PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 6, 1855.

To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Room or Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday.

Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed in advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or early contracts are made. sep1ddw

Mr. H. P. MUELLER, late editor of the *Staats Zeitung*, and now connected with the Pittsburger Courier, is authorized to solicit subscriptions and advertisements for the Pittsburgh Gazette, according to our published terms. Pittsburgh, March 1, 1855.

Reading Matter on each page of this paper

THE DOINGS AT WASHINGTON.—The Congress which expired on the 4th instant, however barren it may have been in its first session, accomplished some very important legislation before its close. Among the leading measures matured by it we may enumerate the following:

The bill for the Reorganization of the Navy, the creation of a Retired List, the Texas Creditors' bill, the bill creating the rank of Lieutenant General, the bill increasing the army, the incorporation of a company to construct a Telegraph from the Mississippi to the Pacific ocean, the Bounty Land bill, the Diplomatic and Consular bill, the new Postage bill, the bill establishing a Board of Claims, and the Shipwreck bill. The French Spoliation bill and the Collins' Line appropriation were also important measures, but were defeated by the President's veto.

The Bounty Land Bill in favor of the Soldiers of the War of 1812, and of all who served in any of the wars of the United States since 1790, provides that each shall be given 160 acres of land, and it extends also to widows of revolutionary soldiers. Those who have already received 40 or 80 acres, will now be entitled, the first to 120, and the last to 80 more. The amendments adopted by the House, after it passed the Senate, materially changed its character. The estimate of the amount of land required by the Senate bill, as communicated in an official report of the Commissioner of the Land Office, was over 200,000,000 of acres. That quantity is reduced by the operation of the House amendment to one-tenth, or 20,000,000 acres. It includes only the surviving soldiers of the war from 1790 to this time, their widows, and children who are now minors. This description embraces a comparatively small number of persons. The vast majority of the soldiers are dead, their widows have followed them, and their children are advanced in life. The bill requires the holders of warrants granted under the act to pay the fee of the Registers for its location, which is about a dollar and a half.

The Diplomatic and Consular Bill makes various alterations in our diplomatic system, and while it increases the salaries of our Ministers and Consuls, takes away the outfit, and does not make the cost much larger in the aggregate.

The new Postage Bill provides that for letters going less than 3,000 miles the postage shall be *three cents*, and over that distance it shall be *five cents*, except where the postal treaties with other countries shall prevent. It further provides that, after the 1st of January, 1856, all the letters shall be *pre-paid*, and that done with stamps; also, that letters containing money can be registered, so as to show that they have been sent, but in no instance to make the Department responsible for them.

The Shipwreck Bill is intended to increase the facilities of rescue in case of wreck or danger along the Atlantic Coast. This was one of the earliest acts of the session, and is now a law.

The best act of the session is the one establishing a Board for passing upon Private Claims against the government. This is a measure long called for by the public necessities. It removes from Congress a very burdensome impediment in the way of public business, gives suitors a much better chance with their claims, and uproots a very fruitful source of corruption.

— FAYETTE COUNTY, PA.
March 2nd, 1855.

EDITORS PITTSBURGH GAZETTE:—*Gentlemen.*—In your paper of the 28th ult., you intimate that the vote in the House of Representatives at Harrisburgh passing the "*Redstone* county project," was procured by *Cameron* influence. As Mr. *Page*, the only member of the House from this county and who resides near the proposed county seat of Redstone, is supposed to have this Bill in charge, your insinuation is calculated to do him great injustice. Besides being a highly upright and honorable man, it is well known that he has been throughout one of the most open and unwavering opponents of Cameron in the Legislature as his *recorded votes* will show. Moreover, Capt. Page was one of the "bolters" from the packed caucus. He is above all such influences and if the bill in question needed any influences beyond its own merits, they exist only in the high character of legislative popularity of the Captain, who stands as high in his present position as when he commanded the Steamer "New England." Please do him justice if he is a K. N. Yours,

We are not conscious of having done Mr. Page any injustice. In watching the proceedings of the Legislature we have not observed that his name was in any way coupled with the "Redstone" project. On the day of its passage in the House it was most certainly in charge of and piloted through by Mr. Krepps, of Washington county; and if, as our friend says, Mr. Page "is supposed to have this bill in charge," the supposition, we must say, was never by any means patent to us. We give Mr. Page full credit for his resistance to the Cameron movement, and assure him and his friends that our remarks about the new county had no allusion to him whatever.

BARNUM ABROAD.—The prince of humbugs does not fare well with the press abroad. Blackwood's Magazine cuts him up amazingly, as witness the paragraphs which follow, and which are a fair specimen of the whole:

"Seriously, we have not read for a long time, a more trashy or offensive book than this; and we should not have considered it worthy of the least notice had we merely looked to the intrinsic merits of its contents. But it is worth noticing as a satire upon all of us; and we hope it may have the effect—very different from what its author intended—of opening the eyes of the public, for some little time at least, to the shameless exhibitions which have become matter of regular trade and speculation.

"If we could enter, with anything like a feeling of zest, into the relations of this excessively shameless book, we should be inclined to treat the publication as the most daring hoax which the author has yet perpetrated upon the public. But it has inspired us with nothing but sensations of disgust for the frauds which it narrates, amazement at its audacity, loathing for its hypocrisy, abhorrence for the moral obliquity which it betrays, and sincere pity for the wretched man who compiled it. He has left nothing for his worst enemy to do; for he has fairly gibbeted himself. No unclean bird of prey, nailed ignominiously to the door of a barn, can present a more humiliating spectacle than this Phineas Taylor Barnum, as he appears in his Autobiography."

One of the first acts of the War-office under its new head (Lord Panmure) is augmenting the Crimean army. All the regiments are to have their strength raised to 2,000, with twelve companies of rank and file in the field, and four companies in the depot at Malta or the Ionian Islands. Several companies of the Dragoon Guards, the Hussars, and the Lancers, are to be raised to the extent of seventy five men per troop. The Sappers and Miners are to be increased 500 men, and other augmentations will be speedily carried out. The British Indian army is also to be laid under contribution for soldiers. The 10th Hussars are now on their way to the Crimea, and other draughts from India have received orders to move toward Southern Russia.

The following chief appointments have been made for the Baltic fleet:

Rear Admiral the Hon. Richard Saunders Dundas, C. B., second naval Lord of the Admiralty, to be Commander-in-Chief.

Rear Admiral Seymour, Captain of the fleet last year, to be second in command.

Rear Admiral Baynes, C. B., just promoted to his flag to be third in command.

The Hon. L. J. Pelham, Captain of the Fleet.

Admiral Berkeley, at the earnest desire of the Cabinet, continues as chief naval Lord of the Admiralty.

PAPAL INTERFERENCE.—Mr. Chandler, in his speech before Congress, took it upon himself to say that "The Pope does not interfere in countries outside of his kingdom, and will not seek to make or unmake the policies of foreign governments." An emphatic contradiction of this comes to us across the water from the mouth of the venerable Pope himself. Surely we shall not be esteemed strange for taking the Pope as a better interpreter of Catholicism than Mr. Chandler.

The Pope *does* interfere in countries outside of his kingdom. He *has* interfered. In Sardinia. The Government of Sardinia has undertaken to regulate Church property in that Kingdom, in a manner not well-pleasing to the clergy of the Catholic Church; and thereupon the Pope deems it his duty to interpose his pontifical authority and declare the regulations of the government "worthless and invalid." Hear the head of the Church, as he thus talks to his "venerable brethren" at Rome:

"Venerable brethren:—You must assuredly remember with what grief we have often deplored with you, and in this very place, the grave damage done to the Catholic Church, for a number of years past in the Subalpine Kingdom. We have omitted nothing that could be suggested by our solicitude, zeal and longanimity, to remedy these great evils, but all our efforts have been in vain, as neither the reiterated complaints which we caused the Cardinal to make, acting as our Plenipotentiary, nor the private letters which we have ourselves addressed to our dear Son in Jesus Christ, the illustrious King of Sardinia, have obtained any result. Every one is aware of the numerous facts and decrees by which that Government has aroused the indignation of every well-disposed heart, by trampling under foot the conventions contracted with this Apostolical See, and by persecuting every day, more and more, both the sacred ministers of religion, and the bishops and the religious houses, by usurping the property of the Church, and showing contempt for the authority of the Holy See, and by directing against both of them the most signal insults. And, last of all, as you are aware, there has been proposed in that country a bill directly contrary to natural and divine right, opposed in the highest degree to the well-being of human society, and favoring in every possible manner, the pernicious errors of socialism and communism. By that bill it is proposed to destroy almost totally, all monastic and religious associations of both sexes, the collegiate churches and simple benefices—even those dependant on private patronage, and to deliver over their property and revenues to the administration of the civil power. The same bill also attributes to the lay-authority the power of prescribing the conditions which such associations as are not destroyed are to be subjected to. Words fail us to express our grief at such criminal and almost incredible acts against the Church and against the inviolable supremacy of the Holy See in that kingdom where there are so great a number of fervent Catholics, and where formerly, and in particular among the Sovereigns, such examples were to be found of piety, religion, and respect for the chair of St. Peter. But the evil having arrived at the point that it is not sufficient to merely deplore the injury done to the Church, and that we *are bound to do everything in our power to put an end to this state of things, we again raise our voice with an apostolic liberty in this solemn assembly, and we reprove and condemn not only all the decrees already issued by that Government to the detriment of the rights and authority of religion, of the Church, and of the Holy See, but likewise the bill lately proposed, and we declare all these acts to be entirely worthless and invalid.* Furthermore, we warn in the most solemn manner not only these persons by whose orders such decrees have been published, but also those others who may not fear to sanction, favor or approve in any manner whatever the bill recently proposed—we warn them, we say, to consider in time what penalties and censures the apostolic constitutions and the canons of the Holy Councils, and in particular the canons of the Council of Trent have established against the plunderers and profaners of holy things—against the violators of the liberty of the Church and of the Holy See, and against the usurpers of their rights. May it come to pass that the authors of such great evils may be touched by our words and warnings, and may at length determine to cease their audacious attacks against the liberties of the Church, and save us the great affliction of turning against them the arms which have been divinely intrusted to our holy ministry. In order that the Catholic world may know what we have done to protect in the Subalpine kingdom the cause of the Church, we have had a statement of the whole matter printed, and have ordered a copy to be presented to each of you. Before terminating, we cannot avoid, Venerable Brethren, paying a just tribute of praise to the Archbishops and Bishops of the Subalpine kingdom for the admirable manner in which they have always stood, like a wall, firm in defence of the House of Israel, and upheld by word and writing, the cause of God and of the Holy Church. And we also congratulate, from the bottom of our heart, all the distinguished laics who, in that kingdom, have shown their attachment to us and to this Holy See, by defending, openly, the Sacred rights of the Church. As to you, Venerable Brethren, who have been called on to share in our Solicitude, we request you to join us in our prayers to God that, with the support of the Immaculate Virgin Mary, we may see our efforts crowned with success, and behold those persons who are wandering from the path of truth and justice brought back to the Holy Church."

On this subject and in this connection we cannot do better than subjoin the remarks drawn from the *N. Y. Tribune* by the above remarkable document:

"His Holiness pretends to upset established laws, and denies to a nation the right to legislate for itself, dealing out its lessons in language as feeble as unctuous. The Papacy here once more appears unchanged, however events may be thought to have modified it. The Allocution still breathes the same overbearing and arrogant spirit, as marked a Hildebrand, an Innocent or a Sixtus. It extols the opposition of the Bishops to the laws of the land, and to the administrative measures of the Government. Nay more, it praises and animates the resistance to the laws of a province and in particular among the recreants—that is, the Government, with its head the King, the Legislature, and the immense majority of the people—with "turning against them the arms which have been divinely intrusted to his holy ministry." These arms, this *ultima ratio*, are nothing less than thundering from the Vatican the anathemas, and hurling at their guilty heads the lightning of ex-communication.

"These proceedings against Piedmont form a singular parallel to certain recent events in our own country. A few years ago, the Roman Catholic Bishops of th United States, in Synod assembled, decreed that church property should henceforth be invested in the persons of the respective Bishops—a decision in direct conflict with the spirit of our laws regulating every kind of property. Certainly, in none of the most Catholic countries of Europe would the Bishops have presumed to publish such a synodal decree. Nowhere else would the civil authority have allowed them to take measures thus recalling the most arrogant epochs of clerical domination. Even in the pending cases in Piedmont and Spain—though the struggle is for life or death on their part, being for absolutely uncontrolled power—the bishops would not dare to congregate in such a synod, to promulgate their resolutions under the form of laws obligatory on their congregations. The thunderbolt suspended in menace over the Piedmontese nation recalls that not long ago leveled at the St. Louis Church of Buffalo, for presuming to maintain the ancient usage of the Church and to keep their property out of the Bishop's possession. It is a striking fact that this conflict between clergy and people should be thus universal in the Catholic world, and that the point at issue should not be a question of doctrine, but only the possession of those worldly goods which the true believer ought not to covet or esteem."

Of the effect of the Pope's warning upon the people of Sardinia, a correspondent of the *London Times* thus writes from Turin under date of February 8th:

"The Pope's *monitorio* has not yet obtained so much notice as it deserves, which is chiefly to be accounted for by the preoccupation of the public mind on other matters. The King, however, is said to feel acutely the want of consideration toward himself in publishing such a document in his kingdom at the moment when he was oppressed by heavy domestic afflictions; and the Government has given instructions to all magistrates and law officers of the Crown that they are to take notice of the reading from the pulpit or preaching on the *monitorio*, as bringing priests within the meaning of the act passed last session for the modification of the penal code, whereby "Ministers of religion who, in the exercise of their ministry, pronounce in a public assembly a discourse containing censure of "the institutions and the laws of the State, shall "be punished with imprisonment of from three "months to two years." The first day after the publication of the *monitorio* people were only inclined to laugh at it, but they are now beginning to treat it more seriously, and the result will probably be a vast amount of petitions from all parts of the country in favor of the Convent Suppression bill, if they do not even go further. Some papers already speculate on the possibility of his Holiness pronouncing an interdict, and set forth what the duty of the Government would be in such a case, in resisting the foreign pressure. The effect of shutting up churches and withholding religious rites has generally resulted, in Italy, in accustoming the people to do without them altogether, as was the case in Ferrara some years past; but in this country there is, happily, a better alternative at hand than abstaining from religious worship. There is within the nation a body of Christians who have long suffered persecution from those who are now threatened with castigation themselves. Their churches are even now constantly filled with those who nominally belong to a different sect, and therefore it may easily be imagined what would be the result on a population strictly devout, though without much respect for their clergy, if they found themselves suddenly, deprived of one system of Christianity with another more comprehensive close at hand. The whole of the documents relative to recent diplomatic transactions between Piedmont and Rome are in course of publication here, and will tell a different tale, it is asserted by those who have had access to them, from the mangled correspondence published at Rome on the same subject."

KANZAS.—We find in the *Kanzas Free State* returns of the census of that territory taken by the Governor, as far as heard from. The returns embrace only the First, Fourth, Ninth and Tenth Districts. In these the population amounts to 1376, of whom 886 are males and 490 females. The voters number 507. Missouri furnishes a larger proportion of the population than any other State. Of the voters, 126 are from Missouri, 29 from other slave States, 57 from Massachusetts, 37 from Pennsylvania, and 255 from other free States. The other districts will largely increase these figures.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. McLane's Vermifuge.—During a practice of more than twenty years, Dr. McLane had attended innumerable patients afflicted with every form of worm disease, and was induced to apply all the energies of his mind to the discovery of a vermifuge, or worm destroyer, certain in its effects; the result of his labors is the American Worm Specific, now before the public, which is perfectly safe, and may be given alike to children of the most tender age, or to the aged adult; it purges mildly and subdues fever, and destroys worms with invariable success. It is easy of administration, and as it does not contain mercury in any form whatever, no restrictions are necessary with regard to drinking cold water, nor is it capable of doing the least injury to the tenderest infant.—An incredible number of worms have been expelled by this vermifuge.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and from the sole proprietors,

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,
Wood and Smithfield sts. Pittsburgh.

mh2-d&w8 Successors to J. Kidd & Co., Wood street.

Piles neglected, often prove fatal, leads to consumption; anoint the part three times a day with DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR. If secretion form in the rectum then insert the "Pile Syringe" filled with Extractor, and gradually discharge it as the syringe is withdrawn. It never fails to cure cases of any age of virulence, nor to give entire ease instantly to all, frequently curing by one application.

Piles are known by the heat, itching, and pain of the anus. Bleeding piles are caused, sometimes, by the falling of the whole bowels which then press the intestinal canal tight against the back, bones and keep the blood from returning up the vessels, similar to the blood being kept at the top of your fingers when a string is tied tight round it; such is frequent, and for scrofulous humors and tumors it has been thereto, then procure a perfect abdominal supporter, and wear a compress to the rectum, and continue to use the salve as above, also rub it well over the loins and abdomen for some time, and the natural belts that support the bowels will be contracted and pile tumors, and your life will be saved. If properly applied, every case will be cured. It never fails. mh6.

WESTERN TEA STORE,
Corner of Wood and Sixth sts.

Our Teas will be found on trial unequaled at the prices in the city:

RETAIL PRICES.	
Blacks.	*Greens.*
Oolong, 40, 50, 62, 75, 1,00 and 1,25 per lb.	Young Hyson, 50, 62, 75, and 1,00 per lb.
Eng Breakfast, 50 and 75 cts. per lb.	Imperial & G. P., 75, 1,00 & 1,50 per lb.

Teas put up in caddy boxes from 5 to 20 lbs. for family use. A liberal discount made to retail dealers.

Java, La Guayra, and Rio Coffee, Green and Roasted.

Lovering's and Bachelor's Loaf, Pulverized and Crushed Sugars.

ALSO,

Chocolates, Spices, Pickles, Fresh and Dried Fruits, &c., &c.

mh6 W. A. McCLURG.

Dr. Fitch's Opinion of my Braces.

DR. GEORGE H. KEYSER—Dear Sir: In reply to yours of the 13th inst., requesting my opinion of your Shoulder Braces, I would say that I consider it one of the best ever devised, and would add that I have myself been long in the habit of using them, and have found but twelve miles of land transportation over a good macadamized road, in first class carriages, with the steamships QUEEN OF THE WEST, COAL SAM, OHIO, PACIFIC, and BROTHER JONATHAN, one of which will leave San Juan del Sur, the Pacific terminus of the Transit Route, where the Pacific Steamships receive the Passengers as the Company's wharf immediately on their arrival, and proceed at once to San Francisco. An experienced Surgeon is attached to each ship. For information, or passage, address, or apply to

CHARLES MORGAN, Agent,
2 Bowling Green, N. Y.

N. B.—Commencing on the 20 of April, the days of leaving New York will be changed to the 5th and 20th of each month. mh10-tsep5

DISSOLUTION—The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of EATON, SHEA & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

F. EATON,
JOHN SHEA,
GEO. B. HAYS,
JOSEPH HORNE.

Feb. 27th, 1855.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership for the purpose of continuing the manufacture of Buckets and Tubs, at the Lawrence Bucket Factory, under the firm of EATON, BAILY & CO., by whom the business of Eaton, Shea & Co. will be settled.

F. EATON,
JAMES M. BAILEY,
JOSEPH HORNE,
M. H. HAYS.

Having disposed of our interest in the Lawrence Bucket and Tub Factory, to Eaton, Bailey & Co., we cheerfully recommend the new firm to the patronage of our friends and the public.

JOHN SHEA,
GEO. B. HAYS.

CITIZENS' DEPOSIT BANK,
Pittsburgh, 5th March, 1855.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend at the rate of Four per cent. on the Capital Stock paid in, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable on and after the 16th inst.

S. L. JONES, Cashier.

mh6-d15

DRESS GOODS—Fancy and black Silks, French chintzes, Mous de Laines, Lawns, Brilliantes, Bareges and Tissues, just rec'd at HAGAN & AHLS, No. 91 Market st. mh6

SHALERSVILLE PROPERTY for SALE, consisting of 2 Lots of ground, having a front on Main street of 120 feet, and extending 175 feet to Water street, on which are two Frame Dwellings, which rent for $150, all under lease, a good stable, out houses, &c.—Price $1,500. Apply to R. McLAIN & SON, 21 6th st. mh6

FOR RENT—A small two story Brick House on Center Avenue, (Minerville Road,) enquire of JOHN WILSON, 258 Liberty st. mh6

FOR RENT—A very desirable Dwelling House on Penn st. The house is in first rate order, having been recently fitted up, papered, painted and varnished. Enquire of JOHN WILSON, 258 Liberty st. mh6

AUSTRIAN EMBROIDERIES; a beautiful assortment of Chemisettes, Collars, Sleeves, &c. just rec'd at HAGAN & AHLS, 91 Market st.

Horticultural Notice.

THE Pittsburgh Horticultural Society will hold their regular Monthly Meeting on WEDNESDAY next, the 7th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., in the office of Jas. Marshall, Fifth st.

A. M. STEVENSON, Secretary.

mh6-2td

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned on the Estate of Wm. Forquer, late of Allegheny county, dec'd, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. mh6-6tw3d W. B. DUFF, Executor.

BOUNTY LANDS, for the Soldiers, Chapmen and Pioneers, or Volunteers engaged in any of the United States' Wars, through heirs or widows, are, by a late law, entitled to a bounty. Those who furnish the proofs of claims will be promptly attended to. Information given gratis.

H. McALLISTER, Bounty Land and Pension Agt., 75 4th st.

NEW WALL PAPERS at the Paper Room of S. Sadler, Federal st., Allegheny, purchased for the early Spring sales: A choice assortment of Room and Hall Paper Hangings, cheap; Wall Paper in great variety, Borders, Ceiling, Tester and Curtain Papers, Transparent and Oilcloth Shades, at prices lower than a competition can be found. Patronage heretofore received. Competent Paper Hangers recommended.

THE FARMERS' FIELD COMPANION—Manures, their composition, preparation and application to the soil, with the best modes of applying a fertilizer; a companion for the farmer, from the French of standard works, by Campbell Morfit, for sale by

H. S. BOSWORTH & Co., 82 Market st.

LANDSCAPE GARDENING & RURAL ARCHITECTURE—Repton on Landscape Gardening, edited by Loudon.

Downing's Gardening and Rural Architecture;
" Cottage Residences and Cottage Grounds;
" Country Houses. Wheaton's Rural Home;
Rural Essays. For sale by

H. S. BOSWORTH & Co., 82 Market st.

NEW HERRING—50 bbls. dry salt and 30 do pickled, just rec'd and for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

MACKEREL—100 bbls. No. 3 large; 50 half bbls. No. 3 large; 50 bbls. medium; 50 bbls. small, in store and for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

LAKE FISH—50 bbls. Trout; 50 half bbls. Trout; 40 bbls. White Fish; do do White Fish, just rec'd and for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

BEANS—200 bus. prime white to arrive and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

POTASH—3 casks in store and for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

MOLASSES—30 bbls. N. O. fonk bbls. in store and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

LINSEED OIL—25 bbls. in store and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

CLOVER SEED—50 bbs. just rec'd and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

OILS—30 bbls. bleached Whale in store and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

PEARLASH—30 casks in store and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

ALPACCAS—100 pcs. Black Alpaccas just rec'd at A. A. MASON & CO'S, 25, 5th st.

FINE FRENCH CHINTZES—Some fine styles new French Chintzes just rec'd at A. A. MASON & CO'S, 25, 5th st.

EMBROIDERIES—A. Mason & Co., No. 52, 5th st., have just rec'd a large variety of Ladies' Linen Hdkfs., plain and embroidered, &c., &c. mh6

JOSEPH WHITE'S CARRIAGE REPOSITORY!

JOSEPH WHITE now carrying on business in his spacious premises, (now lately enlarged,) between Pittsburgh and Allegheny, near the Two Mile Run, respectfully invites the public to inspect his stock of CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c. And he particularly informs gentlemen *purchasers*, that one price on y is made. Fourteen years experience in the business, enables him to place before his patrons the same choice collection of Carriages, which so many years past it has been his particular department to select from the various and most talented Eastern Manufacturers. The success of his new system is complete, the economy of his arrangements will supply the best and most fashionable Manufactures at moderate prices.

Unencumbered by those heavy expenses, which the *mania* for decorating Houses of business has heaped upon the price of Goods, (owing to large rents,) Joseph White will sell on ready money only, at much less than the usual profits.

N. B.—*Carriages repaired in the best manner, with dispatch.* mh6

"The whole press of Philadelphia are out in favor of Hoofland's German Bitters, as they are prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson. We are glad to record the success of this valuable remedy for dyspepsia, as we believe it supplies a desideratum in the medical world long needed. The wretched imitators and counterfeiters have withdrawn their nostrums from the market, and the public are spared from the danger of swallowing poison on mixtures in lieu of the real Bitters."—*Herald.*

Get advertisement. fd-2wdawT

HAZARD POWDER AGENCY.

All Varieties of Powder
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
ALSO,
Safety Fuse.

L. G. GRAFF, Agent, 132 2d st., Pittsburgh.

Ease and Comfort.—The Conformator lately imported from Paris, exactly suits the feet to the peculiar shape of the Head, as a new hat is as easy on the head as a mold one. A neat fit and a good Hat may be had at 77 Wood st. W. DOUGLAS.

M'Clintock's Family Medicines.—We all the attention of heads of families and others, to the advertisement on the fourth page of these valuable Family Medicines.

Agency of Dr. Fitch's Celebrated Medicines, at Dr. G. H. KEYSER'S Drug Store, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin Alley.

Cherry Pulmonic, Pulmonary Balsam, Pectoral Expectorant, Pulmonary Liniment, Depurative Syrup, Heart Corrector, Humor Corrector, pure and medicinal Cod Liver Oil, Anti-Dyspeptic Mixture, Cough and Cathartic Pills, Nervine, Vermifuge, Female Pills, Female Specific, &c. &c., used by him constantly and with unprecedented success in the treatment of

Colds, Coughs, Consumption, Asthma, Heart, Disease, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, Piles, etc., etc. Dr. Fitch's unequalled Patent Silver Plated Abdominal Supporters.

Dr. Fitch's Improved Steel Spring Shoulder Brace. Dr. Fitch's Silver Inhaling Tube.

Also, all kinds of Proprietary Medicines, Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces. Remember the place, Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, sign of the Golden Mortar.

feb-d&w3

Directions in full for Burns and Scalds.

In all cases one application of Dalley's Pain Extractor will take out the fire and pain, *in five minutes only*, if dressed at once, no water blister will rise, or sore or inflammation be formed. Those who wish to prevent scars when sore, must not send the case at this stage, but continue to lay on plasters, syringe on lines twice a day, when, even if the whole flesh be burned out to the bone, its creative properties will restore it so completely that the injury never can be seen.

The discharges of sores at first will be profuse, but decrease as the flesh is renewed.

Every prudent man will ever have it on hand. Life often depends on its presence.

SMALL POX PURIFIER.

Marks can be prevented, if, as soon as they are ripe and full, are anointed with Dalley's Pain Extractor and kept so, the virulence of the poison will be harmless; hundreds have proved it, and a doctor in the city of New York is being malignantly attacked, anointed every other part but one half of his face; he is a living evidence of its matchless virtues. The half of his face unanointed is pox marked, the other part, and wherever the salve was put is as clear as a child's.

For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

And by all Druggists throughout the United States. fe21-2w-d&wT

JOHN FLEMING.....L. WILCOX, JR.....COCHRAN FLEMING

FLEMING BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NO. 60 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, Liver pills, &c

HENRY H. COLLINS,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,
And Produce Generally,
No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

PHILADELPHIA
Fire and Life Insurance Company,
No. 149 CHESTNUT STREET,
OPPOSITE THE CUSTOM HOUSE.
Will make all kinds of Insurance, either Perpetual or Limited, on every description of Property or Merchandise, at reasonable rates of premium.

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de21-1yrs

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wro't Iron Tubing
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For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses Jail Hotels or Dwellings. No. 25 Market st., Pittsburgh.

Consumption and Spitting Blood—See the certificate of Mr. Turner H. Ramsey, for many years proprietor of the Farmers' Hotel, Fredericksburg, Va., and of the City Hotel, Richmond, Va.

Dr. John Mings, of the city of Richmond, though a regular physician, and of course opposed to what he called quack medicines, was obliged to say that its good effects in the case of Mr. Ramsey, were wonderful indeed.

He had been given up by several physicians; had tried most of the quack medicines, and was on the verge of death, as well as the grave, when he tried Carter's Spanish Mixture.

We refer the public to his full and lengthy certificate around the bottle, stating his cure. See advertisement.

fe23-1 mdawT

The best Evidence that can be adduced in favor of the efficaciousness of Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, is the unprecedented demand for them from all parts of the Union; and although there may be many compounds prepared and represented as being worthy of a liberal patronage, yet we feel constrained to remark, that the vast number of testimonials with which the worthy doctor has been honored, by persons of the highest character and respectability, who found it necessary to have recourse to his preparation, is testimony sufficiently conclusive, that a more certain remedy for the almost immediate relief of those afflicted with that direful malady, dyspepsia, has never been discovered. See advertisement.

Citizen's Insurance Comp'y of Pittsburgh

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OFFICE, 84 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND I. WOOD STREETS.

INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS AND TRIBUTARIES.

May Insure against Loss or Damage by Fire. ALSO against Perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.

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LADIES' FANCY FURS.
M'CORD & CO.,
CORNER WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.

ARE NOW OPENING THEIR LARGE stock of FANCY FURS, embracing every variety of

SABLE,
MARTIN,
FITCH,
SQUIRREL,
LYNX,
CONEY,
SWANS DOWN.

TALMAR, VICTORINES, MUFFS, MUFFS, &c., to which they invite the attention of the Ladies.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1854.

New Daguerrian Gallery.

MR. NELSON would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that in order to meet the daily increasing demand for his Daguerreotypes, he has had built and has now completed (over the Old Post Office, Third street,) one of the most spacious and magnificent Sky Light Galleries ever constructed for Daguerreotype purposes, in the United States. We are now prepared to execute likenesses of all sizes and styles, in any weather, from 8 o'clock A. M. till 4 o'clock P. M. A visit from all is solicited, whether they wish for Likenesses or not. Rooms, Old Post Office Building, Third street. de7-dAw

Important to Persons afflicted with Hernia, or Rupture of the Bowels, and the danger of Strangulation by neglecting it.

The right course for anyone to pursue who may be afflicted with Rupture, is to procure a good Truss well adapted to the ruptured parts, in order to retain the protruding portion of the bowels. This is often neglected, and the bowels become strangulated, leaving the patient in a condition of suffering but one dangerous condition. I have always on hand, and daily adapt, the most improved Trusses, among which is *MARSH'S RADICAL CURE TRUSS*, which will really produce a radical cure in a short time. Of course there are some cases of rupture that will cure, but in a vast majority of reducable Hernia, or Rupture, this Truss will cure. I have every variety of Trusses, from 50 cts. to $20; also, a large assortment of *CHILDRENS' TRUSSES, ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, ELASTIC STOCKINGS*, for various broken or enlarged veins; *PILE DROPS*, for the relief and cure of Piles; *SHOULDER BRACES*, for men, women and children; *SUSPENSORY BANDAGES*, and every variety of mechanical appliances for the cure of disease. Call and examine them at my Drug Store, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, sign of the Golden Mortar.

N. B.—I have also an elegant truss for children, which invariably cures.

Dr. G. H. KEYSER at his Wholesale Drug Store and Truss Depot, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. fe16dawS

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cure *every kind of Humor, from the worst scrofula to a common Pimple.*

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both humor, of course). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates, of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a running scrofula.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two to three bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start There are no ifs nor ands, hums or ha's about it cutting some cases and not young. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know its effects in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I gave it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to a perfect state of health by one bottle.

To those who are subject to a sick headache, one bottle will always cure it. It gives great relief to catarrh and dizziness. Some who have been costive for years, have taken and been regulated by it. Where the body is sound, it work quite easy, but where there is any derangement of the functions of nature, it will cause very singular sensings, but you must not be alarmed—they always disappear in from four days to a week. There is never a bad result from it. On the contrary, when that feeling is gone you will feel yourself like a new person. I heard some of the most extravagant encomiums of it that man ever listened to. No change of diet is ever necessary—eat the best you can get. I