PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 20, 1854.

To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Rooms Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened Sunday. Advertisements for insertion in order to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 8 o'clock, on Saturday.

Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our businessmen a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or yearly contracts are made. sep26-tdw

Reading Matter on each page of this paper

THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH ON THE SUBJECT OF SLAVERY WITH CATHOLIC COMMENTS!—At the last session of the Michigan Annual Conference of the Methodist E. Church, recently held, the following action respecting Slavery, took place:

"American slavery is an invasion of the rights of God; it is an untraction of the eternal law of Jehovah; it wages war with the administration of Divine Justice and Goodness; it is opposed throughout to the teachings of the Bible; it is distracting and dividing, if not destroying, to the churches of Christ in this land; it is subversive of all the fundamental principles of the Nation, and, in its present alarmingly aggressive movements, is threatening the very existence of the Federal Union and Republican Government. Wherefore, resolved by this Conference,

1. That we share fully the general indignation now agitating all the Free States, created by the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, by which it is made possible that one of the fairest portions of the National Domain, once consecrated by a solemn act of Legislation to freedom forever, may become the theatre of such a system of oppression and iniquity as could not be introduced into any other civilized country upon the face of the earth.

2. That we view with the deepest abhorrence the operations of the Fugitive Slave Law, and will use all proper means whatever, to contribute to the formation of such a public opinion as will peremptorily and absolutely demand its repeal by the National Congress.

3. That we are pained at the very thought that slaveholding—voluntary or mercenary—exists in the M. E. Church, and that we will exert our utmost influence to augment the existing amount of anti-slavery sentiment in the Church to such an intensity of advancing power as will effectually, through the proper channels of ecclesiastical action, totally sever the evils of slavery from Zion.

4. That we are in favor of the next General Conference enacting such a rule of discipline as will entirely operate to exclude all slaveholders from the M. E. Church."

The "Pittsburgh Catholic" copies the above explicit and manly utterance of opinion by a respectable body of Christian ministers, and appends the following remarks:

"So the Methodist E. Conference of Michigan has decided,

1. That American slavery is an infraction of the eternal law of Jehovah.

2. That the Methodist Parsons have the right of declaring to the "National Congress" what course it shall pursue on questions of national interest.

3. That a disciplinary rule should be enacted to exclude slaveholders from the Methodist E. Church.

We have no doubt that the *Pittsburgh Gazette* will endorse these decisions, coming from such a respectable body as the M. E. Conference of Michigan. The *Gazette* has assumed the championship of Protestantism, and as such, only wants a good chance to prove its devotion to good old Methodism wherever it is found, whether advocating a prohibitory liquor law in Pennsylvania, or hurling anathemas in Michigan at the the devoted heads of Southern slaveholders. Now we call on him to prove:

1. That American Slavery is opposed to the law of God.

2. That the Methodists, as a Christian denomination, have a right to interfere with the action of Congress, and supposing they have let him say whether all denominations enjoy a similar right.

3. We call on him to state whether he believes slaveholders will be excluded from the Kingdom of God, if not, to give us his reasons why they should be excluded from the M. E. Church.

It is but just that an American should inside to know the ground on which this extraordinary assumption is based. If it be in contemplation to attempt a union of Church and State, it is but fair that the people should be prepared to resist it in every legitimate way, this inroad on their rights, by an open and candid avowal of what is meant by the above astounding decisions, as will prepare all parties for the crisis, and furnish all concerned with a fair field and an open fight. This is all Americans want. If the slaveholders must go to hell, let them go in the open way, and in no sneaking words: if a Methodist, the warning voice of the *Gazette* may save him from destruction."

The editor of the "Catholic" appeals thus sincerely, and we reply, in brief, as follows:

1. It is not necessary to take up any time to prove that American slavery, with all its concomitants of oppression, injustice and crime, is opposed to the law of God. If the editor of the "Catholic" affirms it to be in accordance with the laws of God, and is willing to undertake its advocacy on scriptural principles, there will be some motive to produce the proof he requires.

2. A body of Methodist Ministers, or those of any other denomination, have a right to express their opinions on all political subjects having a moral bearing, such as slavery and temperance. Congress as a body represents the whole people, and there is nothing in our fundamental laws or in our institutions, in spirit or letter, to prevent or render improper the respectful utterance of opinion, either by memorial or resolutions, by any body of voters, assembled in any form or for any purpose.

3. We do not profess to hold the Keys of Heaven, nor are we so presumptuous as to set as judgeover the eternal destiny of men. We believe wilful slaveholding, for purposes of gain, a sin, an offence sufficient to exclude the offender from the communion of the Christian church. The future destiny of the slaveholder we leave to God.

But are we to infer from the above that the Catholic church in America is in favor of slavery, and is ready and prepared to defend it in her character as an ecclesiastical organization, and with all the power of her infallible dictum? If so, it only adds another evidence of her inherent corruption, and affords an additional incentive to all Protestant friends of liberty to expose its shocking departure from the faith once delivered to the saints.

We are glad to see so respectable a body of Protestant Christians as the Methodist Episcopal Church take such strong ground on the subject of slavery as evidenced in the above quoted resolutions; as it affords reason to hope that that large denomination will soon be free from all connection with the sin of chattel slavery. Even the central and most conservative organ in the church, the *Christian Advocate and Journal*, edited by Dr. Bond, a citizen of Maryland, who has lived among slavery all his life, holds the following language concerning it in the last number of that paper:

"The whole system of slavery, as established by law, in every slaveholding State of the Union, is a national sin—considering each one of these States as a national sovereignity, in respect to slavery; these States alone having the individual right to legislate on the subject. The system of slavery—which certainly is slavery *per se*—as enacted by these States, is in direct violation of Scripture, reason and conscience; and, as God is just, will be punished by national judgments. There are no nations in the world to come, and hence national sins must be punished here—"the Judge of all the earth must do right."

In rebutting the argument of a writer who said that his opinion of slavery could be "summarily expressed in the remarkable language of a Southern Senator, 'Slavery is an evil—a sin *per se*, never,'" the editor of the Advocate says further:

"Our adversary justifies a code of law which denies slaves the right to learn to read the Bible, forbidding any one to teach them under severe penalties. This is slavery *per se*, in many of the slave States, yet Slavery *per se*, we are told, is never sinful. But even this is not the extent of his charity: slavery *per se* legalizes no marriage ties among slaves; it reduces them, as far as it can operate, to a state of general concubinage: it even gives the master the right to prohibit them from attending public worship, or enjoying the means of grace which the Churches provide; yet all this is no sin—no violation of natural or Christian rights—no infringement upon the divine law which commands us to love our neighbors as ourselves! In fact, the system which he declares is not sinful, subjects moral agents to absolute submission to their owners, however wicked—prostrates them in no exercise of their moral faculties; the master's command is law, though in direct conflict with the law of God; yet the Senator's opinion, which he adopts, that slavery is never a sin, justifies it all; and, what is more, justifies the slave trade, both foreign and domestic."

Here is a most graphic description of the inherent, unmitigated sinfulness of Slavery, and the editor only needs to go a step further to be on true ground. While he holds Slavery *per se* to be a sin, yet he allows of what he calls a voluntary slaveholding—slaveholding not for gain, but for the good of the slave. He says: "We *have said before, and we repeat it, if any man holds a slave for gain, he is a sinner before God, and will find it so at the great day when the books are opened and he shall be judged according to his works.*" We fear the exception made will open a wide door for admission of sin, for we have no doubt that nine-tenths of slaveholders will affirm that they consider they are holding their chattels for the good of the oppressed, while at the same time they are taking measures to extend and perpetuate the curse. A mind so deeply imbued with a sense of the exceeding sinfulness of Slavery will not long cling to this untenable and miserable subterfuge, and we therefore hope to see not only the editor of the *Advocate*, but the whole church, take the solid ground that no slaveholder shall, under any circumstances, be admitted to the communion of the church.

The impudence of our Southern brethren is sometimes refreshing. The *St. Louis Republican* affords us the latest instance. It extracts from the *N. Y. Tribune* a paragraph saying that if slavery be allowed to become a legitimate institution in Kansas' it will be the fault of the free States, and adds:

"If these gentlemen will listen to us they will keep their money, and their men at home. Whenever the people get tired of slavery, they will take measures to rid themselves of it, but they never will do it so long as babbling and knavish politicians, and religious fanatics, in the States, insist upon their right to interfere with and manage this question. Let us alone, is all we ask of them, and whenever we think it politic and safe to change this institution, it will be done, but not till then."

If the *Republican* were published in Kansas this might be regarded as nothing unusual; but when it is considered that that paper hails from Missouri, a State which has no more right to meddle with slavery in Kansas than New York or any of the New England States, the sublimity of its impudence becomes apparent. "Let us alone," quoth the *Republican*, us of Missouri.—We are engaged in the effort to plant slavery in Kansas, and we want none of *your* interference. We of Missouri have the right to send as many emigrants as we please into Kansas, and establish such institutions as suit us; but you have no right to interfere with and manage this question! Popular sovereignty belongs to the people of Missouri, and to the people of such other slave States as choose to unite in the task of slavery propagandism; but the people of the free States must keep their men and money at home, and leave the Missourians in Kansas alone!

AN EXPLANATION.—Our readers will long ago have perceived that we allow of full independence in the utterance of his opinions, to our correspondent "Junius." A correspondent at the seat of Government would hardly be worth having on any other condition, and we have sufficient respect for "Junius" to believe that he would submit to no rule which would compel him to write contrary to his convictions. Nevertheless, the unity of purpose which should be evidenced in any paper which has any objects and aspirations beyond the mere purposes of financial profit, requires that there should be a general correspondence in the views of all who profess the high responsibilities of its editorship. Generally the views of "Junius" have harmonized with those of the responsible conductors of this paper, and we have not thought it worth while to dissent where a slight difference has occurred. In the letter of "Junius" published yesterday, however, there were some remarks concerning naturalized citizens and foreigners in general, which jar harshly with the general conduct of this paper. Had we seen the letter before its publication, our dissent would have accompanied it; and we embrace the first opportunity to say that in those remarks "Junius" does not express the opinions of this paper.

The *Journal*, of yesterday, contains the following statement in answer to a remark of ours the day before:

"We lose no time, however, in meeting the imputation on our honor as a friend and fidelity as a politician, which the editor ventures in the charge that we *did not vote for Mr. Darsie for Canal Commissioner*. This is utterly false, and we are quite sure the statement would obtain no credit with Mr. Darsie, if he voted the entire Whig Ticket, excepting only two names. The *Gazette* has, therefore, spoken falsely. Will it retract?"

That it may be seen what we are called on to retract, we quote the following extract from our remarks:

"Its zeal [the Journal's] for Whiggery had no existence during the last State campaign, except so far as the candidate for Governor was concerned. Our fellow-citizen who was in the field as a nominee for Canal Commissioner, and the County ticket generally, received the go-by: and report has it that the editor gave his vote to the defeat of all the Whig candidates who were not on the Know-Nothing ticket."

A friend remarked to us a day or two ago, that he had never seen more dangerous or corrupting matter in the Gazette than St. Ligouri's theory of theft. This is true, and but for the object aimed at, to convince the public of the fearful corruption of Romanism, we should not have soiled our columns with such a dangerous and specious invitation to sin. There is a vast sink of iniquity in the Roman Catholic church which the public ought to be permitted to see, in order to possess an adequate conception of its vileness; but we cannot pollute our columns with it. We would require nothing more than official Catholic books and documents to prove that the Papal church is an immoral, corrupting and anti-Christian church, and that the immorality, ignorance, degradation and crime so fearfully prevalent in papal countries, are the legitimate effects of its impious teachings.

THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.—On Monday the steamer Col. Bayard forced her way through the ice from Elizabeth to Pittsburgh, thus taking off the embargo which had existed for some days. The ice was quite thick but the gallant vessel ploughed her way through it. The old weather which set in on Monday night, however, restored the reign of the ice king, and Elizabeth must be content to remain still longer separated from our goodly city and the "rest of mankind."

We understand the *Journal*, then, as wishing to deny the *report* that its editor gave his aid to the defeat of all the Whig candidates who were not on the Know-Nothing ticket. We cheerfully give him the benefit of his denial. He will see, however, that he has misunderstood our language. We spoke of his conduct in his paper towards Mr. Darsie and the county ticket generally, which there received the "go-by." As to his vote, we only mentioned the rumor of the day, the truth or which rumor the editor denies.—We infer from this denial that the editor was not then a Know-Nothing, as all the developments of Know-Nothingism agree that a member is bound to vote the ticket selected by the order.

We have before referred to the strange and unjust verdict of $3,000 rendered against Ryan R. Sloane, Esq., of Sandusky, in the U. S. Circuit Court of Ohio, for having legally advised some fugitive slaves under arrest in Sandusky that, having been arrested and detained without legal warrant, they were at liberty to go. Judge Leavitt, with the true instinct of tyranny, refused to sign a bill of exceptions, to allow Mr. Sloane to carry the case to the Supreme Court, and Mr. Sloane has promptly paid the judgment against him. The *Sandusky Register*, in view of the unrighteousness of the verdict, proposes that the people of Ohio should raise a fund among themselves to repay Mr. Sloane the amount of which he has been robbed, and we think the suggestion a good one. We take the liberty of adding that, if the Republicans of Ohio have any nomination for State office in their gift which Mr. Sloane will accept, they ought to tender it to him.

The *Philadelphia Ledger* enumerates thirty sufferers by the late fire there, who lose in the aggregate $431,000, and are insured to the extent of only $210,700.

A NEW CANDIDATE FOR THE PRESIDENCY.—We learn from the American Banner, the organ of the old Native party in Philadelphia, before it was swallowed, body and breeches, by the new Know Nothing organization, that Com. Stockton has been interrogated respecting his principles, with a view of bringing him out as a candidate for the Presidency on the American platform.—The Commodore has written a letter in reply, in which, while maintaining his "American" principles, he endeavores to steer clear of bigotry and proscription on account of birth and religion. He avows himself to be an American Democrat, and says he is in favor of confiding all executive and administrative functions of office to American born. He also favors an extension of the period of residence previous to naturalization to 21 years, or a total repeal of the naturalization laws.

"DROSS AND SCUM."—The following choice paragraph is from the *Washington City* (Know-Nothing) *Organ*:

"What action the Grand Council has taken to purify the party, and purge it of such *dross* and *scum*, we of course know not; but of this we feel assured, they mean to drive *Sewardism* alias *abolitionism* from the American camp, and to create, for the future, an unadulterated and Union-preserving American party."

We hope our anti-Slavery friends who have been seduced into Know-Nothingism will duly appreciate the kind and fraternal spirit which characterizes them as "*dross* and *scum*," and will understand the pertinency of the threat to *drive* them from the American camp:

The *Zanesville Courier*, noticing the fact that agents of Eastern houses have found it impossible to make collections in the South, adds the following:

"A friend from Baltimore was out in this region, a week ago, on the same errand, and in a town, where a little rising of $3000 was due the firm, he had to *borrow* money to get him out of the place.

There is a moral in all this. Many good and honest men, who would not under ordinary circumstances fail to discharge their obligations, suffer severely from the pressure of the times, and if pushed to the wall must necessarily be crushed. In these cases, it is difficult at all times to determine the best course to pursue; but at the worst, a little leniency will do no harm, while it may save many a good man from doing that at which his heart revolts, and in the end be most productive of good."

BEEF PACKING IN CHICAGO.—The *Chicago Tribune* says that 23,157 cattle, averaging 571 lbs. each, have been slaughtered and packed there this season; and that the number during the winter season will rise to 25,000 or 30,000.—The beef thus packed is sought for in European markets, being more tender and palatable than beef which has not had the advantage of prairie feeding and abundance of corn to fatten on.

RETH HALL.—This work, by Fanny Fern, which we noticed at some length a few days ago, is now for sale by J. H. Mellor, Wood street.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

PARISH AND OTHER PENCILINGS. By Kirwan. Harper, N. Y. 1852.

Another book from the pen of Kirwan. Yes, and so long as he writes such books, may he never cease. True, the book is made up of fugitive pieces, but there is not an uninteresting article, we think, in the book, and we have read several of them, and was surprised to find that two hours had fled during the sitting, which we thought had been some twenty minutes. The articles on Bedini, the Papal Nuncio, and Dr. Duff the Christian Missionary, are worth the price of the book.

HARPER'S STORY BOOK, No. 1. A series of Narratives, Dialogues, Biographies, and Tales, for the instruction of the young. By Jacob Abbott. Embellished with numerous and beautiful engravings. Jacob Abbott is the Peter Parley of the United States. Now what more appropriate present could a parent make to his son or daughter, than to subscribe for this beautiful and instructive Magazine, as we may call it. It will be a present that will continue through the year, and be renewed every month.

The above for sale by J. L. Read, who will receive subscriptions for this story book. Call on Mr. Read, 78, Fourth st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dividend—Citizens' Insurance Company

THE President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of Ten Dollars per share, upon the Capital Stock, THREE DOLLARS payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, and carry the balance to the credit of their stock. SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secy.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 16th, 1854.—dec16-2t

Hardware Salesman Wanted, in a first class Philadelphia House. A gentleman having knowledge of the business, and influence with purchasers from Pennsylvania and Ohio, or other prompt paying trade, can address "Merchant" Box 201 Market st., Philadelphia.

Hydromagen Cork Soles just rec'd and for sale at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st.

FAMILY FLOUR.—Best brands constantly on hand, and for sale low and retail by J. D. HERSTINE & CO., 92 and 95 Front st. sel2-2m-6-1

Frostwort or Rock Rose, for the Cure of SCROFULOUS DISEASE.—This valuable medicine—My son Charles has been afflicted with inflammation of the hip joint. At the age of 5 he was first attacked, inflammation increased until the hip was very much diseased, and the joint seriously affected his leg, drawn up so that it was impossible to straighten it, a professor of surgery gave it as his decided opinion that the leg would never heal, and that the young man would never walk again. The disease seemed to go rapidly that for two and a half years he only walked with a crutch, and the efforts to exercise the limb was attended with great pain, so that he could not sleep. I am happy to inform you that for five months I did not have one full night's rest. He had been treated by distinguished medical practitioners by leeching, blistering, &c., he had also been before the Medical College of this City, without benefit. The remedies you recommended were most faithfully tried but without avail. This was his disease and dreadful condition eighteen months since he commenced taking your Rock Rose. One bottle was but partly taken when he was much better, continuing until three bottles had been taken, when a cure was entirely completed, now he is in good health. This is the testimony of and can be corroborated by addressing Mrs. Catharine McGill, 91 Wallace st., New Haven, Conn., or can be fully substantiated by hundreds of witnesses, or by addressing a line to Rev. W. W. Belden, New Haven, Conn.

Sold wholesale and retail at the Drug Store of GEORGE H. KEYSER, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar.

Agency of Dr. Fitch's Celebrated Medicines, at Dr. G. H. KEYSER'S Drug Store, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin Alley:

Cherry Pulmonic, Pulmonary Balsam, Pectoral Expectorant, Pulmonary Liniment, Depurative Syrup, Heart Corrector, Humor Corrector, pure and medicinal Cod Liver Oil, Anti-Dyspeptic Mixture, Cough and Cathartic Pills, Nervine, Vermifuge, Female Pills, Female Specific, &c. &c., used by him constantly and with unprecedented success in the treatment of

Colds, Coughs, Consumption, Asthma, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, Piles, etc., etc. Dr. Fitch's unequalled Patent Silver Plated Abdominal Supporters.

Dr. Fitch's Improved Steel Spring Shoulder Brace. Dr. Fitch's Silver Inhaling Tube.

Also, all kinds of Proprietary Medicines, Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces. Remember the place, Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, sign of the Golden Mortar. ds4-1dw8

Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaint, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Piles, are all relieved and cured in an incredible short space of time, by Carter's Spanish Mixture, the great tonic and purifier of the blood. It contains not a particle of Mercury, Opium, or any noxious drug to produce harm in any form, and has cured more than five hundred cases of disease. We can only refer the reader to the certificates, a few of which may be found in another column, and all of which are derived from persons in this city. It is difficult at all times to determine the best course to pursue; but at the worst, a little leniency will do no harm, while it may save many a good man from doing that at which his heart revolts, and in the end be most productive of good."

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Medical Testimony cannot be Controverted.—One of the most startling cases is narrated of Dr McLane's Vermifuge by Dr. John Butler, of Lowell, Trumbull Co., Ohio. The case was that of a young lady who had been very sick for *eight years*, and had consulted a number of physicians, who had treated it as one of Prolapsus Uteri. Dr. Butler was then called in, and for a time believed with his predecessors that it was a case of Prolapsus. He was, however, soon forced to the conclusion that his patient was suffering from worms, and after much persuasion, prevailed upon her to take two doses of Dr. McLane's Vermifuge. This medicine had the effect of removing from her a countless number of the largest size. After she passed them her health immediately returned. She is since married and continues to enjoy excellent health.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and from the sole proprietors

FLEMING BROTHERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
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Extension of Stay.

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH would announce that as in consequence of the accumulated demands upon his attention he would find it impossible to leave Pittsburgh on the 18th inst., as proposed, without leading to the disappointment of many, he will still tarry for a period, not exceeding the first of January, 1855—thus affording those who apply in reasonable time an opportunity to avail themselves of his advice. He would add, however, that his engagements at Detroit will preclude the possibility of a further extension of his stay, without entirely passing other appointments, and that those desiring to consult him will do well to do so little time as possible, as he is usually so much crowded during the last weeks of his appointments that he cannot promise to see all who call upon him, unless they have made previous engagements.

Rooms 91 and 92, City Hotel. Office hours, 9 to 4.

He may (hereafter be addressed as usual, No. 714 Broadway, New York.

Dr. Fitch would add that he will not leave for Europe until the first of May. ds15-3wtdeo7

Du Pont Powder.—Every variety Rifle Mining and Blasting Powder, in all size packages always on hand and for sale from Magazine, in lots to suit purchasers, on favorable terms. Also Safety Fuse.

D. W. C. BIDWELL, Manufacturers' Agt.,
no7-d1y 155 Front street, Pittsburgh.

MARRIED—In this city, at the St. Charles Hotel, on Tuesday, 19th inst., by Rev. Dr. Paxton, A. M. DOULAND, of Cincinnati, to Miss SARAH A. ABBOTT, daughter of Dr. E. F. Abbott, of Mantua.

(Cincinnati papers and Hazellton News copy.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Reduction in Prices!

Great Bargains in Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloaking Cloths, Embroideries, &c.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD

ANNOUNCE to the public a REDUCTION IN PRICES in their rich DRESS GOODS, CLOAKING CLOTHS and VELVETS, EMBROIDERIES and all kinds, BROCHE, ORIENTALS, and WOOL SHAWLS, SCARFS, &c.

They ask particular attention to their large assortment of Mullin de Laines and choice styles of rich printed, all wool Mullin de Laines and Cashmeres, Merino and Cashmere Plaids, French Merinos and Coburgs, Drab Silks, in black and brown, of all widths and various styles of Stripes, Plaids and Damasks, all of which have been marked down from prices that have ruled so low during the past season.

Persons wishing to procure handsome and useful Christmas and New Year's Gifts, for their lady friends, have now an opportunity of doing so at very low prices.

de12-2t*w3

A. P. A.

PROTESTANT HALL, *Allegheny*, Dec. 18th, 1854.

At a Regular Meeting of the Protestant Leader No. 1, A. P. A., the following Preamble and Resolution was adopted and ordered to be published:

WHEREAS, There being a Ballot cast off on the 23d inst., which is known by the name of *Grand Protestant Ticket*, which is believed by those who are in the know to be not as well pasted as they might or should be in the *true* name of our order, that said Ticket was gotten up without the sanction and supervision of the *American Protestant Association*, and as the name of Dr. Wm. Wilson, of No. 26, A. P. A. has been used by some persons in connection with said Ticket, without her knowledge or consent, this is to inform the *Intelligent* Public, that Dr. Wilson, is not connected, directly or *indirectly*, with the origin, promulgation or final result of said Grand Protestant Banquet and Ball.

WM. NEWMAN, W. A.
Clair-st., Pittsburgh. H. P. Schwartz, or J. T. Sample, Dry-goods, Allegheny.

Flour will be delivered to families in either of the cities. Terms, CASH on delivery.

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FLEMING BROTHERS,
(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NO. 65 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Proprietors of Dr McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills, &c.

Citizen's Insurance Company of Pittsburgh

H. D. KING, *President.*
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, *Sec'y.*

OFFICE, 84 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.

☞ INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS AND TRIBUTARIES, Lake and Coastwise Navigation. ALSO, Lots or Damage by Fire, against the perils of the Sea and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.

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JAMES S. HOON, President.

CHARLES A. COLTON, Secretary. *Late of Dunlap & Co.*

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Nature and Art.
Heads by nature clothed with red,
Or by art with snow dispread,
Are turned to black or brown instead.
By Cristadoro's Dye.

Now's the time to test its power,
Would you shine in beauty's bower,
Making envious rivals sour.
Use Cristadoro's Dy

☞ Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye, sold at Dr. KEYSER'S Drug Store, 140 Wood st. nov15-d&w7

New Daguerrian Gallery.
MR. NELSON would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that in order to meet the daily increasing demand for his Daguerreotypes, he has had built and has now completed over the Old Post Office, Third street, one of the most spacious and magnificent Sky Light Galleries ever constructed for Daguerreotype purposes, in the United States. We are now prepared to execute Likenesses of all sizes and styles, in any weather, from 8 o'clock A. M. till 4 o'clock P. M. A visit from all is solicited, whether they wish for Likenesses or not. Rooms, Old Post Office Building, Third street
de2-d&w3

HARDWARE
LOGAN, WILSON & CO.,
Beg to call the attention of Buyers to their extensive Stock of
HARDWARE AND SADDLERY,
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RECEIVED BY RECENT PACKETS FROM EUROPE, and which they offer on the most favorable terms, Merchants going East will find their interest promoted by buying their HARDWARE at

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Chloride of Lime for sale at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street.

Tobias' Venetian Linament for sale at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street.

$2000 Wanted on a Mortgage, for one or two years, on first class Real Estate, situate in the heart of the city. Apply at this office. de4-tf

M'Clintock's Family Medicines.—We all the attention of heads of families, and others, to the advertisement on the fourth page of these valuable Family Medicines.

Dentistry.

DR. D. HUNT, Dentist, has removed his office from Ferry st., to the house recently occupied by Dr. Wilson, a few doors from Smithfield st., on Fourth, (next door to Dr. Murdoch's,) where he will be pleased to see all who may favor him with a call. de19-3t

ARTIFICIAL TEETH!!!
DRS. DUNCAN & CAMERON,
DENTISTS,
No. 156 West Sixth street, between Race and Elm streets, CINCINNATI.

THIS OFFICE under the management of its present proprietors, has been increasing in reputation for superior operations in the Artificial Department of Dentistry for the last ten years, and no expense or effort shall be wanting to give satisfaction to all who may favor it with their patronage.

The subscribers would call attention to the following essential points pertaining to Artificial Teeth, viz: Beauty and naturalness of appearance, quality and strength of the materials, comfort to the wearer, and usefulness in restoring the natural appearance of the speech, and ability to mastticate, in all of which they are warranted in saying they are exceeded by none, and equaled by few.

TEETH inserted from one to a full set, with Artificial Gums. Full and Half Sets invariably inserted by suction.

All operations in Dentistry performed in the most thorough manner.

TERMS—Considering the superior character of the work and the guarantee given, they are the most reasonable in the West.

Two Teeth or more, on Gold Plate, $2.00 per Tooth.
Silver " 2.00 " "

The money refunded if the Teeth do not prove satisfactory.

☞ For the information of those living at a distance, we would state that our fair files are such that we can make in the finest style, a full set of TEETH in from 24 to 48 hours, and small pieces in proportion, so that no detention need be apprehended.

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Chartiers Valley Railroad Company.

A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Chartiers Valley Railroad Co. will be held in accordance with the provisions of the Charter, on MONDAY, the 8th day of January, 1855, at the St. Charles Hotel, in the City of Pittsburgh, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing a Board of Managers for the ensuing year. ds15-td J. K. MOORHEAD, Pres't.

ELECTION—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the *Associated Firemen's Insurance Company*, for election for thirteen Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Office of the Company, on Tuesday, the 2d day of January, 1855, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M. de18-td R. FINNEY, Sec'y.

TO YOUNG BUSINESS MEN.—"A young man entering upon the business life without a thorough knowledge of writing and book-keeping, has about as much chance to succeed as a ship to reach port without a rudder or compass."

Prof. MILLER & BRO. continues to receive students in Penmanship, Book-keeping, Arithmetic, &c., at any time, and continue to prepare young men for any situation in business. The facilities for commercial instruction are equal to any institution of the kind in the Western country.

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Every effort will be made to procure situations for graduates of this Institution. Students shall give a diploma when they have fully made up their minds to be competent in the duties of mercantile life.

Regular classes meet daily from 11 A. M. till 12 M., and from 3 till 5 P. M.

Please call at the Iron City Commercial College, Lafayette Hall, Wood st. Permanently Located. Open from 8 A. M. till 10 P. M. de15

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R. H. DILWORTH, 130 & 132, 2d st.

SYRUP—100 bbls. Balt. Golden Syrup: 100 do Brooklyn, do just rec'd