HOME MATTERS.

DISTRICT COURT.—Before Judge Williams.

In the case of Michael M'Math vs. George H. Bell, action for trespass, (noticed yesterday) the jury returned a verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $147,60.

A. Kirk Lewis vs. James Irons. Verdict for defendant, $41,68.

Gottfried Hasselbarth and Frederika Hasselbarth vs. Charles Espe. Defendant confessed judgment for costs.

George P. Smith vs. David Carr. Verdict for plaintiff, $602,43.

Wm. T. M'Clurg vs. Luther G. Fox. Verdict for plaintiff, $123,79.

This Court was not in session yesterday afternoon.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—Before Judges Grier and Irwin.

United States vs. John Clarke. This was an action upon the bond of the defendant, as Surveyor of the Port of Pittsburgh. Judgment for the penalty of the bond, to be respited on the payment of $9,165 25.

United States vs. John Minis, bail of John Clarke. Jury permitted to return a sealed verdict.

United States vs. Thomas Dunlop, bail of Jno. Clarke. Jury allowed to return a sealed verdict.

John Q. Eoff vs. Joseph S. Morrison, John Kerr and Cyrus Black, executors of Marcus Black. Verdict for plaintiff.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Before Judges McClure, Boggs and Adams.

In the case of Com. vs. Bryan Mahew, indicted for passing counterfeit money, the jury on Monday evening returned a verdict of not guilty; the defendant, however, was remanded to prison to answer other charges against him.

Com. vs. John Chess, indictment assault and battery. The prosecutor, Lawson Green, alleged that Mr. Chess, Deputy Sheriff of Allegheny county, while executing a writ against Jos. Allshouse, in Wilkinsburg, seized him by the neck and chucked him against the wall. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Com. vs. John Chess, indictment assault and battery, on oath of Joseph Allshouse. (This suit originated out of the troubles at the house of the prosecutor, at Wilkinsburg, in June last. It appears that Mr. Chess is levying on a chest, was resisted in the performance of his duty, and was compelled to use some force in order to effect his object. No verdict.

THE BAPTIST CHURCH CASES, seven in number will come up for trial in the Court of Quarter Sessions this morning at nine o'clock. A motion was made before the adjournment of Court yesterday by R. Biddle Roberts, Esq., to have the cases tried by one jury, but some of the counsel refused to assent to this arrangement, at least until the meeting of Court this morning, when they may make an arrangement of this kind.

MELANCHOLY DEATH.—A lad about 8 years of age, son of Mr. Samuel Young, while playing upon a shed in the yard on Monday afternoon, accidentally fell into a large kettle of boiling water, used for scalding pigs. Medical aid was immediately at hand, but he was past recovery.—He died in great agony in a few hours after the accident. His father is a butcher, and resides near the corner of Beaver street and the North Common, Allegheny.

MAYOR ADAMS, of Allegheny, yesterday held Samuel Jamison to bail to answer a charge of nuisance, in inserting his stove-pipe through the fence of George Gibson, and refusing to take it away when requested.

The same magistrate committed Adam Crush (charged on oath of John Crouse, with disorderly conduct) twenty days in default of a fine of $20.

Gotleib Myers was also sent to jail twenty days for vagrancy.

THE BURGLARS.—Ben Wilson and James Williams, both colored, after undergoing an examination before Mayor Volz, yesterday and the day previous, were committed to jail for a further hearing on Monday next. A quantity of clothing, embracing coats, pants, vests, &c., was found at the dwelling of the said Wilson. Any person having lost articles of the kind recently will do well to make inquiry into the matter, as by that means they may fix the guilt upon the individuals beyond all doubt.

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTERS.—The St. Boniface Beneficial Society of Birmingham, has made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a charter of incorporation.

The Society for the Increase and Diffusion of Useful Knowledge, in the Sixth Ward of the city of Pittsburgh, also made application for a charter. The usual notice was required to be given, and the charters will be granted at the next term of Court, provided no valid objections be made to the same.

LIGHT.—Many inquiries were making in Allegheny last night, as to the reason why there were no gas lights burning in the streets, but no one seemed able to give any satisfactory answer. In making a call at the Gas Works, we were informed that it was owing to the fact that two of the furnaces were worn out, and they were scarcely able to make enough gas to supply their private customers. The new furnaces, however, are almost ready for use, and they expect to light up as usual to-night.

ADMITTED.—John H. Hampton Esq., on motion of A. W. Loomis; and Robert L. Johnston, Esq., on motion of Col. R. Biddle Roberts, were yesterday admitted to practice as attorneys in the Circuit Court of the United States.

THE LECTURE at Masonic Hall last night, was very well attended, and the speaker was received throughout with marked applause. We understand it is the intention of Dr. Elder to give another lecture at the same place on next Saturday evening.

THE SMALL NOTE LAW.—Suits have been instituted in the District Court against S. Jones & Co., N. Holmes & Son and Kramer & Rahm, well known bankers of this city, for violating the provisions of the small note law, by giving out notes of a less denomination than five dollars.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Terrible Shipwreck.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The Nova Zera, from Bremen arrived ashore this morning near Deal. She had 880 passengers, about 20 of whom, with the captain reached shore. The remainder are still on board. The vessel is fast breaking up. One half of those left on board were drowned between decks or washed overboard. Every effort is making to rescue the survivors.

SECOND DESPATCH.

The life-boat succeeded in reaching the ship once and ten passengers attempted to come ashore; the boat turned over twice and righted. The ten succeeded in reaching the shore. It is thought that 70 have been washed overboard. The sea is breaking over the ship, and it is likely the worst is over, though many more will be lost before morning. Capt. Henry was saved in the life-boat. The ship is a total wreck. Two hundred passengers are clinging to the rigging. It is doubtful whether the ship will hold together until morning. The ship went on shore at eight o'clock this morning, owing to a dense fog.

THIRD DESPATCH.

A later despatch from the New Era reports that they have succeeded in sending a line aboard from shore, but the passengers are apparently too much exhausted to avail themselves of it.—The ship is settling nearly level with the sea, and every soul will be lost before morning.

FOURTH DESPATCH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14—DEAL BEACH, Tuesday, 7 A. M.—The New Era was boarded this morning by life boat men. All the passengers remaining will be saved in three or four hours. The ship is very much broken up, the masts are still standing and the passengers are still clinging to the rigging.

FIFTH DESPATCH.

One hundred and thirty passengers were landed this morning: 50 dead bodies have been picked up on shore. Two tug-boats are here but are not able to render assistance yet, owing to the heavy swell.

SIXTH DESPATCH.

One hundred and thirty-five passengers were saved from the New Era to-day and twenty yesterday; 245 were lost. Three of those saved have since died.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—Gardner is elected by 10,000; in 75 towns every Representative elected is a Know Nothing. Probably every Congressman elected is a Know Nothing. All the State Senators heard from are Know Nothing. In fact everything is Know Nothing. The Whigs, Democrats, Free Soilers and Abolitionists are wholly swamped.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—It is universally conceded that the Know Nothings have swept the State.—In the 9th district, Dewitt; in the 2d, Buffington, and in the 6th, Davis—all Know Nothings are certainly elected to Congress.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—The Atlas of this morning sums up the result of the elections in 308 towns, which are all but 21 in the State: Gardener 78,848; Washburne 26,135; Bishop 13, 195; Wilson 37,618; Walls 313; all others 647. The majority for Gardiner K. N., is $31,035.

Simon Brown, of Concord, has been chosen Lieut. Governor by a vote essentially corresponding with the above.

Robert B. Hall, of Plymouth; Buffington, of Fall River; Darnwell, of Dedham; Comins, of Roxbury; Burlingame, of Cambridge; Davis, of Gloucester; Banks of Waltham; Knapp of Lowell; Dewitt of Oxford; Morris of Springfield, and Trafton of Westfield, have been chosen to Congress—all Know Nothings. Banks and De Witt are the only members of the present Congress.

The State Legislature has been swept in the most surprising manner by the same secret organization who in all probability have chosen every member of the State Senate; and, out of 348 members of the House, 241 Know Nothing. Such a political revolution was never before experienced in this section of the country.

LATEST FROM CALIFORNIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE NORTHERN LIGHT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.

The Northern Light arrived at an early hour, with California dates to the 24th, and about 450 passengers She brings $564,405 in specie, of which the following are the principal consignees—Duncan & Sherman $230,000; Adams $136,000; Wells & Fargo $410,000; Drexel & Co. $20,000.

The Northern Light made the passage in twenty days and twelve hours, being the quickest on record.

Nothing of interest has transpired in California since the last steamer.

Better prices have been obtained for general goods, and trade is getting more healthy. A speculative feeling prevails in Coffee and refined Sugars; 19@25c are the quotations for Rio Coffee; and 15c for crushed and powdered Sugars. There have been large sale of the latter article. Gallego and Haxall Flour $12,50. Pork $29, clear Beef mess $18,50; Hams 10½c; Butter 20c, for old. Bacon 10¾; Adamantine Candles 28¾; other articles at about previous rates.

William Walker, ex-President of Sonora has been declared not guilty.

Additional forgeries by Meiggs have been discovered.

At a meeting of the passengers of the Yankee Blade, resolutions were adopted attributing sheer negligence as the cause of the wreck, and censuring Captain Randall for deserting the wreck, and the agent of the line for not forwarding the passengers to New York. The committee appointed to receive subscriptions for presenting a gold watch to Quinn, the third officer who was the last to leave the wreck, as an evidence of their appreciation of his conduct, have reported favorably.

The rainy season has commenced.

The Northern Light connected with the Sierra Nevada. The Northern Light left San Francisco on the morning of the 7th.

Central America matters remain about the same.

The Chinese are maintaining their position in Grenada.

Further inquiry has much reduced the amount of cash taken away by Meiggs. It probably did not exceed fifty thousand dollars.

In the Walker trial, as a compulsory trial could not be issued against the French Consul, he was formally invited to attend as a witness, but declined.

Great excitement existed still in regard to the Meiggs frauds, and the apprehension of Smythe Clark, late Mayor's clerk, who is charged with having unlawfully detained in his hands sums amounting to $800,000. He is in custody. An examination has taken place without a satisfactory explanation as to much of the missing funds. Hamilton Bowie, late city Treasurer, has also been arrested, charged with having fraudulently taken away books, papers and money belonging to the Treasury; in particular the sum of $336,000 in city warrants, which remained unaccounted for by him. His defence was that the newly elected Treasurer had not complied with the requisites of the law, because of the withholding of the warrants. The case has not been decided.

Several shocks of an earthquake were felt at San Francisco on the 21st.

The 23d of November has been appointed for Thanksgiving.

Efforts have been made by divers to recover the treasure from the Yankee Blade, without success. No trace had been found of the hulk, which had drifted to shore, leaving the engines where the ship had sunk, in about 11 fathoms of water.

NEW YORK ELECTION.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 14.—The Albany Argus foots up the result as follows: Clark, 129,108; Seymour, 128,752: without Clark's estimated majority in Fulton, Hamilton, Schenectady and Tompkins, which, added to the above, will give Clark a total majority of 1706.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Up to the present we have received official returns from 16 counties. Taking as a basis the table of the Times, of this morning, which shows 279 majority for Clark we now figure out a majority for Seymour of 467. Nearly every return differs more or less from the first received. The majority therefore will doubtless fluctuate from one side to the other until every county is received.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 14.—There was a row yesterday in the German Catholic Church, growing out of a difficulty between the Priest and St. Joseph's Society concerning a banner. Legal measures had resulted in favor of the Society, and the Priest yesterday stated that there were thieves and liars present, and therefore he did not proceed with the service. The Priest withdrew and a fight ensued amongst the congregation, four of whom were arrested.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—There was quite a fall of snow in New York this morning. At Dunkirk it fell to the depth of four inches, and was still falling.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—The Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank of this city has closed, and the Naperville Bank and Bank of Elgin notes are refused in this city.

ROME, N. Y., Nov. 13.—A break occurred in the Erie Canal this afternoon; two miles west of Rome, which will interrupt navigation two or three days.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 14.—The excursion train of guests from here and eastward, which left the special train this morning at 6½ o'clock to participate in the opening of the Central Road to-morrow, reached Cumberland at 2½ o'clock this afternoon, in fine spirits, and dined at Cumberland The Mayor of Cumberland, J. DIXON, Roman, and other prominent citizens expect to reach Wheeling at midnight.

CHICAGO, ILL., Nov. 14.—The Union Bank closed to-day. The Bank of Elgin bills are again taken. There is great excitement.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 14.—The steamer Forester was burned last night at New Richmond, 25 miles above. She is a total loss. The steward, chambermaid and one deck hand are supposed to have perished in the flames.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Cotton unsettled and dull. Flour steady; sales 7500 bbls good Ohio at $8,50@$8,81. Southern heavy; with sales 2500 bbls, at former rates. Wheat firm; sales 8500 bus. Corn in demand, and firm; sales 72,500 bus Western mixed at 90. Pork unchanged. Beef firm; sales of repacked Chicago at $15. Lard firm, with sales at 10¼@10½. Whiskey steady, Ohio 42. Coffee firm, with moderate sales. Sugars firm; Orleans 5¾. Molasses firm; Orleans new 29. Linseed Oil 30@31. Iron firm. Stocks dull, with declining tendency. Money unchanged; Cumberland Coal, preferred 4 to 5. N. Y. Central R. R. 83¾; Railroad Bonds 67.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 14.—Flour dull, western further declined; a limited export demand at $8,75. Rye Flour $7. Corn Meal $4,25, in demand. Wheat, limited sales; no change in prices; sales 3000 bush at $1,80, for prime southern, and 1000 bush white at $1,90. Rye $1,20. Corn in good demand; sales 6000 bu. prime old yellow at 85c; red 75@80c, steady. Whiskey steady at 43@44.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 14.—Flour dull at $7,70@7,75, receipts larger. Whiskey 39, steady. Linseed Oil 72@75, fair demand. Sales 100 bbls Spirits Turpentine at 55. The river is stationary. Weather cool and cloudy.

The Second Exhibition of the Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute.

For the Promotion and Encouragement of Manufactures, Agriculture, Commerce, and the Mechanic Arts.

WILL be opened at the City of Washington, on Thursday, the 8th day of February, 1855, in the new and splendid Institution building, which is one of the most magnificent rooms in the United States.

To this Exhibition the Manufacturers, Mechanics, Artists, Inventors and all others desiring to display the results of their labor, skill, ingenuity, and taste, from all portions of the Union, are cordially invited to contribute.

The Machinery Department will be under the charge of a special Superintendent. Steam power, fixtures, labor, &c., will be given free of expense.

All intending to exhibit will be requested to give notice as early a day as possible. Goods should be accompanied with a proper invoice.

The Committee, therefore, feel that in inviting contributions from all portions of the Union to the SECOND EXHIBITION OF THE METROPOLITAN MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, they are offering to the producer of excellent articles a valuable opportunity of making known to the whole country their novelty and utility, the superior style of their workmanship, and their adaptation to the purposes for which they may be intended.

They would respectfully solicit from the LADIES those specimens of elegant handiwork, which heretofore have formed so attractive and important a feature of these display. It is proposed to submit all such contributions to a Committee of Ladies, and to award such articles of merit, premiums of jewelry, &c., suited to the tastes of the fair exhibitors.

The Hall will be opened for the reception of Goods, on Monday, the 29th day of January, and on the evening of Thursday, the 8th of February, at 7 o'clock, the Exhibition will be formally opened for the reception of visitors, and continue open about four weeks.

No article deposited after Saturday night, 24 of February, can be entered upon the Judges' lists for competition or premium, except such as the Committee shall be satisfied were dispatched from a distance in time to have reached the Hall by the day, but failed to arrive from unavoidable detention.

Articles designed for exhibition only, will be received, free of charge, until Tuesday night, 6th of February, at 10 o'clock; after which time, depositors will be subject to a charge of from 50 cents to $1 for each article deposited.

Apprentices and minors, who contribute articles of their own manufacture or invention, shall specify their age, and the time they may have served at their business.

All articles deposited for competition and premium must be of American manufacture, conspicuously labelled with appropriate names: the name of the maker and inventor, (if known,) and the name of the depositor; a copy of which lab l must be furnished the clerk at the time of being the goods for entry on the record. Prices may be affixed, or not, at the option of the exhibitor.

Depositors, at the time of entry, will receive a ticket of title to their goods, which ticket will also admit them to the Exhibition at all times when open to the public.

N. B.—do articles should be addressed as follows: "*Exhibition of the Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute, D. C.*" and should have the nature of the articles, and the name of the party sending them, distinctly marked on the packages. They should also be accompanied by a detailed invoice.

Circulars, containing detailed instructions, will be forwarded, and any information, on application to the Corresponding Secretary, to whom all communications on the business of the Institute should be addressed.

nov8-31ds&ctw

COMMERCIAL.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION of the Board of Trade for October.—W. B. SMITH, C. P. PAYNE, HENRY, W. REA, BENJ. BARKWELL, F. T. BRYAN.

REVIEW OF THE PITTSBURGH MARKET.

For the week ending, November 14, 1854.

The past week has been one of excitement and partial panic in Monetary circles. That the feeling of alarm was of short duration and spent itself without accomplishing much harm, is a matter for general congratulation.

At the time of our last report there were rumors in circulation affecting the solvency of one of our Brokers, and on Wednesday these were proven to be true by the closing of the Banking house of A. WILKINS. There has been no statement made public concerning the extent of his liabilities and resources: but it is known that large numbers of men with small means had deposits with him amounting to a considerable sum in the aggregate, many of whom were Germans. The suspension fell heavily on most of these depositors. Mr. W. was also Treasurer for several Corporations, and one of these at once preferred criminal charges against him. We are not prepared, from any developments yet made public, to think that Mr. WILKINS acted dishonestly. He has been tempted into imprudences resulting in loss; but we are disposed to think him unfortunate rather than criminal. For the sake of old acquaintanceship we are inclined to wait, at least, before condemning.

The suspension of this House of course rendered depositors with other houses uneasy; and the news of the failure in Cincinnati of Ellis & Sturges, and Smead, Collard & Hughes, received during Wednesday, did not tend to promote tranquility. A partial run followed on several Brokers, and a very heavy one on Messrs. HOOD & SANDERS; but this firm met the checks of their depositors promptly and went through the ordeal with much success. On Thursday morning the depositors of HUGH D. KING made a simultaneous rush, and that gentleman, we are sorry to say, feeling himself unable to meet the sudden demand, closed his doors. He has since resumed business, and had about, due means for all his liabilities, at the time, although they were not immediately available for the crisis precipitated on him. No one, but himself, has been the loser by his temporary suspension. On Friday morning, in consequence of the relationship existing between Mr. King and GEN. LARIMER, the Banking house of the latter was beset by an eager and panic-stricken crowd; but they were met so promptly by the cash for their checks in all cases that before evening confidence was restored, and the public became satisfied that there was no ground for apprehension in that quarter. On Saturday, the feeling of uneasiness was pretty well broken down, and there is now no outward evidence of its existence. During the week the other Brokers of the City felt the pressure considerably, but not to the same extent as those we have named.

The result has proved the soundness and stability of our private bankers generally. At a time when nearly the whole board of Brokers was prostrated in Cincinnati, it is considerably to the credit of our City that but one was forced to succumb here. The consequence will be a much better feeling in all quarters.

The week abroad has been as stirring as here. In Cincinnati, Ellis & Sturges, Smead, Collard & Hughes, T. S. Goodman & Co., M'Micken, and John S. Dye, have all suspended. J. R. Hodges also suspended, but only for two; but afterwards resumed. Ellis & Sturges and Goodman have made assignments, handing over their assets for collection, and preparing for a pro rata distribution. Smead & Co., on the other hand, are taking the money of their depositors in payment of notes maturing, which will soon wipe out their indebtedness. All these firms did a heavy business. The statement of one House shows $1,100,000 of operations and a disposition of $250 to creditors.

To add to the embarrassments of the time, the notes of the Miami Bank of Dayton, the Circleville Bank, the Clinton Bank of Columbus, the City Bank of Columbus, and the Canal Bank of Cleveland were discredited. All of these Banks declare their ability to pay their notes in full. The Circleville Bank has suspended, protesting its ability to redeem its issues dollar for dollar, and so lastly the Bank of Columbus; the Canal Bank of Cleveland is redeeming its notes in coin, suspending only as to deposits: the Clinton Bank pays all notes as fast as presented and is winding up its business; and the Miami Bank of Dayton is going into liquidation on account of the failure of its owner, Mr. Beckel. The notes of all these Banks are good for their face; but are not available as currency.

The effect of these Monetary difficulties has been, elsewhere, has been to make Money extremely scarce and dear. We do not pretend to quote outdoor rates; they are not quotable. We are aware of instances in which as high as 3@4 per cent a month, has been paid for money. In fact, borrowers are at the mercy of lenders, and have to submit to such rates as may be imposed.

And while this has been the aspect of things abroad is but little better. In Cincinnati everything is in doubt, confusion and embarrassment, and that at the commencement of the busy season of the year. In New York the Stock market has taken a tumble, and Money is not to be had short of 12 P cent. The same is true of Philadelphia and Baltimore, while Boston, alone, professes to enjoy anything like ease. Specie continues to flow outward and Foreign Goods toward; Flour and Grain are comparatively remain high and scarce; the currency is contracting; Ohio Banks failing; Indiana notes driven home; navigation suspended and commerce throughout the West at a standstill. In fact, the whole look of things is gloomy and unpromising.

It is some consolation to know that, even thus circumstanced, there have been no failures in any street or counter in the City, and that amid all their embarrassments our commercial men have been able to maintain their credit. It is now nearly six months since the River froze up, and the entire interior commerce has been cut off from all markets: and nearly the same length of time since our warehouses have held anything like fair stocks of Produce. Yet in all that time, and surrounded by the difficulties of an extraordinary season, our commercial men have gone successfully through all.

The value of Foreign Imports at New York, for the past week, compares with the corresponding week last year, as follows:

	For the Week	1853.	1854.
Dry Goods		$1,267,267	$1,564,413
General Merchandise		1,296,292	1,653,965
Total		$2,510,559	$3,153,476
Previous 44 weeks		104,911,299	140,969,074
Total this year		$107,421,858	$143,122,550

The exports of Specie from New York for the week were $654,691, from Boston $32,000.

The Cincinnati papers of Monday contain the following items:

The local market remain very quiet and devoid of interest. A few Hogs were out to-day, and we heard of some small sales at $5,62½@5,90 ⅌ 100 lbs.

Specie Payments have been resumed: and the notes of the Miami Valley Bank are now promptly redeemed.

Ellis & Sturges have suspended. Certain Parties, and to statement of his affairs has as yet been submitted to the creditors.

Reports unfavorable to the Branch of the State Bank of Ohio at Toledo were circulated, that as the note holders would be safe, even if it should fail, the matter received but little attention.

The Exchange Bank of Buffalo, Farmers' Bank of Chicago, and Woodbury Bank of Connecticut, have been discredited.

The Orleans and Champlaine County Insurance Co. at Urbana, closed on Friday.

Lard is selling here at 9 cents, prompt. The notes of the Bank of Kanawha sold to-day at 2 @ 3 cent. discount. Bank of Circleville at 5. Kentucky Trust Co. at 5, and Newport Safety Fund at 10. There are few sellers of Circleville, however. The Ohio is a good deal better than the Bank.

The notes of the Clinton Bank of Columbus were again refused in payment. Indiana State notes are selling at 2½ to 3½ cents discount, but a list of 20 of them will be better in a few days.

The public are advised by the following letter of the security of Ohio State Stocks:

TREASURY OFFICE,
Columbus, O., Nov. 11, 1854.

W. W. COMSTOCK, Esq.: In answer to your inquiry, I state that the notes of the Miami Valley and Commercial Bank of Cleveland, Savings Bank of Cincinnati, City Bank of Columbus, and all other Ohio State Bank notes, are received in payment of public dues, at this office, whenever offered. These notes are abundantly secured by the pledge of Ohio State Stocks, which are held in trust by the Auditor and Treasurer of State, which stocks are still commanding a premium in New York. No individual need personally lose any thing by their acceptance.

Very Respectfully, yours, &c.,
J. G. BRESLIN,
Treasurer of State.

Various rumors of the failure of business houses were in circulation, but all these whose names were mentioned were willing to the contrary, and we are not aware, nor do we believe any failure has taken place. That business generally is in a sound condition, we have no doubt; and it is equally true that the number of failures is not greater than it has been for years past, times in which financial affairs are more placed, cause business men, and which cannot be avoided, and they are disposed to make every allowance for the difficulties of their fellow men, temporarily embarrassed; and we know of no paper going to protest, except in cases when it is the duty, if necessary, in order to save the rights of making the endorser liable.

Just 12 days are announced here that Irwin & Foreman, of Xenia, and J. H. James, of Urbana, both Bankers, had succumbed. In the former instance, Eastern and other creditors are the order of the day, sweeping like an epidemic over the land from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

NAVIGATION—Spirited competition firm at 65. Tar is scarce and held at $3,50@$3,75. Rosin No. 1, $4,00 ⅌ bbl: No. 2, good, $4,25, do. inferior $2,62½@$2,87½.

WINDOWS—are dull at 80 cents per bushel, and no demand.

OIL—sales of inferior No. 2, Lard at 65, and No. 1 at 82@85, for sure, linseed, sales of a few small lots at 84@85.

PATENTS—dull at $1,00@$1,12 for prime, and no sales except in the retail way.

IRON METAL—prices are yielding, and the transactions reported indicate a decline of about $5 ⅌ ton: sales of 400 tons Tennessee at $40@$42 principally, with a few lots at $41@$45, and 150 tons Trumbull Co. (Ohio) at $36—six mos.

SEEDS—Timothy we quote at $2,75@$3,00, and no demand. Holders of Clover are still firm, some asking more than first hands set over $6,00 could be realized. Flax continues to request at $1,50@$1,55 for lowest qualities and $1,60@$1,62½ for prime.

WHISKEY—sales in the Canal at $2,00 for No. 1 and $2,00@$2,12½ extra from store at the regular advance.

SHEETINGS—are quite Banner Mill Sheetings at 8¾ for No. 1, and 8 for No. 2.

TOBACCO—Leaf Tobacco is ranging from 10@22, according to brand, and lumps at 20@40.

TALLOW—is nominal at 11c.

WINDOW GLASS—Substantial prices are quoted at $2 ⅌ box for 6x8; $2,50 for 7x9; $4 for 8x10; $3,50 for 8x12, 9x12, and 10x12; $4,50 for 9x13, 9x14, and 10x14; $5 for 9x15, 10x15, and 10x16; $6,25 for 10x17; $5,50 for 10x18; and so on increasing in the ratio of about 25 cents per foot off for cash. Country brands are sold at an average of about 50c less ⅌ box than city brands.

WHITE LEAD—Sales, with a very active demand, and steady sales at $5,50 for pure in oil, and dry 9@9½ for Red Lead extra ⅌ ℔.

WOOL—there is no activity to note; we quote tub and washed at 45 and unwashed within range of 30@35, the outside figure being the best that fine fleece would command.

WHISKEY—in the small way there are steady sales of received stock at 42@43c ⅌ gal. Nothing of importance has transpired in the wholesale way, there being very little stock in market.

CATTLE MARKET.

ALLEGHENY, November 13, 1854.

BEEVES—A full market, 500 were offered, but so many were poor and unfit for killing that not over 150 were sold, which included all the good cattle, at 7½@8½, gross, a few choice bringing 9.

SHEEP—About 1000 head offered; some very poor brought 3½, a fread and the rest, in good condition, $1,25@$2,50 a-piece, some as high as $3,00.

HOGS—750 head were offered; some were taken for slaughtering here, but most on eastern account; prices ranged from 5½@5¾, gross, for stock rolling, and a few fat ones for butchers here brought 6¼.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

STEAMBOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

ARRIVED.

Jefferson, Mason, Brownsville.
Lucretia, Frazier, Brownsville.
T. H. Shriver, Hendrickson, West Newton.
Col. Bayard, Dunlap, Elizabeth.

DEPARTED.

Jefferson, Mason, Brownsville.
Lucretia, Frazier, Brownsville.
T. H. Shriver, Hendrickson, West Newton.
Col. Bayard, Dunlap, Elizabeth.

Various rumors of the failure of business houses were in circulation, but all these whose names were mentioned were willing to the contrary, and we are not aware, nor do we believe any failure has taken place. That business generally is in a sound condition, we have no doubt; and it is equally true that the number of failures is not greater than it has been for years past, times in which financial affairs are more placed, cause business men, and which cannot be avoided, and they are disposed to make every allowance for the difficulties of their fellow men, temporarily embarrassed; and we know of no paper going to protest, except in cases when it is the duty, if necessary, in order to save the rights of making the endorser liable.

—Just 12 days are announced here that Irwin & Foreman, of Xenia, and J. H. James, of Urbana, both Bankers, had succumbed. In the former instance, Eastern and other creditors are the order of the day, sweeping like an epidemic over the land from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The Philadelphia Ledger of Monday says

The Banks are affording very little accommodation to their customers just now. The demand for money is very great, and the supply is for three times greater than the receipts—and is nothing but first class or well secured paper is discounted at the regular rate. Money is the sale of stocks, which, in cases of emergency are sold for whatever can be realized for them. We have heard of sales of shares among our dry goodsmen. The amounts involved, we have heard, are very large. The cause is the active demand, just as credit is very much at discount, only the most reliable securities will command it. We are in hopes now having very blue times, which are accurated by every body distracting his neighbor, that we shall see more money in the market, and a very different state of affairs sooner than formerly—but this has to be certain credit that each is very careful in all business transactions. The consequence is, the demand for money has greatly increased, while the supply remains just the same as before. Thus we have an apparent scarcity and higher rates.

Flour has advanced to $8,75@$10,12 on arrival—the highest figure paid for Flour in this market within the recollection of the present generation. The cause is the extremely scant supply.

Grain—the supply of wheat has been down here, within a day or two past, the weather being cool enough to permit it—Hogs, such as they are, are not scarce, but good loads are packing are not plenty, and sales are effected very low—present rates. The business of packing at Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis proceeds slowly, and there is no apparent animation any where.

The Sugar market at present, has been completed, and negotiation has been again resumed on the Canal.

MONEY & EXCHANGE—owing to the embarrassments in Money matters the rates for exchange paper very so much as to defy quotation. Affairs are gradually settling down again, and we shall in a day or two find matters going in the old channel. Currency continues to be at 2@2½ ⅌ cent. discount. In addition to the Banks before noted as being discredited, the notes of several Banks in Ohio and New York have been thrown out the names of which are given elsewhere.

FREIGHTS—There is no change to note in Railroad or Canal Freights and we omit quotations.

APPLES—receipts have been larger during the week, but prices are well maintained and range from $2,00@$3,00, as in quality. The poorer qualities are dull sale.

ASHES—Pots continue scarce and in demand at 5; Pearls are ready sale at 6¾; Saleratus 4¼@4½, and Soda Ash 3¾@3¾.

BROOMS—common Ohio sell on arrival at $2,50 and from store at $2,75. Eastern brooms, which are now in market, sell at from $2,50@$3,25 from store.

BEANS—none offering; from store sales are made in the small way at $1,50; from first hands nominal at $1,37; mixed at $1,25@$1,37.

BACON—the market is dull, and sales not worth quoting. We repeat former quotations—Shoulders 6¾@7, Sides 7¾@7¾, and plain Hams 10@12. Sales yesterday to the trade of Messs Fork at $14; by the single bbl. $14,50@$15.

BUTTER & EGGS—Prime Roll Butter is arriving slowly and is free sale at 20; Common Roll and Packed are no sale, and could not be forced off at above 16@17. Eggs are very scarce and would bring 18 at the inside.

BEESWAX—there is a steady demand at 25, cash, from first hands; from store at the usual advance.

BUCKETS & TUBS—sales of Buckets at Factory at $2,00, and from store at $2,25; Large Tubs, from store, $7@$7,50 per doz, small do. $6,50.

CRACKERS—Water Crackers, $6,00 ⅌ bbl. Butter do. $7,00. Sugar, Soda, Boston and Pic Nic Crackers 9 cents ⅌ ℔.

COTTON YARNS, &C.—The following are the ruling rates:

	POUND YARN.			
Nos. 5 to 10, inclusive,	18 c ⅌ ℔.	No. 16	21 c ⅌ ℔	
" 11 and 12	19 "	" 17	22 "	
No. 13	20 "	" 18	23 "	
" 14	21 "	" 19	26 "	
" 15	22 "	" 20	27 "	
	SKEIN YARN.			
No. 500	6 c ⅌ ℔.	No. 800	6½ c ⅌ ℔.	
" 600	6¼ "	" 1000	6¾ "	
" 700	7 "			

Carpet Chain, White, 100@20; Colored 22. Coverlet yarn, 24@28; Candlewick 12; Twine, 20; Batting, No. 1, 12; No. 2, 22; Family Batting, 14; Carthing, 15.

CORDAGE—the quotations are as follows:

Manilla Rope, coil	19 ⅌ ℔.	cut,	20 ⅌ ℔
White " "	14	"	15 "
Tarred " "	11	"	14 "
Packing Yarn, fine,	15	"	16 "
Bale Cordage, Manilla,	$2,50	$3,00@$3,00 ⅌ doz.	
do	⅌ coil	19 cts. ⅌ ℔.	
Hemp,	$2,25	$2,75@$2,75 ⅌ doz.	
do	⅌ coil	14 cts ⅌ ℔.	

Pickled Lines—Manilla, $1,25 ⅌ doz. Hemp, $1 ⅌ doz.

COTTON CORDAGE—Cotton Rope, ¼ and upwards, 20 do. below ¼, 22. Bed cords, $2,50; $3,00@$4,75 ⅌ doz. Plowlines, $1,25, cash Cut is $6,50.

CANDLES & SOAP—Candles are scarce but prices remain unchanged: Dipped 12½, Mould 14½, Adamantine 22. Common Soap is steady sale at 5, for good qualities and Sawyer's Toilet do. 10½.

CHEESE—a steady demand to go into use, but no large sales. Stocks are ample, and figures rule at 10½ for good Western Reserve, with very occasional sales of strictly prime at 11, on the usual credit.

CIDER—we note several lots on hand, and quote nominally at $3 @ $3 bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—sales yesterday of 40 pks. new Dried Apples at $1,12; on arrival: from store held firmly at $1,25. New Peaches are held at $2,00@$2,25, and scarce.—Old are unsalable.

FEED—we have to note an advance: sales on arrival and at mill of Bran and Shorts at $1,25 ⅌ 100 ℔s., shipstuff $1,30 and Flushed Middlings at $1,75. There is an active demand and short supply

FEATHERS—mixed Feathers are held at 35 and not sale: prime live Geese Feathers are selling at 1,00@1,05, and from store in the small way at 1,05@1,10.

FRUIT & NUTS—sales are making in the regular way from store at the following rates:

Lemons ⅌ box	$6,00
Sicilians, M. R. ⅌ box	$6,00
Zante Currants ⅌ ℔	20
Figs, ⅌ ℔	20
Ground Nuts, ⅌ bus	$1,00@$1,25
Almonds, ⅌ ℔	16@20
Cream Nuts, Filberts & English Walnuts, ⅌ ℔	10
Hickory Nuts, ⅌ bus	75

FISH—sales of Mackarel No. 3, large, at $11,50, and small do. at $9,50; Dry Salted Herring, $6,00; Lake Fish, Trout $8,00@$9,00 ⅌ bbl, and White $9,50@$10,00; half bbls in the usual proportion Codfish, new, is selling freely at 5

FLOUR—there has been a still further advance, owing to the exceeding limited supply; stocks are exhausted, and receipts are taken up by purchasers with greediness, before going into store. Sales of superfine, yesterday, at mill, at $8,62½, and at depot at $8,75@$8,87; extra, at depot $8,62½@8,75. From store, by dray load, $10,50@10,62½. Rye Flour, from mill, $7,75@$8,00; from store, $8,25@$8,50. Corn Meal, $3,50 ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—all kinds are scarce and in active request—Oats have advanced to 76@80c, at depot, and 80@85 in the car 50; BARLEY is in steady request at $1,37@$1,40, at which we note sales; RYE we quote at $1,25, which is the price offered at mill, and WHEAT is in demand at $2,00@$2,10.

GROCERIES—Sugar is firm at 5¾@6¼, to the country and retail trade, and Molasses 28@36. Coffee has declined to 19@21, and Rice advanced to 6¼@6½. There is a steady demand.

GERMAN CLAY—no sales reported; we quote at $30 ⅌ ton.

HIDES—Green Beef 4¾@5; Dry Salted 12, and Dry Flint 13@14.

HAY—sales at scales by the load at $24@$28 ⅌ ton; sales of baled at $26@28—the outside figure from store.

HOPS—Eastern No. 1 are selling at 40, and Western do. at 35.

HORSE—dressed Hogs are not offering very freely, but we note a few small sales at 3¾. Sales of live to packers at 5@5¼, gross.

IRON & NAILS—are report former quotations. There is still no possibility of shipping,