PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 23, 1854

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JAMES POLLOCK;

OF NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

GEORGE DARSIE;

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,

DANIEL M. SMYSER;

OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Allegheny County Whig Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS—21st DISTRICT,
DAVID RITCHIE, Pittsburgh.

FOR CONGRESS, 22D DISTRICT,
SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE, of Butler.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
WM. E STEVENSON, Pittsburgh.
HOWARD SYLVESTER,
R. B. CARNAHAN, E. Birmingham,
JOHN J. MUSE, Versailles,
WM. GREGORY, Finley.

FOR RECORDER,
JOHN MAGILL, West Deer.

FOR REGISTER,
HENRY WOODS, Pittsburgh.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
ALEX. HILANDS, Ross.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
JAMES B. GLENN, Upper St. Clair.

FOR AUDITOR,
JAMES E. FLANEGIN, Pittsburgh.

FOR DIRECTORS OF POOR,
JAMES KELLY, Sharpsburg.
JOHN MCKEE, Birmingham.
JOHN BROWN, Ross.

☞ **To Advertisers.**—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday.

☞ **Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.**—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our businessmen a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

Reading Matter on each page of this Paper

RETRENCHMENT.—The New York Tribune, speaking of the disastrous effect of the great drouth, makes the following remark.—"There is no danger of famine, but there is need of *economy*." The necessity here spoken of is of greater and more pressing importance than is generally supposed. The loss incurred by the country from the drouth is variously estimated at from one hundred to two hundred millions. The latter figure is probably nearer to the truth than the former. Whatever the loss may be, and that it is immense no one can doubt, it must be endured, and it is the dictate of wisdom to prepare for its consequences with courage, firmness and resignation. Although the loss falls originally upon the farmer, its effects will be very equally distributed through the whole community. None can escape their share of the burden. How are we to make up for this immense loss? There is only one true and honest way, and that is, *retrenchment*.

The people of this country, of late years, have notoriously been fast livers. Blessed with fruitful seasons and almost unbounded prosperity, and making almost unlimited use of our credit, we have gone on in a career of unexampled speculation and extravagance. A sudden blight has fallen upon our fruitful fields, the true sources of our wealth, and we stand almost aghast at the impending dangers rapidly approaching. Happily, we are in no danger of famine. The stripes of a merciful Providence are tempered with mercy. If luxuries and the means of a wasteful extravagance are denied us, there is still food in sufficiency. The calamity need not overwhelm us, unless we heedlessly neglect its warnings. If we would avoid its disastrous results, we must retrace our steps; we must *retrench*.

There can be no question that the majority of people in moderate circumstances in this country, spend at least one-fourth more than is necessary for decency, health and comfort; while those in opulent circumstances squander twice or three times as much as is required for true enjoyment. These unnecessary and injurious expenses must be cut off. There is enough for all; but no one must waste his own and his neighbor's share also.

Where must retrenchment begin? At home, in the family circle. A careful examination will discover many items of expenditure which can easily be dispensed with. An immense amount is spent annually for show, parade and dress, which add nothing to real happiness. Millions of dollars are spent to imitate or eclipse our neighbors and rivals in houses, in furniture, in equipage, in dress, and in luxuries in eating and drinking. Let this wasteful extravagance stop. In this work of reform, much, very much, depends upon the ladies. If the wives will earnestly introduce reform, the husbands will generally second the good resolution. While one half of the community will be compelled to retrench from absolute necessity, and many hundreds of thousands will have to struggle daily with the wolf at the door, those whom God has blessed with abundance and influence should set an example of frugality, both for the benefit of the example and to have means of aiding those who will have little but charity to depend upon.

Prudence, forethought and economy in business are more than ever necessary. Every description of business will be more or less affected. When the resources of the people are cut off they must limit their purchases to absolute necessaries. The new carpet, the new piece of furniture, the new set of hardware or china, the new coat or the new dress, which had been contemplated, will be relinquished. The old furniture will be rubbed up, the old carpet made to do, the old coat brushed, and the old frock turned. Many practical lessons in economy will be learned by the honest and debt-fearing. Every branch of business will therefore feel the pressure. Hence the necessity for economy and forethought. No retrenchment can, however, be made in wages, except where employees are boarded, as the enhanced price of living renders it impossible for persons depending on wages to live for less. The high price of provisions has already cut their wages down very greatly.—Neither can wages be raised. No business will stand it. Employers and employed find their resources equally cut down, and they bear the burden imposed in pretty equal proportions.—Nevertheless many persons will necessarily be thrown out of employment, because of the limited demand for a great many articles which people will contrive to do without, and it is in this way that the effects of the disaster will be equalized. Want of employment will enhance the general distress, and call for the enlarged exercise of heavenly charity. The retrenchments of the rich will enable them to enjoy the rich blessing of giving.

Do we draw a dark picture? Heaven grant it never may be realized. We would discourage no one, but it is wise to contemplate dangers which appear to be impending, although they may never be realized. Forewarned is to be forearmed. We believe courage, cheerful fortitude, and resolute economy will carry us through, and that we shall be no worse off in a year or two to come. It will do us good to practice a little wise economy, to learn the art of self-sacrifice and to undergo a few hardships. We were going on too fast, and needed a wholesome check. If we have no more dollars to spend than we had a year ago, and a dollar is worth only half as much as it was then, it must be plain to all that we must retrench, or go in debt. The true and proper course is, retrenchment.

This good work will much depend upon the ladies. The mothers, wives and daughters can serve us, and to them we especially appeal. Let them make it fashionable to retrench, and to exercise economy in every branch of housekeeping and in dress, and the work will be done. We had rather appeal to a higher sentiment than fashion, but we know of none more potent in a work like this. Make it disreputable, or which is about the same thing, unfashionable, to indulge in extravagance, either in dress or anything else, and the work of reform will be accomplished. The immense losses occasioned by the drouth will be retrieved, and the country will be more prosperous than ever.

Of course, we do not advise retrenchment in whatever is necessary to improve the mind, or make better the heart. Education must go on, the gospel must be sustained, the fountains of charity must have accelerated flow, and food for the mind must be provided. It is only the luxuries, the excrescences, we would lop off.

GOV. BIGLER AND NEBRASKA.—Since the issue of the Democratic Address, No. 3, endorsing, in the name of the party and its candidates, the Nebraska bill and all its incidents, it is proper to recall attention to the following statement, made in the *Montrose Democrat*, by C. E. Chase, late Speaker of the House of Representatives:

"We know that Gov. Bigler, after his nomination by the convention, said to those persons who were present and determined that the convention should pass resolutions in favor of the Nebraska bill—'*gentlemen, if the convention pass such resolutions, it must nominate another candidate, for I will not endorse and run upon such a platform.*' We know that he said this, for he said it in our presence, and with an emphasis that put to flight the efforts of those to whom it was addressed.'

This statement has never been denied, as we presume it cannot be, being too clearly susceptible of proof. It was followed, however, by the annexed comments in the *Harrisburg Keystone*, one of the Governor's supporters:

"We call the especial attention of the State Committee to this charge upon the Governor, in order that they may clearly define his position in their forthcoming address upon the principles of non-intervention and popular sovereignty as settled by the compromise of 1850, and embodied in the Nebraska and Kansas bill. There is a mystery in the failure of the convention to discharge its duty on this great question that should be cleared up. A large majority of the delegates were sound upon it, and felt aggrieved at the manner in which their voices were stifled. Mr. Chase lays the blame upon the Governor, which affords the committee an excellent opportunity to show that he is as 'honest, devoted, prudent and able' upon this great principle as he is upon any other—that he stands shoulder to shoulder with the national democrats whose creed is the same in Pennsylvania as in Virginia and New Hampshire; and with whom the principle involved in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise is sacred."

The State Committee, as our readers are aware, have responded to this by clearly declaring Gov. Bigler's position to be in favor of the Nebraska bill, the repeal of the Missouri Compromise and the extension of Slavery.

What will Mr. Chase and his Northern Democratic friends do? That Gov. Bigler, at the time of the State Convention, refused to run upon a Nebraska platform is a fact of which no doubt can be entertained: and that he now *does* consent to run upon such a platform is equally plain. How, then, can any Anti-Nebraska democrat support him? So long as he maintained the position he assumed with the delegates to the State Convention, refusing to accept a nomination on a platform endorsing the Nebraska bill, the anti-Slavery Democrats of the northern counties had some show of reason for supporting him; but now that he has voluntarily abandoned the stand then taken, and suffered the State Committee to pledge him as the friend of the most unrighteous measure of the age, they can no longer consistently give him their aid. He has taken from them the only ground on which they could stand; and, throwing himself into the arms of his pro-Slavery champions, deliberately spurns the assistance of all who are not willing to fight under the black flag of human oppression.

If David Wilmot's letter, published by us on Monday, be any indication of Northern feeling, Gov. Bigler will live to rue the day when he turned his back upon the Democratic cohorts of the Northern counties.

TELEGRAPHIC.—The *Cincinnati Commercial* furnishes us the following item of news. We trust the arrangement it foreshadows may result in giving more efficiency to our telegraphic connections with the South and Southwest:

We understand that some four or five capitalists, one of them from this city, have leased the telegraph lines running from Louisville to New Orleans for five years. The line is to be divided into three sections, the first extending from Louisville to Nashville, the second from Nashville to Jackson, Mississippi, and the third from thence to New Orleans, with a competent superintendent for each section. Thirty thousand dollars have already been subscribed by the lessees to commence repairs and the whole line is to bh overhauled with dispatch and put in as complete repair as money and labor can accomplish. Mr. J. D. Reid is one of the lessees, and the business man of the company. The gentleman from this city, who is in the connection, has the means and the energy, we are satisfied, to carry out the project.

BEDFORD DISTRICT.—The Whig Conferees of the Senatorial district, comprising the counties of Somerset, Bedford and Fulton, met at the borough of Bedford on the 14th inst., but failed to harmonize as to the proportionate representation to be allowed to each county. A majority of the delegates passed a resolution allowing Somerset five votes, Bedford four, and Fulton two; but as this would have put Somerset in a minority, the delegates from that county refused to act under it. Nevertheless the Bedford and Fulton delegates acted by themselves, and made a nomination for Senator, Francis Jordan, of Bedford, being the man.

BRITISH DIPLOMACY.—General O'Donnell, the Spanish republican leader, is said to have been secreted at Madrid prior to the breaking out of the revolt, in the house of Lord Howden, the British envoy, and to have remained there under his protection for several months. It is added that the moment he showed himself at the head of the revolt, Lord Howden left Madrid and went to Paris, alleging reasons therefor which were not even plausible. From this fact, and the continued defence of the rebels by the British press, and the final placing of Espartero at the head of the new government, it is believed that the insurrection was aided by the British. One thing is certain, that O'Donnell and his co-adjutors in the original revolt were unable to achieve success until they had appealed to the ultra liberal party, and that as soon as they did so the revolution passed beyond their control. The liberals, represented by Espartero, rose at once everywhere, as though they had been previously prepared for the purpose. Thus, if O'Donnell's scheme for a mere military revolt was encouraged by Lord Howden, it must have been because he knew that it could not succeed of itself, and must call in the aid of Espartero and his liberals.—*North Amer.*

AN ACCIDENT.—We have the following statement from an authoritative source. Some weeks ago a vessel sailed from Turks Island, bound to Boston with a cargo of salt. During the voyage, the master, a very stout man, died, and the mate, his son, desiring to bring his body to Boston for Christian burial, and deeming that salt was a preservative from corruption, dug a hole in the cargo several feet deep, placed the dead body of his father within, and covered it up.—Upon the arrival of the vessel at this port, the body was found in a state of decomposition, and was with difficulty buried. Upon the representation of the owners, the custom house authorities took off the duty on the salt, it being the intention of the owner to sell it for manure.—*Boston Traveller, Aug.* 18.

The Baltimore Patriot, speaking of the resolutions of the Massachusetts Whig Convention, calls them "extraordinary," and says that they "virtually repudiate the original doctrines of the National Whig party and substitute a series of angry and sectional issues."

The number of German emigrants who embarked at Antwerp during the first six months of the present year, amounted to 16,896, being more than in the whole of last year. From the 1st of July, 10,000 Swedes emigrated, being 1 in 300 of the whole population of that country.

CHEAP PAPER.—The New Orleans Bulletin says—"We are inclined to believe that the okra plant of the South is destined to alleviate the grievous evil under which all publisherdom labors. We have seen specimens of strong white rope manufactured from its fibre. If it will make rope it will certainly make paper, and if it will make paper, the present exhorbitant prices must come down immediately, for the supply of the raw material will be inexhaustible.

NARROW ESCAPE.—An individual "half seas over," attempted to jump upon the rear end of one of the cars on the Belvidere Delaware R. R., at Warren station, on Saturday morning, after the train had started, and fell between the cars. He was dragged a short distance, and miraculously escaped being crushed to death, by being thrown off the track, from some unaccountable cause. He had his coat off, which was found on the track after the train had passed, with a piece of the tail out off.

YELLOW FEVER AT THE SOUTH.—This fever appears to be on the increase at the South, but not to the season is far advanced, it is not supposed it will assume an epidemic form. Of 22 deaths at New Orleans, for the week ending the 13th inst., 43 were from yellow fever, against 29 the previous week. The disease has also appeared at Galveston, Texas, and several cases have proved fatal. During the week ending the 15th inst. there were 17 deaths in Savannah, Ga., of fevers, principally bilious or intermittent, and 3 of yellow fever.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A great blessing to the Afflicted.—The number and formidable character of diseases of the Liver have challenged the attention of medical men. Some of these diseases, classed under the general term of consumption, have been supposed incurable and the unhappy patient allowed to die, without medical science to offer him a hope of recovery. Happily this can no longer be the case. A remedy has been found which will cure all complaints, of whatever character, arising from derangement of the Liver. The Pills discovered by Dr. M'Lane, of Virginia, are now before the public, and by correcting its operation and purifying it from disease, will cure all those painful complaints which have their origin in the diseases of this organ. Remedies hitherto proposed for liver complaints, have failed to operate upon the seat of the disease; but Dr. M'Lane's Pills purify the blood, and remove the cause of the Liver, and by cleansing the fountain, dry up the impure streams of disease which thence derive their existence.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and take none other. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills now before the public, also, his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States; also, for sale by the sole proprietors, FLEMING BROTHERS, aug7,d&w:3 Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood st.

A CARD.

As I have disposed of my stock in trade and consequently declined business, as far as it effects myself, I wish to inform my friends and customers that I have made arrangements with

S. STONER, No. 80 Wood Street,

to sell for him, and as I find his stock a very good one, I can assure those whom I have been in the habit of supplying, that their wants in the shape of Clothing can be met in every particular to their entire satisfaction.

aug7-2wdtf GEORGE ARMOR.

Syringes—A large assortment of Self-Injecting and other Syringes, for sale at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street. aug14

50 gross M'Lane's Liver Pills and Vermifuge for sale low at KEYSER'S Drug Store, 140 Wood st.

Medicine Chests of every kind for sale cheaper than they can be had elsewhere, at KEYSER'S Drug Store, 140 Wood street. aug14

MICHIGAN MONEY.—We learn from the New York and Philadelphia papers that Michigan money has been discredited there, and that Indiana and Tennessee money is not in very good order.

The Mark Lane Express has the following review of the crop prospects on the continent:—

In the Southern counties of Europe the crops have been for the most part secured, and the reports as to the general result are decidedly favorable. In Italy, Portugal and Spain the yield is said to be greater than in usual average seasons, and the quality fine.

In France harvest has not yet been finished, and as a somewhat similar change has taken place there in the weather to that unfortunately experienced here, some mischief may be done to that portion of the corn still out. In the more forward departments, the great bulk has, however, been safely secured; and though the accounts are not so uniformly favorable as from Italy and Spain, still the prevailing impression appears to be that France will have full average crops of wheat and rye, and we have heard of no serious complaints in regard to other articles.

In Holland the seasons are not much more forward than in this country, and throughout Germany reaping is usually commenced about the same period as in England. The result of the harvest over the Northern and Eastern parts of Europe may, therefore, be said to be as yet doubtful, and dependent on the weather.

The letters from the Baltic, repeat what has been previously asserted as to the almost total exhaustion of stocks; so little wheat has been brought forward at the lower ports, that quotations had become quite nominal. Hardly any thing was being shipped, nor was it expected that any further exports would take place until supplies of the new crop should have begun to come forward. Reaping had been pretty generally commenced, and up to the period to which our advices reach, the weather had continued favorable.

Letters from Danzig of the 1st inst. inform us that some quantity of wheat had been cut, and that the prospects for the harvest were considered promising. Business in wheat had been brought to a stand, the export demand having wholly ceased.

At Hamburg, on Tuesday, heavy rain was experienced, which had the effect of checking the fall in prices, and sellers were less urgent to realize than they had been the week before.

From Italy we learn that the weather had been very hot and dry, and it was feared the Indian corn crop might be injured by drought. This fear had imparted rather more firmness to he whe at trade.

WHEAT.—The farmers have had their anticipations of high prices for this year's crop so greatly elevated that there is a general disposition among them to hold back their wheat in the hope that prices will yet go up to a figure somewhat in keeping with their expectations. The result of this is an absolute scarcity of wheat in the wheat-growing districts, and one or two parcels have lately been sold from Baltimore to be returned to the interior of the country, in order to keep the mills there in operation. Flour has also recently been sent from Baltimore to Cumberland, and corn to Frederick from Hagerstown. These singular transactions, reversing the usual course of trade, indicate that the farmers feel the independent position in which the high prices of crops of wheat and rye, and we have heard of no serious complaints in regard to other articles.

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JOHN C. BAKER & CO.'S

TRUE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL,

Prepared expressly for their sales for Medicinal use. J. C. B. & Co. having employed an agent at the Fisheries to superintend the manufacture of their Oil, assures the public that it is prepared with the greatest care from none but fresh and healthy livers.

All Oil sold with their signature will be found to be of unusual fine quality, and can be retained in the most delicate stomach.

It is extensively employed both in private and Hospital practice, and well deserves the attention of invalids, as a remedy more valuable than any yet discovered, for consumption or pulmonary affections.

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
No. 100 North 2d st., Philadelphia.

For sale by all the principal Druggists. je17-6md&wfsT

A Secret for the Ladies.—How to preserve beauty.—Don't use Chalk, Lilly White, or any of the so-called cosmetics, to conceal a faded or sallow complexion.

If you would have the rose brought back to your cheek, a clear, healthy and transparent skin, and life and vigor infused through the system, get a bottle of Carter's Spanish Mixture, and take it according to directions. It does not taste quite as well as your sweetmeats, but if after a few doses you do not find your health and beauty reviving, your step elastic and vigorous, and the whole system refreshed and invigorated like a Spring morning, then your case is hopeless, and all the valuable certificates we possess, fit for naught. It is the greatest purifier of the blood known; is perfectly harmless, and at the same time powerfully efficacious. See advertisement. au18-1md&wT

HARDWARE

LOGAN, WILSON & CO.,

Beg to call the attention of Buyers to their extensive Stock of

HARDWARE AND SADDLERY,

comprising one of the most complete assortments in the country,

RECEIVED BY RECENT PACKETS FROM EUROPE,

and which they offer on the most favorable terms,—Merchant visiting the East will find their interest promoted by buying their HARDWARE at

No. 59 Wood and 14 DOORS ABOVE 5TH ST. Pittsburgh, ELLIS HOTEL. } jy7-1ydaw8

Enlarged or Varicose Veins, Weak JOINTS AND WEAK ANKLES.—I would respectfully inform the afflicted of physicians, and the public generally to my assortment of Silk Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps, Ankle Socks and bandages for the relief and cure of Varicose or Enlarged Veins, Weak Ankles, Weak Knee Joints and the various appliances used in the cure of diseases requiring compression.

☞ I also keep every variety of Trusses, Body Braces Supporters, Shoulder Braces, and in fact all kinds of me hanical appliances used in the cure of disease.

WM. KEYSER, Wholesale Druggist,
mh24-ly&w8 No. 140, cor. Wood st. and Virgin all'y

L. G. GRAFF, (SUCCESSOR to J. S. Dilworth & Co.) Office No. 2 Second street, Pittsburgh, *Agent for Hazard Powder Company.* All varieties of Powder, in any quantity, constantly on hand. Also, Safety Fuse. jy7

M. Bally's Antidot and Lotion, celebrated throughout the land as the only reliable preparations ever invented for the cure of a

Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Piles, and Female Complaints.

The great success these extraordinary Medicines have always met with in curing the above complaints, has surprised even the Proprietors themselves, saying nothing of the thousands of individuals who have been permanently cured by their use. We would assure the public that they are not mere *patent humbugs*, compounded solely to sell, but are prepared by a thorough Chemist, with the most decided and unquestionable benefit can be obtained, and are intended to do good. But one trial is required to convince all that such is the fact.

They are put up in bottles, with full directions accompanying them. One Antidote at $1, and the Lotion at 50 cts. per bottle. One bottle lasts ten days. Many have been entirely cured in two or three days.

Invented by M. BALLY, Physician to the Hospital of Paris, and prepared by DUBOIS & CO., General Agents for the United States and Canada, to whom all orders may be addressed. Principal Depot, 403 Broadway, corner Grand st., New York.

Sold by Druggists, wholesale and retail, by FLEMING BROS., (successors to J. Kidd & Co.) No. 60 Wood st., Pittsburgh. J. H. PATTERSON & CO., and by Druggists everywhere. je22-3mdfe.

Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or CORDIAL.—If it is inquired now this great restorative is accomplishing so many cures, we can only reply that in the Arabian bark that formula is enclosed which have been blended by the Omnipotent Physician, a larger amount and greater varieties of curative properties than has heretofore been supposed to exist in a hundred different or lots of the pharmacopœia. A whole medicine chest of remedies, so to speak, seems to have been combined in this herb; and in the ELIXIR or CORDIAL we have their concentrated essence. It is the effect, however, not the cause with which we have to deal in the practical application of the medicine. The victims of dyspepsia are cured, the nervous are relieved, the half paralyzed resume their activity, the sufferers from head-ache are tormented no more in the least degree, and the list of casualties leaves the complexion of the bilious, the depressed in spirits become buoyant, the sick in almost in every condition of disease derive immediate benefit from the use of Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial. These facts, supported by unfraxable proof, are presented to the afflicted of Ireland, who can verify them by a single bottle of the medicine. The Cordial is put up highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars.

C. H. ING, Proprietor,
192 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canadas and West Indies.

General Agents in Pittsburgh—Fleming Bros., corner of Wood and Virgin alley. Also, by P. Barrett, corner Wood street and Virgin alley. Also, by F. Brunot, corner Allegheny City. au4-1ydaw

We seldom recommend a manufactured MEDICINE, believing that, in most cases, nature herself per fects a cure more rapidly and effectually than can be accomplished by the vegetables and minerals of medical science. In the matter of dyspepsia, there are chronic features about it, which, very often, defy all the efforts of nature to create a healthy action of the digestive organs, and it not unfrequently happens that thousands suffer for years, through both in body and in mind, from indigestion and its kindred ills. To such, Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, are truly a most valuable preparation. It is a tonic medicine, giving a healthy action to the stomach, and will be found highly serviceable at all seasons, but especially during the spring, as it has restored her to perfect health, healing all the ulcerations every gland to its original size, and removing from the lungs a difficult respiration, or breathing, which, at times, was painful. In my opinion, it is due to the medicine and its inventors, to say, at least to Scrofula there is no specific that can equal it. Yours, with esteem

WILLIAM FLOYD, Surg. & Physician.
Norfolk, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Feb. 17, 1854.

SALT RHEUM, OR TETTER.

This is to certify, that after having used Myers' Compound Extract or Rock Rose for the Salt Rheum, with complete success, I would sincerely recommend it, as the best article in use, to all who are troubled with the like complaint. IRA WALKER.

Boston, March 27, 1852.

DYSPEPSIA.

A. B. L. Myers:—Dear Sir—I have suffered for a long time from Dyspepsia; and it gives me great pleasure to inform you that, after using one bottle of your Compound Extract of Rock Rose, I received so much be, eft that I can cheerfully recommend it to any one thus afflicted, as being a valuable medicine, and the best I ever used. Yours, truly, ELIAS PIERPONT,

corner of Grand and Oliver streets.

SICK HEADACHE.

This certifies that one of my daughters has been subjected to periods of Sick Headache and Vomiting for some years—that some of the attacks were very severe, and were almost sure to follow extra exertion. Hearing of the beneficial effects of the "Rock Rose" upon others similarly afflicted, I was induced to purchase a bottle. From the commencement of her using it, (several weeks since,) she has been free from this distressing complaint. Her general health has improved and is now good, and we attribute this desirable result to the properties imparted by a merciful Providence to this valuable preparation.

New Haven, Jan. 2, 1852. RODNEY BURTON.

EPITSPILAS.

This will certify that I have for years suffered with the most obstinate Erysipelas, which, it seemed to me, nothing would cure. I was finally induced by my friends to attend the Medical Clinique, of New Haven. Dr. Knight prescribed the Syrup of Rock Rose, which gave me immediate relief, and cured me of a disease from which I never expected to recover. J. JONES.

Southington, Conn., Dec. 1851.

Sold wholesale and retail at the Drug Store of George H. Keyser, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar. au21-d&w8

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY.

PHILADELPHIA.

CHARTERED APRIL 24, 1850.—CHARTER PERPETUAL.

CAPITAL, $250,000.

Office S. E. corner of Third and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia

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au11

NORRIS LOCOMOTIVE WORKS.

Schuylkill Sixth street, above the Railroad, Philadelphia

ENGAGED for many years exclusively in the manufacture of LOCOMOTIVES, have recently been considerably enlarged, by additions of large buildings and numerous fixtures and tools, which will enable the proprietors to furnish, with despatch, any description of Locomotives, on liberal credit.

RICHARD NORRIS & SON.

Indigestion and Liver Complaint Cured

BY KIER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Rev. O. Dickerson, a Missionary in Oregon:

MR. S. M. KIER—Dear Sir:—Myself and wife having been greatly benefitted by the use of your Petroleum, I wish to have you send me a box of two or three dozen bottles. I am the Congregational Minister in this place, and several of my people are affected with indigestion and an inaction of the liver, the same of myself and wife, before taking your PETROLEUM, OR ROCK OIL. We took several bottles—two or three each—about a year and a half ago, and we have never enjoyed so good health for years as we have since that time. I had not taken a single bottle before that fullness of the stomach which so distresses the dyspeptic was relieved, and I have felt nothing of it since that time. My wife was also relieved from a chronic disease of the liver, which had been of several years standing, by the use of your Petroleum.

Sold by S. M. KIER, Canal Basin, FRED. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., and Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere. [Papers advertising Petroleum copy.] oc26

JOHN FLEMING. WILCOX, JR. COCHRAN FLEMING

FLEMING BROTHERS,

(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

NO. 60 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills, &c

M'Clintock's Family Medicines.—We call the attention of heads of families, and others, to the advertisement on the fourth page of these valuable Family Medicines.

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wro't Iron Tubing

AND FITTING GENERALLY,

For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace. Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses and Hall Hotels or Dwellings. No. 25 Market st., Pittsburgh

Ease and Comfort.—The Conformator, lately imported from Paris, exactly suits the Hat to the peculiar shape of the Head, so a new Hat is as easy on the head as an old one. A neat fit and a good Hat may be had at 77 Wood st. W. DOUGLAS.

au23-tf

HENRY H. COLLINS,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

CHEESE, BUTTER, OILS, FISH,

And Produce Generally,

No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

jy18

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Childs & Smith,

No. 349 Pearl Street, New York,

IMPORTERS OF WINDOW CORNICES, BAND AND PINS. Orders from the Trade in New York or at a distance will be promptly attended to. Also, constantly on hand, Cornice Poles, Curtain Bands, Cords, Tassels, Gimps, &c., WINDOW SHADES and TRIMMINGS, all of which they offer at greatly reduced prices. au21-3md

Lot for Sale.

ALL that certain Lot, situated in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded by Liberty, Short and Second streets, on the 20th day of September next, on the premises, at 10 o'clock, A. M., by order of the Orphans' Court. Attorneys at Law, No. 45 Smithfield st., or Henry Hartman Nelson & Irwin's Foundry, adjoining the premises. au22-11d

AGENT

For Selling and Buying Patent Rights.

THE subscriber, having learned from his intercourse with Patentees, and with persons who were desirous to sell Patent Rights in the Counties, States, &c., as well as with others who wish to purchase such rights, that an agent to transact that kind of business was much needed here, has determined to devote his time and his abilities to the service to those who may desire the same.

Pledging himself to attend faithfully to all matters entrusted to him, and to merit the confidence by referring the public to the following testimonial of a few of those for whom he has acted.

MOSES F. EATON.

PITTSBURGH, August 12th, 1854.

The subscribers have formed a partnership with Mr. Moses F. Eaton, and have no hesitation in recommending him to all who may wish to employ his services, as a gentleman of undoubted integrity and perfect industry.

Neville B. Craig,	W. Robinson, Jr.,
Wm. Lamberton,	John H. Shoenberger,
W. H. Denny,	H. Childs & Co.,
James Wood,	H. Haines & Sons,
P. H. Friend,	Kepler & Kahn,
J. Grant.	L. B. Livingston.

PITTSBURGH, August 14th, 1854.

The undersigned, Merchants and Manufacturers of Pittsburgh, take pleasure in recommending Moses F. Eaton, as a gentleman of strict integrity, and perfectly reliable in his business transactions.

Wm. Larimer, Jr.,	Wm. Bigham,
S. M. Kier,	John Bissell & Co.,
Jas. Bingham,	Robert Gallagher,
John H. Ailworth,	Francis Sellers,
Thomas Bakewell,	Wm. Phillips,
Isaac M. Fenstock,	Wm. B. Hays,
Walter Bryant,	

Pittsburgh, August 14th, 1854.

The undersigned, Merchants and Manufacturers of Allegheny City, take pleasure in recommending Moses F. Eaton, as a gentleman of strict integrity, and perfectly reliable in his business transactions.

James S. Negley,	Wm. Phillips,
Wm. Eagle,	Wm. Robinson,
Samuel Riter,	Robert Dunlap, Jr.,
S. Harbaugh,	Isaac M. Fenstock,
Walter Bryant,	John Shinton.

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Thomas Bakewell,	Wm. Phillips,
Isaac M. Fenstock,	Wm. B. Hays,
Walter Bryant,	

au21-3md

Election.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS CO. }
August 18th, 1854. }

THE Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Gas Company are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting for the election of two persons to serve as Trustees of said Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the First Monday of September next, between the hours of two and five o'clock, P. M., of that day. JAMES M. CHRISTY,

au18-d1d Treasurer.

Westminster College,

Corner of Sandusky and Locock sts., Allegheny.

WILL re-open on September 4th. Ladies' Class as formerly. See Circulars containing terms, &c., at the office or the bookstores.

Judging from the improvement of our sons and other pupils during the past year, we hate great great pleasure in expressing our confidence in the Messrs. Newell, as Teachers and Disciplinarians."

John Dean, D. A. Grier, Dr. Jas. S. King, R. H. King, John Hastings, A. C. Mundock, M. D., Daniel Rower, Henry Wolfe, S. A. Sterret, M. D., &c. au21-3wd

SUNDRIES—25 bus. Dry Apples;
20 bus. Dry Peaches; 250 lbs small Navy Beans
20 box prime Cheese, just received and for sale by
au21 SHRIVER & DILWORTH.

To the Pupils of G. Anton, Prof of Music.

MR. G. ANTON purposed returning to this city in time to resume his teaching, on the 1st of August, but being unfortunately taken ill at Fairmont, Va., he will not be able to reach the city for some days.—Due notice will be given to his pupils of his arrival. Enquiries may be made at H. KLEBER'S Bookstore, au21-3td No. 101, 3d st.

ALLEGHENY FEMALE SEMINARY,

pleasantly situated on the corner of East Common and Washington st., Allegheny City.

The next term of the above institution will commence on MONDAY, the 4th of September.

H. WORMER, Principal; Miss E. POINDEXTER, Teacher of Music.

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION—*Primary or Junior Department:* Geography, History, Writing, Arithmetic, &c. *Senior Department:* Natural and Mental Philosophy, Rhetoric, Astronomy, Botany, Chemistry, &c.

Terms of Instruction per Term of Eleven Weeks:

Primary or Junior Department	$ 5,00
Senior Department	6,00
Music with the use of a superior Piano	10,00
Drawing and Painting	5,00

REFERENCES: Rev. Jas Rogers, Rev. E. F. Swift, D. D., Allegheny City; Mrs. R. S. Hanna, Washington Seminary; Rev. Wm. Hosack, D. D., Rev. Jas. M. M'Cord, Esq., R. W. Poindexter, Pittsburgh. au21-6td

NEW LOT—New lot of Bagley's Gold Pens; Godey for September, only 20 cents.
London Quarterly for July;
Edinburgh Review for do.
Blanc, a new novel;
Our Gentleman, by Punch, just rec'd by Express, and for sale by JAMES M. CHRISTY.
au21

DANCING—Cargo's Social Cotillion Parties every Tue day evening, at Wilkins' Hall. Private parties may be obtained of the Managers, of Frank Cargo, at 76 Fifth st., or at Wilkins' Hall, 2d story, and at the door. Admission for gent. and lady, 50 cts; gentleman alone 75 cts. Grand German Ball every Monday evening. Admission the same. au21

WINDOW CURTAINS, of Buff Holland, a very superior article, yard wide, cut and ready to put up. Just received at Warehouse, No. 20 Market street, between 3d and 4th, by au21 THOS. PALMER.

GREEN PAPER, for