HOME MATTERS.

INTERMENTS IN THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH,

FROM DECEMBER 25 TO DECEMBER 31, 1854.

Diseases.	Adults.	Children.
Convulsions	0	1
Disease of Brain	0	1
Small Pox	2	4
Consumption	1	0
Apoplexy	1	0
Dropsy	1	0
Typhoid Fever	1	0
Scarlet Fever	0	1
Ship Fever	1	0
Inanition	0	1
Inflamation of the Bowels	0	1
Whooping Cough	0	1
Cerebral Congestion	1	0
Total	11	11

OF THE ABOVE THERE WERE

Under 1 year	4
From 1 to 2	2
" 2 to 5	3
" 5 to 10	1
" 10 to 15	1
" 15 to 20	1
" 20 to 30	1
" 30 to 40	2
" 40 to 50	2
" 50 to 60	1
" 80 to 90	1

Males, 12; Females, 7; White, 21; Colored, 1. Total, 22.
By order of the Board of Health,
ALEX. MURDOCH,
Physician of Board of Health

ANNUAL MEETING OF ALLEGHENY CO. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, HELD AT THE COURT HOUSE, JANUARY 3d, 1855.—The President having taken the Chair, a call was made for the Financial Report of the Treasurer, and he being unavoidably absent, verbal statements were made by Messrs. M'Knight and Kelly, in regard to the condition of the Treasury, which were entirely satisfactory, whereon the matter was laid over.

On motion to proceed to the election of Managers and Officers for the ensuing year, President Martin arose and in a feeling manner expressed his thanks to the Society for the honors repeatedly bestowed upon him, and feeling the hand of time pressing upon him, he thought it but right to retire from any further public service. At the same time the Society had his best wishes for its success, and claimed his support in every proper way. He trusted therefore, that he would not be appointed to any office by the Society.

Whereupon, by motion of John Young, the thanks of the Society were unanimously conferred upon Mr. Martin for the courteous and dignified manner in which the duties of President had been conducted.

On motion of Mr. B. Kelly the Chairman was instructed to appoint a committee of five members to report nominations for Officers and Board of Managers, the meeting reserving to members the right of adding to the nominations after the report of the committee.

The Chairman appointed Messrs. Kelly, Reed, Speer, (city,) M'Knight and Kelvy, as said committee, which after retiring, reported nominations, and the meeting added four persons as candidates for the Board of Managers.

Mr. J. Young, Jr., who had been reported as a candidate for the Presidency, wished to decline the nomination, thinking that usage and courtesy required Mr. Way, the former Vice President.

On motion, nominations were then closed, and the members proceeded to mark for officers.

Mr. P. P. Way receiving the largest number, was elected by acclamation President; J. M. E. Snodgrass, Vice President; Alex. Speer, (city,) Treasurer; Robert M'Knight, Corresponding Secretary; Jos. Shiras, Rec. Secretary.

The following gentlemen were elected members of the Board of Managers for 1855, viz: Messrs. James Thompson, (Eng.) G. W. G. Ferree, E. E. Shankland, City; Benjamin Kelly, Peebles tp; John Murdock, Jr., Peebles tp; John Beveridge, Wilkins tp; David Boyd, Indiana tp; J. F. M'Cabe, Fayette tp; Sam'l M'Caslin, Pine tp; John Young, Jr., Robinson tp; E. Henderson, Elizabeth tp; Mathew Hall, Robinson, tp; Joseph Miller, Snowden tp; C. L. Goehring, Reserve tp; D. Snively, Penn tp.

On motion, the Society adjourned.

There being a quorum present, the Board of Managers organized, on motion of Mr. Kelly, by re-electing John Young, Jr., Chairman. On motion of Mr. M'Knight, O. P. Shiras was elected Recording Secretary, when the Board adjourned till the last Wednesday of January, to meet at the Court House at 10 A. M.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Before Judges McClure, Boggs and Adams.

In the case of Com. vs. Perry Anderson, noticed yesterday, the jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the case remanded for sentence.

Com. vs. Noah Rea and John Brady; indictment, larceny. The defendants are boys, and were found guilty of petit larceny. His honor Judge McClure ordered them to be taken to the House of Refuge.

Com. vs. John Brown; indictment, larceny.—The prosecutor, Ged. Booth, and the defendant, met on the 24th of October last at a tavern kept by Mrs Bell, on the Fourth street road. Booth was intoxicated, and had in his possession $40, which Brown took charge of at the request of Mrs. Bell, promising to deliver it to Mr. Booth. The parties then left, and after taking a dish of oysters together on Wylie street, separated on Grant street. A day or two after, Booth called at a hotel on Penn street, which Brown had said was kept by him, but ascertained that it was not the case—and was informed that Brown had been drinking saloon on Diamond street, to which place Mrs. Booth repaired, and demanded the money. Brown did not deny having had the possession of the money, but stated that previous to the separation on the night alluded to, he had quarrelled with Booth, and placed the money in the watch fob of his vest. On hearing this, Booth made information before Alderman Major, charging the defendant with larceny. The counsel for the prosecution urged a conviction on the ground that the defendant was guilty of constructive larceny—that is, he obtained the money with the consent of the prosecutor, but his subsequent appropriation of it was evidence of the felonious intent. The defendant proved a good general character by several witnesses. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

Com. vs. James Albertson; indictment, larceny. The prosecutor, Stewart Robertson, alleges that on the 28th of April, 1853, the defendant extracted $17 in notes from the till of his store, on Ohio street, Allegheny. The defendant is a boy about seventeen years of age, and was in the employ of Mr. Robertson at the time the money was missed. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and recommended the lad to the mercy of the Court. Sentence deferred.

MEDICAL SOCIETY.—At a meeting of the Allegheny County Medical Society, held in the hall of the Sons of Temperance, corner of Third and Wood streets, January 2d, 1855, the following gentlemen were elected officers of the Association for the ensuing year:

President—Dr. A. M. Pollock.

Vice Presidents—Drs. Armstrong and Draine.

Corresponding Secretary—Dr. A. M. Pollock.

Recording Secretaries—Drs. Gallaher and Williams.

Censors—Drs. Mowry, Bruce and Gazzam.

Examiners—Drs. Gazzam, Gallaher and McMeal.

Delegates to the National Medical Association, which meets in Philadelphia in May next, Drs. Gazzam, Gallaher, Bruce, Pollock, and Armstrong.

Delegates to the State Medical Association, which meets in Reading, Pa., in May next, Drs. McMeal, J. Dickson, J. Pollock, Draine, McCracken, Williams, Mowry, O'Brien and J. B. Herron.

On motion, Drs. Gallaher, Pollock and Draine, be appointed a committee to examine into the causes, symptoms, methods of cure, and whatever else may be deemed interesting connected with the cholera epidemic, which recently prevailed in our city, and report at the next meeting.

The following gentlemen are members of the Society: Drs. Addison, Gazzam, McMeal, Bruce, A. M. Pollock, John Pollock, John Dickson, T. Dickson, O'Brien, Draine, Williams, Gallaher, Shaw, McDonald, J. Wilson, Shields, J. B. Herron, Wm. M. Herron, Armstrong, Reed, Mowry, Black, Carothers, Gray, McCandless, and McGrath.

During the last year the Society has to lament the loss of Dr. J. H. Wilson, who fell a victim to the recent cholera.

SALE OF STOCKS, Thursday evening, 4th inst., at the Merchants' Exchange, by P. M. Davis, Auctioneer:

30 shares	Bank of Pittsburgh	$64
10 do	do do	58,37½
10 do	Minesota Mining Co	138,50
50 do	N. America do do	30,50
94 do	do do do do	29,25
86 do	National do do	10,25

We call attention to Prof. Miller's advertisement in another column. He has reduced the price of tuition of Penmanship to $4 00 for a course of lessons.

BURGLARY.—The grocery store of Mrs. Mullen, on Centre Avenue, was entered on Wednesday night, by burglars, who carried away two half kegs of tobacco.

CHANGED HANDS.—The old Birmingham line of Omnibusses, owned by John Schaffer, has been purchased by the Excelsior Company.

DISTRICT COURT.—Before Judge Hampton. In the case of Irwin vs. Wickersham, which has occupied the Court for two days past, the jury found for the plaintiff.

LARCENY.—Frederick Beck was committed to prison yesterday by 'Squire Patterson, of Indiana township, charged with the larceny of $22 from Isabella Wilson.

CAPIAS.—A process was issued out of the District Court yesterday for the arrest of George Newton, charged with using words calculated to injure the reputation of Albert Knick. Bail required in $200.

LIFE PRESERVERS & JACKETS of all the different styles, manufactured of India Rubber and Macintosh goods, for sale wholesale and retail, at the India Rubber Depot, No. 116 Market st.
dec15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.

SENATE.—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial from the citizens of Massachusetts, setting forth the evils resulting from emigration, and particularly from Roman Catholics, and asking Congress for a head tax of not less than $250 on each foreigner coming in this country. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Gwinn, the bill containing the California Land Commission which passed the House yesterday, was taken up and passed without debate.

Mr. Broadhead's Bounty Land Bill was resumed.

Mr. Dodge of Iowa's amendment to Mr. Clayton's amendment, the former proposing a maximum of 320 acres in one tract and 640 in one township was taken up.

Mr. Chase expressed himself in favor, and Mr. Clayton against the amendment, which was adopted, yeas 24, nays 16.

HOUSE.—Mr. Wheeler presented a memorial which was referred to the Committee on commerce, from shipmasters and shipping merchants in New York, relative to contain floating lights at the mouth of that harbor.

On motion of Mr. Stanton, of Tenn., the message from the President relative to the re-establishment of the Navy Yard at Memphis, was referred to a special committee.

Mr. Fenton introduced a Bill for continuing the improvements in the harbor of Dunkirk.—Referred to the committee on commerce.

The House went into committee, and took up the Bill for the relief of purchasers of swamp land, which was passed.

While this was in committee, Mr. Sellers made a Know Nothing speech.

Messrs. Giddings and Keitt had something to say in reply to a reference made by Mr. Sellers, to Sectarianism and Abolitionism.

On the passage of the Bill the House adjourned.

FURTHER BY THE ASIA.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.

Flags of truce were exchanged respecting money for prisoners.

On the 1st of December there were more rains and the state of the roads had prevented the arrival of supplies. Part of the British forces were temporarily on short allowance. The number of deaths by fever and cholera were 18 daily. On the 2d of December the rains continued. Deserters say that the condition of the Russians was worse than the allies.

There was much bell ringing and rejoicing in Sebastopol during the night it is supposed owing to the arrival of provisions.

On the 5th a sortie against the French was repulsed with much loss. On the 9th the Monitor says, the batteries of the besiegers were re-established and the allies sufficiently entrenched and provisioned to remain through the winter.

A Russian despatch dated the 13th states that nothing of importance had occurred. Some small sorties were successful; in one, the Russians had captured some small mortars and spiked others which were larger. The fire of the allies was but feeble. The Russian defences on the South were estimated at 100 guns stronger than when the siege began.

On the other hand the British have erected a very powerful battery which has not yet been opened, on an eminence north of the valley of Jokermann, commanding every house in Sebastopol, besides being another step towards the investitute of the place.

The Russian Admiral Tirinoff put to sea from Sweburg on the 31st of October. On the 9th the ships had steamed as far as Dangoe. On the 10th of November, Admiral Rumainzoff left Sweberg with 4 ships of the line, which were towed by steam frigates and safely reached Cronstadt.

The bill for the enlistment of 40,000 Germans awakened protracted debates, Disraeli and his party in the House opposed it, but would not throw any unfair obstacle in the way. Milner Gibson said that the enlistment of foreign mercenaries was inconsistent with free governments, violated the principles of neutrality, and might be taken advantage by Russia to hire privateers in the United States.

The chancellor of Exchequer gave notice that he will propose that the duty on tea remain 184 per pound until peace.

Sir James Graham stated that Admiral Fransbaive is making vigorous efforts for the destruction of the Slave trade in Cuba.

The foreign enlistment bill was, read a third time in the House of Commons on Friday night, and passed by a majority of 9. The measure is extremely repugnant to the feelings of the people; it is regarded as a job to put money in the pockets of our cousins Hanover and Gotha.

Debates ensued on the militia bill. Earl Derby and his party opposing the removal of the militia to foreign garrisons. The bill was read a second time and passed through Committee.

Lord John Russell stated that the number of troops France is willing to send to the seat of war are only limited by the number of transports.

The transfer of deposits by saving banks amounting to £33,000,000 from the Bank of England, into Government 3 per cents. was regarded unfavorably and caused the funds to recede.

It was observed that the Russians were arming their ships in Sebastopol probably for an attempt to a surprise by sea.

Liprandi has been deprived of the command of a fault committed at Inkermann on the 6th.

5000 French had reached Constantinople on the 8th, on their way to the Crimea as a contingent.

Omar Pacha's force to be sent to the Cremea is now called 45,000 men. Omar is to embark in a few days.

General Guyon, Hasian, Pacha and 10 Polish staff officers were ordered to the Crimea from Asia, as soon as the English fleet withdrew from the Gulf of England.

Carter & Co., ship brokers of London have suspended. Their liabilities are £80,000, which the assect will probably meet.

FRANCE.—The proposed loan which occupied the government, might be postponed until March.

AUSTRIA.—On the 14th, at Vienna, the notifications of the triple treaty were exchanged.

It is reported at Vienna that Russia accepts the four points, as the basis of peace negotiations, but the razing of Sebastopol or the reduction of the Black Sea fleet will positively be refused. If an offensive equivolent should be proposed, Russia promises acceptance.

The treaty between Great Britain and Japan was regarded with great favor.

Sir James Sterling attempted to obtain similar terms for France, but the Japanese minister refused. A special French mission will be sent.

Consols, 91¾@91¾.

Gen. Harley was among the passengers of the Asia.

DETROIT, Jan. 4.—The Legislature met to-day. The message of the Governor states the indebtedness of the State to be over $3,000,000. The surplus in the Treasury on the 30th November is $453,004. The Governor recommends the prohibition of all bank bills under $5; also an amendment of the prohibitory liquor law to the license system of one or more gallons; an amendment to the law relative to mining companies, increasing their capitals, &c.

ALBANY, Jan. 4.—Considerable excitement prevails in consequence of the interference of Catholic Priests, who destroyed books of a religious character, given to the children at the alms house, on Sunday last. Four teachers appointed by the influence of the Priests, and acting under their directions, seized the books and destroyed them.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The Rev. W. C. Eddy, of Lowell, is elected Speaker of the House.

DETROIT, Jan. 4.—Howard & Co., Bankers, of this city have suspended.

HALIFAX, Jan. 4.—The Asia sailed at noon for Boston. She reports having seen the Sarah Sands on the 24th, returning to port.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4.—The motion for a new trial in the case of Martin, a Post Office clerk, convicted of stealing money from a letter, was overruled to day. He was sentenced to 10 years imprisonment.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—A. W. Farwell & Co., produce dealers, have suspended. It is thought their assets will meet their liabilities.

The failure of Belcher, of St. Louis, was the cause of the suspension of this firm.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4.—The strike on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is ended, and the business of the Company is going on with great activity. New men have been employed.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 4.—Freights to New Orleans dull; scarce and drooping. Whiskey 75c. per bbl.; Pork 65; Flour 50, pound freight 75@80. Freight to Pittsburgh: Whiskey 6@. per bbl.; Pork 60; Flour 40. Markets dull. Flour $7,70@7,85. Whiskey declined to 25½@26½.—Hogs $4,40@4,80, sales dull; meat 4½@5½ for prime. Money stringent; weather clear and cool.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Cotton, a trifle higher; sales 800 bbls N. O. middling at 8¼. Flour a shade lower; sales 7000 bbls good Ohio at $9,31@9,81; southern steady; sales 1200 bbls at $9,87@9,75. Wheat firm. Corn firm; sales 38,000 bush mixed at $1,01. Mess Pork heavy at $12,50, prime $12,25. Beef heavy; sales 500 bbls country mess at $8,75@11,25. Lard firm. Whiskey, Ohio 30½. Coffee, Rio 9¼@10¼. Sugars active, sales 2000 hhds Orleans for refinery at 7½@8. Lard Oil 76@80. Stocks better and quiet. Money easier. Virginia sixes, 92½; Cumberland 27½; N. Y. Central, 83; Erie, 39½; Reading 74½; Little Miama, 88.

COMMERCIAL.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION, for JANUARY.—W. E. Brown, T. F.—Alex Gibson, David E. Park, J. M. Devitt, Jno. Scott.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
Friday Morning, January 5, 1855.

FLOUR—the supply is pretty fair, but prices remain unchanged; sales from first hands of 50, 75 and 200 bbls, superfine at $8,50, and 25 do, extra at $9,62.

GRAIN—sales of 800 and 600 bush oats at depot, at 50, and 500 do from store at 54. Corn, sales at depot of 500 bus, in Ear, at 90.

BACON—small sales of old Shoulders at 6¾, and 1,000 lbs. new Hams at 11, cash.

PORK—a sale of 20 bbls Mess Pork at $13,50, four mos. BEEF—sales of 50 bbls, three at $7,50 and 13 do at $7,75.

HAY—sales of 4 tons baled from store at $28 P ton.

METAL—sales of 100 tons Missouri Pig Metal at $21, six mos., and 2 tons No. 2 Juniata Blooms at 85, six mos.

NUTS—a sale of 27 sks. Pea Nuts at $1,30 P bus.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

The weather yesterday changed to rain about noon, and we have now the prospect of another rise.

The receipts of Produce continue heavy, and our mills are now pretty well supplied with Wheat.

Business was only moderately active. No further developments took place respecting the suspended Banking Houses. Depositors hope for the best; but without some data to go upon it is impossible to form a correct judgement.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE CIRCULAR—MONTHLY STATEMENT.—Total imports of all descriptions, direct and coastwise, for 1854.....171,702 bags
1853.....204,462 bags
Decrease of imports in 1854.....32,760 bags
Imports direct in 1854, of Rio.....85,251 bags
Of other descriptions.....45,171 bags
130,422 bags
Direct in 1853, of Rio.....124,067 bags
Other descriptions.....53,955 bags
178,022 bags
Decrease of direct imports in 1854 compared with 1853.....47,162 bags
Imports coastwise, of all descriptions, in 1854.....41,280 bags
1853.....35,616 bags
Increase of coastwise imports, 1854.....5,664 bags
Decrease of this direct 1854.....47,726 bags
Increase of other descriptions.....1,116 bags
Decrease of coastwise imports.....4,551 bags
Total Exports from Rio to the United States and Europe for nine months, from January to September inclusive, for the last three years.

	U. States.	Europe.	Total.
1854	599,653	177,204	776,857
1853	660,580	671,901	1,282,301
1852	701,994	774,284	1,476,418

Sales of the month—17 bags at 7 to 9½; 2225 do at 9½ to 10; 3581 do at 10 to 10½; 1,000 do at 10½ to 10¾; 1,000 do at 11 to 11½; 10, 124 bags Rio, 550 do Maracaibo, at 10½ to 11½; Laguayra at 10 to 10½; 400 do Java at 13½. Total, 11,521 bags, including sales of the Coastwise.

Monthly range of prices for Fair to Prime for 1854—January, 10 to 11½; February, 11 to 12; March, 10½ to 11½; April, 10½ to 11½; May, 10½ to 11½; June, 10 to 11½; July, 9½ to 10¾; August, 10½ to 11; September, 10½ to 11; October, 10½ to 11¼; November, 10 to 10¾; December, 10 to 10¾.

Market firm. Rio—Inferior 9@9½c; Fair to Good Fair 10 to 10¾c; Prime 10¾c; Choice 11 cents.

Dec. 30, 1854. JOHN B. MORRIS.

The New Year has been inaugurated in Wall-st., by the announcement of several important failures, which have shaken and unsettled the whole money market, and those which has been fostered by the freedom from financial disasters of the last week or two, are astounded at the sudden failure of Messrs. Wadsworth & Sheldon was followed by that of Messrs. Livingston, Fowler & Co., and a number of others of St. Louis, carrying down Messrs. Foster & Stephenson, and Messrs. C. Ray, Cincinnation Merchants of this city who have become entangled with the Missouri concerns alluded to. Last house, An extensive Boston house, it is also expected, will be obliged to suspend. It is also a large sugar refinance, of the liabilities of Messrs. Belcher & Co., the amount is $1,000,000, and the assets are estimated to will pay over 30 or 40 percent. Messrs. Belcher, it will be remembered, failed, some years ago, in connection with the United States upon the question of duties levied upon some of their importations. Subsequently the government insisted should pay the value duty. Messrs. B. & Co. carried the matter to the Supreme Court, and their loss in the meantime by depreciation, &c., was not less than the most $250,000. It is thought probable that this suspension will not long delay the resumption of several other houses in St. Louis, New Orleans, and like city. Messrs. Wadsworth & Sheldon are a young house, and has a large capital, which has been locked up in unprofitable railroad enterprises, and is satisfactorily known as a most handsome gentlemen. They were, we believe, partners in a Chicago Banking house, and large stockholders in the Merchants' Bank of Mason, the circulation of which is now in this city. They were also agents of the State of Illinois and in connection with Messrs. Foster & Stephenson, of whom about $155,000, has not been paid, although it was duly received by the State. This is the case with the Bank of Illinois, but there is some reason to believe that some arrangements will be made in a day or two, which will enable us to understand the American Exchange Bank has offered to advance on what is due them from the State, if it is paid to the State. The payment of $415,000 on the principal of the State is made at Springfield, so that that money is not involved. The liabilities of Messrs. Wadsworth & Sheldon are said to be $1,000,000, but we think this is exaggerated. The immediate cause of the suspension was the withdrawal of deposits from the West, which were due last week. Messrs. Foster & Stephenson have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors.

The foreign letters by the Atlantic are generally cheerful in their tone, and quote the Money market easier, with more disposition to purchase. The Bullion in the Bank of England on the 28th inst. was £20,000 less than the previous week, over limited ten day for execution. There were also advices of a sale of 500,000 lbs of Western Railroad bonds, by Mitchell, of the Ohio and Mississippi Road, returned in the Atlantic, having met with success. The steamer expected to-morrow from Boston will carry out a fair amount of our securities bought on orders received by the previous steamers.

The payment of interest coupons on the bonds of the various railroads of this State, which are due on the first inst. to-day, and we hear of no default of any importance, except in the case of the State of Illinois, and that is owing to the failure of Messrs. Wadsworth & Sheldon. Three or four small railroad notes have lain over on the 1st, but payment or a renewal will be arranged probably in a few days. Probably three millions of dollars have been collected on account of payment of interest and dividends.

The specie in the Banks is now $130,541; paid, $1,295,453, including the transfer draft for interest on the public debt, $833,000; balance, $2,478,296, which is smaller than it has been for a long time.—N. Y. Tribune.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.—26 bxs candles, Meacham & Co; 20 bbls syrup, A Cunningham; 75 bbls lard, Wm Graham; 25 bbls do, Graham & Thomas; 25 bbls do, Sawyer; 50 bbls apples, 23 do potatoes, owners; 2725 sks wheat, Bryan & Co; 2700 do Wilmarth & co; 130 do, owners; 3 bbls flour, Harbaugh & Dyer; 400 bbls do, Thomas & co; 8 Linseys; 90 do, A & A M'Bride; 100 do, J & W Rea; 50 bbls potatoes, Hagaly & co; 100 do, Wm Graham; 30 pkgs butter, 10 bbls wool, cast; 40 kegs lard, 10 bbls cincinnati, Sutter & co; 25 tons sheet iron, Bennett & co; 25 tons blooms, King & Morehead; 282 bbls oysters, G O Hunter; 74 sks Rye, 12 bgs apples, 1 bbl do, 1 bbl lard, Lamb & Reynolds; 21 sks rags, H M'Collough; 11 sks fruit, Brown & Kirkpatrick.

LIMA AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—484 bus corn, Mc-Knight & Iler; 500 do, Graham & Thomas; 200 do, English & Co; 200 bus do, Wm Graham; 200 do, Sawyer; 50 bbls lard, Jno A & Denny; 200 bus wheat, Wm Graham; 45 bbls flour, Montgomery & Lynch; 50 do, J M'Cully; 30 do Hamilton & Co; 50 do, Wm Graham; 50 do, Sawyer; 50 bbls lard, Heratine & co; 8 pkgs butter, Enc'ish & co; 44 do, Bell & Bigger; 10 do, Hamilton & Co; 50 bbls lard, Wm Graham; 50 do, J Grant; 25 do, P M'Kelvy; 200 bus oats, J W Simpson & Co; 50 do, S W Blackburn; 5 tons metal, Shields & Co; 1 package, Howard & co; 50 pkgs butter, 22 do lard, 35 do dried fruit, Lamb & Reynolds; 10 do do, Graham & Thomas; 5 bbls tallow, 47 sks cheese, J B Canfield; 42 do, Tittle & co; 1200 per bacon, 26 bbls lard, Hanna & Dyer; 4 kegs butter, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 24 bls hemp, cast.

STEAMBOATS.

"1854"

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville, and St. Louis.

THE PITTSBURGH AND CINCINNATI STEAM PACKET LINE,

FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF

PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, AND ST. LOUIS.

THIS LINE is composed of the following first-class, powerful stern-wheel steamers, viz:

The new and splendid steamer ARCTIC, Capt. Thos. Shirlds.
The new and splendid steamer ARCTIC, Capt. Thos. Shirlds.
The new and splendid steamer ARCTIC, Capt. Thos. Shirlds.

is the only through daily line of Steam Packets on the Ohio river. It connects with the United States Mail Line of Steamers from Cincinnati to Louisville and St. Louis, by which passengers and freights are delivered at their destination every day. Two new steamers have been added to the line, which now consists of the following boats:

Boats	Captains	Days of Departure from Pittsburgh.
BUCKEYE STATE	M. W. KETTENDORF	Sunday.
KENTUCKIAN	J. B. MAYO	Monday.
ALLEGHENY	GEO. WASH	Tuesday.
CRYSTAL PALACE	WM. J. EWERT	Wednesday.
PHILADELPHIA	A. C. ORTON	Thursday.
PITTSBURGH	H. CAMPBELL	Friday.
PENNSYLVANIA	——— PETERSON	Saturday.

Leave daily at 10 o'clock, A. M., precisely.

No Freight received after 9 o'clock, on the morning of departure.

For particulars, apply on board, or to

JOHN B. LIVINGSTON,
JOHN FLACK, Agents,
Monongahela House Buildings.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 25, 1854.

Wheeling Packet.

THE new and substantial steamer ——— Capt. McCALLUM, will hereafter run as a regular packet between Pittsburgh and Wheeling, leaving Pittsburgh every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY of each week at 10 o'clock, and Wheeling every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at the same hour.

The Exchange connects at Wellsville with the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad, and at Wheeling with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. For freight or passage, apply on board or to

J. J. COLLINGWOOD, Agt., Water st.

☞ The Exchange is an entirely new and speedy boat of very light draught, excellent accommodations, splendidly finished and furnished—built expressly for this trade oc16

Proclamation

CITY OF PITTSBURGH, }
In accordance with the provisions of An act of the General Assembly, of the State of Pennsylvania, providing for a general system of Common Schools, dated at the Supplement of said Act, I, FERDINAND BIGLER, Mayor of said City, do hereby give this proclamation, declaring that on the SECOND TUESDAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1855, being the 9th day of the month, the freemen of each Ward of said City, qualified to vote for members of the Common Council, will meet at the several places of holding elections in said Wards, and elect by ballot a citizen of said City qualified to be a member of the Select and Common Councils of the Commonwealth, to be MAYOR of said City; also, one person to be a member of the Select, before resident authorities, and also to the Ordinances of said City, as hereinafter set forth, viz:

First Ward, will elect by ballot one person to be a member of the Select Council of said city, and four persons to be members of the Common Council of said city.

Second Ward, one person to be a member of the Select, and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Third Ward, one person to be a member of the Select, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fourth Ward, one person to be a member of the select, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fifth Ward, one person to be a member of the Select, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Sixth Ward, one person to be a member of the Select, and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Seventh Ward, one person to be a member of the Select, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Eighth Ward, one person to be a member of the Select, and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Ninth Ward, one person to be a member of the Select, and two persons to be members of the Common Council, and to perform the duties of Assessor of the City of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of said City of Pittsburgh, this 26th day of December, A. D. 1854.

FERDINAND E. VOLZ, Mayor.
Attest: JOHN S. DILWORTH, Clerk.

ORNAMENTAL STAINED GLASS.

THOMPSON & SCHLEIF,

GLASS STAINERS, No. 155 Third street, Pittsburgh, respectfully invite the attention of the public, and Architects, Builders and Gentlemen generally, who have about to build private residences or churches, to their improved style of Ornamental Stained Glass, which differs from all other Methods in use in the United States upon the question of durability and appearance, and which they feel confident the intelligent public will appreciate when they examine their specimens. The Pioneer Line has gained for them the reputation of durability and appearance, and which Silver Medals were awarded by the Pennsylvania Mechanic Fair in 1853, and the American Institute in 1854. They are prepared to execute Stained Glass of every description, for Churches, private dwellings, or steamboats, from the plainest to the most elaborate patterns and colorings, including the decoration of churches in Gothic Saxon, Egyptian and allegorical subjects, and every other description of Ornamental Windows also, Ornamental Doors, Transom and Sidelights, by the new and introducing Landscapes, Fruits, Flowers, and every variety of Scroll work. Also, Ground Glass in all the most desirable patterns at low prices, and Entry Lamps, and Lamps for Bar Rooms, Churches, &c., put up in handsome style at moderate. They can point to work already executed in this city, and other places, for churches, steamboats and private dwellings, as evidence of their capacity and skill.

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Carriages for Sale.

THE undersigned have received a ——— from the East, at his CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, situated near the Two Mile Run, between Pittsburgh & Allegheny, on the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, which they offer for sale at reasonable prices, and will continue to receive regular supplies from the Eastern Manufactories, viz: Rockaways, Hacks, &c., which he will sell on the very lowest terms for cash or on time to punctual purchasers. Those in want are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Repairing and painting executed in the best manner, and on reasonable terms.

Those wishing to purchase are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

Rehoval and payment positively called for on the 1st April next. JOSEPH WHITE

dec19-1m&w3m

Executor's Sale

OF that beautiful Country Seat, formerly of the residence of Mrs. Richard Harbaugh, dec'd, near Wilkinsburg.

The subscriber offers for sale the Mansion House and premises above mentioned, comprising twenty acres of land, part of which is a high state of improvement, with the buildings thereon, viz: a large brick Dwelling House and Brick Barn, Carriage House, Stabling and other Buildings, fronting the new road leading from Wilkinsburg to Turtle Creek, now also deceased, in the partition of the real estate of said deceased, which has been ordered by the Court to be sold for the payment of debts and the maintenance of minor children. The sale will take place on the premises, on a day of which due notice will be given. Payment will be made one or two will be arranged probably in a few days. Probably three millions of dollars have been collected on account of payment of interest and dividends.

The specie in the Banks is now $130,541; paid, $1,295,453, including the transfer draft for interest on the public debt, $833,000; balance, $2,478,296, which is smaller than it has been for a long time.—N. Y. Tribune.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI, By Gazelle—11 bxs hardware, Livingston & co; 8 bbls alcohol, W H Wright; 5 do, Fleming Bro; 3 do, J & J Hay; 2 do, S Sweeny; 1 do, Hamilton & co; 1 do, Hostetter & co; 100 do, J Parker; 24 do, D Wallace; 90 do, Hamilton & co; 1 do, Fleming Bro; 1 do, Hostetter & co; 1 do, Horner, Harbaugh & co; 50 do, Murray & Robinson; 40 do, Bell & Bigger; 10 do, Hamilton & co; 1 do, Fleming Bro; 1 do, Hostetter & co; 1 do, Hamilton & co; 1 do, Fleming Bro; 1 do, Hostetter & co; 1 do, Horner, Harbaugh & co; 50 do, Bell & Bigger; 10 do, Hamilton & co; 1 do, Fleming Bro