PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY D. N. WHITE.

PITTSBURH:

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1855.

☞To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Room or Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisements to desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday.

☞Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special month ly or yearly contracts are made. sep1-dtw

☞Mr. H. P. MUHLER, late editor of the *Staats Zeitung* and now connected with the Pittsburgher Courier, is authorized to solicit subscriptions and advertisements for the Pittsburgh Gazette, according to our published terms. Pittsburgh, March 1, 1855.

Reading Matter on each page of this paper

George Law.—We find in the Philadelphia papers the response of George Law, of New York to the address of sundry members of our State legislature, inviting him to become a candidate for President. The letter is of extraordinary length, for the small amount of ideas it contains, and gives us an unpleasant foretaste of what his Messages may be if the country should be compelled to endure the affliction of his success.

Who Mr. George Law is our readers know as well as we do. All that we can tell about him is, that he is supposed to be rich, (which explains his popularity at Harrisburg,) and that he is the owner of those famous muskets with which Cuba and half a dozen other countries were to be revolutioned and "annexed." He is understood to be much better known by the piratical fillibusters of the land than by the quiet citizens thereof.

Mr. Law says he was "startled" by the reception of the address from Harrisburg. If he paid for it we do not see why it should startle him. It is the public that should to be "startled."

He also informs us that the letter addressed to him was "signed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania, several Senators and other members of the Legislature," and at the conclusion of his reply he directs it "To Henry E. Strong, Wm. A. Crabb, John Ferguson, John W. Killinger, John Hendricks, Alexander McConnell, *John J. Muse*, Geo. S. King, *C. S. Eyster*, E. J. Waterhouse, [Samuel J. Krepps and *others*." Our representatives appear to to be ready to take a hand at whatever is going.

We have looked over this manifesto of Mr. Law, and find that he is frank enough to let us know what he thinks on the slavery, tariff and "American" questions. His views on slavery are thus expressed:

"One of the most dangerous evils which has grown out of the degeneracy of the old parties is that of sectional agitation. Sectional agitation is the great danger that menaces the American republic. It is the weak point of the Union.—The sacred ties of marriage cannot subsist in private life without confidence, and in the virtue of the parties united; neither can this Union exist under the dishonorable and malignant sectional agitation which have been forced upon us in these latter days by small sections of politicians who sink into insignificance before the great historical names of our country. Sectional agitation is not only our weakest point at home, but it invites the interference of our enemies abroad."

If we understand this it means that there is to be no more abolitionism when *he* gets to be President. On the Tariff question he is not very explicit. We append what he says:

"The negligence and inefficiency with which the public affairs of this country, both foreign and domestic, have been conducted, by those in power, whether democratic or whig, for the last few years, have attracted the attention of all sensible men, and created in the minds of the people the necessity of a radical reform. Our system of indirect taxation, commonly called a tariff on imports, has been established and framed for the purpose simply of supplying the annual wants of the government and for giving indirect protection to our manufactures. This system of taxation has proved to be of such a nature in practice to create dangerous surpluses of millions of gold and silver in the Treasury, thereby deranging the currency, throwing exchanges into confusion, and bringing bankruptcy and ruin upon every branch of business. The politicians and statesmen (if they may deserve the name,) of the two old parties, have been too busily engaged in schemes of aggrandizement to arrange this important financial question on such principles as would simply answer the wants of the Government and the interests of the country. It is time, therefore, to turn a short corner on these points of policy, and to contrive suitable legislation, not for the purpose of spoils for themselves or dependents, but for the benefit and advantage of the whole country."

According to our understanding of language this sounds something like "Free Trade and Direct Taxation."

On the "American" question Mr. Law appears to go as far as the farthest. He is kind enough to add the following paragraph for the general information of the public.

"Not only does the internal policy of the general government require *the magic hand of statesmen* adequate to the age, but our foreign policy (if it can be said that we have any,) demands in an eminent degree, the attention of *the highest intellect*, in order to recover it from the state of degradation into which it has fallen. The truth is, the framework of our parties and our government, has felt the deleterious influence of the times, has fallen into disorder and wants repair, renovation or revolution."

For "the magic hand of statesmen" and "the highest intellect" we are to look, of course, to Mr. George Law. We are obliged to him for telling us where these things are to be found, although we would have had a higher estimate of his modesty if he had suffered some one else to say it.

Do the representatives of Allegheny County who have thus been instrumental in bringing out a Presidential candidate who avows pro-slavery and anti-tariff views, pretend that they are fairly representing the views of their constituents?

In order to show the quantity of public lands which will be necessarily consumed under the new bounty land bill, to satisfy those who have already received land warrants of a less denomination than 160 acres, we copy from the Washington *Star* the following:

Under the act of 1847 there were issued 7,372 warrants of 40 acres, and there must be 7,370 warrants of 120 acres issued, or, in all, 884,640 acres.

Under the act of 1850 there were 103,000 40 acre warrants, and 57,059 80 acre warrants issued. To bring all these of both classes up to the 160 acre standard will require an expenditure of 16,924,720 acres.

Under the act of 1852 there were 9,000 40 acre warrants issued, and 1,650 80 acre warrants; and to bring these of both classes up to the 160 acre standard will require 1,212,000 acres. In all, an expenditure of an aggregate of 19,021,360 acres of the public domain will be required to satisfy the claims of those who have already received land warrants under late bounty land acts.

Up to this time, no warrant has been issued for services of a less period than thirty days.—The law just passed, however, grants one hundred and sixty acres for fourteen days' service. In addition to these 19,021,360 acres to be so used up, it is estimated at the Land Office that at least 100,000,000 of acres will be required to cover the demands to arise under the new law, from classes of individuals whose service has not heretofore been provided for by Congress. The man who shouldered his fowling-piece, and watched the shore in the neighborhood of Piscataway, and within a mile of his own door, will, under the law, get as much land as him who underwent the horrors of all the Canada campaigns of the war of 1812!

It is stated that there will be no warrants issued under the new bounty land law for three or four months. New plates have to be engraved. Seventy-six thousand dollars have been appropriated for the new clerks to be employed under this act.

A Washington letter writer says that when Sydney Webster, the President's Secretary, had delivered the veto of the Collins Steamer bill, Mr. Benton grasped him by the hand, and delivered the following sentiment: "Sir, tell the President I thank him for this act. He deserves the thanks of the country. If I were President I'll be — if I would not keep blank vetoes by me to defeat the bills of this Congress." Not a bad idea, that, of keeping blank vetoes on hand. There is nothing like being always prepared for emergencies.

Vacation of the Canal.—A correspondent of the *Daily Union* makes the following proposition for the vacation of the canal from the Monongahela river to Liberty street, which meets with much favor:

"The condition I would suggest is this: let the parties most to be benefitted by this law purchase a portion of that unimproved ground lying between Leech's warehouse and the Allegheny river, for the use of the canal—construct a large basin thereon, and outlet locks emptying into the Allegheny river. This would afford ample room for all the business done on the canal, give the railroads an enlarged space for depot purposes, allow free access to the river, and afford a continual drainage of impure water from the basin of the canal, which is so obnoxious during the summer season. This plan, I think, would be of infinite advantage to the city, the railroad companies, the individual owners of the ground, and, at the same time, guard the interest of the State, which is a party certainly worthy of some consideration in this case. The improved plan upon which canal locks are now constructed is not expensive, and the cost of the whole thing would be insignificant compared to the incalculable advantage to the parties benefitted by this measure."

Top-Boots for Ladies.—A gossiping lady correspondent of the Home Journal furnishes the following item of intelligence in the last issue of that paper:

"Boots with turn over tops, are resolved on for the street wear by the ladies—the turn overs to be yellow kid, scolloped or fringed, the boots patent leather, so I hear. Your broaching the inflammable subject of ladies' expenses has probably brought this about; for the sidewalks sweeping is quite our most expensive amusement, and short dresses would reduce Stewart's marble palace two stories at least. As our heels are to be made visible, I shall send you a photograph of mine, at the very first unveiling, for I suppose there will be so much curiosity to know where they look like that the daguerreotypists will now take both ends of us. We were talking of it yesterday when Doctor —— was in, and he said that nothing showed blood like a thin heel sloping under, as it proved that your race had not carried burthens. The negro foot had a self behind, and the heel was clubbed, from being crushed out with a weight for ages. Heel-ognomy is going to be interesting, I foresee."

General Railroad Convention.—The Railroad Convention which met at Cleveland last fall, and at which about two hundred and forty millions of railroad capital was represented, adjourned to meet on Tuesday next, the 13th of March, at the Monongahela House in this city. Chauncey Vibbard, Esq., of Albany, Superintendent of the New York Central Railroad, is the President of the Convention; and as a number of committees on important subjects will be called on for reports, it is hoped that the attendance at the Pittsburgh meeting will be large.—We think that the members who may take the trouble to visit our city will find enough of interest here to recompense them for their attendance.

At the municipal election held in Newport, Ky., (opposite Cincinnati) on Monday last, the Fusion ticket succeeded by a small majority. F. A. Boyd was elected mayor by 868 votes, against 362 cast for J. Berry, K. N.

At the Detroit election, Mr. Henry Ledyard, a son-in-law of Gen. Cass, was elected mayor by 600 majority. A year ago, in Detroit, a republican, or anti-slavery people's movement was got up, in which Mr. Ledyard and many other prominent men of both parties took part, and it succeeded by an immense majority; but the attempt this year to couple a repetition of the movement with Know Nothingism drove off such men as Mr. Ledyard, and the result is its ignominious defeat.

Judge Gilchrist of the new Court of Claims is the present Chief Justice of New Hampshire.—He is agraduate of Harvard University and of the Cambridge Law School. As a judge, it is said, he ranks amongst the ablest who have ever sat upon the bench in New Hampshire. His advanced age, however, it is supposed, will induce him to decline the appointment. Judge Blackford, of Indiana, is also a man of advanced age, and a member of the Supreme Bench of that State. He is one of the oldest lawyers in Indiana, having been one of the earliest settlers there. He also, it is supposed, will decline accepting the new position tendered him.

The President, it is said at Washington, has kept in his pocket the bill for the improvement of the St. Clair Flats; but he has approved and signed the bill for the improvement of the Savannah river.

The river St. Clair is the channel of a hundred times more commerce than the river Savannah—being the thoroughfare for all the commerce of the upper lakes. The reason given by the President, it is said, for approving of the latter bill, while rejecting the former, is that the obstructions of the Savannah river were placed there by the British during the war of the revolution.

The *Terre Haute (Ind.) Courier* says that the Terre Haute and Alton Railroad is progressing finely, and is already doing a fair business in the way of freight and passengers. The track is already laid to Charleston, and it is expected that a locomotive will run to Chicago Crossing, 57 miles from Terre Haute, by the 1st of April.

Emigration from Ireland Checked.—The Ballinasloe (Ireland) *Star* says:

"During the last week numerous letters have been received in this neighborhood from New York and other American cities, bringing intelligence which will undoubtedly tend to check the tide of emigration to that quarter. Destitution prevails to an alarming extent. There is no employment in New York, and thousands of the poor Irish are undergoing an ordeal worse than that occasioned in their own country by the famine and pestilence of 1846. We have been permitted to inspect some of the letters received in this town and its vicinity within the last few days, and really the details they give are of a most fearful description. The soup-kitchens have been established, and a large proportion of the redundant population are kept alive at the public expense. The advice in every letter is, 'Do not, by any means, come out here, if even a miserable subsistence can be got at home.' We have been in expectation of such a result for some time. The enormous flow of emigrants into the cities and towns along the Atlantic for the last few years could not but have a disastrous effect upon local circumstances. At all events, we need not anticipate during the coming season such a drain from our shores as has depopulated, in a great measure, many of the best districts in the west of Ireland. The fact is, that many individuals who, fortunately, were enabled to do so, have returned, and we understand that many others will follow their example."

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. McLane's Vermifuge.—During a practice of more than twenty years, Dr. McLane had attended innumerable patients afflicted with every form of worm disease, and was induced to apply all the energies of his mind to the discovery of a vermifuge, or worm destroyer, certain in its effects; the result of his labors is the American Worm Specific, now before the public, which is perfectly safe, and may be given alike to children of the most tender age, or to the aged adult; it purges mildly and subdues fever, and destroys worms with invariable success. It is easy of administration, and as it does not contain mercury in any form whatever, no restrictions are necessary with regard to drinking cold water, nor is it capable of doing the least injury to the tenderest infant.—An incredible number of worms have been expelled by this vermifuge.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M' Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and from the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,
Also for sale by the sole proprietors, Pittsburgh.
mh3-dawS. Successors to J. Kidd & Co., Wood street.

WESTERN TEA STORE.
Corner of Wood and Sixth streets.
W. A. M'CLURG.

Our Teas will be found on trial unequaled at the prices in the city.

Retail Prices.

Blacks.	*Greens.*
Oolong, 40, 50, 62, 75, 1,00 and 1,25 per lb.	Young Hyson, 50, 62, 75, and 1,00 per lb.
Eng Breakfast, 50 and 75 cts. per lb.	Imperial & G. P., 75, 1,00 & 1,50 per lb.

Teas put up in caddy boxes from 5 to 20 lbs. for family use. A liberal discount made to retail dealers.

COFFEE—Java, La Guayra, and Rio Coffee, Green and Roasted.

SUGARS—Lowering's and Bachelor's Loaf, Pulverized and Crushed Sugars.

Also, Chocolates, Spices, Pickles, Fresh and Dried Fruits, &c., &c. mh8

Sick Headache and Neuralgia of Eight Years Standing Cured by Oakley's Depurative Syrup.—Mr. William Trimble, M'Kelvy's Row, Bayardstown, Fifth ward, says he was cured of Sick Headache of eight years standing, by three bottles of Oakley's Depurative Syrup. He has tried various physicians without success. He is now entirely well. Oakley's Depurative is for Rheumatism, Scrofula, Tetter, and all eruptive diseases. For sale, wholesale and retail, at

DR. KEYSER'S,
No. 140, Wood st., Sign of the Golden Mortar.
mh8 Price 75 cents per bottle.

Effectual Remedy for Worms.—The lessons of experience are the most reliable, and if not too costly are sought after by the people. The following is the voluntary testimony of a worthy and well known physician, relative to his experience of the efficacy of B. A. Fahnestock's celebrated Vermifuge, during a practice of twenty-five years.

Grenada, Miss., May 23d, 1853.

Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.—Gentlemen:—I am one of those individuals backward in giving certificates, but in the present instance consider it a duty I owe to humanity that I have been engaged in the practice of medicine for 25 years, and have never met with any remedy so effectual for worms as your Vermifuge. In adults, even in cases of Fever, I sometimes use it in preference to calomel before the evening visit, and often find billious evacuations and worms to follow. I use no other Vermifuge in my practice, and desire no better. Respectfully,

W. M. HANKINS, M. D.

Prepared and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., corner of Wood and First sts. mh7-d&wT

When death is at the door, the remedy which would have saved life, if administered in time, comes too late. Do not trifle with disease. Rely upon it that when the stomach will not digest food—when faintness and lassitude pervade the system—when the sleep is disturbed, the appetite feeble, the mind lethargic, the nerves unnaturally sensitive, and the head confused—rely upon it, that when these symptoms occur, the powers of vitality are failing, and that, unless the mischief is promptly checked, life will be shortened, as well as rendered miserable. Now we have from a time of immense greater than was ever before accumulated in favor of one remedy, that Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia, will immediately abate, and in due time entirely remove all of these distressing symptoms, as a mathematical process will solve a problem. Who, then, will endure the agony, and the risk of life, with health and safety within reach? See advertisement.

mh7-2w-d&wT

Piles Neglected, often prove fatal, leads to consumption; assist the part three times a day with DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, and inject into the rectum then insert the "Pile Syringe" filled with Extractor, and gradually discharge it as the syringe is withdrawn. It never fails to cure cases of any age of virulence, nor to give active ease instantly to all, frequently curing by one application.

Piles are known by the heat, itching, and pain of the anus. Bleeding piles are caused, sometimes, by the falling of the whole bowels which then press the intestinal canal and thus stop the blood from returning to the heart, similar to the blood being kept at the top of your fingers when a string is tied tight round it; such is frequent, and for scrofulous humors and ulcers so fatal therein, then procure a perfect cleansing of the stomach and bowels, a companion to the extract, and continue to use the salve as above, also rub it well over the loins and abdomen for some time, and the natural belts that support the bowels will be contracted and made strong, and your life will be saved. If properly applied, every case will be cured. It never fails.

mh6.

Dr. Fitch's Opinion of my Braces.

Dr. George H. Keyser—Dear Sir: In reply to yours of the 12th inst., requesting my opinion of your Shoulder Braces, I would say that I consider it one of the best ever devised, and would add that I have myself been long in the habit of employing a somewhat similar Brace with the greatest advantage in cases of contraction of the chest by stooping, whether from habit, occupation or debility, and now use it when I see weakness or irritation about the lungs, and more or less predisposition to consumption—with the philosophy of its effects in these cases, you are of course acquainted. In some forms of heart disease, or palpitation of that organ, I have also found the Shoulder Brace of advantage. I do not hesitate to recommend your Brace in all cases where a Brace is required, as one of the most easy and efficient yet in use.

Very truly yours, CALVIN M. FITCH.

Sold wholesale and retail at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.: also, a complete assortment of Dr Itch's medicines constantly for sale. mh8-d&w.

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cure *every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula to a common Pimple.*

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificate, of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of blotches on the face.

One to three bottles will clear the system of blues.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth or stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the blood.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start There are no ifs nor ands, buts or ba's about it suiting some cases and not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know its effects it have been in expectation of such a result for some time. The enormous flow of emigrants into the cities and towns along the Atlantic for the last few years could not but have a disastrous effect upon local circumstances. At all events, we need not anticipate during the coming season such a drain from our shores as has depopulated, in a great measure, many of the best districts in the west of Ireland. The fact is, that many individuals who, fortunately, were enabled to do so, have returned, and we understand that many others will follow their example."

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Important to Persons afflicted with Hernia, or Rupture of the Bowels, and the danger of Strangulation by neglecting it.

The right course for anyone to pursue who may be afflicted with Rupture, is to procure a good Truss well adapted to the ruptured parts, in order to retain the protruding portion of the bowels. This is often neglected, and the bowel becomes strangulated, leaving the patient not only in a suffering but dangerous condition. I have always on hand, and daily adapt, the most improved Trusses, among which is *MARSH'S RADICAL CURE TRUSS*, which will really produce a radical cure in a short time. Of course there are cases when no Truss will cure, but in a vast majority of reducable Hernia, or Rupture, this Truss will cure. I have *every* variety of Trusses, from 50 cts. to $20; also, a large assortment of *CHILDRENS' TRUSSES, ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, ELASTIC STOCKINGS*, for various broken or enlarged veins; *FILE PROPS*, for the relief and cure of Piles *SHOULDER BRACES*, for men, women and children *SUSPENSORY BANDAGES*, and every variety of mechanical appliance used in the cure of disease. Call and examine them at my Drug Store, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley; sign of the Golden Mortar.

H. R.—I have also an elegant truss for children, which invariably cures.

☞Ask for Dr. Keyser at his Wholesale Drug Store and Truss Depot, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. 8d14aw8

Balm of a Thousand Flowers, for beautifying the Complexion, and eradicating all Tan, Pimples and Freckles from the face. Sold at Dr. Keyser's, 140 Wood street. 8d14aw8

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.'S TRUE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL, Carefully prepared from none but fresh and healthy Livers, under the personal supervision of their agent at the Fisheries.

J. C. B. & CO. take great pleasure in offering their brand of Oil, which, on account of its superior mode of preparation, freshness and purity, can be taken without disrelish by the most delicate.

It is unnecessary to advert to the peculiar efficacy of this very valuable and scientific remedy. Its success in the cure of Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, and Lung Diseases, when skillfully applied and persevered in, is no longer a matter of conjecture; it is now acknowledged to possess healing virtues almost incomparable to any other specific. Sold in bottles, wholesale and retail, by the manufacturers,

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
No. 100 North Third st., Philadelphia,
And by Druggists in Pittsburgh and elsewhere.
fe8-lmd&w1

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CORNER OF FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STREETS.
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Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1854.—fe

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