THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1854. VOLUME LXVII—NUMBER 310

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY
WHITE & CO.
DAVID NYE WHITE.] [SAMUEL HAIGHT.
OFFICE ON THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD.

TERMS:

DAILY—Six dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

WEEKLY—Two dollars per annum, in advance. Clubs will be supplied on the following conditions:

Three copies per annum	$ 5 00
Six copies do	9 00
Ten copies do	13 00
Twenty copies do	20 00

The package for each club to be addressed to one person, and to be paid invariably in advance. No club papers will be sent after the year expires, unless the money is sent for a renewal.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square, (10 lines of Nonpareil or Agate,)	one insertion	$ 0 50
Do	each additional insertion	0 25
Do	one week	1 75
Do	two weeks	3 00
Do	three weeks	4 00
Do	one month	5 00
Do	two months	7 00
Do	three months	9 00
Do	four months	10 00
Do	six months	11 00
Do	twelve months	18 00
Standing Cards, (5 lines or less per annum)		6 00

One dollar for each additional line.

One square, changeable at pleasure, (per annum,) exclusive of paper.........25.00

For each additional square, inserted over one month, and for each additional square inserted under the yearly rates, half price.

Advertisements exceeding a square, and not over fifteen lines, to be charged as a square and a half.

Publishers not accountable for legal advertisements beyond the amount charged for their publication.

Announcing candidates for office to be charged the same as other advertisements.

Advertisements not marked on the copy for a specified number of insertions, will be continued till forbid, and payment exacted accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is strictly limited to their own immediate business, and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all advertisements not immediately connected with their own business, and all classes of advertisements, in length or otherwise, beyond the limits engaged, will be charged at the usual rates. For all such transient advertising, bills will be separately rendered, and prompt payment is desired.

All advertisements for charitable institutions, fire companies, ward, township, and other public meetings, and all political meetings and notices, to be charged half price, payable strictly in advance.

Marriage notices to be charged 50 cents.

Death notices inserted without charge, unless accompanied by funeral invitations or obituary notices, and when so accompanied, to be paid for.

Regular advertisers, and all others sending communications, or requiring notices designed to call attention to Fairs, Soirees, Concerts, or any public entertainments, where charges are made for admittance—all notices of private associations—every notice designed to call attention to private enterprises, calculated or intended to promote individual interest, can only be inserted with the understanding that the same is to be paid for. If intended to be inserted in the local column, the same will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line.

Bishop or ☞ notices to be charged triple price.

Tavern License Petitions $2 each.

Real Estate Agents' and Auctioneers' advertisements not to be classed under yearly rates, but allowed a discount of thirty-three and one-third per cent from the amount of bills.

WEEKLY OR TRI-WEEKLY IN DAILY PAPERS.

One Square, three insertions.........$1 50
Do. each additional insertion......... 37

ADVERTISEMENTS IN WEEKLY PAPER.

One Square, (10 lines,) one insertion.........50 cents.
Do. each additional insertion.........25 cents.

All transient advertisements to be paid in advance.

RATES OF DISCOUNT.

CORRECTED DAILY FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, BY
N. HOLMES & SONS, Brokers.
No. 57 Market st. between Third and Fourth sts. Pittsburgh.

PENNSYLVANIA.		Branch at Xenia	1½
Bank of Pittsburgh	par	Branch at Youngstown	do
Exchange Bank of do	par	City Bank, Cincinnati	do
Mer. and Manuf's of do	par	Commercial Bk, Cincin'i	do
Bank of Commerce	par	Franklin Bank	do
Bank of North America	par	Lafayette Bank	do
Bank of North'n Liberties	par	Ohio Life Ins. & Trust Co.	do
Bank of Pennsylvania	par	Western Reserve Bank	do
Bank of Penn Township	par	Bank of Massillon	do
Commercial Bank of Pa	par	Small Notes	1½
Farmers' & Mechanics' Bk	par	NEW ENGLAND.	
Girard Bank	par	All solvent Banks	½
Kensington Bank	par	NEW YORK.	
Manufac. & Mech. Bank	par	New York City	par
Mechanics' Bank	par	Country	½
Moyamensing Bank	par	MARYLAND.	
Philadelphia Bank	par	Baltimore	par
Southwark Bank	par	Country	½
Tradesman's Bank	par	N. JERSEY & DELAWARE.	
Western Bank	par	All solvent Banks	½
Bank of Chambersburgh	1½	VIRGINIA.	
Bank of Chester County	par	Bank of the Valley	1½
Bank of Danville	1½	Bk of Va. Richmond	1½
Bank of Del. Co., Chester	par	Ex. Bank, Va., Norfolk	1½
Bank of Germantown	par	Farmers' Bk of Virginia	1½
Bank of Gettysburgh	1½	Merchants & Mech. Bank	½
Bank of Lewistown	1½	North Western Bank	½
Bank of Middletown	1½	Branches	2
Montgomery Co. Bank	par	NORTH CAROLINA.	
Bank of Northumberland	par	Bank of Cape Fear	2
Columbia Bk & Bridge Co.	par	Bank of State of N. Carl'a	2
Doylestown Bank	par	Com. Bank, Wilmington	2
Easton Bank	par	Merchants' Bk, Newbern	2
Erie Bank	2	SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Farmers' Bk of Bucks Co.	par	Bk of State of S. Carolina	2
Farmers' Bk of Lancaster	par	Bank of South Carolina	2
Farmers' Bank of Reading	par	Bank of Charleston	2
Farm. Bk of Schuylkill Co.	par	Planters' & Mechan's Bk	2
Far. & Drov. Waynesburg	1½	GEORGIA.	
Franklin Bk Washington	par	Augusta Ins. & Bk'g Co	
Harrisburg Bank	1½	Bank of Augusta	2
Honesdale Bank	1½	Bk of Brunswick, Aug'a.	2
Lancaster Bank	par	TENNESSEE.	
Lancaster County Bank	par	All solvent Banks	3
Lebanon Bank	par	KENTUCKY.	
Miners' Bank of Pottsville	½	Bk of Kentucky, Louisv'e	1½
Monongahela Bank	par	Bk of Louisv'e, Thurston	"
West Branch Bank	½	Northern Bk of Kentucky	"
Wyoming Bk, Wilkesbarre	½	Southern Bk of Kentucky	"
York Bank	1½	MISSOURI.	
Relief Notes	1½	Bk of State of Missouri	1½
OHIO.		ILLINOIS.	
Ohio State Bank	1½	State Bank and Branches	50
Branch at Akron	do	Bank of Illinois	75
Branch at Athens	do	WISCONSIN.	
Branch at Bridgeport	do	Marine & Fire In. Co. chks	5
Branch at Chillicothe	do	MICHIGAN.	
Branch at Cleveland	do	Farmers' Mechanics' Bank	3
Branch at Toledo	do	Government Stock Bank	3
Branch at Dayton	do	Peninsular Bank	3
Branch at Delaware	do	Insurance Company	3
Branch at Columbus	do	State Bank	3
Branch at Ashtabula	do	CANADA.	
Branch at Salem	do	Bk of N. America, Toronto	5
Branch at Mansfield	do	Bk of the People, Toronto	5
Branch at Ripley	do	Bank of Montreal	5
Branch at Cincinnati	do	Bk of U. Canada, Toronto	5
Branch at Washington	do	EASTERN EXCHANGE.	
Branch at Cadiz	do	On New York	1½
Branch at Lancaster	do	On Philadelphia	do
Branch at Steubenville	do	On Baltimore	do
Branch at Mt. Vernon	do	WESTERN EXCHANGE.	
Branch at Newark	do	Cincinnati	1½
Branch at Springfield	do	Louisville	"
Branch at Marietta	do	St. Louis	"
Branch at Troy	do	GOLD AND SPECIE VALUE.	
Branch at Mt. Pleasant	do	Doubloons, Spanish	16,00
Branch at Zanesville	do	do Patriot	15,50
Branch at Norwalk	do	Eagle, old	10,60
Branch at Piqua	do	Eagle, new	10,00
Branch at Portsmouth	do	Fredericksd'ors	7,80
Branch at Eaton	do	Ten Thalers	7,80
Branch at Ravenna	do	Guineas	5,00
Branch at Cuyahoga	do	Sovereigns	4,83
Branch at Massillon	do	Ten Guilders	3,96
Branch at Wooster	do	Napoleons	3,90
		Ducats	2,15

PRICES OF STOCKS.

REPORTED FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, BY
A. WILKINS & CO.
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
NO. 71 FOURTH STREET.

PITTSBURGH, August 9, 1854.

LOANS.	Par.	Ask'd.	Off'd.	REMARKS.
United States 6's	100	...	...	Int. Jan. & July
Do. 5's	100	...	...	Int. Feb & Aug.
Pennsylvania 6's	100	...	...	Int. Jan. & July
Do. 5's	100	...	...	Int. Feb. & Aug
Alle'ny Co. 6's	100	86	...	Int. May & Nov
Do. coup. 6's scrip	100	82	...	do
Do. coup. 6's	100	87	...	do
Pittsburgh city 6's	100	57	...	Int. Jan. & July
Do. coup. 6's, N. Y.	100	87	...	do
Allegheny city 6's	100	85	...	Int. May & Nov
Do. coup. 6's, Phil.	100	86	...	do.
BANK STOCKS.				
Bank of Pittsburgh	50	58	57	Div. May 4 ₩ ct.
Merchants' & Manuf Bank	50	60	57½	do 5
Exchange Bank	50	57	55½	do 4
Allegheny Savings Bank	50	235	225	
Pitts. Trust Co.	50	56	55	
Citizens' Deposit Bank	50	52½	51½	
BRIDGE STOCKS.				
Monongahela Bridge	25	25	23	Div. Mar 4 ₩ ct.
St. Clair St. Bridge	25	37	35	Div. Jan. 3 ₩ ct
Hand St. Bridge	50	44	42	Div. " 2.00 ps
Northern Liberties	50	40	35	Div. " 2½ pr. s
Williamsport Bridge	25	15	...	
INSURANCE.				
Pitts'h Life Insurance	8	10	8	Div. 20 ₩ ct
Western Insurance Co.	...	19	16½	Div. May $2
Citizens' Insurance Co.	...	21	20	
Associated Firemen's Co.	...	10	8	
TELEGRAPH.				
Pittsburgh to Phila.	50	41	40	Div. Qr. 3 ₩ ct.
Pittsburgh, & Louisville	50	40	37	do
Lake Erie	50	25	...	
Morse's Magnetic	50	...	...	
RAIL ROAD, SLACKWATER, GAS, &C.				
Pittsburgh Gas Works	50	68	58	
Monongahela Slackwater	50	42	41	Div. July 4 ₩ c
Youghiogheny Slackwater	50	16	...	New Stock.
Penna. Central Railroad	50	44	42	
Ohio & Penna. Railroad	50	45	44	
Balt. & Ohio Railroad	50	...	...	
Cleveland & Wells'lle R. R.	50	...	...	
Marine Railway, Dry Dock	100	105	100	
Fayette Manuf. Co.	50	50	...	
Erie Canal Bonds (old)	100	35	...	
Do. do. (new)	100	35	...	
Turtle Creek Plank Road	25	10	...	
Alle. & Perrysv's Plank Rd	25	26	25	
Greensburg Turnpike Rd.	50	10	8	
Chartiers Coal Co.	20	...		
COPPER.				
Minnesota	...	180	170	Ex. Div.
Pittsburgh & Boston	...	145	138	Div. 1854, $20
North America	...	72	65	New Stock.
North Western	...	25	22	
Iron City	...	3	1	
Eureka	...	2	...	
Pittsburgh & Isle Royal	...	4	3	
Ohio	...	2½	1½	
Adventure	...	2½	1½	
Merchant	...	...	...	
Douglass Houghton	...	7½	6	
Ontonagon	...	...	...	
Ohio Trap Rock	...	25	20	
Ridge	...	7	6	
Fire Steel	...	3	2	
Colling	...	3½	2½	
Aztec	...	1½	...	
Bluff	...	2½	1½	
National	...	27	20	
Forest	...	12½	10	
Phœnix	...	...	...	
Norwich	...	10	5½	

EXCHANGE AND BANKING HOUSE OF
A. WILKINS & CO.,
United States Bank Building, No 71 Fourth street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOREIGN and Domestic Exchange, Coin, Bank Notes and Land Warrants, bought and sold. Collections made throughout the Union. Business paper discounted and loans negotiated. Stocks bought and sold on Commission. Money received on deposit, and interest allowed when left for a specified time. dec3

GEORGE E. ARNOLD & CO.
BANKERS,
DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, COIN, BANK NOTES, &c., No. 74 Fourth street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. ☞ All Transactions at most liberal rates. ☞ oc13d&wT

HARDWARE FOR
SADDLERS AND CARRIAGE MAKERS.
R. T. Leech, Jr.,
No. 131 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Also, Cloths, Laces, Damasks, Moss, Deer Hair, Best Stuff of Jersey Timber, Springs, Axles, Varnish, &c., &c. ap13-ly [Journal and Post copy.]

E. BATEMAN.........1854.........E. FALLIS.

BATEMAN, FALLIS & CO., Commission Merchants, and General Forwarders, by Canal, River and Railroad, No. 25 Canal street, (between Main and Sycamore streets, South side,) Cincinnati, Ohio.

REFER TO— Messrs. Miner, Andrews & White, J. C. Butler & Co., Bishop, Wells & Co., W. D. Barter & Co., Cincinnati.

☞ Particular attention given to Tran Shipments from Pittsburgh, by Canal to Wabash Valley and Toledo. my3-6md

JOSEPH CHAPMAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
IMPORTED CIGARS,
53 *Market street, Pittsburgh,*
my6-ly between Third & Fourth.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

JOSEPH S. & A. P. MORRISON, Attorneys at Law. Office No. 143 Fourth street, between Smithfield and Grant, Pittsburgh, Pa. my23

J. W. HALL, Attorney at Law, "Bakewell's Buildings," Grant street, between Fourth and Diamond Alley. au30-wlyT

ROBERT E. PHILLIPS, Attorney at Law, St. Louis, Mo. fe7

ROBERT POLLOCK, Attorney at Law—Corner of Fifth and Grant streets, opposite the Court House steps, Pittsburgh. my24-y'53

JAMES J. KUHN, Attorney at Law, office Fourth street, near Grant, Pittsburgh. jal5-dly

FRANCIS C. FLANEGIN, Attorney at Law, No. 170 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

JASPER E. BRADY, Attorney at Law, No. 89 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

TIERNAN & CO., Bankers and Exchange Brokers, No. 95 Wood street, corner of Diamond Alley, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Buy and sell Bank Notes and Coin. Discount Time Exchange, and Promissory Notes; make Collections in all the principal cities of the Union; Receive Deposits on call and on interest, and give their prompt attention to all other matters appertaining to a Broker's business.

☞ Eastern Exchange constantly for sale. mh28-ly

ALLEN KRAMER.........EDWARD RAHM.........FLORENCE KRAMER.

KRAMER & RAHM, Bankers and Exchange Brokers. Buy and sell Gold and Silver and Bank Notes, negotiate loans on Real Estate or Stock Securities, purchase Promissory Notes, and Time Bills on East and West. Buy and sell Stocks on Commission. Collections made on all points in the Union. Office corner of Third and Wood streets, directly opposite the St. Charles Hotel. my1-ly

H. D. KING, Coin, Stock and Exchange Broker, Fourth street—Buys and sells Stocks on Commission; Exchange on Eastern cities supplied at current rates; Collections made on the West at low rates; Western Bank Notes Bought and sold. jy28

WATERMAN PALMER.........JOSHUA HANNA.........WM. K. HART.

PALMER, HANNA & Co., Successors to Hussey, Hanna & Co., Bankers, Exchange Brokers and dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Certificates of Deposit, Bank Notes, and Specie—N. W. corner of Wood and Third streets. Current Money received on Deposit. Sight Checks for sale, and collections made on nearly all principal points of the United States.

The highest premium paid for Foreign and American Gold.

Advances made on consignments of Produce, shipped east, on liberal terms.

WM. H. WILLIAMS.........J. B. M'VAY.

WM. H. WILLIAMS & Co., Bankers and Exchange Brokers, North East corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh.

All transactions made on liberal terms, and collections promptly attended to. ja9-ly

A. WILKINS & CO., Exchange Brokers, No. 75 Fourth street, opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. All transactions at most liberal rates. jy10

WM. LARIMER, Jr., Banker and Broker, 4th street, No. 66, adjoining the Bank of Pittsburgh.

N. HOLMES & SON, Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Bills of Exchange, Certificates of Deposite, Bank Notes and Specie, No. 69 Market street, Pittsburgh. ☞ Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States.

BOOKSELLERS &C.

J. L. READ, Bookseller and Stationer, No. 78 Fourth street, Apollo Buildings.

J. R. WELDIN, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Blank and School Books, Paper and Stationery, No. 63 Wood street, (between Third and Fourth) Pittsburgh. mar20

JOHN S. DAVISON, Bookseller and Stationer, successor to Davison & Agnew, No. 65 Market street, near Fourth, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HENRY S. BOSWORTH, Bookseller and Dealer in Stationery, &c., No. 82 Market street, near the Diamond, Pittsburgh, Pa.

KAY & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, No. 55 Wood street, next door to the corner of Third, Pittsburgh, Pa. School and law books constantly on hand.

COMMISSION &C.

J. W. BUTLER.........W. T. POWELL.

J. W. BUTLER & CO., FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS and Dealers in all kinds of Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles, Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, No. 97 First Street, Pittsburgh. au5-lyd'54

WM. H. SUTTON.
Wholesale Grocer, Importer and Dealer in

FOREIGN WINES, Brandies and Old Monongahela Rye Whisky, No. 12, South-East corner of Wood and Front sts., Pittsburgh, Penna. mh21

R. W. POINDEXTER, General Merchandise Broker and Commission Merchant, 167 Front street and 118 Second street, Pittsburgh. ap20-lmd

A. & A. M'BANE, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Dealers in Wool and Produce generally; also, Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 114, Second street, Pittsburgh. ap6-ly'53

ROBT. ROBISON.........SAML. B. ROBISON

R. ROBISON & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Produce Dealers, and Commission Merchants, No. 255 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. jal0

SPRINGER HARBAUGH.........ALEXANDER FORSYTH

SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO., (Successors to S. Harbaugh,) Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Dealers in Wool and Produce generally, Nos. 145 First and 116 Second streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap4-ly

J. & W. REA, Flour Factors, Commission and Forwarding Merchants and Dealers in Produce generally. Orders for Pittsburgh Manufactures promptly attended to. Nos. 74 Water and 90 Front sts., Pittsburgh, Penna.

A. A. HARDY.........WM. P. JONES

HARDY, JONES & CO., Successors to ATWOOD, JONES & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Dealers in Pittsburgh Manufactured Goods, Pittsburgh.

RHEY, MATHEWS & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, and Agents for Brighton Cotton Yarn, 57 Water st., Pittsburgh.

MERCER & ANTELO, General Commission Merchants, Philadelphia. Liberal advances made on consignments of Produce generally. jal7-y

JOHN WATT.........JOHN WILSON.

JOHN WATT & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 268 Liberty st., Pittsburgh.

J. B. CANFIELD, late of Warren, Ohio, Commission and Forwarding Merchant, and Wholesale Dealer in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Pot and Pearl Ash, and Produce generally. Water street, between Smithfield and Wood, Pittsburgh.

THOMAS LITTLE, SR.........THOMAS LITTLE, JR.
(Late of firm Robison, Little & Co.)

T. LITTLE & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Produce and Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 112 Second street, Pittsburgh. ial9:y:53

CHEESE WAREHOUSE.—HENRY H. COLLINS, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Cheese, Butter, Lake Fish and Produce generally, 25 Wood street, above Water, Pittsburgh. my31

VON BONNHORST & MURPHY, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. — Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JACOB FORSYTH, Jr., Forwarding and Commission Merchant, No. 58 Water street, Pittsburgh. fe26-ly'53

THOMAS PALMER, Importer and Dealer in French and American Wall Paper, No. 55 Market street, between Third and Fourth street, Pittsburgh. mh6-'53

W. McCLINTOCK, Importer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Carpeting, Floor Oil Cloths, Matting, Table and Piano Covers, Window Shades Steam Boat Trimmings, No. 112 Market street.

MORRIS & PATTON, Wholesale and Retail Grocers, on the Eastern side of the Diamond, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DRY GOODS.

FRANK VAN GORDER, Dealer in Trimmings, Hosiery and Gloves; Lace Goods, Embroideries, &c.; Gent's Furnishing Goods and Fancy articles; a full assortment of which can always be had at No. 83, corner of Market street and the Diamond, Pittsburgh, Pa. apl1-ly

A. A. MASON & CO., PITTSBURGH.....C. L. ANTHONY & CO., N. YORK.

A. A. MASON & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, 25 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD, Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Merchants, corner Fourth and Market street, Pittsburgh.

GROCERS.

JOHN FLOYD.........RICHARD FLOYD.........WILLIAM FLOYD.

JOHN FLOYD & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 173 Wood and 228 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. jal6

ROBERT MOORE, Wholesale Grocer, Rectifying Distiller, Dealer in Produce, Pittsburgh Manufactures, and all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, No. 315 Liberty street. On hand a very large stock of superior old Monongahela Whiskey, which will be sold low for cash.

OLIVER BLACKBURN.........GEO. B. JONES.

O. BLACKBURN & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Boat Furnishers, and Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures; Oils, Pitch and Oakum always on hand at their Warehouse, 141 Water street, Pittsburgh. sep12:y

ISAIAH DICKEY.........ROBERT DICKEY.

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Produce, No. 56 Water street, and 107 Front street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN M'GILL.........JAMES D. M'GILL.........WALTER C. ROE.

M'GILLS & ROE, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 194 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

WM. BAGALEY.........JOHN S. COSGRAVE,
W. H. WOODWARD.........RALPH BAGALEY,
JOHN ATWELL.

WM. BAGALEY & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Nos. 18 and 20 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM A. M'CLURG, Grocer and Tea Dealer, corner of Wood and Sixth streets, has always on hand a large assortment of choice Groceries and fine Teas—Foreign Fruits and Nuts, Wholesale and Retail. Dealers supplied on the lowest terms.

ROBERT DALZELL & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures. No. 253 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN D. WICK.........DAVID M'CANDLESS.

WICK & McCANDLESS, successors to L. & J. D. Wick, Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Dealers in Iron, Nails, Glass, Cot ton Yarns, and Pittsburgh Manufactures generally; corner of Wood and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

A. CULBERTSON, Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, Dealer in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles, 195 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN FLOYD.........RICHARD FLOYD.

J. & R. FLOYD, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Produce—Round Church Buildings, fronting on Liberty, Wood, and Sixth streets, Pittsburgh.

WM. BAGALEY.........JOHN S. COSGRAVE,
W. H. WOODWARD.........RALPH BAGALEY,
JOHN ATWELL.

BAGALEY, WOODWARD & CO., Wholesale Grocers, No 222 Market street, Philadelphia.

AGENCIES.

A CARD.—Having been appointed the exclusive Agents for Pittsburgh, for the sale of Patent Riveted Cemented and Stretched Leather Belting, manufactured by P. JEWELL & SON, of Hartford, Connecticut, We now offer for sale a large assortment of all widths, manufactured, at the manufacturer's prices, his article being superior to any Leather Belting ever before offered in this market. Also, a large stock of all widths of India Rubber Belting constantly on hand, and for sale at the "Machine Belting Depot," No. 116 Market street.

sep26 J. & H. PHILLIPS

AUSTIN LOOMIS, Real Estate Agent, Stock, Merchandise and Bill Broker, office No. 92 Fourth street, above Wood. Business promptly attended to. jy8:dly

SAMUEL L. MARSHELL, Secretary Citizen's Insurance Company, 94 Water street.

F. M. GORDON, Secretary Western Insurance Co., 92 Water street.

J. GARDINER COFFIN, Agent for Franklin Fire Insurance Company, north-east corner of Wood and Third streets.

P. A. MADEIRA, Agent for Delaware Mutual Insurance Company, 42 Water street.

GEORGE H. TAYLOR.........ANDREW J. HUSTON

GEO. H. TAYLOR & HUSTON, (successors to Taylor & Idlorne,) General Commission and Forwarding Merchants, and Agents for Eastern Transportation Lines, Wholesale Dealers in Staple Groceries, Sheetings, Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Batting, Twine, Manilla, Missouri and Kentucky Hemp, Tobacco, Soda Ash, Window Glass, Pig, Bar and White Lead, Naval Stores, and Cincinnati and Pittsburgh Manufactured Goods generally.—Agents for the "Penn Mill" and "Banner Mill" Sheetings, Pittsburgh, No. 48 Front street, (opposite Louisville, Pittsburgh and St. Louis Packet Landing,) Cincinnati. ja20-3md

JAS. A. HUTCHISON.........A. W. WALLINGFORD.

J. A. HUTCHISON & CO., Commission Merchants and Agents for the St. Louis Sugar Refinery, Dealers in Sugar, Molasses, Pig and Bar Lead, Hemp, Oakum, Zinc, Paint, &c., &c. fe7

MUSIC, &C.

JOHN H. MELLOR, Dealer in Piano Fortes, Music and Musical Instruments, School Books, and Stationery. Sole agent for Chickering's Piano Fortes, for Western Pennsylvania—No. 81 Wood street.

HENRY KLEBER, Dealer in Music, Musical Instruments, and Importer of Italian Strings, Sole agent for Nunns & Clark's grand and square Pianos, with Coleman's Æolean Attachment. Also for Dunham's Pianos.

H. SCHRŒDER, Music Store, Fourth street, between Market and Wood. New Music constantly receiving, and Musical Instruments of all kinds.

DRUGGISTS.

JOHN HAFT, Jr., (successor to Jas. M'Guffey,) Wholesale and Retail Druggist and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, &c., 141 Wood street, 3 doors below Virgin Alley, Pittsburgh. ☞ Regular Agent for Dr. Ford's Medicine. mh30

L. WILCOX, JR.........JOSEPH FLEMING

L. WILCOX & CO., Druggists and Apothecaries, corner Market street and the Diamond, keep constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, and articles pertaining to their business.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. my19

JOHN P. SCOTT, Wholesale Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, No. 296 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

☞ Agent for Loudon & Co's valuable family medicines. mar 24-ly

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, and Litharge, corner Wood and Front streets, Pittsburgh. mch7

R. E. SELLERS, Wholesale Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Varnishes, &c., &c., No. 75 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Goods warranted. Prices low.

FREDERICK BRAUN.........GEORGE REITER.

BRAUN & REITER, Wholesale & Retail Druggists, corner of Liberty and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

J. SCHOONMAKER & CO., Wholesale Druggists, No. 24, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Successor to L. Wilcox & Co., corner Market street and Diamond—Keeps constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Medicine Chests, Perfumery, and all articles pertaining to his business.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. ja9:ly

WOOL MERCHANTS.

H. LEE, successor to MURPHY & LEE, Wool Dealer, and Commission Merchant for the sale of American Wool. Goods No 137 Liberty street. mr1

MEDICINE.

DR. JAMES KING: Office and Residence, No. 112 Fifth street, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh. ja1:ly

WM. VARIAN, M. D., Office 6th street, below Smithfield. *Office Hours*—8 to 9, A. M., 2 to 3, P. M., 7 to 8, P. M. my26 lyd

MERCHANT TAILORS.

R. CHESTER, Merchant Tailor and Clothier, No. 74 Wood street. Particular attention paid to Boys' and Youths' Clothing. nol5:y

WILLIAM DIGBY, Merchant Tailor, Draper and Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, 181 Liberty street.

E. WATTS & CO., Merchant Tailors, 181 Liberty street.—We are now receiving our Spring stock of Goods for Gentlemen's Wear—Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of the newest styles and finest quality. Our friends and customers will please give us a call. [mh1]

MANUFACTURING.

J. W. WOODWELL, Wholesale and Retail Manufacturer and Dealer in Cabinet Ware, No. 83 Third street.

JOHN WETHERELL, Manufacturer of PATENT BOX VICES, a superior article. SOLID BOX and BRAZED BOX VICES, corner of Anderson and Robinson streets, one square from the Hand street Bridge, Allegheny City. oc30:ly

EMBROIDERED AND APLICA MANTILLAS—Materials marked for Embroidery and Aplica Work by MRS. L. S. WILSON, je21f No. 281½ Penn street, above Hand.

Bolivar Fire Brick and Crucible Clay Manufacturing Company.

THIS COMPANY HAVING ENLARGED their capacity for manufacturing, are now prepared to meet the increased demand for their Brick, Crucible and Building Clay. Orders promptly attended to by KIER & JONES, Canal Basin. Pittsburgh, September 21, 1853.

Boots and Shoes!!

JAMES ROBB, No. 89 Market street, 3d door from the Market House, would inform the public that he has now a very full stock of every thing in the Boot and Shoe trade, such as Ladies' Gaiters, half Gaiters, Jenny Lind Padores, Lady Franklin and all the styles worn in the Eastern cities, also, Misses' and Childrens' Gaiters and Fancy Boots and Shoes, in all their varieties; also, Gentlemen's fine Oxford Ties, Congress Gaiters, French Calf Boots, Congress Gaiters and Shoes; also, Boys' and Youths' Boots, fine French Calf.

Please give us a call as we wish to sell such an article to all who favor us with their custom as will give satisfaction. Remember the place, 89 Market street. my29

JOHN D. M'CORD.........JAMES S. M'CORD.

M'CORD & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL FASHIONABLE
HAT AND CAP MANUFACTURERS,
AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF FURS.
CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Their stock embraces every quality and style of Hats and Caps, Muffs, Boas, Cuffs and Fur Bonnets. aug20-4mis:ly

New Coach Factory—Allegheny.

M. H. WHITE & CO., would respectfully inform the public that they have erected a shop on Lacock, between Federal and Sandusky streets. They are now making and are prepared to receive orders for every description of vehicles, Coaches, Chariots, Barouches, Buggies, Phætons, &c., &c., which, from their long experience in the manufacture of the above work, and the facilities they have, they feel confident they are enabled to do work on the most reasonable terms with those wanting articles in their line.

Paying particular attention to the selection of materials, and having none but competent workmen, they have no hesitation in warranting their work. We therefore ask the attention of the public to this matter.

N. B.—Repairing done in the best manner, and on the most reasonable terms. ja20:tf

Coach and Carriage Factory.

JOHNSTON, BROTHER & CO., corner of Belmont and Rebecca streets, Allegheny City, would respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they are manufacturing Carriages, Barouches, Rockaways, Buggies, Sleighs and Chariots, in all their various styles of finish and proportion.

All orders will be executed with strict regard to durability and beauty of finish. Repairs will also be attended to on the most reasonable terms. Using in all their work the best Eastern Shafts, Poles and Wheel Stuff, they feel confident that all who favor them with their patronage will be perfectly satisfied on trial of their work.

Purchasers are requested to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere. oc6

PITTSBURGH
COACH FACTORY.
No. 46, Diamond Alley, near Wood Street.
E. M. BIGELOW, PROPRIETOR.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of Southern and Western Merchants to his fine stock of Carriages, ranging in price from $100 to $1500. These Carriages are built from the best material and workmanship, and under his own supervision; he can, with confidence, warrant his work to be inferior to none manufactured in the Union. The success of his business and the degree of patronage extended for this class of work, has induced him to build any common or low priced work in his establishment. Persons wanting good honest work will please call and examine his stock before going East. All work warranted.

L. R. LIVINGSTON.........CALVIN ADAMS.........J. K. MOORHEAD
J. J. ROGGEN.........W. R. COPELAND.

Livingston, Roggen & Co.
NOVELTY WORKS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

TRACK and Depot Railroad Scales, Hay, Cattle and Coal do.; Platform and Counter do.; Door Locks of all sizes, Spring, Drop and Thumb Latches, Coffee Mills of various kinds; Paint Mills, approved patterns; Bolts and Fastenings; Malleable Iron Castings of every variety in form and finish. dtf

W. W. WALLACE,
STEAM MARBLE WORKS,
319, 321 and 323 *Liberty street, opposite Smithfield street, PITTSBURGH.*

MONUMENTS, Tombs, Grave Stones, Furniture Tops, Mantels, Imposing Stones, &c., always on hand, and made to order, by machinery, at the lowest prices. Three hundred original and selected designs for Monuments, &c., on hand. Block and Slab Marble furnished to the Trade at the lowest prices. All orders filled with despatch at 319 Liberty street.

au23 W. W. WALLACE.

New Goods and Fashions for Gentlemens' Clothing for Spring of 1854.

E. WATTS & CO. beg leave respectfully to inform their numerous customers, i. e. the public generally, that they have just received a fresh supply of Goods adapted to their patronage—*i. e. the best the Eastern markets afford*—and that they are ready to receive orders for making them up in their usual superb style.

The satisfaction so generally expressed by their customers hitherto, with their humble efforts to please, stimulates them to fresh exertions in the same direction. Walk in, gentlemen.

NOTE.—Strangers are informed that our house is No. 175 Liberty street, North side, above St. Clair. ap22.

Gentlemens' First Class Goods.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the public that they have rec'd their Summer Stock, comprising the newest and most fashionable Fabrics for Gentlemens' wear.

je17 E. WATTS & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS, 185 Liberty street.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

From VISSCHER & SCHELL'S General Advertising House, No. 346 and 348 Broadway, New York, (late No. 80 Nassau street.)

Reliable Firms in the City of New York.

Daguerreotype Materials.

J. W. THOMPSON & CO., 315 Broadway, New York, Manufacturers and Dealers in Daguerreotype Cases, Apparatus, Mattings, Preservers, &c., and Importers of Plates, Chemicals, Fancy Frames and Cases, and Materials of every description.

Voigtlander & John's, C. C. Harrison's and all other American Cameras constantly on hand, at the Manufacturers lowest prices, and warranted perfect. au10-6mv

D. DEVLIN & CO.
CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,
258, 259 & 260 Broadway, cor. Warren st,
NEW YORK.

WE beg to ask the attention of dealers in Ready made Clothing throughout the United States to our facilities for supplying the most extensive demand from every section of the Country for the better qualities of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

The constantly increasing demand for Clothing of our manufacture, has rendered it necessary that we should increase our accommodations, and we have therefore erected a building, the largest and most complete of its kind in the world, which we have filled with the choicest description of Clothing of every variety. It is our intention to do a very large trade, millions in fact, and we have therefore made such arrangements as will insure buyers a larger and more varied assortment, at prices which no smaller house can afford. All goods from our Establishment are Warranted, both for style and quality, and the utmost satisfaction is guaranteed to our patrons.

Terms strictly 6 months or 5 per cent. discount for cash. au10-1mv D. DEVLIN & CO.

Fire and Burglar Proof Safe Depot.

WM. McFARLAND & CO.,
33 *MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.*
Warehouse 145 Pratt st., Baltimore, Md.

BANKS', Jewelers' and Counting House Safes of every size, constantly on hand for sale, and warranted in every respect.

NEW YORK, April 5th, 1854.

Messrs. Wm. M'Farland: Gentlemen—It gives me pleasure to inform you that your Safe preserved my Books and Papers uninjured in the fire last night, by which every thing else on my premises was consumed, and although it was exposed throughout the fire, to intense heat, its contents remained unharmed. The Safe, with little repairing, will, I think, answer for another trial. Respectfully yours, jy4-v T. JENNY, Jr., 11 South William st.

Elegant Cabinet Furniture.
SCHAFFER & SUCKOW,
Nos. 125 & 127 Anthony st., New York,

MANUFACTURERS, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Rich Carved Rosewood Furniture of every description. No inferior articles. Orders by mail faithfully and promptly executed. Dealers and others are invited to call and examine our stock. jy4-3mv

FEVER AND AGUE.
DR. EDWARD BLEECKER'S
STAMPEDE MIXTURE,
For the Fever and Ague, Chagres Fever, Dispepsia and all Billious Affections.

THE Proprietors of this Medicine will state without hesitation or fear of contradiction, that the STAMPEDE MIXTURE has cured more persons where it has been introduced, than any other medicine in use for the above diseases. This medicine has neither Arsenic nor Quinine in its composition, all of the ingredients are of a perfectly healthy character and highly stimulating and invigorating in their tendency. Persons while using this medicine will not be affected by exposure to water or a damp atmosphere no more than when in their usual health. Planters in sections of the country where the Ague prevail, will do well to adopt this medicine, as the patient is not obliged to lay by while under treatment and they may be *assured of a speedy cure.* The Proprietor could introduce thousands of certificates from those of the highest respectability, but prefers saying to the sick buy one bottle and you will have the infallible proof in yourself. Full directions for its use accompany each bottle.

Certificates can be seen at the office, showing where this Medicine has cured when all others have failed.

For Dispepsia and all other Billious Complaints there is not a better Medicine in the market.

It has also been taken with the most astonishing success in several cases of Rheumatism and Gout; for these complaints take a tablespoonful a day.

One bottle of this Medicine very often has the desired effect. Price $1 per bottle.

☞ For sale by Druggists in all parts of the United States and Canada.

All Wholesale orders must be addressed to MEAD & BLEEKER, sole Proprietors, 98 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS—Fleming Bros., B. A. Fahnestock & Co., L. Wilcox & Co., and Geo. H. Keyser, Pittsburgh. je30-1yv

The Peoples' Book!

NO one who can read should be without a copy of THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE, and WASHINGTON'S FAREWELL ADDRESS.

Just published a large 8vo., heavy paper, 52 pages, illustrated with fine Portraits of Washington and Jefferson on tinted paper.

Price—Cloth, 37½cts; Paper Covers, 25 cts.

Considering the style in which this Book is got up, it is one of the CHEAPEST as well as one of the MOST USEFUL books ever published.

Liberal terms to the trade. Booksellers send on your orders to the Publisher THOS. FREE, 83 Nassau street, New York.

N. B.—Reliable Agents wanted to sell the above Book throughout the country. je30-lv

The Eagle Manufacturing Company

Manufacture and offer for Sale the following desirable Goods, at a discount from the price of FOREIGN GOODS:

RICH SILK BROCATELLES AND COTOLINES,

in great variety of Patterns and combination of Colors: all of which Patterns are

CONFINED TO OUR OWN SALES.

An entirely new article for

FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERY, &c.

Which combines the greatest amount of DURABILITY and RICHNESS found in any article ever before used.

These Goods are made by Power Loom and are the only Goods of that manufacture ever offered for sale. Dealers will do well to examine these Goods before purchasing.

☞ Office of the Co., No. 4 Park Place, N. Y.

je16-3mv S. S. MARSH, Agent.

IRON WAREHOUSE,
MARTIN, SPRING & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
IRON AND STEEL,
263 Greenwich Street, New York.

Keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Bar, Rod Band, Hoop, Horse Shoe, and other IRON,

STEEL OF ALL KINDS.

Merchants from all sections of the country are invited to call or send their orders before buying.

Orders by mail entrusted to our care will be filled at the lowest market rates. MARTIN, SPRING & CO.,

jel2-v 263 Greenwich st., N. Y.

SCHIEFFELIN BROTHERS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NEW YORK,
Have removed to No. 170 William st., cor. of Beekman.

IMPORTING the leading Drugs from their original markets, both in Europe and East Indies, and also French and English Chemicals, Perfumery, Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes, Hair Gloves and Straps, Paris and Trieste Sponges, Corks, Soaps, &c., &c., they offer them on the most reasonable terms. Orders either in person, or by mail, will receive their best attention. jel2-12mv

KUMBEL'S
PATENT MACHINE STRETCHED LEATHER BANDING,
The only Patent Bands in the Country.

THEY are made from the best oak tanned leather, and thoroughly stretched, cemented, and rivited together, and made to run perfectly straight, and with a perfect hug to the Pullies, and warranted to be best raw article and to please the purchaser. They can be had single, double or round—with Lace Leather, Rivits and all necessary articles in the line, by addressing

jel2-3mv WM. KUMBEL, Patentee, 33 Ferry st., N. Y.

Globe Iron Railing Works.
Nos. 311 and 313 Munroe street, New York,
OPPOSITE THE ALLAIRE WORKS.
SALES ROOMS, 122 GRAND STREET,
FIVE DOORS FROM BROADWAY.

THE subscribers having extensive and unsurpassed arrangements for manufacturing every article in their line, are now prepared to offer to the public and dealers throughout the country,

WROUGHT & CAST IRON RAILING,
of every description,
Gratings, Shutters, Doors, Portable Iron Bedsteads, plain and ornamental; Cribs and Cradles for children, Iron Chains, Settees, Wash Stands, Flower and Work Stands, Umbrella and Hat Stands, &c. &c.

Also, a superior quality of Iron Farm Fence, all of which they will warrant to surpass in strength, durability, beauty of design and cheapness, the manufactures of any other house in their line. Orders from every section of the United States thankfully received and executed with the utmost despatch. ENT & LAVERS,

my19-3mv 122 Grand street, N. Y.

SAMUEL L. CAVERLY, Wholesale Dealer in Brooms, Painted Pails and Tubs, Wood and Willow Ware, Baskets, Mats, Cordage, Twine, Wicking, Matches, &c., 204 Greenwich st., New York. mh9-1yv

WINDOW SHADES, Gilt Cornices, Table Oil Cloth, &c., JOHN TERHUNE, Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer, No. 10 Catharine st., and No. 6 Chatham Square, New York. mh9-1yv

MISCELLANEOUS.

PITTSBURGH
COACH FACTORY,
No. 46 DIAMOND STREET,
E. M. BIGELOW, Proprietor.

ROBERT H. PATTERSON'S
LIVERY AND SALE
STABLE,
Corner Diamond street and Cherry Alley,
apl5-tf PITTSBURGH, PA.

ASHLAND HOUSE,
ARCH STREET, ABOVE SEVENTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
H. S. BENSON, PROPRIETOR.
☞ *Price of Board, $1,50 per day.* ☞
May 3, 1854—1rd

Linden Lead Company of Wisconsin.

THE Corporators of this Company have opened books for subscription to the Capital Stock, at the Banking House of Messrs. A. WILKINS & CO., No. 71 Fourth st., Pittsburgh, where pamphlets containing Charter, Geological Surveys, &c. can be obtained by parties desiring information relative to the Company. my6

JOHN F. CLARK.........DAN. D. CARR.
(late Man. Nat. Tel. Office.) (late St. Charles & Perry Hotels)

CITY HOTEL, (late Brown's,) corner of Smithfield and Third streets, Pittsburgh, Pa., CLARK & CARR, Proprietors.

☞ This large and commodious House having undergone thorough repair, and furnished with new equipments throughout, is now open for the reception of the travelling public. CHARGES MODERATE. apr25-d6m

S. CUTHBERT.........S. L. CUTHBERT

S. CUTHBERT & SON,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS, for the sale and purchase of Real Estate, Collection of Rents, Negotiating Loans, on Bonds, Mortgages, &c., No. 140 Third st., Pittsburgh, Pa. ap3-ly

T. C. WARRINGTON;
(DIPLOMA.)

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOE STORE. He has always on hand a full assortment, No. 25 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. se30-1yd

F. FELIX'S GENUINE EXTRACT OF COFFEE, established 1842; received four premiums, viz: 2 Silver Medals and 2 Diplomas—Manufactory, 460 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. se28:dly

☞ Beware of numerous counterfeits.

WALTER P. MARSHALL, Importer and Dealer in Plain, Figured and Decorative Paper Hangings No. 85 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Sole Agent of the celebrated manufacturers, Messrs. Delicourt & Co., of Paris. mh3-53

ALEX. FRASER,
Ornamental Plasterer,
James street, (3d Ward) Allegheny City.

F. LORENZ, SR.........THOS. WIGHTMAN.

PENN GLASS WORKS;

LORENZ & WIGHTMAN, Manufacturers of all kinds of VIALS, BOTTLES, and WINDOW GLASS, 68 Water and 55 Front streets, Pittsburgh.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to odd sizes of Window Glass and private moulds for Bottles and Vials. se27

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1854.

For the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

Review of Robt. Tyler's Defence of Popery.

The Evening Chronicle of the 9th inst. contained a three-column letter from Robt. Tyler, on the subject of "Religion and Politics." Mr. Tyler's letter was originally published in the Philadelphia Argus, and purported to be a reply to a communication that appeared in the Evening Bulletin of July 8th, over the signature of an "American Citizen."

The Editor of the Chronicle bespeaks a careful consideration of the letter on the part of his readers, assuring them that "Mr. Tyler is one of the most brilliant young men of this country," and that "the ground covered by his letter is at this moment the topic of general discussion, and confessedly one of pressing importance."

It would be tedious and unprofitable to follow Mr. Tyler through the whole of his long and elaborate essay. A large portion of it is devoted to Know Nothingism, and consists of general observations on the dangerous tendencies of secret associations organized for political purposes. We undertake no defence of Know Nothingism. We are not sufficiently acquainted with its objects and modes of operation to form an opinion as to its character, or merits, as a political party. But all Mr. Tyler has said of Know Nothingism is applicable with ten-fold force to political Catholicism, under the leadership of Jesuitical priests and bishops. That the Roman Catholic Church of the United States is an organized political body, may be as satisfactorily proved, as that Know Nothingism exists; and that the Catholic party has hitherto acted with the Democratic party may be as clearly established. Mr. Tyler admits that from the days of Jefferson the larger portion of the Catholic vote has been Democratic. He does not state the precise proportion in which, in his opinion, that vote is shared by the two leading political parties of the day, but we think he would have hazarded nothing in the admission that nine-tenths of the entire Catholic vote of the country is given to the Democratic party. It is true that there are some native Catholics who have hitherto acted with the Whigs; but these are few in number, and unsteady in their attachment to the Whig cause, preferring Catholic Democrats to Protestant Whigs. The Presbyterians, Methodists, Baptists, Episcopalians, and other members of Protestant Churches, are known to be about equally divided on political questions; and the same may be said of that portion of our fellow-citizens who adhere to no particular branch of the Church. But no such diversity of political sentiment obtains in the Catholic Church. Why is it? There are to be found in that Church men of every grade and degree of intellectual capacity—she ranks among her members some of the most learned and talented as well as the most illiterate and least gifted in the land; and in wealth, fortune, station and worldly circumstances greater capacity is found nowhere than among Catholics. In a Church so variously constituted we might reasonably expect to find great diversity of political opinion. Whence this unity of action? Is it an accident? If the Church steers clear of politics, how has it happened that we find nearly the same unanimity of political as of religious sentiment among her children? We have recently been made aware of the existence of Know Nothingism by its results—what it has accomplished; have we not the same clear and convincing evidence of the existence of political Catholicism?

But another proof of the existence of a Catholic political party and its alliance with the sham Democracy, is to be found in the extraordinary degree of favor with which the Catholics of Pennsylvania have lately been regarded by both the State and National Democratic Administrations. In 1851 James Campbell, of Philadelphia, a Catholic, and of foreign birth, was a candidate for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the State. He was little known beyond the limits of Philadelphia, but well known in that city, where he had held a judicial station for some time. Before his nomination, a large number of the members of the Philadelphia Bar, (if I remember correctly more than a majority of them) including some of the Judges of the Courts, united in a strong, earnest and powerfully written protest, directed to the nominating convention, against the nomination of Mr. Campbell. They represented him to be a man of less than ordinary abilities, of slender legal attainments and in other respects disqualified for the station which he sought. They expressly disclaimed all opposition to Mr. Campbell on account of his religious opinions. He was however endorsed by the convention and although all the other candidates on the State ticket were elected by majorities ranging from 7,000 to 10,000, Mr. Campbell was defeated, the majority against him being over 5000. About the first act of Gov. Bigler after his induction into office was the appointment of this same James Campbell to the important and responsible station of Attorney General of the Commonwealth in defiance of the public judgment, then so recently, authentically and emphatically expressed. The Catholic party had become outraged by reason of the defeat of Campbell, and it must be conciliated, or Democratic ascendency be lost. There was no evidence that Mr. Campbell had been *defeated because he was a Catholic, for his qualifications had become notorious during the campaign;* but it was clear enough that he was *appointed* to office by Gov. Bigler because he was a Catholic. In 1852 Mr. Campbell entered warmly into the campaign in favor of Mr. Pierce; he addressed himself particularly to the work of reconciling the Catholic party to the Democracy in Pennsylvania and elsewhere. Mr. Pierce was elected confessedly by Catholic votes, and now high political honors wait upon Mr. Campbell.—The man who could not be elected to a public office in Pennsylvania when his party had 10,000 of a majority, is made to represent Pennsylvania in the cabinet of the new President. Other men have owed their elevation to public station to their abilities, their personal merit, on the public favor; but Mr. Campbell possessed none of these. *He was appointed because he was a Catholic, and the Catholics required his appointment.* The parallel which Mr. Tyler attempts to draw between the appointment of Roger B. Taney to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States by Gen. Jackson, and by the present executive totally fails. Mr. Taney was not appointed cause he was a Catholic. He was one of the most eminent lawyers in the country, and had represented his native State (Maryland) with distinction in Congress. He was first appointed Attorney General by President Jackson, afterwards Secretary of the Treasury where he is said to have displayed great financial ability, and finally made Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. His abilities as a statesman and jurist were never questioned. No man can say that he was appointed to office on account of his religious opinions.

The appointment, by Governor Bigler, of a Catholic to the office of President Judge of the District Court of this county, made vacant by the death of the lamented Forward; of another Catholic to the office of Judge of Common Pleas; of another to the Sealer of Weights and Measures; of another to the office of Notary Public, and the appointment of a Catholic by the National Administration to the office of Postmaster of Pittsburgh, indicate too clearly the existence of a Catholic political party and its alliance with the Democracy, which must be maintained even at the risk of alienating Protestant Democrats.

Mr. Tyler denies the charge of the correspondent of the Bulletin, that the Catholics of Pennsylvania have resisted our Common School system. It is indeed difficult to respect both the intelligence and honesty of the man who makes the assertion "that the Catholic Church of Pennsylvania has never taken the slightest step of resistance to the Common Public Schools." If Mr. Tyler has not seen the series of essays on our Common School system, written by the Bishop of Pittsburgh, and published over his own signature about sixteen months since in several of the Pittsburgh newspapers, probably the editor of the Chronicle can furnish him with them. The Pittsburgh Catholic, the Shepherd of the Valley, the Freeman's Journal, and other leading Catholic journals, as well as the most eminent Priests and Bishops have boldly avowed their opposition to the general system of Public Schools in the United States.

Mr. Tyler's Essay would be more properly entitled, "An apology for Catholicism, by a Protestant." He is a Protestant by birth and education, but can see no good in the Protestant churches. "The Protestant clergy," he tells us "use the Catholic Church as a foil or bug-bear, never failing by this means to stir up the extra piety and zeal of Protestant congregations."—While the Protestant clergy have entertained the most fanatical and incendiary notions on the subject of slavery, the Catholic Church has been wisely conservative on that subject. He repeats the stale and contemptible abuse heaped upon the clergy of New England by Senator Douglas, and assures us that the Catholic clergy never petitioned Congress for the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law. They never threatened the Senate of the United States in the name and by the authority of Almighty God, nor attempted to coerce Senators in the discharge of their political duties. They are deeply devoted to the Union, though none of them ever swore allegiance to it. They are not opposed to the Common School system, and if they are they have a perfect right to oppose it. The only evidence of Catholic encroachment which Mr. Tyler has been able to discover, was the blowing up of Catholic churches with gun-powder, or their destruction by fire without resistance.

Mr. Tyler's ingenious and plausible apology will no doubt receive the hearty endorsement of the Church whose interests he so strongly advocates. A WHIG.

NOTES OF A PEDESTRIAN.

BY A PITTSBURGHER.

CHESTER, England, June 12, 1854.

MY DEAR N.—I have just returned from a second visit, in company with my friend H., to Eaton Hall, the residence of the Marquis of Westminster, one of the richest noblemen in England, and which is one of the most magnificent palaces in the world. We attempted to visit it on Saturday morning, and with that view hired a boatman to row us up the winding little river Dee, in his beautiful light skiff, in which we moved rapidly up between the greenest of banks sloping down from groves of oak and poplar, and all forming a part of the great park belonging to the estate, in the middle of which stands Eaton Hall. This park is twenty-five miles in circuit, and is intersected by noble roads and covered with large and small groves of all kinds of trees, arranged with the best taste.—We left the boat at the little Gothic village of Eccleston, which is within the park, and walked one mile to the western entrance of the Hall.—Before entering the yard, we passed through the stables, where horses may live in regal splendor, in as great numbers as the richest nobleman in England could desire. One of the painters employed in oak graining some part of the stables, showed us around the out houses and grounds, being unable to gain access to the interior of the Hall, which is always closed to visitors on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays. However, we had more time to view the exterior, from all points. Pictures can convey to you no adequate idea of the beauty of the whole. You cannot see the green grass and the magnificent grouping of the trees and shrubbery. Our guide, who was once employed at Chatsworth, having informed us that the interior of the latter is not so splendid as that of Eaton Hall, while its exterior and its grounds were far more grand, we concluded to remain until to-day, in order to see the interior; and now after spending three days in this wonderful antique city of Chester, I can truly say that my most sanguine expectations in regard to the splendor and interest belonging to the things of England have been fully met, and should I not spend another day in the country, I would feel more than rewarded by what I have already seen. On our return to the city we visited Chester Cathedral, occupying two hours in examining it. But I will now only give you an account of our second visit to Eaton Hall, this morning. Putting on my "strong boots" as the hunting shoes which I purchased in Liverpool, for my pedestrian excursions are called, which it is fashionable to wear here, as the English almost universally wear "stout" boots or shoes, I started with H. for a walk through the Park, three miles to the Hall. Crossing the magnificent stone arched bridge of two hundred feet span across the Dee, we soon came to a lofty lodge at the gate of which we knocked until an aged porter opened it to us. This lodge is a rather curious structure, being a costly dwelling of finely dressed red sandstone, in the shape of a beautiful triumphal arch. In an hour we found ourselves beneath the roof of what may be considered the most elegant palace in England.—Twice we went the rounds of the rooms, perfectly amazed at the new beauties which at every step opened upon us. The Entrance Hall, gorgeous beyond conception, with its Mosaic pavements, painted walls, marble statues, figures in armor, &c., &c., the dining-room, with its portraits of the Marquis and Marchioness—the Saloon, reminding one of the scenes in the Arabian Nights—the drawing-room, perfectly regal in size—the ante-rooms, all in a line, showing a vista of three hundred feet—the Library, with its organs—the paintings, especially two by West—the furniture, of ebony and richly carved oak—the articles of "vertu"—the curious mirrors, &c., &c., are all beyond the power both of the pen and the pencil. We now have a standard of splendor with which to compare Windsor Castle and Chatsworth.

THE MINT ABSTRACTIONS.—The Philadelphia Ledger, of yesterday, noticing the comments of the New York Journal of Commerce on the second late abstraction of moneys or bullion from the mint, without punishment to or prosecution of the alleged "abstractionist," says it understands the case to be as follows:

The alleged culprit is Joseph M. Hall, late a Commissioner of Spring Garden. He was in the Mexican war, and was appointed to office in the mint, on the recommendation of the Collector of the Port, and other respectable citizens. On or about the 31st of July, he was seen by Professor Booth, who has charge of the melting and refining department, to put in his pocket a single piece from a parcel of old coin. The Professor said nothing but marked a number of pieces and kept vigilant watch. The next day he was observed to pocket another piece, when he was examined, and four dollars of like money was found on his person, and which he confesses to have been taken from the funds of the mint. Information was communicated to Colonel Snowden the Director, who promptly gave information to the U. S. District Attorney, and to the U. S. Commissioner. A warrant, we understand, was issued, but up to yesterday afternoon, we believe, had not been served. In an institution employing the number of persons steadily engaged at the mint, and doing the amount of business there done, it is surprising that the weakness of poor human nature has not oftener shown itself.

The unfrequency of the dereliction of duty, however, is no justification for the proper authorities in permitting detected delinquents to go unpunished. The fact that robbery can be so soon detected is a proof of the efficiency of the checks interposed in the management of the institution, and of the general watchfulness and honesty of its chief officers. In the case of Hall, the whole amount abstracted is believed not to exceed the four dollars named, and in that of Negus, his illustrious predecessor, though outside report fixes the loss at $100,000, we are assured from the officer of the Mint that $10,600 is believed to cover the whole amount taken. That sum was paid back and returned by the Mint to the depositors, from whose parcels of dust it was stolen. The fault of his escape from punishment is not ascribable to the officer of the Mint. The authorities at Washington were early in possession of the facts of the case, and to them, if to any, should censure be directed.

THE PRICE OF WHEAT.—The following from the New York Economist will be interesting to the growers of Wheat.

"We understand farmers at the South are very reluctant to part with their Wheat, unless at extreme high prices, which the late news from Europe will not warrant millers and shippers in paying. The season has been usually good for securing our crop in splendid order. The crop of Canada is very large, and of superior quality, and is now to be admitted *free of duty;* much of it will come forward this autumn: hence, Southern farmers do not evince much foresight in holding on to their Wheat until late in the season, to come in competition with Northern and Western Wheat. The intelligence from the West is quite promising for the yield. Ohio only excepted.

The increased area under cultivation will more than counterbalance the deficiency in this State and Ohio. The surplus of red wheat will be comparatively great, but we fear farmers will not embrace the next high prices offered this autumn, hoping to do better next spring. In this they are likely to be much mistaken; the fact that the stock of old throughout the country is entirely exhausted, will not be without influence with farmers, and is likely to induce them to hold. The prospect is now that little of the new crop of Ohio or Michigan can reach us until the middle of September, and not in great abundance until October, the prices offered will not be very satisfactory to farmers. The late advices from Europe are highly promising for their crops, the weather being all that could be desired; added to this, the fact that the free navigation of the Danube is quite certain, which secures to Europe the products of the Southern provinces of Russia, and at a much less cost of transportation. The bulk of wheat has hitherto found a market at Odessa, but the removal of the obstructions on this river will make quite a revolution in trade, especially in southern Russia, and will be of immense importance to Austria.—We allude to this subject here, as many persons suppose that should the war in Europe continue, all Russian wheat would still be cut off; but this is not the fact; hence, Western Europe, in the event of a failure of the crops—which, by the by is not probable—will have sources for supplies other than this country.

CAN IT BE TRUE?—We were informed upon good authority, last evening, that a short time since a number of Protestant Bibles were sent to Cumminsville to be distributed among those families who are not able to pay for them. The Bibles were gathered together and piled up in the road and destroyed by fire, by a parcel of Irishmen. The remains of some of the burnt Bibles can be seen at the Bible Society's rooms. Is it possible such an outrage has been committed in this age of civilization.—*Cincinnati Gaz.*

LOSS OF CATTLE ON THE PLAINS.—In the present state of our provision markets, it is provoking to read the continual accounts of the loss of cattle on the plains, journeying toward California. A single statement now before us, extracted from the San Antonio Ledger, of the 20th ult., shows the loss of no less than 1,235 head, among four different droves. The great scarcity of water and grass is the alleged cause of the mortality.

Destructive Fires—Thirty Buildings and the Central Presbyterian Church Consumed.

About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a fire broke out in a small house in the rear of No. 92 Eighteenth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, occupied by a colored woman named Holland. The flames spread through the neighboring range of frame buildings, extending to Seventeenth street, and destroying in all about twenty-five houses. Most of these houses were mere shanties, inhabited by poor Irish and German families and colored people, and were of little value; but the loss of household goods belonging to the inmates is no doubt severe to them. The most valuable property destroyed was the shop of Messrs. Henderson & Shaw, carpenters; and the building, (owned by Mr. Hugh McCarty) lately occupied by a Roman Catholic school. It is believed that the insurance companies lose very little by this fire. The ground is said to belong to the estate of Mr. Townelly.

While the firemen were at work in Eighteenth street, some malicious person set fire to house of primary schools Nos. 25 and 26, in Seventeenth street, but the flames were soon extinguished, and the damage does not exceed two or three hundred dollars.

About 5 o'clock, P. M., a fire broke out in the feed and grocery stores at the corner of Elizabeth and Spring streets, owned by Mr. John Mullenbrink and occupied by him and Mr. John Tyne. The flames communicated to the house No. 167 Elizabeth street, which was badly injured. Next door was a small one story frame house, which was also speedily destroyed. No. 16 Spring street, occupied by George Donalson, dyer and scourer; No. 19 and part of 21 were partly destroyed. The buildings were not of great value. The loss is partly covered by insurance—$1000 in the Ætna office and other sums in other offices. No. 17 Spring street is owned by Miss Margaret Peck, and the other houses damaged or destroyed are or were owned by Mrs. Mary Davels, of Morrisania.

About 7½ o'clock, fire was discovered breaking out in the cupola of the Central Presbyterian church in Broome street, formerly occupied by the Rev. Dr. Adams' congregation, but since belonging to the congregation under the pastorate of the Rev. Mr. Wood. The edifice had been recently closed for the purpose of undergoing repairs, and it is supposed that sparks from the Spring street fire were blown by the wind into the cupola, and there fell upon shavings and fresh paint, which soon kindled a fire that baffled all exertions to extinguish it. The church was entirely destroyed, with a fine organ and other valuable contents. The building was valued at over $20,000, and was insured for $16,000. It is said that the precaution had been taken to secure a "carpenter's risk," without which, under the circumstances, the insurance would have been void. If the walls are found in good order, the sum recovered by insurance will probably suffice to restore the edifice. The church was but recently freed from debt.—*N. Y. Commercial of Thursday.*

If we were put to it to mention Governor Bigler's greatest defect, we should say it was the absence of fixed opinions. He has no course of policy. Unstable as water, he does not excel.—Wanting great principles of conduct, he is reduced to shifts and expedients. Take his course on the Erie troubles. He approved the charters which led to them, then sided with Erie, and at last settled the matter so as to accommodate the Lake Shore Company, displease the people of Erie and sacrifice the interest of the State to a private corporation. Opposed to banks, he has signed several re-charters on one pretext or another. Advocating individual liability to the fullest extent, he signed the Act of March 27th, 1854, which exempts stockholders in certain mining and manufacturing companies from all individual liabilities except for a few specified items. Deploring crime, he lavishes the pardoning power upon criminals, and that without consulting the judges who are informed as to their claims to executive lenity. Kidnappers, murderers, bullies, and desperadoes of every description, are turned loose to prey upon the community. And what is his opinion on the sale of the Public Works?—He argued against it in his message and signed a bill in favor of it. What does he think of the famous "lager beer bill"? This is not clear, though he has carried it in his pocket for months. His views on Temperance legislation are so full of provisoes and qualifications that nobody understands what they are. To the Temperance Convention in June, he declares that it would be impossible for him to say in advance what would be his course. To John Chambers, he has written a private letter which satisfies that gentleman that he would sanction a right of search Prohibitory Liquor Bill. On the Nebraska question he plays the Sir Doubtful Dubious with great skill. The newspapers which support him, the Democratic Congressmen, the Administration, are all slave-sorers. But is he? He prevented the adoption of Pro-Nebraska resolutions in the State Democratic Convention and of Anti-Nebraskaites in the Legislature, and has said nothing to commit himself. Is this shrewd policy? Or, is the Governor incapable of forming a manly and courageous opinion? We will not say that the following lines were written to describe him, but they seem to fit in some points if not in all:

"Dubius is such a scrupulous good man,
Yes—you may catch him tripping if you can.
He would not, with a peremptory tone,
Assert the nose upon his face his own.
With hesitation admirably slow,
He humbly hopes—presumes—it may be so.
Through constant dread of giving truth offence,
He ties up all his hearers in suspense;
His sole opinion whatso'er befall,
Centring at last in having NONE AT ALL."

—*Phil. Register.*

In the House of Commons, on the 25th ult., Lord Dudley Stewart having criticised the inaction of the fleets in the Baltic and Euxine, he was replied to on behalf of the Ministry by Admiral Berkely, who read extracts from very remarkable letters from the British Admirals in the Baltic, as follows. This from Admiral Napier:

"It has not been in my power to do anything with this powerful fleet, but attacking either Cronstadt or Sweabourg would have been certain destruction."

And this from Admiral Chads:

"After two days' inspections from the lighthouse, and full views of the forts and ships, the former are too substantial for the fire of ships to make any impression. They are large masses of granite. With respect to an attack on the ships where they are, it is not to be entertained."

Presuming these expressions to be true, we marvel what such powerful and expensive fleets were sent there for, or rather why are they kept there, when they clearly can do nothing.—Most certainly "this is not the entertainment to which" the British thought themselves invited when the Queen reviewed the troops just weighing anchor for the Baltic, and the Admirals left London amid such universal cheering. And why have French regiments as well as ships of war been recently dispatched to reinforce Napier? Either the allies have all recently expected to do something in that quarter, or they have a very costly and imposing way of doing nothing.

STEUBENVILLE AND INDIANA RAILROAD—ITS STATE OF FORWARDNESS.—The Steubenville and Indiana Railroad is much nigher completion to Newark than is generally supposed by our citizens, or the public. The road when completed to that point, will connect with the Central road leading to Columbus, Cincinnati, Cleveland, &c.

A gentleman employed on the road, and who has just returned from an excursion over the entire distance, informs us, that from three miles west of Urichville, the track is laid to Coshocton, a distance of thirty-one miles. The grading between Coshocton and Newark, is entirely finished—a distance of thirty-six miles.

The chief cause of delay will be the big tunnel at Mastersville, which the contractors are confident of being able to see day-light through within a month; when this is accomplished the balance of the road will be complete and a connection between Steubenville and Newark a distance of one hundred and fourteen miles, in running order.

This is cheering news, and should encourage the Steubenville and Pittsburgh Company to renewed energy. When that is made, we shall have the most desirable route between the east and the west of which the country can boast.—*Steubenville Herald.*

Correspondence of the N. American & U. S. Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Mr. Beelen, the recently appointed Secretary of the Legation at Chili, has arrived here, and will sail on the 5th September. He should have been appointed charge to Nicaragua, where his popularity among the people and with the government, and his perfect knowledge of their language and institutions, would have done much to efface the recollection of Borland's atrocious conduct.

KANSAS TERRITORY.—Some of the adventurers from the East to the Kansas Territory are beginning to turn their faces eastward again. Several of them were passengers in the Polar Star day before yesterday. They had abandoned their potato and corn patches in Kansas, think it too dry a country for them.—*St. Louis Republican.*

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 6.—There has been seventeen deaths from yellow fever during the past week.

WADING ACROSS THE OHIO.—It is said that boys are wading across the Ohio river at the mouth of the Kanawha. It is thought the river has not been so low since 1838.

PARKERSBURG, Va., August 10.—The election in this district, to fill the vacancy in the Congressional delegation, has resulted in the election of Charles L. Lewis, dem., by 600 majority.

ALARMING DROUGHT IN MIDDLE AND SOUTHERN ILLINOIS—HALF THE CORN CROP CUT OFF.—Accounts reach us of the prevalence of drought in the Middle and Southern counties of Illinois, the country being literally parched up. The Chicago Democratic Press says it extends as far northward as Livingston county, on the Chicago and Mississippi Railroad, which is only about 100 miles south of the Wisconsin State line, or 140 miles south of this city. The streams are nearly all dried up, and so are many wells. Travelers find it very difficult to procure water for their teams. At several points the prairies were burning. Residents of thirty years say they never have known so long and trying a drought. The temperature of the earth is so high that the deposition of dew during the past three weeks had ceased. On many farms, scarcely enough corn will be raised for seed; the earliest planting will yield far below an ordinary average, and the latter growth will prove, in most cases, an entire failure. A farmer near Springfield has offered to sell his entire crop at the rate of five bushels to the acre. The Press thinks it safe to say that in one half the State the corn crop will be less than half an average yield. In 1850, Illinois raised 57,646,984 bushels. Supposing the area devoted to its culture not enlarged since that time, it is estimated that the diminution in the crop this year will amount to 14,414, 711 bushels, which, at the price of fifteen cents per bushel on the farm, would entail a loss of $2,161,761 on Illinois farmers. The other crops, throughout the State, however, are said to be above an average; but corn is her great staple. While the farmers in Wisconsin are lamenting the frequent rains of the past month, it is singular enough that their near neighbors should be so great sufferers by this unexampled drought.—The wet weather has somewhat injured our wheat crop, and much delayed the harvest, but we apprehend no very material loss on this account in consequence, while it has brought the corn forward astonishingly. There is little doubt, we think, that the corn crop of Wisconsin will this season be the largest ever known in the State.—*Milwaukie Wisconsin, Aug. 4.*

At Hartford, Ct., as we learn from the Hartford Times, a difficulty has existed for some time between the Catholic Bishop of that city and a Father Brady, the Pastor of St. Patrick's church in that city.

"Father Brady," the Times says, "came here some twenty years ago, when the Church of Rome in Hartford was quite weak. He has labored incessantly—has called around him a large congregation—has built one of the largest and most costly church edifices in the city, and now he is 'silenced.' We believe that most of the property of the church stands in his own name, and probably this is the cause of the difficulty with the Bishop. On Sunday last the Bishop preached to the congregation, and the excitement among them was very great. Some of them left the church abruptly, others were dissatisfied, but kept still, and one woman with a stool in her hand, 'sent the Bishop to Hell and Father Brady to Heaven' in loud tones; she is called crazy."

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula Railroad, held on Tuesday inst., the following gentlemen were unanimously elected to serve as directors for the ensuing year:

Messrs. Alfred Kelley, Columbus; William Case, Charles Hickox, A. Stone, Jr., W. D. Beattie, Stillman Witt, T. M. Kelley, G. B. Ely, Cleveland; D. R. Paige, Madison; Erastus Case, Auburn, N. Y.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Wm. Case, of Cleveland, was elected President; G. B. Ely, Secretary, and P. Handy, Treasurer. An exhibit of the financial condition of the company was presented which was very satisfactory.

The business of the road for the six months, ending July 31st, shows an increase of 25 per cent. over the same period of last year.

LEWIS D. CAMPBELL AT HOME.—Mr. Campbell, the distinguished and true-hearted representative from the Hamilton and Dayton district, reached his home, at Hamilton, on Wednesday evening. Upwards of a thousand of his constituents and neighbors met him at the depot, and escorted him to the Court-house square, in the centre of the town, where he was welcomed in behalf of his constituents by Hon. John Wood, in an excellent speech. After which Mr. Campbell responded, and gave an account of his stewardship, which was well received and unanimously endorsed by the mass present. Mr. Campbell spoke three-quarters of an hour; after he concluded the meeting broke up. We understand that he was to meet, last evening, the Society of Turners, and to address them. We also learn that Mr. Campbell will be supported for re-election by a great many who have heretofore belonged to the Democratic party. Mr. Campbell's course in Congress has been satisfactory and he will be returned by an overwhelming majority. The opposition to him will be small indeed.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

A SEWING MACHINE from the United States has been bought by Louis Napoleon, it is said, for 105,000 francs, to make clothes for the army. An American however it is stated, has arrived in Paris and threatened to sue him for damages, as he (the American) alleges that it is an infringement of his patent, and that the person who sold it to Napoleon had no authority to do so. Another of the machines has been purchased by the Princess Matilda, from the American who threatened to sue the Emperor.

PAYING UP.—The Detroit *Advertiser*, a Whig paper, which has vociferously opposed the People's ticket of that State, has received a fat advertisement from the Administration. Whether the opposition to that ticket is the price paid in advance by the Advertiser for the job, or the job the price paid for the services of the Advertiser against freedom, is best known to the parties.

The Dayton Gazette gives an account of a German woman living in that county who has had six children at one birth. The children are now six months old, all alive, and were in Dayton with their mother on Tuesday. They were in a wagon with her, snugly propped up in a wine basket. They are all boys, and small of their age.

HARD TALK.—The National Democrat, the Hard organ in New York, in an article on the Custom House in that city, says:

"There is now at responsible posts in that place forty or fifty thieves, boxers, shoulder-hitters, thimble-riggers, pugilists, assassins and common blackguards, who would lick all creation if their masters are disturbed. If the President were to attempt to put other men in their places, they would have their eyes knocked out, if, indeed, the Custom House were not burned over their heads."

Large fields of grass, oats and corn have been destroyed by grasshoppers, in Deerfield township, Ross county, Ohio. The Scioto Gazette of the 9th instant states that 270 acres of fine grass, belonging to S. M. Baker, was destroyed as if by fire. These insects, at last accounts, were dying fast.

GEN. NESPOKOITCHYTZCI.—This personage has been appointed to the command of a division of the Russian army. Bringing out such a name as this does not look much like peace. The Turks may beat him, and he will defy them to pronounce his name; and if he beats them it will be truly said they will never be able to tell who hurt them."

PILLAR DOLLARS.—We learn from the London Economist that the Chinese have erected a mint in Canton for coining Spanish pillar dollars of "Charles the Fourth, 1778." This coin is the standard of the Chinese, and the scarcity of it has induced them to coin it, which is rather a novelty in mining, thus representing old dated coins. The pillar dollars have always commanded a premium with the Chinese, though intrinsically worth less than the Mexican dollars.

WE will sell the balance of our light Calicoes at 3 and 4 cents per yard less than the usual rates. jy27 A. A. MASON & CO., 25, 5th st.

EGGS—2 bbls. just rec'd and for sale by jy27 L & Co. 251 Liberty st.

FRESH BEDFORD WATER—25 bbls. in oak and mulberry rec'd this day direct from the springs, by JOS. FLEMING, cor. Dia'd and Market st.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE—A large Dwelling House, with nearly ¾ of an acre of ground, on Vine st., 6th Ward. The ground is well arranged, and contains various kinds of fruit trees and grape vines. Price $4,000, half in country property or goods, or an interest in a small manufactory. Apply soon to jy20 R. M'LAIN, No. 21, 5th st.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK, for August, rec'd and for sale by S. B. LAUFFER, 87 Wood st.

550 DOLLARS—A Frame House of five rooms, well arranged and in good order, for sale at above price, situated on Clay alley, near Washington st., and not far from the Court House. Terms easy. jy18 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 3d st.

CLOSING out Summer Stock of Men and Boys' Ready-made Clothing at greatly reduced prices, at CHESTER'S, 74 Wood st. We study to please. jy25

SWISS MUSLIN—Plain and figured, for dresses and mantillas, &c. an assortment received at store of jy25 MURPHY & BURCHFIELD.

MULLS & NANSOOKS—Striped and plain, Jackonets, plain, plaid and striped; White Brilliantes, a new and beautiful article; a supply of these goods received at store of MURPHY & BURCHFIELD.

BLACKBERRY BRANDY—3 casks of this celebrated Brandy, for cure of Dysentery, Diarrhoea, and other afflictions of the bowels, just rec'd and for sale by the bottle or draught, by W. H. SUTTON, jy22 No. 12, corner Wood and Front sts.

15 CASKS SAL SODA on hand and for sale by [jy21] FLEMING BROS.

30 BBLS FISH OIL, pure, in store and for sale by [jy21] FLEMING BROS.

50 BBLS LAMP BLACK, assorted, for sale by [jy21] FLEMING BROS.