PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

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PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1855.

☞To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Room nor Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday.

☞Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our Weekly Gazette offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Its circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or occasional contracts are made. sep15dw

Reading Matter on each page of this paper will be found on the first column of the fourth page.

The Public Works.—We are indebted to several members of the Legislature for copies of a bill to change the management of the Public Works, as introduced by Mr. Smith, of Philadelphia.

We have read the bill and do not like it. It provides for the abolition of the present Canal Board, and transfers the management of the works to a Superintendent, appointed by the Governor, and holding his office for three years. To this Superintendent the whole power and patronage of the Canal Commissioners is handed over, and beyond the fact that the bill provides for a State Engineer, to whose judgment very much is confided in the actual working of the public improvements, there is but little, if any, difference between the management which this proposed law would induct and that which now prevails.

What are we to gain by changing the control of the public works from three men to one man, and by throwing the power of appointing that one man into the hands of the Governor instead of leaving it with the people, as now? Nothing. There is every thing to lose, rather. Three men are as trustworthy as one, and, for many purposes, an annual infusion of a new man into the Canal board gives it advantages which no individual is likely to possess. And then, these three men derive their appointment from the people, and are thus removed from many influences to which an individual appointed by the Governor would be unavoidably subject. Bad as things now are, it is much better to leave them alone than to initiate the change proposed.

To give the Governor the power of appointing a Superintendent of the Public Works is simply to throw into the Governor's hands the vast power and patronage incident to their management. We all know, from experience, how dangerous it is to consentrate in one man's gift a vast array of offices; and wisdom prompts us to avoid a return to evils that were well escaped from.

The only true policy is to *sell* the Public Works. Let us get rid of them. We do not want a new market opened for office-hunting harpies and political beggars. The State is poor enough and embarrassed enough, now; and pray, do not let her be further depleted by letting loose upon her a fresh horde of famishing and ravenous vermin. All change is not reform;—and this change, of all others, is the last that should lay claim to the possession of reformatory qualities.

Hon. David Wilmot has addressed a letter to Mr. Laporte, one of the members of the House from Bradford county, explaining his course on the Tariff question in 1846. Mr. Laporte informs Mr. Wilmot that the name of the latter having been brought forward in connection with the U. S. Senatorship, the chief objection urged was that Mr. Wilmot was inimical to Pennsylvania interests, having voted for the Tariff of '46; and thereupon Mr. Wilmot assays to explain the facts and set history aright. He says that he has always been favorable to the protection of Pennsylvania interests, and that he not only spoke in behalf of the interests of our State, but *worked* earnestly, in the House, and out of it, to give to those interests an *adequate and permanent* security. He was in favor of the revision and modification of the Tariff of 1842, but in doing this was anxious to preserve and protect the interest of the State. He consequently urged the laying of *specific*, instead of *ad valorem* duties upon iron, and to an extent that should give security to our interests against ruinous foreign competition. He also says that he urged his colleagues, in caucus, to go with him for a modification of the Tariff of '42, and says that if they had done so they could have secured for the iron interest any protection they chose to demand. They would not do it; and so, he says, protection to Pennsylvania interests was lost. The following paragraph from his letter explains this view more at length.

I am of the firm belief, if six democrats from Pennsylvania would have acted with me instead of allowing immorality to be set at '42, that our State would have obtained all that reasonably could have been asked, and her great interests placed on a satisfactory and permanent basis. In the early stages of the bill, before its friends had counted and marshaled their forces, we could in my judgment, have secured *specific* duties. In this I may be mistaken, but think not. It is certain that we could have obtained fifty per cent. ad valorum. Even in the latter stages of the bill, and when its passage was certain without any of our votes, no anxious were its friends to secure Pennsylvania support (from party considerations) that M'Kay, who had the charge of the bill as chairman of the committee on Ways and Means, offered to move forty per cent on iron if half the democrats from our State would then vote for the bill. It always seemed strange when the passage of the bill was certain, that our men would not make sure of all they could get. They however, were displeased to the tariff of '42, and it was easier to stand by their pledges than to explain to their constituents the reasons for a departure from them, however good their reasons might have been.—I was pledged to a modification of the act of '42 and after exhausting every effort to secure the interests of our State, resumed that pledge, declaring at the time I did so, that if the bill depended on my vote, I would withhold it until a larger measure of justice was meted out to our State.

How far this letter will contribute to the success of Mr. Wilmot, as a candidate for Senator, remains to be seen.

The *Lancaster Independent Whig*, which has lent itself freely to the Know Nothing movement, has some doubt about the honesty of its representatives at Harrisburg. It hints that members of the Order are purchasable, and that money to buy their votes for U. S. Senator is freely applied. It says:

"Such has become the apprehensions of the public, that but one course seems left to the honest members. That is, either not to go into caucus, or if they do, to insist that nominations should be made *viva voce*, so that all may know how each man votes. *Secrecy* may cover up corrupt means and faithless votes. *Publicity can hurt no honest man.*"

If the open vote is not allowed in the American caucus, we trust that every unbribed member will withdraw from it, and not be bound by its acts. It is important to this new and prosperous party that no suspicion shall rest on its acts. That it shall select able men, sincere in their professions, and able to maintain and vindicate their principles. Mousers, intriguers, weak or faithless men would soon destroy it."

It is a little odd to hear a Know Nothing talking against *secrecy*, and advocating *publicity* in political matters. If "publicity can hurt no honest man," what is the use of the Order?

A party which, in the first year of its existence, is distracted by a want of confidence among its members, and upon whose councils the blight of continual suspicion falls, is not destined to a long existence. It is plain, from the language of the *Whig*, that the Know Nothing members of the legislature cannot trust one another, and that an evil spirit stalks among *them* scattering baleful influences at every step. We shall see how many of them are honest enough to heed the *Whig*'s invocation.

Genius at a Discount.—The House of Representatives at Harrisburg, on Saturday last took up the bill introduced by the "Hon. David L. Smith," of Allegheny county, to confer on colored people the rights of citizenship, and postponed it indefinitely. It is evident that the House is incapable of appreciating the transcendant legislative abilities of our member.

A communication will be found on our first page reviewing Mr. Haupt's pamphlet on the improvement of the Ohio river.

The *Harrisburg Herald* quotes from the message of Gov. Clark, (of New York) the following paragraph:

"We have no wish, nor do we claim the *right*, to interfere with Slavery in the States; but in no wise do we transcend our prerogative as a member of the Confederacy when we insist that the Federal Government shall divest itself of all connection with, and responsibility for an institution so so repugnant to the general sense of justice and so hostile to the harmony and ultimate prosperity of the country."

To this the *Herald* appends the remark that "this is the doctrine of the American Republican party."

The "American Republican Party" (which we take to be the pseudonym by which the Know Nothings characterize themselves) is a unit. It is a national party, and professes the same sentiments in Virginia as in Pennsylvania. Does the *Herald* undertake to say that the above extract from Gov. Clark's Message embodies "the doctrine of the American Republican Party" in Virginia and the South generally on the Slavery question? We want to know. Give us a direct answer, without circumlocution.

Insolent Attack upon Mr. Darsie.—In the Harrisburg correspondence of the Philadelphia *North American* we find the following allusion to an attack on Mr. Darsie in the House by an upstart member from Venango. We saw in the Harrisburg papers the discussion herein alluded to, but no reference was made in it to this feature of the affair:

"There was an animated debate in the House, on the supplement to the act to establish a House of Refuge for Western Pennsylvania. The supplement provided among other things, that the Trustees of the Institution should have the power to bind out until they arrived at the age of 21, female infants, who were committed after they had passed the age of 16. This particular section, as well as the policy of the "binding" system and the provisions of existing laws, were all involved in the discussion. The debate was generally creditable to the House, and some of the speakers treated the subject with remarkable clearness and vigor. Others were more discursive and less effective. Among the latter was Mr. McCalmont, of Venango county, a young man and new member, but promising to become of the unenviable class of "talkers." He is a lawyer, afflicted with the *cacoethes loquendi*, and not successful in his selection of fitting times and subject for the display of his powers. He had the bad luck, yesterday, to make a violent attack upon Mr. Darsie, who had read the bill in place in the Senate, at the request of the officers of Institution. He denounced its provisions as tyrannical, anti-republican, unworthy of the American people, in conflict with American principles and as a proper measure for the advocacy of a person born in a foreign country, and bred under a monarchical government. His language was bitter and abusive, and the more offensive, as Mr. Darsie happened at the very time to be in the Hall of the House. He was very handsomely rebuked for his illmannerly by Mr. Kirkpatrick, of Allegheny, a Democratic American, who protested against such treatment of so able, honest and efficient a Senator, and so respectable a gentleman as Mr. Darsie—and explained the powers asked for to be not more extensive than have for years been exercised by the Trustees of a similar institution in Eastern Pennsylvania, and without any complaint of their injustice.

Several other speakers referred in decided terms to the attack upon Mr. Darsie, and took occasion to comment severely upon its impertinence which had suggested it. Mr. McCalmont has materially impaired his standing in the body of which he is a member, by this movement, and will be required to practice much circumspection of conduct before he can recover the ground he has lost by this indecorum. Mr. Darsie has not his superior in the qualities which are indispensable to a successful legislator, in either House; none wield a greater influence in the Legislature; and none is more respected for his rigid pursuit of right.

A Merchant of the Old School.—Mr. Everett, in his memoir of the late Peter C. Brooks, Esq., just published in the Genealogical Register, states that Mr. B. abstained as a general rule from speculative investments. His maxim was, "that the whole value of wealth consisted in life, in personal independence which it secured and he was never inclined to put that good once won, again at hazard in the mere quest of some additions to his superfluity." He never made purchases of unproductive real estate on a calculation of future enhanced value. He never directly or indirectly took more than legal interest. He could have doubled his immense fortune had he been willing to violate this rule. It is mentioned that he believed and often said that, "a dollar laid by now, six per cent. is as much as the bare use of money is worth in this country." He was another of his principles never himself to borrow money. What he could not compass by present means was to him interdicted. It is doubtful whether, with but a *single* exception, Mr. Brook's name was ever subscribed to a note of hand. He shunned every transaction, however brilliant the promise of future gain, which required the use of borrowed means. Mr. Everett well remarks:

"The bold spirit of modern enterprise will deride as too narrow-minded so cautious a maxim; but the vast numbers of individuals and families annually ruined by its non-observance, to say nothing of the heaven-daring immorralities so often brought to light, to which men are tempted in their too great haste to be rich, go far to justify Mr. Brook's course. It is highly probable that, in the aggregate, as much property is lost and sacrificed in the United States by the absence of credit as is gained by its legitimate use. With respect to the moral mischiefs resulting from some of the prevailing habits of our business community—the racking cares and the corroding uncertainties, the mean deceptions and the measureless frauds to which they sometimes lead—language is inadequate to do justice to the notorious and appalling truth."

"Arvanaco" Hunter.—Lieut. Hunter, of the Navy, having obtained some newspaper applause for discovering his commanding officer's views in Mexico, thinks he may repeat that experiment with honor to himself and the service in which he is engaged. Because his Commander in chief would not allow him to meddle with a diplomatic quarrel, in which Consul Hopkins has involved himself with the President of Paraguay, he has taken the liberty to bring his ship home without orders, and has published a letter to the American people wherein he attempts to justify his insubordinate conduct. His letter is very patriotic, and its sentiments would sound grandly in a stump speech; but as discipline and obedience to orders are deemed essential in the officers of the Navy, as well as in men, we do not see how he can escape the penalty for having violated both. Spirit is a very good quality in an officer, but discretion and a proper knowledge of its own position and the duties and obligations it imposes are necessary to keep it in trim. Mr. Hunter will probably find that there is a difference between capturing, without orders, in time of war, an enemy's town, and running away from his duty in time of peace.—*Phila. Ledger.*

Salm of the Pennsylvania Main Line.—Another bill has been reported in the Pennsylvania Legislature, with a favorable recommendation, for the sale of the main line of the public works. It provides that the Governor shall again advertise for proposals for the sale of the Public Works, such proposals to be received until noon of the first Monday of August next. He may accept therefor any bid not less than eight millions of dollars, payable in cash in twenty equal annual payments from the date of the acceptance of the offer, with interest half yearly on the first days of January and August, at the rate of five per cent. per annum. Other security in addition to that of the works, to the satisfaction of the Governor, shall be given for one-fourth part of the purchase money, and any part of the price may be paid in anticipation of the times designated, in sums not less than one hundred thousand dollars.

Railroad Fatalities.—According to the last annual report of the New York State Engineer, the loss of life was on the railroads of that commonwealth during the year 1854, one passenger killed for every 349,402,016 miles traveled, and one passenger injured for every 16,721,606 miles traveled. Although 9,000,000 passengers were carried an aggregate distance of 500,000,000 miles during the year, not one was killed from causes beyond his own control. It is stated that 12 passengers and 67 employees were killed; 18 passengers and 41 employees injured, and 78 others killed and 49 injured.

Prompt Action.—A letter from the Sardinian Minister at Washington, D. C., addressed to the captain of the Sardinian frigate, which is daily expected to arrive at New York with convicts, has been forwarded to Collector Redfield of that port, with instructions to have it (the letter) put on board the frigate by a revenue cutter *before* she enters the harbor. The letter is said to contain directions to the captain *not* to land any persons who may be convicts.

Col. H. Brush, of Madison county, formerly of Chillicothe, a lawyer of some distinction, and for one term a member of Congress, died last week on his farm in Madison county, aged 80 years. He was one of the first settlers of Ross county, Ohio.

The Rum Trade.—A letter from Marseilles says that orders have been sent to this country for 10,000 puncheons of rum, which, at the present prices, nets 60 cents a gallon there.—This is the kind of brandy that is coming back at three or four dollars a gallon.

Building Lots for Sale.—A lot of 20 ft. front on McKee st. by 80 ft. deep, situated in Birmingham. Price $200. Also, 2 lots situated in East Birmingham, each having a front of 20 ft. on Meadow st. by 60 ft. deep. Price of each $125. Apply to R. GUTHRIE & SON, 140 St. st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Worms.—As this is the season of the year when worms are most formidable among children, the proprietors of M'Lane's Vermifuge beg leave to call the attention of parents to its virtues for the expelling of these annoying, often fatal enemies of children. It was invented by a physician of great experience in Virginia, who, after having used it for several years in his own practice, and with success so universal, was induced at last to offer it to the public as a cheap, but certain and excellent medicine. It has since become justly popular throughout the United States, as the most efficient Vermifuge ever known, and the demand has been steadily on the increase since its first introduction to the public.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and from the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,
Pittsburgh.

Ja26-L&W3 Successors to J. Kidd & Co., Wood street.

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.'S
TRUE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL,
Recommended by all the Professors of the principal Medical Colleges in the United States.

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JOHN C. BAKER & CO'S COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA, one of the best articles of the kind known.

ALSO,
JOHN C. BAKER & CO'S VEGETABLE VERMIFUGE, a certain Specific for worms, and pleasant to the taste.

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YODER'S GERMAN LINIMENT, a most valuable article for Horses; also, for Rheumatism, a certain cure.

For sale by JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
No. 100 Wood st., Pittsburgh.
And by Druggists generally. da17-6mdAwT

If you don't want to be Straight don't wear my Shoulder Brace.—For more than two years I have worn Dr. Keyser's "Washington Suspender Brace," in daily and hourly use, and recommend its use to all of sedentary occupations. Combining the advantages of a Flexible Brace with those of a pair of Suspenders, it is light and unobtrusive, and while it counteracts the disposition to become stoop-shouldered, those of our readers who are in need of such an article, should call on Dr. Keyser, on Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, and examine this Brace, which has recently been much improved.—*Pittsburgh Dispatch, January 6.*

Sold wholesale and retail at Dr. KEYSER'S Truss and Shoulder Brace Depot, 140 Wood street. Sign of the Golden Mortar. ja3-d&w

Piles.—W. Jenkins, Esq., of Columbus Ohio, Secretary of the Ohio Insurance Company, who was taken to New York in extreme debility, with Piles, to have an operation performed by by the [celebrated Dr. Mott, as the only chance to save his life, accidentally heard of the PAIN EXTRACTOR stated: "For years my disease defied medical skill, and grew worse until life became intolerable. As soon as I commenced using this Salve I rested in peace the night the *first dose* its many months, the frequency of the discharges ceased, and in a few weeks the dysenteric secretion was entirely suppressed, and from that time to this, I have felt *no pain, no soreness, no distress*, and am now as strong and hearty as ever."

Corns and Bunions can be cured with *Sully's Pain Extractor* by rubbing some of it in, on and around the parts, morning and evening, keeping on a small quantity spread on linen. It completely draws out the Corns. Persons lamed with Corns and Bunions—unable to wear boots, and some walking on crutches, have been completely and successfully cured by it.

For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

And by all Druggists throughout the United States. ja25-dw-d&wT

HAZARD POWDER AGENCY.
All Varieties of Powder
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
ALSO,
Safety Fuse.
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LADIES' FANCY FURS.
M'CORD & CO.,
CORNER WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.
☞ARE NOW OPENING THEIR LARGE stock of FANCY FURS, embracing every variety of
SABLE,
MARTIN,
FITCH,
SQUIRREL,
LYNX,
CONEY,
SWANS DOWN.
TALMAS, VICTORINES, CUFFS, MUFFS, &c., to which they invite the attention of the ladies.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1854.—6

Hernia, or Rupture, a Curable Disease.
—DR. KEYSER, of 140 Wood street, begs leave to announce to the public that he has made arrangements with Mr. Marsh, of New York, to sell and adapt his Radical Cure Truss, which received the premium through a surgical committee, consisting of Professor Reyneer Van Buren, Dr. Sucher, Clark, Ludlow, and others, at the New York Industrial Exhibition of all Nations. Dr. Keyser has an office in back of his Drug Store, where all kinds of TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, LACE STOCKINGS, SHOULDER BRACES, FILE PROPS, and SUSPENSORY BANDAGES, are fitted, and satisfaction warranted. Trusses at every price can be had, and of a quality superior to any others in the market. The great prevalence of Ruptures has induced the Dr. to give special attention to those cases of disease requiring mechanical support, with full confidence that his long experience in the treatment of such cases has enabled him to afford relief to a greater degree than any quality in this regard. If you have a rupture do not fail to call.

Ask for Dr. KEYSER, at his Wholesale Drug Store and Truss Depot, No. 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Sign of the Golden Mortar. ja3-d&w

Chemical Krasive Soap—Give it a single trial.—It is one of the most practical and useful discoveries of the day, by which 50 per cent. is saved in the time and labor of washing all woolen and cotton articles, and so necessary in the old way, is entirely dispensed with. And little heavier labor need be performed than the ordinary rinsing and boiling.

The clothes will look much whiter and cleaner, and last longer than when washed in the usual way; it is warranted not to injure the finest fabric.

This soap is eminently superior for the toilet, and the removal of oil, wheel grease, &c., from all kinds of silks and woolen goods. It will remove moth, tan, &c., from the skin, leaving it soft and white.

For cleaning paints, floors, &c., one fair trial will convince the candid mind, notonly that it works much quicker, easier and more thorough than any of the common brown or family soaps, but that it effects a saving in the first cost.

Printers by keeping a strong solution of this soap on hand, will find it invaluable in the cleaning of type forms, &c., as it removes the ink readily, and without injury to the type.

By the use of this soap, the difficulty heretofore experienced with the hard waters of the South and West, is entirely obviated, and the water needs no "breaking" or "clearing." It possesses excellent properties for use in salt water, and is therefore rendered a valuable marine soap.

The proprietors offer this in a neat and merchantable style, being put up in pound bars, and each bar stamped with the proprietor's name, and warranted equal to the recommendation, when used according to directions.

The best flannels may be washed with this soap without being rolled as with other soaps. Traders and the public generally are requested to give the Chemical Krasive Soap a fair trial.

Sold, wholesale and retail, at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley. da29-d&w3

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OF PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE NO. 70 WALNUT STREET
Capital, $171,150—Assets, $200,000—Recently Invested.
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Ease and Comfort.—The Conformator lately imported from Paris, exactly suits the Hat to the peculiar shape of the head, so a new hat is as easy on the head as an old one A neat fit and a good Hat may be had at 71 Wood st. W. DOUGLAS. an20-tf

Du Pont Powder.—Every variety Rifle Mining and Blasting Powder, in all size packages always on hand and for sale from Magazine, in lots to suit purchasers, on favorable terms. Also for sale by

D. W. G. BIDWELL, Manufacturers' Agt.,
no7-dly 156 Front street, Pittsburgh.

Extract from a letter by the Rev. Mr. Cruchfield, of Boston, who is now traveling for his health in the East:

"It gives one an ever present idea of the expansive enterprise of his countrymen, to find the commodities of common necessity in the far East, and in the very centre of the Ottoman Empire. I am not yet visited any considerable city of Turkey where I did not find the Medicines of my native country, prepared by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. In Smyrna, Aleppo, Jerusalem and Constantinople, we see in each, on the door posts of some humble shop, the same notice as looking from card of Dr. Ayer, saying in a language which not one in a thousand of the passers by can read, that *Cherry Pectoral for Coughs, Colds and Consumption, Ague Cake*, &c., &c., is sold within. On crossing the Hellespont we meet the Greeks with their Cherry Pectoral, and in Germany Sarsaparilla turned to the crowd, and on inquiring we are told that foreigners are very fond of it. Nothing but the true believers themselves waive their trust in faith to the product of American skill, when they find there is no other hope for them.

I was told here yesterday that the *Cherry Pectoral* had been introduced to the Sultan's family, and was in constant use in his harem, and in the Hospitals of the Empire."

Agency of Dr. Fitch's Celebrated Medicines, at Dr. G. H. KEYSER'S Drug Store, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin Alley.

Cherry Pulmonic, Pulmonary Balsam, Pectoral Expectorant, Pulmonary Liniment, Depurative Syrup, Heart Corrector, Humor Corrector, pure and medicinal Cod Liver Oil, Anti-Dyspeptic Mixture, Cough and Cathartic Pills, Herrine, Vermifuge, Female Pills, Female Specific, &c. &c., used by him constantly and with unprecedented success in the treatment of

Colds, Coughs, Consumption, Asthma, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, Piles, etc., etc. Dr. Fitch's unequalled Patent Silver Plated Abdominal Supporters.

Dr. Fitch's Improved Rod Spring Shoulder Braces. Dr. Fitch's Silver Inhaling Tube.

Also, all kinds of Proprietary Medicines, Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces. Remember the place, Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, sign of the Golden Mortar. da8-d&w3

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wro't Iron Tubing
AND FITTING GENERALLY,
For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court House Jail Hotels or Dwellings. No. 25 Market st., Pittsburgh.

Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, are justly reckoned among our most valuable medicines. In cases of dyspepsia it acts like magic, strengthening the tone of the stomach, stimulating the digestive powers, and giving ruddy health to the cheek and brightness to the eye. There are thousands in this community who can testify to their virtues, and thousands will hereafter add their testimony. See advertisement. ja22-2wdawT

Consumption and Spitting Blood—See the certificate of Mr. Turner H. Ramsey, for many years proprietor of the Farmers' Hotel, Fredericksburg, Va., and late of the City Hotel, Richmond, Va.

Dr. John Minge, of the city of Richmond, though a regular physician, and of course opposed to what he called quack medicines, was obliged to say that its good effects in the case of Mr. Ramsey, were wonderful indeed.

He had been given up by several physicians; had tried most of the quack medicines, and was on the verge of despair, as well as the grave, when he tried Carter's Spanish Mixture.

We refer the public to his full and lengthy certificate around the bottle, stating his cure. See advertisement. ja20-1md&wT

PITTSBURGH
Life, Fire & Marine Insurance Company;
OFFICE 55 FIFTH STREET,
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(Post copy 1 year 1st col.)

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A. A. MASON & CO. will continue their sale through the month of February. Their immense stock [will be again marked down and offered at still greater reduction in prices. fe1

Office Ohio and Penna. R. R. Co.,
Pittsburgh, Jan. 29th, 1855.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Ohio and Penna. R. R. Co. that on and after the 15th day of February, a Dividend of Five per cent. for the last six months, payable in the Stock of the Company, at par, will be paid to the Stockholders as their Stock stood on the books of the Company on the 1st day of January. The Stockholders on the Pittsburgh books will be paid at the office of the Company, and those on the New York books at the House of Winslow, Lanier & Co.—Scrip certificates will be issued for the fractional parts of a share. 30-1wdtY15th H. R. FLEMMING, Pres't.

(City papers copy daily 1 week and weekly till Feb. 15.)

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LECTURE.
Young Men's Mercantile Library Association.

REV. JOHN LORD, of Connecticut, will lecture in MASONIC HALL, on next THURSDAY Evening, the 1st of Feb

SUBJECT—*Nineveh Excavations.*

Doors open at half past 7; Lecture to commence at 7½. Tickets of admission 25 cts., to be had at the Music Stores, Hotels, Libraries, L