PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 24, 1855.

The Senatorial Meeting.

SPEECHES—HON. D. L. SMITH ON THE STAND—EXCITEMENT—HISSES—GROANS—CHEERS—RESOLUTIONS.

About three hundred persons assembled in Washington Hall, Wood street, on Friday night, in accordance with a call for a City and County Convention, to take into consideration the subject of the election of United States Senator, now pending in our State Legislature; and with a view to the selection thereof of a candidate to whom the interests of the West may be the more safely confided.

B. C. Sawyer was called to the Chair, and Dr. Boisol appointed Secretary.

James Biddle, of the *American*, moved that B. T. C. Morgan be a Vice President. Col. John Small, William Alexander, and N. P. Sawyer, were also appointed Vice Presidents.

Mr. Alexander—I decline, Mr. President; I am a Cameron man.

J. B. Sweitzer stated the object of the meeting and moved that a committee of five be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting with regard to the pending Senatorial election. Carried.

It was moved that the house appoint the committee. The vote was taken.

C. O. Loomis—The noes have it.

Voice—That's not so.

Mr. Loomis thought the meeting shouldn't insult the chairman and moved that Mr. Sawyer appoint the committee.

After some indiscriminate jabbering, the vote was put, and the yeas and nays were about equal. The Chair decided that the yeas had it, and appointed J. B. Sweitzer, C. O. Loomis, C. J. Bigham, Alexander Nimick, and John Small, as the Committee.

It was announced that one of our representatives were present.

Loud cries for Smith! Smith! Hon. D. L. Smith! John Smith! Pete Smith! Dave Smith!

The Hon. D. L. Smith appeared, hopped upon the platform, and in a bland, affable and effeminate manner proceeded to "Spread Eagle."

He said he appeared here to give his constituency a true idea of the position of the Allegheny delegation on the Senatorial question. We went there as the representatives, not of the old defunct parties, but of the great and triumphant American party. (Applause.) My constituency, said Smith, has a right to demand of me my reasons for the course I have taken and the votes I have cast. I will give a faithful account of my stewardship—I do it freely and openly as a Native American. Representatives are bound to abide by the will of a caucus of their party—this the Allegheny delegation did! (Applause.) Doing that, we deny the right of any man who is not a member of the American party to call us to account for our course at Harrisburg.

Smith went on to detail the history of the K. N. Senatorial caucus at Harrisburgh. Notices of that caucus were posted up two days before the House convened. It met, a nomination was made and we abided by it. Cameron, who had come out from the oil parties and embraced the American doctrine, received 27 votes; Curtin, 11; Johnson, 10; Moorhead, 6; &c. There was no nomination. On the second ballot, Cameron increased one, &c. Here some members from the West demanded as a right that the caucus should nominate a Western man. The reply was—present us the right sort of a man and we will go for him. On the 3rd ballot, Johnson's and Moorhead's hopes were gone. Gov. Johnston owes his defeat to the opposition of James Cooper's friends and *vice versa*. Nearly the whole Whig wing of the caucus was concentrated on Curtin, an eastern man. Now, gentlemen, I represent the American party separately and distinctly.—But it is true that those of that party who were formerly Whigs have got almost all the offices gained by the votes of that party. I therefore demanded that a Democrat should have the nomination, as a matter of justice. It was evident that either Curtin or Cameron must be nominated; it was evident that if Curtin was nominated it would be a victory of that old, rotten and corrupt party, the Whig party. (Prolonged hisses, with some cheers.) On the 6th ballot, which was to decide whether the American party should be the resuscitated Whig party or the party representing the people on principle, I and my colleagues voted for Cameron, a democrat. We never would have voted for an eastern man if there had been any chance for a western man.

Voice—Was Kirkpatrick in the caucus?

Smith—He was.

Voice with a brogue—Misther Priseding, I moves the spasch be suspended! (Laughter and cries of "ei ou," "go on!")

Mr. Smith went on. On that 6th ballot Cameron had 46 votes; Curtin, 38; &c. in all 92. This was one vote more than there was voters. Mr. Smith commented at some length on the course of the "belters," with that peculiar force of logic so entirely characteristic of his speech.

As to Simon Cameron's moral character, sir, which has been so fiercely assailed—I went into the caucus prejudiced against him, but when I saw the men who were maligning him—David R. Porter, William Bigler, Postmaster General Campbell, John W. Forney—I felt that he was a pure man, and I defy any man to lay his finger on a single wrong act that Simon Cameron ever did.

Voice—Simon points down.

Smith continues—He has already been in the United States Senate.

Voice—My friend Bigham wants to know in what manner he was elected. Smith opens not his mouth.

Voice No. 2—You voted for Cameron—how do you reconcile that with your oath to vote for Johnston?

Smith—Nineteen out of twenty meetings (councils) held in Pittsburgh instructed me to vote for Cameron.

Voice No. 3—When did you join the N. A. party?

Smith—I voted the ticket in 1845.

Voice No. 4—That's a lie.

The hall now became a very Pandemonium—shouts, groans, cheers, hisses, cries of "no gag law," order, order, until the calm voice of the Hon. D. L. Smith was heard above the storm.—He went on to tell how Cameron supported the Tariff of '42; how he shook his fist under George M. Dallas' nose; what a strong Wilmot Proviso man he was; how he loved the West; and how completely perfect in all the attributes of greatness was Simon Cameron. "Was I right in voting for him?"

Some said, yes—some, no.

Mr. Sweitzer, as Chairman of the Committee, offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That it is essential to the people of a free government, that they be represented in the body that has power to make laws and control the appointment of great officers of the State; and that their representatives be as equal and direct as the nature of the case will reasonably admit of.

Resolved, That the State of Pennsylvania admits of a ready and material division of East and West, and being entitled to a representation of two members in the Senate of the United States, can only be fairly represented and the whole interests thereof duly and properly cared for by having a member in that body from each of such divisions.

Resolved, That as a United States Senator is to be elected at the present session of the Legislature, and the member holding over being from the Eastern division, the delegation of either House from Allegheny county be desired and instructed to vote for some one well-known and reliable man, of which we have many, who shall be a resident of the Western division and none other.

C. O. Loomis said he was pained to witness Smiths' efforts to excuse himself for his course. Simon Cameron never cast a vote in favor of the interests of Western Pennsylvania. (Applause.) Cameron's rule always has been to vote with an eye to No. 1. The records will show that he voted with Dallas on the tariff of '42. Our representatives knew we had men eminiently fit for the office, yet they deserted us—they misrepresented us.

Smith—I distinctly said I supported a Western man as long as there was hope. I voted on two ballots for Johnston. Gen. Larimer asked us to show that he was not altogether despised and forgotten at home, and Guy and I voted for him on a ballot or two. Of the two eastern men, we chose the best.

Mr. Loomis—Three members of the House, including the speaker, to my knowledge said that if the Western delegates would unite on a Western man, they would support him. Yet in view of this fact and the fact that the Allegheny delegation held the balance of power, they miserably deserted us! (Applause.)

Mr. Brady opposed the action of our delegates. He said he had little faith in Cameron's Americanism. Cameron beats everybody in making pledges. When he was running for Senator before, a friend suggested that Mr. So-and-so, whose vote he might get, was a stiff Presbyterian. "All right," says Cameron, "the Rev. Mr. —— will attend to him!"

"Well; there's Mr. ——, from Philadelphia, a staunch Roman Catholic."

"Very well, again," says Simon. "I'll set Father Meehan at him in the morning." (Laughter.)

Mr. Brady gave Smith some sharp digs. He did'nt like to hear the Whig party called rotten Mr. Smith should tarry at Jericho till his beard is grown before he uses such language. The West can furnish good men. We have them here in Pittsburgh. It is said, too, that Cameron repudiated the American party in September last.

Mr. Foster—Didn't Gov. Johnston do the same thing?

Mr. Brady—Don't Know.

J. Heron Foster asked if the meeting was called to give utterance merely to shrieks of locality? There are great principles at stake in this matter which must not be forgotten. He offered the following resolutions as a substitute for those offered by the Committee:

WHEREAS, The choice of a Senator to represent our State for six years in the councils of the nation, is a question in which every Pennsylvanian should feel a deep interest; and Whereas: it is proper that our representatives should be made aware of the views of their constituents upon the subject; therefore, be it

Resolved, That, in the opinion of this meeting, it is due to the people of Western Pennsylvania, and the great manufacturing and commercial interests of this section of the Commonwealth, that the Senator to be chosen on Tuesday next should be selected from West of the Allegheny mountains.

Resolved, That the man chosen for that station should be a statesman, and not a mere politician—that he should be a new man, fresh from ranks of the people—clad in American raiment, and not in the cast off garments of Whiggery or Democracy.

Resolved, That our representatives be earnestly requested to support no man for United States Senator who is not in favor of the following measures:

1. A total repeal of our naturalization laws, or an extension of the term to twenty-one years—with such guards as may be necessary to prevent the enormous frauds now continually perpetrated.

2. The repeal of all acts of Congress in any way sustaining or recognizing chattel slavery—and the prohibition of slavery in all territories over which Congress has jurisdiction in this respect.

3. The encouragement of domestic manufactures by such duties upon foreign articles as may be required to raise a sufficient revenue to sustain the government; and enable it to perform its duties to the people.

4. Liberal appropriations to the improvement of our rivers and harbors.

5. A total prohibition of the importation of the criminals and paupers which the Old World is now vomiting upon our shores.

Resolved, That we deem it inexpedient to recommend any one as *the* man to be supported by our representatives; but that we earnestly request them to unite with others, in the Hall of the House, in the selection of a man such as we have described, for the important station so soon to be filled.

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be signed by the officers and forwarded to our Senators and Representatives at Harrisburg.

Daniel Curry here got the floor and proceeded to pitch into Smith and the other delegates, right and left. He said in '52 and '53 D. L. Smith stood up and ridiculed him for being a Native American.

Smith—That's false!

Curry—I can prove it. And, moreover, last year this same Smith was a Whig candidate for Council, and was whipped, in the 3d Ward, Allegheny.

The lie passed between the two gentlemen and half the meeting rose to their feet. Curry attempted to speak but was hissed down. Volleys of groans and hisses continued for five minutes with cries of "order," "time," "no gag law," "put him out," &c.

Curry—Rome was saved by a goose that hissed; I trust in God this hissing will save Pennsylvania!

Voice—How are you on the goose question, Curry?

Mr. Curry then read a resolution instructing the delegates to vote for Thomas H. Baird.—Voted down.

After remarks by B. T. C. Morgan (non-committal) and T. J. Bigham (sustaining the delegation) the resolutions of Mr. Foster were unanimously carried, with the amendment that the word "new" be struck out of the second resolution. There was no vote taken on the original resolutions.

The meeting then adjourned. It was almost altogether composed of members of the American organizations. It was one of the noisiest and most disorderly we have witnessed for a long time.

FIRE.—We learn that the dwelling house of Mr. Young, at North Washington, Butler county, was destroyed by fire one day last week. The cause of the fire we did not learn. There was no insurance on the property.

Also, a house belonging to Mr. Miller, at Zelienople, was destroyed on Tuesday night last. The cause of the fire is not known, but it is supposed to have caught by accident. Mr. Miller's loss is supposed to be about $500, on which there is no insurance.

CITY PROPERTY AT SHERIFF'S SALE.—GOING, GOING.—Sheriff Magill will to-day offer for sale at the Court House all the fire engines and hose carriages owned by the city of Pittsburgh.—The execution is made on a judgment rendered against the city in favor of Mr. Graham in the sum of $500. The safe at the Mayor's Office is also to be sold.

What's the matter with the City Treasury?

A COLORED IMPOSTOR.—John Peck made complaint yesterday, at the Mayor's office, that a certain colored man, name unknown, is engaged in collecting monies from the charitable on the representation that he is a runaway slave and in destitute circumstances; he is an impostor; he is about five feet two inches high, heavy set and wears an old greasy brown coat and a glazed cap. The police are on the look-out for him.

DISTRICT COURT.—Before Judge Williams.

In the case of Adams vs. Kramer & Rahm, the Jury rendered a verdict for defendant.

William Youdon vs. Erastus Percival. Youdon was prosecuted for perjury some years since by Percival. The present action is to recover damages for malicious prosecution. Damages laid at $5,000. On trial.

THE young ladies of the Liberty st. M. E. Church will please accept this public acknowledgement, together with the warmest thanks of their pastor, for the handsome purse and its golden contents presented on Thursday evening the 22d inst. May Heaven's richest blessings be the abiding portion of the generous donors!

LECTURES TO YOUNG MEN.—The third lecture in the course to Young Men, on the relations subsisting between christianity and trade, by the Rev. Dr. Howard, will be delivered on Sabbath evening next, in the Second Presbyterian Church, Fifth Street, between Wood and Market, at half past 7 o'clock. Subject—"*The Trials and Dangers of Men of Business.*"

ACCIDENT.—A fireman, named John Martin, had his skull fractured at the fire on Smithfield street, on Wednesday night. The accident was caused by a brick which fell from the chimney of the burning building. The injured man was conveyed to the residence of his parents on Congress street, where he now lies in a precarious condition.

APPLICATIONS FOR DIVORCE.—Two applications for divorce were made yesterday. The first was made by Mary A. Riley, who was married in September, 1854, to William Riley. She alleges that she has been badly abused. The second case was that of Mary Jane Lowe against Thomas Lowe.

SELLING LIQUOR ON SUNDAY.—D. Dougherty, the keeper of a tavern on Webster street, had a hearing on Thursday, before Ald. Major, on a charge of selling liquor on the Sabbath day, on oath of Eliza Todd. After a full investigation of the case, he was fined the sum of $50 and costs.

SANDFORD'S OPERA TROUPE.—This popular troupe open at the City-Hall again on Monday, the 12th of March. Glad to hear it. Come on "Sam" we've seen you, once, and we want to see you more. Bring Dick, the dancer, and Cool, the joker, with you, and we'll warrant you good houses.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD acknowledge the receipt of the following contributions for the support of the Fourth street Soup House: From Archibald Stewart, Esq., Indiana county, $20; Thomas Bakewell, Esq., $10; Robert E. Davis, $4; Mr. Miller, $4; cash $5; for tickets $1,60.

THE suspension of the 7th street Soup House having caused an increased demand at the Fourth street house, an appeal is made to the charitable public to sustain it at least through the coming week. The additional relief afforded will be principally to widows and aged persons.

It people will act in accordance with the laws, if nobody will get killed, shot, stabbed or maimed, and if Theophilus Turnip will disappoint us, after a solemn promise to give us a half column article, our readers must excuse us for the lack of matter in the city department to-day.

HORSE KILLED.—A valuable horse owned by Mr. Myers, cabinet maker, ran off on Cliff street on Wednesday afternoon, and butting his head against a brick wall, he was injured so that he died in a few moments.

IMPORTANT CORRECTION.—In our report of the sale of stocks in yesterday's *Gazette* the compositor made an error in regard to the Pittsburgh Trust Company. The stock of that company sold at $56,12½, and not $52,12½, as we had it.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—The Rev. Bishop Simpson will preach in the South Common Methodist Episcopal Church, Allegheny City, to-morrow (Sunday) morning, at 10½ o'clock.

WE would call attention to the Administrator's sale of a valuable Law and Miscellaneous Library this evening at 7 o'clock at Davis' auction rooms.

BLUE VITRIOL—2000 lbs. for sale by
d24 R. M. SELLERS & CO.

100 LBS. RHUBARB in store and for sale by
ja26 FLEMING BROS

BUTTER—10 bbls. fresh Roll;
6 bbls. Peached solid; 19 kegs, packed solid, for

BY TELEGRAPH

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 23.

SENATE.—Yesterday's Proceedings Concluded. The Bill for the extension of credit on duties for Railroad Iron was further debated at much length and passed by a vote of 25 to 18.

The Bill for the settlement of the claims of officers of the Revolutionary Army, their widows and children was taken up and passed.

The Bill from the House making an appropriation for the purchase or construction of four revenue cutters was finally passed.

A communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the erection of public buildings in Cleveland, Ohio, for a Custom House, &c.

The bill relative to a collection district in Oregon was then taken up and discussed until the adjournment.

HOUSE.—Yesterday's Proceedings Concluded. Numerous amendments were offered to the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill and several of an unimportant character adopted and the Committee rose. The Committee on that subject reported a resolution appropriating $200,000 to the completion of the Washington National Monument, after which the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 23.

SENATE.—Mr. Brown moved that the House concurring, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House be directed to adjourn their respective branches of the National Legislature at 12 o'clock at midnight on Saturday the 3d of March. After debate agreed to yeas 28, nays 13.

HOUSE.—Among the many reports made from the standing committees was the bill amendatory of the act for the better security of lives and property in steam and other vessels; the bill establishing a Telegraph and Express mail between the Mississippi and the Pacific; a bill by Mr. Benton, imposing stamp duties on bank notes and paper currency of small denomination, which were referred to a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. Perkins of Louisiana, reported back from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, Mr. Soller's resolution calling on the President to inform the House, if not incompatible with the public interest, what was the object of the meeting or conference of American Ministers at Ostend, and whether said meeting was in obedience to instructions of the Secretary of State; what said instructions were, and what was the result of said meeting or conference?

After an ineffectual effort made by Mr. Chamberlain to lay on the table, the resolution passed.

Mr. Letcher from the committee to investigate the charge of bribery with reference to the Colt patent and other bills, made report and the committee was discharged.

The bill to carry into effect the treaty with Great Britain, providing for the payment of claims fixed by the recent commission was taken up and passed. The amount due by the United States to British subjects is $277,398 in gold, the amount due by Great Britain to American $329,000.

The House then in committee again took up the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill.

Mr. Edgerton moved an amendment repealing the duties paid on Railroad iron between June 1853 and 1856, and admitting dye woods and the finer and coarser wools duty free.

After considerable debate Mr. Letcher moved as a substitute Mr. Houston's (of Ala.) Bill, proposing reductions in use of above 20 per cent. which was agreed to by a vote of 99 to 86, and the amended amendment was adopted by a large vote.

The committee then rising, the more unimportant amendments were concurred in and the House adjourned.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 23.—The Know Nothing Convention is again being held here. The reported object is to nominate State officers.

The Santa Fe Mail arrived at Independence yesterday, bringing three passengers.

On the 25th Dec. a party of Apaches and Utahs massacred at Pueblo 14 men and 2 were wounded who were left for dead. Three women and two children were taken prisoners. The Indians numbered about 100.

Great excitement is now prevailing in Santa Fe on account of the general warfare and hostility of the Indians in the territory; they are swearing vengeance against all Americans and Mexicans.

On the 20th January Capt. Newell of the 1st Dragoons had a fight with Miscaleros and Apaches at Sacramento mountain, 12 of whom were killed; the loss on the American side was Capt. Henry W. Stanton and three privates. Garland has called into service five companies of volunteers for six months and recommends Congress to appropriate a sufficient amount to pay expenses. Col. Jones arrived at Santa Fe and has entered upon his duties; his office will not be troubled by the Indians.

An express arrived the day before the mail left Santa Fe stating that 400 Apaches and Utahs were coming to take the town, and on the 3rd inst. Lieut. Sturges also had a fight with the Apaches 60 miles from Santa Fe, routing and whipping them and recapturing some stolen stock.

The Governor is much censured at Santa Fe and the Territory on account of his disapproval of the action and course taken by the people to suppress Indian hostilities.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 23.—The editor of the Union has received the sword of General Jackson from his family, and designs presenting it to Congress.

The Union of this morning announces the following confirmations:—John Appleton, of Maine, Secretary of Legation to London; Samuel S. Cox, of Ohio, Secretary of Legation to Peru; Robert H. Swift, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Maracaibo; Oliver H. Perry, of New York, Consul at Canton.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 23.—The election for U. S. Senator came up to-day in the Indiana Legislature. The Senate elected Isaac Blackford which the House amended by inserting the name of the Hon. Joseph G. Marshall. The Senate refused to concur. There is great excitement and but little hopes of compromise.

HARTFORD, Ct. Feb. 23.—It is rumored that the Know Nothing State Convention have nominated William T. Miner, of Stamford, for Governor, and William Field, of Pompet, for Lieut. Governor.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 23.—The Republican Convention have nominated Anson P. Morrill for Governor.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Cotton dull and unchanged, a moderate demand; sales 400 bales. Flour firm; sales 3250 bbls. Southern at $8,75@$9,25. Wheat firm. Corn dull; sales 9000 bushels western mixed at 94(@94½. Pork firm; sales 450 bbls. old mess at $13,50. Beef firm; sales country mess at $8,62½@$11. Lard lower; sales at 9¼@9¾. Rice firm. Whiskey, Ohio 31½. Groceries quiet and steady. Sugar better. Molasses plenty and lower. Rice 4½@5½. Freights firm; Liverpool 7¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati 103; Erie 45¾.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 23.—Flour firm at $8,25@$8,30. Whiskey 20¾@25. Provisions firm; mess Pork $12,50; sales 250,000 bulk sides at 5¾. Groceries firm. Molasses 23@27 for old and new. Rio Coffee 11. Sugar 8¼@6. Clover seed lower; 80 bbls. sold at $6,50@$6,75. The River is stationary. Weather clearing off; cold.

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DIRECTED by a Board of Visitors appointed by the State, is under the superintendence of Col. E. V. MORGAN, a distinguished graduate of West Point, and a practical Engineer, aided by an able Faculty. The course of study is that usually taught in the best Colleges, with the addition of a more extended course and *PRACTICAL ENGINEERING*; also, in English studies, Book-Keeping and Business Forms, and Modern Languages.

The sixteenth semi-annual session opens on the second Monday in February, (12th Feb., 1855.) Entire charge $150 per half year's session, payable in advance.

Address the Superintendent, at "Military Institute, Franklin county, Ky," or the undersigned,

CHARLES MORGAN, Agent,
Pleasing Green, R. V.

mar-daw2 P. HUDDLEY, President of the Board.

SUNDRIES—1500 bus. prime Peaches, half
160 bus. pared Peaches; 250 bus. Dry Apples;
100 kgs. No. 1 Lard; 50 kgs. packed Butter;
25 bbls. prime Roll Butter; 5 bbls. Onions;
4 casks Potash, a pure article, in store and for sale
by SHRIVER & DILWORTH.
de23

LOUISVILLE LIME—100 bbls. to arrive
by steamer Eclipse for sale by I. DICKEY & CO.

ROLL BUTTER—6 bbls. fresh this day
rec'd and for sale by T. LITTLE & CO., 112, 24 st.

UNDER GARMENTS at greatly reduced
prices, at CHESTER'S, 76 Wood st.
de6

POT ASH—2 cks. just rec'd per Ad
by McCANDLESS, MEANS & CO.,
corner Wood and Water st.

CINCINNATI SOAP—25 bxs. Hill's extra
No. 1 Palm Soap;
25 bxs. Hill's Vindegenated Soap;
10 do. Olaine Soap; 10 bxs. German Soap, for
sale by W. A. McCLURG.
ja16

ROLL BUTTER—6 bbls. fresh this day
rec'd and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

HOGS—150 Dead Hogs, average 200, fo
sale by SHRIVER & DILWORTH, 15 & 2. 2d st.

ROLL BUTTER—6 bbls. prime, rec'd and
for sale by BELL & LIGGETT, Water st.
fe2

CORN—3000 bus. in store and for sale by
BELL & LIGGETT, Water st.
fe2
fe20-tfawtf WM. H. BURCHFIELD, Adm'r.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD have just
rec'd by express another lot of cheap needle work
Collars.

FEATHERS—500 lbs. in store and for sale
by McCANDLESS, MEANS & CO.
fe15

GROUND NUTS—25 sacks in store and
for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

HOPS—10 bales prime Eastern Hops rec'd
and for sale by S. HARBAUGH & CO.

TALLOW—20 bbls. Tallow in store and
for sale by S. HARBAUGH & CO.
ja4

HAGAN & AHL have just rec'd per Ad
ams & Co's Express, this day, a large lot of Austrian Colars, to which they invite the ladies and all who wish to procure handsome and cheap holiday presents.

VENISON for sale at Ross, Patton & McCombs', in the Diamond
de23

BUCKWHEAT—50 sks Buckwheat Flour
for sale by
ja12 JAS. McLAUGHLIN.

COMMERCIAL.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION, FOR *FEBRUARY*—W. H. SMITH, V. P.—GEORGE BLACK, J. M. COOPER, C. W. RICKETSON, W. B. ENGLISH.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
Saturday Morning, February 24, 1855.

FLOUR—very little doing; a sale from store of 85 bbls. superfine at $8,87.

GRAIN—sales at depot of 300 bus shelled corn at 80; from store 367 bus. do at 80 and 300 do at 85.

MOLASSES—sales on the wharf of 50 and 86 bbls. cypress, old, at 24, four mos; from store, 50 do, at 24, four mos., and 30 do at 25, cash.

WHISKEY—a light demand; sales of 25 and 15 bbls. rectified at 33.

POWDER—sales of 175 kgs. Rock at $3, cash, and 25 do Rifle at $4,25, same.

ASHES—sales of 41 cks. Soda, imported and domestic, at 3½@3¾.

BACON—sales of 6000 lbs hog round at 6¾, 7½ and 9½; and 3 tcs. Sugar cured Hams at 11—60 days.

LARD—sales of 110 kgs. country at 8½, and 24 do and 3 bbls do No. 1 at 9, cash; greens, 8 bbls. at 7½, cash.

FISH—a sale of 20 bbls. No. 3 Mackarel, old, at $10,50.

BUTTER & EGGS—sales of 3 bbls. common roll at 14½ and 4 do prime at 19; and 2 bbls eggs at 22.

SEED—a sale of 60 bus. flaxseed at $1,70.

BEANS—sales of 20 bus. common small white at $2'50, and 75 do in lots at depot at $2,75, cash.

HEESE—sales of 50 bxs Western Reserve at 10.

METAL—sales of 20 tons coke at $25, six mos.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

There was still more activity in business to-day, and transactions in groceries and produce were quite large.—Private telegraphic advices from New Orleans report a buoyant market for sugar, coffee and molasses; Sugar has further advanced there ¼@½c, with an active demand and light stocks. This demand, however, is consequent upon the opening of the Western rivers, and a large Western demand, and the water not yet being sufficient to bring sugar and molasses from the plantations, the stocks at New Orleans are necessarily light. We notice that the new crop molasses which has reached our market this season is very superior in quality. The provision market is active, and prices have an upward tendency.

The demand for Cloverseed being quite limited, the market is quite dull though the stock is not large. The demand for this article in the Eastern market is not active; in Philadelphia it is worth $6,75 in Baltimore $7 ⅌ bushel, and in New York 11¼ ⅌ lb.—(Cin. Com.

The St. Louis Republican, thus reports that market for Hemp:

"A reduction of prices, with the prospects of early shipping facilities, have led to several transactions. The stock, stated in last review at 4,500 bales, is now more than half reduced, and the prospect is that the balance will soon be closed out. A good demand appears to exist for the Ohio and in the south and east, and purchases are made for these various points. On Monday 407 bales prime at $100, and 25 do. good at $97 ⅌ ton. Yesterday, 27 bales at $100 and 59 do at 102 ⅌ ton—good qualities. To-day, 110 bales, good, at $100, destined for Philadelphia, by the Pittsburgh route; 34 do., private, and 104 do. at $100.

WEDNESDAY, P. M.—Exchange remains quite steady; premium for Eastern New Orleans is scarce at 1@½ per mille. No change took place in Money matters.

The general markets continue to exhibit increased activity. In the grocery line, a large business is being done in the regular way. Provisions are firm with a fair demand. Mess Pork has advanced to $12,50.—(Cin. Gaz.

GOLD FOR PAGE & BACON.—Five hundred thousand dollars in gold, the amount of a draft brought on by Mr. Bacon, was transferred on Saturday evening from the U. S. Assistant Treasurer to the Banking House of Messrs. Page & Bacon.—(St. Louis News.

A letter from Brazil, dated Dec. 25 says:

"About 180,000 bags of coffee have been sold for exportation since the 1st of this month. About 100,000 bags are for the United States. Prices are quoted in my last.

TOBACCO.—Prices continue to be fully supported, for all to be in good shipping order. In sales given below the lowest figures were realized for tobacco that had to be repacked. We continue our previous quotations, viz: tobacco in good shipping order for new logs $4,50 to $6 and old $5 to $6,50, new medium shipping leaf $6 to $7 and old at $4,50 to $7,50, and manufacturing leaf $7 to $10. The sales of the week are only 143 hhds new numbers and 18 hhds reviews.—(Lou. Jour.

The receipts of the Pennsylvania Railroad for the month ending Jan. 31, 1855, $238,777 16
Same month last year, 202,153 03
Increase, $16,624 03

This shows a very heavy business and a very handsome increase on last year's operations.

The loss of three of our best boats, all heavily freighted with produce, will be felt severely. The shipments, however, will be mostly duplicated, and thereby keep up the demand for corn, oats, flour, &c. The market is quite bare of the chief staples, owing to the continued obstruction to navigation of the upper rivers, by ice and low water.

The weather is moderate and pleasant, but not having enough to make any swell of consequence in the rivers.—There is full seven feet water in the channel at Cairo.

We find no particular change in prices of produce since our last report. Oats in better demand than any other article, corn now, corn is very dull. Millers are not as ready to take hold of wheat since the decline in flour,as at New Orleans. But little is doing in provisions. We have no quotations for bacon or bulk meat.

Lard is declining. Missouri sell, sold to be equal to Galena lines sold to-day at $5,50 ⅌ 100 lbs. A lot of strictly prime hemp sold at $105 ⅌ ton.

Messrs. Page & Bacon opened their Banking house this morning, and on the closing hour had received on deposit $165,000 more than they had call for on checks and certificates of deposit. Their receipts were $300,000 and upwards against $135,000 payments. This looks like confidence, indeed. There is probably no stronger banking house in the country.

Dispatches of the 17th from New Orleans have been received. Flour was declining. Superfine was quoted at $9,25@$9,50; prime $8 50 Lard nominally; corn 91@91½ cents; bacon sides, ribbed 7c; shoulders 5¾c.—(St. Louis Intel., 19th.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—66 bls hay, Brice & Steel; 510 bushels R Brace 2304 sks do, A M'Elvain; 54 bus do, J Sedgwick; 100 do, 4 sks do fruit, owners; 7 bbl beef tce, J & W Rea; 3 do, W Bingham & co; 4 pkg fruit, 3 bbls apples, Brown & co; 1 bbls pepper, J S Shaw; 12 pkgs wire, R Townsend, 5 bbls butter, Shriver & co; 1211 bus corn, English & Hitchcock; 302 do W M Hay; 300 do do, W Iles; 213 do J Craig; 212 do 10 bcs fruit, 2 bbls butter, C H Willis; 83 hides, J Deal; 2 bbls butter, Bagaley & co; 34 do cleveland, Sellers & co; 12 sks fruit, 1 bbl butter, R Donald; 6 do whiskey, W H Sutton; 28 rolls leather, Rice hams, James & Denny; 11 bbls butter, 1 do agss, 30 calves, Bagaley & co; 4 sks fruit, owners; 226 do, 76 bbls flour, Brown & Sirkpatrick; 60 do W Hunter; 5 bbls butter, East; 15 hogs, Hanna & Dyer.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

LOUISVILLE, by Swallow—240 brs mdse, 60 do stoves, 13 sks feathers, Jones & Denny; 161 bales hay, McLaughlin & McVay; 11 bbls do, Algeo & co; 131 hides, 3 bbls tallow, S Harbaugh & co.

WHEELING, by Exchange—100 sks corn, 10 hhds sugar, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 34 bbls bacon, 311 do lard, 30 kgs do, Jones & Denny; 12 bbls sugar, J A Hutchison; 14 bbls apples, J Herbert; 10 sks wool, east.

ZANESVILLE, by Chorolt—2 bbls lard, 26 do corn meal, Bell & Liggett; 8 do butter, 47 do flour, J & W Rea; 115 sks meal, A Judd; 753 bus corn, 14 bbls scrap iron, owners; 918 bus corn; 15 sks do, 200 bus oats, 51 sks turnips, 2 obls eggs, Bell & Liggett.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

ARRIVED.—Exchange, Wheeling; Swallow, Louisville; Chevoit, Zanesville.

DEPARTED—Ella, Cin.; W Bayard, St. Louis; Empire, Louisville; Venture, Wheeling.

RIVER.—On yesterday evening there were 6 feet in the channel and falling.

ST EAMBOATS.

For St. Anthony Falls, Min. Ter., direct, And all landings on the Upper Mississippi.

The new and substantial
Steamer FALLS CITY
(now being built and finished at Wellsville, O.)
J. B. GILBERT, Master.

WILL leave Pittsburgh for the above and all intermediate landings, on the early opening of navigation of the Upper Mississippi. For freight or passage apply on board or to John Black, Jr., Livingston, Pittsburgh; R. Cutter or P. F. Geiss, Wellsville, O.; W. Eberhart, Rock Island, Ill; George R. West & Co. Dubuque, Iowa; S. P. Upton, J. R. Nash, D. K. Moulton, St. Anthony Falls, Min.; E. Murphy, John Jackins, Minneapolis; Burbank & Co., St. Paul.

The FALLS CITY is an entirely new and speedy boat; powerful machinery built by Geiss, of very light draught; excellent accommodations; will be splendidly furnished and finished; built expressly for the St. Anthony Falls Steamboat Company, Min., under the immediate superintendence of R. Cutter, Engineer, and will run as a regular Packet from Rock Island or Dubuque to the Falls of St. Anthony, throughout the season, and be manned by careful and reliable officers and men.

J. B. GILBERT, General Agent for Co.,
Office St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh.
or Messrs. Hope & Wellsville, O.;
and C. L. CHASE & CO., Treasurers of Co.,
fe20-14ap15 St. Anthony Falls.

For St. Louis, Kansas and Nebraska,

AND all landings on the Missouri River. The Passenger Steamer HIGHLAND, Capt. Blake, will leave for the above and all intermediate landings on the opening of Navigation. For freight or passage, apply on board or to
fe-14 G. M. HARTON, Agent.

Wheeling Packet.

THE new and substantial steamer
EXCHANGE, Capt. McCALLUM, will have
after the ice is gone, regular packet between Pittsburgh and Wheeling, leaving Pittsburgh every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at one o'clock, and Wheeling every evening TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at the same hour.

The Exchange connects at Wellsville with the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad, and at Wheeling with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. For freight or passage, apply on board or to J. D. CULLINGWOOD, Agt., Water st.

☞ The Exchange is an entirely new and speedy boat of unusual light draught, excellent accommodations, splendidly finished and furnished—built expressly for this trade
oct4

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

From Wm. H. McDonald's Advertising House, No. 102 Nassau street, New York.

NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA
STEAMSHIP LINE, (Via Nicaragua.)
THE ACCESSORY TRANSIT COMPANY OF NICARAGUA, PROPRIETORS

THE NORTHERN LIGHT, STAR OF THE WEST, PROMETHEUS, or DANIEL WEBSTER, all first class steamships, will leave New York on the 12th and 27th of each month. When these days fall on Sunday, the Monday following will be the sailing day. Connecting by the Nicaragua Transit Route, having but twelve miles of land transportation, over a country which is mined, and in carriages, with the steamships SIERRA NEVADA, YANKEE BLADE, CORTEZ, UNCLE SAM, PACIFIC, and BROTHER JONATHAN, one of which will leave San Juan del Sud, the Pacific terminus of Transit Route, for San Francisco on the arrival of the passengers

For further information apply to
CHARLES MORGAN, Agent,
Pleasing Green, R. V.
nov-ly

Letter Bags made up at the office—Letters 25 cts. per ½ ounce.

For Melbourne, Australia, Pioneer Line,
Carrying the United States Mail.

THE A. 1, superior Clipper ship GERTRUDE will succeed the Nightingale, and sail for the above ports on the first of July, as seventeenth Ship of this Line. The Gertrude has proved herself a remarkably fast sailer, and is the only A. 1 ship now loading at this port for Australia. The Pioneer Line has gained a most favorable reputation. It was the first ship that sailed regular line. Everything is provided for passengers except wines and liquors, sea and bedding. The length of passage varies from 75 to 100 days. First Cabin Passage $200 and $225, second Cabin passage $125 and $150.

For freight or passage, apply to E. R. CAMERON,
mr30-tf 116 Wall street.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND SEEDS.—RALPH & CO., 23 Fulton street, New York, Wholesale and Retail.

JOHN PHYFE, DEALER IN IVORY, manufacturer of Ivory Goods, No. 8 Murray st., New York.
oct20-ly

LINSEED OIL—15 bbls. Linseed Oil in
store and for sale by S. HARBAUGH & CO.

GREASE LARD—5 bbls. rec'd and for sale
by BELL & LIGGETT, Water street.

A. A. MASON & CO. have just rec'd 100
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