PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. S. WHITE.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1855.

To Advertisers—Neither the Editorial Room or Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. ADVERTISERS who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or yearly contracts are made. sep1-d&w

Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

H. P. MUELLER, late editor of the *State Zeitung* and now connected with the Pittsburger Courier, is authorized to solicit subscriptions and advertisements for the Pittsburgh Gazette, according to our published terms Pittsburgh March 1, 1855.

Notice—JOHN S. FRIZELL is authorized to collect and receipt for Subscriptions to DAILY and WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Removal.

THE OFFICE of the Pittsburgh Gazette has been removed to the new building on Fifth street, just above Smithfield, and immediately adjoining the Methodist Protestant Church.

Reading Matter on each page of this paper

THE "FACES" OF KNOW NOTHINGISM.—Know Nothingism not only has its Anti-slavery and Pro-slavery Faces, but its Anti-Catholic and its Catholic face. Where Protestantism is in the ascendant and where a strong Anti-Popery feeling prevails, its votaries are sworn to proscribe Catholics from office; but in Louisiana and doubtless also in Maryland, this clause of the obligation is laid aside. It thus becomes all things to all men, that it may by any possibility attain to office and power. Not long since the New Orleans *Bulletin*, a very respectable paper, with strong Know Nothing proclivities, asserted most positively that it had reason to know that Catholics were not proscribed by the Know Nothing order. The same declaration has been reiterated in that quarter, and is enforced and elucidated in the following extracts from a letter to the editor of the *Richmond Examiner*, who states that it is from a gentleman of the highest credibility and intelligence:

"There is not the slightest doubt that, in the lower portion of the State of Louisiana, including this city and the parishes which are mostly peopled by the so-called Creoles, there is no clause in the obligations of the members of the Know Nothing Order proscribing the Catholic religion or its followers on account of their religious belief. I knew this for months past, having received positive assurances from acquaintances who avowed their connection with the order.

But, in order to "make assurance doubly sure," I resolved that I would appeal to some of the recognized leaders of the Order among us, and obtain from them such confirmatory information as they might be willing to afford me.

One gentleman, who is widely known throughout the State for his former zeal in Native American agitation and his present zeal in the Know Nothing cause, and whose name has been brought forward prominently as the candidate for Governor of the State on their ticket, told me, in answer to my question as to the religious test, that here the members did not take any such obligation; that, in order to obtain the support of the Whig Creoles, who were generally Catholics, it had been from the first excluded, except that in so far that a "confessing Catholic" was not admitted to the Order; but that, for some months past, even that question has not been put to the applicant; all that was required being that he should be in favor of the policy of the Order as to foreigners and the Naturalization law. When I stated to him that some of the presses in the northern portion of the State which advocated the order, had permitted attacks on the Catholic religion and the rights of its professors, he replied that some of the country lodges had gone to work and organized themselves without having first properly informed themselves of the true objects of the movement in regard to religion; but that at present means were being taken to procure uniformality and harmony in the work and aims of the lodges throughout the State, and that it would be required of the country lodges to give up all pretensions to introduce any religious test into the obligations of their members.

Another gentleman, who I had reason to know was one of the first to introduce the Order into this State, and who informed me that the lodge over which he presided contained over fifteen hundred members, confirmed fully what the other had said as to the absence of any religious test, especially against the Catholics, and said that on one occasion he had compelled a judge, in this city, who in addressing his lodge, had attacked the Catholic religion, to resume his seat, as he would not permit any such violation of the real objects of their association as an attack on any man's religion.

Both the gentlemen to whom I have referred emphatically stated that if the Order in the North and West did not yield to the demand of the Louisiana members, to give up the obligation proscribing the followers of the Catholic or any other religion, the latter would be compelled to break off from them and act independently. And both stated that this demand would be made at the first National Council of the Order."

We ask the descendants of the Irish and Scotch Presbyterians, and of the English and Irish Methodists, in Western Pennsylvania, who have been inveigled into the Order under the pretense mainly that it was to oppose the encroachments of Popery, to consider these things. It certainly could not have been from feelings of disrespect to the memory of their respected parents who braved the dangers of the deep and the hardships and perils of this western wilderness to establish a home for their offspring where they should enjoy perfect religious and civil liberty, that led them into the meshes of this double-faced modern political jesuitism. It certainly could not have been an Anti-Foreign feeling. *No*, it was that Anti-Popery feeling, sucked in with their mother's milk and fostered by their education and their reading—a feeling which we respect, and which is proper and just in itself, when it is confined to legitimate purposes and does not descend to injustice and persecution; then it becomes akin to the spirit of Popery itself, which has always persecuted the people of God where it had the power, and always will, for it is unchanged and unchangeable. It was this proper spirit, we say, this love of the truth and hatred of error and of a gross system of oppression, which led hundreds of the descendants of foreign Protestants into the Know Nothing Lodges. What will these persons think when they find that they are affiliating with the most bigoted and besotted Catholics in America, with the faithful followers of the Pope, and the worshippers of the Virgin Mary? And what is this extraordinary combination of Protestants and Catholics, of Slaveholders and Anti-Slavery men for? Simply to proscribe foreigners of all classes, Protestants and Catholics, Infidels and Christians, virtuous and vicious, intelligent and ignorant. All are placed on one level. Its effect will be to get up a class feeling, to establish a proscribed caste, to create and foster bitter prejudices, which will outlive this generation, and inflict injury upon those who come after us. But few Protestants ever duly considered the effect of this proscription upon the future emigration. Have they reflected that it will bar the door effectually against the intelligent, high-minded lover of liberty? His self-respect will not permit him to subject himself to such indignities in a country that boasts that *all men were created free and equal*. On the other hand it will be no barrier to the ignorant and the abandoned. The high-minded, intelligent Protestant will not consent to be placed in a proscribed class, but Catholics who have had less opportunities of instruction, and who have not been taught the value of personal and civil rights and franchises, will still crowd to our shores. Instead, then, of decreasing the evil intended to be abated by Protestant Know Nothings, it will only increase it. In any aspect in which it can be viewed, Know Nothingism is no place for a Protestant, for an Anti-Slavery man, for a manly, intelligent, independent American citizen, who has no need of leading strings, and who is not ashamed to have all his political proceedings scanned in the light of day.

THE ERIE AND NORTH EAST RAILROAD.—This is a short road, running from the town of Erie to the New York state line, and fills up a gap between the New York and Ohio Railroads. Almost from its commencement it has been the cause of ceaseless troubles and excitements at Erie. The Legislature of this state has passed a bill to repeal the charter which is now in the hands of the Governor. In accordance with this bill the Governor is authorized to take possession of said road, until some disposition is made of it by law. He is authorized to restore it to the company, on condition—First, that they extend their road to the harbor of Erie. Second, that this extension shall commence within three months after the passage of this act, and be finished by the time when the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula Company are required to finish their road to Erie harbor. Third, that the company shall change the gauge of their road, either to four feet eight and a half inches, or to the six feet gauge, and maintain it thereon.—Fourth, they must leave the ground, streets and alleys at and in the city of Erie, free from all bridges, embankments and superstructures.—The bill further provides that a tax shall be levied by the State, of five cents for each passenger, and two cents for each ton of freight passing east on said road.

If the road is relinquished entirely there will be a gap in a continuous Railroad line of some twenty miles, between Erie and North East. If the company comply with the conditions of the law, there will be a break of guage both at Erie and at North East, as the roads east and west of those points are laid down on the four feet ten inch.

THE STRUGGLE IN KANSAS.—The following is the Proclamation which has been issued by the pro-slavery party, with the object of removing and superseding Gov. Reeder:

"THE PEOPLE'S PROCLAMATION—The citizens of Kansas Territory, after a more than reasonable period of probation, have been emphatically convinced that the present Governor of Kansas Territory, A. H. Reeder, is positively unfit for, and incompetent to, the duties of this high and responsible position. This assertion is demonstrated to universal satisfaction in a want of acquaintance with and interest in the people, an ignorance of their character and general necessities, and other important points of view, as shown in every official step which he has taken from the time that he commenced acting in the capacity of Governor of this Territory. These inconveniences, arising in the appointment of an Eastern man, necessarily ignorant of our Western country and all its characteristics, whose competency would have consisted in the possession of the very qualities, the absence of which, in the gubernatorial composition of Mr. Reeder, establishes his incompetency to the duties of the office which he now holds.

The citizens of Kansas Territory regard the appointment of any man as Governor of a people, without reference to the choice of those who are of necessity to become subject to his administration, as an exercise of arbitrary power, unsustained by any sanction of republican form, principle, or precedent: therefore, the citizens of Kansas Territory have resolved, for the purpose of remedying the evils and inconveniences inflicted upon them from the Executive chair of Kansas Territory, to hold an election at Leavenworth city, on the 28th day of April, (present month,) for the purpose of electing some suitable person to succeed the present Governor, whose removal from said office will be solicited at the hands of the President of the United States, by the citizens of Kansas Territory.

It is, therefore, earnestly enjoined upon the citizens of the different Districts throughout the Territory to send one Delegate to Leavenworth City on the 28th of the present month, [April,] for the purpose of conferring upon this subject, and to select some suitable and competent citizen of the Territory to fill this office, whose appointment by said Convention at Leavenworth City shall be sent or caused to be sent, to the President of the United States, as may be determined by said Convention, requesting the removal of the present incumbent, and an appointment, as his successor, of the person who may be selected in the manner above described, as the choice of the people.

It is earnestly requested that the citizens of every District in Kansas Territory will give this subject their undivided attention, and not fail to be represented by this Convention.

CITIZENS OF KANSAS TERRITORY.

April 9th, 1855.

The St. Louis *Intelligencer* says that who the "Citizens of Kansas" are, that thus set at defiance the laws of the nation, and usurp to themselves prerogatives, lodged only in the nations' Legislature, it is not allowed to know. No names are signed to the document; the place of its publication is not disclosed. It is not difficult, however, to surmise its origin. No doubt it originated with Atchison's hired crew of ruffians and desperadoes, who took possession of the polls in Kansas, and destroyed the press of the Parkville Luminary. It is indeed, a beautiful exhibition of "squatter sovereignty," or as the *Intelligencer* says, a "squatter sovereignty" document to the back-bone, and exhibits that interesting spectacle in a phase never witnessed before, even by its most ardent advocates and espousers. It is the Squatter Sovereignty baring its' brawny arms and defying Federal Sovereignty to a contest. It is practical nullification, such as has never been exhibited at the West.

Letters and documents continue to pour in from Kansas, developing and describing the unexampled outrages committed on the event of the late elections. A letter writer from "Friends' Mission," winds up as follows his account of the scenes he passed through—"Houses torn down—families left homeless—honest settlers driven bleeding from the polls—and our rights trampled down at the point of the sword, in defiance of the laws of the land!"

The pro-slavery party is of course rampant—The *Kansas Herald* breaks out as follows:

"Yesterday was a proud and glorious day for the friends of Southern Rights. The triumph of the Pro-Slavery party is complete and overwhelming.

"Come on, Southern men—bring your slaves, and fill up the territory. Kansas is saved! Abolitionism is rebuked, her fortress stormed, her flag is dragging in the dust! The tri-colored platform has fallen with a crash, the rotten timbers of its structure were not sufficient to sustain the small fragment of the party."

The most extraordinary exhibition of Southern fanaticism we have ever seen, however, is a letter from Kansas to the St. Louis Christian Advocate, signed by "A. Monroe," a Minister of the Methodist Church *South*, of high standing. The reader will recollect that this letter was written about the time the Missouri Slaveholding mob resolved to *hang* every Methodist Minister of the church *North* found in that region. The Reverend Monroe says that Kansas is settling fast, but, "*of course not much can be accomplished by preaching for a time!*" "This is the time in politics"—"the time for the great South to *locate* and *establish* her claim, to put her *impress* upon the institutions of the country." "Now, this the very season, is the time for the South to secure her interests in this country." "We hope to see thousands of families here from the slaveholding States before six months pass." Growing excited as he proceeds, the Reverend gentleman calls for the "men and *east wealth of the South* to be called into requisition," for the "common cause," which he says ought to "interest all Southern hearts and hands and *prayers* and purses!" To wind up this piece of folly and extravagance, and may we not say of downright devilishness—for what is more devilish than so fervent a desire to pollute for all time to come so large and fair a territory with the sin, and curse, and blight of Southern Slavery—this professed disciple of Christ appeals to God for help! He says—"we trust above all that God is for us. If so who can be against us." "Let us draw upon our resources"—don't forget the material aid, the purses—"put our united shoulders to the work, and call upon Israel's God for help, and it shall be done"—that is, the evangelical, the pious and godly work of establishing the traffic in human flesh, the breeding in mortal beings for the cupidity and lust of evil men shall be accomplished!

NATURALIZING A RUSSIAN.—The master of the Jessie Mitchell, lately discharging guano in Leith Docks, from the island of Leone, relates a humorous scene which occurred under his own eye in that island. The bark Atlantic, seized and sold in Leith as a Russian prize, left the island of Leone a day or two prior to the arrival of the Jessie Mitchell. One of the Russian crew had deserted from the Atlantic, and concealed himself on the island; but he afterwards discovered himself to the seamen, and declared his desire to renounce his allegiance, and become a British subject. How to effect the transformation was a question which puzzled Jack greatly; however, on the arrival of the Jessie Mitchell, her crew, along with the seamen on shore, met in solemn conclave, and their united wisdom determined that as water is ever emblematical of purity, and its cleansing properties have been known and appreciated in all ages and countries, it was the only medium which could effect the momentous change of converting a Russian into a true British subject. The conclave next adjourned to a small creek or basin, around the white pebble beach of which they arranged themselves, about three yards apart, each with a bucket, while the poor Russian commenced walking around the margin of the creek, repeating the form of abjuration taught him by the tars, who took care, on their part, that he should receive from each a full bucket of water. This august ceremony completed, the sailors, with three hearty cheers, acknowledged him as a British subject, and admitted him, with all the honors, to their society. The whole proceedings, saith our informant, were conducted in the most orderly manner.—*Scottish Press.*

POULTRY.—We copy the following interesting article, written by one of our own citizens on the above subject. It will be seen by our advertising column, that our friend Mr. E. R. Shankland, No. 129 Wood street, offers for sale the eggs of this favorite variety for hatching:—

THE BEST VARIETY OF DOMESTIC POULTRY.—*Black Spanish, or "Dutch every day layers"*—*Editors Dispatch:* Almost every individual, in every clime, is more or less interested in domestic poultry; either as a consumer or producer. They furnish food alike for the peasant and the king. A plentiful supply of eggs is indispensable to the inhabitants; without these our baker and cooks would be unable to furnish us with the rich and delicious luxuries we now enjoy. If our supply was cut off, how long would it be before the cry of "egg famine" would echo throughout the length and breadth of the land? To guard against such a misfortune, and afford our large and *increasing* population a cheap and plentiful supply of both eggs and poultry, it is necessary we should have the *best* and most *prolific* varieties, and in favor of these we now propose to offer a few remarks.

We speak not to those who are tinged with the "Shanghai fever," who are speculating (!) in big varieties of the Shanghai breed (for I am well aware fools and Shanghais will have their day,) but to our rural population—the sober and thrifty cultivators of the soil, who pour in the fruits of their labor, to feed the operatives at our mills and factories, and our great commercial population. It is to them I wish to speak, about the pleasure and profits derived only by keeping *the best* variety of Domestic Poultry; and that variety is the beautiful *Black Spanish*.—They were brought to memory by seeing the eggs advertised in your paper, for hatching.—Having had many years experience with the various kinds of fowls, we must pronounce the Black Spanish the only variety worthy of the attention of farmers and poultry amateurs. For laying they excel all others. They commence very early, and continue to lay with few interruptions all the year.

It is better always to have a few hens of some other kind to do the hatching, as the Spanish seldom hatches, and even when they do they commence laying in a few weeks afterwards, and neglect to take proper care of their chicks. In England they are very popular. It is only necessary to consult the very agricultural journals to be convinced of this. In the rural districts of England they are generally termed "Dutch every-day layers"—a name they have earned for themselves from the fact that they lay every day. Read in what high esteem they are held by persons who have them in this country. One farmer, in the eastern part of this State, says: "One of my pullets commenced laying five days before she was five months old. One of my hens, on the fifteenth day after hatching out a brood of chickens, commenced and laid seven eggs before leaving her chicks.....I have no hesitation in pronouncing them by far the best and most profitable variety of fowls."..... Another farmer writes: "For laying, the Black Spanish, or as they are sometimes called, 'the Dutch every-day layers,' are excellent; those who keep them should have three or four Dorkings to do the hatching business, as the Spanish are everlasting layers." JONATHAN RUSHTO.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Grant's Hill, Hog's Pond, &c.

Living, as we have since our childhood, in Pittsburgh—then called "*Fort Pitt*," or the "*Backwoods*,"—we in the summer time used to play with a few boys on Grant's Hill, and we remember well the old Stone Circle, about as large as a big wagon wheel, on the knob or peak of the Hill, and which gave the name to the Hill, as Gen. Grant was a *British officer* and was buried here. Just below the Hill and your present office, was a large deep pond of water, coming down, we believe, from rain on the Hill, and a brick-yard where brick was first made in large quantities at the head of Sixth street.—Here on Hog's Pond our boys and men of leisure used to have fine skating and sliding in the winter. I went to school upward of 50 years ago, on Fifth street, just below the Pond and very near where the Theatre now stands, in the neighborhood of which lived several very poor families, some of whom according to the habits of those times drank a little too much whiskey, and were very quarrelsome and had almost daily their quarrels, &c., which gave the nick-name of "*Battle Row*" to the head of this street—now covered by the Bank, Theatre, Post Office, Custom House, and lawyer's and printing offices, &c. and where so many useful and respectable citizens have their shops, offices and dwellings, and to which we have to call on you daily for your excellent paper, the *Gazette*, which I have read for nearly 50 years. AN OLD MERCHANT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

What our Neighbors say of Dr. M'Lane's CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS—NEW YORK, August 20th, 1854.—We, the undersigned, having made a trial of Dr M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, must acknowledge that that they are the best medicine for Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, and Liver Complaint, that we have ever used. We take pleasure in recommending them to the public, and are confident, that if those who are troubled with any of the above complaints will give them a fair trial, they will not hesitate to acknowledge their beneficial effects.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and take no other. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public; also, his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States; also, for sale by the sole proprietors, FLEMING BROTHERS, ap25d&w3 Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 50 Wood st.

As a Spring and Summer Medicine, Carter's Spanish Mixture stands pre-eminent above all others. The singularly efficacious effects which it produces in strengthening and invigorating qualities, its tonic action on the Liver; its tendency to drive all humors to the surface, thereby cleansing the system according to Nature's own prescription; its harmless, and at the same time extraordinary good effects, and the number of cures testified to by many of the most respectable citizens of Richmond, Va., and elsewhere, must be conclusive evidence that there is no humbug about it. The trial of a single bottle will satisfy the most skeptical of its benefits. See advertisement in another column. ap30-1md&wT

Another Instance of the efficacy of Boerhave's Holland Bitters:

Mr. N. M. PONDEXTER, of the Union Office, says—Some weeks since being seriously affected with pain and uneasiness at the stomach, loss of appetite, and, at times strong symptoms of dyspepsia, I was induced to try your Holland Bitters, and I feel it but an act of justice to the article, as well for the good of those who may be affected with this derangement of the stomach, to state, that the use of one single bottle of this medicine proved of incalculable benefit, having freed the stomach from all sense of depression, and every other symptom of dyspepsia. I would also remark, that two other members of my family, who were afflicted in a similar manner with myself, were entirely relieved by the use of a single bottle of each.

See advertisement. ap30-d&wT

Marsh's Radical Cure Truss will cure nearly every case of radicrodele Hernia.

Trusses at reasonable prices always on hand.

Children's Trusses of different forms and strength for sale

Elastic Stockings for Varicose or Enlarged Veins.

Abdominal Supporters—A dozen different kinds.

Side Pressure for the support and cure of Piles.

Shoulder Braces to relieve a crooked and deformed condition of the Chest, and many diseases of the Chest.

Suspension Bandages.

All these articles can be had or applied at DR. KEYSER'S Wholesale and Retail TRUSS DEPOT, 140 Wood st; sign of the Golden Mortar; or will be sent to any part of the country by sending the money and measure. ap27-d&wS

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cure *every kind of Humor, from the worst scrofula to a common Pimple.*

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a running sore mouth

Two to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples of the face.

Two to three bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure scurvy and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure every eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.

Three to five Bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor (ithse to start) There are no ifs nor ands, hums or ha's about it cutting some cases and not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know its effects in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I have it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to a perfect state of health by one bottle.

To those who are subject to a sick headache, one bottle will always cure it. It gives great relief to catarrh and dizziness. Some who have been costive for years, have taken and been regulated by it. Where the body is sound, it work quite easy, but where there is any derangement of the functions of nature, it will cause very singular feelings, but you must not be alarmed—they always disappear in from four days to a week. There is never a bad result from it. On the contrary, when that feeling is gone you will feel yourself like a new person. I heard some of the most extravagant encomiums of it that man ever lis tened, and I believe it to ever one necessary—eat the best you can get. I have likewise an herb, which, when simmered in sweet oil, dissolves Scrofulous swelling of the neck and under the ears. Price 50 cents. Price of the Medical Discovery $1 per bottle.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adult, one table-spoonful per day. Children over eight years, dessert spoonful; children from five to eight years, tea-spoonful. As no direction can be made applicable to all constitutions, take enough to operate on the bowels twice a day.

Mr. KENNEDY gives personal attendance in the cases of scrofula.

Sold, wholesale and retail, at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley. ap26-d&w2

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.'S TRUE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL, Carefully prepared from none but fresh and healthy Livers, under the personal supervision of their agent at the Fisheries.

J. C. B. & CO. take great pleasure in offering their brand of Oil, which, on account of its superior mode of preparation, freshness and purity, can be taken without disrelish by the most delicate.

It is unnecessary to advert to the peculiar efficacy of this very valuable and scientific remedy. Its success in the cure of Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, and Lung Diseases, when skillfully applied and persevered in, is no longer a matter of conjecture; it is now acknowledged to possess healing virtues almost incomparable to any other specific. Sold in bottles, wholesale and retail, by the manufacturers,

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,

No. 100 North Third st., Philadelphia,

And by Druggists in Pittsburgh and elsewhere. fs3-tmd&wT

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. THE ONLY RAILROAD RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

On and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice:

FAST TRAIN WILL LEAVE AT 3 A. M.
MAIL TRAIN " " AT 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio and Indiana and Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Monroeville, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c; and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets are sold to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal towns and cities in the West

THE NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

At the corner office, under the Monongahela House,
Or at the Federal street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN,
Pittsburgh, March 10th, 1855. Ticket Agent.

JOHN COCHRAN & BROS. MANUFACTURERS OF Iron Railing, Iron Vaults, Vault Doors, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c.,

Nos. 91 Second st., & 86 Third st., (between Wood and Market,) PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Have on hand a variety of new patterns Fancy and Plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh9-tf

WESTERN TEA STORE, Corner of Wood and Sixth streets.

W. A. M'CLURG.

Our Teas will be found on trial unequaled as the prices in the city:

RETAIL PRICES.	
Blacks.	*Greens.*
Oolong, 40, 50, 62, 75, 1,00 and 1,25 per lb.	Young Hyson, 50, 62, 75, and 1,00 per lb.
Eng Breakfast, 50 and 75 cts. per lb.	Imperial & G.P., 75, 1,00 & 1,50 per lb.

Teas put up in caddy boxes from 5 to 20 lbs. for family use. A liberal discount made to retail dealers.

COFFEE—Java, La Guayra, and Rio Coffee, Green and Roasted.

SUGARS—Loaving's and Bicker's Loaf, Powdered and Crushed Sugars.

Also, *Chocolate, Spices, Pickles, Fresh and Dried Fruits, &c., &c.* mh8

British and Continental Exchange.

SIGHT BILLS DRAWN BY

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., ON THE UNION BANK, LONDON,

IN SUMS OF £1 AND UPWARDS.

These Drafts are available at all the principal Towns of England, Scotland and Ireland, and the Continent.

We also draw SIGHT BILLS on

M. A. Grunebaum & Ballin,

FRANKFORT A MAIN,

Which serve as a Remittance to all parts of Germany, Switzerland and Holland.

Persons intending to travel abroad may procure through us Letters of Credit, on which Money can be obtained, as needed, in any part of Europe.

Collections of Bills, Notes, and other securities in Europe, will receive prompt attention.

WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Wood, corner Third street.

DUBUQUE, IOWA.

We offer for sale One Hundred Lots, very advantageously located, in the City of Dubuque, and respectfully request proposals for the same, or any portion of them.

The completion of the Great Illinois Central R. R. to this city—the large Upper Mississippi River business thus sent here—the heavy lead trade, together with the present rapidly appreciating value of real estate, combine to promise desirable results to those wishing to invest in City Property.

Any information will be promptly communicated if desired. Address T. S. JESUP & COMPANY,

mh25-3m*o* Dubuque, Iowa.

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ap21-d2w

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mr26-1y8 [Post copy 1 year fst col.]

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Merchants visiting our city will find it their interest to examine our stock, as our facilities are such as to enable us to compete with any jobbing house in the eastern cities. ap27

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