worms*. Her usual good health immediately returned.

Mrs. Quigly, No. 182 Essex st., New York, under date of Nov. 21, 1852, writes us that she had a child which had been unwell for better than two months. She procured a bottle of McLane's Vermifuge and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms, and in a few days was as healthy as ever it had been. Parents, with such testimony before them, should not hesitate when there is any reason to suspect worms, and lose no time in procuring and administering Dr. McLane's Vermifuge. It never fails, and is perfectly safe.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and from the sole proprietors.

Also for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
jul13-1aw6 Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood st.

Nausea, Indigestion and Nervous Debility—"I do not wonder at the popularity of Boerhave's Holland Bitters, now.

"For months previous to its use, my ordinary food caused such extreme nausea, when placed before me, that I almost dreaded the sound of the dinner bell. Everything I ate disagreed with me. My digestive organs seemed to have lost all power, and my nervous system so completely shattered, that I was unable to write five minutes at a time. A PITTSBURGHER.

See advertisement in another column. jul14-daw3

Statement from Canada.—Quebec, Feb. 7th, 1854.—Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.—We had the pleasure of receiving, this morning, the within certificate of your Vermifuge, which will be very gratifying to you, as it was sent voluntarily. We are, gentlemen, yours very truly

GENTLEMEN—My little daughter, 4 years old, and my son, elder, were for a considerable time suffering from worms. I purchased two bottles of your Vermifuge, of which I gave them three doses, according to directions, and since then to my, I may say, astonishment, they have passed no less than FIVE HUNDRED WORMS, some of the extraordinary length of from 12 to 15 inches.

Having experienced so much of the benefit effected by your Vermifuge, I feel it my duty to recommend it to the public as, in my opinion, one of the most efficacious remedies against worms ever yet offered to the public.

Gentlemen, believe me to be your much obliged and humble servant, NATHANIEL LEATHES.

Prepared and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK, and other of Wood and Firsts.* my16-dawT

Old Sores, Ulcers, and all eruptions and diseases arising from an impure or depraved state of the blood. See the extraordinary cure of Wm. G. Harwood, a highly respectable citizen of Richmond, Va., by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He had ulcers and sores of the worst description, and finally got so bad, he was unable to walk without the use of crutches. A few bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, the great blood purifier, cured him, as it has cured hundreds of others who have suffered with rheumatism, bad effects of mercury, and pains and ulcers of the bones and joints. See advertisement. jn29 dawS

Western Insurance Company OF PITTSBURGH.

RICHARD MILLER, JR., PRESIDENT. ..... J. M. GORDON, SEC'Y.

Will Insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

DIRECTORS:

R. Miller, Jr.	Thos. Scott,	Jas. McManigy	
A. Ewing,	A. Nimick,	Geo. Dravo,	
Wm. Lyon,	C. W. Ricketson,	Nath'l Holmes,	
A. Bonnell,	W. M. Stackhouse,	John Scott,	
	Wm. H. Smith.		

☞A home Institution managed by Directors well known in this community, and who will liberally adjust and promptly pay all issues at the Office, No. 92 Water Street, (Spang & Co's Warehouse,) up stairs, Pittsburgh. jn26

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE ONLY RAILROAD

RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

On and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice:

FAST TRAIN WILL LEAVE AT 3 A. M.
MAIL TRAIN " " AT 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio and Indiana and Pellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Monroeville, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c., and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets are sold to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal towns and cities in the West.

The NEW-BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,
At the owner office, under the Monongahela House,
Or at the Federal street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN,
Pittsburgh, March 10th, 1855. Ticket Agent.

EUREKA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

JOHN H. SHOENBERGER, President;
ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary;
C. W. BATCHELOR, General Agent.

Will Insure Against All Kinds of MARINE AND FIRE RISKS.

DIRECTORS:

J. H. Shoenberger,	G. W. Case,
C. W. Batchelor,	W. K. Nimick,
Isaac H. Pennock,	T. B. Updike,
W. W. Martin,	R. D. Cochran,
R. T. Leech, Jr.,	John A. Gardley,
George S. Selden,	S. E. Hyman,

David McAnulless.

☞All losses sustained by parties insured under policies issued by this Company will be promptly adjusted and promptly paid at its Office, No. 99 WATER STREET. jul11-1m5

GEORGE R. RIDDLE, of the City of Allegheny, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny County, at the ensuing election.

New York & Liverpool Line of Packets.

MR. JOHN THOMPSON, No. 410 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the only person in the above city authorized to sell Passage Certificates for my Line of New York and Liverpool Packets.

Has always on hand Drafts for any amount, payable at any Bank in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Also, brings passengers from New York and Philadelphia by Railroad.

CORNELIUS GRINNELL,
87 South st., New York.
je20-6tf

British and Continental Exchange.

EIGHT BILLS DRAWN BY

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,

ON THE UNION BANK, LONDON,

IN SUMS OF £1 AND UPWARDS.

Those Drafts are available at all the principal Towns of England, Scotland and Ireland, and the Continent.

We also draw EIGHT BILLS on

M. A. Grunebaum & Ballin,

FRANKFORT A MAIN,

Which serve as a Remittance to all parts of Germany, Switzerland and Holland.

Persons intending to travel abroad may procure through us Letters of Credit, on which Money can be obtained, as needed, in any part of Europe.

Collections of Bills, Notes, and other securities in Europe, will receive prompt attention.

WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Wood, corner Third street.
mh22

WESTERN TEA STORE

Corner of Wood and Sixth streets.

W. A. M'CLURG.

Our Teas will be found on trial unequaled at the prices in the city:

RETAIL PRICES.

Blacks.		*Greens.*	
Oolong,	40, 50, 62, 75, 1,00 and 1,25 per lb.	Young Hyson,	50, 62, 75, and 1,00 per lb.
Eng Breakfast,	50 and 75 cts. per lb.	Imperial & G. P.,	75, 1,00 & 1,50 per lb.

Teas put up in nicely boxes from 5 to 20 lbs. for family use. A liberal discount made to retail dealers.

COFFEE—Java, La Guayra, and Rio Coffee, Green and Roasted.

SUGARS—Lovering's and Belcher's Loaf; Paloerized and Crushed Sugars.

Nuts, Chocolate, Spices, Pickles, Fresh and Dried Fruits, &c., &c. mh8

JOHN COCHRAN & BROS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c.,

Nos. 91 Second st., & 86 Third st.,

(between Wood and Market,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Have on hand a variety of new patterns Fancy and Plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh9-tf

PHILADELPHIA Fire and Life Insurance Company,

No. 149 CHESTNUT STREET,

OPPOSITE THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

Will make all kinds of Insurance, either Perpetual or limited, on every description of Property or Merchandise, at reasonable rates of premium.

ROBERT P. King, President.
M. W. Baldwin, Vice President.

DIRECTORS:

Chas. D. Hayes,	R. L. Cope,
R. R. Redfish,	Geo. W. Brown,
P. S. Havery,	Jos. G. Paul,
G. Sherman,	John Clayton,
S. J. Rugeres,	E. Wier.

F. Blackburne, Secretary. J. G. COFFIN, Agent, corner Third and Wood streets.
se25-1y fo

Reliance Mutual Insurance Company OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE NO. 70 WALNUT STREET.

Capital, $117,654—Assets, $222,002. Security Invulnerable.

FIRE INSURANCE—On Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, &c., for a term of years.

The mutual principle, combined with the security of a large Capital, entitles the insured to share in the profits of the Company, without liability for losses.

The Script Certificates of this Company, for profits, are convertible, at par, into the Capital Stock of the Company.

CLEM TINGLEY, President.
R. M. Bucknan, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Clem Tingley,	Lewis R. Ashburner,
Wm. S. Thompson,	George N. Baker,
T. C. Rockhill,	Benj. W. Tingley,
G. W. Carpenter,	Z. Lothrop,
Robert Steen,	H. L. Carson,
G. R. Wood,	Robert Toland,
Marshall Hill,	Edward G. James,
James L. Taylor,	Wm. Musser,
Jacob T. Bunting,	Archibald Gaty,
G. M. Stroud.	Wm. McKenzie, Pitts'g.

J. G. COFFIN, Agent, corner Third and Wood streets.
mh8-6

PITTSBURGH Life, Fire & Marine Insurance Company;

Office, Corner Market and Water Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

ROBT. GALWAY, President. JAMES D. McCARGO, Secy.

This Company makes every Insurance appertaining four connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also against Hull and Cargo Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss or Damage by Fire,

And against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

Robert Galway,	Alexander Bradley,	John Fullerton,
James S. Negley,	Samuel McChesney,	
William Phillips,	James W. Hallman,	
John Scott,	Chas. Arbuthnot,	
Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D.,	David Richey,	
John McIlvain,	Horatio N. Lee, Kittanning,	
James Marshall,		
John Mill,		

mn25-1y6 [Post copy 1 year fat col.]

PEKIN TEA STORE.

S. JAYNES,

No. 38 Fifth Street,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE EXCHANGE BANK,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

GREEN AND BLACK TEAS,

Selected with great care, and purchased direct from the importers, for Cash, which enables him to offer different flavors and grades of Tea brought to the American market, and will be sold, *wholesale and retail,*

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

☞RETAIL GROCERS are invited to call and get samples, and learn our prices.

PACKED TEAS,

Put up in *metallic packages*, expressly for the trade:

Young Hyson,	No. 1.	Imperial,	No. 1.
" "	No. 2.	"	No. 2.
" "	No. 3.	Oolong,	No. 1.
" "	No. 4.	"	No. 2.
Silver Leaf Young Hyson,		Plantation Oolong,	
Gunpowder,	No. 1.	Souchong,	
"	No. 2.	Ning Young Souchong,	
English Breakfast,		Old Country Black	

Teas of all grades by the Half Chest.

ALSO,

COFFEE—See Java and Rio.

LOVERING'S SUGARS—Crushed, Coarse Pulverized, Pulverized, A. White Clarified, C. Yellow Clarified, and best New Orleans.

BAKER'S BROMA, COCOA and CHOCOLATE, &c., &c.

Long experience in the business is a sure guarantee that every article sold will be as represented.

The old established store has no connection with any other house in the city.

Customers are warned not to place any confidence in the representations of persons formerly employed in this Establishment.

Agents, by special appointment, for the sale of DR. LAYNE'S CELEBRATED FAMILY MEDICINES;

Also, for the sale of

L. JOHNSON & CO'S TYPE, INK, &c.

jy2-1mdis

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,

86 Fourth st. near Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Buggy, Carriage, Riding, Drovers'

AND

DRAY WHIPS;

THONGS AND SWITCHES,

Keep constantly on hand, received direct from the Manufactory, New York Co., a full and varied assortment of Whips, Thongs, Switches, London Wagon Whips, Drovers' Whips, Dray Whips, Planters' Rawhide and Ready Whips, Carriage and Cab Whips, Slate Stocks and Lashes, &c., &c.

☞New styles of Whips promptly furnished to order.

☞Orders from the trade are solicited and promptly shipped per instructions.

☞*ALL WORK WARRANTED.*☜

jul11-1ydawS6

HOLMES, RABE & CO.

SUCCESSOR TO

A. H. HOLMES & BROTHER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SOLID BOX VICES, HAMMERED IRON AXLES, CROWBARS, SLEDGES, MATTOCKS, PICKS,

Timber, Mill, Tobacco & Cotton Screws,

Shafting and Pulleys for Machinery.

Gas and Bridge Bolts, with Thread and Nuts complete,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WAREHOUSE, No. 112 WATER AND 107 FIRST STS., BETWEEN WOOD AND SMITHFIELD STS.

☞All work warranted. mh31-tf

WILLIAMS & ALLEN.

SUCCESSORS TO

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wro't Iron Tubing

AND FITTING GENERALLY,

For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court House Jail Hotels or Dwellings. No. 85 WATER ST., Pittsburg

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY,

Flour delivered to families in either of the two cities.

Orders may be left at the Mill, or in our boxes at the stores of

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood st.
BEAUN & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts.
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Penn'ylvania, Allegheny.

TERMS, CASH ON DELIVERY.

BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

☞ FLEMING.....Successor to WILCOX, JR.....COCHRAN FLEMING

FLEMING BROTHERS,

(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

NO. 60 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Proprietors of M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills. je

New Daguerrian Gallery.

MR. NELSON would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that in order to meet the daily increasing demand for his Daguerreotypes, he has had built and has now completed (over the Old Post Office, Third street,) one of the most spacious and magnificent Sky Light Galleries ever constructed for Daguerreotype purposes, in the United States. We are now prepared to execute Likenesses of all sizes and styles, in any weather, from 8 o'clock A. M. till 4 o'clock P. M. A visit from all is solicited, whether they wish for Likenesses or not. Rooms 103d Post Office Building, Third street. fe2-1y

HENRY H. COLLINS,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,

and Produce Generally,

No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

The Sheriffalty.

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cure *every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula to a common Pimple.*

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates, of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing screw.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples of the face.

Two to three bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet