PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 24, 1854.

☞ **To Advertisers.**—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 9 o'clock, on Saturday.

☞ **Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.**—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our businessmen a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time for up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertising, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or yearly contracts are made.

Reading Matter on each page of this Paper

Indiana and Illinois State Stock Banks.

We take this mode of notifying those who remit to us by mail that we can no longer receive the notes of the Indiana and Illinois State Stock Banks. They are not current in this city, and we cannot sell them except at a ruinous share.

Mob Victories.—The *Richmond Enquirer*, echoed by the *Washington Union*, the *Harrisburg Patriot* and the democratic press generally, speak of the recent elections as resulting in the triumph of "an infuriated mob," a "motley horde," which "mob" and "horde" delight in making "frauds' irruptions" to "riot in the plunder and spoliation so congenial to their savage instincts," &c., &c. All this choice language comes from those who have been prating during an entire campaign in favor of "popular sovereignty." The first application of their own principle has made them sick of it.

The only "sovereignty" these men are content to endure is that of the majority when it is on their side. "When," says the *Ohio State Journal*, "the people follow these men, and carry out the schemes of plunder and policy they dictate, they are intelligent, virtuous, independent freemen. The country is safe, the popular heart is always right, the instincts of the masses will always lead them to the truth, &c., &c. The demagogue has a system of set phrases, which are regularly shook out, and aired just as often as they can humbug the people into their schemes. But, the moment these people see through them and desert them, as they have before, and as they are doing now, we find such terms of opprobrium as we have quoted, heaped upon them. No epithets are too vulgar and abusive for them to employ."

Let it be remembered that the persons upon whom these hard names are heaped, are, almost without exception, American born citizens. They are not the rabble, the dregs of civilization, cast upon our shores from the corrupt nations of the old world, but the solid men, the men of character and property and intelligence, the bone and sinew of the American body politic. And this is their regard for the popular verdict, this their practical respect for popular sovereignty! Were there ever such arrant hypocrities and knaves? Did the world ever see such an illustration of practical contempt for the will of the American people as solemnly uttered at the ballot box?

"All factions and creeds," says the *Harrisburg Patriot*, "consented to suspend their mutual jealousies and enmities, and to wage a common war against the party under the shadow of whose ascendancy they have languished in helpless exclusion from power and office. But, as the birds and the beasts in the fable fell, to devouring one another after the subjugation of the common foe, in like manner will ambition, jealousy, greed of office, and the savage instincts of a fiendish nature foment discord and strife among the leagued enemies of the Democracy." "Success," it continues, "and the possession of power, will develope the elements of jealousy and hatred in the opposition, which are suppressed for the moment, and will thus hasten the restoration of the Democracy. The ascendancy of an incongruous combination of incompatible isms must be short-lived."

What is all this but a confession that the Democratic party is in a minority in the country? that when it triumphs it does so through the divisions of its enemies? and that its only hope of future success is in fomenting jealousy and discord among its opponents? How, else, could the Democracy be beaten if the aggregate of its adversaries was not greater than that of its friends? Grant that there has been "a combination of isms," a leagueing together of elements hitherto kept apart: does that make their real strength and numerical power any the less?—They may not always think or act together; but this much is certain: when they *do* act together they are more than a match *for* the corrupt and corrupting party which dishonors the good old name of Democrat.

It is of no use for a routed foe to scout at the alliance which has overthrown it. There must have been strong reasons for the alliance or it would not have been formed; and what which brought men together who were before kept apart is just as sufficient to *keep* them together. When there is no longer any bond of cohesion they may separate again; but if they do, and the miscalled democracy should triumph in consequence, its victory will be achieved, not through its own inherent strength, but through the divisions of its enemies. A large majority of this nation is opposed to the misnamed democratic party; and if that majority chooses to manifest itself only in hours of peril, it then makes its blows fall with such terrific force that the unlucky recipient remembers them keenly, and, if wise, profits by them. If not besotted and beyond redemption, the chastisement it has now received ought to eventuate in its reformation; but we fear from the foulness of its revilings in the hour of its calamity that its day of grace is past, and that in the blindness of its rage it will provoke an utter extermination.

Detestable Outrage.—An outrage has been committed in Ellsworth, Maine, which is disgraceful to the American name. The circumstances are, in brief, as follows: Rev. John Bapst, a Catholic Priest, had visited that place for the purpose of attending to his ministerial duties, and was staying at the house of a member of his church, when, on Saturday evening, the 14th inst., he was forcibly taken out of the house by a gang of rowdies, mostly young men and boys, stripped naked, robbed of his money and watch, tarred and feathered and rode on a rail. After suffering these indignities he was able to walk back to his friend's house and attended to his duties the following day. The immediate cause of the outrage was a dispute about a reading book in the public schools to which the Priest objected, and which is now the subject of judicial examination and decision.

For the honor of the people of Maine we hope the perpetrators of this outrage may be ferreted out and condignly punished. It is somewhat of a piece with the attack upon the character of Bishop O'Connor, from a disreputable quarter in this city. It justly recoils upon the heads of the plotters and agents in such nefarious conduct.—It injures Protestantism, while Protestantism has nothing to do with it, but scouts and scorns all modes of persecution; these partake too much of the spirit of Popery itself to have any kindred with Protestantism, or to receive any sympathy from it. The American people, and especially Protestants, should be exceedingly jealous that Catholics enjoy every legal right and privilege without molestation, hindrance or insult, as they are the weaker party. Unless this is done the American character will suffer, and the boasted tolerance of Protestantism will be shown to be a dead letter. American liberty and Protestantism need no defence but a free press, free schools, an open bible, free discussion and a free pulpit. When we find any of these invaded let us defend them, and for this purpose we need nothing more than an enlightened public opinion and the ballot box. We would not destroy one single civil and religious or political right which a Catholic citizen enjoys under the constitution. We would offer him no molestation, no annoyance. We would respect his rights and protect them, as we would our own. While doing this, we can with consistency and fairness resist his encroachments, point out his errors and strive to win him to the truth.

Baby Shows.—Barnum advertises a great National Baby Show to come off at his Museum in New York. We know of no better or more appropriate place. That grand theatre of humbug ought to be, in the fitness of things, the scene of a display containing so many elements of humbuggery.

But, for the sake of our common humanity, we are inclined to ask, with our friend of the *Cleveland Herald*, have not these displays gone far enough? If the first one were intended as a joke, let it pass as such; but if it were meant as the initiative of a practice to be continued, we cry out against it. There is something inexpressibly disgusting and loathsome in the idea of parading infants to the public gaze. One would as soon think of opening up the seclusion of the domestic circle to vulgar inspection and admiration as posting the contents of the cradle in a Fair to be judged of by the same standard as the inmates of the hog pen. It is a desecration of the amenities and proprieties of life, as they have been always understood; and the wranglings and heart-burnings caused by the awards at the Springfield fair will operate, we trust, to prevent the repetition of any similar scene.

Let parents love their offspring, as it is meet they should, and think their infants the most beautiful and the most perfect in the world, as they have a right to: but let them not thrust their prodigies upon the unwilling gaze of those who do not look or judge with parents' eyes.—They but expose themselves to the shock of a far less favorable judgment than their own; and may perchance be mortified with the rude observations of scoffing and mocking men. Keep the little ones at the fireside, where they belong, and where they are truly regarded as treasures; and do not degrade them and the humanity to which they belong by putting them on a level with Berkshire pigs and Shanghai chickens.

Let the Springfield show be the last, as it was the first, of these morbid attempts to improve the human race after the manner of beasts.

Railroad Accident.—The three o'clock A. M. Express train, for the west, on the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, was thrown off the track yesterday morning about eight miles below the city, by running over two cows. The train was running at the usual speed; and the locomotive passed the cows without injury, but the baggage and passenger cars were thrown off and across the track. No person was injured, and the cars suffered but slight damage. The track being obstructed by the cars, the engine went on to New Brighton, and procured the cars of the Accommodation train, and returned for the passengers losing about four hours time. Both the Accommodation and the Mail trains were detained some two hours, before the track was cleared. All the through trains, yesterday, were thus cut of time. At the place where the accident took place the road is fenced up on both sides, the cows having got in at some of the crossing places. Where was the track watchman? It looks as if the accident was the result of his carelessness.

Ohio and Mississippi Railroad.—This road has been completed 59 miles from St. Louis, where it joins the Illinois Central Railroad. The St. Louis Republican says it is the purpose of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company to complete this road to Vincennes by the first of April next. There it will connect with the Eastern end of the same road, from Cincinnati to Vincennes which, it is believed, will be completed by the first of July next.

This city will then be in close connection with St. Louis, with which it possesses most intimate business relations. A traveler leaving Pittsburgh in the morning can reach St. Louis the next morning: or if he prefers to sleep in Cincinnati, by the next evening. We have now a continuous, and very good Railroad connection with Alton, twenty miles above St. Louis, on the river, by way of Chicago.

The high functionaries of the Roman Catholic Church who have recently sailed en route for Rome, it seems, have gone by invitation of the Pope to attend the great council which is to be held there at the close of November next, on the subject of the immaculate conception of the Virgin Mary. What authority do these Romish dignitaries possess for settling a question which nothing but a special revelation can disclose? It is another grand scheme of fostering the basest idolatry, which has already well nigh destroyed all true religion and all scriptural and rational worship in that fallen church.

"Gen. Cass in a recent speech at Kalamazoo, Michigan, said that 'if, in voting to repeal the Missouri Compromise, I am guilty of fraud and swindle, then I am both:' for, said he, if we do not submit to be governed by compromise, the South will fight. If you do not give them more slave States, they will say as one of old, "To your tents, O Israel!"—they will dissolve the Union."

If General Cass really demeaned himself by such twaddle as this, he has descended low, indeed. It is nothing more nor less than a craven appeal to the passions and prejudices of the ignorant, and above all, in presenting any injurious effects in the sudden changes from heat to cold. Its unprecedent, and the most miserable recommendation, from men of the highest standing, are a sufficient proof of its superiority over all other preparations for the hair.

Be careful to ask for Wright's Premium Kathairon, as they supply the very worst article to many.

For sale by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood st., corner of Virgin Alley. Price 25 cts. per bottle. oct2-d&wlt

NORRIS LOCOMOTIVE WORKS.

Schuylkill Sixth street, above the Railroad, Philadelphia

Are ENGAGED for many years exclusively in the manufacture of PASSENGER ENGINES, which have recently been greatly improved, by additions of large boilers and numerous fixtures and tools, which will enable the proprietors to furnish, with despatch, and promptness, Locomotives, on liberal credit.

oct10 RICHARD NORRIS & SON.

Who are Abolitionists?—Our neighors of the *Post* and *Union* are fond of stigmatizing us and all who think with us on the Slavery question as Abolitionists. The term is by no means offensive in our ears, however much it may seem so to those who use it: but we are inclined to doubt the correctness of it, in the light of the following definition, which we find in the Richmond *Enquirer*:

"Who are abolitionists? *All who say that the Douglas Kansas-Nebraska bill does not legislate slavery into those territories.*"

We have an idea that both of our democratic neighbors have preached this doctrine, and they must, according to the judgment of their faithful co-laborer, either acknowledge their abolitionism or admit that the Nebraska bill *does* legislate slavery into Nebraska and Kansas.

Kansas Emigrants.—Mr. C. Allbright, Agent of the Kansas Emigration Society, announces that he will leave Pittsburgh for Kansas on the 27th inst. If the river is up he will take that route; if not, he will go by railroad. All persons wishing to accompany Mr. Allbright on this expedition should be ready by that time. He will probably be in Pittsburgh to-day, and will stop at the City Hotel.

The Cincinnati M. E. Conference, at its late session adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we earnestly recommend our people to memorialize Congress, asking the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law, and the re-enactment of so much of the late law known as the Missouri Compromise as excludes slavery from Kansas and Nebraska, and other territory of the United States.

Resolved, That persons holding slaves for gain, or for their own convenience in any way, or with the intention of perpetuating the bondage of the slave, should not be received into the Methodist Episcopal Church, nor suffered to continue therein.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

"Pearson on Infidelity."—Robert. Carter and Brothers, New York, have published a *cheap* edition of this popular and able work on the "aspects, causes, and agencies" of infidelity, copied from the *fortieth* London edition. No work of modern times, on the subject of which it treats, has been more highly commended by the religious world, and the immense number of editions it has passed through shows the high appreciation of the public. No work is more needed in this country now, where infidelity under various guises exists to a frightful extent. The publishers deserve the thanks of the public for placing it in the reach of all, the price being only 50 cents.

"The Brother and Sister; or, the Way of Peace. By the author of "Grace Dermo, t, etc."

"Mary Dundas; or, Passages in a Young Life. By Mrs. Thomas Geldart."

These are two handsome volumes, from the press of Carter and Brothers, containing moral tales, intended to promote a love of religion and virtue.

The above works are for sale by J. S. Davison, Market street.

The *Washington Examiner* says that "the Nebraska measure is as popular in Pennsylvania *now* as it was before the election." It may be all that and not very popular either.

The Will of a Lost Passenger.—Mr. Gale, of Worcester, Mass., who with his wife and only child was lost by the sinking of the Arctic, left a will with a friend before starting to Europe. After certain legacies to friends and relatives, he bequeathed the residue of his property to his wife and child, or children, if his wife should survive him, but no child or children, then all his property to her. The Worcester Transcript says:

It will be remembered that they were in the boat which, capsizing while being lowered, all in the boat were precipitated into the sea and perished, except Mrs. Gale, who clung shrieking to the thwarts, and was drawn into the steamer again. Mr. Gale was seen, as he was swept away by the waves, with his child in his arms.

Where relatives thus perish, by the same casuality, an interesting question always arises as to the one who may be considered the survivor of the other. The Roman law always ascertained this conclusive presumption, that of several persons, the youngest, if a child, perished first; if an adult, that he survived the old and feeble. The presumption of our law is rather that, where no special circumstances are proved, all are supposed to have perished together. But in the present case, the infant, from its comparative weakness, must clearly be supposed to have perished before the father who bore it in his arms in the last death struggle, and from what facts have been related, Mrs. Gale would seem to have been, for a brief and terrible period, the survivor and heiress of her husband and son, from whom her relatives would inherit.

The Washington Union says it will not undertake "to defend the South against the charge of having violated a solemn compact in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise," but urges that nevertheless the North should "return good for evil."

This is precisely what "the North" proposes to do. It will repair the gross breach of Southern faith, not by inflicting evils, but by generously extending fair and wide the blessings of civil and religious Liberty, and Education. If there is any person "good" than the South can confer, on its persecutors we should like to have the Union point it out.—*Alb. Evr. Jour.*

Coal.—The coal merchants are indebted to the occurrence of the present little cold snap for a season of active demand for their commodity of trade. A good article of Pittsburgh coal is selling at 20 cents per bushel by the cart-load, with no prospect now of a decline in price.—Sales are restricted mostly to single loads, purchasers buying almost against their will, as the river is now soon will reduce the price. The stock in the market is about 200,000 bushels of all kinds, and with the present poor prospect of water in the rivers above, it is difficult to say what price coal will command ere the market is replenished by new supplies.—*Lou. Cour.*

An altercation occurred yesterday afternoon, in the office of John S. Dye, between that individual and some citizens who considered themselves outraged by the villainous extras which he has lately been issuing. Pistols on both sides were drawn, but not used, and by the interference of the bystanders the parties were separated without bloodshed.—*Cin. Com.*

Chressing.—The Lagrange (Mo.) Bulletin says good crops of *corn* will be raised in Iowa, and as many hogs be killed this as was the past season. Four will be the figure paid for pork. In many parts of Iowa, the corn crop was never better; and with considerable old stock in the cribs, the entire supply will not be much short of last year's.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

McLane's Vermifuge.—No remedy ever invented has been so successful as the great worm medicine of Dr. M'Lane. All who have used it have been equally astonished and delighted at its wonderful energy and efficacy. To publish all the testimonials in its favor would fill volumes; we must therefore content ourselves with a brief abstract of a few of them.

Mrs. Sarah Ann Ardray, gave a dose to a child 6 years old, and it brought away 83 worms. Its soon after gave another dose to the same child, which brought away 50 more, making 133 worms in about 12 hours.

Andrew Downing, of Cranberry township, Venango county, gave his child one tea-spoonful, and she passed 177 worms. Next morning, on repetition of the dose, she passed 42 more.

Jonathan Hunghman, of West Union, Park county, Ia writes that he is unable to supply the demand, as the people in his neighborhood say, after a trial of the others that none is equal to Dr. McLane's Vermifuge.

Messrs. D. & J. W. Colton, of Winchester, Ia., happened last spring to get some of this Vermifuge. After selling a few bottles, the demand became so great for it that their stock was soon exhausted. They state that it has produced the best effect wherever used, and is very popular where they reside.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges are worthless. Be sure that Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and from the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS.
oct2-d&w1t Successors to J. Kidd & Co., Wood stre et

Wright's Premium Kathairon.—This invaluable preparation for the Hair, has attained the greatest popularity, and become the universal favorite in every family. It has won this sanction, and is highly recommended by the principal chemists and physicians in Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and all the principal cities of the Union, as an unequalled preparation for

Preserving and Beautifying the Hair,
Improving its growth and beauty,
Preventing it falling and turning gray,
Removing Dandruff,
Strengthening the roots,
Rendering it soft and glossy,
Correcting harshness and dryness, and as a

Toilet article, it has no equal for its delicate and refreshing perfume.

After one bathing its effects are truly delightful, entirely removing those disagreeable sensations, such as headache, dizziness and pain in the back; invigorating the nervous system, and above all, in preventing any injurious effects in the sudden changes from heat to cold. Its unprecedent, and the most miserable recommendations, from men of the highest standing, are a sufficient proof of its superiority over all other preparations for the hair.

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For sale by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood st., corner of Virgin Alley. Price 25 cts. per bottle. oct2-d&w1t

Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or CORDIAL.—If it is inquired now this great restorative is accomplishing such a transcendinary cures, we answer it is more than the Arabian tale that these its exciting ingredient have been blended by the Omnipotent Physician, a larger amount and greater varieties of curative properties than has heretofore been supposed to exist in a hundred different kinds of the pharmacopœia. A whole medicine chest of remedies, so to speak, seems to have been combined in this herb; and in the ELIXIR or CORDIAL we have their concentrated virtues, and it is in this liquid dying that we have to deal in the practical application of the medicine. The victims of dyspepsia are cured, in a few days or a week, of half complicated cases that defy it, the sufferers from head-ache are tormented no more the weak become vigorous, the tint of jaundice leaves the complexion of the bilious, the depressed in spirits become cheerful, and the pale victim of consumption no longer derive immediate benefit from the use of Dr. Morse's in vicorating Elixir or Cordial. These facts, supported by irrefragable proof, are presented to the attention of lepers sufferers, who can verify them by a single bottle of the medicine. The Cordial is put up highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars. D. H. DICKINSON, Proprietor.

192 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada and West Indies.

Agents for Dr. Morse's Cordial are in Pittsburgh—Fleming Bros. corner Wood and Fourth streets; and Gen. H. Keyser, corner Wood street and Virgin alley. Also, by J. F. Fleming, Allegheny City. jan12-1y

PEARL STEAM MILL,
CANAL BASIN, ALLEGHENY,
NEAR THE RAILROAD STATION.

Families will be supplied with the FOUR VARIOUS grades of FRESH GROUND FLOUR, by leaving their orders at the Mill, or at our house at Logan, Wilson & Co.'s, Wood street, or Hugus & Hacke's, corner of Liberty and St. Clair s., Pittsburgh; H. P. Schwartz, or J. T. Sample *Druggists, Allegheny.*

Flour will be delivered to families in either of the cities. Terms, CASH on delivery. BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

oct20-d&w3t

FALL FASHIONS.
McCORD & CO.'S HAT STORE.
DURHAM HATS.
WIDE-AWAKE HATS,
LADIES'
Riding Hats and Gloves,
FANCY CAPS.
Corner Wood and Fifth Streets. oct8:1m

NELSON'S FIRST PREMIUM
DAGUERREOTYPES.
OLD POST OFFICE BUILDING, THIRD STREET.

Citizens and Strangers who wish to obtain an accurate, artistic and life-like likeness, at a very moderate price, will find it to their interest to call at this well known establishment where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charges made. Having some of the largest and best arranged rooms and Sky Light ever constructed for the purpose, with instruments of the most powerful kind, and having added the celebrated Daguerreotypist, as new practioner of the celebrated Roots, of Philadelphia and New York, Mr. M'Mullen feels safe in saying to offer to the patrons of the Art, a style of Daguerreotypes, either single or in groups, which has never been surpassed.

Rooms open and operating in all weathers, from 8 o'clock A. M. to 6 o'clock, P. M. and don't

oct2-2w&w4t

A Physician's opinion of my Braces.—

DR. LANE, editor of the Chambersburg Transcript, under date of Nov. 15, 1853, in speaking of these Braces, says:—Our friend, Dr. GEO. H KEYSER, submitted to our inspection a very fine specimen of the "Washington Suspender Brace," manufactured and sold by him at the corner of Wood st. and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh. It serves admirably the purposes for which it is intended, is light and easy, and altogether free from the objections attached to the use of other Braces in general use. It is an excellent Suspender, while at the same time, it preserves the shoulders in a healthful position, without at all restraining the natural movements of the body. The Dr. will send them by mail, free of postage, to any part of the Union.

[From the Pittsburgh Daily Dispatch, Feb. 28, 1852.]

☞ Chest Expanders—Shoulder Braces—An Excellent Article.—Persons who have acquired a stooping position, by following a sedentary occupation, will experience relief by the use of Dr. Keyser's "Washington Suspender Brace," made and sold by Dr. KEYSER, corner of Wood st. and Virgin alley. It expands the breast and shoulders, the weight of pantaloons do so places it to continually tend to bring the shoulders to their natural position, and expand the chest. We purchased one some time ago, and have been so pleased with it, that we unsolicited give it a "puff," gratis.

Women, hundreds of whom are annually injured by the weight of their enormous 'skirts' should also procure these braces. Be particular in procuring the kind mentioned as many of the imitations are humbugs.

[From the Pittsburgh Dispatch, Feb. 4, 1854.]

☞ Having worn one of Dr. Keyser's Washington Shoulder Braces, until it is no longer fit for service, we feel perfectly competent to discourse upon its merits. By using the weight of the pantaloons distends the chest, throws back the shoulders and expanding the chest, while it answers every purpose of suspenders. No one who is "stoop-shouldered" or whose occupation is sedentary can afford to be without one of these braces. Women and girls whose health is often injured by the weight of their under garments should wear them. We have tried several kinds, but none seem at all to compare with the "Washington," and we wish others to profit from our experience.

Sold wholesale and retail at the Drug Store of George H Keyser, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar.

N. B.—I also keep every variety of Trusses, Supporters, Body Braces, Pile Props, Elastic Stockings, Suspenders Bandages, &c. aug9-d&w8

HARDWARE
LOGAN, WILSON & CO.,

Beg to call the attention of Buyers to their extensive Stock of

HARDWARE AND SADDLERY,

comprising one of the most complete assortments in the country,

RECEIVED BY RECENT PACKETS FROM EUROPE, and which they offer on the most favorable terms, Merchants going East will find their interest promoted by buying their HARDWARE at

No. 73 Wood st. Pittsburgh.
IX DOORS ABOVE THIRD. sel1-1r&w8

Heal the Sick.—Men of liberal education at the present day, devote all their talents to discover the means whereby they may remove those painful maladies which render this life a burden to man. There is no other art connected with physic, which requires the numberless diseases to which man is liable, and which may cause him to drag out a protracted life of disease, or suddenly cut him off in the bloom of his existence and usefulness. We should gratefully close upon every means of counteracting their dreadful effects, or causing a removal of those clogs to hap piness. In these cases where the Liver or the Stomach is the cause, we would highly recommend Dr. Moffand's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson. No medicine at this time stands higher than these Bitters, and to those who are suffering from the horrors of indigestion we say they are the antidote.

Sold in Pittsburgh, by FLEMING BROS., Druggists corner of Wood and Fourth streets.

60 Wood st. Also, for sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st. oct2-d&w1t

To Physicians of Pittsburgh.—Physicians who use mercurial liquors in cholera, should prescribe Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps in preference to any other stimulants. Read, what the Surgeons of Pennsylvania and Boston Post says of the article.

[From the New York Express, Aug. 7.]

☞ Under the head of "Remarkable," and in the leading columns, the Boston Post of August 4th, has the following commendatory notice of the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps now being put up by Express, and will be sold *hereafter* in the usual form of packages, at the Express Office, 84 Water street, in this city. Price, $1 per bottle, or $6 per dozen.

"Remarkable.—Not a person who has used Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps, during the warm season, has died with the cholera, and the sale of it has been wholly unprecedented, with which we have to deal in the practical application of the medicine. The victims of dyspepsia are cured, in a few days or a week, of half complicated cases that defy it, the sufferers from head-ache are tormented no more the weak become vigorous, the tint of jaundice leaves the complexion of the bilious, the depressed in spirits become cheerful, and the pale victim of consumption no longer derive immediate benefit from the use of Dr. Morse's invigorating Elixir or Cordial. These facts, supported by irrefragable proof, are presented to the attention of lepers sufferers, who can verify them by a single bottle of the medicine. The Cordial is put up highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars. D. H. DICKINSON, Proprietor.

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Neatsfoot Oil—For sale at KEYSER'S, 140. Wood street.

Chloride of Lime for sale at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street.

Tobias' Venetian Liniament for sale at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street.

L. G. GRAFF, (successor to J. S. Dilworth & Co.) Office 130 Second street, Pittsburgh, *Agent for Allegheny Co. Steam Dyeing.* All varieties of Powder, in any quantity, constantly on hand. oct5-d&w3m

50 gross M'Lane's Liver Pills and Vermifuge for sale low at KEYSER'S Drug Store, 140 Wood st

A Physician's opinion of my Braces.—

DR. LANE, editor of the Chambersburg Transcript, under date of Nov. 15, 1853, in speaking of these Braces, says:—Our friend, Dr. GEO. H KEYSER, submitted to our inspection a very fine specimen of the "Washington Suspender Brace," manufactured and sold by him at the corner of Wood st. and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh. It serves admirably the purposes for which it is intended, is light and easy, and altogether free from the objections attached to the use of other Braces in general use. It is an excellent Suspender, while at the same time, it preserves the shoulders in a healthful position, without at all restraining the natural movements of the body. The Dr. will send them by mail, free of postage, to any part of the Union.

A Physician's opinion of my Braces.—

A LITTLE FRICTION will sometimes say one inch this mode of advertising offers a great opportunity for giving publicity to many things which are worthy of notice.

BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

☞ Persons desirous of patronizing THE HERALD will leave their advertisements of "OMNIBUS ADVERTISING," at the office of the Excelsior Omnibus Line, Fifth st., below Market, or at the Daily Dispatch Office, Third street. oct23

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of Levari Facias, issued out of the District Court of Allegheny County Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY the 23d day of October, 1854, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim which were of Mary Strauch, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground, &c., situate in the eighth Ward of the City of Pittsburgh, being 20 feet front on Penn street, by 120 feet back to Duquesne alley, recorded in the Recorder's office of Allegheny county, in vol. 61, page 250, and known as the house and lot in which the Honorable Walter Forward and his family now reside. Also, all the right of Mary Strauch, aforesaid, of, in and to the store of Dr. Geo. Stevenson, deceased, established and now conducted on part of said lot, by the firm of the City of Pittsburgh, into building lots. A full and complete description of which lots may be found in a deed from the said Forward and Lowrie, to Mary Strauch, aforesaid, dated the 1st of May, 1854, and recorded in the Recorder's office of said Allegheny county, in vol. 72, page 109 &c.

Also, the following described parts of out lot number 9, in the City of Pittsburgh, and county of Allegheny, beginning at the corner of Liberty street and an alley, thence along the line of said lot formerly of Marion Pride 150 feet to the line of Lot No. 13, thence by the line of said lot number 13, 250 feet to the street aforesaid, thence along said street 150 feet to the place of beginning, and the said lot is numbered 11 and 12 in the plan of sub-division of part of out lot No. 9, laid out by the said Marion Pride.

Also, lot No. 1, in the plan of sub-division of part of out lot No. 9, recorded in the Recorder's office of said Allegheny county, in Book D, vol. 54, page 314 &c., and which said lot was conveyed by Marion Pride to Mary Strauch, aforesaid, by deed recorded in the Recorder's office of said Allegheny county, in vol. 54, page 315 &c., and which said lots were conveyed by Mary Strauch, aforesaid, to Mary Stevenson, deceased, by deed dated the 23d of October, A. D., 1851, recorded in the Recorder's office aforesaid, in vol. 60, page 46 &c., and which said lots, with other real estate, were conveyed by the said Mary Stevenson, deceased, by her last will and testament, duly proved and recorded, reference to which will more fully and at large appear.

Also, all the right, title, interest and claim which were of John Fenn, jr., and John Penn by deed recorded in the Recorder's office of said Allegheny county, in vol. 72, page 47, &c. The whole premises above described and conveyed to Mary Strauch, aforesaid, by the said