PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 11, 1854.

☞ **To Advertisers.**—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday; ADVERTISERS who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday.

☞ **Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.**—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known to the public. Its circulation is between Four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

☞ **Advance Payments.**—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Wherever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or yearly contracts are made.

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Indiana and Illinois State Stock Banks.

We take this mode of notifying those who remit to us by mail that we can no longer receive the notes of the Indiana and Illinois State Stock Banks. They are not current in this city, and we cannot sell them except at a ruinous shave.

INJUNCTION AGAINST THE B. & O. RAILROAD.—We learn from the Wheeling *Intelligencer* that the Circuit Court of that city was occupied on Monday in hearing the application of the City of Wheeling for an injunction against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.

The counsel for the defendant having stated that they would not file their answer at the present time, the counsel for the complainant opened the case by reading the bill which claimed:

1st. That this act of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is in violation of their charter passed by the Legislature of Virginia, in March 1847.

2d. That it is in fraud and violation of the contract of July 6th, 1847, between the city of Wheeling and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

3d. That said work is an obstruction to the navigation of the Ohio River, whereby the business and trade of the city of Wheeling are injured.

The bill refers to the "illegal loan to the Central Ohio Railroad," and goes forth that "the city of Wheeling being a stockholder, has a right to prevent all illegal acts on the part of the company." The counsel for the city declined making an argument and merely stated his points and referred to the authority on which he rested for their support. In the afternoon he was followed by Judge Kennon for the defendant, in response to the positions of the counsel for the plaintiff. Mr. Hunter was to resume for the defendants on Tuesday.

The third claim of the city of Wheeling, to wit: that the connection of the two roads below the city "is an obstruction to the navigation of the Ohio river," and therefore an injury to the business of the city, is amusing. Would not the same connection made at the city, be an equal obstruction to the navigation above the city, and therefore be injurious to the commerce and business of Steubenville, Wellsville and Pittsburgh? Again, the mode of transit across the river, is to be by a ferry, and who in his senses would claim that that could be an obstruction equal to the thousandth part of that inflicted upon navigation by the Wheeling Bridge? After that city has appealed to the whole country for sympathy and aid in her famous bridge controversy, she makes herself the object of ridicule and contempt by pleading obstruction to the river to prevent the connection of Railroads below her. Even if a Railroad bridge should be erected at the crossing place, at the same altitude as the Wheeling bridge, that city has no right to complain, and she cannot do so without stultifying herself, and exhibiting the deepest injustice and hypocrisy. Her sins are "coming home to roost" sooner than she anticipated, and she will find no defenders or sympathizers. Pittsburgh would have joined her in opposition to any obstruction to the Ohio river, which is the great channel of trade for both cities; but we, here, at the "head of navigation" cannot understand why what is justice to Pittsburgh should not be justice to Wheeling; and if a bridge at Wheeling is no obstruction to the river and no injury to Pittsburgh, on what ground of logic or common sense is a similar structure four miles below that city any injury to her interests. "What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander."

IMPROVEMENT OF THE OHIO RIVER.—The unexampled drouth we have passed through, and which still exists as far as the rivers are concerned, naturally excites the inquiry, if something cannot be done to improve the Ohio, so as to render it navigable the whole year round, except when closed by ice. The value of the Ohio, as the great channel of communication for heavy freight including nearly all kinds of manufactured articles destined for long distances, has never been more evident than now. Although we have a Railroad, connecting us with nearly the whole West, well stocked, and capable of doing an immense amount of work, yet it seems nearly impotent to perform the work we require, and business is languishing and suffering for want of river navigation. At no time in the history of Pittsburgh has a rise in the river been looked for with such intense anxiety; and never has the value of the river been more highly estimated.

The improvement of the river, then, is to Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, and the whole West, a subject of the greatest magnitude. The only mode of improvement at all certain to secure continuous navigation is that of Locks and Dams, similar to the Slackwater improvement of the Monongahela. The whole expense of such an improvement between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, would be about $5,000,000—about the cost of the Ohio and Pennsylvania railroad, which is 187 miles long. The work could be constructed by a company chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Virginia, and Kentucky, and restricted to 6 per cent. dividends and to tolls which would pay expenses and yield that amount. As it would be an improvement beneficial to the whole country, of vast utility to the public works of Pennsylvania, Virginia, and Ohio, and to the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio railroads, it would be highly proper for the United States, the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Virginia, and Kentucky, and some of the large railroad corporations interested, to take stock in it, as well as individuals.

Such a work completed from Pittsburgh to the mouth of the river, would be of inestimable value to the great valley of the Ohio, as well as to all of the Atlantic region east of Norfolk.—That it is practicable, we think can be be easily demonstrated. The immense utility and great success of the Mononghela Slack water shows this beyond cavil.

There are some objections, but none sufficient to be considered as an offset to the advantages. Coal could not be as advantageously run in flat boats or arks, as at present; but a much safer and better business could be done by towing barges with steamers especially prepared for the purpose, and the act of incorporation would especially favor that interest, as well as that of lumber. A safer and more profitable business could be done than now, when the coal business is surrounded with uncertainties and risks fearful to contemplate. Lumber could not be run with the same facility; but the immense size of the locks which would be constructed would pass a large raft, and the practice of drying and shipping lumber in barges could be substituted for the present plan. These are the only exceptions we can now think of, as a set off to the benefits to be derived from this great improvement:

We think that the subject is worthy of the consideration of the business men of Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and Louisville, and that the present is a favorable time to move in a matter of so much importance.

MICHIGAN.—The new Republican, or Fusion party, has made a clean sweep in Michigan, carrying everything before it. The *Detroit Advertiser* was almost the only Whig paper in the State which opposed it, which it did persistently to the end. Judge of the astonishment and amusement, then, with which we read the following from that paper on the day after the election:

"We are proud of Michigan—she stands in a noble position before her sisters—let her stand an example worthy of imitation."

We join in this acclamation of joy, but it does sound funny enough coming from the *Advertiser*.

NEW YORK.—The returns in the New York papers of Thursday lead to the belief that the whole Whig State ticket is elected, except Governor, and the vote is close on that, the contest being between Seymour and Clark. The interior counties are doing better for Clark than was at first anticipated.

The legislature is strongly Whig. Out of 57 members of the House heard from, 46 are Whigs and 11 democrats.

For Congress the list is nearly complete. We subjoin the names reported elected:

1st. Wm. W. Valk, K. N. Whig—dem. loss.
2d. Jas. S. T. Stranahan, Whig—gain.
3d. Guy R. Pelton, do do.
4th. John Kelly, Soft, over Alike Walsh.
5th. Thos. R. Whitney, K. N. Whig—gain.
6th. John Wheeler, anti-Neb. dem. re-elected.
7th. T. Childs, Jr., Whig—gain.
8th. A. H. Wakeman, do do.
9th. Bayard Clark, do do.
10th. Rufus H. King, do do.
12th. Killian Miller, do do.
13th. Russell Sage, Whig, re-elected.
14th. Samuel Dickson, Whig—gain.
17th. F. E. Skinner. Soft dem.
18th. Thos. Jackson, Hard do.
20th. O. B. Matteson, Whig, re-elected.
21st. H. Bennett, do do.
22d. A. Z. M'Carty, W., in place of Gerrit Smith.
23d. Wm. A. Gilbert, Whig—gain.
24th. A. P. Granger, do do.
25th. E. B. Morgan, Whig, re-elected.
26th. A. Oliver, Soft dem., do do.
28th. W. H. Kelsey, Whig—gain.
29th. J. Williams, Soft dem.—gain.
30th. B. Pringle, Whig, re-elected.
31st. T. T. Flagler, do do.
32d. S. G. Haven, do do.
33d. F. S. Edwards, Whig—gain.

Total 22 Whigs, 6 Democrats, of whom not more than two or three are Nebraska men. In the five districts to hear from it is probable that Whigs are elected.

ILLINOIS.—The *Washington Union* is inclined to think that the recent campaign of Senator Douglass in Illinois has been one of the most active and trying ever undertaken by a public man. That it has been trying to that individual we can readily believe; but the result of the election promises to try him much more keenly. It is fortunate for the cause of freedom that he undertook the campaign. He visited every part of the State, and addressed crowds at every point in favor of his pet measure. He cannot therefore complain of being condemned without a hearing.

Richardson, his fugleman, who carried his Nebraska bill through the House, has met a similar condemnation. He is beaten handsomely by Archibald Williams, an Anti-Nebraska Whig.

James Miller, Whig and Republican, is chosen State Treasurer, the only State officer to be elected, in place of John Moore, the present incumbent, who was a peculiar pet of Douglass.

The Congressional delegation will be constituted as follows:

1st Dist. E. B. Washburn* Whig and Repub.
2nd do J. H. Woodworth, Republican.
3d do Jesse O. Norton,* Whig and Repub.
4th do James Knox,* do do.
5th do Archibald Williams, do do.
6th do Richard Yates,* do do.
7th do J. C. Allen,* dem., probably.
8th do Lyman Trumbull. anti-Neb. dem.
9th do E. S. Marshall, dem., probably.

*Those marked with a star are members of the present Congress.

The legislature, so far as we are able to judge from the returns received, will be largely anti-Nebraska. A U. S. Senator in place of General Shields is to be chosen.

Chicago, the home of Senator Douglass, gives Miller, anti-Nebraska candidate for State Treasurer, 2298 votes, and John Moore, Douglass candidate, 852!

MICHIGAN.—Gen. Cass, on the night before the Michigan election, said that he expected nothing from the South, not even justice. What he seems to have despaired of getting from the South has been secured to him in his own State. The people of Michigan have meted out to him even-handed justice. He betrayed their interests, and they have punished him as he deserved. The whole Congressional delegation is anti-Nebraska, the legislature is the same, and so are all the State officers. It is an overwhelming rebuke to Senator Cass, but not a whit more so than it should have been.

The Congressional delegation will consist of the following gentlemen:

1st Dist. Wm. A. Howard, Whig and Repub.
2d do Henry Waldron, do do
3d do D. S. Walbridge, do do
4th do Moses Wisner, do do
Kinsley S. Bingham, a Freesoiler, is elected Governor, and a mixed ticket for State officers, composed of Whigs and free soilers.

NEW JERSEY.—The sweep in New Jersey is complete. The Pierce Democrats will have but one man in the new delegation to Congress.—The members elected are as follows:

1st Dist. Isaiah T. Clawson, Amer. and Whig
2d do George R. Robbins, do do
3d do James R. Bishop, do do
4th do Geo. Vail, dem., re-elected.
5th do C. M. Pennington, Whig.

The Whigs and Americans have also carried the Legislature.

☞ The *Buffalo Commercial*, the Silver Grey, Fillmore organ, rejoices over the defeat of Clarke, the Whig candidate for Governor. The editor may find he has crowed too soon, as Clarke is crowding Seymour handsomely, and the anti-Nebraska victory is pretty general throughout the State.

By the suppression of Whig ballots and the substitution therefor of "Know-Nothing" and Seymour ballots, by those who were confided in as Whig Committee men, our State Ticket is doubtless defeated.

The *Commercial* admits this much, but not very graciously. It says:

"It is but justice to add that at several polls it was difficult to procure Whig State tickets—as some impossible. But whether this was the result of indifference or of fraud we are unable to say."

It is useless to take a result precipitated by such fraud and treachery as this as any indication of discontent with a platform.

MORTALITY IN THE COUNTY POOR HOUSE.—We first heard of sickness in our County Poor House, which has been lately opened, through the following article contained in the *Washington Reporter*. We have since seen a gentleman who resides in the neighborhood, who verifies the facts stated:

We have been informed, by credible authority, that the cholera has broken out, within the past few days, at the Allegheny County Poor House, and that some fifteen or twenty deaths had already taken place among the inmates. This is very alarming, and we hope ere this there has been an abatment of this terrible disease, so fearful in its ravages wherever it has made its appearance the past season. The Poor House is situated eight miles this side of Pittsburgh, in full view of the Turnpike.

Since writing the above, we have been favored with the perusal of a letter from a gentleman residing in the vicinity of the Poor House, from which we learn that on the 1st inst., there were seven interments from the House; on the 2d, four, and on the third *three*—and that up to the time the letter was written, there had been, in all, *thirty* interments. The disease appears to be a complicated one; some dying from Dysentery, others from Typhoid Fever, but the majority from Cholera. The House has been open but a little over six weeks and contains about eighty inmates. From this number, the mortality has been alarmingly severe, amounting to over one-third of the whole number! We have not heard anything later than is contained in the letter to which we refer above, nor do we see any allusion to the matter in the Pittsburgh papers, though it may have been referred to, nevertheless. The gentleman from whom we derive this information is apprehensive, at the time he writes, that, if not soon checked, the Poor House will be depopulated by the disease which so fatally prevails.

The location of the Buildings is everyway favorable to the health of the inmates, and we can conceive of no local cause which could have produced such unexampled mortality, in so brief a space of time. The Buildings are new, constructed upon the most approved plan, and with especial reference to the health of the inmates; and as no Cholera at present lingers in Pittsburgh or vicinity, its sudden and unaccountable appearance in this locality is a matter for wonder, and baffles the sagest conjectures. But of one thing we are very confident, the disease has not originated from any *local cause*, in or about the Buildings, as the site is elevated—the location adapted peculiarly to health and freedom from all *malaria*, if such even prevailed in the vicinity—which is not the fact. The diseases which have so decimated the tenants of the House have, doubtless, been introduced by persons brought there from the City or other localities where the Cholera has prevailed hitherto.

THE EDINBURGH REVIEW, for October, has been received by Minor & Co. and Gildenfenny & Co., of this city.

NEW YORK ELECTION.—The *New York Commercial Advertiser* is disposed to regard the result in that State as a rebuke to anti-Slavery Whigs. It says:

We confess with respect to the State ticket we are not greatly surprised. We have felt, ever since the unfortunate Saratoga letter of the candidates, that not only had they lost the capital sympathy of the substantial, reliable portion of the Whig party, but had excited fears and apprehensions of ultraism that would turn many Whig votes into other channels. Some of this mischief might have been prevented, had the candidates listened to the counsel, from some whose devotion to the Whig party admitted of no doubt—who had never forgotten their party allegiance in the pursuit and advocacy of ultrisms—and retracted a step which they, as Whig candidates, had no right to take.

We trust that this defeat will not be without its use to the party. It is now plain that even with the aid of so good a cause as that of temperance, and so strong an excitement as that awakened by the repeal of the Missouri compromise, men of isms and sectionalities cannot secure public confidence The country is national and so must the Whig party be; and so it is at heart, as from the very nature of its principles it must ever be. The candidate in this instance, unfortunately mistook a special excitement, as the calm, settled, well considered temper of a people whom reflection would guide aright, whatever the pressure of local or temporary excitement. It is to be hoped that both state conventions and state candidates will profit by the lesson, and that the former will hereafter be careful to select for candidature gentlemen of enlarged and liberal views on *all* questions of national policy, and without that tendency to ism, which however popular it may be in certain circles is *mistrusted by the people at large*. If abolitionism or anything like it is to be introduced into our state elections, let not the Whig party or the Whig candidates be burdened and "crushed out" by helping to bear the weight of its obnoxiousness. Let us be what the greatest men of our party ever were, liberal, national politicians."

We are unable to look at matters in this light. The treachery of the Silver Greys to the Whig State Ticket was not prompted by opposition to the platform occupied by the candidates, but to that turbulent and unruly spirit for which they have ever been characterized. Where they cannot rule they seek to ruin; and we are glad that they are at last going off into a little fact on by themselves where they can do no more harm.—But even if it were as the *Commercial* suggests, it does not appear that a different course on the part of the candidates would have had a different result. Had they been National Whigs and placed on a National platform, they could not have rallied the Anti-Slavery strength of the State, and would consequently have been defeated.

The account given by the *Tribune*, however, seems the most rational. It says:

The polls opened at Morrisania without a single Whig State ballot being visible or procurable. There were of course enough of them on the ground, but they were snug in the pockets of traitors, who were deep in the "Know-Nothing" conspiracy, and would not allow them to be seen. Crowds of voters came and went away, obliged to leave for the city in the morning cars, but, unable to obtain a Whig ballot, they were either cajoled into voting the "Know-Nothing" or the Seymour ticket, or they voted for Assembly and went away. The result is a vote of 270 or 280 each for Seymour and Ullman, and but 70 for Clark and Raymond. This was a similar scamper was cut in nearly every one of the towns along the New Haven Railroad.

In the upper part of the County, a citizen wise connected with the Whig organization, was surprised and alarmed by enquiring on Monday for Whig State Ballots and finding that none were discoverable in his town, Somers. He finally dispatched a messenger to Peekskill, where the Whig ballots were printed late on Monday night that were distributed through and voted in most of the Northern Whig towns yesterday—some of them received in season, and some of them not. The effect of such a hiatus, and the consternation it naturally inspired, may well be imagined.

A still worse game was played at many of the polls in this city—the Whig ticket-boxes being held by traitors, who gave out "Know-Nothing" ballots, no others being accessible. By this and kindred tricks, the Whig vote in this city is reduced to half what it would have been if our ballots had been in sure hands and presented at every poll.

LUCY STONE.—The late lecture of this "strong minded" woman, in this city, was a decided failure. We hope this fact will prevent another infliction from the same quarter. If that, however, will not sway the Lecture Committee, we hope the following will induce the religious community to consider whether they are true to their professions by endorsing such Amazonian mountebanks. In the late Women's Rights Convention in Philadelphia, she thus expressed herself upon certain allusions made by one of the speakers:

She discarded the idea of being governed by the precepts of St. Paul, which were only designed for local adaptation, and were totally unfit for this age of progress. Suppose, she said, our forefathers had been governed by the text, "Fear God and honor the King," would not the Declaration of Independence have been unwritten, and this present Republic be now a province of Great Britain? For her part, she said, if every page of Holy Writ, from Genesis to Revelation, had written upon it, "wives be subject to your husbands," she would discard it for the gold rule of Confucius, "do unto others as thou wouldst others should do unto thee."

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY.—The statement of this Company, published in our columns, shows it to be in an excellent condition, and affording a reliable office in which to insure. It is managed by some of our most prudent and safe citizens, and we commend it to public attention.

When Col. Benton was defeated for Congress last August, the Cass organs chuckled over the result immensely. The retribution awarded to Gen. Cass by the South, for daring to say that Slavery was an evil, provokes the Benton men to retort, and the *St. Louis Democrat* dismisses him with—"Poor old horse! let him die!"

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Great Blessing to the Afflicted—Dr. McLane, the inventor of the celebrated Liver Pills, used these pills for several years in his practice, before he could be induced to offer them to the public in such a manner as to make them known throughout the country. This learned physician felt conscious that all high-minded men of science feel in entering the lists against these unscrupulous empirics who obtrude their useless nostrums upon the public, and rely upon a system of puffing to sustain them. Convinced, however, of the real value of the Liver Pills, and influenced by the plain dictates of duty, the Doctor finally sacrified his delicate feelings on the altar of public good. Prepared and weighing the opinions and the expectations of the medical practitioners, at whose instance he was induced to forego his inclinations. From every quarter do we hear the most gratifying accounts of the wonderful effects produced by these Pills in the North and the South, are alike laden with "tidings of great joy" from the afflicted. These wonderful Pills have completely conquered that great scourge of America, the Liver Complaint.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and take none else. There are Worm Vermifuge, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public also, his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States; also, for sale by the sole proprietors, FLEMING BROTHERS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fresh supply just received.

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Du Pont Powder.—Every variety Rifle Mining and Blasting Powder, in all size packages always on hand and for sale from Magazine No. 1, Ohio, to suit par chasers, on favorable terms. Also Safety Fuse.

D. W. C. BIDWELL, Manufacturers' Agt.,
aug7-dly 136 Front street, Pittsburgh.

Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or CORDIAL.—If it is inquired how this great restorative is accomplishing such extraordinary cures, we shall only say that in the Arabian herb that forms its cardinal ingredient have been blended by the Omnipotent Physician, a larger amount and greater varieties of curative properties than by a hundred times as many opposite articles found in any of the Pharmacopoeia. A whole medicine chest of remedies, so to speak, seems to have been compiled in this herb; and in the ELIXIR or CORDIAL we have their concentrated essence. It is the effect, however, not the cause with which we have to deal in the practical application of the medicine. The victims of dyspepsia are cured, the nervous are relieved, the half paralyzed resume their activity, the sufferers from head-ache are tormented no more the weak become vigorous, the tint of jaundice leaves the complexion of the billous, the depressed in spirits become buoyant, the sick in almost in every conditions of disease derive immediate benefit from the use of Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial. These facts, supported by irrefragable proof, are presented to the attention of Invalids, who can verify them by a single bottle of the medicine. The Cordial is put up highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars.

C. H. RING, Proprietor,
192 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canadas and West Indies.

General Agents in Pittsburgh—Fleming Bros., corner Wood and Fourth streets; and Geo. H. Keyser, corner Wood street and Virgin alley; R. E. Sellers & Co., No. 87 Wood st. Also, by J. P. Fleming, Allegheny City.

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M'Clintock's Family Medicines.—We all the attention of heads of families and others, to the advertisement on the fourth page of these valuable Family Medicines.

Chloride of Lime—for sale at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street.

Hydromagen Cork Soles just rec'd and or sale at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st.

FAMILY FLOUR—Best brands constantly on hand, and for sale, Wholesale and Retail by
se12-2yr-s 1 D. W. HERRON & CO., 93 and 95 Front.

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.'S
TRUE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL,
Prepared expressly for their sales for Medicinal use. J. C. B. & Co. having employed an agent at the Fisheries to superintend the manufacture of their Oil, assures the public that it is prepared with the greatest care from none but fresh and healthy livers.

All Oil sold with their signature will be found to be of unusual fine quality and can be retained in the most delicate stomach.

It is exclusively employed both in private and Hospital practice, and well deserves the attention of invalids, as a remedy more valuable than any yet discovered, for consumption or pulmonary affections.

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
No. 160 North 2d st., Philadelphia.

For sale by the principal Druggists. jy17-6mdawly

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FLEMING BROTHERS,
(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NO. 60 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills, &c.

Tobias' Venetian Liniment for sale at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street.

L. G. GRAFF, (SUCCESSOR TO J. S. DILWORTH,) Grocer and Commission Merchant, corner of Liberty and St. Clair sts., Pittsburgh. Agent for Hazard Powder Company. All varieties of Powder, in any quantity, constantly on hand. Also, Safety Fuse. jy7

PEARL STEAM MILL,
CANAL BASIN, ALLEGHENY,
NEAR THE RAILROAD STATION.

Families will be supplied with our various grades of FRESH GROUND FLOUR, by leaving their orders at the Mill, or in our house at Nos. 1, 3, Wilson & Co.'s, Wood street, or Braun & Reiter, corner of Liberty and St. Clair sts., Pittsburgh; H. P. Schmertz, or J. T. Sample Druggists, Allegheny.

Flour will be delivered to families in either of the cities. Terms, CASH on delivery.

BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

Chest Protectors for sale at KEYSER'S, 140, Wood street.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE,
ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTERED APRIL 26, 1850.—CHARTER PERPETUAL.
CAPITAL—$250,000.

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50 gross M'Lane's Liver Pills and Vermifuge for sale low at KEYSER'S Drug Store, 140 Wood st.

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LOGAN, WILSON & CO.,

Beg to call the attention of Buyers to their extensive Stock of

HARDWARE AND SADDLERY,

comprising one of the most complete assortments in the country.

RECEIVED BY RECENT PACKETS FROM EUROPE, and which they offer on the most favorable terms, Merchants going East will find their interest promoted by buying their HARDWARE at

No. 52 Wood st. Pittsburgh,
(A DOORS ABOVE THE ST.) jy14-dawly

To Physicians of Pittsburgh.—Physicians who use Alcoholic liquors in cholera, should prescribe with caution. Asiatic Cholera in Sunderland—Its terrors not at all either stimulants. Read what the Evening Express and Boston Post says of the article.

[From the New York Express, Aug. 7.]

☞"Under the head of "Remarkable," and in its leading columns, the Boston Post of August 4th, has the following commendatory notice of the temperate use of the Schiedam Schnapps as a remedy for cholera. We should be sorry to have it so much as a hint of any article of alcoholic drink, and especially of an article we have never used, but this beverage being commended by so many hundreds of physicians and from the well-known medicinal qualities undoubtedly true as a cholera medicine. An immense quantity of bad liquor is drunk in these times, as a remedy for the cholera. It checks diarrhœa and dysentery incidental to the complaint, but leaves the system weak and debilitated. Whatever as a substitute is a true remedy for disease, should be used, and hence we give the Boston Post of this date the following interesting item:

"REMARKABLE.—Not a person who has used Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps, during the warm season, has died with the cholera, and the sale of it has been twice as much during the last two months as at any previous period of the year."

Sold wholesale and retail at Dr. KEYSER'S Drug Store, No. 140, Wood st. ow30-d&wly

A Physician's opinion of my Braces.—DR. LANE, editor of the Chambersburg Transcript, under date of March 18, 1854, speaks highly of these Braces, after his friend, Dr. GEO. H KEYSER, submitted to our inspection a very fine specimen of the "Washington Suspender Brace," manufactured and sold by him at the corner of Wood & Virgin alley, Pittsburgh. We think they admirably the purposes for which it is intended, lightness and easy, and altogether free from the objections attached to the many other Braces in general use. It is an instrument of very simple construction, and at the same time, it preserves the shoulders in a healthful position, without at all restraining the natural movements of the body. The Dr. will send them by mail, free of postage, to any part of the Union.

[From the Pittsburgh Daily Dispatch, Feb. 20, 1852.]

☞ CHEST EXPANDERS—SHOULDER BRACES—AN EXCELLENT ARTICLE.—Persons who have acquired a stooping position, by following a sedentary occupation, will experience great relief by the use of the "Washington Shoulder Brace," made and sold by Dr. KEYSER, corner of Wood st. and Virgin alley. It answers for a brace and suspenders, the weight of pantaloons is so placed as not to continually tend to bring the shoulders to their natural position, and expand the chest. We purchased one some time ago, and have been so pleased with it, that we unsolicited give it a "puff," gratis.

Women, hundreds of whom are annually injured by the weight of their enormous "skirts" should also procure these braces. In particular in procuring the kind mentioned, as many of the braces sold are humbugs.

[From the Pittsburgh Dispatch, Feb. 4, 1854.]

☞ Having worn one of Dr. Keyser's Washington Shoulder Braces, until it is no longer fit for service, we feel perfectly competent to give an opinion upon its merits. By the aid of the pantaloons straps in throwing back the shoulders and expanding the chest, while it answers every purpose of suspenders. No one who is "stoop-shouldered" can have one on for a short time, but they will soon find one of these braces. Women and girls whose health is so often injured by the weight of their under garments should try them. The material several kinds, both cotton and silk, equal to the "Washington," and we wish others to profit from our experience.

Sold wholesale and retail at the Drug Store of George H Keyser, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar.

N. B.—I also keep every variety of Trusses, Supporters, Body Braces, Pile Props, Elastic Stockings, Suspenders and Brace, &c. se20 4&wly

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Indigestion and Liver Complaint Cured
BY KIER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Rev. Jacob Beckerman, Minister in Organ:

MR. S. M. KIER—Dear Sir—Myself and wife having been afflicted for a long time with Indigestion and Liver Complaint, I wish to say to the Congregational Publication House and to all my friends generally, that I purchased a few gallons and tested the expectations of the medical practitioners, at whose instance he was induced to forego his inclinations. From every quarter do we hear the most gratifying accounts of its wonderful and good qualities for and the West, the North and the South, are alike laden with "tidings of great joy" from the afflicted. These wonderful Pills have completely conquered that great scourge of America, the Liver Complaint.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and take none else. There are Worm Vermifuge, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public also, his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States; also, for sale by the sole proprietors, FLEMING BROTHERS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fresh supply just received.

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Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or CORDIAL.—If it is inquired how this great restorative is accomplishing such extraordinary cures, we shall only say that in the Arabian herb that forms its cardinal ingredient have been blended by the Omnipotent Physician, a larger amount and greater varieties of curative properties than by a hundred times as many opposite articles found in any of the Pharmacopoeia. A whole medicine chest of remedies, so to speak, seems to have been compiled in this herb; and in the ELIXIR or CORDIAL we have their concentrated essence. It is the effect, however, not the cause with which we have to deal in the practical application of the medicine. The victims of dyspepsia are cured, the nervous are relieved, the half paralyzed resume their activity, the sufferers from head-ache are tormented no more the weak become vigorous, the tint of jaundice leaves the complexion of the billous, the depressed in spirits become buoyant, the sick in almost in every condition of disease derive immediate benefit from the use of Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial. These facts, supported by irrefragable proof, are presented to the attention of Invalids, who can verify them by a single bottle of the medicine. The Cordial is put up highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars.

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We can only say TRY IT. A single bottle is worth all the so-called Panaceas in existence. It contains no Mercury, Opium, or any other poisons or poisonous drug, and can be given to the youngest infant with safety.

See the certificates of wonderful cures around the bottles. More than five hundred persons in the city of Richmond, Va., can testify to its good effects.

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Wright's Premium Kathairon.—This invaluable preparation for the Hair, has attained the greatest popularity, and become the universal favorite in every family. It has won the sanction, and is strongly recommended by the principal chemists and physicians in Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and all the principal cities of the Union, as an unequalled preparation for

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Be careful to ask for Wright's Premium Kathairon, as they may pass you off a worthless article.

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