PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1854.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JAMES POLLOCK;
OF NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE DARSIE;
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
DANIEL M. SMYSER;
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Allegheny County Whig Ticket.

CONGRESS—21ST DISTRICT.
DAVID RITCHIE, Pittsburgh.

SENATORS.
WM. F. STEVENSON, Pittsburgh.
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R. R. GARNAHAN, E. Birmingham;
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COMMISSIONER.
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AUDITOR.
JAMES K. FLANEGIN, Pittsburgh.

DIRECTORS OF POOR.
JAMES KELLY, Wilkins.
JOHN M'KEE, Birmingham.
JOHN BROWN, Ross.

☞ **To Advertisers.**—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday.

☞ **Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.**—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men the most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

KANSAS, AGAIN.—The *Post*, as we stated yesterday, *dare*, not publish the facts daily coming to light, which show its assseverations to be unfounded. It can do nothing but stick to a daily repetition of its text, with the pertinacity of a parrot, and show a perfect obliviousness of the history of the times, thus playing the part of a wanton deceiver.

The burden of the *Post's* song is that Kansas "is adapted to free labor, and *not* to the labor of slaves," and that it is "far more accessible from the north than from the south. A hundred northern men can reach it while one slaveholder is preparing to go:" As a commentary on this recklessness of statement, we submit the following extract from an article in the *Glasgow* [Mo.] *Times*, on the emigration to Kansas:

"Private letters state that about *ten thousand people* are on the move. *Five hundred* crossed over at Weston, last Saturday, and about the same number on Friday, while the roads are filled with people all bound for the new Territories. *A determined effort is to be made to introduce slavery into Kansas*, while there is a general disposition to let Nebraska be free."

This testimony is directly in the teeth of the *Post's* representations. Before a single northern settler has been able to reach Kansas, ten thousand slaveholders are on the move; and, with such an element to work with, the determined effort is to be made to introduce slavery into Kansas." One of two things is plain, therefore; either the Glasgow Times or the Pittsburgh Post is mistaken. They cannot both be right; and as the Times is published where these things are said to be going on, it is fair to presume that it speaks only what it knows.

This view of the matter is strengthened, moreover, by a letter from Kansas which we find in the *Baltimore Sun*—a paper which has uniformly favored the Nebraska bill. The editor of the *Sun* says that "the letter indicates the feeling in Kansas Territory and the movements there—and therefore its every word is important. Our correspondent is an observing, intelligent and judicious man, and not ultra, we believe, in his proslavery views."

We subjoin the letter in full:

SALT CREEK TRADING HOUSE, Kansas Territory, 3 miles west from Fort Leavenworth; June 10, 1854.

To-day a large number of *highly respectable citizens* of Kansas Territory, and of the State of Missouri, assembled here for the purpose of organizing a "claim association," to protect their rights as squatters on the soil of said territory.

The 1st resolution adopted by the meeting declares in favor of *bona fide* squatter sovereignty, and acknowledges the right of any citizen of the United States to make a claim in Kansas Territory with the ultimate view of occupying it.

The 3d resolution declares as follows, viz:—That every person of lawful age, or who may be the head of a family, who shall mark out his claim of 160 acres, so that it shall be apparent how the same lies, and proceed with reasonable diligence to erect a cabin on the same, shall be deemed to have made a proper claim.

The 8th resolution declares as follows, viz:—That we will afford protection to no abolitionists as settlers of Kansas Territory.

And the 9th declares, "That we recognize the institution of slavery as already existing in this Territory, and recommend to slaveholders to introduce their property as early as possible."

According to these resolutions abolitionists or freesoilers would do well not to stop in Kansas Territory, but keep on up the Missouri river until they reach Nebraska Territory, where they can peacefully make claims and establish their abolition and freesoil notions; for if they do, they will be respectfully notified that but one day's grace will be allowed for them to take up their bed and baggage and walk.

It is estimated that some two thousand claims have already been made within fifteen miles of the military reserve, and in another week's time doubts that number will be made.

The Kansas river is navigable for several months in the year as far as Fort Riley, and for that reason, its valley in a couple of years must become thickly settled.

The Mormon camp here has had a few cases of cholera, resulting no doubt from heavy dews at night, and hot sun during the day. Its number of wagons and emigrants are increasing daily. The advance party is expected to start on or about the 20th inst. for Salt Lake City. The weather this week has been exceedingly warm. J. S.

This letter will never see daylight in the *Post*; yet it is one of the most important indications of the state of things in Kansas. The *Post* in alluding to this meeting in Kansas, spoke of it as gathering of "wags" or "maniacs," and as being small and altogether unimportant; while this correspondent says that it was large and composed of "highly respectable" citizens. The *Post* assures its readers that northern men may freely go into Kansas, without fear, and that it will, by the force of northern emigration, become a free State; while this letter-writer assures us that northern men will "do well not to stop in Kansas," and that if they *do* stop, "they will be respectfully notified that but one day's grace will be allowed them to take up their bed and baggage and walk." Now which of these twain knows best—the correspondent writing from the spot and conversant with the facts, or the editor living hundreds of miles off and knowing nothing of what he writes? There cannot be much difficulty in answering *that* question.

We have said, and repeat it, that free labor cannot be introduced into Kansas without a fearful struggle and hand-to-hand encounter with the land-thieves and men-thieves who have taken possession of it. This the *Post* denies and affects to ridicule. The *St. Louis News*, however, published in the neighborhood, confirms our view. After alluding to the Emigrant's Aid Society of the north, it says:

"Here we have a plan for the introduction of an army of settlers from the North into Kansas. At the same time it is known that emigrants from Missouri and Arkansas, are moving to the same new lands in search of new homes. Each party carry with them the ideas, habits and sentiments in which they have been nurtured, and determine to ingraft them on the institutions of the infant State. An issue arises. Can anyone believe it will be amicably adjusted? Let him look at the character of this movement in the North—compare it with the feeling in Western Missouri on the subject, and then answer. Already have meetings been held in the border counties of this State, to take measures to counteract the efforts of the Emigration Aid Company. The character of these meetings cannot be mistaken. The resolutions adopted evince a spirit of bitter opposition to the objects contemplated by the Northern movement, *and a determination to resist those objects at all hazards.*"

This sustains every position we have taken in reference to this matter, and we cannot avoid, in this connection, adding the desponding conclusion of the article in the *News*:

Poor Nebraska! Ridden to death by reckless jockey politicians at Washington, and clambered upon by ambitious platform-builders—not even just is she allowed to enjoy immunity from discord, and find in repose a compensation for the long and suffering agony she has endured. Must she now be thrown out to be scrambled for?—Must her fate be decided by a trial of might between those who seek for a home on her bosom? Must she be baptised in the blood of her adopted children, and purified by a passage through the burning ordeal of fired feelings, ere she is allowed to put on a wedding garment and be admitted to the gathering of her sisters?

Such is the prospect before us, in the new territories, all knowledge of which the *Post* seeks to ignore. But the truth is mighty and will prevail.

We ask faithful attention to the developements hereinafter alluded to, and especially to the letter extracted from the *Baltimore Sun*. What Northern man can read it and not feel the blood boiling in his veins? Here is a territory just organized, which, the people are told, is open to all who choose to enter it, and the institutions of which are to be framed by the people who select it for their home. A band of slaveholders from Missouri cross over its border, select its available and valuable lands for their own use, and then give notice to northern people that they had better not attempt to come there and settle; for, if they do, they will get twenty-four hours notice to quit, in default of which they will be forcibly expelled! Here is "popular sovereignty," with a vengeance!

And yet, in the very face of such facts as these, an editor is to be found in Pittsburgh who has the impudence to say that this Kansas thus feloniously appropriated by slaveholders, "is not adapted to slave labor," that a territory for which ten thousand slaveholders are on the move before a Northern emigrant has set set a foot in it, "is far more accessible from the North than the South," and that "a hundred Northern men can reach it, while one Slaveholder is preparing to go;" and that land which no freesoiler is to be allowed to occupy on pain of forcible expulsion, is as open to him as the light of heaven!

This Kansas, of which the slaveholders have taken forcible possession, to the exclusion of all other citizens of the confederacy, is thus described by Wm. Walker, a Chief of the civilized tribe of Wyandots:

"It (Kansas) is, in all respects, superior to Nebraska—in climate, soil, products, indeed in all the elements of a great commercial and agricultural country. Our territory will be the cynosure of the enterprising emigrant."

Of course; and this the slaveholders chooses, coolly handing over to the mendicant North that which is too poor for his own use—Nebraska.—And the North is expected to submit to this—to see the valuable, fertile soil appropriated to Slavery, and the sterile wastes turned over to freedom. *Will* she submit to it? The ballot boxes will answer.

TELEGRAPH, AGAIN.—We find in the Cincinnati papers of Wednesday a despatch from Philadelphia concerning the action taken by the U. S. Court in the Wheeling bridge. This despatch went through here to Cincinnati; but as it was of importance here, and of but little in the Queen City, it was, of course, withheld from us.

We find, also, in the Baltimore papers of Wednesday a despatch from Cincinnati concerning the explosion of an infernal machine in that city. All that was vouchsafed to us was an unmeaning paragraph, stating the death of the victims of that explosion, without anything to explain what had caused their death.

The *Baltimore American* says that "Pittsburgh and Philadelphia seem to be unable to forego their unworthy hostility to the Wheeling bridge." Pittsburgh, we would inform the *American*, has not and never had any hostility to the Wheeling bridge. Our hostility has been directed against the building of it at such a short distance from the water as to make it an obstruction to navigation. All we ask is that it shall be built at the height indicated by the decree of the Supreme Court. Does the *American* think this too much?

PRUDENCE.—Ex-Governor Shannon, we are told, declines being made a candidate for re-election to Congress. We are sorry to hear of this back-out, because it deprives us of the pleasure of seeing him well chastised for his treason to his constituents; but it is undoubtedly the part of prudence, in him, to withdraw. He would otherwise have been defeated by an overwhelming majority.

The New York *True National Democrat*, President Pierce's organ in that city, says that "as a body the Irish are always corrupt, always ungrateful, always ignorant, bigoted and despotic. They are unfit for freedom and cannot properly appreciate it. *We shall rejoice from the bottom of our hearts to get rid at once of the Irish and Negroes.*"

The Meadville (Crawford Co.) *Journal* recommends a mass meeting of all the friends of freedom in that county, without distinction of party, to form a county ticket. This is the true policy, and we hope to see it adopted wherever practicable.

The St. Louis Intelligencer informs us that Mr. Cumming, just appointed Marshal of Kansas, and who is set down as being from Iowa, is a *Virginian* by birth. Of course.

The *Post* says that "Junius" writes the only readable original articles published in the *Gazette*. The *Gazette*, then, has that much advantage over the *Post*.

ANOTHER WINKING PICTURE.—The Malta *Ordine* of May 26, publishes, on the information of "an aclesiastic most worthy of credit," and who declares himself an "eye-witness of the fact," a monstrous story, of which the following is the substance. The scene of this curious *fact* is the "Church of the minor Conventualities," at Civita Vecchia, the marvellous performances of the picture of "Our Lady of Rimini" having been successfully imitated by the less noted picture of "our lady" in the church at that place.—The picture gave its first wink "at about four o'clock in the afternoon of April 20, 1854," to some little children who were praying before it. The paintings "on canvass, about three palms high," representing the Virgin Mary, "with the eyes uplifted to Heaven, and the hands joined in the act of prayer." The little children were sadly frightened, exclaiming, "the Madonna is looking at us and moves her eyes," and so "lively were their sensations and internal commotions" that one of them fell down, two ran away crying to tell the priest, and the others scampered off to tell their mothers. We venture to say that any respectable Protestant child would have shown no such fear, but would have simply referred, in her own mind, to her doll with its "eyes that open and shut," by means of a concealed wire. The narrative proceeds:—

A pious woman, who was praying in the chapel, hastened to the spot at the cry of the children, and she also saw the prodigy. Immediately the chapel was filled with people; the picture was removed from the wall, and placed on the altar; candles were lighted, prayers were loudly vociferated, and the holy virgin repeated the prodigy, and moved her *divine eyes, although not all present had the consolation to observe the movement*. This was the commencement of the affectionate prodigy. The most holy mother has continued to move her eyes, sometimes toward one, sometimes toward another, and sometimes toward many together, and still continues to do so up to the present day (18th May.) The most frequent movement of the *holy eyes* is to look up and down, but very often she moves them horizontally or directs them toward the bystanders.

His eminence the Cardinal Bishop Lambruschini (now of illustrious memory) ordered that a canonical process should be commenced, and in consequence of which, on the 26th of the same month of April, the ecclesiastical authorities assembled some persons skilled in the art of painting and in the anatomy of the eye, and in the presence of many respectable persons of the city proceeded to a formal inspection of the holy picture. The prodigy is certified by an immense number of persons of every class and of every age. The Chapel has become a most devout sanctuary. The most reverend chapter of the cathedral, with the suffragan bishop at its head, went in procession to *worship the holy picture*, and were followed by the chapter of the neighboring Tolfa; the pious secular confraternities, the religious bodies of the reverend Dominican, Capuchin, and Doctrinary fathers of Civita Vecchia, and an immense concourse of devotees, crowd during the day and until late at night to the holy place, to implore for grace. *In this manner the mother of our Lord exhibits her mercy, and shows herself visibly propitious, by means of this holy picture, to the people of God.*

SCIENCE AND LITERATURE IN AMERICA.—Dr Pierre in his work just published entitled "A Parisian Pastor's Glance at America," says:

We went to the United States with some prejudices, and one of them, which we doubtless shared with many of our compatriots, was the opinion which we had formed of the degree of literary cultivation to be found among the Americans. We were disposed to think, that a people so essentially commercial and manufacturing, had but a low appreciation of science and literature, and that, with a few exceptions, they concentrated their activity and energies on railroads, steam boats, and india rubber. We think differently now. The love of knowledge is widely diffused in the United States.

NULLIFICATION.—Wheeling, we are given to understand by the Gazette of that city, will not obey the injunction of the U. S. Court in the Bridge Case. That paper advises resistance as follows:

THE WHEELING BRIDGE AND JUDGE GRIER.—We have just been informed, by telegraphic advice from Philadelphia, that Judge Grier has granted an injunction to prohibit the reconstruction of the Wheeling bridge. We have not seen the process and cannot speak of its purport from our personal knowledge.

It is enough for us, however, to know that Judge Grier has undertaken to set up his own authority as superior to that of the entire court, the legislature of Virginia, and the Congress of the United States.

We trust that our fellow citizens will be calm and prudent. The first movement in resisting the encroachment of a single member of the Federal Judiciary, upon the prerogatives of the national and State Legislatures, and those of the collected Court, it seems, in the order of Providence, is to be made HERE. We hope that that movement will be made calmly, deliberately and courageously.

The laws of the States of Ohio and Virginia and of the United States, must be sustained by the citizens of Wheeling. The Post Route across the Ohio which Congress has established must be kept open by the stout arms of Virginia and Ohio. The usurpations of the Judiciary must, when necessary to the supremacy of LAWS, be forcibly restrained.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.—The correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says:

"There is nothing warlike in the last dispatches from Madrid. Negotiations for the acquisition of the Island of Cuba are on foot, and will in all probability succeed, if not interfered with by the the premature action of Congress. The chairman of the House committee on foreign relations is giving evidence of his wisdom and discretion by not reporting on the many resolutions referred to him on that subject. There is probably no better Saxon proverb than that of letting well enough alone.

The House is about to adopt rules for the promotion of decorum; the Senate might with advantage, adopt a new rule, to wit: that it shall not be in order for a Senator to address the Union more than three times in the same day. It has become as familiar now as calling the boy for a glass of water, or taking a pinch of snuff."

EXCOMMUNICATION!—The Buffalo *Sentinel* comes to us freighted with the terrible manifesto of Bishop Timon, *excommunicating* the Trustees of the St. Louis Church, for their continuous resistance to his authority.—*Buffalo Democracy*

As above, the *Democracy* chronicles an event which is not unlikely to result in the division of the Roman Catholic Church of the United States into two branches, the German and the Irish.

Mr. Le Conteulx deeded the ground upon which the St. Louis Cathedral is built, to the Trustees of the Society. He died, and Bishop Timon demanded that the property should be deeded to him. This was declined, and the Bishop deprived the Society of the services of the Priesthood. The donor's son, Wm. B. Le Conteulx, visited Rome for the purpose of having the difficulty arranged. He was not permitted to see the Pope, but being assured by the Cardinals that the matter should be adjusted, returned home. A year having passed without action, Mr. Le Conteulx again visited Rome, but an interview with the Pope, and Bedini was sent to Buffalo to settle the case. He decided that the property must be deeded to the Bishop. This the Trustees declined doing, and Bishop Timon has excommunicated them.

During the entire controversy two Priests have, on their own responsibility, visited the Church, baptized the children, &c., and we presume will still adhere to the congregation.

No unprejudiced person can fail to feel that the Trustees have done right, and acted a manly part. The society they represent is composed of Germans, intelligent and honest, and they will not flinch from the position they have taken.—They have struck a severe blow at the odious feature of the Roman Catholic Church—its temporal power, and their educated German Catholic brethren in this country cannot fail to sympathize heartily with them.

This vesting an immense quantity of property in a Priesthood is anti-Republican, and dangerous to the liberties of a State. The spiritual influence of a Church is mighty, and is not always wielded for the right. But when, as with the Catholic Church, the Church of England, or New York Trinity, this is united with vast temporal possessions, the combination is dangerous alike to the independence of man or of his government.

The German Catholics of the United States are too intelligent not to know this, and also not to know that salvation does not depend upon vesting property in a Priesthood; and the time is past when men's bulls of excommunication extend to the Court of Heaven.—*Cleveland Herald.*

The Floral Concert at the Third Ward School House is to be repeated to-night.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. McLane's Liver Pills.—When the proprietor of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name for the cure of Liver and Billious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of these diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, some remedy was required, at once safe and effectual, and the operation of which could in no wise prevent the application of professional assistance when supplied by Dr. McLane's Liver Pills, as has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial, not a solitary instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. Price 25 per box. For sale at the discoverer's and principal depot, 4th street, opposite the Post Office, Pittsburgh; H. P. Schwartz, or J. T. Sample Drug store, Allegheny.

☞ Your will be delivered to families in either of the towns, CASH on delivery.

BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, Frederick Lorenz, of the firm of Lorenz, Sterling & Co., and Thos. H. Stewart, of late firm of Stewart, Lloyd & Co., have this day formed a Copartnership, under the name and firm of LORENZ, STEWART & CO., for the purpose of manufacturing Iron and Nails, and have taken the warehouse No. 70 Water and Short streets, lately occupied by Lloyd, where they have on hand an assortment of the varieties of Iron and Nails, which they offer for sale on accommodating terms. They respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. FREDERICK LORENZ,
jel-6d&w3m THOS. H. STEWART.

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SOLID BOX VICES, HAMMERED IRON AXLES, CROWBARS, SLEDGES, MATTOCKS, PICKS,
Timber, Mill, Tobacco & Cotton Screws,
Shafting and Pulleys for Machinery,
Car and Bridge Bolts, Bolts, Thread and Nuts complete.
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M'CORD & CO. would most respectfully invite the attention of Ladies to their large and complete stock of FANCY FURS, now opening, comprising in part Sable, Stone Martin, Fitch, Lynx, Carmine, Siberian Squirrel, Rock Martin, Genett, Coney and Swan's Down; Muffs Victorines, Pelissais Cuffs, Boas, &c., corner Wood and Fifth streets.

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The great success these extraordinary Medicines have always met with in curing the above complaints, has surprised even the Proprietors themselves, saying nothing of the thousands of individuals who have been permanently cured by their use. We would assure the public that they are not mere *quieted humbugs*, compounded solely to sell, but are prepared by a thorough Chemist, with the most choice and rare ingredients which can be obtained, and are intended to do good. But one trial is required to convince all that such is the fact.
They are put up in bottles, with full directions accompanying them, the Antidote at $1, and the Lotion at 50 cts. per bottle. One bottle lasts ten days. Many have been entirely cured in two or three days.
Invented by M. BAILY, Physician to the Hospital of Paris, and prepared by DUBOY & CO., General Agent for the United States and Canada, to whom all orders must be addressed. Principal Depot, 408 Broadway, corner Grand st., New York.
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NEAR THE RAILROAD STATION.
Families will be supplied with our various grades of FRESH GROUND FLOUR, by leaving their orders at the Mill, or in our boxes at Logan, Wilson & Co's, Wood street, or Braun & Kepler's, Liberty and St Clair sts., Pittsburgh; H. P. Schwartz, or J. T. Sample Drug store, Allegheny.
Flour will be delivered to families in either of the towns, CASH on delivery.
BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

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je16-6m5

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"Be particular in procuring the kind meant, and, as many of the Braces sold are humbugs,"
[From the Pittsburgh Daily Dispatch, Feb. 24, 1853.]
AN EXCELLENT ARTICLE.—Persons who have acquired a stooping position, by following a sedentary occupation will experience great relief by the use of the "Washington Suspender Brace," made and sold by Dr. KEYSER, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley. It answers for a brace and suspenders, the weight of the pantaloons is so placed as to continually tend to bring the shoulders to their natural position, and expand the chest. We purchased one some time ago, and have been so pleased with it that we uncalicited gave it a "puff" gratis.
Women, hundreds of whom are annually injured by the weight of enormous "skirts," should also procure these braces. Be particular in procuring the kind mentioned, as many of the braces sold are humbugs.
Sold wholesale and retail at the Drug Store of George H. Keyser, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.
☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar.
N. B.—Also keep Trusses, Supporters, Pile Props, Elastic Stockings and all kinds of mechanical appliances.

Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye.
NATURE EQUALED BY ART!
For ages the friseurs endeavored in vain
The hair, without scorching the fibre, to stain—
Tried this ingredient and that, but in changing the hue
They withered the hair just all as it grew;
You may burn your gray tresses a black or a brown,
But Nature the cauterized tint will disown:
And, if you pieces dried up, you will soon be appalled.
By finding your ill treated cranium bald.—
Long years, as we've said, the craft struggled in vain
A dye without caustic lime, to obtain—
A fluid innocuous—that, placed on the head,
To a brown or a black would transform gray to red,
Many times 'twas proclaimed that the end was achieved;
But the wise shook their head, though the foolish believed,
And in spite of advertisement, placard and puff,
Of such humbug the public had had enough.
At length, 'twas but lately, "Eureka" they cried;
The want so long felt had at length been supplied.
A dye was announced, that in changing the hue,
The hair did not scorch—the announcement was true.
In an instant, a black or a brown, as the dye
Was a black or a brown the most exquisite, shed—
The fibres were nourished instead of destroyed:
The pores of the scalp with no pigment were cloyed:
No odor unpleasant the dye-stuff emits;
The color was never one moment in doubt;
No chameleon change to purple and green
Ever rendered the ladies "not fit to be seen"—
Instantaneous, the change, and all who saw it
Like the darkness that follows the lightning's glare,
What a triumph was this! how the tidings went forth
To the East, to the West, thro' the South thro' the North;
Until science and Art, from a common medium
On their tablets inscribed the discovery name,
And declared that no nostrum the place could supply
Of their own CRISTADORO'S Excelsior Dye!
Sold wholesale and retail, at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st., under the sign of the Golden Mortar
je1

NELSON'S FIRST PREMIUM
DAGUERREOTYPES.
POST OFFICE BUILDING, THIRD STREET.
CITIZENS AND STRANGERS who wish to obtain an accurate, artistic and life-like likeness, at a very moderate price, will find it to their interest to call at this well known establishment where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charge made. Having one of the largest and best arranged Slide and Sky Lights ever constructed for the purpose, with instruments of the most powerful kind, and having adopted the system of Daguerreotyping, as now practised by the celebrated Rocks, of Philadelphia and New York, Mr. F. flatters himself to be able to offer to the patrons of the Art, a style of Daguerreotypes, altogether superior to any heretofore produced in this city.
Rooms open and operating in all weathers, from 8 o'clock A. M. to 6 o'clock, P. M. ma3-tawtf

Enlarged or Varicose Veins, Weak KNEE JOINTS AND WEAK ANKLES.—I would respectfully invite the attention of physicians, and the public generally to my assortment of Silk Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps, Ankle Socks and bandages for the relief and cure of Varicose or Enlarged Veins, Weak Ankles, Weak Knee Joints and the various appliances used in the cure of diseases requiring outward support.
☞ I also keep every variety of Trusses, Body Braces Supporters, Shoulder Braces, and in fact all kinds of mechanical appliances used in the cure of disease.
GEO. H. KEYSER, Wholesale Druggist,
mh23-d&w3 No. 140, cor. Wood st. and Virgin Alley.

Invalids recovering from the effects of Fever, Bilious Diseases, or continued illness of any kind, will find Carter's Spanish Mixture the only remedy which will revive their drooping constitutions, restore the blood to health from the blood, excite the liver to a prompt and healthy action, and by its tonic properties, restore the patient to life and vigor.
We can only say TRY IT. A single bottle is worth all the so-called Sarsaparillas in existence. It contains no Mercury, Opium, or any other noxious or poisonous drug and can be given to the youngest infant without hesitation.
See the certificates of wonderful cures around the bottle. More than five hundred persons in the city of Richmond Va., can testify to its good effects.
See advertisement. je17-d&w1m

Du Pont Powder.—Every variety Rifle Mining and Blasting Powder, in all size packages always on hand and for sale from Magazine, in lots to suit purchasers, on favorable terms. Also Safety Fuse.
D. W. C. BIDWELL, Manufacturers' Agt.,
no7 d1f 148 Second street, Pittsburgh.

Citizen's Insurance Comp'y of Pittsburgh.
H. D. KING, *President.*
SAMUEL L. MARSHELL, *Sec'y.*
OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.
☞ INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE HIGH MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND TRIBUTARIES.
☞ *Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire, ALSO against the perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.*

HENRY H. COLLINS,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,
And Produce Generally,
No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

MARRIED—On the 29th inst., by the Rev. C. V. McKaig, J. H. MILLER, Esq., of this city, to Miss MARY EMILY, daughter of Edward McDonald, Esq., of Washington Co., Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FEVER AND AGUE.
DR. EDWARD BLEECKER'S
STAMPEDE MIXTURE.
For the Fever and Ague, Congest Fever, Dyspepsia and all Bilious Affections.
THE Proprietors of this Medicine will state without hesitation or fear of contradiction, that the STAMPEDE MIXTURE has cured more persons within the last twelve months than any other medicine in use for the above diseases. This medicine has neither Arsenic nor Quinine in its composition, all of its ingredients are of a perfectly healthy character and highly stimulating and invigorating in their tendency. Persons who have used this medicine will not be affected by exposure to water or a damp atmosphere more than when in their usual health. Planters in sections of the country where there is much ague and fever will do well to adopt this medicine, as the patient is not obliged to lay by while under treatment, and they may be cured *in a speedy cure*. The Proprietor could introduce thousands of certificates from those who have tested its durability, but prefers saying to the sick *try one bottle* and you will have the infallible proof in yourself. Full directions for its use accompany each bottle.
Certificates can be seen at the office, showing where this Medicine has cured when all others failed.
For Dispepsia and all other Bilious Complaints there is not a better Medicine in the market.
It has also been taken with the most astonishing success in several cases of Rheumatism and Gout; for these complaints take a tablespoonful a day.
One bottle of this Medicine very often has the desired effect. Price $1 per bottle.
☞ For sale by druggists in all parts of the United States and Canada.
All Wholesale orders must be addressed to REED & BLEECKER, sole Proprietors, 98 Broadway, New York.
AYRES, Clerk to Reed & Bleecker & Co., 98 Broadway.
WILCOX & CO., and Geo. H. Keyser, Pittsburgh. je30-1yr

The Peo les' Book!
NO one who can read should be without a copy of THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE, and WASHINGTON'S FAREWELL ADDRESS.
Just published in large type, clear and fair, 32 pages, illustrated with fine Portraits of Washington and Jefferson on tinted paper.
Price 6 cents, 25 cts; Paper Covers, 12½ cts.
Considering the style in which this Book is got up, it is one of the CHEAPEST as well as one of the MOST USEFUL books ever published.
Liberal terms to the trade. Booksellers send on your orders to the Publisher THOS. FREES,
83 Nassau street, New York.
☞ Reliable Agents wanted to sell the above Book throughout the country. je30-4tw

Notice to Business Men.
ALL persons doing business in the County of Allegheny, are hereby notified, that unless their License or Business Tax is paid on or before the first of August, after that time all delinquent accounts will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.
H. S. FLEMING, County Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, June 30th, 1854.—je30 d5w*2t

Notice to Farmers.
THE subscriber has received his supply of Turnip Seeds of the most approved sorts, for the farm and garden 50 bus. Seed Buckwheat, Hunt's Patent Wheat Drills, Gedye's and the improved Spring Tooth Harrows, Agricultural machines of the newest and best patterns, wholesale and retail, at the Seed Warehouse, No. 57 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. JAMES WARDROP.
☞ Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the next Legislature of Pennsylvania for a Charter for the Farmers' Bank of Pittsburgh,