PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 29, 1854.

Whig and Anti-Nebraska State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JAMES POLLOCK,
OF NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE DARSIE,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
DANIEL M. SMYSER,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

County Ticket,

CONGRESS, 21st DISTRICT,
DAVID BRADLEY, Pittsburg.
CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT,
SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE, of Butler.

WM. R. STEVENSON, Pittsburgh,
ROSWELL COLCORD,
E. R. COCHRAN, Birmingham,
JOHN J. MUSE, Versailles,
JACOB GUY, Pine.

RECORDER,
JOHN MAGILL, West Deer.

REGISTER,
HENRY WOODS, Pittsburgh

CLERK OF THE COURTS,
ALEX. HILANDS, Ross.

DIRECTORS,
JAMES M. GLENN, Upper St. Clair.

AUDITOR,
JAMES E. FLANKLIN, Pittsburgh.

DIRECTORS OF POOR,
JAMES KELLY, Wilkins,
JOHN MCKEE, Birmingham,
JOHN BROWN, Ross.

☞ To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday.

☞ Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our businessmen a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between five and six thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Advance Payments.—Hereafter no subscription will be taken for the Daily or Weekly Gazette, unless payment is made in advance. Whenever the time is up to which the subscription is paid, the paper will be invariably stopped, unless the subscription is renewed by advance payment. All transient advertisements, of every description, will be required to be paid in advance. The only exceptions will be where special monthly or yearly contracts are made.

Reading Matter on each page of this Paper

THE PUBLIC WORKS.—The fall of the Freeport Aqueduct furnishes another practical illustration of the fatality attending the management of the State Works in the hands of politicians. A few years ago the Aqueduct at Freeport was destroyed by fire, and the Canal Commissioners replaced it by the structure which fell on Tuesday. The old iron which was saved from the ruins of the burned bridge was disposed of to political favorites at a loss to the State, and contracts for the new bridge were awarded to other favorites at figures much above what a prudent company or individual would have given for the same work; and now, after having cost the State much more than a substantial and enduring structure should have cost, it becomes a wreck when but three or four years old. It seems to have been a weak and flimsy shell, intended to answer but a temporary purpose, yet built at an expense to the State sufficient to have ensured a permanent structure.

But the loss to the State does not stop here. Transportation must cease on nearly the entire western division of the Canal, and the revenue of the public works will consequently be seriously curtailed. The tax-payers of the State will accordingly be called on to make good the deficiency, and Governor Bigler will have time to amend that portion of his Address which boasts about the flattering condition of our State finances.

No one believes that this result would have happened had the State Works been under any other than political control. A private company would have seen to it that a work requiring permanency and strength was constructed in a manner suitable to its purpose, and would not have subjected the extensive business of such a line of transportation to an interruption both annoying and fatal.

The measure most imperatively requiring the early attention of the State Government is the sale of the Public Works. The commercial interests of the State demand that these Works shall be taken from the incompetent hands which have cursed them so long, and be disposed of at the best attainable price to those who are willing to buy and competent to manage them.—The people cannot afford to be taxed to meet the deficiencies caused by a suspension of navigation on a long line of canal at an active season of the year; and the business men of the State are not able to endure such interruptions upon the public thoroughfares.

The only remedy is to turn out the present unworthy occupants of the Government, and behold it upon those who are willing to divorce the State from all connection with the public works.

THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS.—The administration "organ," which it was so important to establish here "at whatever cost," does not publish Gov. Bigler's address, but contents itself with a meagre extract therefrom. "The old *Post*" publishes it *in extenso*. The *Union*, we suppose, from its superior sources of knowledge, regards Bigler as politically dead, and not worthy of wasting space upon; while the *Post*, in the bliss of its ignorance, labors on the same as if Bigler's election were within the bounds of possibility.

The *Union* says that Mr. Mott has made an unequivocal public denial of his connection with any such association as the Know Nothings. We have seen no such unequivocal denial. The answer of Mr. Mott to Mr. Bonham's interrogatory, if that be what is alluded to, was anything but unequivocal, and there is not a member of the Order that is not ready, at any moment, to give a similar answer. Mr. Mott is known to be a Know Nothing by the Democratic leaders, and the attempt to deny it is both wicked and monstrous.

The *Post* declares that the Democrats *wait* for their election news, in order to be sure of getting it right; and as a result of this patient waiting it announces that "in Vermont, it is believed, the Democrats *have gained a Congressman*." No other paper has the news; and we fancy that, for the sake of absolute correctness, the *Post* could have afforded to "wait a little longer."

The *Philadelphia Ledger*, which professes to be a neutral paper, devotes its money column to electioneering articles in favor of Gov. Bigler.—The basis of its effort is the claim set up that the Governor has paid off nearly a million of the State Debt. We shall show in to-morrow's paper that the State Debt, instead of being decreased, has been increased under the present State administration, maugre all the pretences of the smuggled articles in the *Ledger*.

REFLECTIT. "Read the Address" of Gov. Bigler, exclaims our neighbor of the *Post*; "it speaks out openly on all subjects it touches." So it does; but how about those subjects it *don't* touch? Is not Nebraska one of "the isms involved in the campaign"? And does not the Governor ignore it altogether?

KANSAS PAPER.—We have received the specimen number of new anti-slavery paper about to be started in Kansas. It is called the "Herald of Freedom," and will be published at Wakarusa, Kansas, by G. W. Brown & Co., at $2 per year.

The steamship City of Manchester arrived on Tuesday, and will sail on Saturday, 30th inst. There will no steamer sail on the 7th of October.

The Whig candidate continues his travels, notwithstanding the sickness of his competitor.—*Post.*

And why not? Is a candidate bound to give up his labors because his opponent is sick?

☞ Winter is approaching and new and warm clothing will soon be required. Mr. SOLOMON STERNE, one of the oldest of our Wood street Clothing houses, informs our readers, by his card in another column, that he has made extensive purchases of everything which heart can desire, and having secured the services of Mr. George Armor, well known for his tact and skill as a cutter and fitter, is able to satisfy the most fastidious in the style and cut of his garments.

THE CAUSE OF CHOLERA.—An intelligent and thoughtful correspondent has furnished us with the suggestions below in reference to the sudden and desolating outbreak of the pestilence in this city. The cause specified is very probably the real one, and the question deserves the serious examination of the Board of Health and other city authorities. To this chief cause others may be added, such as defective sewerage, filthy dwellings, courts and alleys, the accumulation of garbage and other filth in the street—ugh the horrible nuisance the canal, passing the borders of which so for time that some efficient It is, indeed taken to secure cleanliness and ventilation, without which life is at best a burden and death is lurking in every breeze.

The abatement of the cholera, and the almost entire absence of alarm amongst our citizens, will make it not an improper thing at the present moment to institute a few enquiries into the cause of the scourge that has carried desolation into so many families in our hitherto healthy city. Let others theorize about the disorganization of the elements of the atmosphere, the disarrangments of the electric currents, the growth from a single point of winged anamalcula, as small as the aromas that float on the breeze from the Upas tree; I prefer to look for causes which strike the common sense of every thinking person in the community. The cause of the present visitation of the pestilence I believe to be *in our hydrant water*. The long drought reduced our noble Allegheny to a feeble stream, and dried up its small tributaries in the neighborhood of our city. The heavy rain a fortnight ago poured the green scum from the pools of the creeks into the river, and also the sediment of the filthy gutters of the Fifth and Ninth Wards; all of which was pumped up into our reservoirs to spread death among our inhabitants. Butcher's Run on the Allegheny side of the river, *but below the Allegheny Water Works*, poured out its slimy current of putrefaction into the river, even into the mouth of our water pipes. In addition to all this, I am credibly informed that for four miles above the city the river is full of dead horses, which are prevented by the lowness of the stream from being carried off. It is an outrage upon our city that carrion is permitted to be thrown into the river, but in the absence of any law to prevent the nuisance it will not likely be abated. The water which we had last week was very impure, and of course very unwholesome. Our citizens who could not afford to mix the water they used with ice were the greatest sufferers. The recent rise of a foot in the Alleghany has given us purer water, but still it is not what it has been. The proper remedies ought to be applied at once by our civil authorities. The supply pipe to our Water Works should be extended up the stream to Herr's Island. All carrion should be removed forthwith and buried, or floated down the river while the pumps are not working. Everything should be done to save life and bring back the purity of the water and the salubrity of the atmosphere, which were recently the pride and boast of every Pittsburgher.

SEWICKLEY ACADEMY.—The close of the summer session of this excellent institution for boys, was celebrated yesterday by an exhibition, which was attended by a crowded assembly of delighted spectators, composed of the parents of children, and the inhabitants of the neighborhood.—The young gentlemen mostly acquitted themselves with great credit, and all behaved with the utmost decorum and propriety. The exercises consisted of the reading of original compositions, speeches, dialogues performed in characters, and music, vocal and instrumental. All passed off in the most happy manner. We have had the opportunity of observing this boarding institutions for boys, for the last year, and can say with the utmost sincerity, that as a parent we should feel perfectly safe in intrusting a child to its discipline and training, whether as regards his health, education, manners or morals. We look upon it as a most excellent school, affording to parents who wish to send their children from home a place free from all causes of parental anxiety. We are glad to know that the institution is in a most flourishing condition. Rev. Joseph Travelli is the Principal.

NEW YORK.—The Anti-Nebraska State Convention of New York, which assembled at Auburn on Tuesday, adopted the Whig State ticket lately nominated. A portion of the Convention seceded, and after holding a conference with the Free Soil Convention, nominated Myron H. Clark, the Whig candidate for Governor, but selected new candidates for the other offices—Bradford R. Wood for Lieutenant Governor, H. A. Wheaton for Canal Commissioner, and P. H. Macomber for Prison Inspector

THE COUNTY TICKET.—The *Union* chuckles over the fact that a portion of its county ticket et has been adopted by the Know Nothings. It says:

"There were whispers afloat yesterday to the effect that the Know Nothings, in general assembly met, had nominated their county ticket, or rather, decided which of the names on the tickets of the other parties should receive their support. It was also stated, that three of the Democratic candidates for the Legislature had been selected as the favorites of the new organization. Much as we detest the secret association, and little as we think a man entitled to the name of Democrat who will court their influence, we rejoiced to see the Whig party, even now, in this county, trembling in its shoes for the danger of the county ticket."

Of course the Democratic leaders are rejoiced at any chance of electing a part of their ticket, even though the help should come from the Know Nothings whom they continually curse. They put forth long addresses against the order, abuse them in their papers, damn them on the street corners, and pass resolutions against them in County Convention, and wind up by nominating three Know Nothings out of five for Assembly, and others for county offices, as the only chance of foisting their nominees into office. And this is matter of rejoicing with the *Union*. Much as it "*detests*" the secret association, it is perfectly enraptured to think that the detested order is going to vote for three Know Nothings on the Democratic Assembly ticket.

The *Harrisburg Patriot*, the organ of Gov. Bigler, thus speaks of the Know Nothings:

"Every true American will denounce their principles from the house-tops, as unchristian, illiberal, unchristian, unpatriotic, INFAMOUS and COWARDLY. Every patriotic heart will stigmatize the Know Nothing leaders, and the propagators of their doctrines, as KNAVES and TRAITORS to the country that feeds them, as well as to the God who made them."

This is a pleasant paragraph to a part of the democratic ticket of this county. Three of the nominees on the democratic Assembly ticket, the *Union* informs us, have been adopted by the Know Nothings; and as that body selects only its own members, the admission of the *Union* is important, in the way of information. Other portions of the democratic ticket, rumor says, have been adopted by the same order; and we commend to them the proclamation of the Governor and his organ above given, which stigmatizes them as "infamous" and "cowardly" "knaves and traitors." Will the *Union* oblige us with its opinion in the matter? *Are* the democratic nominees who have been adopted by the Know Nothings "infamous" and "cowardly" "knaves and traitors," as the *Patriot* alleges, or has the Governor's mouth-piece been venturing a little too far in defamation of its allies?

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.
Mexico.

THE REVOLUTION—NEWS FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.—ACAPULCO, Mexico, Thursday, Sept. 7, 1854.—Gen. Alvarez in person, at the head of 2,500 men, entered the city of Yutela on the 4th inst., the Government troops having evacuated on the 3d. Alvarez is pushing forward for Chilpancingo, where he will arrive in a few days without any opposition, as all the government troops have been withdrawn from the State of Guerrero for the capital, except a force of 1500 left at Tixtla, to retard, if possible, his onward movements, which cannot be the case, inasmuch as Alvarez is in fine health and leading a body of men who, to a man, would die for their chieftain.

By a courier, which arrived this evening, official information has been received that Vera Cruz has pronounced for Alvarez; and from all indications it is very firmly believed that Santa Anna will very soon abdicate.

PERU.—The most notable circumstance is the reported capture of President Echinique by the revolutionary party. The President of the Council of State has issued a decree, forbidding citizens or others subject to the laws of the country, from accepting letters of marque, or to arm or equip privateers in Peruvian ports during the pending war in Europe.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON CITY, Sept. 28, 1854.

This is a year of affliction. Pestilence has scourged, and disaster is insupportable. Providence is yet on the land, and many parts of our country. laid desolates the South and cholera has been, with a sort of capricious and spasmodic violence, some of the healthiest districts of the North. The sympathies of the entire country are with your afflicted community as with many others that have been as unexpectedly attacked, and have suffered more severely. There is no instance in the history of American epidemics of a more sweeping calamity than the ravages of fever at Savannah, according to Southern papers. The white population of that place is said to be reduced to 8,500, while the interments of a single week are reported at the number of 210. It is said that the fever does not assail the colored inhabitants. At this rate of progress four or five months of the epidemic would sweep away every white inhabitant in the place. The disease seems to be almost as fatal at Charleston and New Orleans. The cholera at Martinsburg and Columbia, where it appeared so suddenly and prevailed with such fearful malignity, produced no such terrible mortality as this. The fatality of the disease at Pittsburgh during the first week after its appearance was about equal to a mortality of 2,800 in a week in New York, a proof of the dreadful severity of the plague. I sincerely hope that the dis appearance of the destroyer will be as sudden as its visitation.

There is great reason to fear that the Cholera has become naturalized to our climate, and that it will recur with each return of the unheal by season of the year. It is certainly true that the Northern and Western States have not been entirely exempt from it since 1849, though happily it has not since prevailed to anything like the same extent as in that awful year. During the present season it has made no regular progress as in former years, but its visitations have been sporadic as to place, time, and the character of the symptoms attending it. In 1832 and again in 1849 it followed water courses and advanced from given points in determined directions.—Thus on the first occasion it appeared at Quebec and New York simultaneously, by having been brought from Liverpool and Hamburg. It ascended the St. Lawrence to the lakes, and travelled westward from New York by the usual course of communication with surprising regularity of progress. In 1849 it appeared at the extreme South and North during the middle of May, and the opposite currents of disease and death met in the centre of the Union in the course of July, and raged with terrific fury until September.

This year none of these incidents have been observed. Its phenomena have been inexplicable. It prevailed alarmingly at New York and considerably at Philadelphia, but was not transmitted to any of the places in most intimate connection with those cities. It decimated the unfortunate wretches in the Alms House at Buffalo, but did no textend to the town, nor to any of the neighboring places. Martinsburg, Va., and Pittsburgh are certainly among the healthiest cities in the world, yet, passing over great cities, it swept down upon them like a whirlwind, and snatched its victims, as if some new and mysterious kind of prey had descended upon them.—Again, the disease has this year manifested symptoms of a local contagion, distinct, perhaps, from the infection which results from personal contact. This feature is altogether new, and is one of the alarming characteristics of the malady. Henceforward the danger of disseminating the disease by mere contiguity with the affected will aggravate its horrors.

Although on the continent the scourge of Cholera has produced a wider desolation at the North than at the South, its mortality in the islands of the West Indies, within or adjacent to the tropics, has been infinitely greater than in any part of the United States. In Jamaica, Barbadoes, and all the British colonies, in Dominique and St. Thomas, this pestilence threatens in a few years to depopulate the islands. It has raged with far greater severity this year than ever before, and has been getting worse every year since 1849.

It is not for us to lift the veil which hides from us the judgments of the Almighty, but it has pleased him to admonish us that our unexampled prosperity as a nation affords no exemption from those great and general calamities which contribute to make up the sum of human misery in the other parts of the earth, and it will become as to remember that in the moment of your proudest successes there is a power hovering over and around us which may confound our wisest councils, and turn to naught our highest enterprises.

The failure of certain crops to which I have before adverted has now becoms confirmed. It is very silly to attempt to smother rational enquiry into the extent of the scarcity by the cry that speculators are seeking to excite a panic, in order to raise the price of stocks of grain under their control. The facts are plain. The drought which has prevailed over at least two-thirds of that portion of the United States chiefly relied upon for the production of food crops, commenced between the middle and the end of June, and continued without mitigation until the 10th of September. The consequence of this drought has been that in some districts, Indian corn was cut off entirely and in others the crop was reduced one third or two thirds in amount. Potatoes of the May and June planting, the bulk of the crop, have been generally destroyed *in toto*, as in this latitude, where not so much as the seed will be gathered. For the same reason there will be hardly any turnips, in this region there will be none, nor more than a third of a crop of buckwheat on the land sown, and very little was sown. There was no second growth of grass, called aftermath, and between the first of August and the moderate rains which fell in the first and second week of September, there was no summer pasturage. So terrible indeed were the effects of this drought upon cattle that many of them perished in the fields for want of food and water. The prices of beef, and of butter and cheese must be unprecedentedly high, because those articles must be unprecedentedly scarce. The failure of the later crops of the year will be in part remedied and compensated by a full average yield of wheat, rye, oats, barley and hay, which will serve not only to avert famine, but to support in moderate comfort the half million of additional consumers which the enormous immigration of the present year has thrown in upon us. It is not a difficult, though a somewhat laborious task to frame tables, which will show with a close approximation to certainty the entire food production of the year. I have framed a general estimate which satisfies me that the deficiency is very large and that the necessity of a careful economy in the use of what we have, was never so great as now.

Your scarification of Mr. Trout by the simple exposure of his course on the Nebraska bill, ought to dispose of his claims upon the respect and confidence of his constituents, and I presume it will be. I have been endeavoring to get a copy of the Congressional Globe, in order to show by the record of remarks, motions and votes, that Mr. Trout and Mr. Drum were as thorough and effective partisans of the Nebraska outrage as Dawson, Glancy, Jones, McNair or Straub on all occasions where their votes were required. It is true, that Richardson and Douglas permitted Trout and Drum to vote in the negative on several of the closing divisions, for the very excellent reason that they no longer needed their assistance. Trout and Drum having put the bill in a position where it could not be defeated, because the hands of its opponents were tied, these patriots T. and D. were permitted to vote for their constituents. But had their voices been required to *pass the bill*, there is not a man in the House who doubts that they would have been obtained for the asking. JUNIUS.

Threatened Trouble with Spain.—Numored Abandonment of Cuba.

From the Courier and Enquirer.

Our Washington correspondent telegraphs as follows:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.

It is stated upon the authority of a foreign legation, that our Minister, Soule, has been dismissed by the Spanish Government for fomenting insurrection and intriguing for a Republic.

INSPECTOR.

ALTOONA, N. Y., Sept. 28.—The State Temperance Convention nominated Clark for Governor by acclamation, and Raymond for Lieut. Governor by a vote of 168 to 112 for Wood.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

We think we are justified in saying, that no other Pill, or remedy for Liver Complaint, has gained, deservedly, the reputation now enjoyed by Dr. M'Lane's celebrated LIVER PILLS. As an evidence that they will cure, read the following certificate from a lady residing in our own city.

NEW YORK, January 23, 1852.

This is to certify that I have had the liver complaint 6 years, and never could get any medicine to help me until I commenced using Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills. I can now say to the public, that they have completely cured me; and I do hereby recommend them to persons afflicted with a diseased liver. They will cure. Try them.

MARIA EVANS, No. 32 Lewis st.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and take none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public; also, his Celebrated Vermifuge, can nowbe had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States; also, for sale by the sole proprietors, FLEMING BROTHERS, sep29-d&w:8 Successors to J. Kidd & Co...60 Wood st.

Heal the Sick.—Men of liberal education at the present day, devote all their talents to discover the means whereby they may remove those painful maladies which assail the human frame. There is no nobler art than that of healing the sick, in considering the numberless diseases to which man is liable, and which may cause him to drag out a protracted life of distress, or suddenly cut him off in the bloom of his existence and usefulness. We should gratefully bless upon every means of counteracting their dreadful effects, or causing a removal of those clogs to happiness. In those cases where the Liver or the Stomach is the cause, we would highly recommend Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson. No medicine at this time stands higher than these Bitters, and to those who are suffering from the horrors of Indigestion, we say they are the antidote.

Sold in Pittsburgh, by FLEMING BROS., Druggists 60 Wood st. Also, for sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street.

sep23-2wd&w8

A CARD.

I have the pleasure to announce to those who have hitherto obliged me with their favors, and to my friends and the public generally, that, having a short time ago returned from the East with a large and very

SUPERIOR STOCK OF GOODS FOR THE FALL TRADE.

I am prepared to supply all orders on better terms than formerly. In consequence of the immense influx of Goods, which, for the past few months has burdened the Eastern market, and of the distrust reposed in the credit system, I have important advantages were offered to cash buyers; and hence I have been enabled to purchase my Goods at a large discount on their actual value.

My selection of plain Cloths and Cassimeres embraces every grade, from the coarser and more substanti-l kind adapted to the wants of laboring men, to the finer qualities suitable for gentlemen of fashion, among which are some

Incapable of being Surpassed

in the character of the material and richness of its finish

The fancy Cloths comprise every diversity of color—green, olive green, invisible green, dark and light browns, olive brown, wine color, and various shades of blue. My fancy Cassimeres number forty different patterns.

My Vestings are of Silk, Woolen, Velvet, Plush and embroidered Cloth, comprising the different styles now in fashion. My assortment of Cravats is unusually large and various, all lately imported.

My department of BOYS' CLOTHING promises much more extensive selection than usual, in consequence of the large variety of material that I have with which to supply it.

MR. GEORGE ARMOR, who holds a distinguished rank in his profession, and needs no recommendation to the favor of Pittsburgers, will superintend the Cutting Department. His numerous friends will please remember this.

In fine, I flatter myself that I shall be able to furnish garments suitable for all classes, fitted up in such a manner, and on such terms as shall disarm all competition, and I would therefore solicit a call from all who are not wedded to any particular house.

SOLOMON STONER. No. 80 Wood st.

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wro't Iron Tubing
AND FITTING GENERALLY.
For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court House Jail Hotels or Dwellings, No. 23 Market st., Pittsburgh

More Proof in favor of Myer's Frost Wort or Rock Rose.

To the Rock Rose Company:—

MESSRS.—A Medicine under the name of *Myer's Extract of Rock Rose*, has recently found its way into this county, and from the newspaper account (or recommendation) we was induced to make a trial of its healing properties in the case of my wife, who had for years been laboring under a disease known by the name of Scrofula. Its prevalent symptoms were open ulcers in the throat, enlarged parotid glands, diseased condition of the mucous membrance of the head, and to that extent many times she could not breathe except when the mouth was open, there being no passage through the nostrils, with many other painful symptoms that often attend this scourge of human happiness and ills. I believe it is the opinion of the medical faculty generally, that this disease has been the cause of almost every case of Consumption that fall destroyed a carrier to the grave annually its tens of thousands. My wife has taken from bottles, and it has restored her to perfect health, healing all the ulcers, reducing every gland to its original size, and removing from the lungs a difficult respiration, or breathing, which, at times, was painful. In my opinion, it is due to the medicine and its inventors, to say, at least in Scrofula there is no specific that can equal it. Yours, with esteem

WILLIAM FLOYD, Surg. & Physician.

Norfolk, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Nov. 1, 1854.

SALT RHEUM, OR TETTER

This is to certify, that after having used Myers' Comp. pound Extract or Rock Rose for the Salt Rheum, with colic pains attending, I would sincerely recommend it, as the best article in use, to all who are troubled with the like complaint.

IRA WALKER.

Boston, March 27, 1852.

DYSPEPSIA.

A. B. L. Myers—Dear Sir—I have suffered for a long time from Dyspepsia; and it gives me great pleasure to inform you that, after using one bottle of your Compound of Rock Rose, I received so much benefit that I can cheerfully recommend it to the public, as being a valuable medicine, and the best I ever used.

Yours, truly, ELIAS PIERPONT,

corner of Grand and Oliver streets.

SICK HEADACHE.

This certifies that one of my daughters has been subjected to periods of Sick Headache and Vomiting for some years—that some of the attacks were very severe, and were almost entirely free from suffering, after using one bottle of your Compound. Having of the beneficial effects of the "Rock Rose" with others similarly afflicted, I was induced to purchase a bottle. From the commencement of her using it, (several weeks since,) she has been free from this distressing complaint. Her general health has improved and is more good, and we attribute this desirable result to the properties imparted by a merciful Providence in the valuable preparation.

New Haven, Jan. 2, 1854. RODNEY BURTON.

ERYSIPELAS.

This will certify that I have for years suffered with the most obstinate Erysipelas, which, it seemed to me, nothing would cure. I was finally induced by my friends to attend the Medical Clinique, of New Haven. Dr. Knight prescribed the Syrup of Rock Rose, which gave me immediate relief, and cured me of a disease from which I never expected to recover.

Southington, Conn., Dec. 1851.

Sold wholesale and retail at the Drug Store of George H Keyser, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar. sep23 d&w8

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.'S
TRUE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL,

Prepared expressly for their sales for Medicinal use. J. C. B. & Co. having employed an agent at the fisheries to superintend the manufacture of their Oil, assure the public that it is prepared with the greatest care from none but fresh and healthy livers.

All Oil sold with their signature will be found to be of unusual fine quality, and can be retained in the most delicate stomach.

It is extensively employed both in private and Hospital practice, and well deserves the attention of invalids, as a remedy more palatable than any yet discovered, for consumption or pulmonary affections.

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
No. 100 North 2d st., Philadelphia.
For sale by all the principal Druggists. jy17-6m&4wRT

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY.
CHARTERED APRIL 20, 1850.—CHARTER PERPETUAL.
CAPITAL—$250,000.
Office S. E. corner of Third and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia
OFFICERS OF THE HOME BOARD AT PHILADELPHIA
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74 Fourth street, Pittsburgh

FAMILY FLOUR.—Best brands constantly on hand, and for sale Wholesale and Retail by
se12:2m-&.] D. W. HERSTINE & CO., 98 and 99 Front

PITTSBURGH
Life, Fire & Marine Insurance Company;
OFFICE, 55 FIFTH STREET,
MASONIC HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.
JAMES S. HOON, President.

CHARLES A. COLTON, Secretary.
This Company makes every Insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.
Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.
And against Loss or Damage by Fire,
And against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.
Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

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sep26:1y&. [Post copy 1 year for ad.]

Enlarged or Varicose Veins, Weak Knee Joints and Weak Ankles.—I would respectfully invite the attention of physicians, and the public generally to my assortment of SILK Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps, Ankle Socks and bandages for the relief and cure of Varicose or Enlarged Veins, Weak Ankles, Weak Knee Joints and the various appliances used in the cure of diseases requiring outward support.

☞ I also keep every variety of Trusses, Body Braces Supporters, Shoulder Braces, and in fact all kinds of mechanical appliances used in the cure of diseases.

GEO. H. KEYSER, Wholesale Druggist.
ap8-d&w6 No. 140 corner Wood st. and Virgin

M'Clintock's Family Medicines.—We call the attention of heads of families, and others, to the ad vertisement on the fourth page of these valuable Family Medicines.

Medicine Chests of every kind for sale cheaper than they can be had elsewhere, at KEYSER'S Drug Store, 140 Wood street. sep14

50 ozs. Quinine for sale at KEYSER'S 140 Wood st sep14

Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or CORDIAL.—If it is inquired how this great restorative is accomplishing such extraordinary cures, we can only reply that in the Arabian bark has been found the cardinal ingredient to which has been blended by the Omnipotent Physician, a larger amount and greater variation of curative properties than all the other remedies in the whole chest of vegetable materia medica of the pharmacopœia. A whole medicine chest of remedies, so to speak, seems to have been combined in this herb; and in the ELIXIR or CORDIAL we have their concentrated essence. It is the effect, however, not the cause with which we have to deal in the practical application of the medicine. The victims of dyspepsia are cured, the nervous are relieved, the half paralyzed resume their activity, the sufferers from head-ache are tormented no more the weak become vigorous, the tint of jaundice leaves the complexion of the bilious, the depressed in spirits become buoyant, the sick in almost in every condition of disease derive immediate benefit from the use of Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial. These facts, supported by irrefragable proof, are presented to the attention of invalids, who can verify them by a single bottle of the medicine. The Cordial is put up highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars. C. H. RING, Proprietor,

192 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada and West Indies.

General Agents in Pittsburgh—Fleming Bros., corner Wood and Fourth streets; and Geo. H. Keyser, corner Wood street and Virgin alley. Also, by J. P. Fleming, Allegheny City. ja12-1y

Indigestion and Liver Complaint Cured

BY KIER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Rev. O. Dickerson, a Missionary in Oregon:

MR. S. M. KIER—Dear Sir:—Myself and wife having been greatly benefited by the use of your Petroleum, I wish to have you send me a box of two or three dozen bottles. I am the Congregational Minister in this place, and several of my people are affected with indigestion and an inactive state of the liver, the same of myself and wife, before taking your PETROLEUM, OR ROCK OIL. We took several bottles—two or three each—about a year and a half ago, and we have never enjoyed so good health for years as we have since that time. I had not taken a single bottle before that fullness of the stomach which so distresses the dyspeptic was relieved, and I have felt nothing of it since that time. My wife was also relieved from a chronic disease of the liver, which had been of several years standing, by the use of your Petroleum.

Sold by S. M. KIER, Canal Basin, GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., and Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere. [Papers advertising Petroleum copy.] oct26

Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaint, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, and Piles, are all relieved and cured in an incredible short space of time, by Carter's Spanish Mixture, the great tonic and purifier of the blood. It contains not a particle of Mercury, Tobacco, or any noxious drug; is perfectly harmless, and has cured more than five hundred cases of disease.

We can only refer the reader to the certificates, a few of which may be found in another column, and all of which are detailed in full around each bottle. It is the great tonic of all Spring and Fall Medicines, and possesses an influence over the blood truly remarkable.

See advertisement. se21-1md1 wS

HENRY H. COLLINS,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,
And Produce Generally,
No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

FALL FASHIONS.
McCORD & CO.'S HAT STORE.
DRESS HATS.
WIDE-AWAKE HATS,
LADIES'
Riding Hats and Gloves,
Corner Wood and Fifth Streets. se6:1m

Empty Packing Boxes.—A large lot of second hand Packing Boxes for sale cheap at
se17 KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st.

NORRIS LOCOMOTIVE WORKS.
Schuylkill Sixth Street, the Railroad, Philadelphia
ENGAGED for many years exclusively in the manufacture of LOCOMOTIVES, have recently considerably enlarged, by additions of large buildings and numerous fixtures and tools, which will enable the proprietors to furnish, with despatch, any description of Locomotives, on liberal credits.
RICHARD NORRIS & SON.
JOHN FLEMING. WILSON, JR. COCHRAN FLEMING
FLEMING BROTHERS,
(Formerly Fleming & Co.)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NO. 60 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills &c

More Proof in favor of Myer's Frost Wort or Rock Rose.

To the Rock Rose Company:—

MESSRS.—A Medicine under the name of *Myer's Extract of Rock Rose*, has recently found its way into this county, and from the newspaper account (or recommendation) we was induced to make a trial of its healing properties in the case of my wife, who had for years been laboring under a disease known by the name of Scrofula. Its prevalent symptoms were open ulcers in the throat, enlarged parotid glands, diseased condition of the mucous membrance of the head, and to that extent many times she could not breathe except when the mouth was open, there being no passage through the nostrils, with many other painful symptoms that often attend this scourge of human happiness and ills. I believe it is the opinion of the medical faculty generally, that this disease has been the cause of almost every case of Consumption that fall destroyed a carrier to the grave annually its tens of thousands. My wife has taken from bottles, and it has restored her to perfect health, healing all the ulcers, reducing every gland to its original size, and removing from the lungs a difficult respiration, or breathing, which, at times, was painful. In my opinion, it is due to the medicine and its inventors, to say, at least in Scrofula there is no specific that can equal it. Yours, with esteem

WILLIAM FLOYD, Surg. & Physician.

Norfolk, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Nov. 1, 1854.

SALT RHEUM, OR TETTER

This is to certify, that after having used Myers' Comp. pound Extract or Rock Rose for the Salt Rheum, with colic pains attending, I would sincerely recommend it, as the best article in use, to all who are troubled with the like complaint.

IRA WALKER.

Boston, March 27, 1852.

DYSPEPSIA.

A. B. L. Myers—Dear Sir—I have suffered for a long time from Dyspepsia; and it gives me great pleasure to inform you that, after using one bottle of your Compound of Rock Rose, I received so much benefit that I can cheerfully recommend it to the public, as being a valuable medicine, and the best I ever used.

Yours, truly, ELIAS PIERPONT,

corner of Grand and Oliver streets.

SICK HEADACHE.

This certifies that one of my daughters has been subjected to periods of Sick Headache and Vomiting for some years—that some of the attacks were very severe, and were almost entirely free from suffering, after using one bottle of your Compound. Having of the beneficial effects of the "Rock Rose" with others similarly afflicted, I was induced to purchase a bottle. From the commencement of her using it, (several weeks since,) she has been free from this distressing complaint. Her general health has improved and is more good, and we attribute this desirable result to the properties imparted by a merciful Providence in the valuable preparation.

New Haven, Jan. 2, 1854. RODNEY BURTON.

ERYSIPELAS.

This will certify that I have for years suffered with the most obstinate Erysipelas, which, it seemed to me, nothing would cure. I was finally induced by my friends to attend the Medical Clinique, of New Haven. Dr. Knight prescribed the Syrup of Rock Rose, which